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# HOUSE BILL NO. 763

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee for Courts of Justice

on February 7, 2014)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Minchew)

5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 17.1-223, 17.1-227, 17.1-227.1, 17.1-249, 17.1-252, 55-48, 55-58 7 through 55-58.3, 55-106, and 58.1-811, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, of 8 the Code of Virginia, relating to form and effect of deeds and deeds of trust; recordation of deeds 9 and deeds of trust.

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 17.1-223, 17.1-227, 17.1-227.1, 17.1-249, 17.1-252, 55-48, 55-58 through 55-58.3, 55-106, 11

and 58.1-811, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, of the Code of Virginia 12 13 are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 17.1-223. Duty of clerk to record writings, etc., and make index.

15 A. Every writing authorized by law to be recorded, with all certificates, plats, schedules or other papers thereto annexed or thereon endorsed, upon payment of fees for the same and the tax thereon, if 16 17 any, shall, when admitted to record, be recorded by or under the direction of the clerk on such media as are prescribed by § 17.1-239. However, unless a cover sheet is submitted with the writing in accordance 18 19 with § 17.1-227.1, the clerk has the authority to reject any writing for filing or recordation unless (i) 20 each individual's as to any individual who is a party to such writing, the surname only, where it first 21 appears in the writing, of such individual is underscored or written entirely in capital letters, in the first 22 clause of the writing that identifies the names of the parties; (ii) each page of the instrument or writing 23 is numbered, consecutively; (iii) the Code section in the case of a writing described in § 58.1-801 or 24 58.1-807, the amount of the consideration and the actual value of the property conveyed is stated on the 25 first page of the writing; (iv) the Virginia or federal law under which any exemption from recordation taxes is claimed is clearly stated on the face of the writing, (iv) the names of all grantors and grantees 26 27 are; and (v) the name of each party to such writing under whose name the writing is to be indexed as grantor, grantee, or both is listed as required by §§ 55-48 and 55-58, and if a cover sheet is used 28 29 pursuant to § 17.1-227.1, that the names of all grantors and grantees on the face of such writing are the 30 same on the cover sheet, and (v) the first page of the document bears an entry showing the name of either the person or entity who drafted the instrument, except that papers or documents prepared outside 31 32 of the Commonwealth shall be recorded without such an entry. The clerk has the authority to reject any 33 deed for filing or recordation that does not comply with this section in the first clause of the writing 34 that identifies the names of the parties and identified therein as grantor, grantee, or both, as applicable. 35 Such writing, once recorded, shall may be returned to the any party to such writing who is identified 36 therein as a grantee unless otherwise indicated clearly on the face of the writing, or any cover sheet, 37 including an appropriate current address to which such writing shall be returned.

38 B. The attorney or party who prepares the writing for recordation shall ensure that the writing 39 satisfies the requirements of subsection A and that (i) the social security number is removed from the 40 writing prior to the instrument being submitted for recordation, (ii) a deed conveying residential property containing not more than four residential dwelling units states on the first page of the 41 42 document the name of the title insurance underwriter insuring such instrument or a statement that the 43 existence of title insurance is unknown to the preparer, and (iii) a deed conveying residential property containing not more than four residential dwelling units states on the first page of the document that it 44 was prepared by the owner of the real property or by an attorney licensed to practice law in the 45 Commonwealth where such statement by an attorney shall include the name and Virginia State Bar 46 47 number of the attorney who prepared the deed, provided, however, that clause (iii) shall not apply to **48** deeds of trust or to deeds in which a public service company, railroad, or cable system operator is either 49 a grantor or grantee, and it shall be sufficient for the purposes of clause (iii) that deeds prepared under 50 the supervision of the Office of the Attorney General of Virginia so state without the name of an 51 attorney or bar number.

C. A document which writing that appears on its face to have been properly notarized in accordance 52 53 with the Virginia Notary Act (§ 47.1-1 et seq.) shall be presumed to have been notarized properly and 54 may be recorded by the clerk.

55 D. If the writing or deed is accepted for record recordation and spread on the deed books, it shall be deemed to be validly recorded for all purposes. Such books shall be indexed by him the clerk as 56 provided by § 17.1-249 and carefully preserved. Upon admitting any such writing or other paper to 57 record, the clerk shall endorse thereon the day and time of day of such recordation. More than one book 58 59 may be used contemporaneously under the direction of the clerk for the recordation of the writings

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60 mentioned in this section whenever it may be necessary to use more than one book for the proper 61 conduct of the business of his the clerk's office. After being so recorded such writings may be delivered 62

to the party entitled to claim under the same. 63

# § 17.1-227. Documents to be recorded in deed books; social security numbers.

64 All deeds, deeds of trust, deeds of release, certificates of satisfaction or certificates of partial satisfaction, quitclaim deeds, homestead deeds, grants, transfers and mortgages of real estate, releases of 65 66 such mortgages, powers of attorney to convey real estate, leases of real estate, notices of lis pendens and all contracts in reference to real estate, which have been acknowledged as required by law, and certified 67 68 copies of final judgments or decrees of partition affecting the title or possession of real estate, any part of which is situated in the county or city in which it is sought to be recorded, and all other writings 69 relating to or affecting real estate which are authorized to be recorded, shall, unless otherwise provided, 70 be recorded in a book to be known as the deed book. All deeds, deeds of trust, deeds of release, 71 72 quitclaim deeds, grants, transfers, and mortgages of real estate or any addendum or memorandum relating to any of these instruments submitted for recordation in the deed books of the appropriate office 73 74 of the clerk of court shall be prepared according to the requirements for deeds and deeds of trust as set forth in §§ 55-48 and 55-58 and shall include the names of all grantors and grantees in the first clause 75 76 of each such instrument, as applicable. The clerk may refuse to accept any instrument submitted for recordation that includes a grantor's, grantee's or trustee's social security number. However, the attorney 77 78 or party who prepares or submits the instrument has responsibility for ensuring that the social security 79 number is removed from the instrument prior to the instrument being submitted for recordation. Each 80 instrument shall be indexed under all such names in accordance with the provisions of § 17.1-249. 81

# § 17.1-227.1. Use of cover sheets on deeds or other instruments by circuit court clerks.

A. Circuit court clerks may require that any deed or other instrument conveying or relating to an 82 83 interest in real property be filed submitted for recordation with a cover sheet detailing the information 84 contained in the deed or other instrument necessary for the clerk to properly index such instrument. The 85 cover sheet shall be developed in conjunction with the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme 86 Court of Virginia- The attorney or party who prepares or submits the cover sheet on any deed or other 87 instrument conveying or relating to an interest in real property for recordation has the responsibility for 88 ensuring the accuracy of the information contained in the cover sheet and shall include the following 89 information: (i) the name of each party to be indexed as grantor and the name of each party to be 90 indexed as grantee and, in the case of any individual grantor or grantee, the surname of each individual 91 identified as such; (ii) in the case of a deed or other instrument described in § 58.1-801 or 58.1-807, the amount of the consideration and the actual value of the property conveyed; (iii) the Virginia or 92 93 federal law under which any exemption from recordation taxes is claimed; (iv) if required under 94 § 17.1-252, the tax map reference number or numbers, or the parcel identification number (PIN) or 95 numbers, of the affected parcel or parcels; and (v) the name and current address of the person to whom 96 the instrument should be returned after recordation.

97 B. In any clerk's office that does not require a cover sheet, the attorney or other party presenting a 98 deed or other instrument conveying or relating to an interest in real property may submit a cover sheet 99 with such deed or other instrument containing all of the information required under subsection A, and 100 in such case the deed or other instrument need not contain the information otherwise required to be included under subsection A of § 17.1-223, except that each page thereof shall be numbered as provided 101 102 in subsection A of § 17.1-223.

103 C. The attorney or other party who prepares the cover sheet submitted with any deed or other 104 instrument conveying or relating to an interest in real property for recordation has the responsibility for ensuring the accuracy of the information contained in the cover sheet, and the clerk may rely on the 105 106 information provided therein.

107 The cover sheet may be recorded with the deed or other instrument with which it is submitted, but it 108 shall not be included as a page for determining the amount of any applicable filing fees pursuant to subdivision A 2 of § 17.1-275, nor shall the except in the case of a cover sheet submitted pursuant to 109 110 subsection B. The cover sheet shall be provided only for information purposes to facilitate the recordation of the deed or other instrument with which it is submitted. Accordingly, the cover sheet 111 112 shall not be construed to convey title to any interest in real property  $\Theta$ , purport to be a document in the chain of title conveying any interest in real property, or be considered a part of, or affect the 113 interpretation of, the deed or other instrument with which it is submitted, regardless of whether the clerk 114 records the cover sheet with such instrument. 115

# § 17.1-249. General indexes for clerks' offices; daily index.

117 A. There shall be kept in every clerk's office modern, family name or ledgerized alphabetical 118 key-table general indexes to all deed books, miscellaneous liens, will books, judgment dockets and court order books. The clerk shall enter daily, either in such general indexes or in the daily index to 119 120 instruments admitted to record, every deed, corrected or amended deed, deed of release, deed of trust, contract of sale, or any addendum, *modification*, or memorandum relating to any of these instruments, 121

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122 indexing each instrument in the names of all parties listed *identified* in the first clause of each 123 instrument as grantor, grantee, or both, as required by §§ 55-48 and 55-58. Any clerk, deputy clerk, or 124 employee of any clerk who so indexes any such instrument shall index any name appearing in the first 125 elause of the original instrument, unless the instrument is submitted for recordation with a § 17.1-223, or 126 *identified in the* cover sheet as grantor, grantee, or both, pursuant to § 17.1-227.1, in which case, the 127 instrument may be indexed by the information contained in the cover sheet. The clerk shall comply with 128 the provisions of § 17.1-223 as applicable.

B. A deed of trust made to one or more trustees to secure the payment of an indebtedness, and any certificate of satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction, assignment, loan modification agreement, substitution of trustees or similar instrument subsequently recorded with respect to such deed, shall be sufficiently indexed if the clerk enters in the appropriate places in the general index to deeds provided for in subsection A the names of the grantor and the name of the beneficiary or, in lieu of the name of the beneficiary, the first listed trustee as grantee. The beneficiary need not be named in the first clause of the deed as a condition of recordation.

136 C. A deed made by a person in a representative capacity, or by devisees or coparceners, shall be137 indexed in the names of the grantors and grantees and the name of the former record title owner listed138 in the first clause of the instrument.

D. The general indexes of civil causes shall be sufficiently kept if the clerk indexes such causes
under the short style or title thereof, except that in multiple suits brought under § 58.1-3968, the names
of all of the defendants disclosed by the pleadings shall be entered in the general index or book.

E. Every deed of conveyance of real estate in which a vendor's lien is reserved shall be double indexed *twice* so as to show not only the conveyance from the grantor to the grantee in the instrument, but also the reservation of the lien as if it were a grant of the same such lien from the grantee to the grantor by a separate instrument and the fact of the lien shall be noted in the index.

146 F. All deed books, miscellaneous liens, will books, judgment dockets, and court order books shall be 147 numbered or otherwise adequately designated and the clerk upon the delivery of any writing to him for 148 record required by law to be recorded shall duly index it upon the general index in the manner 149 hereinbefore required. When the writing has been actually transcribed on the book, the clerk shall add to 150 the general index the number of the book in which, and the page on which, the writing is recorded.

151 G. The clerk on receipt of any such writing for record may immediately index it in a book to be 152 known as the "daily index of instruments admitted to record" and within 90 days after its admission to 153 record the clerk shall index all such writings indexed in the daily index in the appropriate general index 154 as hereinbefore provided. The daily index book shall, at all times, be kept in the office of the clerk and 155 conveniently available for examination by the public. During the period permitted for transfer from the 156 daily index to the general index, indexing in the daily index shall be a sufficient compliance with the 157 requirements of this section as to indexing.

158 H. The judge of any circuit court may make such orders as he deems advisable as to the time and
159 method of indexing the order books in the clerk's office of the court and may dispense with a general
160 index for order books of the court.

161 I. The clerk may maintain his indexes on computer, word processor, microfilm, microfiche, or other 162 micrographic medium and, in addition, may maintain his grantor and grantee indexes on paper.

# 163 § 17.1-252. Indexing by tax map reference number.

164 Circuit court clerks in those localities with a unique parcel identification system shall require that any 165 deed or other instrument conveying or relating to an interest in real property bear, on the first page of 166 the deed or other instrument, or state in the cover sheet submitted with the deed or other instrument, the 167 tax map reference number or numbers, or the parcel identification number (PIN) or numbers, of the 168 affected parcel or parcels. Upon admitting the deed or other instrument to record, the clerk may, in 169 addition to any other indexing required by law, index the deed or other instrument by the tax map 170 reference number or numbers or by the parcel identification number or numbers.

#### § 55-48. Form of a deed.

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172 Every deed, and corrected or amended deed, deed of release, or memorandum or addendum to any of 173 these instruments, including those with vendor's liens, shall name in the first clause each grantor and 174 each grantee under whose names the instrument is to be indexed as required by § 17.1-249 and may be 175 made in the following form, or to the same effect: "This deed, made the . . . . . . . day of . . . . . . . , 176 in the year ...., between (here insert names of parties as grantors or grantees), witnesseth: that 177 in consideration of (here state the consideration, nominal or actual), the said ..... doth does (or 178 do) grant (or grant and convey) unto the said . . . . . . . , all (here describe the property or interest 179 therein to be conveyed, including the name of the city or county in which the property is located, and 180 insert covenants or any other provisions). Witness the following signature and seal (or signatures and 181 seals)." If the grantor or grantee is a trust, the first clause of the deed shall also contain the names of 182 the trust's trustees serving at the time the deed was made.

183 § 55-58. Form of deed of trust to secure debts, etc.

184 A deed of trust to secure debts or indemnify sureties may be in the following form, or to the same effect, and shall name in the first clause each (i) grantor, (ii) trustee, and, if applicable, (iii) grantee 185 under whose names the deed of trust is to be indexed as required by § 17.1-249: "This deed, made the . 186 187 .... day of ....., in the year ....., between ..... (the grantor), of the one part, 188 and ..... (the trustee), of the other part, witnesseth: that the said ..... (the grantor) doth 189 does (or do) grant (or grant and convey) unto the said ..... (the trustee), the following property 190 (here describe it): In trust to secure (here describe the debts to be secured or the sureties to be indemnified and insert covenants or any other provisions the parties may agree upon). Witness the 191 192 following signature (or signatures and seals (or signature and seal)."

193 § 55-58.1. Requirements for trustees.

194 (1) For the purposes of this article, the term "security trust" shall include a deed of trust, mortgage, 195 bond or other instrument, entered into after the effective date of this article under which the title to real and personal property, or either of them, wholly situate in and including no property situate outside of 196 197 the Commonwealth of Virginia, is conveyed, transferred, encumbered or pledged to secure the payment 198 of money or the performance of an obligation; provided, however, that the provisions of this section 199 shall not apply to supplements to existing security trust instruments now of record executed pursuant to 200 the provisions of said existing security trust instruments. This section shall not apply to security trusts 201 applying to property singly or jointly owned and situate partly in this Commonwealth and partly outside 202 this Commonwealth or to property situate in this Commonwealth which, together with property situate 203 outside this Commonwealth, is the security for the performance of an obligation.

204 (2) A. No person not a resident of this Commonwealth may be named or act, in person or by agent 205 or attorney, as the trustee of a security trust deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of 206 money or the performance of an obligation, either individually or as one of several trustees, unless such 207 person is a resident of the other or others of which are residents of this Commonwealth. No corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity may be named or act as the trustee or as one of 208 209 the trustees of a security trust unless it is chartered deed of trust conveying property to secure the 210 payment of money or the performance of an obligation, unless it is organized under the laws of this the 211 Commonwealth or of the United States of America, and unless its principal office is within this. However, the foregoing requirements shall not apply to any deed of trust conveying property lying 212 213 partly within the Commonwealth and partly without the Commonwealth or to a deed of trust conveying 214 property within the Commonwealth to secure bonds or obligations that are also secured by one or more 215 deeds of trust or mortgages conveying property outside of the Commonwealth.

216 (3) No clerk shall admit any security trust for recordation which does not B. A deed of trust 217 conveying property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation shall state the full residence or business address of the trustee or trustees named therein, including street address and 218 219 zip code, which address shall be valid for purposes of all notices under the deed of trust to the trustee. 220 Such address of the trustee or trustees may be changed by amendment of the deed of trust or by a separate instrument executed by the trustee or trustees, or by the beneficiary of such deed of trust, 221 222 stating the changed address and otherwise in recordable form, and recorded in the office of the clerk of 223 the circuit court where the deed of trust was recorded.

224 C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if any security deed of trust is admitted by a 225 clerk for recordation it shall be conclusively presumed that such security deed of trust complies with all 226 the requirements of this section and it shall be deemed to be validly recorded.

227 (4) D. All deeds of trusts, mortgages, bonds, or other instruments recorded by the clerk prior to 228 January 1, 1999, without the residence or business address of the trustee or trustees named therein shall 229 be valid for all purposes as if such address had been named therein, if such recordation be otherwise 230 valid according to the law then in force, provided, that this section shall not affect any right or remedy 231 of any third party which that accrued after the recordation of said instrument or before July 1, 1960.

232 § 55-58.2. Credit line deed of trust defined; relative priority of credit line deed of trust and 233 other instruments of judgment. 234

1. A. For the purpose of this title, the term "credit section:

235 "Beneficiary" means the noteholder, lender, or other party or parties identified in the credit line deed 236 of trust as secured thereby. In the case of a credit line deed of trust that identifies a party acting as 237 agent for all of the lenders or parties secured by a credit line deed of trust, such agent shall be the 238 beneficiary for purposes hereof.

239 Credit line deed of trust" is means any deed of trust, mortgage, bond, or other instrument, entered 240 into after July 1, 1982, in which title to real property located in this the Commonwealth is conveyed, 241 transferred, encumbered, or pledged to secure payment of money including advances, or other extensions 242 of credit, to be made in the future by the noteholder named in the credit line deed of trust.

243 2. B. A credit line deed of trust shall set forth on the front page thereof, either in capital letters or in language underscored, the words "THIS IS A CREDIT LINE DEED OF TRUST." Such phrase shall 244

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245 convey notice to all parties that the noteholder named therein and the grantors and other borrowers 246 identified therein have an agreement whereby the noteholder may make or contemplates making 247 advances or other extensions of credit are to be made or are contemplated to be made from time to 248 time against the security described in the credit line deed of trust. Such credit line deed of trust shall 249 specify therein the maximum aggregate amount of principal to be secured at any one time.

250 3. C. From the date and actual time of the recording of a credit line deed of trust, the lien thereof 251 shall have priority (i) as to all other deeds, conveyances, or other instruments, or contracts in writing, 252 which are unrecorded as of such date and *time of recording and* of which the noteholder beneficiary has 253 no knowledge or notice and (ii) as to judgment liens subsequently docketed, except as provided in 254 subsection 4 of this section D. Such priority shall extend to any advances or other extensions of credit 255 made following the recordation of the credit line deed of trust. Amounts outstanding, together with 256 interest thereon, and other items provided by § 55-59, shall continue to have priority until paid or 257 curtailed. Mechanics' liens created under Title 43 shall continue to enjoy the same priority as created by 258 that title. Purchase money security interests in goods and fixtures shall have the same priority as 259 provided in Subpart 3 (§§ 8.9A-317 et seq.) of Part 3 of Title 8.9A.

260 4. D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{2}{4}$ , B, and  $\frac{3}{4}$  of this section C, if a judgment 261 creditor gives written notice to the noteholder beneficiary of record at the address indicated in the credit 262 line deed of trust, such credit line deed of trust shall have no priority as to such judgment for any 263 advances or extensions of credit made under such *credit line* deed of trust from the day following 264 receipt of that notice except those which have been unconditionally and irrevocably committed prior to 265 such date.

266 5. E. In addition to the language specified in subsection 1 of this section B, the credit line deed of 267 trust shall set forth the name of the noteholder secured beneficiary and the address at which communications may be mailed or delivered to him the beneficiary. Such name or address may be 268 269 changed or modified by duly recorded instrument executed by the noteholder beneficiary only. If the 270 note or indebtedness secured by the credit line deed of trust is assigned or transferred, the name and 271 address of the new noteholder beneficiary may be set forth in the certificate of transfer provided by 272 § 55-66.01. Such original name or address, or if changed, such changed name or address, shall be the 273 address for delivery of notices contemplated by this section. Receipt of notice at such address shall be 274 deemed receipt by the noteholder *beneficiary*. 275

6. [Repealed.]

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276 7. F. The grantor may require, at any time, a modification under the credit line deed of trust, 277 whereby any priority over subsequently recorded deeds of trust is surrendered as to future advances or 278 other extensions of credit, which advances or extensions of credit are in the discretion of the party 279 secured by the credit line deed of trust.

280 8. G. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections  $\frac{1}{2}$  A, B, and  $\frac{3}{2}$  of this section C, if a deed of 281 trust under this section is a subordinate mortgage, as defined in subsection A of § 55-58.3, upon the 282 recording of a refinance mortgage, as defined in *subsection A of* § 55-58.3, the credit line deed of trust 283 shall retain the same subordinate position with respect to the refinance mortgage as it had with the prior 284 mortgage, as defined in subsection A of § 55-58.3, provided that the refinance mortgage complies with 285 the requirements of § 55-58.3.

#### § 55-58.3. Priority of refinance mortgage over subordinate mortgage.

A. As used in this section:

288 "Prior mortgage" means a mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument encumbering or conveying an 289 interest in residential real estate containing not more than one dwelling unit to secure a financing.

290 "Refinance mortgage" means the *a* mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument creating a security 291 encumbering or conveying an interest in residential real estate given containing not more than one 292 dwelling unit to secure a refinancing.

293 "Refinancing" means the replacement of a loan secured by a prior mortgage with a new loan secured 294 by a *refinance* mortgage, deed of trust or other instrument and the payment in full of the debt owed 295 under the original loan secured by the prior mortgage.

"Subordinate mortgage" means a mortgage or deed of trust securing an original principal amount not 296 297 exceeding \$150,000, encumbering or conveying an interest in *residential* real estate containing not more 298 than one dwelling unit that is subordinate in priority (i) under subdivision A 1 of § 55-96 to a mortgage, 299 deed of trust or other security interest in real estate (otherwise known as the prior mortgage); or (ii) as a 300 result of a previous refinancing.

301 B. Upon the refinancing of a prior mortgage encumbering or conveying an interest in real estate 302 containing not more than one dwelling unit, a subordinate mortgage shall retain the same subordinate 303 position with respect to a refinance mortgage as the subordinate mortgage had with the prior mortgage, 304 provided that:

305 1. Such refinance mortgage states on the first page thereof in bold or capitalized letters: "THIS IS A 6 of 9

306 REFINANCE OF A (DEED OF TRUST, MORTGAGE OR OTHER SECURITY INTEREST) RECORDED IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE, CIRCUIT COURT OF (NAME OF COUNTY OR CITY), 307 308 VIRGINIA, IN DEED BOOK IN THE ORIGINAL PRINCIPAL PAGE \_, AND WITH THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL BALANCE WHICH IS 309 AMOUNT OF \_ 310 311 2. The principal amount secured by such refinance mortgage does not exceed the outstanding

312 principal balance secured by the prior mortgage plus \$5,000; and

313 3. The interest rate is stated in the refinance mortgage at the time it is recorded and does not exceed 314 the interest rate set forth in the prior mortgage.

315 C. The priorities among two or more subordinate mortgages shall be governed by subdivision A 1 of 316 § 55-96.

317 D. The provisions of subsection B shall not apply to a subordinate mortgage securing a promissory 318 note payable to any county, city or town or any agency, authority or political subdivision of the Commonwealth if such subordinate mortgage is financed pursuant to an affordable dwelling unit 319 320 ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-2304 or 15.2-2305, or pursuant to any program authorized by 321 federal or state law or local ordinance or resolution, for (i) low- and moderate-income persons or households or (ii) improvements to residential potable water supplies and sanitary sewage disposal 322 323 systems made to address an existing or potential public health hazard, and which mortgage, if recorded 324 on or after July 1, 2003, states on the first page thereof in bold or capitalized letters: "THIS (DEED OF 325 TRUST, MORTGAGE OR OTHER SECURITY INTEREST) SHALL NOT, WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE SECURED PARTY HEREUNDER, BE SUBORDINATED UPON THE 326 327 REFINANCING OF ANY PRIOR MORTGAGE." 328

## § 55-106. When and where writings admitted to record.

329 Except when it is otherwise provided, the circuit court of any county or city, or the clerk of any such 330 court, or his duly qualified deputy, in his office, shall admit to record any such writing as to any person 331 whose name is signed thereto with an original signature, except as provided in § 55-113, when it shall 332 have been acknowledged by him, or proved by two witnesses as to him in such court, or before such clerk, or his duly qualified deputy, in his office, or the manner prescribed in Articles 2 (§ 55-113 et 333 334 seq.), 2.1 (§ 55-118.1 et seq.), and 3 (§ 55-119 et seq.) of this chapter. When such writing is signed by a 335 person acting on behalf of another, or in any representative capacity, the signature of such representative 336 may be acknowledged or proved in the same manner. 337

#### § 58.1-811. (Contingent expiration date) Exemptions.

338 A. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801 and 58.1-807 shall not apply to any deed conveying real estate 339 or lease of real estate:

340 1. To an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit, 341 where such real estate is intended to be used for educational purposes and not as a source of revenue or 342 profit:

343 2. To an incorporated church or religious body or to the trustee or trustees of any church or religious 344 body, or a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1, where such real estate is intended to be used exclusively 345 for religious purposes, or for the residence of the minister of any such church or religious body;

3. To the United States, the Commonwealth, or to any county, city, town, district or other political 346 347 subdivision of the Commonwealth: 348

4. To the Virginia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy;

349 5. To any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning or operating a 350 hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

351 6. To a corporation upon its organization by persons in control of the corporation in a transaction 352 which qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss pursuant to § 351 of the Internal Revenue Code as it 353 exists at the time of the conveyance;

354 7. From a corporation to its stockholders upon complete or partial liquidation of the corporation in a 355 transaction which qualifies for income tax treatment pursuant to § 331, 332, 333, or 337 of the Internal 356 Revenue Code as it exists at the time of liquidation;

357 8. To the surviving or new corporation, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, or limited 358 liability company upon a merger or consolidation to which two or more such entities are parties, or in a 359 reorganization within the meaning of \$368(a)(1)(C) and (F) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended;

360 9. To a subsidiary corporation from its parent corporation, or from a subsidiary corporation to a parent corporation, if the transaction qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss under the Internal 361 Revenue Code as amended; 362

363 10. To a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantors are entitled to receive not less than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 364 365 the transfer to a limited liability company is not a precursor to a transfer of control of the assets of the company to avoid recordation taxes; 366

367 11. From a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantees are entitled to receive not less

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than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that
the transfer from a limited liability company is not subsequent to a transfer of control of the assets of
the company to avoid recordation taxes;

12. To trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the grantors in the deed and the beneficiaries of
the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust
instrument, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the beneficiaries; and to the
original beneficiaries of a trust from the trustees holding title under a deed in trust;

375 13. When the grantor is the personal representative of a decedent's estate or trustee under a will or
376 inter vivos trust of which the decedent was the settlor, other than a security trust defined in § 55-58.1
377 *deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation*,
378 and the sole purpose of such transfer is to comply with a devise or bequest in the decedent's will or to
379 transfer title to one or more beneficiaries after the death of the settlor in accordance with a dispositive
380 provision in the trust instrument; or

14. When the grantor is an organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal
Revenue Code that is organized and operated primarily to acquire land and purchase materials to erect
or rehabilitate low-cost homes on such land, which homes are sold at cost to persons who otherwise
would be unable to afford to buy a home through conventional means.

B. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-803 and 58.1-804 shall not apply to any deed of trust or mortgage:
1. Given by an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit;

388 2. Given by the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or given by an incorporated church or religious body, or given by a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1;

390 3. Given by any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning and/or391 operating a hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

392 4. Given by any local governmental entity or political subdivision of the Commonwealth to secure a393 debt payable to any other local governmental entity or political subdivision; or

**394** 5. Securing a loan made by an organization described in subdivision A 14.

- C. The tax imposed by § 58.1-802 and the fee imposed by § 58.1-802.2 shall not apply to any:
- **396** 1. Transaction described in subdivisions A 6 through 13;
- **397** 2. Instrument or writing given to secure a debt;

398 3. Deed conveying real estate from an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of399 learning not conducted for profit;

400 4. Deed conveying real estate from the United States, the Commonwealth or any county, city, town,401 district or other political subdivision thereof;

402 5. Conveyance of real estate to the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other
403 political subdivision thereof, if such political unit is required by law to reimburse the parties taxable
404 pursuant to § 58.1-802 or subject to the fee under § 58.1-802.2; or

405 6. Deed conveying real estate from the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or from an incorporated church or religious body, or from a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1.

407 D. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any deed of gift between a grantor or
 408 grantors and a grantee or grantees when no consideration has passed between the parties. Such deed
 409 shall state therein that it is a deed of gift.

**410** E. The tax imposed by § 58.1-807 shall not apply to any lease to the United States, the **411** Commonwealth, or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

F. The taxes and fees imposed by §§ 58.1-801, 58.1-802, 58.1-802.2, 58.1-807, 58.1-808, and
58.1-814 shall not apply to (i) any deed of gift conveying real estate or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy or (ii) any lease of real property or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy,
where such deed of gift or lease of real estate is intended to be used exclusively for the purpose of preserving wilderness, natural or open space areas.

417 G. The words "trustee" or "trustees," as used in subdivision subdivisions A 2, subdivision B 2, and 418 subdivision C 6, include the trustees mentioned in § 57-8 and the ecclesiastical officers mentioned in 419 § 57-16.

H. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on the release of a contractual
right, if the release is contained within a single deed that performs more than one function, and at least
one of the other functions performed by the deed is subject to the recordation tax.

I. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on a deed, lease, easement,
release, or other document recorded in connection with a concession pursuant to the Public-Private
Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or similar federal law.

J. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any transfer on death deed or any revocation of transfer on death deed made pursuant to the Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act (§ 64.2-621 et seq.) when no consideration has passed between the parties.

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429 § 58.1-811. (Contingent effective date) Exemptions.

430 A. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801 and 58.1-807 shall not apply to any deed conveying real estate 431 or lease of real estate:

432 1. To an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit, 433 where such real estate is intended to be used for educational purposes and not as a source of revenue or 434 profit:

435 2. To an incorporated church or religious body or to the trustee or trustees of any church or religious 436 body, or a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1, where such real estate is intended to be used exclusively 437 for religious purposes, or for the residence of the minister of any such church or religious body;

438 3. To the United States, the Commonwealth, or to any county, city, town, district or other political 439 subdivision of the Commonwealth; 440

4. To the Virginia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy;

441 5. To any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning or operating a 442 hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

443 6. To a corporation upon its organization by persons in control of the corporation in a transaction 444 which qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss pursuant to § 351 of the Internal Revenue Code as it 445 exists at the time of the conveyance;

7. From a corporation to its stockholders upon complete or partial liquidation of the corporation in a 446 447 transaction which qualifies for income tax treatment pursuant to § 331, 332, 333, or 337 of the Internal 448 Revenue Code as it exists at the time of liquidation;

449 8. To the surviving or new corporation, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, or limited 450 liability company upon a merger or consolidation to which two or more such entities are parties, or in a 451 reorganization within the meaning of \$368(a)(1)(C) and (F) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended;

452 9. To a subsidiary corporation from its parent corporation, or from a subsidiary corporation to a 453 parent corporation, if the transaction qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss under the Internal 454 Revenue Code as amended;

455 10. To a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantors are entitled to receive not less 456 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that the transfer to a limited liability company is not a precursor to a transfer of control of the assets of the 457 458 company to avoid recordation taxes:

11. From a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantees are entitled to receive not less 459 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 460 461 the transfer from a limited liability company is not subsequent to a transfer of control of the assets of 462 the company to avoid recordation taxes;

12. To trustees of a revocable intervivos trust, when the grantors in the deed and the beneficiaries of 463 464 the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust 465 instrument, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the beneficiaries; and to the original beneficiaries of a trust from the trustees holding title under a deed in trust; 466

13. When the grantor is the personal representative of a decedent's estate or trustee under a will or 467 inter vivos trust of which the decedent was the settlor, other than a security trust defined in § 55-58.1 468 469 deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation, 470 and the sole purpose of such transfer is to comply with a devise or bequest in the decedent's will or to 471 transfer title to one or more beneficiaries after the death of the settlor in accordance with a dispositive 472 provision in the trust instrument; or

473 14. When the grantor is an organization exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal 474 Revenue Code that is organized and operated primarily to acquire land and purchase materials to erect 475 or rehabilitate low-cost homes on such land, which homes are sold at cost to persons who otherwise 476 would be unable to afford to buy a home through conventional means. 477

B. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-803 and 58.1-804 shall not apply to any deed of trust or mortgage:

478 1. Given by an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for 479 profit;

2. Given by the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or given by an incorporated church 480 481 or religious body, or given by a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1;

3. Given by any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning and/or 482 483 operating a hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

4. Given by any local governmental entity or political subdivision of the Commonwealth to secure a 484 485 debt payable to any other local governmental entity or political subdivision; or

486 5. Securing a loan made by an organization described in subdivision A 14.

- C. The tax imposed by § 58.1-802 shall not apply to any: 487
- 488 1. Transaction described in subdivisions A 6 through 13;
- 489 2. Instrument or writing given to secure a debt;

3. Deed conveying real estate from an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of 490

**491** learning not conducted for profit;

492 4. Deed conveying real estate from the United States, the Commonwealth or any county, city, town,493 district or other political subdivision thereof;

494 5. Conveyance of real estate to the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other
495 political subdivision thereof, if such political unit is required by law to reimburse the parties taxable
496 pursuant to § 58.1-802; or

497 6. Deed conveying real estate from the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or from an incorporated church or religious body, or from a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1.

499 D. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any deed of gift between a grantor or
 500 grantors and a grantee or grantees when no consideration has passed between the parties. Such deed
 501 shall state therein that it is a deed of gift.

502 E. The tax imposed by § 58.1-807 shall not apply to any lease to the United States, the 503 Commonwealth, or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

504 F. The taxes and fees imposed by §§ 58.1-801, 58.1-802, 58.1-807, 58.1-808 and 58.1-814 shall not 505 apply to (i) any deed of gift conveying real estate or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy or 506 (ii) any lease of real property or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy, where such deed of 507 gift or lease of real estate is intended to be used exclusively for the purpose of preserving wilderness, 508 natural or open space areas.

509 G. The words "trustee" or "trustees," as used in subdivision subdivisions A 2, subdivision B 2, and 510 subdivision C 6, include the trustees mentioned in § 57-8 and the ecclesiastical officers mentioned in 511 § 57-16.

512 H. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on the release of a contractual
513 right, if the release is contained within a single deed that performs more than one function, and at least
514 one of the other functions performed by the deed is subject to the recordation tax.

515 I. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on a deed, lease, easement,
516 release, or other document recorded in connection with a concession pursuant to the Public-Private
517 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or similar federal law.

J. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any transfer on death deed or any revocation of transfer on death deed made pursuant to the Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act (§ 64.2-621 et seq.) when no consideration has passed between the parties.

521 2. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2014, except that the provisions 522 of this act amending §§ 17.1-223 and 17.1-227.1 of the Code of Virginia shall become effective on 523 January 1, 2015.

524 3. That by January 1, 2015, (i) the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of 525 Virginia shall develop a nonelectronic, hard copy form of cover sheet, consistent with § 17.1-227.1 526 as amended by this act, for use by attorneys or other parties who choose to submit a cover sheet 527 to those circuit court clerks who do not require cover sheets and (ii) those circuit court clerks who 528 require cover sheets using a software program not provided by the Office of the Executive 529 Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia shall revise such program to ensure that their cover

530 sheets will include the information required by § 17.1-227.1.