HB526E

# **2014 SESSION**

# ENGROSSED

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# HOUSE BILL NO. 526

House Amendments in [] — January 29, 2014

A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to programs of physical fitness in high schools; Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

# Patron Prior to Engrossment-Delegate Pogge

Referred to Committee on Education

### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

**10 1.** That § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 11 § 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning and 12 other educational objectives.

13 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 14 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are 15 necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 16 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of 17 18 high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and 19 educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 20 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia. 21 22

B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on
 components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, phonics,
 fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

57 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their 58 school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
 study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
 includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

64 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in 65 emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 66 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care 67 68 guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is 69 in compliance with subdivision D 4 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 70 71 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English, mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they exist.

77 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 78 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 79 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 80 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, and scientific concepts 81 and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health 82 83 and physical education, environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be 84 limited to, music and art, and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further 85 education, gainful employment, or training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability 86 87 to apply such skills and knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency. [ Each local school board's program of health and physical education 88 89 may include the option for high school students to satisfy all health and physical education program 90 requirements through participation in a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program in any of the 91 armed services of the United States. ]

92 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or 93 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to 94 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who 95 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include 96 components that are research-based.

97 Åny student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
98 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
99 remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students 106 107 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 108 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 109 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 110 111 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are 112 113 required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 114 not be charged tuition by the school division.

The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

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121 The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that 122 shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof 123 required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on 124 the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, 125 state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in 126 the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the 127 Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

128 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

129 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 130 enhance success.

131 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of
132 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such
133 programs shall include components that are research-based.

134 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include:
135 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to,
136 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching
137 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills;

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b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades; and

139 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 140 career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 141 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 142 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 143 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be 144 developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local community colleges and 145 shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance with the timelines 146 established by federal law.

4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial
literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriateinstructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

151 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately152 differentiated instructional programs.

153 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in
154 these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with
155 the regulations of the Board of Education.

8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level.
Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide prioritythat shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a community college in the
162 Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate's degree or a one-year
163 Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a community college concurrent with a high school
164 diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and Advanced
165 Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher.

166 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 167 placement classes, the International Baccalaureate Program, and Academic Year Governor's School 168 Programs, the qualifications for enrolling in such classes and programs, and the availability of financial 169 assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and International 170 Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of the agreement 171 with a community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to complete an associate's degree or 172 a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a high school diploma.

173 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in174 appropriate instructional programs.

175 13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with reading and mathematics problems
176 and provision of instructional strategies and reading and mathematics practices that benefit the
177 development of reading and mathematics skills for all students.

178 Local school divisions shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten through
179 grade three who demonstrate deficiencies based on their individual performance on the Standards of
180 Learning reading test or any reading diagnostic test that meets criteria established by the Department of
181 Education. Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of

182 Education on an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. 183 Each student who receives early intervention reading services will be assessed again at the end of that 184 school year. The local school division, in its discretion, shall provide such reading intervention services 185 prior to promoting a student from grade three to grade four. Reading intervention services may include 186 the use of: special reading teachers; trained aides; volunteer tutors under the supervision of a certified 187 teacher; computer-based reading tutorial programs; aides to instruct in-class groups while the teacher 188 provides direct instruction to the students who need extra assistance; and extended instructional time in 189 the school day or school year for these students. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and 190 remediation; summer school remediation; at-risk; or early intervention reading may be used to meet the 191 requirements of this subdivision.

192 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 193 194 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. 195 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on 196 an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 197 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; 198 199 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this 200 subdivision.

14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at theelementary school level.

203 15. A program of physical fitness available to all students with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) 204 205 physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, or (iii) other programs and physical activities 206 deemed appropriate by the local school board and [ shall may ] include the option for high school 207 students to satisfy all physical fitness program requirements through participation in a Junior Reserve 208 Officers' Training Corps program in any of the armed services of the United States. Each local school 209 board shall incorporate into its local wellness policy a goal for the implementation of such program 210 during the regular school year.

211 16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aid212 students in their educational, social, and career development.

213 17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisions214 about the instructional program.

215 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 216 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 217 218 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 219 220 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 221 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family 222 involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 223 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 224 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 225 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 226 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 227 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 228 Learning assessments.