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HOUSE BILL NO. 472

Offered January 8, 2014

Prefiled January 6, 2014

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-241.2 and 22.1-279.3 of the Code of Virginia, relating to student conduct; parental responsibility to prevent bullying.

Patrons-McQuinn, Carr, James, McClellan and Tyler

Referred to Committee on Education

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 16.1-241.2 and 22.1-279.3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 11 12 follows:

§ 16.1-241.2. Proceedings against certain parents.

A. Upon the failure of a parent to comply with the provisions of § 22.1-279.3, the school board may, 14 15 by petition to the juvenile and domestic relations court, proceed against such parent for willful and unreasonable refusal to participate in efforts to improve the student's behavior as follows: 16

1. If the court finds that the parent has willfully and unreasonably failed to meet, pursuant to a 17 request of the principal as set forth in subsection D of § 22.1-279.3, to review the school board's 18 19 standards of student conduct and the parent's responsibility to assist the school in disciplining the 20 student, maintaining order, or ensuring the child's school attendance or to receive training in bullying 21 prevention, and to discuss improvement of the child's behavior, school attendance, or educational 22 progress, it may order the parent to so meet; or

2. If the court finds that the parent has willfully and unreasonably failed to accompany a suspended 23 24 student to meet with school officials pursuant to subsection F of § 22.1-279.3, or upon the student 25 receiving a second suspension or being expelled, it may order (i) the student or his parent to participate in such programs or such treatment as the court deems appropriate to improve the student's behavior, 26 27 including, but not limited to, extended day programs and summer school or other education programs 28 and counseling, or (ii) the student or his parent to be subject to such conditions and limitations as the 29 court deems appropriate for the supervision, care, and rehabilitation of the student or his parent; in 30 addition, the court may order the parent to pay a civil penalty not to exceed \$500. 31

The court may use its contempt power to enforce any order entered under this section.

B. The civil penalties established pursuant to this section shall be enforceable in the juvenile and 32 33 domestic relations court or its successor in interest in which the student's school is located and shall be 34 paid into a fund maintained by the appropriate local governing body to support programs or treatments 35 designed to improve the behavior and school attendance of students as described in subdivision 2 of 36 subsection G of § 22.1-279.3. Upon the failure to pay any civil penalties imposed by this section and § 22.1-279.3, the attorney for the appropriate county, city, or town shall enforce the collection of such 37 civil penalties. 38

39 C. For the purposes of this section and § 22.1-279.3, "parent" or "parents" means any parent, 40 guardian, legal custodian, or other person having control or charge of a child. 41

§ 22.1-279.3. Parental responsibility and involvement requirements.

A. Each parent of a student enrolled in a public school has a duty to assist the school in enforcing 42 43 the standards of student conduct and compulsory school attendance in order that education may be conducted in an atmosphere free of disruption and threat to persons or property, and supportive of 44 45 individual rights.

46 B. A school board shall provide opportunities for parental and community involvement in every 47 school in the school division.

C. Within one calendar month of the opening of school, each school board shall, simultaneously with 48 49 any other materials customarily distributed at that time, send to the parents of each enrolled student (i) a 50 notice of the requirements of this section; (ii) a copy of the school board's standards of student conduct; 51 and (iii) a copy of the compulsory school attendance law. These materials shall include a notice to the 52 parents that by signing the statement of receipt, parents shall not be deemed to waive, but to expressly 53 reserve, their rights protected by the constitutions or laws of the United States or the Commonwealth 54 and that a parent shall have the right to express disagreement with a school's or school division's 55 policies or decisions.

56 Each parent of a student shall sign and return to the school in which the student is enrolled a statement acknowledging the receipt of the school board's standards of student conduct, the notice of the 57 58 requirements of this section, and the compulsory school attendance law. Each school shall maintain

59 records of such signed statements.

D. The school principal may request the student's parent or parents, if both parents have legal and physical custody of such student, to meet with the principal or his designee (*i*) to review the school board's standards of student conduct and the parent's or parents' responsibility to participate with the school in disciplining the student and maintaining order, (*ii*) to ensure the student's compliance with compulsory school attendance law, or (*iii*) to receive training in bullying prevention, and to discuss improvement of the child's behavior, school attendance, and educational progress.

66 E. In accordance with the due process procedures set forth in this article and the guidelines required by § 22.1-279.6, the school principal may notify the parents of any student who violates a school board 67 policy or the compulsory school attendance requirements when such violation could result in the 68 student's suspension or the filing of a court petition, whether or not the school administration has 69 70 imposed such disciplinary action or filed a petition. The notice shall state (i) the date and particulars of 71 the violation; (ii) the obligation of the parent to take actions to assist the school in improving the student's behavior and ensuring compulsory school attendance compliance; (iii) that, if the student is 72 73 suspended, the parent may be required to accompany the student to meet with school officials; and (iv) 74 that a petition with the juvenile and domestic relations court may be filed under certain circumstances to 75 declare the student a child in need of supervision.

F. No suspended student shall be admitted to the regular school program until such student and his
parent have met with school officials to discuss improvement of the student's behavior, unless the school
principal or his designee determines that readmission, without parent conference, is appropriate for the
student.

80 G. Upon the failure of a parent to comply with the provisions of this section, the school board may,
81 by petition to the juvenile and domestic relations court, proceed against such parent for willful and
82 unreasonable refusal to participate in efforts to improve the student's behavior or school attendance, as
83 follows:

84 1. If the court finds that the parent has willfully and unreasonably failed to meet, pursuant to a
85 request of the principal as set forth in subsection D of this section, to review the school board's
86 standards of student conduct and the parent's responsibility to assist the school in disciplining the student
87 and maintaining order, and to discuss improvement of the child's behavior and educational progress, it
88 may order the parent to so meet; or

89 2. If the court finds that a parent has willfully and unreasonably failed to accompany a suspended 90 student to meet with school officials pursuant to subsection F, or upon the student's receiving a second 91 suspension or being expelled, it may order the student or his parent, or both, to participate in such 92 programs or such treatment, including, but not limited to, extended day programs, summer school, other 93 educational programs and counseling, as the court deems appropriate to improve the student's behavior 94 or school attendance. The order may also require participation in a parenting, counseling or a mentoring 95 program, as appropriate or that the student or his parent, or both, shall be subject to such conditions and 96 limitations as the court deems appropriate for the supervision, care, and rehabilitation of the student or 97 his parent. In addition, the court may order the parent to pay a civil penalty not to exceed \$500.

98 H. The civil penalties established pursuant to this section shall be enforceable in the juvenile and
99 domestic relations court in which the student's school is located and shall be paid into a fund maintained
by the appropriate local governing body to support programs or treatments designed to improve the
behavior of students as described in subdivision G 2. Upon the failure to pay the civil penalties imposed
by this section, the attorney for the appropriate county, city, or town shall enforce the collection of such
civil penalties.

104 I. All references in this section to the juvenile and domestic relations court shall be also deemed to 105 mean any successor in interest of such court.