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**HOUSE BILL NO. 291**

Offered January 8, 2014

Prefiled December 31, 2013

*A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-270.1 and 18.2-271.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to driving while intoxicated; restricted license.*

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 Patron—Albo
 

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Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That §§ 18.2-270.1 and 18.2-271.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

**§ 18.2-270.1. Ignition interlock systems; penalty.**

A. For purposes of this section and § 18.2-270.2:

"Commission" means the Commission on VASAP.

"Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles.

"Ignition interlock system" means a device that (i) connects a motor vehicle ignition system to an analyzer that measures a driver's blood alcohol content; (ii) prevents a motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's blood alcohol content exceeds 0.02 percent; and (iii) is equipped with the ability to perform a rolling retest and to electronically log the blood alcohol content during ignition, attempted ignition and rolling retest.

"Rolling retest" means a test of the vehicle operator's blood alcohol content required at random intervals during operation of the vehicle, which triggers the sounding of the horn and flashing of lights if (i) the test indicates that the operator has a blood alcohol content which exceeds 0.02 percent or (ii) the operator fails to take the test.

B. In addition to any penalty provided by law for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4 or 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city or town, any court of proper jurisdiction shall, as a condition of a restricted license, prohibit an offender from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for any period of time not to exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, not less than six consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements. The court shall, for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4, a second or subsequent offense of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city or town, or as a condition of license restoration pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271.1 or § 46.2-391, require that such a system be installed on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the offender, in whole or in part, for such period of time. Such condition shall be in addition to any purposes for which terms of a restricted license may be issued pursuant to § 18.2-271.1. The court may order the installation of an ignition interlock system to commence immediately upon conviction. A fee of \$20 to cover court and administrative costs related to the ignition interlock system shall be paid by any such offender to the clerk of the court. The court shall require the offender to install an electronic log device with the ignition interlock system on a vehicle designated by the court to measure the blood alcohol content at each attempted ignition and random rolling retest during operation of the vehicle. The offender shall be enrolled in and supervised by an alcohol safety action program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 and to conditions established by regulation under § 18.2-270.2 by the Commission during the period for which the court has ordered installation of the ignition interlock system. The offender shall be further required to provide to such program, at least quarterly during the period of court ordered ignition interlock installation, a printout from such electronic log indicating the offender's blood alcohol content during such ignitions, attempted ignitions, and rolling retests, and showing attempts to circumvent or tamper with the equipment.

C. In any case in which the court requires the installation of an ignition interlock system, the court shall order the offender not to operate any motor vehicle that is not equipped with such a system for the period of time that the interlock restriction is in effect. The clerk of the court shall file with the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order, which shall become a part of the offender's operator's license record maintained by the Department. The Department shall issue to the offender for the period during which the interlock restriction is imposed a restricted license which shall appropriately set forth the restrictions required by the court under this subsection and any other restrictions imposed upon the offender's driving privilege, and shall also set forth any exception granted by the court under subsection F.

D. The offender shall be ordered to provide the appropriate ASAP program, within 30 days of the

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59 effective date of the order of court, proof of the installation of the ignition interlock system. The  
60 Program shall require the offender to have the system monitored and calibrated for proper operation at  
61 least every 30 days by an entity approved by the Commission under the provisions of § 18.2-270.2 and  
62 to demonstrate proof thereof. The offender shall pay the cost of leasing or buying and monitoring and  
63 maintaining the ignition interlock system. Absent good cause shown, the court may revoke the offender's  
64 driving privilege for failing to (i) timely install such system or (ii) have the system properly monitored  
65 and calibrated.

66 E. No person shall start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock  
67 system for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is prohibited under this  
68 section from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system. No person  
69 shall tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent the operation of, an ignition interlock system  
70 that has been installed in the motor vehicle of a person under this section. Except as authorized in  
71 subsection G, no person shall knowingly furnish a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning  
72 ignition interlock system to any person prohibited under subsection B from operating any motor vehicle  
73 which is not equipped with such system. A violation of this subsection is punishable as a Class 1  
74 misdemeanor.

75 F. Any person prohibited from operating a motor vehicle under subsection B may, solely in the  
76 course of his employment, operate a motor vehicle which is owned or provided by his employer without  
77 installation of an ignition interlock system, if the court expressly permits such operation as a condition  
78 of a restricted license at the request of the employer, but such person may not operate a school bus,  
79 school vehicle, or a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4. This subsection shall not  
80 apply if such employer is an entity wholly or partially owned or controlled by the person otherwise  
81 prohibited from operating a vehicle without an ignition interlock system.

82 G. The Commission shall promulgate such regulations and forms as are necessary to implement the  
83 procedures outlined in this section.

84 **§ 18.2-271.1. Probation, education and rehabilitation of person charged or convicted; person**  
85 **convicted under law of another state.**

86 A. Any person convicted of a first or second offense of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), or any  
87 ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions thereof, or provisions of subsection A of §  
88 46.2-341.24, shall be required by court order, as a condition of probation or otherwise, to enter into and  
89 successfully complete an alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is  
90 brought or in any other judicial district upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth.  
91 However, upon motion of a person convicted of any such offense following an assessment of the person  
92 conducted by an alcohol safety action program, the court, for good cause, may decline to order  
93 participation in such a program if the assessment by the alcohol safety action program indicates that  
94 intervention is not appropriate for such person. In no event shall such persons be permitted to enter any  
95 such program which is not certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria established by the  
96 Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to subsection H of this  
97 section and to § 18.2-271.2. However, any person charged with a violation of a first or second offense  
98 of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), or any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions  
99 thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, may, at any time prior to trial, enter into an  
100 alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other  
101 judicial district. Any person who enters into such program prior to trial may pre-qualify with the  
102 program to have an ignition interlock system installed on any motor vehicle owned or operated by him.  
103 However, no ignition interlock company shall install an ignition interlock system on any such vehicle  
104 until a court issues to the person a restricted license with the ignition interlock restriction.

105 B. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to  
106 pay a fee of no less than \$250 but no more than \$300. A reasonable portion of such fee, as may be  
107 determined by the Commission on VASAP, but not to exceed 10 percent, shall be forwarded monthly to  
108 be deposited with the State Treasurer for expenditure by the Commission on VASAP, and the balance  
109 shall be held in a separate fund for local administration of driver alcohol rehabilitation programs. Upon  
110 a positive finding that the defendant is indigent, the court may reduce or waive the fee. In addition to  
111 the costs of the proceeding, fees as may reasonably be required of defendants referred for intervention  
112 under any such program may be charged.

113 C. Upon conviction of a violation of § 18.2-266 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to  
114 the provisions thereof, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court shall impose the sentence authorized  
115 by § 18.2-270 or 46.2-341.28 and the license revocation as authorized by § 18.2-271. In addition, if the  
116 conviction was for a second offense committed within less than 10 years after a first such offense, the  
117 court shall order that restoration of the person's license to drive be conditioned upon the installation of  
118 an ignition interlock system on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to  
119 the person, in whole or in part, for a period of six months beginning at the end of the three year license  
120 revocation, unless such a system has already been installed for six months prior to that time pursuant to

a restricted license order under subsection E of this section. Upon a finding that a person so convicted is required to participate in the program described herein, the court shall enter the conviction on the warrant, and shall note that the person so convicted has been referred to such program. The court may then proceed to issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section, if the court finds that the person so convicted is eligible for a restricted license. If the court finds good cause for a person not to participate in such program or subsequently that such person has violated, without good cause, any of the conditions set forth by the court in entering the program, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered, in which event the revocation provisions of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of § 46.2-391 shall be applicable to the conviction. The court shall, upon final disposition of the case, send a copy of its order to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If such order provides for the issuance of a restricted license, the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, upon receipt thereof, shall issue a restricted license. Appeals from any such disposition shall be allowed as provided by law. The time within which an appeal may be taken shall be calculated from the date of the final disposition of the case or any motion for rehearing, whichever is later.

D. Any person who has been convicted in another state of the violation of a law of such state substantially similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, and whose privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this Commonwealth is subject to revocation under the provisions of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of § 46.2-391, may petition the general district court of the county or city in which he resides that he be given probation and assigned to a program as provided in subsection A of this section and that, upon entry into such program, he be issued an order in accordance with subsection E of this section. If the court finds that such person would have qualified therefor if he had been convicted in this Commonwealth of a violation of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court may grant the petition and may issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section as to the period of license suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to § 46.2-389 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. Such order shall be conditioned upon the successful completion of a program by the petitioner. If the court subsequently finds that such person has violated any of the conditions set forth by the court, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered and shall notify the Commissioner, who shall revoke the person's license in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-389 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. A copy of the order granting the petition or subsequently revoking or suspending such person's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be forthwith sent to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

No period of license suspension or revocation shall be imposed pursuant to this subsection which, when considered together with any period of license suspension or revocation previously imposed for the same offense in any state, results in such person's license being suspended for a period in excess of the maximum periods specified in this subsection.

E. Except as otherwise provided herein, whenever a person enters a certified program pursuant to this section, and such person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine or train in the Commonwealth has been suspended or revoked, the court may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, provide that such person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle for any of the following purposes: (i) travel to and from his place of employment; (ii) travel to and from an alcohol rehabilitation or safety action program; (iii) travel during the hours of such person's employment if the operation of a motor vehicle is a necessary incident of such employment; (iv) travel to and from school if such person is a student, upon proper written verification to the court that such person is enrolled in a continuing program of education; (v) travel for health care services, including medically necessary transportation of an elderly parent or, as designated by the court, any person residing in the person's household with a serious medical problem upon written verification of need by a licensed health professional; (vi) travel necessary to transport a minor child under the care of such person to and from school, day care, and facilities housing medical service providers; (vii) travel to and from court-ordered visitation with a child of such person; (viii) travel to a screening, evaluation and education program entered pursuant to § 18.2-251 or subsection H of § 18.2-258.1; (ix) travel to and from court appearances in which he is a subpoenaed witness or a party and appointments with his probation officer and to and from any programs required by the court or as a condition of probation; (x) travel to and from a place of religious worship one day per week at a specified time and place; (xi) travel to and from appointments approved by the Division of Child Support Enforcement of the Department of Social Services as a requirement of participation in a court-ordered intensive case monitoring program for child support for which the participant maintains written proof of the appointment, including written proof of the date and time of the appointment, on his person; (xii) travel to and from jail to serve a sentence when such person has been convicted and sentenced to confinement in jail and pursuant to § 53.1-131.1 the time to be served is on weekends or nonconsecutive days; or (xiii) travel to and from the facility that installed or monitors the ignition interlock in the person's vehicle. *In the case of any adult convicted of a first offense of § 18.2-266 or 18.2-266.1, the court may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, as an alternative to*

182 *issuing a restricted license for any of the purposes set forth in clauses (i) through (xiii), provide that*  
183 *such person be issued a restricted license that would permit such person to operate a motor vehicle for*  
184 *a period of 14 consecutive hours per day on no more than six days per week with no other restriction*  
185 *on such person's authorization to operate a motor vehicle during the time period ordered by the court.*  
186 No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall permit any person to operate a commercial  
187 motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). The  
188 court shall order the surrender of such person's license to operate a motor vehicle to be disposed of in  
189 accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-398 and shall forward to the Commissioner of the Department  
190 of Motor Vehicles a copy of its order entered pursuant to this subsection, which shall specifically  
191 enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the person to whom such a  
192 permit is issued as is reasonably necessary to identify such person. The court shall also provide a copy  
193 of its order to the person so convicted who may operate a motor vehicle on the order until receipt from  
194 the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles of a restricted license, if the order provides for  
195 a restricted license for that time period. A copy of such order and, after receipt thereof, the restricted  
196 license shall be carried at all times while operating a motor vehicle. Any person who operates a motor  
197 vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a violation of  
198 § 18.2-272. Such restricted license shall be conditioned upon enrollment within 15 days in, and  
199 successful completion of, a program as described in subsection A of this section. No restricted license  
200 shall be issued during the first four months of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of  
201 § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 for a second offense of the type described therein committed  
202 within 10 years of a first such offense. No restricted license shall be issued during the first year of a  
203 revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 for a second  
204 offense of the type described therein committed within five years of a first such offense. No restricted  
205 license shall be issued during any revocation period imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or  
206 subsection B of § 46.2-391. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-411, the fee charged pursuant to  
207 § 46.2-411 for reinstatement of the driver's license of any person whose privilege or license has been  
208 suspended or revoked as a result of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or of any  
209 ordinance of a county, city or town, or of any federal law or the laws of any other state similar to the  
210 provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 shall be \$105. Forty dollars of such  
211 reinstatement fee shall be retained by the Department of Motor Vehicles as provided in § 46.2-411, \$40  
212 shall be transferred to the Commission on VASAP, and \$25 shall be transferred to the Commonwealth  
213 Neurotrauma Initiative Trust Fund.

214 F. The court shall have jurisdiction over any person entering such program under any provision of  
215 this section until such time as the case has been disposed of by either successful completion of the  
216 program, or revocation due to ineligibility or violation of a condition or conditions imposed by the  
217 court, whichever shall first occur. Revocation proceedings shall be commenced by notice to show cause  
218 why the court should not revoke the privilege afforded by this section. Such notice shall be made by  
219 first-class mail to the last known address of such person, and shall direct such person to appear before  
220 the court in response thereto on a date contained in such notice, which shall not be less than 10 days  
221 from the date of mailing of the notice. Failure to appear in response to such notice shall of itself be  
222 grounds for revocation of such privilege. Notice of revocation under this subsection shall be sent  
223 forthwith to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

224 G. For the purposes of this section, any court which has convicted a person of a violation of  
225 § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the  
226 provisions of § 18.2-266 shall have continuing jurisdiction over such person during any period of  
227 license revocation related to that conviction, for the limited purposes of (i) referring such person to a  
228 certified alcohol safety action program, (ii) providing for a restricted permit for such person in  
229 accordance with the provisions of subsection E, and (iii) imposing terms, conditions and limitations for  
230 actions taken pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii), whether or not it took either such action at the time of the  
231 conviction. This continuing jurisdiction is subject to the limitations of subsection E that provide that no  
232 restricted license shall be issued during a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or  
233 subsection B of § 46.2-391 or during the first four months or first year, whichever is applicable, of the  
234 revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. The  
235 provisions of this subsection shall apply to a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A  
236 of § 46.2-341.24 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 on,  
237 after and at any time prior to July 1, 2003.

238 H. The State Treasurer, the Commission on VASAP or any city or county is authorized to accept any  
239 gifts or bequests of money or property, and any grant, loan, service, payment or property from any  
240 source, including the federal government, for the purpose of driver alcohol education. Any such gifts,  
241 bequests, grants, loans or payments shall be deposited in the separate fund provided in subsection B.

242 I. The Commission on VASAP, or any county, city, town, or any combination thereof may establish  
243 and, if established, shall operate, in accordance with the standards and criteria required by this

subsection, alcohol safety action programs in connection with highway safety. Each such program shall operate under the direction of a local independent policy board chosen in accordance with procedures approved and promulgated by the Commission on VASAP. Local sitting or retired district court judges who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local alcohol safety action programs may serve on such boards. The Commission on VASAP shall establish minimum standards and criteria for the implementation and operation of such programs and shall establish procedures to certify all such programs to ensure that they meet the minimum standards and criteria stipulated by the Commission. The Commission shall also establish criteria for the administration of such programs for public information activities, for accounting procedures, for the auditing requirements of such programs and for the allocation of funds. Funds paid to the Commonwealth hereunder shall be utilized in the discretion of the Commission on VASAP to offset the costs of state programs and local programs run in conjunction with any county, city or town and costs incurred by the Commission. The Commission shall submit an annual report as to actions taken at the close of each calendar year to the Governor and the General Assembly.

J. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of § 18.2-271, nothing in this section shall permit the court to suspend, reduce, limit, or otherwise modify any disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).