2014 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 243
2	Offered January 8, 2014
2 3	Prefiled December 29, 2013
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 37.2-809 of the Code of Virginia, relating to temporary detention order;
5	facility of detention.
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_	Patrons—Yost and Krupicka
7	Beformed to Committee for Counts of Insting
8 9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 37.2-809 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 37.2-809. Involuntary temporary detention; issuance and execution of order.
13	A. For the purposes of this section:
14	"Designee of the local community services board" means an examiner designated by the local
15	community services board who (i) is skilled in the assessment and treatment of mental illness, (ii) has
16	completed a certification program approved by the Department, (iii) is able to provide an independent
17	examination of the person, (iv) is not related by blood or marriage to the person being evaluated, (v) has
18	no financial interest in the admission or treatment of the person being evaluated, (vi) has no investment
19 20	interest in the facility detaining or admitting the person under this article, and (vii) except for employees of state hospitals and of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, is not employed by the facility.
20 21	"Employee" means an employee of the local community services board who is skilled in the
22	assessment and treatment of mental illness and has completed a certification program approved by the
23	Department.
24	"Investment interest" means the ownership or holding of an equity or debt security, including shares
25	of stock in a corporation, interests or units of a partnership, bonds, debentures, notes, or other equity or
26	debt instruments.
27	B. A magistrate shall issue, upon the sworn petition of any responsible person, treating physician, or
28	upon his own motion and only after an evaluation conducted in-person or by means of a two-way
29 30	electronic video and audio communication system as authorized in § 37.2-804.1 by an employee or a designee of the local community services board to determine whether the person meets the criteria for
30 31	temporary detention, a temporary detention order if it appears from all evidence readily available,
32	including any recommendation from a physician or clinical psychologist treating the person, that the
33	person (i) has a mental illness and that there exists a substantial likelihood that, as a result of mental
34	illness, the person will, in the near future, (a) cause serious physical harm to himself or others as
35	evidenced by recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening harm and other relevant information, if
36	any, or (b) suffer serious harm due to his lack of capacity to protect himself from harm or to provide
37	for his basic human needs, (ii) is in need of hospitalization or treatment, and (iii) is unwilling to
38 39	volunteer or incapable of volunteering for hospitalization or treatment. The magistrate shall also consider the recommendations of any treating or examining physician licensed in Virginia if available either
39 40	the recommendations of any treating or examining physician licensed in Virginia if available either verbally or in writing prior to rendering a decision. Any temporary detention order entered pursuant to
41	this section shall provide for the disclosure of medical records pursuant to § 37.2-804.2. This subsection
42	shall not preclude any other disclosures as required or permitted by law.
43	C. When considering whether there is probable cause to issue a temporary detention order, the
44	magistrate may, in addition to the petition, consider (i) the recommendations of any treating or
45	examining physician or psychologist licensed in Virginia, if available, (ii) any past actions of the person,
46	(iii) any past mental health treatment of the person, (iv) any relevant hearsay evidence, (v) any medical
47 19	records available, (vi) any affidavits submitted, if the witness is unavailable and it so states in the
48 49	affidavit, and (vii) any other information available that the magistrate considers relevant to the determination of whether probable cause exists to issue a temporary detention order.
49 50	D. A magistrate may issue a temporary detention order without an emergency custody order
50 51	proceeding. A magistrate may issue a temporary detention order without an emergency custody order
52	subsection B if (i) the person has been personally examined within the previous 72 hours by an
53	employee or a designee of the local community services board or (ii) there is a significant physical,
54	psychological, or medical risk to the person or to others associated with conducting such evaluation.

E. An employee or a designee of the local community services board shall determine the facility of temporary detention for all individuals detained pursuant to this section. The facility of temporary detention, which shall be one that has been approved pursuant to regulations of the Board. The If the facility shall be of temporary detention has been identified prior to issuance of the temporary detention

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59 order, the facility shall be identified on the preadmission screening report and indicated on the temporary detention order. If no facility has been identified prior to the running of the period for 60 emergency custody specified in § 37.2-808, the magistrate shall issue the temporary detention order 61 62 without the facility designation if the person meets the criteria for temporary detention set forth in 63 subsection B and the employee or designee of the local community services board certifies that the 64 community services board shall continue to make good faith efforts to identify a facility for temporary 65 detention until a facility can be identified or the temporary detention order becomes invalid pursuant to subsection I. Except as provided in § 37.2-811 for inmates requiring hospitalization in accordance with 66 subdivision A 2 of § 19.2-169.6, the person shall not be detained in a jail or other place of confinement 67 68 for persons charged with criminal offenses and shall remain in the custody of law enforcement until the 69 person is either detained within a secure facility or custody has been accepted by the appropriate personnel designated by the facility identified in the temporary detention order. 70

71 F. Any facility caring for a person placed with it pursuant to a temporary detention order is authorized to provide emergency medical and psychiatric services within its capabilities when the facility 72 73 determines that the services are in the best interests of the person within its care. The costs incurred as a 74 result of the hearings and by the facility in providing services during the period of temporary detention 75 shall be paid and recovered pursuant to § 37.2-804. The maximum costs reimbursable by the Commonwealth pursuant to this section shall be established by the State Board of Medical Assistance 76 77 Services based on reasonable criteria. The State Board of Medical Assistance Services shall, by 78 regulation, establish a reasonable rate per day of inpatient care for temporary detention.

G. The employee or the designee of the local community services board who is conducting the
evaluation pursuant to this section shall determine, prior to the issuance of the temporary detention
order, the insurance status of the person. Where coverage by a third party payor exists, the facility
seeking reimbursement under this section shall first seek reimbursement from the third party payor. The
Commonwealth shall reimburse the facility only for the balance of costs remaining after the allowances
covered by the third party payor have been received.

85 H. The duration of temporary detention shall be sufficient to allow for completion of the examination 86 required by § 37.2-815, preparation of the preadmission screening report required by § 37.2-816, and 87 initiation of mental health treatment to stabilize the person's psychiatric condition to avoid involuntary 88 commitment where possible, but shall not exceed 48 hours prior to a hearing. If the 48-hour period 89 herein specified terminates on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the person may be detained, as 90 herein provided, until the close of business on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal 91 holiday. The 48 hour period shall begin to run at the time the temporary detention order is executed. 92 The person may be released, pursuant to § 37.2-813, before the 48-hour period herein specified has run.

93 I. If a temporary detention order is not executed within 24 hours of its issuance, or within a shorter 94 period as is specified in the order, the order shall be void and shall be returned unexecuted to the office 95 of the clerk of the issuing court or, if the office is not open, to any magistrate serving the jurisdiction of 96 the issuing court. Subsequent orders may be issued upon the original petition within 96 hours after the 97 petition is filed. However, a magistrate must again obtain the advice of an employee or a designee of 98 the local community services board prior to issuing a subsequent order upon the original petition. Any 99 petition for which no temporary detention order or other process in connection therewith is served on 100 the subject of the petition within 96 hours after the petition is filed shall be void and shall be returned 101 to the office of the clerk of the issuing court.

102 J. The Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia shall establish and require that a 103 magistrate, as provided by this section, be available seven days a week, 24 hours a day, for the purpose 104 of performing the duties established by this section. Each community services board shall provide to 105 each general district court and magistrate's office within its service area a list of its employees and 106 designees who are available to perform the evaluations required herein.

107 K. For purposes of this section a health care provider or designee of a local community services
108 board or behavioral health authority shall not be required to encrypt any email containing information or
109 medical records provided to a magistrate unless there is reason to believe that a third party will attempt
110 to intercept the email.

L. The employee or designee of the community services board who is conducting the evaluation
 pursuant to this section shall, if he recommends that the person should not be subject to a temporary
 detention order, inform the petitioner and an onsite treating physician of his recommendation.