## **2014 SESSION**

14105228D 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 17** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice 4 5 6 on February 24, 2014) (Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Marshall, R.G. and Carr [HB 817]) A BILL to amend and reenact § 19.2-70.3 of the Code of Virginia, relating to warrant requirement for 7 certain telecommunications records; real-time location data. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That § 19.2-70.3 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 19.2-70.3. Obtaining records concerning electronic communication service or remote 10 11 computing service. A. A provider of electronic communication service or remote computing service, which, for purposes 12 13 of subdivisions A 2 through A 4, includes a foreign corporation that provides such services, shall disclose a record or other information pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such service, 14 15 excluding the contents of electronic communications and real-time location data, to an investigative or 16 law-enforcement officer only pursuant to: 17 1. A subpoena issued by a grand jury of a court of this the Commonwealth; 18 2. A search warrant issued by a magistrate, general district court, or a circuit court; 19 3. A court order for such disclosure issued as provided in this section subsection B; or 20 4. The consent of the subscriber or customer to such disclosure. 21 B. A court shall issue an order for disclosure under this section only if the investigative or 22 law-enforcement officer shows that there is reason to believe the records or other information sought are 23 relevant and material to an ongoing criminal investigation, or the investigation of any missing child as 24 defined in § 52-32, missing senior adult as defined in § 52-34.4, or an incapacitated person as defined in 25 § 64.2-2000 who meets the definition of a missing senior adult except for the age requirement. Upon issuance of an order for disclosure under this section, the order and any written application or statement 26 27 of facts may be sealed by the court for 90 days for good cause shown upon application of the attorney 28 for the Commonwealth in an ex parte proceeding. The order and any written application or statement of 29 facts may be sealed for additional 90-day periods for good cause shown upon subsequent application of 30 the attorney for the Commonwealth in an ex parte proceeding. A court issuing an order pursuant to this section, on a motion made promptly by the service provider, may quash or modify the order, if the 31 32 information or records requested are unusually voluminous in nature or compliance with such order 33 would otherwise cause an undue burden on such provider. 34 C. A Except as provided in subsection D, a provider of electronic communication service or remote 35 computing service, including a foreign corporation that provides such services, shall disclose the 36 contents of electronic communications or real-time location data to an investigative or law-enforcement 37 officer only pursuant to a search warrant issued by a magistrate, a juvenile and domestic relations 38 district court, a general district court, or a circuit court, based upon complaint on oath supported by an 39 affidavit as required in § 19.2-54, or judicial officer or court of any of the several states of the United 40 States or its territories, or the District of Columbia when the warrant issued by such officer or such 41 court complies with the provisions of subsection  $\mathbf{E}$  G. In the case of a search warrant directed to a 42 foreign corporation, the affidavit shall state that the complainant believes that the records requested are 43 actually or constructively possessed by a foreign corporation that provides electronic communication service or remote computing service within the Commonwealth of Virginia. If satisfied that probable 44 cause has been established for such belief and as required by Chapter 5 (§ 19.2-52 et seq.), the 45 magistrate, the juvenile and domestic relations district court, the general district court, or the circuit 46 47 court shall issue a warrant identifying those records to be searched for and commanding the person **48** seeking such warrant to properly serve the warrant upon the foreign corporation. 49 D. A provider of electronic communication service or remote computing service, including a foreign 50 corporation that provides such services, shall disclose a record or other information pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such service, including real-time location data but excluding the contents of 51 52 electronic communications, to an investigative or law-enforcement officer pursuant to an administrative 53 subpoend issued pursuant to § 19.2-10.2 concerning a violation of § 18.2-374.1 or 18.2-374.1:1, former 54 § 18.2-374.1:2, or § 18.2-374.3 when the information sought is relevant and material to an ongoing 55 criminal investigation.

56 E. When disclosure of real-time location data is not prohibited by federal law, an investigative or 57 law-enforcement officer may obtain real-time location data without a warrant in the following 58 circumstances:

59 1. To respond to the user's call for emergency services;

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2. With the informed, affirmative consent of the owner or user of the electronic device concerned if
(i) the device is in his possession; (ii) the owner or user knows or believes that the device is in the
possession of an employee or agent of the owner or user with the owner's or user's consent; or (iii) the
owner or user knows or believes that the device has been taken by a third party without the consent of
the owner or user.

3. With the informed, affirmative consent of the legal guardian or next of kin of the owner or user, if
reasonably available, if the owner or user is reasonably believed to be deceased, is reported missing, or
is unable to be contacted; or

4. If the investigative or law-enforcement officer reasonably believes that an emergency involving the
immediate danger to a person requires the disclosure, without delay, of real-time location data
concerning a specific person and that a warrant cannot be obtained in time to prevent the identified
danger, and the possessor of the real-time location data believes, in good faith, that an emergency
involving danger to a person requires disclosure without delay.

No later than three business days after seeking disclosure of real-time location data pursuant to this subsection, the investigative or law-enforcement officer seeking the information shall file with the appropriate court a written statement setting forth the facts giving rise to the emergency and the facts as to why the person whose real-time location data was sought is believed to be important in addressing the emergency.

F. In order to comply with the requirements of § 19.2-54, any search of the records of a foreign corporation shall be deemed to have been made in the same place wherein the search warrant was issued.

81 E- G. A Virginia corporation or other entity that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the general public, when properly served with a search warrant and 82 83 affidavit in support of the warrant, issued by a judicial officer or court of any of the several states of the 84 United States or its territories, or the District of Columbia with jurisdiction over the matter, to produce a 85 record or other information pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such service, including real-time 86 location data, or the contents of electronic communications, or both, shall produce the record or other 87 information, including real-time location data, or the contents of electronic communications as if that 88 warrant had been issued by a Virginia court. The provisions of this subsection shall only apply to a 89 record or other information, including real-time location data, or contents of electronic communications 90 relating to the commission of a criminal offense that is substantially similar to (i) a violent felony as 91 defined in § 17.1-805, (ii) an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1, (iii) any offense for which 92 registration is required pursuant to § 9.1-902, (iv) computer fraud pursuant to § 18.2-152.3, or (v) 93 identity theft pursuant to § 18.2-186.3. The search warrant shall be enforced and executed in the 94 Commonwealth as if it were a search warrant described in subsection C.

95 F. H. The provider of electronic communication service or remote computing service may verify the authenticity of the written reports or records that it discloses pursuant to this section, excluding the contents of electronic communications, by providing an affidavit from the custodian of those written reports or records or from a person to whom said custodian reports certifying that they are true and complete and that they are prepared in the regular course of business. When so authenticated, the written reports and records are admissible in evidence as a business records exception to the hearsay rule.

101 G. I. No cause of action shall lie in any court against a provider of a wire or electronic 102 communication service, its or remote computing service or such provider's officers, employees, agents, 103 or other specified persons for providing information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms 104 of a court order, warrant, administrative subpoena, or subpoena under this section or the provisions of 105 subsection E.

H. J. A search warrant, court order, or administrative subpoend for the disclosure of real-time
location data pursuant to this section shall require the provider to provide ongoing disclosure of such
data for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 30 days. A court may, for good cause shown, grant
one or more extensions, not to exceed 30 days each.

*K*. For the purposes of this section:

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"Electronic device" means a device that enables access to, or use of, an electronic communication
 service, remote computing service, or location information service, including a global positioning service
 or other mapping, locational, or directional information service.

114 "Foreign corporation" means any corporation or other entity, whose primary place of business is located outside of the boundaries of the Commonwealth, that makes a contract or engages in a terms of 115 116 service agreement with a resident of the Commonwealth to be performed in whole or in part by either 117 party in the Commonwealth, or a corporation that has been issued a certificate of authority pursuant to § 13.1-759 to transact business in the Commonwealth. The making of the contract or terms of service 118 119 agreement or the issuance of a certificate of authority shall be considered to be the agreement of the 120 foreign corporation or entity that a search warrant or subpoena, which has been properly served on it, has the same legal force and effect as if served personally within the Commonwealth. 121

122 "Properly served" means delivery of a search warrant or subpoena by hand, by United States mail, by
123 commercial delivery service, by facsimile or by any other manner to any officer of a corporation or its
124 general manager in the Commonwealth, to any natural person designated by it as agent for the service
125 of process, or if such corporation has designated a corporate agent, to any person named in the latest
126 annual report filed pursuant to § 13.1-775.

127 "Real-time location data" means any data or information concerning the current location of an
128 electronic device that, in whole or in part, is generated, derived from, or obtained by the operation of
129 the device.

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