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# HOUSE BILL NO. 171

Offered January 8, 2014

Prefiled December 23, 2013 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-309.1 and 19.2-11.01 of the Code of Virginia, relating to crime victim rights; offenses by juveniles.

### Patron—Farrell (By Request)

#### Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

11 1. That §§ 16.1-309.1 and 19.2-11.01 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 12 follows:

### § 16.1-309.1. Exception as to confidentiality.

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, where consideration of public interest requires, the judge shall make available to the public the name and address of a juvenile and the nature of the offense for which a juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent (i) for an act which would be a Class 1, 2, or 3 felony, forcible rape, robbery or burglary or a related offense as set out in Article 2 (§ 18.2-89 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 if committed by an adult or (ii) in any case where a juvenile is sentenced as an adult in circuit court.

20 B. 1. a. At any time prior to disposition, if a juvenile charged with a delinquent act which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a law-enforcement officer, or held in 21 a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from justice, the attorney for the 22 23 Commonwealth or, upon notice to the Commonwealth's attorney, the Department of Juvenile Justice or a 24 locally operated court services unit, may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of record, petition the 25 court having jurisdiction of the offense to authorize public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was adjudicated and any 26 27 other information which may expedite his apprehension. Upon a showing that the juvenile is a fugitive 28 and for good cause, the court shall order release of this information to the public. If a juvenile charged 29 with a delinquent act that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a 30 law-enforcement officer, or held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from 31 justice at a time when the court is not in session, the Commonwealth's attorney, the Department of 32 Juvenile Justice, or a locally operated court services unit may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of 33 record, authorize the public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical description and photograph, the 34 charge for which he is sought, and any other information which may expedite his apprehension.

b. At any time prior to disposition, if a juvenile charged with a delinquent act which would 35 constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a law-enforcement officer, or 36 37 held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from justice, the attorney for the 38 Commonwealth may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of record, petition the court having 39 jurisdiction of the offense to authorize public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical description 40 and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was adjudicated and any other 41 information which may expedite his apprehension. Upon a showing that the juvenile is a fugitive and for good cause, the court shall order release of this information to the public. If a juvenile charged with a 42 delinquent act that would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a 43 44 law-enforcement officer, or held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from 45 justice at a time when the court is not in session, the attorney for the Commonwealth may, with notice 46 to the juvenile's attorney of record, authorize the public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical 47 description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought, and any other information which may 48 expedite his apprehension.

49 2. After final disposition, if a juvenile (i) found to have committed a delinquent act becomes a 50 fugitive from justice or (ii) who has been committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to 51 subdivision 14 of § 16.1-278.8 or 16.1-285.1 becomes a fugitive from justice by escaping from a 52 facility operated by or under contract with the Department or from the custody of any employee of such 53 facility, the Department may release to the public the juvenile's name, age, physical description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was committed, and any other 54 55 information which may expedite his apprehension. The Department shall promptly notify the attorney for the Commonwealth of the jurisdiction in which the juvenile was tried whenever information is released 56 pursuant to this subdivision. If a juvenile specified in clause (i) being held after disposition in a secure 57 58 facility not operated by or under contract with the Department becomes a fugitive by such escape, the

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59 attorney for the Commonwealth of the locality in which the facility is located may release the 60 information as provided in this subdivision.

C. Whenever a juvenile 14 years of age or older is charged with a delinquent act that would be a 61 criminal violation of Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, a felony involving a 62 63 weapon, a felony violation of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or an "act of 64 violence" as defined in subsection A of § 19.2-297.1 if committed by an adult, the judge may, where 65 consideration of the public interest requires, make the juvenile's name and address available to the 66 public.

D. Upon the request of a victim of a delinquent act which that would be a felony or that would be a 67 misdemeanor violation of § 16.1-253.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-60.3, 18.2-60.4, 18.2-67.4, or 18.2-67.5 68 if committed by an adult, the court may order that such victim be informed of the charge or charges 69 brought, the findings of the court, and the disposition of the case. For purposes of this section, "victim" 70 71 shall be defined as in § 19.2-11.01.

72 E. Upon request, the judge or clerk may disclose if an order of emancipation of a juvenile pursuant 73 to § 16.1-333 has been entered, provided (i) the order is not being appealed, (ii) the order has not been 74 terminated, or (iii) there has not been a judicial determination that the order is void ab initio.

75 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a copy of any court order that imposes a curfew or other restriction on a juvenile may be provided to the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city 76 77 wherein the juvenile resides. The chief law-enforcement officer shall only disclose information contained 78 in the court order to other law-enforcement officers in the conduct of official duties.

79 G. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where consideration of public safety requires, the 80 Department and locally operated court service unit shall release information relating to a juvenile's 81 criminal street gang involvement, if any, and the criminal street gang-related activity and membership of others, as criminal street gang is defined in § 18.2-46.1, obtained from an investigation or supervision of 82 83 a juvenile and shall include the identity or identifying information of the juvenile; however, the Department and local court service unit shall not release the identifying information of a juvenile not 84 85 affiliated with or involved in a criminal street gang unless that information relates to a specific criminal act. Such information shall be released to any State Police, local police department, sheriff's office, or 86 87 law-enforcement task force that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political 88 subdivision thereof, and that is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the 89 enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the Commonwealth. The exchange of information 90 shall be for the purpose of an investigation into criminal street gang activity.

91 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.), an intake officer shall 92 report to the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of 93 Homeland Security a juvenile who has been detained in a secure facility based on an allegation that the juvenile committed a violent juvenile felony and who the intake officer has probable cause to believe is 94 95 in the United States illegally.

# § 19.2-11.01. Crime victim and witness rights.

97 A. In recognition of the Commonwealth's concern for the victims and witnesses of crime, it is the 98 purpose of this chapter to ensure that the full impact of crime is brought to the attention of the courts of 99 the Commonwealth; that crime victims and witnesses are treated with dignity, respect and sensitivity; and that their privacy is protected to the extent permissible under law. It is the further purpose of this 100 101 chapter to ensure that victims and witnesses are informed of the rights provided to them under the laws 102 of the Commonwealth; that they receive authorized services as appropriate; and that they have the 103 opportunity to be heard by law-enforcement agencies, attorneys for the Commonwealth, corrections agencies and the judiciary at all critical stages of the criminal justice process to the extent permissible 104 105 under law. Unless otherwise stated and subject to the provisions of § 19.2-11.1, it shall be the responsibility of a locality's crime victim and witness assistance program to provide the information and 106 107 assistance required by this chapter, including verification that the standardized form listing the specific 108 rights afforded to crime victims has been received by the victim.

109 As soon as practicable after identifying a victim of a crime, the investigating law-enforcement agency shall provide the victim with a standardized form listing the specific rights afforded to crime victims. 110 111 The form shall include a telephone number by which the victim can receive further information and 112 assistance in securing the rights afforded crime victims, the name, address and telephone number of the 113 office of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the name, address and telephone number of the 114 investigating law-enforcement agency, and a summary of the victim's rights under § 40.1-28.7.2. 115

1. Victim and witness protection and law-enforcement contacts.

116 a. In order that victims and witnesses receive protection from harm and threats of harm arising out of their cooperation with law-enforcement, or prosecution efforts, they shall be provided with information 117 as to the level of protection which may be available pursuant to § 52-35 or to any other federal, state or 118 119 local program providing protection, and shall be assisted in obtaining this protection from the 120 appropriate authorities.

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121 b. Victims and witnesses shall be provided, where available, a separate waiting area during court 122 proceedings that affords them privacy and protection from intimidation, and that does not place the 123 victim in close proximity to the defendant or the defendant's family. 124

2. Financial assistance.

125 a. Victims shall be informed of financial assistance and social services available to them as victims 126 of a crime, including information on their possible right to file a claim for compensation from the Crime 127 Victims' Compensation Fund pursuant to Chapter 21.1 (§ 19.2-368.1 et seq.) of this title and on other 128 available assistance and services.

129 b. Victims shall be assisted in having any property held by law-enforcement agencies for evidentiary 130 purposes returned promptly in accordance with §§ 19.2-270.1 and 19.2-270.2.

131 c. Victims shall be advised that restitution is available for damages or loss resulting from an offense 132 and shall be assisted in seeking restitution in accordance with §§ 19.2-305, 19.2-305.1, Chapter 21.1 (§ 133 19.2-368.1 et seq.) of this title, Article 21 (§ 58.1-520 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 58.1, and other 134 applicable laws of the Commonwealth. 135

3. Notices.

a. Victims and witnesses shall be (i) provided with appropriate employer intercession services to 136 137 ensure that employers of victims and witnesses will cooperate with the criminal justice process in order 138 to minimize an employee's loss of pay and other benefits resulting from court appearances and (ii) 139 advised that pursuant to § 18.2-465.1 it is unlawful for an employer to penalize an employee for 140 appearing in court pursuant to a summons or subpoena.

141 b. Victims shall receive advance notification when practicable from the attorney for the Commonwealth of judicial proceedings relating to their case and shall be notified when practicable of 142 any change in court dates in accordance with § 19.2-265.01 if they have provided their names, current 143 144 addresses and telephone numbers.

145 c. Victims shall receive notification, if requested, subject to such reasonable procedures as the Attorney General may require pursuant to § 2.2-511, from the Attorney General of the filing and 146 147 disposition of any appeal or habeas corpus proceeding involving their case.

148 d. Victims shall be notified by the Department of Corrections or a sheriff or jail superintendent (i) in 149 whose custody an escape, change of name, transfer, release or discharge of a prisoner occurs pursuant to 150 the provisions of §§ 53.1-133.02 and 53.1-160 or (ii) when an accused is released on bail, if they have 151 provided their names, current addresses and telephone numbers in writing. Such notification may be 152 provided through the Virginia Statewide VINE (Victim Information and Notification Everyday) System 153 or other similar electronic or automated system.

154 e. Victims shall be advised that, in order to protect their right to receive notices and offer input, all 155 agencies and persons having such duties must have current victim addresses and telephone numbers 156 given by the victims. Victims shall also be advised that any such information given shall be confidential 157 as provided by § 19.2-11.2. 158

4. Victim input.

159 a. Victims shall be given the opportunity, pursuant to § 19.2-299.1, to prepare a written victim 160 impact statement prior to sentencing of a defendant and may provide information to any individual or 161 agency charged with investigating the social history of a person or preparing a victim impact statement 162 under the provisions of §§ 16.1-273 and 53.1-155 or any other applicable law.

163 b. Victims shall have the right to remain in the courtroom during a criminal trial or proceeding 164 pursuant to the provisions of § 19.2-265.01.

165 c. On motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth, victims shall be given the opportunity, pursuant 166 to §§ 19.2-264.4 and 19.2-295.3, to testify prior to sentencing of a defendant regarding the impact of the 167 offense.

168 d. In a felony case, the attorney for the Commonwealth, upon the victim's written request, shall 169 consult with the victim either verbally or in writing (i) to inform the victim of the contents of a 170 proposed plea agreement and (ii) to obtain the victim's views about the disposition of the case, including 171 the victim's views concerning dismissal, pleas, plea negotiations and sentencing. However, nothing in 172 this section shall limit the ability of the attorney for the Commonwealth to exercise his discretion on 173 behalf of the citizens of the Commonwealth in the disposition of any criminal case. The court shall not 174 accept the plea agreement unless it finds that, except for good cause shown, the Commonwealth has 175 complied with clauses (i) and (ii). Good cause shown shall include, but not be limited to, the 176 unavailability of the victim due to incarceration, hospitalization, failure to appear at trial when 177 subpoenaed, or change of address without notice.

178 Upon the victim's written request, the victim shall be notified in accordance with subdivision A 3 b 179 of any proceeding in which the plea agreement will be tendered to the court.

The responsibility to consult with the victim under this subdivision shall not confer upon the 180 181 defendant any substantive or procedural rights and shall not affect the validity of any plea entered by the HB171

182 defendant.

183 5. Courtroom assistance.

184 a. Victims and witnesses shall be informed that their addresses and telephone numbers may not be 185 disclosed, pursuant to the provisions of §§ 19.2-11.2 and 19.2-269.2, except when necessary for the 186 conduct of the criminal proceeding.

187 b. Victims and witnesses shall be advised that they have the right to the services of an interpreter in 188 accordance with §§ 19.2-164 and 19.2-164.1.

189 c. Victims and witnesses of certain sexual offenses shall be advised that there may be a closed 190 preliminary hearing in accordance with § 18.2-67.8 and, if a victim was 14 years of age or younger on 191 the date of the offense and is 16 or under at the time of the trial, or a witness to the offense is 14 years 192 of age or younger at the time of the trial, that two-way closed-circuit television may be used in the 193 taking of testimony in accordance with § 18.2-67.9.

6. Post trial assistance.

195 a. Within 30 days of receipt of a victim's written request after the final trial court proceeding in the 196 case, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall notify the victim in writing, of (i) the disposition of the 197 case, (ii) the crimes of which the defendant was convicted, (iii) the defendant's right to appeal, if known, 198 and (iv) the telephone number of offices to contact in the event of nonpayment of restitution by the 199 defendant.

200 b. If the defendant has been released on bail pending the outcome of an appeal, the agency that had 201 custody of the defendant immediately prior to his release shall notify the victim as soon as practicable 202 that the defendant has been released.

203 c. If the defendant's conviction is overturned, and the attorney for the Commonwealth decides to 204 retry the case or the case is remanded for a new trial, the victim shall be entitled to the same rights as if 205 the first trial did not take place.

B. For purposes of this chapter, "victim" means (i) a person who has suffered physical, 206 207 psychological, or economic harm as a direct result of the commission of (a) a felony or of, (b) assault 208 and battery in violation of § 18.2-57 or §-18.2-57.2, stalking in violation of § 18.2-60.3, a violation of a 209 protective order in violation of § 16.1-253.2 or 18.2-60.3, sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4, 210 attempted sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.5, or maiming or driving while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-51.4 or -18.2-266, or (c) a delinquent act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor violation 211 212 of any offense enumerated in clause (b) if committed by an adult; (ii) a spouse or child of such a 213 person; (iii) a parent or legal guardian of such a person who is a minor; (iv) for the purposes of 214 subdivision A 4 of this section only, a current or former foster parent or other person who has or has 215 had physical custody of such a person who is a minor, for six months or more or for the majority of the 216 minor's life, or (v) a spouse, parent, sibling, or legal guardian of such a person who is physically or mentally incapacitated or was the victim of a homicide; however, "victim" does not mean a parent, 217 218 child, spouse, sibling, or legal guardian who commits a felony or other enumerated criminal offense 219 against a victim as defined in clause (i).

220 C. Officials and employees of the judiciary, including court services units, law-enforcement agencies, 221 the Department of Corrections, attorneys for the Commonwealth and public defenders, shall be provided 222 with copies of this chapter by the Department of Criminal Justice Services or a crime victim and witness 223 assistance program. Each agency, officer or employee who has a responsibility or responsibilities to 224 victims under this chapter or other applicable law shall make reasonable efforts to become informed 225 about these responsibilities and to ensure that victims and witnesses receive such information and 226 services to which they may be entitled under applicable law, provided that no liability or cause of action 227 shall arise from the failure to make such efforts or from the failure of such victims or witnesses to 228 receive any such information or services.

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