2014 SESSION

14101177D 1 HOUSE BILL NO. 1067 2 House Amendments in [] — January 27, 2014 3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 3.2-6500, 3.2-6502, 3.2-6503, 3.2-6504, 3.2-6510, 3.2-6522, 3.2-6523, 4 3.2-6534, 3.2-6535, 3.2-6545, 3.2-6546, 3.2-6548, 3.2-6549, 3.2-6550, 3.2-6551, 3.2-6557, 5 18.2-144.2, 54.1-3423, and 54.1-3801 of the Code of Virginia, relating to animal shelters. 6 Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Orrock 7 8 Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That \$ 3.2-6500, 3.2-6502, 3.2-6503, 3.2-6504, 3.2-6510, 3.2-6522, 3.2-6523, 3.2-6534, 3.2-6535, 3.2-6545, 3.2-6546, 3.2-6548, 3.2-6549, 3.2-6550, 3.2-6551, 3.2-6557, 18.2-144.2, 54.1-3423, and 11 12 54.1-3801 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 13 14 § 3.2-6500. Definitions. 15 As used in this chapter unless the context requires a different meaning: 16 "Abandon" means to desert, forsake, or absolutely give up an animal without having secured another owner or custodian for the animal or by failing to provide the elements of basic care as set forth in 17 18 § 3.2-6503 for a period of five consecutive days. "Adequate care" or "care" means the responsible practice of good animal husbandry, handling, production, management, confinement, feeding, watering, protection, shelter, transportation, treatment, 19 20 and, when necessary, euthanasia, appropriate for the age, species, condition, size and type of the animal 21 22 and the provision of veterinary care when needed to prevent suffering or impairment of health. 23 "Adequate exercise" or "exercise" means the opportunity for the animal to move sufficiently to maintain normal muscle tone and mass for the age, species, size, and condition of the animal. 24 25 "Adequate feed" means access to and the provision of food that is of sufficient quantity and nutritive value to maintain each animal in good health; is accessible to each animal; is prepared so as to permit 26 27 ease of consumption for the age, species, condition, size and type of each animal; is provided in a clean 28 and sanitary manner; is placed so as to minimize contamination by excrement and pests; and is provided 29 at suitable intervals for the species, age, and condition of the animal, but at least once daily, except as 30 prescribed by a veterinarian or as dictated by naturally occurring states of hibernation or fasting normal 31 for the species. 32 "Adequate shelter" means provision of and access to shelter that is suitable for the species, age, 33 condition, size, and type of each animal; provides adequate space for each animal; is safe and protects each animal from injury, rain, sleet, snow, hail, direct sunlight, the adverse effects of heat or cold, 34 35 physical suffering, and impairment of health; is properly lighted; is properly cleaned; enables each 36 animal to be clean and dry, except when detrimental to the species; and, for dogs and cats, provides a 37 solid surface, resting platform, pad, floormat, or similar device that is large enough for the animal to lie 38 on in a normal manner and can be maintained in a sanitary manner. Under this chapter, shelters whose 39 wire, grid, or slat floors: (i) permit the animals' feet to pass through the openings; (ii) sag under the 40 animals' weight; or (iii) otherwise do not protect the animals' feet or toes from injury are not adequate 41 shelter. 42 "Adequate space" means sufficient space to allow each animal to: (i) easily stand, sit, lie, turn about, 43 and make all other normal body movements in a comfortable, normal position for the animal; and (ii) interact safely with other animals in the enclosure. When an animal is tethered, "adequate space" means a tether that permits the above actions and is appropriate to the age and size of the animal; is attached 44 45 46 to the animal by a properly applied collar, halter, or harness configured so as to protect the animal from 47 injury and prevent the animal or tether from becoming entangled with other objects or animals, or from 48 extending over an object or edge that could result in the strangulation or injury of the animal; and is at 49 least three times the length of the animal, as measured from the tip of its nose to the base of its tail, except when the animal is being walked on a leash or is attached by a tether to a lead line. When 50 51 freedom of movement would endanger the animal, temporarily and appropriately restricting movement of 52 the animal according to professionally accepted standards for the species is considered provision of 53 adequate space. 54 "Adequate water" means provision of and access to clean, fresh, potable water of a drinkable 55 temperature that is provided in a suitable manner, in sufficient volume, and at suitable intervals appropriate for the weather and temperature, to maintain normal hydration for the age, species, 56 condition, size and type of each animal, except as prescribed by a veterinarian or as dictated by 57 58 naturally occurring states of hibernation or fasting normal for the species; and is provided in clean,

HB1067E

2 of 13

59 durable receptacles that are accessible to each animal and are placed so as to minimize contamination of

60 the water by excrement and pests or an alternative source of hydration consistent with generally 61

accepted husbandry practices. 62

"Adoption" means the transfer of ownership of a dog or a cat, or any other companion animal, from 63 a releasing agency to an individual.

64 "Agricultural animals" means all livestock and poultry. 65

"Ambient temperature" means the temperature surrounding the animal.

"Animal" means any nonhuman vertebrate species except fish. For the purposes of § 3.2-6522, animal 66 means any species susceptible to rabies. For the purposes of § 3.2-6570, animal means any nonhuman 67 vertebrate species including fish except those fish captured and killed or disposed of in a reasonable and 68 69 customary manner.

70 "Animal control officer" means a person appointed as an animal control officer or deputy animal 71 control officer as provided in § 3.2-6555.

"Animal shelter" means a facility, other than a private residential dwelling and its surrounding 72 73 grounds, that is used to house or contain animals and that is owned, operated, or maintained by a 74 nongovernmental entity including a humane society, animal welfare organization, society for the 75 prevention of cruelty to animals, or any other organization operating for the purpose of finding 76 permanent adoptive homes for animals.

77 "Boarding establishment" means a place or establishment other than a pound or public or private 78 animal shelter where companion animals not owned by the proprietor are sheltered, fed, and watered in 79 exchange for a fee.

80 "Collar" means a well-fitted device, appropriate to the age and size of the animal, attached to the 81 animal's neck in such a way as to prevent trauma or injury to the animal.

"Commercial dog breeder" means any person who, during any 12-month period, maintains 30 or 82 83 more adult female dogs for the primary purpose of the sale of their offspring as companion animals.

84 "Companion animal" means any domestic or feral dog, domestic or feral cat, nonhuman primate, guinea pig, hamster, rabbit not raised for human food or fiber, exotic or native animal, reptile, exotic or 85 native bird, or any feral animal or any animal under the care, custody, or ownership of a person or any 86 87 animal that is bought, sold, traded, or bartered by any person. Agricultural animals, game species, or any 88 animals regulated under federal law as research animals shall not be considered companion animals for 89 the purposes of this chapter.

90 'Consumer" means any natural person purchasing an animal from a dealer or pet shop or hiring the 91 services of a boarding establishment. The term "consumer" shall not include a business or corporation 92 engaged in sales or services.

"Dealer" means any person who in the regular course of business for compensation or profit buys, 93 sells, transfers, exchanges, or barters companion animals. The following shall not be considered dealers: 94 95 (i) any person who transports companion animals in the regular course of business as a common carrier; or (ii) any person whose primary purpose is to find permanent adoptive homes for companion animals. 96

97 "Direct and immediate threat" means any clear and imminent danger to an animal's health, safety or 98 life.

99 "Dump" means to knowingly desert, forsake, or absolutely give up without having secured another 100 owner or custodian any dog, cat, or other companion animal in any public place including the right-of-way of any public highway, road or street or on the property of another. 101

102 "Emergency veterinary treatment" means veterinary treatment to stabilize a life-threatening condition, alleviate suffering, prevent further disease transmission, or prevent further disease progression. 103 104

"Enclosure" means a structure used to house or restrict animals from running at large.

"Euthanasia" means the humane destruction of an animal accomplished by a method that involves 105 instantaneous unconsciousness and immediate death or by a method that involves anesthesia, produced 106 107 by an agent that causes painless loss of consciousness, and death during such loss of consciousness.

108 "Exhibitor" means any person who has animals for or on public display, excluding an exhibitor 109 licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

"Facility" means a building or portion thereof as designated by the State Veterinarian, other than a 110 private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds, that is used to contain a primary enclosure or 111 enclosures in which animals are housed or kept. 112

"Farming activity" means, consistent with standard animal husbandry practices, the raising, 113 114 management, and use of agricultural animals to provide food, fiber, or transportation and the breeding, exhibition, lawful recreational use, marketing, transportation, and slaughter of agricultural animals 115 116 pursuant to such purposes.

"Foster care provider" means [an individual a person] who provides care or rehabilitation for 117 companion animals through an affiliation with a pound, public or private animal shelter, or other 118 home-based rescue, releasing agency, or other animal welfare organization. 119

"Foster home" means a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds, or any facility other 120

than a public or private animal shelter, at which site through an affiliation with a pound, public or
 private animal shelter, or other home-based rescue, releasing agency, or other animal welfare
 organization care or rehabilitation is provided for companion animals.

"Groomer" means any person who, for a fee, cleans, trims, brushes, makes neat, manicures, or treats
 for external parasites any animal.

126 "Home-based rescue" means any person that accepts: (i) more than 12 companion animals; or (ii) 127 more than nine companion animals and more than three unweaned litters of companion animals in a 128 calendar year an [incorporated, nonprofit] animal welfare organization that takes custody of 129 companion animals for the purpose of finding permanent adoptive homes for the companion animals 130 facilitating adoption and houses the such companion animals in a private residential dwelling or uses 131 foster home or a system of housing companion animals in private residential foster homes.

"Humane" means any action taken in consideration of and with the intent to provide for the animal's health and well-being.

"Humane investigator" means a person who has been appointed by a circuit court as a humaneinvestigator as provided in § 3.2-6558.

"Humane society" means any incorporated, nonprofit organization that is organized for the purposesof preventing cruelty to animals and promoting humane care and treatment or adoptions of animals.

138 "Incorporated" means organized and maintained as a legal entity in the Commonwealth.

139 "Kennel" means any establishment in which five or more canines, felines, or hybrids of either are140 kept for the purpose of breeding, hunting, training, renting, buying, boarding, selling, or showing.

141 "Law-enforcement officer" means any person who is a full-time or part-time employee of a police 142 department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political 143 subdivision thereof and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the 144 enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth. Part-time employees are 145 compensated officers who are not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department or 146 sheriff's office.

147 "Livestock" includes all domestic or domesticated: bovine animals; equine animals; ovine animals;
148 porcine animals; cervidae animals; capradae animals; animals of the genus Lama; ratites; fish or shellfish in aquaculture facilities, as defined in § 3.2-2600; enclosed domesticated rabbits or hares raised for human food or fiber; or any other individual animal specifically raised for food or fiber, except companion animals.

"New owner" means an individual who is legally competent to enter into a binding agreement
pursuant to subdivision B 2 of § 3.2-6574, and who adopts or receives a dog or cat from a releasing
agency.

155 "Ordinance" means any law, rule, regulation, or ordinance adopted by the governing body of any 156 locality.

157 "Other officer" includes all other persons employed or elected by the people of Virginia, or by any
158 locality, whose duty it is to preserve the peace, to make arrests, or to enforce the law.

"Owner" means any person who: (i) has a right of property in an animal; (ii) keeps or harbors an animal; (iii) has an animal in his care; or (iv) acts as a custodian of an animal.

161 "Pet shop" means an establishment where companion animals are bought, sold, exchanged, or offered162 for sale or exchange to the general public.

163 "Poultry" includes all domestic fowl and game birds raised in captivity.

164 "Pound" means a facility operated by the Commonwealth, or any locality, for the purpose of 165 impounding or harboring seized, stray, homeless, abandoned, or unwanted animals; or a facility operated 166 for the same purpose under a contract with any locality or incorporated society for the prevention of 167 cruelty to animals.

"Primary enclosure" means any structure used to immediately restrict an animal or animals to a limited amount of space, such as a room, pen, cage, compartment, or hutch. For tethered animals, the term includes the shelter and the area within reach of the tether.

171 "Private animal shelter" means a facility that is used to house or contain animals and that is owned
172 or operated by an incorporated, nonprofit, and nongovernmental entity, including a humane society,
173 animal welfare organization, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or any other organization
174 operating for the purpose of finding permanent adoptive homes for animals.

175 "Properly cleaned" means that carcasses, debris, food waste, and excrement are removed from the 176 primary enclosure with sufficient frequency to minimize the animals' contact with the above-mentioned 177 contaminants; the primary enclosure is sanitized with sufficient frequency to minimize odors and the 178 hazards of disease; and the primary enclosure is cleaned so as to prevent the animals confined therein 179 from being directly or indirectly sprayed with the stream of water, or directly or indirectly exposed to 180 hazardous chemicals or disinfectants.

181 "Properly lighted" when referring to a facility means sufficient illumination to permit routine

182 inspections, maintenance, cleaning, and housekeeping of the facility, and observation of the animals; to provide regular diurnal lighting cycles of either natural or artificial light, uniformly diffused throughout 183 the facility; and to promote the well-being of the animals. 184

185 "Properly lighted" when referring to a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds means 186 sufficient illumination to permit routine maintenance and cleaning thereof, and observation of the 187 companion animals; and to provide regular diurnal lighting cycles of either natural or artificial light to 188 promote the well-being of the animals.

189 "Public animal shelter" means a facility operated by the Commonwealth, or any locality, for the purpose of impounding or sheltering seized, stray, homeless, abandoned, [unwanted,] or surrendered 190 191 animals or a facility operated for the same purpose under a contract with any locality.

192 "Releasing agency" means a pound, (i) a public animal shelter or (ii) a private animal shelter, 193 humane society, animal welfare organization, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or other 194 similar entity or home-based rescue, that releases companion animals for adoption.

195 "Research facility" means any place, laboratory, or institution licensed by the U.S. Department of 196 Agriculture at which scientific tests, experiments, or investigations involving the use of living animals 197 are carried out, conducted, or attempted.

198 "Sanitize" means to make physically clean and to remove and destroy, to a practical minimum, 199 agents injurious to health.

200 "Sore" means, when referring to an equine, that an irritating or blistering agent has been applied, 201 internally or externally, by a person to any limb or foot of an equine; any burn, cut, or laceration that 202 has been inflicted by a person to any limb or foot of an equine; any tack, nail, screw, or chemical agent that has been injected by a person into or used by a person on any limb or foot of an equine; any other 203 substance or device that has been used by a person on any limb or foot of an equine; or a person has 204 engaged in a practice involving an equine, and as a result of such application, infliction, injection, use, 205 206 or practice, such equine suffers, or can reasonably be expected to suffer, physical pain or distress, inflammation, or lameness when walking, trotting, or otherwise moving, except that such term does not 207 208 include such an application, infliction, injection, use, or practice in connection with the therapeutic 209 treatment of an equine by or under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian. Notwithstanding anything 210 contained herein to the contrary, nothing shall preclude the shoeing, use of pads, and use of action devices as permitted by 9 C.F.R. Part 11.2. 211

212 "Sterilize" or "sterilization" means a surgical or chemical procedure performed by a licensed 213 veterinarian that renders a dog or cat permanently incapable of reproducing.

214 "Treasurer" includes the treasurer and his assistants of each county or city or other officer designated 215 by law to collect taxes in such county or city.

216 "Treatment" or "adequate treatment" means the responsible handling or transportation of animals in 217 the person's ownership, custody or charge, appropriate for the age, species, condition, size and type of 218 the animal.

'Veterinary treatment" means treatment by or on the order of a duly licensed veterinarian.

220 "Weaned" means that an animal is capable of and physiologically accustomed to ingestion of solid 221 food or food customary for the adult of the species, and has ingested such food, without nursing, for a 222 period of at least five days.

223 § 3.2-6502. State Veterinarian's power to inspect premises where animals are kept; 224 investigations and search warrants.

225 A. The State Veterinarian and each State Veterinarian's representative shall have the power to 226 conduct inspections of *public and private* animal shelters, and inspect any business premises where 227 animals are housed or kept, including any boarding establishment, kennel, pet shop, pound, or the 228 business premises of any dealer, exhibitor or groomer, at any reasonable time, for the purposes of determining if a violation of: (i) this chapter; (ii) any other state law governing the care, control or 229 230 protection of animals; or (iii) any other state law governing property rights in animals has occurred.

B. Provisions for investigation of suspected violations of this chapter and other laws pertaining to 231 232 animals are provided in § 3.2-6564. Provisions for obtaining a warrant and the power of search for 233 violations of animal cruelty laws are provided in § 3.2-6568. 234

§ 3.2-6503. Care of companion animals by owner; penalty.

A. Each owner shall provide for each of his companion animals:

236 1. Adequate feed; 237

219

235

238

- 2. Adequate water:
- 3. Adequate shelter that is properly cleaned;

239 4. Adequate space in the primary enclosure for the particular type of animal depending upon its age, 240 size, species, and weight;

- 241 5. Adequate exercise:
- 6. Adequate care, treatment, and transportation; and 242
- 243 7. Veterinary care when needed to prevent suffering or disease transmission.

5 of 13

244 The provisions of this section shall also apply to every pound, public or private animal shelter, or 245 other releasing agency, and every foster care provider, dealer, pet shop, exhibitor, kennel, groomer, and 246 boarding establishment. This section shall not require that animals used as food for other animals be 247 euthanized.

248 B. Violation of this section is a Class 4 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of 249 subdivision A 1, A 2, A 3, or A 7 is a Class 2 misdemeanor and a second or subsequent violation of 250 subdivision A 4, A 5, or A 6 is a Class 3 misdemeanor.

251 § 3.2-6504. Abandonment of animal; penalty.

252 No person shall abandon or dump any animal. Violation of this section is a Class 3 misdemeanor. 253 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the release of an animal by its owner to a pound, 254 *public or private* animal shelter, or other releasing agency.

255 § 3.2-6510. Sale of unweaned or certain immature animals prohibited, vaccinations required for 256 dogs and cats; penalty.

257 A. No person shall sell, raffle, give away, or offer for sale as pets or novelties, or offer or give as a prize, premium, or advertising device any living chicks, ducklings, or other fowl under two months old 258 259 in quantities of less than six or any unweaned mammalian companion animal or any dog or cat under 260 the age of seven weeks without its dam or queen. Dealers may offer immature fowl, unweaned 261 mammalian companion animals, dogs or cats under the age of seven weeks for sale as pets or novelties 262 with the requirement that prospective owners take possession of the animals only after fowl have 263 reached two months of age, mammalian companion animals have been weaned, and dogs and cats are at 264 least seven weeks of age. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the sale, gift, or transfer of an unweaned 265 animal: (i) as food for other animals; (ii) with the lactating dam or queen or a lactating surrogate dam or 266 queen that has accepted the animal; (iii) due to a concern for the health or safety of the unweaned 267 animal; or (iv) to animal control, an *a public or private* animal shelter, or a veterinarian.

268 B. Dealers shall provide all dogs and cats with current vaccinations against contagious and infectious 269 diseases, as recommended in writing and considered appropriate for the animal's age and breed by a 270 licensed veterinarian, or pursuant to written recommendations provided by the manufacturer of such 271 vaccines at least five days before any new owner takes possession of the animal. For dogs, the 272 vaccinations required by this subsection shall include at a minimum canine distemper, adenovirus type II 273 parainfluenza, and parvovirus. For cats, the vaccinations required by this subsection shall include at a 274 minimum rhinotracheitis, calicivirus, and panleukopenia. Dealers shall provide the new owner with the 275 dog's or cat's immunization history.

276 C. A violation of this section is a Class 3 misdemeanor. 277

§ 3.2-6522. Rabid animals.

278 A. When there is sufficient reason to believe that the risk of exposure to rabies is elevated, the 279 governing body of any locality may enact, and the local health director may recommend, an emergency 280 ordinance that shall become effective immediately upon passage, requiring owners of all dogs and cats 281 therein to keep the same confined on their premises unless leashed under restraint of the owner in such 282 a manner that persons or animals will not be subject to the danger of being bitten by a rabid animal. 283 Any such emergency ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be operative for a 284 period not to exceed 30 days unless renewed by the governing body of such locality in consultation with 285 the local health director. The governing body of any locality shall also have the power and authority to 286 pass ordinances restricting the running at large in their respective jurisdiction of dogs and cats that have 287 not been inoculated or vaccinated against rabies and to provide penalties for the violation thereof.

288 B. Any dog or cat showing active signs of rabies or suspected of having rabies that is not known to 289 have exposed a person, companion animal, or livestock to rabies shall be confined under competent 290 observation for such a time as may be necessary to determine a diagnosis. If, in the discretion of the 291 local health director, confinement is impossible or impracticable, such dog or cat shall be euthanized by 292 one of the methods approved by the State Veterinarian as provided in § 3.2-6546. The disposition of 293 other animals showing active signs of rabies shall be determined by the local health director and may 294 include euthanasia and testing.

295 C. Every person having knowledge of the existence of an animal that is suspected to be rabid and 296 that may have exposed a person, companion animal, or livestock to rabies shall report immediately to 297 the local health department the existence of such animal, the place where seen, the owner's name, if 298 known, and the signs suggesting rabies.

299 D. Any dog or cat₇ for which no proof of current rabies vaccination is available, and that may have 300 been exposed to rabies through a bite, or through saliva or central nervous system tissue, in a fresh open wound or mucous membrane, by an animal suspected to be rabid, shall be isolated in a pound public 301 302 animal shelter, kennel, or enclosure approved by the local health department for a period not to exceed six months at the expense of the owner or custodian in a manner and by a date certain as determined by 303 304 the local health director. A rabies vaccination shall be administered by a licensed veterinarian prior to

335

339

340

341

345

353

361

362

6 of 13

305 release. Inactivated rabies vaccine may be administered at the beginning of isolation. Any dog or cat so 306 bitten, or exposed to rabies through saliva or central nervous system tissue, in a fresh open wound or 307 mucous membrane with proof of current vaccination, shall be revaccinated by a licensed veterinarian 308 immediately following the exposure and shall be confined to the premises of the owner or custodian, or 309 other site as may be approved by the local health department at the expense of the owner or custodian, 310 for a period of 45 days. If the local health director determines that isolation is not feasible or 311 maintained, such dog or cat shall be euthanized by one of the methods approved by the State Veterinarian as provided in § 3.2-6546. The disposition of such dogs or cats not so confined shall be at 312 313 the discretion of the local health director.

E. At the discretion of the local health director, any animal that may have exposed a person shall be 314 315 confined under competent observation for 10 days at the expense of the owner or custodian, unless the animal develops active signs of rabies, expires, or is euthanized before that time. A seriously injured or 316 317 sick animal may be euthanized as provided in § 3.2-6546.

318 F. When any suspected rabid animal, other than a dog or cat, exposes or may have exposed a person 319 to rabies through a bite, or through saliva or central nervous system tissue, in a fresh open wound or 320 mucous membrane, decisions regarding the disposition of that animal shall be at the discretion of a local 321 health director and may include euthanasia as provided in § 3.2-6546, or as directed by the state agency 322 with jurisdiction over that species. When any animal, other than a dog or cat, is exposed or may have 323 been exposed to rabies through a bite, or through saliva or central nervous system tissue, in a fresh open 324 wound or mucous membrane, by an animal suspected to be rabid, decisions regarding the disposition of 325 that newly exposed animal shall be at the discretion of a local health director.

326 G. When any animal may have exposed a person to rabies and subsequently expires due to illness or euthanasia, either within an observation period, where applicable, or as part of a public health 327 investigation, its head or brain shall be sent to the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services of the 328 329 Department of General Services or be tested as directed by the local health department. 330

§ 3.2-6523. Inoculation for rabies at public or private animal shelters.

331 Dogs and cats being adopted from an a public or private animal shelter during the period an emergency ordinance is in force, as provided for in § 3.2-6522, may be inoculated for rabies by a 332 333 certified animal technician at such shelter if the certified animal technician is under the immediate and 334 direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 3.2-6534. Disposition of funds.

336 Unless otherwise provided by ordinance of the local governing body, the treasurer of each locality 337 shall keep all moneys collected by him for dog and cat license taxes in a separate account from all other 338 funds collected by him. The locality shall use the funds for the following purposes:

1. The salary and expenses of the animal control officer and necessary staff;

2. The care and maintenance of a pound public animal shelter;

3. The maintenance of a rabies control program;

342 4. Payments as a bounty to any person neutering or spaying a dog up to the amount of one year of 343 the license tax as provided by ordinance; 344

5. Payments for compensation as provided in § 3.2-6553; and

6. Efforts to promote sterilization of dogs and cats.

Any part or all of any surplus remaining in such account on December 31 of any year may be 346 347 transferred by the governing body of such locality into the general fund of such locality. 348

§ 3.2-6535. Supplemental funds.

349 Localities may supplement the dog and cat license tax fund with other funds as they consider 350 appropriate. Localities shall supplement the dog and cat license tax fund to the extent necessary to provide for the salary and expenses of the animal control officer and staff and the care and maintenance 351 352 of a pound public animal shelter as provided in subdivisions 1 and 2 of § 3.2-6534.

§ 3.2-6545. Regulation of sale of animals procured from animal shelters.

354 Any locality that maintains or supports, in whole or in part, a pound or public or private animal 355 shelter may by ordinance provide that no person who acquires an animal from such pound or shelter 356 shall be able to sell the animal within a period of six months from the time the animal is acquired from 357 the shelter. Violation of the ordinance is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 3.2-6546. County or city public animal shelters; confinement and disposition of animals; 358 359 affiliation with foster care providers; penalties; injunctive relief.

360 A. For purposes of this section:

"Animal" shall not include agricultural animals.

"Rightful owner" means a person with a right of property in the animal.

363 B. The governing body of each county or city shall maintain or cause to be maintained a pound public animal shelter and shall require dogs running at large without the tag required by § 3.2-6531 or 364 in violation of an ordinance passed pursuant to § 3.2-6538 to be confined therein. Nothing in this section 365 shall be construed to prohibit confinement of other companion animals in such a pound shelter. The 366

7 of 13

367 governing body of any county or city need not own the facility required by this section but may contract368 for its establishment with a private group or in conjunction with one or more other local governing369 bodies. The governing body shall require that:

1. The pound *public animal shelter* shall be accessible to the public at reasonable hours during the week;

372 2. The pound public animal shelter shall obtain a signed statement from each of its directors,
373 operators, staff, or animal caregivers specifying that each individual has never been convicted of animal
374 cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and each pound shelter shall update such statement as changes occur;

375 3. If a person contacts the pound public animal shelter inquiring about a lost companion animal, the
 376 pound shelter shall advise the person if the companion animal is confined at the pound shelter or if a
 377 companion animal of similar description is confined at the pound shelter;

4. The pound public animal shelter shall maintain a written record of the information on each companion animal submitted to the pound shelter by an a private animal shelter in accordance with subsection D of § 3.2-6548 for a period of 30 days from the date the information is received by the pound shelter. If a person contacts the pound shelter inquiring about a lost companion animal, the pound shelter shall check its records and make available to such person any information submitted by an a private animal shelter or allow such person inquiring about a lost animal to view the written records;

5. The pound public animal shelter shall maintain a written record of the information on each companion animal submitted to the pound shelter by a releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter in accordance with subdivision F 2 of § 3.2-6549 for a period of 30 days from the date the information is received by the pound shelter. If a person contacts the pound shelter inquiring about a lost companion animal, the pound shelter shall check its records and make available to such person any information submitted by such releasing agency or allow such person inquiring about a lost companion animal to view the written records; and

6. The pound public animal shelter shall maintain a written record of the information on each companion animal submitted to the pound shelter by an individual in accordance with subdivision A 2 of § 3.2-6551 for a period of 30 days from the date the information is received by the pound shelter. If a person contacts the pound shelter inquiring about a lost companion animal, the pound shelter shall check its records and make available to such person any information submitted by the individual or allow such person inquiring about a lost companion animal to view the written records.

397 C. An animal confined pursuant to this section shall be kept for a period of not less than five days,
398 such period to commence on the day immediately following the day the animal is initially confined in
399 the facility, unless sooner claimed by the rightful owner thereof.

The operator or custodian of the pound public animal shelter shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain whether the animal has a collar, tag, license, tattoo, or other form of identification. If such identification is found on the animal, the animal shall be held for an additional five days, unless sooner claimed by the rightful owner. If the rightful owner of the animal can be readily identified, the operator or custodian of the pound shelter shall make a reasonable effort to notify the owner of the animal's confinement within the next 48 hours following its confinement.

406 If any animal confined pursuant to this section is claimed by its rightful owner, such owner may be 407 charged with the actual expenses incurred in keeping the animal impounded. In addition to this and any 408 other fees that might be levied, the locality may, after a public hearing, adopt an ordinance to charge the 409 owner of an animal a fee for impoundment and increased fees for subsequent impoundments of the same 410 animal.

411 D. If an animal confined pursuant to this section has not been claimed upon expiration of the appropriate holding period as provided by subsection C, it shall be deemed abandoned and become the property of the pound public animal shelter.

414 Such animal may be euthanized in accordance with the methods approved by the State Veterinarian
415 or disposed of by the methods set forth in subdivisions 1 through 5. No pound shelter shall release more
416 than two animals or a family of animals during any 30-day period to any one person under subdivisions
417 2, 3, or 4.

418
1. Release to any humane society, *public or private* animal shelter, or other releasing agency within
419
419 the Commonwealth, provided that each humane society, animal shelter, or other releasing agency obtains
420 a signed statement from each of its directors, operators, staff, or animal caregivers specifying that each
421 individual has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment and updates such
422 statements as changes occur;

423 2. Adoption by a resident of the county or city where the pound *shelter* is operated and who will pay
424 the required license fee, if any, on such animal, provided that such resident has read and signed a
425 statement specifying that he has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment;

426 3. Adoption by a resident of an adjacent political subdivision of the Commonwealth, if the resident427 has read and signed a statement specifying that he has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect,

428 or abandonment;

429 4. Adoption by any other person, provided that such person has read and signed a statement
430 specifying that he has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and provided
431 that no dog or cat may be adopted by any person who is not a resident of the county or city where the
432 pound shelter is operated, or of an adjacent political subdivision, unless the dog or cat is first sterilized,
433 and the pound shelter may require that the sterilization be done at the expense of the person adopting
434 the dog or cat; or

435 5. Release for the purposes of adoption or euthanasia only, to an animal shelter, or any other releasing agency located in and lawfully operating under the laws of another state, provided that such 436 437 animal shelter, or other releasing agency: (i) maintains records that would comply with § 3.2-6557; (ii) 438 requires that adopted dogs and cats be sterilized; (iii) obtains a signed statement from each of its 439 directors, operators, staff, and animal caregivers specifying that each individual has never been convicted 440 of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and updates such statement as changes occur; and (iv) has 441 provided to the pound, public or private animal shelter, or other releasing agency within the 442 Commonwealth a statement signed by an authorized representative specifying the entity's compliance 443 with clauses (i) through (iii), and the provisions of adequate care and performance of humane 444 euthanasia, as necessary in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

For purposes of recordkeeping, release of an animal by a pound to a pound, *public animal shelter to a public or private* animal shelter or other releasing agency shall be considered a transfer and not an adoption. If the animal is not first sterilized, the responsibility for sterilizing the animal transfers to the receiving entity.

Any proceeds deriving from the gift, sale, or delivery of such animals shall be paid directly to the treasurer of the locality. Any proceeds deriving from the gift, sale, or delivery of such animals by an *a public or private* animal shelter or other releasing agency shall be paid directly to the clerk or treasurer of the animal shelter or other releasing agency for the expenses of the society and expenses incident to any agreement concerning the disposing of such animal. No part of the proceeds shall accrue to any individual except for the aforementioned purposes.

E. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the immediate euthanasia of a critically injured, critically ill,
or unweaned animal for humane purposes. Any animal euthanized pursuant to the provisions of this
chapter shall be euthanized by one of the methods prescribed or approved by the State Veterinarian.

458 F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the immediate euthanasia or disposal by the methods listed in 459 subdivisions 1 through 5 of subsection D of an animal that has been released to a pound, public or 460 private animal shelter, other releasing agency, or animal control officer by the animal's rightful owner 461 after the rightful owner has read and signed a statement: (i) surrendering all property rights in such 462 animal; (ii) stating that no other person has a right of property in the animal; and (iii) acknowledging 463 that the animal may be immediately euthanized or disposed of in accordance with subdivisions 1 464 through 5 of subsection D.

465 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any feral dog or feral cat not bearing a collar, tag, tattoo, or 466 other form of identification that, based on the written statement of a disinterested person, exhibits 467 behavior that poses a risk of physical injury to any person confining the animal, from being euthanized after being kept for a period of not less than three days, at least one of which shall be a full business 468 469 day, such period to commence on the day the animal is initially confined in the facility, unless sooner 470 claimed by the rightful owner. The statement of the disinterested person shall be kept with the animal as 471 required by § 3.2-6557. For purposes of this subsection, a disinterested person shall not include a person 472 releasing or reporting the animal.

H. No pound public animal shelter shall place a companion animal in a foster home with a foster care provider unless the foster care provider has read and signed a statement specifying that he has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and each pound shelter shall update such statement as changes occur. The pound shelter shall maintain the original statement and any updates to such statement in accordance with this chapter and for at least so long as the pound shelter
478 has an affiliation with the foster care provider.

479 I. A pound public animal shelter that places a companion animal in a foster home with a foster care provider shall ensure that the foster care provider complies with § 3.2-6503.

481 J. If a pound public animal shelter finds a direct and immediate threat to a companion animal placed
482 with a foster care provider, it shall report its findings to the animal control agency in the locality where
483 the foster care provider is located.

484 K. The governing body shall require that the pound public animal shelter be operated in accordance
485 with regulations issued by the Board. If this chapter or such regulations are violated, the locality may be
486 assessed a civil penalty by the Board or its designee in an amount that does not exceed \$1,000 per
487 violation. Each day of the violation is a separate offense. In determining the amount of any civil
488 penalty, the Board or its designee shall consider: (i) the history of previous violations at the pound
489 shelter; (ii) whether the violation has caused injury to, death or suffering of, an animal; and (iii) the

490 demonstrated good faith of the locality to achieve compliance after notification of the violation. All civil 491 penalties assessed under this section shall be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General 492 in the name of the Commonwealth. Such civil penalties shall be paid into a special fund in the state 493 treasury to the credit of the Department to be used in carrying out the purposes of this chapter.

494 L. If this chapter or any laws governing pounds public animal shelters are violated, the Commissioner may bring an action to enjoin the violation or threatened violation of this chapter or the 495 496 regulations pursuant thereto regarding pounds public animal shelters, in the circuit court where the 497 pound shelter is located. The Commissioner may request the Attorney General to bring such an action, 498 when appropriate.

499 § 3.2-6548. Private animal shelters; confinement and disposition of animals; affiliation with 500 foster care providers; penalties; injunctive relief.

501 A. An A private animal shelter may confine and dispose of animals in accordance with the provisions of subsections B through G of § 3.2-6546. 502

503 B. Each *private* animal shelter shall obtain a signed statement from each of its directors, operators, 504 staff, and animal caregivers specifying that the individual has never been convicted of animal cruelty, 505 neglect, or abandonment, and each animal shelter shall update such statement as changes occur.

506 C. The State Veterinarian or his representative shall inspect an *a private* animal shelter prior to the 507 animal shelter confining or disposing of animals pursuant to this section. The animal shelter shall meet 508 the requirements of all laws with regard to confinement and disposition of animals before the animal 509 shelter is approved to receive animals and provide a reasonable and comfortable climate appropriate for 510 the age, species, condition, size, and type of animal.

511 D. An A private animal shelter that confines an animal that has not been received from its owner 512 shall, pursuant to this section, transmit a description of the animal including at least species, color, 513 breed, size, sex, and other identification or markings and where the animal was found, and its contact 514 information, including its name, address, and telephone number, to the pound public animal shelter in 515 the county or city where the animal was found within 48 hours of the animal shelter receiving the 516 animal. An animal A shelter that confines and disposes of animals pursuant to this subsection shall be 517 accessible to the public at reasonable hours, shall have its telephone number and address listed in a 518 telephone directory, and shall post its contact information, including at least its name, address, and 519 telephone number, in the pound public animal shelter in the locality where the animal shelter is located.

520 E. For purposes of recordkeeping, release of an animal by an animal *a private* shelter to a pound, 521 public or private animal shelter or other releasing agency shall be considered a transfer and not an 522 adoption. If the animal is not first sterilized, the responsibility for sterilizing the animal transfers to the 523 receiving entity.

524 F. No private animal shelter shall place a companion animal in a foster home with a foster care 525 provider unless the foster care provider has read and signed a statement specifying that he has never 526 been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and the animal shelter shall update the 527 statement as changes occur. The animal shelter shall maintain the original statement and any updates to 528 such statement in accordance with this chapter and for at least so long as the animal shelter has an 529 affiliation with the foster care provider.

530 G. An A private animal shelter that places a companion animal in a foster home with a foster care 531 provider shall ensure that the foster care provider complies with § 3.2-6503.

532 H. If an *a private* animal shelter finds a direct and immediate threat to a companion animal placed 533 with a foster care provider, it shall report its findings to the animal control agency in the locality where 534 the foster care provider is located. 535

I. No *private* animal shelter shall be operated in violation of any local zoning ordinance.

536 J. An A private animal shelter that confines and disposes of animals pursuant to this section shall be 537 operated in accordance with this chapter. If this chapter is violated, the animal shelter may be assessed a 538 civil penalty by the Board or its designee in an amount that does not exceed \$1,000 per violation. Each 539 day of the violation is a separate offense. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the Board or 540 its designee shall consider: (i) the history of previous violations at the animal shelter; (ii) whether the 541 violation has caused injury to, death or suffering of, an animal; and (iii) the demonstrated good faith of 542 the animal shelter to achieve compliance after notification of the violation. All civil penalties assessed 543 under this section shall be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General in the name of 544 the Commonwealth. Such civil penalties shall be paid into a special fund in the state treasury to the 545 credit of the Department to be used in carrying out the purposes of this chapter.

546 K. If this chapter or any laws governing *private* animal shelters are violated, the Commissioner may 547 bring an action to enjoin the violation or threatened violation of this chapter or the regulations pursuant 548 thereto regarding *private* animal shelters, in the circuit court where the animal shelter is located. The 549 Commissioner may request the Attorney General to bring such an action, when appropriate.

550 § 3.2-6549. Releasing agencies other than public or private animal shelters; confinement and

604

disposition of companion animals; recordkeeping; affiliation with foster care providers; penalties. 551

552 A. A releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter:

553 1. May confine and dispose of companion animals in accordance with subsections B through G of 554 § 3.2-6546 [if incorporated and not operated for profit]; and

555 2. Shall keep accurate records of each companion animal received for two years from the date of 556 disposition of the companion animal. Records shall: (i) include a description of the companion animal 557 including species, color, breed, sex, approximate weight, age, reason for release, owner's or finder's 558 name, address and telephone number, license number or other identifying tags or markings, as well as disposition of the companion animal; and (ii) be made available upon request to the Department, animal 559 control officers, and law-enforcement officers at mutually agreeable times. A releasing agency other than 560 a pound or public or private animal shelter shall submit a summary of such records to the State 561 Veterinarian annually in a format prescribed by him, wherein a post office box may be substituted for a 562 563 home address.

564 3. For purposes of recordkeeping, release of a companion animal by a releasing agency to a pound, 565 public or private animal shelter or other releasing agency shall be considered a transfer and not an adoption. If the animal is not first sterilized, the responsibility for sterilizing the animal transfers to the 566 567 receiving entity.

B. Each releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter shall obtain a signed 568 569 statement from each of its directors, operators, staff, or animal caregivers specifying that each individual 570 has never been convicted of animal cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and each such releasing agency 571 shall update such statement as changes occur.

572 C. No releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter shall place a companion animal in a foster home with a foster care provider unless the foster care provider has read 573 574 and signed a statement specifying that the foster care provider has never been convicted of animal 575 cruelty, neglect, or abandonment, and such releasing agency shall update the statement as changes occur. A releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter shall maintain the original 576 statement and any updates to such statement for so long as the releasing agency has an affiliation with 577 578 the foster care provider.

579 D. A releasing agency other than a pound or *public or private* animal shelter that places a companion 580 animal in a foster home with a foster care provider shall ensure that the foster care provider complies with § 3.2-6503. 581

582 E. If a releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter finds a direct and 583 immediate threat to a companion animal placed with a foster care provider, it shall report its findings to 584 the animal control agency in the area where the foster care provider is located.

F. Any releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter that finds a 585 companion animal or receives a companion animal that has not been released by its owner and: (i) 586 587 provides care or safekeeping; or (ii) takes possession of such companion animal shall, within 48 hours:

1. Make a reasonable attempt to notify the owner of the companion animal, if the owner can be 588 589 ascertained from any tag, license, collar, tattoo, or other identification or markings, or if the owner of 590 the companion animal is otherwise known to the releasing agency; and

591 2. Notify the pound public animal shelter that serves the locality where the companion animal was 592 found and provide to the pound shelter contact information including at least a name and a contact 593 telephone number, a description of the companion animal including at least species, breed, sex, size, 594 color, information from any tag, license, collar, tattoo, or other identification or markings, and the 595 location where the companion animal was found.

596 G. A releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter shall comply with the 597 provisions of § 3.2-6503.

598 H. No releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter shall be operated in 599 violation of any local zoning ordinance.

600 I. A releasing agency other than a pound or public or private animal shelter that violates any 601 provision of this section, other than subsection G, may be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250. 602

§ 3.2-6550. Requirements for foster homes; penalty. 603

In addition to any other requirements of this chapter, foster homes shall be subject to the following:

1. No foster home shall be operated in violation of any local zoning ordinance; and

605 2. No private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds that serves as a foster home shall 606 keep more than 50 companion animals on site on site at one time.

607 Any foster home found in violation of this section may be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed 608 \$250. 609

§ 3.2-6551. Notification by individuals finding companion animals; penalty.

A. Any individual who finds a companion animal and: (i) provides care or safekeeping; or (ii) retains 610 $\frac{1}{2}$ the companion animal in such a manner as to control its activities shall, within 48 hours: 611

612 1. Make a reasonable attempt to notify the owner of the companion animal, if the owner can be

613 ascertained from any tag, license, collar, tattoo, or other form of identification or markings, or if the 614 owner of the animal is otherwise known to the individual; and

615 2. Notify the pound public animal shelter that serves the locality where the companion animal was found and provide to the pound shelter contact information, including at least a name and a contact 616 617 telephone number, a description of the animal, including information from any tag, license, collar, tattoo, 618 or other identification or markings, and the location where the companion animal was found.

619 B. If an individual finds a companion animal and; (i) provides care or safekeeping; or (ii) retains a 620 the companion animal in such a manner as to control its activities, the individual shall comply with the 621 provisions of § 3.2-6503.

622 C. Any individual who violates this section may be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$50 per 623 companion animal. 624

§ 3.2-6557. Animal control officers and humane investigators; limitations; records; penalties.

625 A. No animal control officer, humane investigator, humane society or custodian of any pound or 626 *public or private* animal shelter shall; (i) obtain the release or transfer of an animal by the animal's 627 owner to such animal control officer, humane investigator, humane society or custodian for personal 628 gain; or (ii) give or sell or negotiate for the gift or sale to any individual, pet shop, dealer, or research 629 facility of any animal that may come into his custody in the course of carrying out his official 630 assignments. No animal control officer, humane investigator or custodian of any pound or public or private animal shelter shall be granted a dealer's license. Violation of this subsection is a Class 1 631 632 misdemeanor. Nothing in this section shall preclude any animal control officer or humane investigator 633 from lawfully impounding any animal pursuant to § 3.2-6569.

634 B. An animal control officer, law-enforcement officer, humane investigator or custodian of any 635 pound or public or private animal shelter, upon taking custody of any animal in the course of his 636 official duties, or any representative of a humane society, upon obtaining custody of any animal on 637 behalf of the society, shall immediately make a record of the matter. Such record shall include:

638 1. The date on which the animal was taken into custody; 639

2. The date of the making of the record;

640 3. A description of the animal including the animal's species, color, breed, sex, approximate age and 641 approximate weight; 642

4. The reason for taking custody of the animal and the location where custody was taken;

643 5. The name and address of the animal's owner, if known;

644 6. Any license or rabies tag, tattoo, collar or other identification number carried by or appearing on 645 the animal; and 646

7. The disposition of the animal.

662

647 Records required by this subsection shall be maintained for at least five years, and shall be available 648 for public inspection upon request. A summary of such records shall be submitted annually to the State 649 Veterinarian in a format prescribed by him.

650 C. Any animal control officer or custodian of any pound public animal shelter who violates any 651 provision of this chapter that relates to the seizure, impoundment and custody of animals by an animal control officer may be subject to suspension or dismissal from his position. 652

653 D. Custodians and animal control officers engaged in the operation of a pound public animal shelter 654 shall be required to have knowledge of the laws of the Commonwealth governing animals, including this 655 chapter, as well as basic animal care.

656 § 18.2-144.2. Prohibition against making a false representation of ownership of an animal to a 657 public or private animal shelter; penalty.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to deliver or release any animal not owned by that person to a 658 659 pound, public or private animal shelter or humane society, as these terms are defined in § 3.2-6500, or to any other similar facility for animals, or any agent thereof, and to falsely represent to such facility or 660 661 agent that such person is the owner of the animal.

B. A violation of subsection A shall be punished as is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

663 C. No pound, public or private animal shelter, humane society or other similar facility for animals, 664 or the directors or employees of any such business or facility, shall, in the absence of gross negligence, 665 be civilly liable for accepting and disposing of any animal in good faith from a person who falsely 666 claims to be the owner of the animal.

§ 54.1-3423. Board to issue registration unless inconsistent with public interest; authorization to 667 **668** conduct research; application and fees.

669 A. The Board shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances included in Schedules I through V unless it determines that the issuance of that registration would be inconsistent 670 671 with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the Board shall consider the following 672 factors:

673 1. Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of controlled substances into other than 674 legitimate medical, scientific, or industrial channels;

675 2. Compliance with applicable state and local law;

676 3. Any convictions of the applicant under any federal and state laws relating to any controlled 677 substance;

678 4. Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in 679 the applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion;

680 5. Furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in any application filed under this 681 chapter;

6. Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or **682** 683 dispense controlled substances as authorized by federal law; and **684**

7. Any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

B. Registration under subsection A does not entitle a registrant to manufacture and distribute **685 686** controlled substances in Schedule I or II other than those specified in the registration.

687 C. Practitioners must be registered to conduct research with controlled substances in Schedules II through VI. Practitioners registered under federal law to conduct research with Schedule I substances 688 689 may conduct research with Schedule I substances within this Commonwealth upon furnishing the 690 evidence of that federal registration.

D. The Board may register other persons or entities to possess controlled substances listed on 691 692 Schedules II through VI upon a determination that (i) there is a documented need, (ii) the issuance of 693 the registration is consistent with the public interest, (iii) the possession and subsequent use of the 694 controlled substances complies with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and (iv) the subsequent storage, use, and recordkeeping of the controlled substances will be under the general 695 supervision of a licensed pharmacist, practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry or veterinary medicine as specified in the Board's regulations. The Board shall consider, at a minimum, the 696 697 698 factors listed in subsection A of this section in determining whether the registration shall be issued. 699 Notwithstanding the exceptions listed in § 54.1-3422 A, the Board may mandate a controlled substances 700 registration for sites maintaining certain types and quantities of Schedules II through VI controlled 701 substances as it may specify in its regulations. The Board shall promulgate regulations related to 702 requirements or criteria for the issuance of such controlled substances registration, storage, security, 703 supervision, and recordkeeping.

704 E. The Board may register an *a public or private* animal shelter or pound as defined in § 3.2-6500 to 705 purchase, possess, and administer certain Schedule II-VI controlled substances approved by the State 706 Veterinarian for the purpose of euthanizing injured, sick, homeless, and unwanted domestic pets and 707 animals; and to purchase, possess, and administer certain Schedule VI controlled substances for the 708 purpose of preventing, controlling, and treating certain communicable diseases that failure to control would result in transmission to the animal population in the shelter or pound. The drugs used for 709 euthanasia shall be administered only in accordance with protocols established by the State Veterinarian 710 and only by persons trained in accordance with instructions by the State Veterinarian. The list of 711 712 Schedule VI drugs used for treatment and prevention of communicable diseases within the animal shelter 713 or pound shall be determined by the supervising veterinarian of the shelter or pound and the drugs shall be administered only pursuant to written protocols established or approved by the supervising 714 veterinarian of the shelter or pound and only by persons who have been trained in accordance with 715 716 instructions established or approved by the supervising veterinarian. The shelter or pound shall maintain a copy of the approved list of drugs, written protocols for administering, and training records of those 717 persons administering drugs on the premises of the shelter or pound. 718

719 F. The Board may register a crisis stabilization unit established pursuant to § 37.2-500 or 37.2-601 and licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to maintain a stock of 720 Schedule VI controlled substances necessary for immediate treatment of patients admitted to the crisis 721 722 stabilization unit, which may be accessed and administered by a nurse pursuant to a written or oral order of a prescriber in the absence of a prescriber. Schedule II through Schedule V controlled substances 723 724 shall only be maintained if so authorized by federal law and Board regulations.

725 G. Applications for controlled substances registration certificates and renewals thereof shall be made 726 on a form prescribed by the Board and such applications shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount to 727 be determined by the Board.

728 H. Upon (i) any change in ownership or control of a business, (ii) any change of location of the 729 controlled substances stock, (iii) the termination of authority by or of the person named as the 730 responsible party on a controlled substances registration, or (iv) a change in the supervising practitioner, if applicable, the registrant or responsible party shall immediately surrender the registration. The 731 registrant shall, within fourteen 14 days following surrender of a registration, file a new application and, 732 733 if applicable, name the new responsible party or supervising practitioner.

734 § 54.1-3801. Exceptions.

735 This chapter shall not apply to:

13 of 13

736 1. The owner of an animal and the owner's full-time, regular employee caring for and treating the
737 animal belonging to such owner, except where the ownership of the animal was transferred for the
738 purpose of circumventing the requirements of this chapter;

739 2. Veterinarians licensed in other states called in actual consultation or to attend a case in this740 Commonwealth who do not open an office or appoint a place to practice within this Commonwealth;

741 3. Veterinarians employed by the United States or by this Commonwealth while actually engaged in742 the performance of their official duties;

743 4. Veterinarians providing free care in underserved areas of Virginia who (i) do not regularly practice 744 veterinary medicine in Virginia, (ii) hold a current valid license or certificate to practice veterinary 745 medicine in another state, territory, district or possession of the United States, (iii) volunteer to provide 746 free care in an underserved area of this Commonwealth under the auspices of a publicly supported all 747 volunteer, nonprofit organization that sponsors the provision of health care to populations of underserved 748 people, (iv) file copies of their licenses or certificates issued in such other jurisdiction with the Board, 749 (v) notify the Board at least five business days prior to the voluntary provision of services of the dates 750 and location of such service, and (vi) acknowledge, in writing, that such licensure exemption shall only 751 be valid, in compliance with the Board's regulations, during the limited period that such free health care is made available through the volunteer, nonprofit organization on the dates and at the location filed 752 753 with the Board. The Board may deny the right to practice in Virginia to any veterinarian whose license 754 has been previously suspended or revoked, who has been convicted of a felony or who is otherwise 755 found to be in violation of applicable laws or regulations. However, the Board shall allow a veterinarian 756 who meets the above criteria to provide volunteer services without prior notice for a period of up to 757 three days, provided the nonprofit organization verifies that the practitioner has a valid, unrestricted 758 license in another state; or

759 5. Persons purchasing, possessing, and administering drugs in an animala public or private shelter or **760** pound as defined in § 3.2-6500, provided that such purchase, possession, and administration is in **761** compliance with § 54.1 3423

761 compliance with § 54.1-3423.