INTRODUCED

SB1309

13103828D **SENATE BILL NO. 1309** 1 Offered January 17, 2013 2 3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-1105, 3.2-3602.1, 10.1-104.4, 10.1-104.5, 10.1-505, 10.1-546.1, 4 62.1-44.15, and 62.1-44.19:3 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding 5 sections numbered 10.1-546.2 and 10.1-546.3; and to repeal §§ 10.1-104.2 and 10.1-104.2:1 of the 6 Code of Virginia, relating to powers and duties of the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board. 7 Patron-Hanger 8 9 Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11 That §§ 2.2-1105, 3.2-3602.1, 10.1-104.4, 10.1-104.5, 10.1-505, 10.1-546.1, 62.1-44.15, and 12 1. 62.1-44.19:3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is 13 14 amended by adding sections numbered 10.1-546.2 and 10.1-546.3 as follows: 15 § 2.2-1105. Environmental laboratory certification program. 16 A. The Division shall by regulation establish a program for the certification of laboratories conducting any tests, analyses, measurements, or monitoring required pursuant to Chapter 13 17 (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.) of Title 10.1, the Virginia Waste Management Act (§ 10.1-1400 et seq.), or the 18 State Water Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.). The program shall include, but need not be limited to, 19 minimum criteria for (i) laboratory procedures, (ii) performance evaluations, (iii) supervisory and personnel requirements, (iv) facilities and equipment, (v) analytical quality control and quality assurance, 20 21 22 (vi) certificate issuance and maintenance, (vii) recertification and decertification, and (viii) granting 23 partial and full exemptions from the program based on compliance and performance. The regulations 24 shall be promulgated only after adoption of national accreditation standards by the National 25 Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference sponsored by the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The purpose of the program shall be to ensure that laboratories provide accurate and 26 27 consistent tests, analyses, measurements and monitoring so that the goals and requirements of Chapter 28 13 of Title 10.1, the Virginia Waste Management Act, and the State Water Control Law may be met. 29 B. Once the certification program has been established, laboratory certification shall be required 30 before any tests, analyses, measurements or monitoring performed by a laboratory after the effective date of such program may be used for the purposes of Chapter 13 (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.) of Title 10.1, the 31 Virginia Waste Management Act, and the State Water Control Law. 32 33 C. The Division shall by regulation establish a fee system to offset the costs of the certification program. The regulations shall establish fee categories based upon the types of substances for which 34 35 tests, analyses, measurements or monitoring are performed. The fees shall be used solely for offsetting 36 the costs of the laboratory certification program. 37 D. The Division shall develop procedures for determining the qualifications of laboratories located in 38 jurisdictions outside of Virginia to conduct tests, analyses, measurements or monitoring for use in 39 Virginia. Laboratories located outside of Virginia that are certified or accredited under a program 40 determined by the Division to be equivalent to the program established under this section shall be 41 deemed to meet the certification requirements. E. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, laboratories found to be falsifying any data or 42 43 providing false information to support certification shall be decertified or denied certification. F. Any laboratory subject to this section may petition the Director of the Division for a reasonable 44 45 variance from the requirements of the regulations promulgated under this section. The Division may 46 grant a reasonable variance if the petitioner demonstrates to the Director's satisfaction that (i) the proposed variance will meet the goals and purposes of the provisions of this section or regulation 47 promulgated under this section, and (ii) the variance does not conflict with federal or state law or 48 49 regulations. Any petition submitted to the Director is subject to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 50 51 G. The provisions of this section shall not apply to laboratories when performing tests, analyses, 52 measurements, or monitoring, using protocols pursuant to $\frac{10.1-104.2}{5}$ § 10.1-546.2 to determine soil 53 fertility, animal manure nutrient content, or plant tissue nutrient uptake for the purposes of nutrient 54 management. § 3.2-3602.1. Board authorized to adopt regulations for the application of regulated products to 55 56 nonagricultural property; civil penalty. 57

57 A. The Board shall adopt regulations to certify the competence of (i) contractor-applicators, (ii) 58 licensees, and (iii) employees, representatives, or agents of state agencies, localities, or other 59 governmental entities who apply any regulated product to nonagricultural lands.

60 B. The regulations shall establish (i) training requirements; (ii) proper nutrient management practices in accordance with § 10.1-104.2 § 10.1-546.2, including soil analysis techniques, equipment calibration, 61 62 and the timing of the application; and (iii) reporting requirements, including the submission of an annual 63 report as specified by the Commissioner regarding the location of lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance 64 fertilizer applications. Contractor-applicators and licensees who apply lawn fertilizer and lawn 65 maintenance fertilizer to more than a total of 100 acres of nonagricultural lands annually and employees, representatives, or agents of state agencies, localities, or other governmental entities who apply lawn 66 fertilizer and lawn maintenance fertilizer to nonagricultural lands shall submit an annual report on or 67 before February 1 and on a form prescribed by the Commissioner. The annual report shall include the 68 total acreage or square footage by zip code of the land receiving lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance 69 fertilizer in the preceding calendar year. The Department shall provide for optional reporting by 70 71 electronic methods. The Department shall make publicly available every year the total acreage or square footage by zip code. Any personal information collected pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), except that the Commissioner may 72 73 74 release information that has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow identification of the persons who supplied, or are the subject of, particular information. 75

C. The Board may impose a civil penalty of up to \$250 on any contractor-applicator or licensee who 76 77 fails to comply with the regulations. The amount of the civil penalty shall be paid into the special fund 78 established in § 3.2-3617.

79 D. The Board shall form a technical advisory committee of stakeholders. The Board shall consult 80 with the technical advisory committee of stakeholders and the Department of Conservation and 81 Recreation in the development of the regulations.

E. Any person who is subject to regulation and who applies any regulated product to nonagricultural 82 83 lands shall comply with the regulations within 12 months of the effective date of the regulations.

84 F. Contractor-applicators and licensees in compliance with regulations adopted by the Board pursuant 85 to this section shall not be subject to local ordinances governing the use or application of lawn fertilizer 86 and lawn maintenance fertilizer. 87

§ 10.1-104.4. Nutrient management plans required for state lands; review of plans.

88 A. On or before July 1, 2006, all state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state 89 governmental entities that own land upon which fertilizer, manure, sewage sludge or other compounds 90 containing nitrogen or phosphorus are applied to support agricultural, turf, plant growth, or other uses 91 shall develop and implement a nutrient management plan for such land. The plan shall be in 92 conformance with the following nutrient management requirements:

93 1. For all state-owned agricultural and forestal lands where nutrient applications occur, state agencies, 94 state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall submit site-specific individual 95 nutrient management plans prepared by a certified nutrient management planner pursuant to § 10.1-104.2 § 10.1-546.2 and regulations promulgated thereunder. However, where state agencies are conducting 96 97 research involving nutrient application rate and timing on state-owned agricultural and forestal lands, 98 such lands shall be exempt from the application rate and timing provisions contained in the regulations 99 developed pursuant to $\frac{10.1-104.2}{10.1-546.2}$

100 2. For all state-owned lands other than agricultural and forestal lands where nutrient applications 101 occur, state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall submit nutrient management plans prepared by a certified nutrient management planner pursuant to § 10.1-104.2 102 103 and regulations promulgated thereunder or planning standards and specifications acceptable to the 104 Department.

105 B. Plans or planning standards and specifications submitted under subdivisions A 1 and A 2 shall be reviewed and approved by the Department. Such approved plans and planning standards and 106 107 specifications shall be in effect for a maximum of three years, and shall be revised and submitted for 108 approval to the Department at least once every three years thereafter.

109 C. State agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall maintain 110 and properly implement any such nutrient management plan or planning standards or specifications on 111 all areas where nutrients are applied.

D. The Department may (i) provide technical assistance and training on the development and 112 113 implementation of a nutrient management plan, (ii) conduct periodic reviews as part of its responsibilities authorized under this section, and (iii) assess an administrative charge to cover a portion 114 115 of the costs for services associated with its responsibilities authorized under this section.

116 E. The Department shall develop written procedures for the development, submission, and the 117 implementation of a nutrient management plan or planning standards and specifications that shall be provided to all state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities that 118 119 own land upon which nutrients are applied.

120 § 10.1-104.5. Nutrient management plans required for golf courses; penalty.

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A. On or before July 1, 2017, all persons that own land operated as a golf course and upon which fertilizer, manure, sewage sludge, or other compounds containing nitrogen or phosphorous are applied to support turf, plant growth, or other uses shall develop and implement nutrient management plans for such land in accordance with the regulations adopted pursuant to $\frac{10.1-104.2}{10.1-546.2}$. However, such lands shall be exempt from the application rate and timing provisions contained in any regulations developed pursuant to $\frac{10.1-104.2}{10.1-104.2}$ if research involving nutrient application rate and timing is conducted on such lands.

B. Nutrient management plans developed pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the
Department. The Department shall approve or contingently approve such nutrient management plans
within 30 days of submission. Such nutrient management plans shall be revised and resubmitted for
approval to the Department every five years thereafter or upon a major renovation or redesign of the
golf course lands, whichever occurs sooner.

C. Golf courses shall maintain and properly implement approved nutrient management plans,planning standards, and specifications on all areas where nutrients are applied.

D. Nutrient management plans shall be made available to the Department upon request.

E. The Department shall (i) provide technical assistance and training on the development and implementation of nutrient management plans, planning standards, and specifications and (ii) establish, prior to July 1, 2015, a cost-share program specific to golf courses for implementation of this section.

F. Any information collected pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the Virginia Freedom of
 Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

G. A golf course owner found to be in violation of this section after July 1, 2017, shall be given 90 days to submit a nutrient management plan to the Department for approval before a \$250 civil penalty is imposed. All civil penalties imposed under this section shall be deposited in the Nutrient Management Training and Certification Fund (§ 10.1-104.2 10.1-546.2).

145 H. Golf courses in compliance with this section shall not be subject to local ordinances governing the 146 use or application of fertilizer.

§ 10.1-505. Duties of Board.

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148 In addition to other duties and powers conferred upon the Board, it shall have the following duties149 and powers:

150 1. To give or loan appropriate financial and other assistance to district directors in carrying out any 151 of their powers and programs.

152 2. To keep district directors informed of the activities and experience of all other districts, and to153 facilitate an interchange of advice and experience between the districts.

154 3. To coordinate oversee the programs of the districts so far as this may be done by advice and 155 consultation.

4. To secure the cooperation and assistance of the United States and any of its agencies, and ofagencies of the Commonwealth, in the work of the districts.

158 5. To disseminate information throughout the Commonwealth concerning the activities and programs159 of the districts, and to encourage the formation of such districts in areas where their organization is160 desirable.

161 6. To assist persons, associations, and corporations engaged in furthering the programs of the
162 districts; to encourage and assist in the establishment and operation of such associations and
163 corporations, and to authorize financial assistance to the officers and members of such associations and
164 corporations in the discharge of their duties.

7. To receive, review, approve or disapprove applications for assistance in planning and carrying out
works of improvement under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (Public Law 566 83rd Congress, as amended), and to receive, review and approve or disapprove applications for any
other similar soil and water conservation programs provided in federal laws which by their terms or by
related executive orders require such action by a state agency.

8. To advise and recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of all work plans developed
under Public Law 83-566 and Public Law 78-535 and to advise and recommend to the Governor
approval or disapproval of other similar soil and water conservation programs provided in federal laws
which by their terms or by related executive orders require approval or comment by the Governor.

9. To provide for the conservation of soil and water resources, control and prevention of soil erosion,flood water and sediment damages thereby preserving the natural resources of the Commonwealth.

176 10. To provide from such funds appropriated for soil and water conservation districts, financial
177 assistance for the administrative, operational and technical support of soil and water conservation
178 districts.

179 § 10.1-546.1. Delivery of Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share Program.

180 Districts shall locally deliver the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share 181 Program described under § 10.1-2128.1, under the direction of the Department Board, as a means of 182 promoting voluntary adoption of conservation management practices by farmers and land managers in 183 support of the Department's nonpoint source pollution management program.

184 § 10.1-546.2. Voluntary nutrient management training and certification program.

185 A. The Board shall operate a voluntary nutrient management training and certification program to 186 certify the competence of persons preparing nutrient management plans for the purpose of (i) assisting 187 landowners and operators in the management of land application of fertilizers, municipal sewage 188 sludges, animal manures, and other nutrient sources for agronomic benefits and for the protection of the 189 Commonwealth's ground and surface waters and (ii) assisting owners and operators of agricultural land 190 and turf to achieve economic benefits from the effective management and application of nutrients.

191 B. The Board shall develop a flexible, tiered, Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Program to assist 192 owners and operators of agricultural land and turf in (i) preparing nutrient management plans for their 193 own property that meet the nutrient management specifications developed by the Board and (ii) 194 achieving economic benefits for owners and operators as a result of effective nutrient management. The 195 Board shall convene a stakeholder group composed of individuals representing agricultural and environmental organizations to assist in the development of this Program. Individuals representing the 196 197 agricultural stakeholders shall include both farmers who currently operate farms and agribusiness 198 representatives who serve the farming community. Individuals representing environmental stakeholders 199 shall include at least two members and a staff member of the Virginia Delegation to the Chesapeake 200 Bay Commission and one representative from the Rappahannock River Basin Commission. The Program 201 shall: (a) allow owners and operators of agricultural lands and turf who are not required to have a 202 certified nutrient management plan to prepare their own nutrient management plans; (b) include a tiered 203 approach for lands of different sizes, agricultural production, and nutrient applications; (c) consider 204 similar online programs in other states or sponsored by universities; (d) address how the nutrient management plans can be verified and receive credit in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model for 205 206 properties in the Chesapeake Bay watershed; (e) begin testing the software for the Program by July 1, 207 2013, and begin full implementation by July 1, 2014; and (f) include any other issues related to 208 developing a flexible, tiered, Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Program for owners and operators of 209 agricultural lands and turf.

210 C. Any personal or proprietary information collected pursuant to subsection B shall be exempt from 211 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), except that the Board may release 212 information that has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow 213 identification of the persons who supplied, or are the subject of, particular information. This subsection 214 shall not preclude the application of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act in all other instances of 215 federal or state regulatory actions. 216

D. The Board shall adopt regulations:

1. Specifying qualifications and standards for individuals to be deemed competent in nutrient 217 218 management plan preparation, and providing for the issuance of documentation of certification to such 219 individuals;

220 2. Specifying conditions under which a certificate issued to an individual may be suspended or 221 revoked;

222 3. Providing for criteria relating to the development of nutrient management plans for various 223 agricultural and urban agronomic practices, including protocols for use by laboratories in determining 224 soil fertility, animal manure nutrient content, or plant tissue nutrient uptake for the purpose of nutrient 225 management; 226

4. Establishing fees to be paid by individuals enrolling in the training and certification programs;

227 5. Providing for the performance of other duties and the exercise of other powers as may be 228 necessary to provide for the training and certification of individuals preparing nutrient management 229 plans; and 230

6. Giving due consideration to relevant existing agricultural certification programs.

231 E. There is hereby established a special, nonreverting fund in the state treasury to be known as the Nutrient Management Training and Certification Fund. The Fund shall consist of all fees collected by 232 233 the Board pursuant to subsection D. No part of the Fund, either principal or interest, shall revert to the 234 general fund. The Fund shall be administered by the Board and shall be used solely for the payment of 235 expenses of operating the nutrient management training and certification program.

236 F. For the purposes of this section, the term "turf" shall have the same meaning as defined in § 237 3.2-3600. 238

§ 10.1-546.3. Nitrogen application rates; regulations.

239 A. The Board shall adopt regulations that amend the application rates in the Virginia Nutrient Management Standards and Criteria by incorporating into such regulations the recommended 240 application rates for nitrogen in lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance fertilizer and the recommended application rates for "slow or controlled release fertilizer" and "enhanced efficiency lawn fertilizer," as 241 242 such terms are defined and adopted or proposed for adoption by the American Association of Plant 243

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244 Food Control Officials, as described in the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services'

245 December 2011 "Report on the Use of Slowly Available Nitrogen in Lawn Fertilizer and Lawn **246** Maintenance Fertilizer."

247 B. Such regulations shall follow a fast-track regulatory process established pursuant to § 2.2-4012.1
248 of the Administrative Process Act and shall be adopted no later than July 1, 2014.

249 § 62.1-44.15. Powers and duties; civil penalties.

250 It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority:

251 (1) [Repealed.]

(2) To study and investigate all problems concerned with the quality of state waters and to makereports and recommendations.

(2a) To study and investigate methods, procedures, devices, appliances, and technologies that couldassist in water conservation or water consumption reduction.

(2b) To coordinate its efforts toward water conservation with other persons or groups, within orwithout the Commonwealth.

(2c) To make reports concerning, and formulate recommendations based upon, any such water
 conservation studies to ensure that present and future water needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth
 are met.

261 (3a) To establish such standards of quality and policies for any state waters consistent with the 262 general policy set forth in this chapter, and to modify, amend or cancel any such standards or policies 263 established and to take all appropriate steps to prevent quality alteration contrary to the public interest or 264 to standards or policies thus established, except that a description of provisions of any proposed standard 265 or policy adopted by regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together 266 with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the 267 268 standard or policy are most properly referable. The Board shall, from time to time, but at least once 269 every three years, hold public hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4007.01 but, upon the request of an affected 270 person or upon its own motion, hold hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4009, for the purpose of reviewing the 271 standards of quality, and, as appropriate, adopting, modifying, or canceling such standards. Whenever 272 the Board considers the adoption, modification, amendment or cancellation of any standard, it shall give 273 due consideration to, among other factors, the economic and social costs and benefits which can 274 reasonably be expected to obtain as a consequence of the standards as adopted, modified, amended or 275 cancelled. The Board shall also give due consideration to the public health standards issued by the 276 Virginia Department of Health with respect to issues of public health policy and protection. If the Board 277 does not follow the public health standards of the Virginia Department of Health, the Board's reason for 278 any deviation shall be made in writing and published for any and all concerned parties.

(3b) Except as provided in subdivision (3a), such standards and policies are to be adopted or modified, amended or cancelled in the manner provided by the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

(4) To conduct or have conducted scientific experiments, investigations, studies, and research to
discover methods for maintaining water quality consistent with the purposes of this chapter. To this end
the Board may cooperate with any public or private agency in the conduct of such experiments,
investigations and research and may receive in behalf of the Commonwealth any moneys that any such
agency may contribute as its share of the cost under any such cooperative agreement. Such moneys shall
be used only for the purposes for which they are contributed and any balance remaining after the
conclusion of the experiments, investigations, studies, and research, shall be returned to the contributors.

289 (5) To issue, revoke or amend certificates under prescribed conditions for: (a) the discharge of 290 sewage, industrial wastes and other wastes into or adjacent to state waters; (b) the alteration otherwise of 291 the physical, chemical or biological properties of state waters; (c) excavation in a wetland; or (d) on and 292 after October 1, 2001, the conduct of the following activities in a wetland: (i) new activities to cause 293 draining that significantly alters or degrades existing wetland acreage or functions, (ii) filling or 294 dumping, (iii) permanent flooding or impounding, or (iv) new activities that cause significant alteration 295 or degradation of existing wetland acreage or functions. However, to the extent allowed by federal law, 296 any person holding a certificate issued by the Board that is intending to upgrade the permitted facility 297 by installing technology, control equipment, or other apparatus that the permittee demonstrates to the 298 satisfaction of the Director will result in improved energy efficiency, reduction in the amount of 299 nutrients discharged, and improved water quality shall not be required to obtain a new, modified, or 300 amended permit. The permit holder shall provide the demonstration anticipated by this subdivision to the 301 Department no later than 30 days prior to commencing construction.

302 (5a) All certificates issued by the Board under this chapter shall have fixed terms. The term of a
 303 Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit shall not exceed five years. The term of a
 304 Virginia Water Protection Permit shall be based upon the projected duration of the project, the length of

305 any required monitoring, or other project operations or permit conditions; however, the term shall not 306 exceed 15 years. The term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit shall not exceed 10 years, except 307 that the term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit for confined animal feeding operations shall be 308 10 years. The Department of Environmental Quality shall inspect all facilities for which a Virginia 309 Pollution Abatement permit has been issued to ensure compliance with statutory, regulatory, and permit 310 requirements. Department personnel performing inspections of confined animal feeding operations shall 311 be certified under the voluntary nutrient management training and certification program established in <u>§ 10.1-104.2</u> § 10.1-546.2. The term of a certificate issued by the Board shall not be extended by 312 313 modification beyond the maximum duration and the certificate shall expire at the end of the term unless 314 an application for a new permit has been timely filed as required by the regulations of the Board and 315 the Board is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue a new permit before the expiration date 316 of the previous permit.

(5b) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter may, after notice and opportunity for a
hearing, be amended or revoked on any of the following grounds or for good cause as may be provided
by the regulations of the Board:

320 1. The owner has violated any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate, any 321 provision of this chapter, or any order of a court, where such violation results in a release of harmful 322 substances into the environment or poses a substantial threat of release of harmful substances into the 323 environment or presents a hazard to human health or the violation is representative of a pattern of 324 serious or repeated violations which, in the opinion of the Board, demonstrates the owner's disregard for 325 or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, or requirements;

326 2. The owner has failed to disclose fully all relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material
 327 fact in applying for a certificate, or in any other report or document required under this law or under the
 328 regulations of the Board;

329 3. The activity for which the certificate was issued endangers human health or the environment and330 can be regulated to acceptable levels by amendment or revocation of the certificate; or

4. There exists a material change in the basis on which the permit was issued that requires either a
 temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge controlled by the certificate
 necessary to protect human health or the environment.

334 (5c) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter relating to dredging projects governed 335 under Chapter 12 (§ 28.2-1200 et seq.) or Chapter 13 (§ 28.2-1300 et seq.) of Title 28.2 may be 336 conditioned upon a demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 337 mitigation requirements. Financial responsibility may be demonstrated by a letter of credit, a certificate 338 of deposit or a performance bond executed in a form approved by the Board. If the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers requires demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 339 mitigation required for a particular project, then the mechanism and amount approved by the U.S. Army 340 341 Corps of Engineers shall be used to meet this requirement.

342 (6) To make investigations and inspections, to ensure compliance with any certificates, standards, 343 policies, rules, regulations, rulings and special orders which it may adopt, issue or establish and to 344 furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such compliance. In 345 recognition of §§ 32.1-164 and 62.1-44.18, the Board and the State Department of Health shall enter into 346 a memorandum of understanding establishing a common format to consolidate and simplify inspections 347 of sewage treatment plants and coordinate the scheduling of the inspections. The new format shall 348 ensure that all sewage treatment plants are inspected at appropriate intervals in order to protect water 349 quality and public health and at the same time avoid any unnecessary administrative burden on those 350 being inspected.

(7) To adopt rules governing the procedure of the Board with respect to: (a) hearings; (b) the filing
of reports; (c) the issuance of certificates and special orders; and (d) all other matters relating to
procedure; and to amend or cancel any rule adopted. Public notice of every rule adopted under this
section shall be by such means as the Board may prescribe.

355 (8a) To issue special orders to owners (i) who are permitting or causing the pollution, as defined by 356 § 62.1-44.3, of state waters to cease and desist from such pollution, (ii) who have failed to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such facilities in 357 358 accordance with final approved plans and specifications, (iii) who have violated the terms and provisions 359 of a certificate issued by the Board to comply with such terms and provisions, (iv) who have failed to 360 comply with a directive from the Board to comply with such directive, (v) who have contravened duly adopted and promulgated water quality standards and policies to cease and desist from such 361 contravention and to comply with such water quality standards and policies, (vi) who have violated the 362 363 terms and provisions of a pretreatment permit issued by the Board or by the owner of a publicly owned 364 treatment works to comply with such terms and provisions or (vii) who have contravened any applicable pretreatment standard or requirement to comply with such standard or requirement; and also to issue 365 366 such orders to require any owner to comply with the provisions of this chapter and any decision of the

367 Board. Orders issued pursuant to this subsection may include civil penalties of up to \$32,500 per 368 violation, not to exceed \$100,000 per order. The Board may assess penalties under this subsection if (a) 369 the person has been issued at least two written notices of alleged violation by the Department for the 370 same or substantially related violations at the same site, (b) such violations have not been resolved by 371 demonstration that there was no violation, by an order issued by the Board or the Director, or by other 372 means, (c) at least 130 days have passed since the issuance of the first notice of alleged violation, and 373 (d) there is a finding that such violations have occurred after a hearing conducted in accordance with 374 subdivision (8b). The actual amount of any penalty assessed shall be based upon the severity of the 375 violations, the extent of any potential or actual environmental harm, the compliance history of the 376 facility or person, any economic benefit realized from the noncompliance, and the ability of the person 377 to pay the penalty. The Board shall provide the person with the calculation for the proposed penalty 378 prior to any hearing conducted for the issuance of an order that assesses penalties pursuant to this 379 subsection. The issuance of a notice of alleged violation by the Department shall not be considered a 380 case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Any notice of alleged violation shall include a description of 381 each violation, the specific provision of law violated, and information on the process for obtaining a 382 final decision or fact finding from the Department on whether or not a violation has occurred, and 383 nothing in this section shall preclude an owner from seeking such a determination. Such civil penalties 384 shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental 385 Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), except that civil penalties assessed for violations of 386 Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or Article 11 (§ 62.1-44.34:14 et seq.) shall be paid into the Virginia 387 Petroleum Storage Tank Fund in accordance with § 62.1-44.34:11.

388 (8b) Such special orders are to be issued only after a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by 389 the Supreme Court in accordance with § 2.2-4020 or, if requested by the person, before a quorum of 390 the Board with at least 30 days' notice to the affected owners, of the time, place and purpose thereof, 391 and they shall become effective not less than 15 days after service as provided in § 62.1-44.12; provided 392 that if the Board finds that any such owner is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and substantial 393 danger to (i) the public health, safety or welfare, or the health of animals, fish or aquatic life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural or other reasonable uses, it 394 395 may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order directing the owner to cease 396 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable 397 notice as to the time and place thereof to the owner, to affirm, modify, amend or cancel such emergency 398 special order. If an owner who has been issued such a special order or an emergency special order is not 399 complying with the terms thereof, the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.23, and where 400 the order is based on a finding of an imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction 401 compelling compliance with the emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires cessation of a discharge, the Board shall provide an opportunity for a 402 403 hearing within 48 hours of the issuance of the injunction.

404 (8c) The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under
405 § 62.1-44.32 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this chapter or any regulation duly
406 promulgated hereunder.

407 (8d) With the consent of any owner who has violated or failed, neglected or refused to obey any 408 regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a permit or any provision of this chapter, the Board 409 may provide, in an order issued by the Board against such person, for the payment of civil charges for 410 past violations in specific sums not to exceed the limit specified in § 62.1-44.32 (a). Such civil charges 411 shall be instead of any appropriate civil penalty which could be imposed under § 62.1-44.32 (a) and 412 shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state 413 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response 414 Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), excluding civil charges assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et 415 seq.) or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1, or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or 416 term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles.

417 The amendments to this section adopted by the 1976 Session of the General Assembly shall not be
418 construed as limiting or expanding any cause of action or any other remedy possessed by the Board
419 prior to the effective date of said amendments.

(8e) The Board shall develop and provide an opportunity for public comment on guidelines and procedures that contain specific criteria for calculating the appropriate penalty for each violation based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty.

425 (8f) Before issuing a special order under subdivision (8a) or by consent under (8d), with or without
426 an assessment of a civil penalty, to an owner of a sewerage system requiring corrective action to prevent
427 or minimize overflows of sewage from such system, the Board shall provide public notice of and

428 reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed order. Any such order under subdivision (8d) may 429 impose civil penalties in amounts up to the maximum amount authorized in § 309(g) of the Clean Water 430 Act. Any person who comments on the proposed order shall be given notice of any hearing to be held 431 on the terms of the order. In any hearing held, such person shall have a reasonable opportunity to be 432 heard and to present evidence. If no hearing is held before issuance of an order under subdivision (8d), 433 any person who commented on the proposed order may file a petition, within 30 days after the issuance 434 of such order, requesting the Board to set aside such order and provide a formal hearing thereon. If the 435 evidence presented by the petitioner in support of the petition is material and was not considered in the 436 issuance of the order, the Board shall immediately set aside the order, provide a formal hearing, and 437 make such petitioner a party. If the Board denies the petition, the Board shall provide notice to the petitioner and make available to the public the reasons for such denial, and the petitioner shall have the 438 439 right to judicial review of such decision under § 62.1-44.29 if he meets the requirements thereof.

440 (9) To make such rulings under §§ 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17 and 62.1-44.19 as may be required upon 441 requests or applications to the Board, the owner or owners affected to be notified by certified mail as 442 soon as practicable after the Board makes them and such rulings to become effective upon such 443 notification.

444 (10) To adopt such regulations as it deems necessary to enforce the general water quality 445 management program of the Board in all or part of the Commonwealth, except that a description of 446 provisions of any proposed regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, 447 together with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the 448 standing committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of 449 the regulation are most properly referable. 450

(11) To investigate any large-scale killing of fish.

(a) Whenever the Board shall determine that any owner, whether or not he shall have been issued a 451 452 certificate for discharge of waste, has discharged sewage, industrial waste, or other waste into state 453 waters in such quantity, concentration or manner that fish are killed as a result thereof, it may effect 454 such settlement with the owner as will cover the costs incurred by the Board and by the Department of 455 Game and Inland Fisheries in investigating such killing of fish, plus the replacement value of the fish destroyed, or as it deems proper, and if no such settlement is reached within a reasonable time, the 456 457 Board shall authorize its executive secretary to bring a civil action in the name of the Board to recover 458 from the owner such costs and value, plus any court or other legal costs incurred in connection with 459 such action.

460 (b) If the owner is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, the action may be brought in any 461 circuit court within the territory embraced by such political subdivision. If the owner is an establishment, as defined in this chapter, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or the 462 463 circuit court of the county in which such establishment is located. If the owner is an individual or group 464 of individuals, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or circuit court of the county in 465 which such person or any of them reside.

(c) For the purposes of this subsection the State Water Control Board shall be deemed the owner of 466 the fish killed and the proceedings shall be as though the State Water Control Board were the owner of 467 468 the fish. The fact that the owner has or held a certificate issued under this chapter shall not be raised as 469 a defense in bar to any such action.

470 (d) The proceeds of any recovery had under this subsection shall, when received by the Board, be 471 applied, first, to reimburse the Board for any expenses incurred in investigating such killing of fish. The 472 balance shall be paid to the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries to be used for the fisheries' 473 management practices as in its judgment will best restore or replace the fisheries' values lost as a result 474 of such discharge of waste, including, where appropriate, replacement of the fish killed with game fish 475 or other appropriate species. Any such funds received are hereby appropriated for that purpose.

476 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any way to limit or prevent any other action 477 which is now authorized by law by the Board against any owner.

478 (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any owner who 479 adds or applies any chemicals or other substances that are recommended or approved by the State 480 Department of Health to state waters in the course of processing or treating such waters for public water 481 supply purposes, except where negligence is shown.

482 (12) To administer programs of financial assistance for planning, construction, operation, and 483 maintenance of water quality control facilities for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth.

484 (13) To establish policies and programs for effective area-wide or basin-wide water quality control 485 and management. The Board may develop comprehensive pollution abatement and water quality control 486 plans on an area-wide or basin-wide basis. In conjunction with this, the Board, when considering proposals for waste treatment facilities, is to consider the feasibility of combined or joint treatment 487 488 facilities and is to ensure that the approval of waste treatment facilities is in accordance with the water 489 quality management and pollution control plan in the watershed or basin as a whole. In making such

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490 determinations, the Board is to seek the advice of local, regional, or state planning authorities.

491 (14) To establish requirements for the treatment of sewage, industrial wastes and other wastes that 492 are consistent with the purposes of this chapter; however, no treatment shall be less than secondary or 493 its equivalent, unless the owner can demonstrate that a lesser degree of treatment is consistent with the 494 purposes of this chapter.

495 (15) To promote and establish requirements for the reclamation and reuse of wastewater that are 496 protective of state waters and public health as an alternative to directly discharging pollutants into waters 497 of the state. The requirements shall address various potential categories of reuse and may include 498 general permits and provide for greater flexibility and less stringent requirements commensurate with the 499 quality of the reclaimed water and its intended use. The requirements shall be developed in consultation 500 with the Department of Health and other appropriate state agencies. This authority shall not be construed 501 as conferring upon the Board any power or duty duplicative of those of the State Board of Health.

502 (16) To establish and implement policies and programs to protect and enhance the Commonwealth's 503 wetland resources. Regulatory programs shall be designed to achieve no net loss of existing wetland acreage and functions. Voluntary and incentive-based programs shall be developed to achieve a net resource gain in acreage and functions of wetlands. The Board shall seek and obtain advice and 504 505 506 guidance from the Virginia Institute of Marine Science in implementing these policies and programs.

507 (17) To establish additional procedures for obtaining a Virginia Water Protection Permit pursuant to 508 §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 for a proposed water withdrawal involving the transfer of water 509 resources between major river basins within the Commonwealth that may impact water basins in another 510 state. Such additional procedures shall not apply to any water withdrawal in existence as of July 1, 511 2012, except where the expansion of such withdrawal requires a permit under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 512 62.1-44.15:22, in which event such additional procedures may apply to the extent of the expanded 513 withdrawal only. The applicant shall provide as part of the application (i) an analysis of alternatives to 514 such a transfer, (ii) a comprehensive analysis of the impacts that would occur in the source and 515 receiving basins, (iii) a description of measures to mitigate any adverse impacts that may arise, (iv) a 516 description of how notice shall be provided to interested parties, and (v) any other requirements that the 517 Board may adopt that are consistent with the provisions of this section and §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 518 62.1-44.15:22 or regulations adopted thereunder. This subdivision shall not be construed as limiting or 519 expanding the Board's authority under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 to issue permits and impose 520 conditions or limitations on the permitted activity.

521 § 62.1-44.19:3. Prohibition on land application, marketing and distribution of sewage sludge 522 without permit; ordinances; notice requirement; fees.

523 A. 1. No owner of a sewage treatment works shall land apply, market or distribute sewage sludge 524 from such treatment works except in compliance with a valid Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 525 System Permit or valid Virginia Pollution Abatement Permit.

526 2. Sewage sludge shall be treated to meet standards for land application as required by Board 527 regulation prior to delivery at the land application site. No person shall alter the composition of sewage 528 sludge at a site approved for land application of sewage sludge under a Virginia Pollution Abatement 529 Permit or a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. Any person who engages in the alteration 530 of such sewage sludge shall be subject to the penalties provided in Article 6 (§ 62.1-44.31 et seq.) of 531 this chapter. The addition of lime or deodorants to sewage sludge that has been treated to meet land 532 application standards shall not constitute alteration of the composition of sewage sludge. The Department 533 may authorize public institutions of higher education to conduct scientific research on the composition of 534 sewage sludge that may be applied to land.

535 3. No person shall contract or propose to contract, with the owner of a sewage treatment works, to 536 land apply, market or distribute sewage sludge in the Commonwealth, nor shall any person land apply, 537 market or distribute sewage sludge in the Commonwealth without a current Virginia Pollution 538 Abatement Permit authorizing land application, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge and 539 specifying the location or locations, and the terms and conditions of such land application, marketing or 540 distribution. The permit application shall not be complete unless it includes the landowner's written 541 consent to apply sewage sludge on his property. 542

4. The land disposal of lime-stabilized septage and unstabilized septage is prohibited.

543 5. Beginning July 1, 2007, no application for a permit or variance to authorize the storage of sewage 544 sludge shall be complete unless it contains certification from the governing body of the locality in which 545 the sewage sludge is to be stored that the storage site is consistent with all applicable ordinances. The 546 governing body shall confirm or deny consistency within 30 days of receiving a request for certification. 547 If the governing body does not so respond, the site shall be deemed consistent.

548 B. The Board, with the assistance of the Department of Conservation and Recreation and the 549 Department of Health, shall adopt regulations to ensure that (i) sewage sludge permitted for land application, marketing, or distribution is properly treated or stabilized; (ii) land application, marketing, 550

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and distribution of sewage sludge is performed in a manner that will protect public health and the
environment; and (iii) the escape, flow or discharge of sewage sludge into state waters, in a manner that
would cause pollution of state waters, as those terms are defined in § 62.1-44.3, shall be prevented.

554 C. Regulations adopted by the Board, with the assistance of the Department of Conservation and 555 Recreation and the Department of Health pursuant to subsection B, shall include:

1. Requirements and procedures for the issuance and amendment of permits, including general permits, authorizing the land application, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge;

558 2. Procedures for amending land application permits to include additional application sites and 559 sewage sludge types;

560 3. Standards for treatment or stabilization of sewage sludge prior to land application, marketing or 561 distribution;

4. Requirements for determining the suitability of land application sites and facilities used in landapplication, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge;

5. Required procedures for land application, marketing, and distribution of sewage sludge;

565 6. Requirements for sampling, analysis, recordkeeping, and reporting in connection with land 566 application, marketing, and distribution of sewage sludge;

567 7. Provisions for notification of local governing bodies to ensure compliance with §§ 62.1-44.15:3**568** and 62.1-44.19:3.4;

569 8. Requirements for site-specific nutrient management plans, which shall be developed by persons 570 certified in accordance with § 10.1-104.2 § 10.1-546.2 prior to land application for all sites where sewage sludge is land applied, and approved by the Department of Conservation and Recreation prior to 571 572 permit issuance under specific conditions, including but not limited to, sites operated by an owner or lessee of a Confined Animal Feeding Operation, as defined in subsection A of § 62.1-44.17:1, or 573 Confined Poultry Feeding Operation, as defined in § 62.1-44.17:1.1, sites where the permit authorizes 574 575 land application more frequently than once every three years at greater than 50 percent of the annual agronomic rate, and other sites based on site-specific conditions that increase the risk that land 576 577 application may adversely impact state waters;

9. Procedures for the prompt investigation and disposition of complaints concerning land application of sewage sludge, including the requirements that (i) holders of permits issued under this section shall report all complaints received by them to the Department and to the local governing body of the jurisdiction in which the complaint originates, and (ii) localities receiving complaints concerning land application of sewage sludge shall notify the Department and the permit holder. The Department shall maintain a searchable electronic database of complaints received during the current and preceding calendar year, which shall include information detailing each complaint and how it was resolved; and

10. Procedures for receiving and responding to public comments on applications for permits and for permit amendments authorizing land application at additional sites. Such procedures shall provide that an application for any permit amendments to increase the acreage authorized by the initial permit by 50 percent or more shall be treated as a new application for purposes of public notice and public hearings.

D. Prior to issuance of a permit authorizing the land application, marketing or distribution of sewage
sludge, the Department shall consult with, and give full consideration to the written recommendations of
the Department of Health and the Department of Conservation and Recreation. Such consultation shall
include any public health risks or water quality impacts associated with the permitted activity. The
Department of Health and the Department of Conservation and Recreation may submit written comments
on proposed permits within 30 days after notification by the Department.

595 E. Where, because of site-specific conditions, including soil type, identified during the permit 596 application review process, the Department determines that special requirements are necessary to protect 597 the environment or the health, safety or welfare of persons residing in the vicinity of a proposed land application site, the Department may incorporate in the permit at the time it is issued reasonable special **598** 599 conditions regarding buffering, transportation routes, slope, material source, methods of handling and application, and time of day restrictions exceeding those required by the regulations adopted under this 600 601 section. Before incorporating any such conditions into the permit, the Department shall provide written **602** notice to the permit applicant, specifying the reasons therefor and identifying the site-specific conditions 603 justifying the additional requirements. The Department shall incorporate into the notice any written requests or recommendations concerning such site-specific conditions submitted by the local governing **604** 605 body where the land application is to take place. The permit applicant shall have at least 14 days in which to review and respond to the proposed conditions. 606

F. The Board shall adopt regulations prescribing a fee to be charged to all permit holders and
persons applying for permits and permit modifications pursuant to this section. All fees collected
pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Sludge Management Fund. The fee for the initial
issuance of a permit shall be \$5,000. The fee for the reissuance, amendment, or modification of a permit
for an existing site shall not exceed \$1,000 and shall be charged only for permit actions initiated by the
permit holder. Fees collected under this section shall be exempt from statewide indirect costs charged

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and collected by the Department of Accounts and shall not supplant or reduce the general fundappropriation to the Department.

615 G. There is hereby established in the treasury a special fund to be known as the Sludge Management Fund, hereinafter referred to as the Fund. The fees required by this section shall be transmitted to the 616 617 Comptroller to be deposited into the Fund. The income and principal of the Fund shall be used only and 618 exclusively for the Department's direct and indirect costs associated with the processing of an application 619 to issue, reissue, amend, or modify any permit to land apply, distribute, or market sewage sludge, the 620 administration and management of the Department's sewage sludge land application program, including 621 but not limited to, monitoring and inspecting, the Department of Conservation and Recreation's costs for 622 implementation of the sewage sludge application program, and to reimburse localities with duly adopted 623 ordinances providing for the testing and monitoring of the land application of sewage sludge. The State 624 Treasurer shall be the custodian of the moneys deposited in the Fund. No part of the Fund, either 625 principal or interest earned thereon, shall revert to the general fund of the state treasury.

H. All persons holding or applying for a permit authorizing the land application of sewage sludge
shall provide to the Board written evidence of financial responsibility, which shall be available to pay
claims for cleanup costs, personal injury, and property damages resulting from the transportation, storage
or land application of sewage sludge. The Board shall, by regulation, establish and prescribe mechanisms
for meeting the financial responsibility requirements of this section.

631 I. Any county, city or town may adopt an ordinance that provides for the testing and monitoring of
632 the land application of sewage sludge within its political boundaries to ensure compliance with
633 applicable laws and regulations.

J. The Department, upon the timely request of any individual to test the sewage sludge at a specific
site, shall collect samples of the sewage sludge at the site prior to the land application and submit such
samples to a laboratory. The testing shall include an analysis of the (i) concentration of trace elements,
(ii) coliform count, and (iii) pH level. The results of the laboratory analysis shall be (a) furnished to the
individual requesting that the test be conducted and (b) reviewed by the Department. The person
requesting the test and analysis of the sewage sludge shall pay the costs of sampling, testing, and
analysis.

641 K. At least 100 days prior to commencing land application of sewage sludge at a permitted site, the 642 permit holder shall deliver or cause to be delivered written notification to the chief executive officer or 643 his designee for the local government where the site is located. The notice shall identify the location of 644 the permitted site and the expected sources of the sewage sludge to be applied to the site. This 645 requirement may be satisfied by providing a list of all available permitted sites in the locality at least 646 100 days prior to commencing the application at any site on the list. This requirement shall not apply to 647 any application commenced prior to October 10, 2005. If the site is located in more than one county, the notice shall be provided to all jurisdictions where the site is located. 648

649 L. The permit holder shall deliver or cause to be delivered written notification to the Department at
650 least 14 days prior to commencing land application of sewage sludge at a permitted site. The notice
651 shall identify the location of the permitted site and the expected sources of the sewage sludge to be
652 applied to the site.

653 M. The Department shall randomly conduct unannounced site inspections while land application of 654 sewage sludge is in progress at a sufficient frequency to determine compliance with the requirements of 655 this section, § 62.1-44.19:3.1, or regulations adopted under those sections.

N. Surface incorporation into the soil of sewage sludge applied to cropland may be required when
 practicable and compatible with a soil conservation plan meeting the standards and specifications of the
 U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service.

659 O. The Board shall develop regulations specifying and providing for extended buffers to be employed 660 for application of sewage sludge (i) to hay, pasture, and forestlands; or (ii) to croplands where surface 661 incorporation is not practicable or is incompatible with a soil conservation plan meeting the standards 662 and specifications of the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Such 663 extended buffers may be included by the Department as site specific permit conditions pursuant to 664 subsection E, as an alternative to surface incorporation when necessary to protect odor sensitive 665 receptors as determined by the Department or the local monitor.

666 P. The Board shall adopt regulations requiring the payment of a fee for the land application of 667 sewage sludge, pursuant to permits issued under this section. The person land applying sewage sludge 668 shall (i) provide advance notice of the estimated fee to the generator of the sewage sludge unless 669 notification is waived, (ii) collect the fee from the generator, and (iii) remit the fee to the Department as 670 provided for by regulation. The fee shall be imposed on each dry ton of sewage sludge that is land 671 applied in the Commonwealth. The regulations shall include requirements and procedures for:

672 1. Collection of fees by the Department;

673 2. Deposit of the fees into the Fund; and

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674 3. Disbursement of proceeds by the Department pursuant to subsection G.

675 Q. The Department, in consultation with the Department of Health, the Department of Conservation 676 and Recreation, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service, shall establish and implement a program to train persons employed by those local **677** governments that have adopted ordinances, pursuant to this section, to test and monitor the land **678** 679 application of sewage sludge. The program shall include, at a minimum, instruction in: (i) the provisions 680 of the Virginia Biosolids Use Regulations; (ii) land application methods and equipment, including methods and processes for preparation and stabilization of sewage sludge that is land applied; (iii) 681 sampling and chain of custody control; (iv) preparation and implementation of nutrient management **682** 683 plans for land application sites; (v) complaint response and preparation of complaint and inspection **684** reports; (vi) enforcement authority and procedures; (vii) interaction and communication with the public; and (viii) preparation of applications for reimbursement of local monitoring costs disbursed pursuant to **685** 686 subsection G. To the extent feasible, the program shall emphasize in-field instruction and practical training. Persons employed by local governments shall successfully complete such training before the 687 local government may request reimbursement from the Board for testing and monitoring of land 688 689 application of sewage sludge performed by the person. The completion of training shall not be a 690 prerequisite to the exercise of authority granted to local governments by any applicable provision of law. **691** The Department may:

692 1. Charge attendees a reasonable fee to recover the actual costs of preparing course materials and693 providing facilities and instructors for the program. The fee shall be reimbursable from the Fund694 established pursuant to this section; and

695 2. Request and accept the assistance and participation of other state agencies and institutions in preparing and presenting the course of training established by this subsection.

R. Localities, as part of their zoning ordinances, may designate or reasonably restrict the storage of **697** 698 sewage sludge based on criteria directly related to the public health, safety, and welfare of its citizens 699 and the environment. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a locality may by ordinance 700 require that a special exception or a special use permit be obtained to begin the storage of sewage 701 sludge on any property in its jurisdiction, including any area that is zoned as an agricultural district or 702 classification. Such ordinances shall not restrict the storage of sewage sludge on a farm as long as such 703 sludge is being stored (i) solely for land application on that farm and (ii) for a period no longer than 45 704 days. No person shall apply to the State Health Commissioner or the Department of Environmental 705 Quality for a permit, a variance, or a permit modification authorizing such storage without first 706 complying with all requirements adopted pursuant to this subsection.

707 2. That §§ 10.1-104.2 and 10.1-104.2:1 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.

708 3. That the initial actions of the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board to adopt, with
709 necessary amendments, the Nutrient Management Training and Certification regulations
710 transferred by this act from the Department of Conservation and Recreation to the Board shall be
711 exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia.

712 4. That after the transfer of the Nutrient Management Training and Certification program, if it is 713 determined that additional amendments to the regulations are necessary for Virginia Soil and 714 Water Conservation Board implementation of the program in accordance with this chapter, the 715 regulatory actions necessary shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of 716 Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia except that the Board shall provide an opportunity for public 717 comment on the regulatory actions.