## 2013 SESSION

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1	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 609
2 3	Offered January 9, 2013
3	Prefiled January 6, 2013
4	Requesting the Department of Environmental Quality to study the substances contained in biosolids
5	generated from wastewater treatment facilities that are applied to lands for agricultural purposes.
6	Report.
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	Patron—Gilbert
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9 10	Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources
10 11	WHEREAS, in 1994 a law was enacted to allow biosolids, also referred to as sewage sludge, to be
12	applied to agricultural lands under a permit system; and
13	WHEREAS, in 2007, the Virginia General Assembly authorized the transfer of all regulatory
14	oversight of treated sewage sludge, commonly known as biosolids, from the Virginia Department of
15	Health to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality; and
16	WHEREAS, since 2008, biosolids have been land applied in at least 54 localities in the
17	Commonwealth annually; and
18	WHEREAS, between 2008 and 2011, an average of 228,000 dry tons of biosolids have been spread
19	over an average of 65,000 acres annually; and
20	WHEREAS, in accordance with House Joint Resolution No. 694, the Secretary of Natural Resources
21	and Secretary of Health and Human Resources convened a panel of experts in 2007 to study the impact
22	of land application of biosolids on human health and the environment; and
23 24	WHEREAS, the General Assembly posed specific questions to the panel and requested that they consider the typical contaminant concentrations and application rates of biosolids in their responses; and
25	WHEREAS, the panel included stakeholders from a broad range of disciplines, including medicine,
<b>2</b> 6	higher education, forestry, agronomy, environmental science, ecology, veterinary medicine, and law; and
27	WHEREAS, the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and the Secretary of Natural Resources
28	published the final report of the panel in 2008; and
29	WHEREAS, the panel uncovered no evidence or literature verifying a causal link between biosolids
30	and illness, but recognized gaps in the science and knowledge surrounding this issue; and
31	WHEREAS, the panel stated these gaps could be reduced through highly controlled epidemiological
32	studies relating to health effects of land applied biosolids and additional efforts to reduce the limitations
33 34	in quantifying all the chemical and biological constituents in biosolids; and WHEREAS, the panel stated there are gaps in the research to characterize the composition, fate, and
35	effects of pharmaceutical and personal care products and other persistent organic compounds in
36	biosolids, as well as in other products, materials, and the environment; and
37	WHEREAS, House Joint Resolution No. 694 also directed the panel to perform a detailed analysis of
38	the chemical and biological composition of biosolids; and
39	WHEREAS, the vast number of constituents of biosolids combined with the specialized analytical
40	methodologies to detect and quantify these constituents involves significant cost; and
41	WHEREAS, the panel was limited by resource constraints in performing a detailed analysis of the
42	chemical and biological constituents of biosolids because no funding was available to conduct new
43 44	analyses; now, therefore, be it RESOLVED by the House of Delegates the Senate concurring. That the Department of
44	RESOLVED by the House of Delegates, the Senate concurring, That the Department of Environmental Quality be requested to study the substances contained in biosolids generated from
<b>4</b> 6	wastewater treatment facilities that are applied to lands for agricultural purposes.
47	In conducting its study, the Department of Environmental Quality shall determine whether the
<b>48</b>	constituents of biosolids pose a threat to human health and the environment.
49	Technical assistance shall be provided to the Department of Environmental Quality by Virginia
50	Polytechnic Institute and State University's Department of Crop and Soil Environmental Sciences and the
51	Virginia Institute of Marine Science. All agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the
52 53	Department of Environmental Quality for this study, upon request.
53 54	The Department of Environmental Quality shall complete its meetings by November 30, 2013, and shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an executive summary and a report of its
54 55	findings and recommendations for publication as a House or Senate document. The executive summary
55 56	and report shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated
57	Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports no later than the first day of the 2014
58	Regular Session of the General Assembly and shall be posted on the General Assembly's website.

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