2013 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 2048

Offered January 9, 2013 Prefiled January 9, 2013

4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-3705.6, 2.2-4006, 2.2-4021, 3.2-108, 3.2-400, 3.2-406, 3.2-408, 5 6 3.2-409, 3.2-410, 3.2-3602, 3.2-3602.1, 10.1-107, 10.1-603.18, 10.1-603.19:1, 10.1-604, 10.1-605, 10.1-605.2, 10.1-636, 10.1-637, 10.1-651, 10.1-653, 10.1-659, 10.1-1185, 10.1-1186, 10.1-2123, 7 10.1-2128, 10.1-2128.1, 10.1-2129, 10.1-2131, 10.1-2132, 10.1-2134, 15.2-1129.2, 15.2-2114, 15.2-2295.1, 15.2-2403.3, 24.2-506, 24.2-680, 33.1-70.1, 36-55.64, 58.1-339.3, 58.1-439.5, 8 58.1-3660.1, 58.1-3851, 62.1-44.5, 62.1-44.9, 62.1-44.14, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15:5.1, 62.1-44.17:1, 9 62.1-44.17:1.1, 62.1-44.19:3, 62.1-44.19:13, 62.1-44.19:15, 62.1-44.19:20, 62.1-44.23, 62.1-44.32, 62.1-44.44, 62.1-73, 62.1-195.1, and 62.1-229.4 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of 10 11 Virginia by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 10.1 a section numbered 10.1-107.1, by adding 12 13 in Chapter 11.1 of Title 10.1 articles numbered 1.2 through 1.7, consisting of sections numbered 14 10.1-1187.8 through 10.1-1187.103, by adding in Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1 articles numbered 2.3, 15 2.4, and 2.5, consisting of sections numbered 62.1-44.15:24 through 62.1-44.15:79, and by adding in 16 Article 4.02 of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1 sections numbered 62.1-44.19:21, 62.1-44.19:22, and 62.1-44.19:23; and to repeal §§ 10.1-104.2 through 10.1-104.6 and Article 1.1 (§§ 10.1-104.7, 17 10.1-104.8, and 10.1-104.9) of Chapter 1, Chapter 5 (§§ 10.1-500 through 10.1-571), Articles 1.1 18 (§§ 10.1-603.1 through 10.1-603.15), 1.1:1 (§§ 10.1-603.15:1 through 10.1-603.15:5), and 3 (§§ 10.1-614 through 10.1-635) of Chapter 6, and Chapter 21 (§§ 10.1-2100 through 10.1-2115) of 19 20 21 Title 10.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to transfer of responsibility for administration of water 22 quality programs.

Patron-Sherwood

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Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

That §§ 2.2-3705.6, 2.2-4006, 2.2-4021, 3.2-108, 3.2-400, 3.2-406, 3.2-408, 3.2-409, 3.2-410, 28 1. 29 3.2-3602, 3.2-3602.1, 10.1-107, 10.1-603.18, 10.1-603.19:1, 10.1-604, 10.1-605, 10.1-605.2, 10.1-636, 10.1-637, 10.1-651, 10.1-653, 10.1-659, 10.1-1185, 10.1-1186, 10.1-2123, 10.1-2128, 10.1-2128.1, 30 31 32 33 34 35 and 62.1-229.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia 36 is amended by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 10.1 a section numbered 10.1-107.1, by 37 adding in Chapter 11.1 of Title 10.1 articles numbered 1.2 through 1.7, consisting of sections 38 numbered 10.1-1187.8 through 10.1-1187.103, by adding in Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1 articles 39 numbered 2.3, 2.4, and 2.5, consisting of sections numbered 62.1-44.15:24 through 62.1-44.15:79, 40 and by adding in Article 4.02 of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1 sections numbered 62.1-44.19:21, 41 62.1-44.19:22, and 62.1-44.19:23 as follows:

§ 2.2-3705.6. Exclusions to application of chapter; proprietary records and trade secrets.

The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:

45 1. Proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia Port Authority as provided in § 62.1-132.446 or 62.1-134.1.

47 2. Financial statements not publicly available filed with applications for industrial development48 financings in accordance with Chapter 49 (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 15.2.

3. Confidential proprietary records, voluntarily provided by private business pursuant to a promise of confidentiality from a public body, used by the public body for business, trade and tourism development or retention; and memoranda, working papers or other records related to businesses that are considering locating or expanding in Virginia, prepared by a public body, where competition or bargaining is involved and where, if such records are made public, the financial interest of the public body would be adversely affected.

4. Information that was filed as confidential under the Toxic Substances Information Act (§ 32.1-239 et seq.), as such Act existed prior to July 1, 1992.

57 5. Fisheries data that would permit identification of any person or vessel, except when required by court order as specified in § 28.2-204.

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6. Confidential financial statements, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and cost projections
provided to the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, provided such information is exempt
under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other laws
administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with respect to
data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad
Administration.

65 7. Confidential proprietary records related to inventory and sales, voluntarily provided by private
energy suppliers to the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, used by that Department for energy
67 contingency planning purposes or for developing consolidated statistical information on energy supplies.

8. Confidential proprietary information furnished to the Board of Medical Assistance Services or the
Medicaid Prior Authorization Advisory Committee pursuant to Article 4 (§ 32.1-331.12 et seq.) of
Chapter 10 of Title 32.1.

71 9. Proprietary, commercial or financial information, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and 72 cost projections provided by a private transportation business to the Virginia Department of Transportation and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the purpose of conducting 73 74 transportation studies needed to obtain grants or other financial assistance under the Transportation 75 Equity Act for the 21st Century (P.L. 105-178) for transportation projects, provided such information is exempt under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other 76 77 laws administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with 78 respect to data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad Administration. However, the exemption provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any wholly 79 80 owned subsidiary of a public body.

81 10. Confidential information designated as provided in subsection F of § 2.2-4342 as trade secrets or proprietary information by any person who has submitted to a public body an application for prequalification to bid on public construction projects in accordance with subsection B of § 2.2-4317.

84 11. a. Memoranda, staff evaluations, or other records prepared by the responsible public entity, its 85 staff, outside advisors, or consultants exclusively for the evaluation and negotiation of proposals filed under the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or the Public Private Education 86 87 Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (§ 56-575.1 et seq.), where (i) if such records were made public 88 prior to or after the execution of an interim or a comprehensive agreement, § 56-573.1:1 or 56-575.17 89 notwithstanding, the financial interest or bargaining position of the public entity would be adversely 90 affected, and (ii) the basis for the determination required in clause (i) is documented in writing by the 91 responsible public entity; and

92 b. Records provided by a private entity to a responsible public entity, affected jurisdiction, or 93 affected local jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 or 94 the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002, to the extent that such records 95 contain (i) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (ii) financial records of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that 96 are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (iii) other 97 98 information submitted by the private entity, where, if the records were made public prior to the 99 execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement, the financial interest or bargaining 100 position of the public or private entity would be adversely affected. In order for the records specified in 101 clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make 102 a written request to the responsible public entity:

103 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;

- 2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- 3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

107 The responsible public entity shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is 108 necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. To protect other records 109 submitted by the private entity from disclosure, the responsible public entity shall determine whether public disclosure prior to the execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement would 110 111 adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the public or private entity. The responsible public entity shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to 112 113 be afforded by the responsible public entity under this subdivision. Once a written determination is made by the responsible public entity, the records afforded protection under this subdivision shall continue to 114 be protected from disclosure when in the possession of any affected jurisdiction or affected local 115 116 jurisdiction.

Except as specifically provided in subdivision 11 a, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the withholding of (a) procurement records as required by § 56-573.1:1 or 56-575.17; (b) information concerning the terms and conditions of any interim or comprehensive agreement, service contract, lease, partnership, or any agreement of any kind entered into by the responsible public entity

and the private entity; (c) information concerning the terms and conditions of any financing arrangement
that involves the use of any public funds; or (d) information concerning the performance of any private
entity developing or operating a qualifying transportation facility or a qualifying project.

For the purposes of this subdivision, the terms "affected jurisdiction," "affected local jurisdiction," recomprehensive agreement," "interim agreement," "qualifying project," "qualifying transportation facility," "responsible public entity," and "private entity" shall mean the same as those terms are defined in the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 or in the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002.

129 12. Confidential proprietary information or trade secrets, not publicly available, provided by a private
130 person or entity to the Virginia Resources Authority or to a fund administered in connection with
131 financial assistance rendered or to be rendered by the Virginia Resources Authority where, if such
132 information were made public, the financial interest of the private person or entity would be adversely
133 affected, and, after June 30, 1997, where such information was provided pursuant to a promise of
134 confidentiality.

135 13. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), or confidential 136 proprietary records that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or 137 otherwise, provided by a (a) bidder or applicant for a franchise or (b) franchisee under Chapter 21 138 (§ 15.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 15.2 to the applicable franchising authority pursuant to a promise of 139 confidentiality from the franchising authority, to the extent the records relate to the bidder's, applicant's, 140 or franchisee's financial capacity or provision of new services, adoption of new technologies or 141 implementation of improvements, where such new services, technologies or improvements have not been 142 implemented by the franchisee on a nonexperimental scale in the franchise area, and where, if such 143 records were made public, the competitive advantage or financial interests of the franchisee would be 144 adversely affected.

145 In order for trade secrets or confidential proprietary information to be excluded from the provisions 146 of this chapter, the bidder, applicant, or franchisee shall (i) invoke such exclusion upon submission of 147 the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (ii) identify the data or other 148 materials for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reason why protection is necessary.

149 No bidder, applicant, or franchisee may invoke the exclusion provided by this subdivision if the 150 bidder, applicant, or franchisee is owned or controlled by a public body or if any representative of the 151 applicable franchising authority serves on the management board or as an officer of the bidder, 152 applicant, or franchisee.

153 14. Documents and other information of a proprietary nature furnished by a supplier of charitable
154 gaming supplies to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to subsection E of
155 § 18.2-340.34.

15. Records and reports related to Virginia apple producer sales provided to the Virginia State Apple157 Board pursuant to § 3.2-1215.

158 16. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) of Title 59.1,
159 submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12 to the Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery
160 Subcommittee created pursuant to § 56-484.15, relating to the provision of wireless E-911 service.

161 17. Records submitted as a grant or loan application, or accompanying a grant or loan application, to the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority pursuant to Article 3 (§ 2.2-2233.1 et seq.) of 162 Chapter 22 of Title 2.2 or to the Commonwealth Health Research Board pursuant to Chapter 22 163 (§ 23-277 et seq.) of Title 23 to the extent such records contain proprietary business or research-related 164 165 information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information 166 167 has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, if the disclosure of such information 168 would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant.

169 18. Confidential proprietary records and trade secrets developed and held by a local public body (i) 170 providing telecommunication services pursuant to § 56-265.4:4 and (ii) providing cable television 171 services pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 15.2-2108.2 et seq.) of Chapter 21 of Title 15.2, to the extent that 172 disclosure of such records would be harmful to the competitive position of the locality. In order for 173 confidential proprietary information or trade secrets to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, 174 the locality in writing shall (i) invoke the protections of this subdivision, (ii) identify with specificity the 175 records or portions thereof for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reasons why protection is 176 necessary.

177 19. Confidential proprietary records and trade secrets developed by or for a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) to provide qualifying communications services as authorized by Article 5.1 (§ 56-484.7:1 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 56, where disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the authority, except that records required to be maintained in accordance with § 15.2-2160 shall be

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183 20. Trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) or financial 184 records of a business, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available 185 to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, provided to the Department of Minority Business Enterprise as part of an application for (i) certification as a small, women-owned, or 186 minority-owned business in accordance with Chapter 14 (§ 2.2-1400 et seq.) of this title or (ii) a claim 187 188 made by a disadvantaged business or an economically disadvantaged individual against the Capital Access Fund for Disadvantaged Businesses created pursuant to § 2.2-2311. In order for such trade secrets or financial records to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the business shall (a) 189 190 191 invoke such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 192 disclosure is sought, (b) identify the data or other materials for which protection is sought, and (c) state 193 the reasons why protection is necessary.

194 21. Documents and other information of a proprietary or confidential nature disclosed by a carrier to the State Health Commissioner pursuant to §§ 32.1-276.5:1 and 32.1-276.7:1. 195

196 22. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), including, but 197 not limited to, financial records, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally 198 available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, and revenue and cost projections 199 supplied by a private or nongovernmental entity to the State Inspector General for the purpose of an 200 audit, special investigation, or any study requested by the Office of the State Inspector General in 201 accordance with law.

202 In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this 203 chapter, the private or nongovernmental entity shall make a written request to the State Inspector 204 General:

205 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 206 disclosure is sought;

2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

209 The State Inspector General shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. The State Inspector 210 General shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it 211 under this subdivision. 212

213 23. Records submitted as a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, to the Virginia 214 Tobacco Indemnification and Community Revitalization Commission to the extent such records contain 215 (i) trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), (ii) financial records 216 of a grant applicant that is not a public body, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are 217 not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, or (iii) research-related 218 information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information 219 220 has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, if the disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant; and memoranda, staff evaluations, or 221 222 other records prepared by the Commission or its staff exclusively for the evaluation of grant 223 applications. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall apply to grants that are consistent with the 224 powers of and in furtherance of the performance of the duties of the Commission pursuant to 225 § 3.2-3103.

226 In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this 227 chapter, the applicant shall make a written request to the Commission:

228 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 229 disclosure is sought: 230

2. Identifying with specificity the data, records or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

232 The Commission shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to 233 protect the trade secrets, financial records or research-related information of the applicant. The 234 Commission shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded 235 by it under this subdivision.

236 24. a. Records of the Commercial Space Flight Authority relating to rate structures or charges for the 237 use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority if public disclosure 238 would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or a private entity 239 providing records to the Authority; or

240 b. Records provided by a private entity to the Commercial Space Flight Authority, to the extent that 241 such records contain (i) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act 242 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (ii) financial records of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial 243 statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or 244 (iii) other information submitted by the private entity, where, if the records were made public, the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity would be adversely affected. 245

In order for the records specified in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of subdivision 24 b to be excluded from 246 247 the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make a written request to the Authority:

248 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 249 disclosure is sought;

2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

252 The Authority shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect 253 the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. To protect other records submitted by the 254 private entity from disclosure, the Authority shall determine whether public disclosure would adversely 255 affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity. The Authority shall 256 make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this 257 subdivision.

258 25. Documents and other information of a proprietary nature furnished by an agricultural landowner 259 or operator to the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or any political subdivision, agency, or 260 261 board of the Commonwealth pursuant to §§ 10.1-104.7, 10.1-104.8, and 10.1-104.9 10.1-1187.102 and 262 10.1-1187.103, other than when required as part of a state or federal regulatory enforcement action.

263 § 2.2-4006. Exemptions from requirements of this article.

264 A. The following agency actions otherwise subject to this chapter and § 2.2-4103 of the Virginia 265 Register Act shall be exempted from the operation of this article:

266 1. Agency orders or regulations fixing rates or prices.

267 2. Regulations that establish or prescribe agency organization, internal practice or procedures, 268 including delegations of authority.

269 3. Regulations that consist only of changes in style or form or corrections of technical errors. Each 270 promulgating agency shall review all references to sections of the Code of Virginia within their 271 regulations each time a new supplement or replacement volume to the Code of Virginia is published to 272 ensure the accuracy of each section or section subdivision identification listed. 273

4. Regulations that are:

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274 a. Necessary to conform to changes in Virginia statutory law or the appropriation act where no 275 agency discretion is involved. However, such regulations shall be filed with the Registrar within 90 days 276 of the law's effective date:

277 b. Required by order of any state or federal court of competent jurisdiction where no agency 278 discretion is involved; or

279 c. Necessary to meet the requirements of federal law or regulations, provided such regulations do not 280 differ materially from those required by federal law or regulation, and the Registrar has so determined in 281 writing. Notice of the proposed adoption of these regulations and the Registrar's determination shall be 282 published in the Virginia Register not less than 30 days prior to the effective date of the regulation.

283 5. Regulations of the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services adopted pursuant to subsection B 284 of § 3.2-3929 or clause (v) or (vi) of subsection C of § 3.2-3931 after having been considered at two or 285 more Board meetings and one public hearing.

286 6. Regulations of the regulatory boards served by (i) the Department of Labor and Industry pursuant 287 to Title 40.1 and (ii) the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation or the Department of 288 Health Professions pursuant to Title 54.1 that are limited to reducing fees charged to regulants and 289 applicants.

290 7. The development and issuance of procedural policy relating to risk-based mine inspections by the 291 Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy authorized pursuant to §§ 45.1-161.82 and 45.1-161.292:55.

292 8. General permits issued by the (a) State Air Pollution Control Board pursuant to Chapter 13 293 (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or (b) State Water Control Board pursuant to the State Water Control 294 Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.), Chapter 24 (§ 62.1-242 et seq.) of Title 62.1 and Chapter 25 (§ 62.1-254 et 295 seq.) of Title 62.1, (c) Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board pursuant to the Virginia Stormwater 296 Management Act (§ 10.1-603.1 et seq.) of Title 10.1 Board of Conservation and Recreation pursuant to 297 the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.), and (d) the development and issuance of general wetlands 298 permits by the Marine Resources Commission pursuant to subsection B of § 28.2-1307, if the respective 299 Board or Commission (i) provides a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action in conformance with the 300 provisions of § 2.2-4007.01, (ii) following the passage of 30 days from the publication of the Notice of 301 Intended Regulatory Action forms a technical advisory committee composed of relevant stakeholders, 302 including potentially affected citizens groups, to assist in the development of the general permit, (iii) 303 provides notice and receives oral and written comment as provided in § 2.2-4007.03, and (iv) conducts 304 at least one public hearing on the proposed general permit.

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305 9. The development and issuance by the Board of Education of guidelines on constitutional rights 306 and restrictions relating to the recitation of the pledge of allegiance to the American flag in public 307 schools pursuant to § 22.1-202.

10. Regulations of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan adopted pursuant to § 23-38.77.

11. Regulations of the Marine Resources Commission.

12. Regulations adopted by the Board of Housing and Community Development pursuant to (i) 310 311 Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et seq.), (ii) the Industrialized Building Safety Law (§ 36-70 et seq.), (iii) the Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.), and (iv) § 36-98.3, provided the 312 Board (a) provides a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action in conformance with the provisions of 313 314 § 2.2-4007.01, (b) publishes the proposed regulation and provides an opportunity for oral and written comments as provided in § 2.2-4007.03, and (c) conducts at least one public hearing as provided in §§ 315

2.2-4009 and 36-100 prior to the publishing of the proposed regulations. Notwithstanding the provisions 316 317 of this subdivision, any regulations promulgated by the Board shall remain subject to the provisions of § 2.2-4007.06 concerning public petitions, and §§ 2.2-4013 and 2.2-4014 concerning review by the 318 319 Governor and General Assembly.

320 13. Amendments to the list of drugs susceptible to counterfeiting adopted by the Board of Pharmacy 321 pursuant to subsection B of § 54.1-3307.

B. Whenever regulations are adopted under this section, the agency shall state as part thereof that it 322 323 will receive, consider and respond to petitions by any interested person at any time with respect to 324 reconsideration or revision. The effective date of regulations adopted under this subsection shall be in 325 accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4015, except in the case of emergency regulations, which shall 326 become effective as provided in subsection B of § 2.2-4012.

327 C. A regulation for which an exemption is claimed under this section or § 2.2-4002 or 2.2-4011 and that is placed before a board or commission for consideration shall be provided at least two days in 328 329 advance of the board or commission meeting to members of the public that request a copy of that 330 regulation. A copy of that regulation shall be made available to the public attending such meeting. 331

§ 2.2-4021. Timetable for decision; exemptions.

332 A. In cases where a board or commission meets to render (i) an informal fact-finding decision or (ii) 333 a decision on a litigated issue, and information from a prior proceeding is being considered, persons who participated in the prior proceeding shall be provided an opportunity to respond at the board or 334 335 commission meeting to any summaries of the prior proceeding prepared by or for the board or 336 commission.

337 B. In any informal fact-finding, formal proceeding, or summary case decision proceeding in which a 338 hearing officer is not used or is not empowered to recommend a finding, the board, commission, or 339 agency personnel responsible for rendering a decision shall render that decision within 90 days from the 340 date of the informal fact-finding, formal proceeding, or completion of a summary case decision 341 proceeding, or from a later date agreed to by the named party and the agency. If the agency does not 342 render a decision within 90 days, the named party to the case decision may provide written notice to the 343 agency that a decision is due. If no decision is made within 30 days from agency receipt of the notice, 344 the decision shall be deemed to be in favor of the named party. The preceding sentence shall not apply 345 to case decisions before (i) the State Water Control Board, the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation 346 *Board*, or the Department of Environmental Quality to the extent necessary to comply with the federal 347 Clean Water Act, or (ii) the State Air Pollution Control Board or the Department of Environmental 348 Quality to the extent necessary to comply with the federal Clean Air Act, or (iii) the Virginia Soil and 349 Water Conservation Board or the Department of Conservation and Recreation to the extent necessary to 350 comply with the federal Clean Water Act. An agency shall provide notification to the named party of its 351 decision within five days of the decision.

352 C. In any informal fact-finding, formal proceeding, or summary case decision proceeding in which a 353 hearing officer is empowered to recommend a finding, the board, commission, or agency personnel 354 responsible for rendering a decision shall render that decision within 30 days from the date that the 355 agency receives the hearing officer's recommendation. If the agency does not render a decision within 30 356 days, the named party to the case decision may provide written notice to the agency that a decision is 357 due. If no decision is made within 30 days from agency receipt of the notice, the decision is deemed to be in favor of the named party. The preceding sentence shall not apply to case decisions before (i) the 358 359 State Water Control Board, the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, or the Department of Environmental Quality to the extent necessary to comply with the federal Clean Water Act, or (ii) the 360 State Air Pollution Control Board or the Department of Environmental Quality to the extent necessary to 361 comply with the federal Clean Air Act, or (iii) the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board or the 362 363 Department of Conservation and Recreation to the extent necessary to comply with the federal Clean Water Act. An agency shall provide notice to the named party of its decision within five days of the 364 365 decision. 366

D. The provisions of subsection B notwithstanding, if the board members or agency personnel who

367 conducted the informal fact-finding, formal proceeding, or summary case decision proceeding are unable

368 to attend to official duties due to sickness, disability, or termination of their official capacity with the

369 agency, then the timeframe provisions of subsection B shall be reset and commence from the date that 370

either new board members or agency personnel are assigned to the matter or a new proceeding is 371 conducted if needed, whichever is later. An agency shall provide notice within five days to the named

372 party of any incapacity of the board members or agency personnel that necessitates a replacement or a 373 new proceeding.

374 § 3.2-108. Department to establish a program to support new and emerging crops and technologies. 375

376 A. From such funds as may be appropriated for such purposes and from gifts, donations, grants, 377 bequests, and other funds as may be received, the Department shall establish a program to:

378 1. Encourage the production of alternative crops in the Commonwealth that may be used as a 379 feedstock for energy generation and transportation, thereby supporting farmers and farm communities in their efforts to: (i) sustain and enhance economically viable business opportunities in agriculture; (ii) 380 381 reduce nonpoint source pollution in the Chesapeake Bay and other waters of the Commonwealth; (iii) 382 restore depleted soils; (iv) provide wildlife habitat; (v) reduce greenhouse gases; and (vi) reduce the 383 country's dependence on foreign supplies of energy;

384 2. Assist the development of bioenergy feedstock crop technologies, including but not limited to, 385 seed stock supplies, production technology, harvest equipment, transportation infrastructure and storage 386 facilities;

387 3. Identify and assist in the development of commercially viable bioenergy market opportunities, 388 including recruitment, expansion and establishment of renewable bioenergy businesses in Virginia; and

389 4. Promote the aquaculture of the species that are natives to or reside within the waters of the 390 Chesapeake Bay and the Virginia Coast, in concert with the efforts of Virginia higher education 391 institutions and the Virginia Marine Resources Commission, with a focus on assisting "traditional 392 watermen" who rely on harvesting marine fish and shellfish. This effort shall also include watermen who 393 are viable working participants of the aquaculture industry as contract growers, cooperatives or other 394 business entities.

395 B. The Department shall provide funds in the form of grants to accomplish the objectives described 396 in subsection A. The Department shall develop guidelines for the operation of the program that shall 397 include, at a minimum, eligibility criteria for receiving grant awards, financial accountability for 398 receiving grant awards, allowable uses of grant funds, and agricultural programmatic priorities. The 399 Department shall consult with the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality 400 and the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service, when appropriate, to 401 ensure compatibility with existing cost-share and other agricultural incentive programs.

402 § 3.2-400. Definitions.

403 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Agricultural activity" means any activity used in the production of food and fiber, including 404 405 farming, feedlots, grazing livestock, poultry raising, dairy farming, and aquaculture activities.

"Agricultural stewardship plan" or "plan" means a site-specific plan for an agricultural activity to 406 407 manage, through use of stewardship measures, one or more of the following: soil, water, plants, plant 408 nutrients, pest controls, wastes, and animals.

409 "Board" means the *Virginia* Soil and Water Conservation Board.

"Complaint" means an allegation made by any person to the Commissioner that an owner's or 410 411 operator's agricultural activity is creating or, if not changed, will create pollution and that states the 412 location and nature of such agricultural activity.

413 "District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 414 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 (§ 10.1-500 et seq.) Article 1.3 415 of 11.1 of Chapter of Title 10.1.

416 "Informal fact-finding conference" means an informal fact-finding conference conducted in 417 accordance with § 2.2-4019.

"Operator" means any person who exercises managerial control over any agricultural activity. 418 419

"Owner" means any person who owns land where an agricultural activity occurs.

420 "Pollution" means any alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state 421 waters resulting from sedimentation, nutrients, or toxins.

422 "State waters" means all water, on the surface or in the ground, wholly or partially within or 423 bordering the Commonwealth or within its jurisdiction.

424 "Stewardship measures" or "measures" means measures for controlling the addition of pollutants from 425 existing and new categories and classes of nonpoint sources of pollution that reflect the pollutant 426 reduction achievable through the application of the best available nonpoint pollution control methods, 427 technologies, processes, siting criteria, operating methods, or other alternatives.

428 "Stewardship measures" or "measures" includes: (i) agricultural water quality protection management 429 measures described in the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Manual; and (ii) agricultural 430 water quality protection management measures contained in the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Natural 431 Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide.

432 § 3.2-406. Penalties; injunctions; enforcement actions.

433 A. Any person violating § 3.2-403 or 3.2-404 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 434 for every violation assessed by the Commissioner or Board. Each day the violation continues is a separate offense. Payments to satisfy such penalties shall be deposited in a nonreverting, special fund to 435 436 be used by the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality to provide financial assistance to persons implementing measures specified in the Virginia Agricultural Best Management 437 438 Practices Manual. No person who has been assessed a civil penalty under this section shall be eligible 439 for such financial assistance until the violation has been corrected and the penalty paid.

440 B. In determining the amount of any penalty, factors to be considered shall include the willfulness of the violation, any history of noncompliance, the actions of the owner or operator in notifying, containing 441 442 and cleaning up any discharge, the damage or injury to state waters or the impairment of its uses, and 443 the nature and degree of injury to or interference with general health, welfare and property.

444 C. The Attorney General shall, upon request, bring an action for an injunction or other appropriate 445 legal action on behalf of the Commissioner or Board to enforce the provisions of this chapter. 446

§ 3.2-408. Guidelines to be published by Commissioner; report.

447 A. In consultation with the districts, the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental 448 Quality, and interested persons, the Commissioner shall develop guidelines for the implementation of 449 this chapter. These guidelines shall address, among other things, the conduct of investigations, sources of assistance for owners and operators, and intergovernmental cooperation. Within 90 days of the effective 450 date of this section, the Commissioner shall submit the proposed guidelines to the Registrar of 451 452 Regulations for publication in the Virginia Register of Regulations. At least 30 days shall be provided 453 for public comment after the publication of the proposed guidelines. After the close of the public 454 comment period, the Commissioner shall consider the comments that he has received and may incorporate any changes into the guidelines that he deems appropriate. He shall develop a written 455 456 summary and analysis of the comments, which shall be made available to the public upon request. Thereafter, the Commissioner shall submit final guidelines for publication in the Register. The guidelines 457 458 shall become effective on April 1, 1997. The Commissioner may alter the guidelines periodically after 459 his proposed changes have been published in the Register and a public comment period has been 460 provided.

461 B. The Commissioner shall compile a report by August 31 annually listing the number of complaints 462 received, the nature of each complaint, the actions taken in resolution of each complaint, and any 463 penalties that may have been assessed. The Commissioner shall have the discretion to exclude and keep 464 confidential specific information regarding ongoing investigations. The Commissioner shall: (i) provide the report to the Board, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of 465 466 Environmental Quality, and to every district; (ii) publish notice in the Virginia Register that the report is 467 available; and (iii) make the report available to the public upon request.

§ 3.2-409. Ordinances.

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A. Any locality may adopt an ordinance creating a complaint, investigation, and agricultural 469 470 stewardship plan development program. Ordinances adopted hereunder may contain only provisions that parallel §§ 3.2-401 and 3.2-402. No such ordinance shall provide for the imposition of civil or criminal 471 472 sanctions against an operator or owner who fails to implement a plan. If an owner or operator fails to 473 implement a plan, the local governing body shall submit a complaint to the Commissioner as provided 474 in § 3.2-402.

475 B. This section shall not apply to any ordinance: (i) in existence on July 1, 1996; or (ii) adopted 476 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). 477

§ 3.2-410. Construction of chapter.

478 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as duplicative of regulations governing agricultural 479 practices under the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). 480

§ 3.2-3602. Local government regulation of fertilizer.

No locality shall regulate the registration, packaging, labeling, sale, use, application, storage or 481 482 distribution of fertilizers except by ordinance as provided for in the requirements of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 483 484 10.1-560 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), the Stormwater Management Act (§ 10.1-603.1 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) or other nonpoint source regulations adopted by the Department of Conservation and Recreation 485 Environmental Quality or the Soil and Water Conservation Board State Water Control Board. The 486 487 provisions of this section shall not preempt the adoption, amendment, or enforcement of the Statewide Fire Prevention Code pursuant to § 27-97 and the Uniform Statewide Building Code pursuant to § 36-98. 488 489 § 3.2-3602.1. Board authorized to adopt regulations for the application of regulated products to

490 nonagricultural property; civil penalty.

491 A. The Board shall adopt regulations to certify the competence of (i) contractor-applicators, (ii) 492 licensees, and (iii) employees, representatives, or agents of state agencies, localities, or other 493 governmental entities who apply any regulated product to nonagricultural lands.

494 B. The regulations shall establish (i) training requirements; (ii) proper nutrient management practices 495 in accordance with § 10.1-104.2 10.1-1187.8, including soil analysis techniques, equipment calibration, 496 and the timing of the application; and (iii) reporting requirements, including the submission of an annual 497 report as specified by the Commissioner regarding the location of lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance **498** fertilizer applications. Contractor-applicators and licensees who apply lawn fertilizer and lawn 499 maintenance fertilizer to more than a total of 100 acres of nonagricultural lands annually and employees, 500 representatives, or agents of state agencies, localities, or other governmental entities who apply lawn 501 fertilizer and lawn maintenance fertilizer to nonagricultural lands shall submit an annual report on or 502 before February 1 and on a form prescribed by the Commissioner. The annual report shall include the 503 total acreage or square footage by zip code of the land receiving lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance fertilizer in the preceding calendar year. The Department shall provide for optional reporting by 504 505 electronic methods. The Department shall make publicly available every year the total acreage or square 506 footage by zip code. Any personal information collected pursuant to this section shall be exempt from 507 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), except that the Commissioner may release 508 information that has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow 509 identification of the persons who supplied, or are the subject of, particular information.

510 C. The Board may impose a civil penalty of up to \$250 on any contractor-applicator or licensee who 511 fails to comply with the regulations. The amount of the civil penalty shall be paid into the special fund 512 established in § 3.2-3617.

513 D. The Board shall form a technical advisory committee of stakeholders. The Board shall consult 514 with the technical advisory committee of stakeholders and the Department of Conservation and 515 **Recreation** Environmental Quality in the development of the regulations.

516 E. Any person who is subject to regulation and who applies any regulated product to nonagricultural 517 lands shall comply with the regulations within 12 months of the effective date of the regulations.

518 F. Contractor-applicators and licensees in compliance with regulations adopted by the Board pursuant 519 to this section shall not be subject to local ordinances governing the use or application of lawn fertilizer 520 and lawn maintenance fertilizer. 521

§ 10.1-107. General powers and duties of the Board.

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522 A. The Board shall advise the Governor and the Director on activities of the Department. Upon the 523 request of the Governor, or the Director, the Board shall institute investigations and make 524 recommendations. 525

The Board shall formulate recommendations to the Director concerning:

1. Requests for grants or loans pertaining to outdoor recreation.

2. Designation of recreational sites eligible for recreational access road funds.

3. Designations proposed for scenic rivers, scenic highways, and Virginia byways.

529 4. Acquisition of real property by fee simple or other interests in property for the Department 530 including, but not limited to, state parks, state recreational areas, state trails, greenways, natural areas 531 and natural area preserves, and other lands of biological, environmental, historical, recreational or 532 scientific interest.

533 5. Acquisition of bequests, devises and gifts of real and personal property, and the interest and 534 income derived therefrom.

535 6. Stage one and stage two plans, master plans, and substantial acquisition or improvement 536 amendments to master plans as provided in § 10.1-200.1.

537 B. The Board shall have the authority to promulgate regulations necessary for the execution of the 538 Public Beach Conservation and Development Act, Article 2 (§ 10.1-705 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of this 539 title.

540 C. The Board shall assist the Department in the duties and responsibilities described in Subtitle I 541 (§ 10.1-100 et seq.) of Title 10.1.

542 D. The Board is authorized to conduct fund-raising activities as deemed appropriate and will deposit 543 such revenue into the State Parks Projects Fund pursuant to subsection C of § 10.1-202.

544 E. The Board shall advise the Governor and the Director concerning the protection or management of the Virginia Scenic Rivers System as defined in § 10.1-400. Upon the request of the Governor, or the 545 546 Director, the Board shall institute investigations and make recommendations. The Board shall have 547 general powers and duties to (i) advise the Director on the appointment of Scenic River Advisory 548 Committees or other local or regional committees pursuant to § 10.1-401; (ii) formulate recommendations concerning designations for proposed scenic rivers or extensions of existing scenic 549 rivers; (iii) consider and comment to the Director on any federal, state, or local governmental plans to 550

551 approve, license, fund, or construct facilities that would alter any of the assets that qualified the river for 552 scenic designation; (iv) assist the Director in reviewing and making recommendations regarding all planning for the use and development of water and related land resources including the construction of 553 554 impoundments, diversions, roadways, crossings, channels, locks, canals, or other uses that change the 555 character of a stream or waterway or destroy its scenic assets, so that full consideration and evaluation of the river as a scenic resource will be given before alternative plans for use and development are 556 557 approved; (v) assist the Director in preserving and protecting the natural beauty of the scenic rivers, 558 assuring the use and enjoyment of scenic rivers for fish and wildlife, scenic, recreational, geologic, 559 historic, cultural, or other assets, and encouraging the continuance of existing agricultural, horticultural, forestal and open space land and water uses; (vi) advise the Director and the affected local jurisdiction 560 on the impacts of proposed uses of each scenic river and its related land resources; and (vii) assist local 561 governments in solving problems associated with the Virginia Scenic Rivers System, in consultation with 562 the Director. 563

564 F. The Board shall adopt regulations and provide assistance to local governments to address dam 565 safety and flood prevention pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 6 (§ 10.1-600 et seq.).

566 G. Consistent with the Board's purpose and authority, the Board shall receive, review, and approve 567 or disapprove applications for assistance in planning and carrying out works of improvement under the 568 Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, P.L. 83-566, as amended, and receive, review, and 569 approve or disapprove applications for any other similar soil and water conservation programs provided 570 in federal laws that by their terms or by related executive orders require such action by a state agency.

571 H. Consistent with the Board's purpose and authority, the Board shall advise and recommend to the 572 Governor approval or disapproval of all work plans developed under Public Law 83-566 and Public Law 78-535 and advise and recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of other similar soil 573 574 and water conservation programs provided in federal laws that by their terms or by related executive 575 orders require approval or comment by the Governor.

576 I. The Board shall provide for the control and prevention of floodwater damages thereby preserving 577 the natural resources of the Commonwealth.

578 J. The Board shall keep Virginia soil and water conservation districts informed regarding the status 579 of the district-owned impoundments and assist the districts in administering good dam safety standards 580 of practice associated with maintaining regulatory compliance. 581

§ 10.1-107.1. Supplemental environmental and public safety projects.

A. As used in this section:

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583 "Supplemental environmental or public safety project" means an environmentally beneficial project 584 undertaken as partial settlement of a civil enforcement action and not otherwise required by law.

585 B. The Board or the Director acting on behalf of the Board or under his own authority in issuing 586 any administrative order, or any court of competent jurisdiction as provided for under this Code, may, 587 in its or his discretion and with the consent of the person subject to the order, provide for such person 588 to undertake one or more supplemental environmental projects. The project shall have a reasonable 589 geographic nexus to the violation or, if no such project is available, shall advance at least one of the 590 declared objectives of the environmental law or regulation that is the basis of the enforcement action. 591 Performance of such projects shall be enforceable in the same manner as any other provision of the 592 order.

593 C. The following categories of projects may qualify as supplemental environmental projects or public 594 safety projects, provided the project otherwise meets the requirements of this section: public health and 595 safety, pollution prevention, pollution reduction, environmental restoration and protection, environmental 596 compliance promotion, and emergency planning and preparedness. In determining the appropriateness 597 and value of a supplemental environmental or public safety project, the following factors shall be 598 considered by the enforcement authority: net project costs, benefits to the public or the environment, 599 innovation, impact on minority or low-income populations, multimedia impact, public safety 600 enhancement, and pollution prevention. The costs of those portions of a supplemental environmental or public safety project that are funded by state or federal low-interest loans, contracts, or grants shall be 601 deducted from the net project cost in evaluating the project. In each case in which a supplemental 602 environmental or public safety project is included as part of a settlement, an explanation of the project 603 with any appropriate supporting documentation shall be included as part of the case file. **604**

605 D. Nothing in this section shall require the disclosure of documents exempt from disclosure pursuant to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). 606

607 E. Any decision whether or not to agree to a supplemental environmental project is within the sole discretion of the Board, Director, or court and shall not be subject to appeal. 608

609 F. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted or applied in a manner inconsistent with applicable federal law or any applicable requirement for the Commonwealth to obtain or maintain federal 610 delegation or approval of any regulatory program. 611

§ 10.1-603.18. Administration of the Fund. 612

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613 The Authority shall administer and manage the Fund, and establish the interest rates and the 614 repayment terms of such loans as provided in this article, in accordance with a memorandum of 615 agreement with the Director. The Director shall, after consultation with all interested parties, develop a guidance document governing project eligibility and project priority criteria, and the Director, upon 616 617 approval from the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and Recreation, shall 618 direct the distribution of loans and grants from the Fund to local governments and private entities. In 619 order to carry out the administration and management of the Fund, the Authority may employ officers, 620 employees, agents, advisers and consultants, including without limitation, attorneys, financial advisors, 621 engineers, and other technical advisors and public accountants, and determine their duties and 622 compensation without the approval of any other agency or instrumentality. The Authority may disburse 623 from the Fund reasonable costs and expenses incurred in the administration and management of the 624 Fund and may establish and collect a reasonable fee for its management services. However, any such fee 625 shall not exceed one-eighth of one percent of any bond par, loan or grant amount.

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§ 10.1-603.19:1. Payments from a developer or subdivider.

A. The Authority shall administer and manage deposits made to the Fund pursuant to § 15.2-2243.1
in accordance with a memorandum of agreement with the Director. From funds deposited pursuant to this section the Authority may charge an administrative fee, which shall be determined in consultation with the Director. The Director is authorized to expend these deposits to allow a dam owner to make the necessary upgrades to an impounding structure made necessary by a proposed development or subdivision in a dam break inundation zone.

633 B. Fifty percent of any funds held pursuant to subsection A shall be provided to the owner upon 634 receipt of an alteration permit from the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation 635 and Recreation. The remaining funds shall be provided to the owner upon completion of the necessary 636 upgrades and receipt of a regular operation and maintenance certificate from the Board. The owner shall 637 post a bond or other financial guarantee payable to the Fund conditioned on completion of the stages of 638 necessary upgrades prior to any release of payment to the owner. Such bond or other financial guarantee 639 shall be released within 60 days of the receipt of a regular operation and maintenance certificate by the 640 dam owner.

641 C. Interest generated pursuant to these deposits shall remain in the Fund and may be utilized for the purposes set out in § 10.1-603.19.

§ 10.1-604. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

⁶⁴⁵ "Alteration" means changes to an impounding structure that could alter or affect its structural
⁶⁴⁶ integrity. Alterations include, but are not limited to, changing the height or otherwise enlarging the dam,
⁶⁴⁷ increasing normal pool or principal spillway elevation or physical dimensions, changing the elevation or
⁶⁴⁸ physical dimensions of the emergency spillway, conducting necessary repairs or structural maintenance,
⁶⁴⁹ or removing the impounding structure.

650 "Board" means the Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and Recreation.

"Construction" means the construction of a new impounding structure.

652 "Dam break inundation zone" means the area downstream of a dam that would be inundated or653 otherwise directly affected by the failure of a dam.

"Height" means the structural height of a dam which is defined as the vertical distance from thenatural bed of the stream or watercourse measured at the downstream toe of the dam to the top of thedam.

657 "Impounding structure" means a man-made structure, whether a dam across a watercourse or other 658 structure outside a watercourse, used or to be used to retain or store waters or other materials. The term 659 includes: (i) all dams that are twenty-five feet or greater in height and that create an impoundment capacity of fifteen acre-feet or greater, and (ii) all dams that are six feet or greater in height and that 660 create an impoundment capacity of fifty acre-feet or greater. The term "impounding structure" shall not 661 include: (a) dams licensed by the State Corporation Commission that are subject to a safety inspection **662** 663 program; (b) dams owned or licensed by the United States government; (c) dams operated primarily for **664** agricultural purposes which are less than twenty-five feet in height or which create a maximum 665 impoundment capacity smaller than 100 acre-feet; (d) water or silt retaining dams approved pursuant to 666 § 45.1-222 or § 45.1-225.1; or (e) obstructions in a canal used to raise or lower water.

667 "Owner" means the owner of the land on which a dam is situated, the holder of an easement 668 permitting the construction of a dam and any person or entity agreeing to maintain a dam.

"Watercourse" means a natural channel having a well-defined bed and banks and in which waternormally flows.

671 § 10.1-605. Promulgation of regulations by the Board; guidance document.

A. The Board shall adopt regulations to ensure that impounding structures in the Commonwealth are properly and safely constructed, maintained and operated. Dam safety regulations promulgated by the 674 State Water Control Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board shall remain in full force until 675 amended in accordance with applicable procedures.

B. The Board's Impounding Structure Regulations shall not require any impounding structure in 676 677 existence or under a construction permit prior to July 1, 2010, that is currently classified as high hazard, 678 or is subsequently found to be high hazard through reclassification, to upgrade its spillway to pass a 679 rainfall event greater than the maximum recorded within the Commonwealth, which shall be deemed to 680 be 90 percent of the probable maximum precipitation.

681 1. Such an impounding structure shall be determined to be in compliance with the spillway 682 requirements of the regulations provided that (i) the impounding structure will pass two-thirds of the reduced probable maximum precipitation requirement described in this subsection and (ii) the dam **683** owner certifies annually and by January 15 that such impounding structure meets each of the following **684** 685 conditions:

686 a. The owner has a current emergency action plan that is approved by the Board and that is 687 developed and updated in accordance with the regulations;

b. The owner has exercised the emergency action plan in accordance with the regulations and 688 689 conducts a table-top exercise at least once every two years;

690 c. The Department has verification that both the local organization for emergency management and **691** the Virginia Department of Emergency Management have on file current emergency action plans and 692 updates for the impounding structure;

693 d. That conditions at the impounding structure are monitored on a daily basis and as dictated by the 694 emergency action plan;

695 e. The impounding structure is inspected at least annually by a professional engineer and all observed 696 deficiencies are addressed within 120 days of such inspection;

f. The owner has a dam break inundation zone map developed in accordance with the regulations **697** 698 that is acceptable to the Department;

699 g. The owner is insured in an amount that will substantially cover the costs of downstream property 700 losses to others that may result from a dam failure; and

701 h. The owner shall post the dam's emergency action plan on his website, or upon the request of the 702 owner, the Department or another state agency responsible for providing emergency management services to citizens agrees to post the plan on its website. If the Department or another state agency 703 704 agrees to post the plan on its website, the owner shall provide the plan in a format suitable for posting.

705 2. A dam owner who meets the conditions of subdivisions 1 a through 1 h, but has not provided 706 record drawings to the Department for his impounding structure, shall submit a complete record report 707 developed in accordance with the construction permit requirements of the Impounding Structure 708 Regulations, excluding the required submittal of the record drawings.

3. A dam owner who fails to submit certifications required by subdivisions 1 a through 1 h in a 709 710 timely fashion shall not enjoy the presumption that such impounding structure is deemed to be in compliance with the spillway requirements of the Board's Impounding Structure Regulations (4 VAC 711 712 50-20).

713 4. Any dam owner who has submitted the certifications required by subdivisions 1 a through 1 h shall make (i) such certifications, (ii) the emergency action plan required by subdivision 1 a, and (iii) 714 the certificate of insurance required by subdivision 1 g available, upon request and within five business 715 716 days, to any person. A dam owner may comply with the requirements of this subdivision by providing the same information on a website and directing the requestor to such website. A dam owner who fails 717 718 to comply with this subdivision shall be subject to a civil penalty pursuant to § 10.1-613.2.

719 C. The Board's regulations shall establish an incremental damage analysis procedure that permits the 720 spillway design flood requirement for an impounding structure to be reduced to the level at which dam failure shall not significantly increase downstream hazard to life or property, provided that the spillway 721 722 design flood requirement shall not be reduced to below the 100-year flood event for high or significant 723 hazard impounding structures, or to below the 50-year flood event for low hazard potential impounding 724 structures.

725 D. The Board shall consider the impact of limited-use or private roadways with low traffic volume 726 and low public safety risk that are downstream from or across an impounding structure in the 727 determination of the hazard potential classification of an impounding structure. 728

§ 10.1-605.2. Certain regulations affecting impounding structures.

729 The Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board shall, in accordance with the Administrative Process 730 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), adopt regulations that consider the impact of downstream limited-use or private 731 roadways with low traffic volume and low public safety risk on the determination of the hazard potential 732 classification of an impounding structure under the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.).

733 § 10.1-636. Definitions.

734 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

735 "Board" means the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and Recreation.

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736 "Facility" means any structures, foundations, appurtenances, spillways, lands, easements and 737 rights-of-way necessary to (i) store additional water for immediate or future use in feasible flood 738 prevention sites; (ii) create the potential to store additional water by strengthening the foundations and 739 appurtenances of structures in feasible flood prevention sites; or (iii) store water in sites not feasible for 740 flood prevention programs, and to properly operate and maintain such stores of water or potential stores 741 of water.

742 "Fund" or "revolving fund" means the Conservation, Small Watersheds Flood Control and Area 743 Development Fund.

744 "Storing additional water in feasible flood prevention sites" means storage of water for other than flood prevention purposes above the capacity of any given structure to hold water for the purpose of 745 flood prevention in flood prevention sites within a flood prevention project having a favorable 746 747 benefit-cost ratio where it is economically feasible to provide the capacity to store additional water or 748 the potential for additional water storage capacity.

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§ 10.1-637. Fund continued; administrative control.

750 The "Conservation, Small Watersheds Flood Control and Area Development Fund," is continued and shall be administered and used as hereinafter provided. The revolving fund shall also consist of any 751 752 moneys appropriated by the General Assembly.

753 The administrative control of the fund and the responsibility for the administration of the provisions 754 of this article are hereby vested in the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and 755 *Recreation.* The Board is authorized to establish guidelines for the proper administration of the fund and 756 the provisions of this article.

§ 10.1-651. Establishment and administration of Program.

758 The Stream Restoration Assistance Program is continued to protect the natural streams of the 759 Commonwealth. The Program shall aid in the stabilization and protection of natural streams which have been severely damaged by naturally occurring flooding events. The Program shall be administered by 760 the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and Recreation in cooperation with soil 761 762 and water conservation districts and local governments throughout the Commonwealth. To assist in the development of the Program, the Board shall seek the advisory opinion of the State Water Control 763 764 Board and the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries. 765

§ 10.1-653. Application for assistance.

766 Landowners who wish to receive assistance under the Program shall apply to the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board of Conservation and Recreation. The Board shall provide copies of the 767 768 applications to the chairmen of the soil and water districts, where applicable, and the local governing 769 bodies having jurisdiction in the area where the damage has occurred. 770

§ 10.1-659. Flood protection programs; coordination.

771 The provisions of this chapter shall be coordinated with federal, state and local flood prevention and water quality programs to minimize loss of life, property damage and negative impacts on the environment. This program coordination shall include but not be limited to the following: flood 772 773 774 prevention, flood plain management, small watershed protection, and dam safety, soil conservation, 775 stormwater management and erosion and sediment control programs of the Department of Conservation 776 and Recreation and the Board of Conservation and Recreation; the construction activities of the Department of Transportation which result in hydrologic modification of rivers, streams and flood plains; 777 778 the water quality, Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area criteria, stormwater management, erosion and 779 sediment control, and other water management programs of the State Water Control Board; forested 780 watershed management programs of the Department of Forestry; the statewide building code and other 781 land use control programs of the Department of Housing and Community Development; the habitat management programs of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission; the hazard mitigation planning 782 783 and disaster response programs of the Department of Emergency Management; the fish habitat protection 784 programs of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries; the mineral extraction regulatory program of 785 the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy; the flood plain restrictions of the Department of Virginia Waste Management Board; the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area criteria and local 786 government assistance programs of the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board. The Department 787 788 shall also coordinate and cooperate with localities in rendering assistance to such localities in their efforts to comply with the planning, subdivision of land and zoning provisions of Chapter 22 789 **790** (§ 15.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 15.2. The Department shall cooperate with other public and private 791 agencies having flood plain management programs, and shall coordinate its responsibilities under this 792 article and any other law. These activities shall constitute the Commonwealth's flood prevention and 793 protection program.

794 § 10.1-1185. Appointment of Director; powers and duties of Director.

795 The Department shall be headed by a Director appointed by the Governor to serve at his pleasure. 796 The Director shall be an experienced administrator with knowledge of environmental protection and

797 government operation and shall have demonstrated expertise in organizational management and 798 environmental science, environmental law, or environmental policy. The Director of the Department of 799 Environmental Quality shall, under the direction and control of the Governor, exercise such power and 800 perform such duties as are conferred or imposed upon him by law and shall perform such other duties 801 as may be required of him by the Governor and the following Boards: the State Air Pollution Control 802 Board, the State Water Control Board, and the Virginia Waste Management Board, and the Virginia Soil 803 and Water Conservation Board. The Director or his designee shall serve as executive officer of the 804 aforementioned Boards.

805 All powers and duties conferred or imposed upon the Executive Director of the Department of Air Pollution Control, the Executive Director of the State Water Control Board, the Administrator of the 806 807 Council on the Environment, and the Director of the Department of Waste Management are continued and conferred or imposed upon the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality or his 808 809 designee. Wherever in this title and in the Code of Virginia reference is made to the head of a division, 810 department or agency hereinafter transferred to this Department, it shall mean the Director of the 811 Department of Environmental Quality. 812

§ 10.1-1186. General powers of the Department.

813 The Department shall have the following general powers, any of which the Director may delegate as 814 appropriate: 815

1. Employ such personnel as may be required to carry out the duties of the Department;

816 2. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 817 duties and the execution of its powers under this chapter, including, but not limited to, contracts with the United States, other states, other state agencies and governmental subdivisions of the 818 819 Commonwealth;

3. Accept grants from the United States government and agencies and instrumentalities thereof and 820 821 any other source. To these ends, the Department shall have the power to comply with such conditions 822 and execute such agreements as may be necessary, convenient, or desirable; 823

4. Accept and administer services, property, gifts and other funds donated to the Department;

824 5. Implement all regulations as may be adopted by the State Air Pollution Control Board, the State 825 Water Control Board, and the Virginia Waste Management Board, and the Virginia Soil and Water 826 Conservation Board:

827 6. Administer, under the direction of the Boards, funds appropriated to it for environmental programs 828 and make contracts related thereto;

829 7. Advise and coordinate the responses of state agencies to notices of proceedings by the State Water 830 Control Board to consider certifications of hydropower projects under 33 U.S.C. § 1341;

8. Advise interested agencies of the Commonwealth of pending proceedings when the Department of Environmental Quality intervenes directly on behalf of the Commonwealth in a Federal Energy 831 832 833 Regulatory Commission proceeding or when the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries intervenes in a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission proceeding to coordinate the provision of information and 834 835 testimony for use in the proceedings;

836 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and to the extent consistent with federal requirements, following a proceeding as provided in § 2.2-4019, issue special orders to any person to comply with: (i) 837 838 the provisions of any law administered by the Boards, the Director or the Department, (ii) any condition 839 of a permit or a certification, (iii) any regulations of the Boards, or (iv) any case decision, as defined in 840 § 2.2-4001, of the Boards or Director. The issuance of a special order shall be considered a case 841 decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. The Director shall not delegate his authority to impose civil penalties 842 in conjunction with issuance of special orders. For purposes of this subdivision, "Boards" means the State Air Pollution Control Board, the State Water Control Board, and the Virginia Waste Management 843 844 Board: and 10. Perform all acts necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

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Article 1.2.

Nutrient Management Plans.

§ 10.1-1187.8. Voluntary nutrient management training and certification program.

A. The Department shall operate a voluntary nutrient management training and certification program 849 850 to certify the competence of persons preparing nutrient management plans for the purpose of (i)851 assisting landowners and operators in the management of land application of fertilizers, municipal sewage sludges, animal manures, and other nutrient sources for agronomic benefits and for the 852 853 protection of the Commonwealth's ground and surface waters and (ii) assisting owners and operators of 854 agricultural land and turf to achieve economic benefits from the effective management and application 855 of nutrients.

B. The Department shall develop a flexible, tiered, Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Program to 856 857 assist owners and operators of agricultural land and turf in (i) preparing nutrient management plans for 858 their own property that meet the nutrient management specifications developed by the Department and

859 (ii) achieving economic benefits for owners and operators as a result of effective nutrient management. 860 The Department shall convene a stakeholder group composed of individuals representing agricultural 861 and environmental organizations to assist in the development of this Program. Individuals representing the agricultural stakeholders shall include both farmers who currently operate farms and agribusiness 862 863 representatives who serve the farming community. Individuals representing environmental stakeholders 864 shall include at least two members and a staff member of the Virginia Delegation to the Chesapeake 865 Bay Commission and one representative from the Rappahannock River Basin Commission. The Program 866 shall (a) allow owners and operators of agricultural lands and turf who are not required to have a 867 certified nutrient management plan to prepare their own nutrient management plans; (b) include a tiered 868 approach for lands of different sizes, agricultural production, and nutrient applications; (c) consider 869 similar online programs in other states or sponsored by universities; (d) address how the nutrient 870 management plans can be verified and receive credit in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model for properties in the Chesapeake Bay watershed; (e) begin testing the software for the Program by July 1, 871 2013, and begin full implementation by July 1, 2014; and (f) include any other issues related to 872 873 developing a flexible, tiered, Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Program for owners and operators of 874 agricultural lands and turf.

875 C. Any personal or proprietary information collected pursuant to subsection B shall be exempt from 876 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), except that the Director may release 877 information that has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow 878 identification of the persons who supplied, or are the subject of, particular information. This subsection 879 shall not preclude the application of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act in all other instances of 880 federal or state regulatory actions.

881 D. The Department shall, with the approval of the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, 882 adopt regulations:

883 1. Specifying qualifications and standards for individuals to be deemed competent in nutrient 884 management plan preparation, and providing for the issuance of documentation of certification to such 885 individuals;

886 2. Specifying conditions under which a certificate issued to an individual may be suspended or 887 revoked;

888 3. Providing for criteria relating to the development of nutrient management plans for various 889 agricultural and urban agronomic practices, including protocols for use by laboratories in determining 890 soil fertility, animal manure nutrient content, or plant tissue nutrient uptake for the purpose of nutrient 891 management;

892 4. Establishing fees to be paid by individuals enrolling in the training and certification programs;

893 5. Providing for the performance of other duties and the exercise of other powers by the Director as **894** may be necessary to provide for the training and certification of individuals preparing nutrient 895 management plans; and 896

6. Giving due consideration to relevant existing agricultural certification programs.

897 E. There is hereby established a special, nonreverting fund in the state treasury to be known as the 898 Nutrient Management Training and Certification Fund. The fund shall consist of all fees collected by the 899 Department pursuant to subsection D. No part of the fund, either principal or interest, shall revert to 900 the general fund. The fund shall be administered by the Director and shall be used solely for the 901 payment of expenses of operating the nutrient management training and certification program.

902 F. For the purposes of this section, the term "turf" shall have the same meaning as defined in § 903 3.2-3600.

904 § 10.1-1187.9. Nitrogen application rates; regulations.

905 The Department shall adopt regulations that amend the application rates in the Virginia Nutrient 906 Management Standards and Criteria by incorporating into such regulations the recommended 907 application rates for nitrogen in lawn fertilizer and lawn maintenance fertilizer and the recommended application rates for "slow or controlled release fertilizer" and "enhanced efficiency lawn fertilizer," as 908 909 such terms are defined and adopted or proposed for adoption by the American Association of Plant 910 Food Control Officials, as described in the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' 911 December 2011 "Report on the Use of Slowly Available Nitrogen in Lawn Fertilizer and Lawn 912 Maintenance Fertilizer.' 913

§ 10.1-1187.10. Clean Water Farm Award Program.

914 The Director shall establish the Clean Water Farm Award Program to recognize farms in the 915 Commonwealth that utilize practices designed to protect water quality and soil resources. A farm shall 916 be eligible for recognition upon application from the farmer or the local soil and water conservation 917 district, if the district concurs that the farmer is implementing conservation practices that effectively address agricultural nonpoint source pollutants. Such practices may include vegetative riparian buffers, 918

919 cover crops, conservation tillage, livestock exclusion from waterways, and nutrient management plans. 920 The Director may establish guidelines for limiting the quantity of annual recipients, receiving and 921 ranking applications, ensuring geographical representation of awards from the major watersheds of the

922 Commonwealth including the Chesapeake Bay watershed, providing local farm recognition through the

923 local soil and water conservation districts, and providing special statewide recognition to select farms.

924 Recognition under this program shall not be a requirement under any other state program.

925 § 10.1-1187.11. Nutrient management plans required for state lands; review of plans.

926 A. On or before July 1, 2006, all state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state 927 governmental entities that own land upon which fertilizer, manure, sewage sludge, or other compounds 928 containing nitrogen or phosphorus are applied to support agricultural, turf, plant growth, or other uses 929 shall develop and implement a nutrient management plan for such land. The plan shall be in 930 conformance with the following nutrient management requirements:

931 1. For all state-owned agricultural and forestal lands where nutrient applications occur, state 932 agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall submit site-specific 933 individual nutrient management plans prepared by a certified nutrient management planner pursuant to 934 § 10.1-1187.8 and regulations promulgated thereunder. However, where state agencies are conducting 935 research involving nutrient application rate and timing on state-owned agricultural and forestal lands, 936 such lands shall be exempt from the application rate and timing provisions contained in the regulations 937 developed pursuant to § 10.1-1187.8.

938 2. For all state-owned lands other than agricultural and forestal lands where nutrient applications 939 occur, state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall submit 940 nutrient management plans prepared by a certified nutrient management planner pursuant to 941 § 10.1-1187.8 and regulations promulgated thereunder or planning standards and specifications 942 acceptable to the Department.

943 B. Plans or planning standards and specifications submitted under subdivisions A 1 and A 2 shall be 944 reviewed and approved by the Department. Such approved plans and planning standards and 945 specifications shall be in effect for a maximum of three years, and shall be revised and submitted for 946 approval to the Department at least once every three years thereafter.

947 C. State agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities shall maintain 948 and properly implement any such nutrient management plan or planning standards or specifications on 949 all areas where nutrients are applied.

950 D. The Department may (i) provide technical assistance and training on the development and 951 implementation of a nutrient management plan, (ii) conduct periodic reviews as part of its 952 responsibilities authorized under this section, and (iii) assess an administrative charge to cover a 953 portion of the costs for services associated with its responsibilities authorized under this section.

954 E. The Department shall develop written procedures for the development, submission, and the 955 implementation of a nutrient management plan or planning standards and specifications that shall be 956 provided to all state agencies, state colleges and universities, and other state governmental entities that 957 own land upon which nutrients are applied. 958

§ 10.1-1187.12. Nutrient management plans required for golf courses; penalty.

959 A. On or before July 1, 2017, all persons that own land operated as a golf course and upon which 960 fertilizer, manure, sewage sludge, or other compounds containing nitrogen or phosphorous are applied to support turf, plant growth, or other uses shall develop and implement nutrient management plans for 961 962 such land in accordance with the regulations adopted pursuant to § 10.1-1187.8. However, such lands 963 shall be exempt from the application rate and timing provisions contained in any regulations developed 964 pursuant to § 10.1-1187.8 if research involving nutrient application rate and timing is conducted on 965 such lands.

966 B. Nutrient management plans developed pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the 967 Department. The Department shall approve or contingently approve such nutrient management plans 968 within 30 days of submission. Such nutrient management plans shall be revised and resubmitted for 969 approval to the Department every five years thereafter or upon a major renovation or redesign of the 970 golf course lands, whichever occurs sooner.

971 C. Golf courses shall maintain and properly implement approved nutrient management plans, 972 planning standards, and specifications on all areas where nutrients are applied. 973

D. Nutrient management plans shall be made available to the Department upon request.

974 E. The Department shall (i) provide technical assistance and training on the development and 975 implementation of nutrient management plans, planning standards, and specifications and (ii) establish, 976 prior to July 1, 2015, a cost-share program specific to golf courses for implementation of this section.

977 F. Any information collected pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the Virginia Freedom of 978 Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

979 G. A golf course owner found to be in violation of this section after July 1, 2017, shall be given 90 980 days to submit a nutrient management plan to the Department for approval before a \$250 civil penalty 981 is imposed. All civil penalties imposed under this section shall be deposited in the Nutrient Management

982 Training and Certification Fund established pursuant § 10.1-1187.8.

983 H. Golf courses in compliance with this section shall not be subject to local ordinances governing 984 the use or application of fertilizer.

Article 1.3. Soil and Water Conservation.

987 § 10.1-1187.13. Definitions.

- **988** As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 989 "Board" means the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board.
- 990 "City" includes all cities chartered under the Commonwealth.
- 991 "County" includes towns.

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992 "District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 993 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

994 "District director" means a member of the governing body of a district authorized to serve as a 995 director.

996 "Due notice" means notice published at least twice, with an interval of at least seven days between
997 the two publication dates, in a newspaper or other publication of general circulation within the appropriate area, or if no such publication of general circulation is available, by posting at a reasonable number of conspicuous places within the appropriate area. Such posting shall include, where possible, posting at public places where it is customary to post notices concerning county or municipal affairs. Hearings held pursuant to such notice, at the time and place designated in the notice, may be adjourned from time to time without renewing the notice for the adjourned dates.

1003 "Governing body of a city or county" means the entire governing body regardless of whether all or 1004 part of that city or county is included or to be included within a district.

1005 "Government" or "governmental" includes the government of the Commonwealth, the government of the United States, and any of their subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.

1007 "Land occupier" or "occupier of land" includes any person, firm, or corporation who holds title to,
1008 or is in possession of, any lands lying within a district organized, or proposed to be organized, under
1009 the provisions of this chapter, in the capacity of owner, lessee, renter, tenant, or cropper. The terms
1010 "land occupier" and "occupier of land" shall not include an ordinary employee or hired hand who is
1011 furnished a dwelling, garden, utilities, supplies, or the like, as part payment, or payment in full, for his
1012 labor.

1013 "Locality" means a county, city, or town.

1014 § 10.1-1187.14. Certified mail; subsequent mail or notices may be sent by regular mail.

1015 Whenever in this chapter the Board or the Director is required to send any mail or notice by
1016 certified mail and such mail or notice is sent certified mail, return receipt requested, then any
1017 subsequent, identical mail or notice that is sent by the Board or the Director may be sent by regular
1018 mail.

1019 § 10.1-1187.15. Duty of the Attorney General.

1020 The Attorney General shall represent and provide consultation and legal advice in suits or actions **1021** under this chapter upon request of the district directors or districts.

1022 § 10.1-1187.16. Defense of claims.

 The Attorney General shall provide the legal defense against any claim made against any soil and water conservation district, director, officer, agent, or employee thereof (i) arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of buildings, grounds, or properties owned, leased, or maintained by any soil and water conservation district or used by district employees or other authorized persons in the course of their employment or (ii) arising out of acts or omissions of any nature while acting in an authorized governmental or proprietary capacity and in the course and scope of employment or authorization.

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Article 1.4.

Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board.

§ 10.1-1187.17. Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board; composition.

1032 The Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board is continued and shall perform the functions 1033 conferred upon it in this article. The Board shall consist of seven voting members. The Director of the 1034 Department of Environmental Quality, or his designee, shall serve as an executive officer of the Board, 1035 but shall not serve as a member thereof. After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen 1036 members shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of four years. At least one member shall be 1037 appointed by the Governor as an at-large member and should have a demonstrated interest in natural 1038 resource conservation with a background or knowledge in soil conservation and water quality 1039 protection. Additionally, four members shall be farmers at the time of their appointment and two 1040 members shall be farmers or district directors at the time of their appointment, appointed by the 1041 Governor from a list of two qualified nominees for each vacancy jointly submitted by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Association of Soil and Water Conservation Districts and the Virginia Soil and 1042

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1043 Water Conservation Board, each for a term of four years. No appointed member shall serve more than 1044 two consecutive full terms. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as the 1045 original appointments, except that such appointments shall be for the unexpired terms only. The Director 1046 of the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service, the State Forester, and the Commissioner of Agriculture 1047 and Consumer Services or their designees shall serve as nonvoting ex officio members of the Board. The 1048 Board may invite the Virginia State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, to serve 1049 as an advisory nonvoting member. The Board shall keep a record of its official actions and may 1050 perform acts, hold public hearings, and promulgate regulations necessary for the execution of its 1051 functions under this chapter.

1052 § 10.1-1187.18. Administrative officer and other employees; executive committee.

1053 The Director shall provide technical experts and other agents and employees, permanent and temporary, necessary for the execution of the functions of the Board. The Board may create an executive 1054 1055 committee and delegate to the chairman of the Board, or to the committee or to the Director, such powers and duties as it deems proper. Upon request of the Board, for the purpose of carrying out any 1056 1057 of its functions, the supervising officer of any state agency or of any state institution of learning shall, 1058 insofar as possible under available appropriations, and having due regard for the needs of the agency 1059 to which the request is directed, assign or detail, members of the staff or personnel of the agency or institution to the Board and make special reports, surveys, or studies requested by the Board. 1060 1061

§ 10.1-1187.19. Chairman; quorum.

1062 The Board shall designate its chairman and may, from time to time, change such designation. Four 1063 members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of those present and voting shall be required for all determinations. 1064 1065

§ 10.1-1187.20. Duties of Board.

1066 In addition to other duties and powers conferred upon the Board, it shall have the following duties 1067 and powers:

1068 1. To give or loan appropriate financial and other assistance to district directors in carrying out any 1069 of their powers and programs.

1070 2. To keep district directors informed of the activities and experience of all other districts, and to 1071 facilitate an interchange of advice and experience between the districts. 1072

3. To coordinate the programs of the districts so far as this may be done by advice and consultation.

1073 4. To secure the cooperation and assistance of the United States and any of its agencies, and of 1074 agencies of the Commonwealth, in the work of the districts.

1075 5. To disseminate information throughout the Commonwealth concerning the activities and programs 1076 of the districts, and to encourage the formation of such districts in areas where their organization is 1077 desirable.

1078 6. To assist persons, associations, and corporations engaged in furthering the programs of the 1079 districts; to encourage and assist in the establishment and operation of such associations and 1080 corporations; and to authorize financial assistance to the officers and members of such associations and 1081 corporations in the discharge of their duties.

1082 7. Consistent with the Board's purpose and authority, to receive, review, and approve or disapprove 1083 applications for assistance in planning and carrying out works of improvement under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, P.L. 83-566, as amended, and to receive, review, and approve or 1084 1085 disapprove applications for any other similar soil and water conservation programs provided in federal 1086 laws that by their terms or by related executive orders require such action by a state agency.

1087 8. Consistent with the Board's purpose and authority, to advise and recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of all work plans developed under Public Law 83-566 and Public Law 78-535 1088 1089 and to advise and recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of other similar soil and water 1090 conservation programs provided in federal laws that by their terms or by related executive orders 1091 require approval or comment by the Governor.

1092 9. To provide for the conservation of soil and water resources thereby preserving the natural 1093 resources of the Commonwealth. 1094

Article 1.5.

Soil and Water Conservation Districts.

1096 § 10.1-1187.21. Power to create new districts and to relocate or define district boundaries; 1097 composition of districts.

1098 A. The Board shall have the power to (i) create a new district from territory not previously within an 1099 existing district, (ii) merge or divide existing districts, (iii) transfer territory from an existing district to 1100 another district, (iv) modify or create a district by a combination of the above, and (v) relocate or 1101 define the boundaries of soil and water conservation districts in the manner hereafter prescribed.

1102 B. An incorporated town within any county having a soil and water conservation district shall be a 1103 part of that district. If a town lies within the boundaries of more than one county, it shall be considered 1104 to be wholly within the county in which the larger portion of the town lies.

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1105 § 10.1-1187.22. Petitions filed with the Board.

1106 Petitions to modify or create districts, or relocate or define boundaries of existing districts, shall be 1107 initiated and filed with the Board for its approval or disapproval by any of the following methods:

1108 1. By petition of a majority of the directors of any or each district or by petition from a majority of 1109 the governing body of any or each county or city.

1110 2. By petition of a majority of the governing body of a county or city not within an existing district, 1111 requesting to be included in an existing district and concurred in by the district directors.

1112 3. By petition of a majority of the governing body of a county or city or parts thereof not included 1113 within an existing district, requesting that a new district be created.

1114 4. By petition, signed by a number of registered voters equal to 25 percent of the vote cast in the 1115 last general election, who are residents of a county or city not included within an existing district, requesting that a new district be created, or requesting to be included within an existing district. If the 1116 1117 petition bears the signatures of the requisite number of registered voters of a county or city, or two or 1118 more cities, then the petition shall be deemed to be the joint petition of the particular combination of 1119 political subdivisions named in the petition. If the petition deals in whole or in part with a portion or 1120 portions of a political subdivision or subdivisions, then the number of signatures necessary for each 1121 portion of a political subdivision shall be the same as if the whole political subdivision were involved in 1122 the petition, and may come from the political subdivision at large.

1123 § 10.1-1187.23. Contents and form of petition.

1124 The petition shall set forth:

1125 1. The proposed name of the district;

1126 2. That there is need, in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, for the proposed 1127 district to function in the territory described in the petition, and a brief statement of the grounds upon 1128 which this conclusion is based;

1129 3. A description of the territory proposed to be organized as a district, which description shall not 1130 be required to be given by metes and bounds or by legal subdivision, but shall be deemed sufficient if 1131 generally accurate; and

1132 4. A request that the Board define the boundaries for such district, that a hearing be held within the 1133 territory so defined on the question of the creation of a district in such territory, and that the Board 1134 determine that such a district be created.

1135 Where more than one petition is filed covering parts of the same territory, the Board may 1136 consolidate the petitions.

1137 The Board shall prescribe the petition form. 1138

§ 10.1-1187.24. Disapproval of petition.

1139 If the Board disapproves the petition, its determination shall be recorded, and if the petitioners are 1140 the governing body of a district, county, or city or a part of a county or city, the governing body shall 1141 be notified in writing. If the petitioners are the requisite number of registered voters prescribed by subdivision 4 of § 10.1-1187.22, notification shall be by a notice printed once in a newspaper of general 1142 1143 circulation within the area designated in the petition. 1144

§ 10.1-1187.25. Petition approved; Board to give notice of hearing.

1145 If the Board approves the petition, within 60 days after such determination, the Board shall provide 1146 due notice of the approval in a newspaper of general circulation in each county or city involved. The 1147 notice shall include notice of a hearing upon the question of the desirability and necessity, in the 1148 interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, of the action proposed by the petition upon (i) the 1149 question of the appropriate boundaries to be assigned to such district, (ii) the propriety of the petition 1150 and other proceedings taken under this chapter, and (iii) all questions relevant to such inquiries.

1151 § 10.1-1187.26. Adjournment of hearing when additional territory appears desirable.

1152 If it appears upon the hearing that it may be desirable to include within the proposed district 1153 territory outside of the area within which due notice of the hearing has been given, the hearing shall be 1154 adjourned and due notice of a further hearing shall be given throughout the entire area considered for 1155 inclusion in the district. 1156

§ 10.1-1187.27. Determination of need for district.

1157 After a public hearing, if the Board determines that there is need, in the interest of the public health, 1158 safety, and welfare, for the proposed district to function in the territory considered at the hearing, it 1159 shall record its determination and shall define, by metes and bounds or by legal subdivisions, the 1160 boundaries of the district. In so doing, the Board shall consider (i) the topography of the area 1161 considered and of the Commonwealth, (ii) the composition of soils in the area, (iii) the distribution of 1162 erosion, (iv) the prevailing land-use practices, (v) the desirability and necessity of including within the 1163 boundaries the particular lands under consideration and the benefits the lands may receive from being included within such boundaries, (vi) the relation of the proposed area to existing watersheds and to 1164 1165 other soil and water conservation districts already organized or proposed for organization, (vii) the

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1166 existing political subdivisions, and (viii) other relevant physical, geographical, economic, and funding factors. The territory to be included within such boundaries need not be contiguous. 1167

1168 § 10.1-1187.28. Determination that district not needed.

1169 If the Board determines after the hearing, and after due consideration of the relevant facts, that 1170 there is no need for a soil and water conservation district to function in the territory considered at the 1171 hearing, it shall record its determination and deny the petition.

1172 § 10.1-1187.29. Determination of feasibility of operation.

1173 After the Board has made and recorded a determination that there is need for the organization of the 1174 proposed district in a particular territory, and has defined the boundaries, it shall consider whether the 1175 operation of a district within such boundaries is administratively practicable and feasible. In making its 1176 determination, the Board shall consider the attitudes of the occupiers of lands lying within the defined boundaries, the probable expense of the operation of such district, the effect upon the programs of any 1177 1178 existing districts, and other relevant economic and social factors. If the Board determines that the 1179 operation of a district is administratively practicable and feasible, it shall record its determination and 1180 proceed with the organization of the district. If the Board determines that the operation of a district is 1181 not administratively practicable and feasible, it shall record its determination and deny the petition. If 1182 the petition is denied, the Board shall notify the petitioner in the manner provided in this article.

§ 10.1-1187.30. Composition of governing body.

1184 If the Board determines that the operation of the proposed district within the defined boundaries is 1185 administratively practicable and feasible, and the proposed district is created, then its governing body 1186 shall be a board of district directors appointed or elected in the number and manner specified as 1187 follows:

1188 1. If the district embraces one county or city, or less than one county or city, the board of district 1189 directors shall consist of five members, three to be elected by the registered voters of the district and 1190 two appointed by the Board.

1191 2. If the district embraces more than one county or city, or parts thereof, the board of district 1192 directors shall consist of two members elected by the registered voters from each county or city, or 1193 parts thereof embraced by the district. Two at-large members shall be appointed by the Board. 1194

§ 10.1-1187.31. Status of district directors in event of transfer, merger, or division of districts.

1195 In the event of the transfer, merger, or division of districts, the status of the district directors 1196 involved shall be affected as follows:

1197 1. The composition of an existing district board of a district to which territory is transferred shall 1198 remain in effect until the terms of office of the present elected members expire. Upon the transfer of a 1199 county or city, or parts thereof, from one district to another district, (i) elected district directors residing 1200 within the territory transferred shall be appointed as directors of the district to which the territory is 1201 transferred for a term of office to coincide with that of the elected directors of the district to which the 1202 territory is transferred, and (ii) appointed district directors residing within the territory transferred shall 1203 be appointed as directors of the district to which the territory is transferred for a term of office to 1204 coincide with that of the appointed directors, either as an extension agent appointee or an at-large 1205 appointee of the district to which the territory is transferred. At the option of the petitioners, a petition 1206 may request that a proposed transfer be treated as a merger or division for the purpose of this section, 1207 and the Board at its discretion may grant or refuse such request.

2. Upon the merger of existing districts, or upon the separation from two or more existing districts 1208 1209 of a county or city, or parts thereof, which merge to create a new district, all district directors residing 1210 within the territory merged shall be appointed as directors of the new district. Following the merger, (i) 1211 elected district directors residing within the territory of the new district shall be appointed as directors 1212 of the new district for a term of office to coincide with that of elected directors as provided in 1213 § 10.1-1187.45, and (ii) appointed district directors residing within the new district shall be appointed 1214 as directors of the new district for a term of office to coincide with that of the appointed directors, 1215 either as an extension agent appointee or an at-large appointee of the district as provided in 1216 § 10.1-1187.45.

1217 3. Upon the division of an existing district to create a new district, all elected or appointed district 1218 directors residing within the territory to be divided from the existing district shall be appointed as 1219 directors of the new district. Following the division, (i) elected district directors residing within the 1220 territory of the new district shall be appointed as directors of the new district for a term of office to 1221 coincide with that of elected directors as provided in § 10.1-1187.45, and (ii) appointed district directors 1222 residing within the territory of the new district shall be appointed as directors of the new district for a 1223 term of office to coincide with that of the appointed directors, either as an extension agent appointee or 1224 an at-large appointee of the district as provided in § 10.1-1187.45

1225 This section shall not be construed as broadening or limiting the size of a governing body of a 1226 district as prescribed by § 10.1-1187.30. If the operation of this section results in a governing body larger or smaller than the appropriate size permitted by § 10.1-1187.30, then such a variation, if not 1227

1228 otherwise corrected by operation of this section, shall be cured by appropriate appointments by the 1229 Board and with the next general election after the transfer, merger, or division in which all those 1230 elected directors prescribed by § 10.1-1187.30 may be elected.

1231 § 10.1-1187.32. Application and statement to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

1232 Upon the creation of a district by any means authorized by this article, two district directors 1233 appointed by the Board and authorized by the Board to do so shall present to the Secretary of the 1234 *Commonwealth an application signed by them, which shall set forth (i) that a petition for the creation of* 1235 the district was filed with the Board pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and that the proceedings 1236 specified in this chapter were conducted; (ii) that the application is being filed in order to complete the 1237 organization of the district as a political subdivision under this chapter; (iii) that the Board has 1238 appointed them as district directors; (iv) the name and official residence of each of the district directors 1239 together with a certified copy of the appointments evidencing their right to office; (v) the term of office 1240 of each of the district directors; (vi) the proposed name of the district; and (vii) the location of the 1241 principal office of the district directors. The application shall be subscribed and sworn to by the two 1242 district directors authorized by the Board to make such application before an officer authorized by the laws of the Commonwealth to take and certify oaths. The application shall be accompanied by a 1243 1244 certified statement by the Board that the district was created as required by law. The statement shall set 1245 forth the boundaries of the district as they have been defined by the Board.

1246 If the creation of a district necessitates the dissolution of an existing district, an application shall be 1247 submitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, with the application for the district to be created, by 1248 the directors of the district to be dissolved, for the discontinuance of such district, contingent upon the 1249 creation of the new district. The application for discontinuance, duly verified, shall simply state that the 1250 lands encompassed in the district to be dissolved shall be included within the territory of the district 1251 created. The application for discontinuance of such district shall be accompanied by a certified 1252 statement by the Board that the discontinued district was dissolved as required by law and the new 1253 district was created as required by law. The statement shall contain a description of the boundaries of 1254 each district dissolved and shall set forth the boundaries of the district created as defined by the Board. 1255 The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall issue to the directors of each district a certificate of 1256 dissolution and shall record the certificate in an appropriate book of record in his office.

1257 When the boundaries of districts are changed pursuant to the provisions of this article, the various 1258 affected district boards shall each present to the Secretary of the Commonwealth an application, signed 1259 by them, for a new certificate of organization evidencing the change of boundaries. The application 1260 shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth accompanied by a certified statement by the 1261 Board that the boundaries have been changed in accordance with the provisions of this article. The 1262 statement by the Board shall define the new boundary line in a manner adequate to describe the 1263 boundary changes of districts. When the application and statement have been filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the change of boundary shall become effective and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall issue to the directors of each of the districts a certificate of organization 1264 1265 1266 evidencing the change of boundaries.

§ 10.1-1187.33. Action of Secretary on the application and statement; change of name of district.

1267 1268 The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall examine the application and statement and, if he finds that 1269 the name proposed for the district is not identical to that of any other soil and water conservation 1270 district, shall receive and file them and shall record the application in an appropriate book of record in 1271 his office. If the Secretary of the Commonwealth finds that the name proposed for the district is 1272 identical to that of any other soil and water conservation district, or so nearly similar as to lead to confusion and uncertainty, he shall certify such fact to the Board, which shall submit to the Secretary of 1273 1274 the Commonwealth a new name for the district. Upon receipt of the new name, the Secretary of the 1275 Commonwealth shall record the application, with the name so modified, in an appropriate book of 1276 record in his office. When the application and statement have been made, filed and recorded, as herein 1277 provided, the district shall constitute a political subdivision of the Commonwealth. The Secretary of the 1278 Commonwealth shall make and issue to the directors a certificate, under the lesser seal of the 1279 Commonwealth, of the due organization of the district and shall record the certificate with the 1280 application and statement. The boundaries of the district shall include the territory as determined by the 1281 Board, but shall not include any area included within the boundaries of another district, except in those 1282 cases otherwise provided for in this article. The name of any district may be changed if a petition for 1283 such change is subscribed by 25 or more landowners from each county or city comprising the district 1284 and adopted by resolution of the district directors at any regular meeting. The district directors shall 1285 submit a copy of the resolution to the Board and, if the Board concurs, it shall present the resolution, 1286 together with a certified statement that it concurs, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth who shall file 1287 the resolution and issue a new or amended certificate of organization.

1288 § 10.1-1187.34. Secretary to send copies of certificates to State Board of Elections. HB2048

1289 Whenever the Secretary issues a certificate creating, dissolving, or changing the name or 1290 composition of a district, the Secretary shall promptly send a certified copy of such certificate to the 1291 State Board of Elections.

1292 § 10.1-1187.35. Renewal of petition after disapproval or denial.

1293 After six months have expired from the date of the disapproval or denial of any petition for a soil 1294 and water conservation district, subsequent petitions covering the same or substantially the same 1295 territory may be filed with the Board as provided in this article.

1296 § 10.1-1187.36. Contracts to remain in force; succession to rights and obligations.

1297 Upon consummation of any transfer, merger, or division, or any combination thereof, using territory 1298 within a previously existing district to form a new district or to add to an existing district, all contracts 1299 in effect at the time of the consummation, affecting or relating to the territory transferred, merged, or 1300 divided, to which the governing body of the district from which such territory was acquired is a party 1301 shall remain in force for the period provided in the contracts. Rights and obligations acquired or 1302 assumed by the district from which the territory was acquired shall succeed to the district to which the 1303 territory is transferred. 1304

§ 10.1-1187.37. Determination of status of district boundaries upon annexation or consolidation.

1305 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 10.1-1187.22, the Board may, in its discretion, relocate or 1306 redefine district boundaries on its own motion pending or subsequent to any annexation or 1307 consolidation.

1308 If the Board determines on its own motion to relocate or redefine district boundaries, the Board 1309 shall serve written notice of its determination, containing the full terms of the proposed relocation or 1310 redefinition, on the governing body of each district, county, city, and town affected by the relocation or redefinition of boundaries. If within 45 days from the date of service of such notice each governing body 1311 affected approves the Board's action by resolution of a majority of the members, the Board may then 1312 1313 proceed to act on its motion without a public hearing. 1314

§ 10.1-1187.38. Certificate of Secretary of Commonwealth as evidence.

1315 In any suit, action, or proceeding involving the validity or enforcement of, or relating to, any 1316 contract, proceeding, or action of the district, the district shall be deemed to have been established, 1317 reorganized, or renamed, in accordance with the provisions of this article upon proof of the issuance of 1318 the certificate by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. A copy of such certificate shall be admissible in 1319 evidence in any such suit, action, or proceeding and shall be proof of the issuance and contents thereof. 1320 § 10.1-1187.39. Nominating petitions; posting of notice.

1321 A. Beginning 30 days after the date of issuance by the Secretary of the Commonwealth of a 1322 certificate of organization of a district, but not later than the filing date specified in § 24.2-507 for the November 2003 general election and each fourth year thereafter, nominating petitions, statements of qualifications, and declarations of candidacy shall be filed with the general registrar of the county or city where the candidate resides, pursuant to §§ 24.2-501, 24.2-503, 24.2-505, 24.2-506, and 24.2-507, 1323 1324 1325 to nominate candidates for elected directors of such districts. Nominating petitions, statements of 1326 1327 qualifications, and declarations of candidacy for elected directors of existing districts shall be filed with 1328 the general registrar of the county or city where the candidate resides, pursuant to §§ 24.2-501, 1329 24.2-503, 24.2-505, 24.2-506, and 24.2-507. Notice of the date for filing such petitions and the time of 1330 the election shall be posted in a prominent location accessible to the public at each district office at 1331 least 30 days before the filing date. In addition, districts may use newsletters, websites, public service 1332 announcements, and other notices to advise the public of elections of district directors.

1333 B. Registered voters may sign more than one nominating petition to nominate more than one 1334 candidate for district director.

1335 C. The Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board shall notify each district of the requirement (i) 1336 to post notice of the dates for filing such petitions and the election and (ii) that the posting shall be in a 1337 prominent location accessible to the public at each district office at least 30 days before the filing date.

1338 D. Beginning in the year 2003, elections shall be held only at the November general election in 2003 1339 and at the November general election in each fourth year thereafter. 1340

§ 10.1-1187.40. Names of nominees furnished electoral board; how ballots printed, etc.

1341 The names of all nominees shall be furnished to the secretary of the electoral board of the respective 1342 county or city and shall be printed upon ballots. The ballots shall be printed, voted, counted, and 1343 canvassed in conformity with the provisions of general law relating to elections, except as herein 1344 otherwise provided. 1345

§ 10.1-1187.41. Canvassing returns.

1346 The result of the election shall be canvassed and certified by the electoral board for the county or city in which the candidate resides pursuant to §§ 24.2-671 through 24.2-678. The State Board of 1347 Elections shall, promptly after the meeting required by § 24.2-679, certify to the Director of the 1348 1349 Department of Environmental Quality a list of the candidates elected and certified as Directors of Soil 1350 and Water Conservation Districts, as reported pursuant to § 24.2-675.

1351 § 10.1-1187.42. Persons eligible to vote.

1352 All registered voters residing within each county or city or part thereof shall be eligible to vote in 1353 the election for their respective nominees.

1354 § 10.1-1187.43. Determination of candidates elected.

1355 If the district embraces one county or city, or less than one county or city, the three candidates who 1356 receive the largest number of the votes cast in the election shall be elected directors for the district.

1357 If the district embraces more than one county or city, or parts thereof, the two candidates from each county or city, or part thereof, receiving the largest number of the votes cast in the election shall be the 1358 1359 elected directors for the district.

1360 § 10.1-1187.44. Expenses and publication of results.

1361 The expenses of such elections shall be paid by the counties or cities concerned. The State Board of 1362 Elections shall publish, or have published within the district, the results of the election.

1363 § 10.1-1187.45. District directors constitute governing body; qualifications.

1364 The governing body of the district shall consist of five or more district directors, elected and 1365 appointed as provided in this article.

The two district directors appointed by the Board shall be persons who are by training and 1366 1367 experience qualified to perform the specialized skilled services which will be required of them in the 1368 performance of their duties. One of the appointed district directors shall be the extension agent of the 1369 county or city, or one of the counties or cities constituting the district, or a part thereof. Other 1370 appointed and elected district directors shall reside within the boundaries of the district.

1371 § 10.1-1187.46. Duties of district directors.

1372 In addition to other duties and powers, district directors shall:

1373 1. Identify soil and water issues and opportunities within the district or related to the district and 1374 establish priorities for addressing these issues:

1375 2. Seek a comprehensive understanding of the complex issues that impact soil and water, and assist 1376 in resolving the identified issues at the watershed, local, regional, state, and national levels; 1377

3. Engage in actions that will improve soil and water stewardship by use of locally led programs;

1378 4. Increase understanding among community leaders, including elected officials and others, of their 1379 role in soil and water quality protection and improvement;

1380 5. Foster discussion and advancement within the community of positions and programs by their 1381 district;

1382 6. Actively participate in the activities of the district and ensure district resources are used effectively 1383 and managed wisely; and

1384 7. Support and promote the advancement of districts and their capabilities. 1385

§ 10.1-1187.47. Designation of chairman; terms of office; filling vacancies.

1386 A. The district directors shall designate a chairman from the elected members, or from the 1387 Board-appointed members, of the district board and may change such designation.

1388 B. The term of office of each district director shall be four years. A district director shall hold office 1389 until his successor has been elected or appointed and has qualified. The selection of successors to fill a 1390 full term shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this article. Beginning in the year 2003, 1391 the election of district directors shall be held at the November 2003 general election and each fourth 1392 year thereafter. The terms of office of elected district directors shall begin on January 1 following the 1393 November general election. The term of office of any district director elected in November 1999 shall be 1394 extended to the January 1 following the November 2003 general election. The term of office of any 1395 district director elected in November 2000 shall expire on the January 1 following the November 2003 general election. The term of office of any district director elected in November 2001 or 2002 shall be 1396 1397 extended to expire on the January I following the November general election in 2007. Appointments 1398 made by the Board to the at-large position held by an extension agent shall be made to commence 1399 January 1, 2005, and each fourth year thereafter. Appointments made by the Board to the other at-large 1400 position shall be made to commence January 1, 2007, and each fourth year thereafter. Any appointment 1401 made by the Board prior to January 1, 2005, to an at-large position held by an extension agent shall be 1402 made to expire January 1, 2005; and any appointment made by the Board prior to January 1, 2007, to 1403 the other at-large position shall be made to expire January 1, 2007.

1404 C. A vacancy shall exist in the event of the death, resignation, or removal of residence from the 1405 district of any director or the elimination or detachment from the district of the territory in which a 1406 director resides, or by the removal of a director from office by the Board. Any vacancy in an elected or 1407 appointed director's position shall be filled by an appointment made by the Board for the unexpired 1408 term. In the event of the creation of a new district, the transfer of territory from an existing district to 1409 an existing district, or the addition of territory not previously within an existing district to an existing district, the Board may appoint directors to fill the vacancies of elected directors prescribed by 1410 § 10.1-1187.30 in the newly created district or in the territory added to an existing district. Such 1411

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1412 appointed directors shall serve in office until the elected directors prescribed by § 10.1-1187.30 take

1413 office after the next general election at which directors for the entire district are selected. 1414

§ 10.1-1187.48. Quorum and expenses.

1415 A majority of the district directors currently in office shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence 1416 of a majority of those present and voting shall be required for all determinations. A district director 1417 shall receive no compensation for his services, but shall be entitled to expenses, including traveling 1418 expenses, necessarily incurred in the discharge of his duties. 1419

§ 10.1-1187.49. Employment of officers, agents and employees.

1420 The district directors may employ a secretary-treasurer, whose qualifications shall be approved by 1421 the Board, technical experts, and such other officers, agents and employees, permanent and temporary, 1422 as they may require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation. 1423

§ 10.1-1187.50. Delegation of powers.

1424 The district directors may delegate to their chairman or to one or more district directors, agents, or 1425 employees such powers and duties as they may deem proper. 1426

§ 10.1-1187.51. Information furnished to the Board.

1427 The district directors shall furnish to the Board or Department, upon request, copies of ordinances, 1428 rules, regulations, orders, contracts, forms, and other documents that they adopt or employ, and other 1429 information concerning their activities as the Board or Department may require in the performance of 1430 its duties under this article. 1431

§ 10.1-1187.52. Bonds of officers and employees; records and accounts.

1432 The district directors shall (i) provide for the execution of surety bonds for all employees and officers who shall be entrusted with funds or property; (ii) provide for the keeping of a full and 1433 accurate record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations, and orders issued or adopted; 1434 and (iii) provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements by the Auditor of 1435 1436 Public Accounts or a certified public accountant approved by him.

§ 10.1-1187.53. Removal from office.

1438 Any district director may be removed by the Board for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, or 1439 may be removed in accordance with the provisions of general law. Upon receipt of a sworn complaint 1440 against a director filed by a majority of the directors of that same district, the Board shall (i) notify the 1441 district director that a complaint has been filed against him and (ii) hold a hearing to determine 1442 whether the district director's conduct constitutes neglect of duty or malfeasance in office. 1443

§ 10.1-1187.54. Representatives of governing bodies to be invited to consult with directors.

1444 The district directors shall invite the legislative body of any locality located near the territory 1445 comprised within the district to designate a representative to advise and consult with the directors of the 1446 district on all questions of program and policy which may affect the property, water supply, or other 1447 interests of such locality. 1448

§ 10.1-1187.55. District is political subdivision.

1449 A soil and water conservation district organized under the provisions of this article shall constitute a 1450 political subdivision of this Commonwealth. 1451

§ 10.1-1187.56. Surveys and dissemination of information.

1452 Districts are authorized to (i) conduct surveys, investigations, and research relating to soil erosion 1453 and floodwater and sediment damages, and to agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the 1454 conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water, and the preventive and control measures and works of improvement needed; (ii) publish the results of such surveys, investigations, or research; 1455 and (iii) disseminate information concerning preventive and control measures and works of improvement. However, in order to avoid duplication of research activities, no district shall initiate any 1456 1457 1458 research program except in cooperation with the government of the Commonwealth or the United States. 1459

§ 10.1-1187.57. Demonstrational projects.

1460 Districts are authorized to conduct demonstrational projects within the district on lands owned or 1461 controlled by the Commonwealth or any of its agencies, with the consent and cooperation of the agency 1462 administering and having jurisdiction thereof, and on any other lands within the district upon obtaining 1463 the consent of the owner and occupier of such lands or the necessary rights or interests in such lands. 1464 The purpose of such projects is to demonstrate by example the means, methods, and measures by which 1465 soil and water resources may be conserved, and soil erosion in the form of soil washing may be 1466 prevented and controlled, and works of improvement for flood prevention or agricultural and 1467 nonagricultural phases of the conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water may be 1468 carried out. 1469

§ 10.1-1187.58. Preventive and control measures.

1470 Districts are authorized to carry out preventive and control measures and works of improvement for 1471 flood prevention or agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the conservation, development, utilization, 1472 and disposal of water within the district including, but not limited to, engineering operations, methods 1473 of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, and changes in use of land on lands owned or controlled by

1474 the Commonwealth or any of its agencies, with the consent and cooperation of the agency administering 1475 and having jurisdiction thereof, and on any other lands within the district upon obtaining the consent of

1476 the owner and occupier of such lands or the necessary rights or interests in such lands.

1477 § 10.1-1187.59. Financial aid to agencies and occupiers.

1478 Districts are authorized to enter into agreements, within the limits of available appropriations, to 1479 give, lend, or otherwise furnish financial or other aid to any governmental or other agency, or any 1480 occupier of lands within the district, to provide erosion-control and prevention operations and works of 1481 improvement for flood prevention or agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the conservation, 1482 development, utilization, and disposal of water within the district. Agreements shall be subject to such 1483 conditions as the directors may deem necessary to advance the purposes of this article.

1484 § 10.1-1187.60. Acquisition, improvement and disposition of property.

1485 Districts are authorized to (i) obtain options upon and to acquire, by purchase, exchange, lease, gift, grant, bequest, devise, or otherwise, any property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein; (ii) 1486 maintain, administer, and improve any properties acquired, to receive income from such properties, and 1487 1488 to expend such income in carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article; and (iii) sell, lease, 1489 or otherwise dispose of any of their property or interests therein in furtherance of the provisions of this 1490 article. 1491

§ 10.1-1187.61. Making material and equipment available.

1492 Districts are authorized to make available, on terms they prescribe, to land occupiers within the 1493 district, agricultural and engineering machinery and equipment, fertilizer, seeds and seedlings, and other 1494 material or equipment that will assist land occupiers to conserve soil resources, to prevent and control 1495 soil erosion and to prevent floods, or to carry out the agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the 1496 conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water.

1497 § 10.1-1187.62. Construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of structures.

1498 Districts are authorized to construct, improve, operate, and maintain such structures as may be 1499 necessary or convenient for the performance of any of the operations authorized in this article. 1500

§ 10.1-1187.63. Development of programs and plans.

1501 Districts are authorized to develop comprehensive programs and plans for the conservation of soil 1502 resources, for the control and prevention of soil erosion, for flood prevention, or for agricultural and 1503 nonagricultural phases of the conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water within the 1504 district. Such programs and plans shall specify the acts, procedures, performances, and avoidances that 1505 are necessary or desirable to effect such programs and plans, including the specification of engineering 1506 operations, methods of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, cropping programs, tillage practices, and 1507 changes in use of land. After such programs and plans have been approved by the appropriate state 1508 agency or board, districts are authorized to publish such programs and plans, and information, and 1509 bring them to the attention of occupiers of lands within the district.

§ 10.1-1187.64. Delivery of Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share Program.

1511 Districts shall locally deliver the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share 1512 Program described under § 10.1-2128.1, under the direction of the Department, as a means of 1513 promoting voluntary adoption of conservation management practices by farmers and land managers in 1514 support of the nonpoint source pollution management program.

1515 § 10.1-1187.65. Acquisition and administration of projects; acting as agent for United States, etc.; 1516 acceptance of gifts. 1517

Districts shall have the following additional authority:

1510

1518 1. To acquire by purchase, lease, or other similar means, and to administer, any soil conservation, flood prevention, drainage, irrigation, agricultural and nonagricultural water management, erosion 1519 1520 control, or erosion prevention project, or combinations thereof, located within its boundaries undertaken 1521 by the United States or any of its agencies, or by the Commonwealth or any of its agencies;

1522 2. To manage, as agent of the United States or any of its agencies, or of the Commonwealth or any 1523 of its agencies, any soil conservation, flood prevention, drainage, irrigation, agricultural and 1524 nonagricultural water management, erosion control or erosion prevention project, or combinations 1525 thereof, within its boundaries;

1526 3. To act as agent for the United States or any of its agencies, or for the Commonwealth or any of 1527 its agencies, in connection with the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, or administration 1528 of any soil conservation, flood prevention, drainage, irrigation, agricultural and nonagricultural water 1529 management, erosion control, or erosion prevention project, or combinations thereof, within its 1530 boundaries: and

1531 4. To accept donations, gifts, and contributions in money, services, materials, or otherwise, from the 1532 United States or any of its agencies, or from the Commonwealth or any of its agencies or from any 1533 other source, and to use or expend such moneys, services, materials, or other contributions in carrying 1534 on its operations.

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1535 § 10.1-1187.66. Contracts; rules.

1536 Districts are authorized to have a seal; to have perpetual succession unless terminated as hereinafter 1537 provided; to make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise 1538 of their powers; to make, amend, and repeal regulations not inconsistent with this article, to effect their 1539 purposes and powers.

1540 § 10.1-1187.67. Cooperation between districts.

1541 The directors of any two or more districts may cooperate in the exercise of any or all powers 1542 conferred in this article. 1543

§ 10.1-1187.68. Virginia Envirothon.

1544 Districts in partnership with other districts, agencies, organizations, and associations are authorized 1545 to coordinate and implement the Virginia Envirothon Program, administered by the Virginia Association 1546 of Soil and Water Conservation Districts, which enables learning experiences for high school students 1547 through competitive events focusing on natural resource conservation. 1548

§ 10.1-1187.69. State agencies to cooperate.

1549 Agencies of the Commonwealth that have jurisdiction over or administer any state-owned lands, and 1550 agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth that have jurisdiction over or administer any 1551 publicly owned lands lying within the boundaries of any district, shall cooperate to the fullest extent 1552 with the district directors in the effectuation of programs and operations undertaken pursuant to this 1553 article. The district directors shall be given free access to enter and perform work upon such 1554 public-owned lands. 1555

§ 10.1-1187.70. Conditions for extension of benefits.

1556 As a condition to the extending of any benefits under this article to, or the performance of work upon, any lands not owned or controlled by the Commonwealth or any of its agencies, the district 1557 1558 directors may require contributions in money, services, materials, or otherwise to any operations 1559 conferring such benefits, and may require land occupiers to enter into and perform such agreements or 1560 covenants as to the permanent use of such lands that will tend to prevent or control erosion and prevent 1561 floodwaters and sediment damages thereon. 1562

§ 10.1-1187.71. Renting machinery and equipment.

1563 Districts are authorized to rent the machinery and other equipment made available to them by the 1564 Department to governing bodies and, individuals, or groups of individuals to be used by them for the 1565 purpose of soil and water conservation upon such terms as the district directors deem proper. 1566

§ 10.1-1187.72. Petition by landowners.

1567 Any time after two years after the organization of a district, any 25 owners of land lying within the 1568 boundaries of the district may file a petition with the Board requesting that the operations of the district 1569 be terminated and the existence of the district discontinued. 1570

§ 10.1-1187.73. Hearings.

1571 The Board may conduct public meetings and public hearings upon the termination petition to assist 1572 it in the considerations thereof. 1573

§ 10.1-1187.74. Referendum.

1574 Within 60 days after a termination petition has been received by the Board, it shall give due notice 1575 of the holding of a referendum and shall supervise the referendum and issue appropriate regulations governing the conduct thereof. The ballot shall contain the following question: "Shall the existence of 1576 1577 the (name of the soil and water conservation district) be terminated? 1578

[]Yes

[]No"

1579 1580 All registered voters residing within the boundaries of the district shall be eligible to vote in the 1581 referendum. No informalities in the conduct of the referendum or in any related matters shall invalidate 1582 the referendum or the result if proper notice has been given and if the referendum has been fairly 1583 conducted. 1584

§ 10.1-1187.75. Determination of Board.

1585 The Board shall publish the result of the referendum and shall thereafter consider and determine 1586 whether the continued operation of the district within the defined boundaries is administratively 1587 practicable and feasible. If the Board determines that the continued operation of the district is administratively practicable and feasible, it shall record the determination and deny the petition. If the 1588 1589 Board determines that the continued operation of the district is not administratively practicable and 1590 feasible, it shall record its determination and certify the determination to the district directors. In 1591 making its determination the Board shall consider the proportion of the votes cast in favor of the 1592 discontinuance of the district to the total number of votes cast, the probable expense of carrying on 1593 erosion control operations within the district, and other relevant economic and social factors. However, 1594 the Board shall not have authority to determine that the continued operation of the district is 1595 administratively practicable and feasible unless at least a majority of the votes cast in the referendum 1596 have been cast in favor of the continuance of such district.

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1597 § 10.1-1187.76. Duty of directors after certification of Board.

1598 Upon receiving from the Board certification that the Board has determined that the continued 1599 operation of the district is not administratively practicable and feasible, the district directors shall 1600 proceed to determine the affairs of the district. The district directors shall dispose of all property 1601 belonging to the district at public auction and shall pay the proceeds of the sale into the state treasury. 1602 The district directors shall then file an application, duly verified, with the Secretary of the 1603 Commonwealth, for the discontinuance of the district, and shall transmit with the application the 1604 certificate of the Board setting forth the determination of the Board that the continued operation of the 1605 district is not administratively practicable and feasible. The application shall recite that the property of 1606 the district has been disposed of and the proceeds paid over as provided by law, and shall set forth a 1607 full accounting of such properties and proceeds of the sale. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall 1608 issue to the district directors a certificate of dissolution and shall record the certificate in an 1609 appropriate book of record in his office.

§ 10.1-1187.77. Effect of issuance of certificate of dissolution. 1610

1611 Upon issuance of a certificate of dissolution, all ordinances and regulations previously adopted and 1612 in force within such district shall be of no further force. All contracts entered into, to which the district 1613 or district directors are parties, shall remain in force for the period provided in the contracts. The Board shall be substituted for the district or district directors as party to the contracts. The Board shall 1614 be entitled to all benefits and subject to all liabilities under the contracts and shall have the same right 1615 and liability to perform, to require performance, to sue and be sued thereon, and to modify or terminate 1616 1617 such contracts by mutual consent or otherwise, as the district directors would have had.

1618 § 10.1-1187.78. Petitions limited to once in five years.

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1619 The Board shall not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon 1620 such petitions, or make determinations pursuant to such petitions more often than once in five years. 1621

Article 1.6.

Watershed Improvement Districts.

§ 10.1-1187.79. Establishment within soil and water conservation district authorized.

1624 Whenever it is found that soil and water conservation or water management within a soil and water 1625 conservation district or districts will be promoted by the construction of improvements to check erosion, 1626 provide drainage, collect sediment, or stabilize the runoff of surface water, a small watershed 1627 improvement district may be established within such soil and water conservation district or districts in 1628 accordance with the provisions of this article. 1629

§ 10.1-1187.80. Petition for establishment; what to set forth.

1630 A. Any 25 owners of land lying within the limits of a proposed watershed improvement district, or a 1631 majority of such owners if there are fewer than 50, may file a petition with the directors of the soil and 1632 water conservation district or districts in which the proposed watershed improvement district is situated 1633 asking that a watershed improvement district be organized to function in the territory described in the 1634 petition. The petition shall set forth: 1635

- 1. The proposed name of the watershed improvement district:
- 1636 2. That there is need, in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, for a watershed 1637 improvement district to function in the territory described in the petition;
- 1638 3. A description of the territory proposed to be organized as a watershed improvement district, which 1639 description shall be deemed sufficient if generally accurate;

1640 4. That the territory described in the petition is contiguous and is the same watershed, or is two or more contiguous watersheds; 1641

- 1642 5. A request that the territory described in the petition be organized as a watershed improvement 1643 district; and
- 1644 6. The method for financing the proposed district, whether by means of a tax on all real estate in the 1645 proposed district or a service charge on the increase in the fair market value of all real estate in the 1646 proposed district caused by the district's project.
- 1647 B. Land lying within the limits of one watershed improvement district shall not be included in another watershed improvement district. 1648

1649 § 10.1-1187.81. Notice and hearing on petition; determination of need for district and defining 1650 boundaries.

1651 Within 30 days after a petition has been filed with the directors of the soil and water conservation 1652 district or districts, they shall cause due notice to be given of a hearing upon the practicability and 1653 feasibility of creating the proposed watershed improvement district. All owners of land within the 1654 proposed watershed improvement district and all other interested parties shall have the right to attend 1655 such a hearing and to be heard. If the directors determine from the hearing that there is need, in the 1656 interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, for the organization of the proposed watershed improvement district, they shall record their determination and define the boundaries of the watershed 1657

improvement district. The provisions of Article 1.4 (§ 10.1-1187.17 et seq.) shall apply, mutatis 1658 1659 mutandis, to such proceedings.

1660 § 10.1-1187.82. Determination of whether operation of proposed district is feasible; referendum.

1661 If the district directors determine that a need for the proposed watershed improvement district exists 1662 and after they define the boundaries of the proposed district, they shall consider the administrative 1663 feasibility of operating the proposed watershed improvement district. To assist the district directors in 1664 determining such question, a referendum shall be held upon the proposition of the creation of the proposed watershed improvement district. Due notice of the referendum shall be given by the district 1665 1666 directors. All owners of land lying within the boundaries of the proposed watershed improvement district shall be eligible to vote in the referendum. The district directors may prescribe necessary regulations 1667 1668 governing the conduct of the hearing.

1669 § 10.1-1187.83. Ballots used in such referendum.

1670 The question shall be submitted by ballots, which shall contain the following question: "Shall a 1671 watershed improvement district be created of the lands described below and lying in the county(ies) or 1672 *city(ies) of* *and* ?

1673 []Yes 1674

1712

[]No"

1675 The ballot shall set forth the boundaries of the proposed district determined by the Board.

1676 The ballot shall also set forth the method or methods of real estate assessment as determined by the 1677 district directors.

1678 § 10.1-1187.84. Consideration of results of referendum; simple majority vote required.

1679 The results of the referendum shall be considered by the district directors in determining whether the 1680 operation of the proposed watershed improvement district is administratively practicable and feasible. The district directors shall not be authorized to determine that operation of the proposed watershed 1681 1682 improvement district is administratively practicable and feasible unless a simple majority of the votes cast in the referendum have been cast in favor of the creation of the watershed improvement district. 1683 1684

§ 10.1-1187.85. Declaration of organization of district; certification to Board.

1685 If the district directors determine that operation of the proposed watershed improvement district is administratively practicable and feasible, they shall declare the watershed improvement district to be 1686 organized and shall record the fact in their official minutes. Following such entry in their official 1687 1688 minutes, the district directors shall certify the fact of the organization of the watershed improvement 1689 district to the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, and shall furnish a copy of the certification 1690 to the clerk of each county or city in which any portion of the watershed improvement district is 1691 situated for recordation in the public land records of each such county or city. The watershed 1692 improvement district shall thereupon constitute a political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

1693 § 10.1-1187.86. Establishment of watershed improvement district situated in more than one soil 1694 and water conservation district.

1695 If a proposed watershed improvement district is situated in more than one soil and water 1696 conservation district, copies of the petition shall be presented to the directors of all the soil and water 1697 conservation districts in which the proposed watershed improvement district is situated, and the 1698 directors of all affected soil and water conservation districts shall act jointly as a board of directors 1699 with respect to all matters concerning the watershed improvement district, including its organization. 1700 The watershed improvement district shall be organized in the same manner and shall have the same 1701 powers and duties as a watershed improvement district situated entirely in one soil and water 1702 conservation district. 1703

§ 10.1-1187.87. Inclusion of additional territory.

1704 Petitions for including additional territory within an existing watershed improvement district may be 1705 filed with directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts in which the watershed 1706 improvement district is situated, and in such cases the provisions hereof for petitions to organize the 1707 watershed improvement district shall be observed to the extent deemed practicable by the district 1708 directors. In referenda upon petitions for such inclusion, all owners of land situated in the proposed 1709 additional territory shall be eligible to vote. No additional territory shall be included in an existing 1710 watershed improvement district unless owners of land representing two-thirds of the acreage proposed to 1711 be included vote in favor thereof.

§ 10.1-1187.88. Governing body of district; trustees.

1713 The directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts in which the watershed 1714 improvement district is situated shall be the governing body of the watershed improvement district. They may appoint, in consultation with and subject to the approval of the Virginia Soil and Water 1715 Conservation Board, three trustees who shall be owners of land within the watershed improvement 1716 1717 district. The trustees shall exercise the administrative duties and powers delegated to them by the 1718 directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts. The trustees shall hold office at the will 1719 of the directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts and the Virginia Soil and Water

1720 Conservation Board. The trustees shall designate a chairman and may change such designation. One of
1721 the trustees may be selected as treasurer and shall be responsible for the safekeeping of the funds of the
1722 watershed improvement district. When a watershed improvement district lies in more than one soil and
1723 water conservation district, the directors of all such districts shall act jointly as the governing body of
1724 the watershed improvement district.

§ 10.1-1187.89. Officers, agents and employees; surety bonds; annual audit.

1725

The trustees may, with the approval of the directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts, employ such officers, agents, and other employees as they require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation. The district directors shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for the treasurer and such other trustees, officers, agents, and employees as shall be entrusted with funds or property of the watershed improvement district, and shall publish an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements of the watershed improvement district.

1732 § 10.1-1187.90. Status and general powers of district; power to levy tax or service charge; approval 1733 of landowners required.

1734 A watershed improvement district shall have all of the powers of the soil and water conservation 1735 district or districts in which the watershed improvement district is situated, and in addition shall have 1736 the authority to levy and collect a tax or service charge to be used for the purposes for which the 1737 watershed improvement district was created. No tax shall be levied nor service charge imposed under 1738 this article unless two-thirds of the owners of land, which two-thirds owners shall also represent 1739 ownership of at least two-thirds of the land area in such district, voting in a referendum called and held 1740 in the manner prescribed in this article, approve the levy of a tax to be expended for the purposes of the watershed improvement district. 1741

1742 § 10.1-1187.91. Levy of tax or service charge; when district in two or more counties or cities; 1743 landbooks certified to treasurers.

1744 A. On or before March 1 of each year, the trustees of the watershed improvement district shall make 1745 an estimate of the amount of money they deem necessary to be raised for the year in such district (i) for 1746 operating expenses and interest payments and (ii) for amortization of debt, and, after approval by the 1747 directors of the soil and water conservation district or districts and the Virginia Soil and Water 1748 Conservation Board, shall establish the tax rate or service charge rate necessary to raise such amount 1749 of money. The tax rate or service charge rate to be applied against the amount determined under 1750 subsection C or D shall be determined before the date fixed by law for the determination of the general 1751 levy by the governing body of the counties or cities in which the district is situated.

B. The trustees of a watershed improvement district that imposes a tax on real estate or a service
charge based on the increase in the fair market value of real estate caused by the district's project shall
make up a landbook of all properties subject to the watershed improvement district tax or service
charge on forms similar to those used by the county or city affected.

1756 A separate landbook shall be made for each county or city if the district is located in more than one 1757 county or city. The landbook or landbooks of all properties subject to the district tax or the service 1758 charge, along with the tax rate or service charge rate fixed by the governing body of the district for 1759 that year, shall be certified to the appropriate county or city treasurer or treasurers, and filed in the 1760 clerk's office of such locality or localities, by the governing body of the watershed improvement district 1761 on or before the day the county or city landbook is required to be so certified. Such landbook or 1762 landbooks shall be subject to the same retention requirements as the county or city landbook.

1763 C. For tax purposes under this article, the assessed valuation of all real estate located in a 1764 watershed improvement district shall be the same fair market valuation that appears in the most recent 1765 landbook for the county, city, or town wherein the subject property is located. However, in a watershed 1766 improvement district that is located in two or more counties or cities and in which there is a disparity 1767 of assessed valuations between the counties or cities, the governing body of the watershed improvement 1768 district may petition the judge or judges of the circuit courts in which the district is located to appoint one or more persons to assess all of the real estate in the district. The compensation of such person or 1769 1770 persons shall be prescribed by the governing body of the district and paid out of the funds of the 1771 district.

1772 D. In districts authorized to impose a service charge, the service charge shall be based on the initial 1773 increase in fair market value resulting from a project. In order to determine the initial increase in fair 1774 market value, the trustees shall subtract the fair market value of each parcel without the project, as 1775 shown in the landbook for the year immediately preceding the year in which the project was begun, 1776 from the fair market value of the parcel following completion of the project. The fair market value of 1777 each parcel with the project shall be determined by the district directors in a reasonable manner. The 1778 values so determined shall be the values against which the service charge rate is imposed so long as 1779 any bonds remain outstanding, and thereafter unless a change is approved by the district directors. If an 1780 additional improvement is made while any bonds are outstanding, the district directors may cause a new

1781 increase in fair market values to be computed to reflect such improvement. However, while any bonds 1782 are outstanding, such newly computed values shall not be used unless the total new increase in fair 1783 market values in the district is equal to or greater than the previously determined increase in fair 1784 market values. Within 30 days after determining the increase in fair market value for all real estate in 1785 the watershed improvement district resulting from the project, the trustees shall mail a notice of such 1786 determination to the owner of record of each parcel in the district.

1787 E. The assessments and determinations of increase in fair market value made under the provisions of 1788 this section may be used only for the watershed improvement district tax or service charge and shall in 1789 no way affect any county or city assessment or levies.

1790 F. Any person, firm, or corporation aggrieved by any determination of increased value made under 1791 any provision of this article shall apply in writing to the trustees of the watershed improvement district within 60 days after the mailing of the notice required in subsection D. Such application shall specify 1792 1793 the increased value in the opinion of the applicant and the basis for such opinion. The trustees shall 1794 rule on all such applications within 120 days after mailing the notice required in subsection D. If any 1795 applicant remains aggrieved by the determination of increased value after such a ruling, he may apply 1796 to the circuit court of the county or city wherein the land is situated for a correction of such 1797 determination of increased value, within the time limits and following the procedures set out in Article 5 1798 (§ 58.1-3980 et seq.) of Chapter 39 of Title 58.1.

1799 G. The provisions of this section shall not be used to change the method of real estate assessment in 1800 any watershed improvement district established prior to January 1, 1976.

1801 § 10.1-1187.92. Collection of tax or service charge; proceeds kept in special account; expenditures 1802 from such account.

1803 The special tax or service charge levied shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner 1804 as county or city taxes with the proceeds therefrom to be kept in a separate account by the county or 1805 city treasurer identified by the official name of the watershed improvement district. Expenditures from such account may be made with the approval of the directors of the soil and water conservation district 1806 1807 or districts on requisition from the chairman and the treasurer of the board of trustees of the watershed 1808 *improvement district.*

1809 § 10.1-1187.93. Fiscal powers of governing body; may poll landowners on question of incurring 1810 indebtedness or issuing bonds.

1811 The governing body of any watershed improvement district shall have power, subject to the 1812 conditions and limitations of this article, to incur indebtedness, borrow funds, and issue bonds of such 1813 watershed improvement district. The circuit court of the county or city in which any portion of the 1814 watershed improvement district is located, upon the petition of a majority of the members of the 1815 governing body of the watershed improvement district, shall order a referendum at any time not less 1816 than 30 days from the date of such order, which shall be designated therein, to determine whether the 1817 governing body shall incur indebtedness or issue bonds for one or more of the purposes for which the 1818 watershed improvement district was created.

1819 The referendum shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by this article for the conduct of other 1820 referendums in the watershed improvement districts. 1821

§ 10.1-1187.94. Order authorizing governing body to incur indebtedness or issue bonds.

1822 If the owners of at least two-thirds of the land area in the district vote in the election, and if at least 1823 two-thirds of the voters in the election vote in favor of incurring the indebtedness or issuing bonds, the 1824 circuit court or courts shall enter an order authorizing the governing body of the watershed 1825 improvement district to incur indebtedness or issue bonds for one or more of the purposes for which the 1826 district was created. 1827

§ 10.1-1187.95. Type of indebtedness incurred or bonds issued.

1828 The type of indebtedness incurred or bonds issued shall be that adopted by the governing body of the 1829 watershed improvement district and approved by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board. 1830

§ 10.1-1187.96. Annual tax for payment of interest or to amortize indebtedness or bonds.

1831 The governing body of the watershed improvement district shall, if necessary to pay the interest on 1832 the indebtedness or bonds or to amortize such indebtedness or bonds, levy an annual tax or service 1833 charge in the manner prescribed by § 10.1-1187.91 on all the real estate in the watershed improvement 1834 district subject to local taxation, to satisfy such obligations. This tax, irrespective of any approvals 1835 required pursuant to § 10.1-1187.79, shall be sufficient to pay interest and to amortize such 1836 indebtedness or bonds at the times required.

1837 § 10.1-1187.97. Powers granted additional to powers of soil and water conservation district; soil 1838 and water conservation district to continue to exercise its powers.

1839 The powers herein granted to watershed improvement districts shall be additional to the powers of 1840 the soil and water conservation district or districts in which the watershed improvement district is 1841 situated; and the soil and water conservation district or districts shall be authorized, notwithstanding 1842 the creation of the watershed improvement district, to continue to exercise their powers within the

1843 watershed improvement district.

1844 § 10.1-1187.98. Power to incur debts and accept gifts, etc.; watershed improvement district to have 1845 same powers as soil and water conservation district.

1846 A watershed improvement district shall have power, as set forth in this article, to incur debts and 1847 repay them over the period of time and at the rate or rates of interest, not exceeding eight percent, to 1848 which the lender agrees. Any watershed improvement district may accept, receive, and expend gifts, 1849 grants, or loans from whatever source received. In addition, they shall have the same powers, to the 1850 extent necessary, within the watershed improvement district that the soil and water conservation district 1851 or districts in which the same is located exercise or may possess.

1852 § 10.1-1187.99. Question to be submitted to qualified voters; approval required.

1853 In connection with any referendum held pursuant to the provisions of this article, the directors shall 1854 also provide for the submission of the question involved to the qualified voters of the watershed 1855 improvement district and any question required to be submitted to referendum hereunder shall only be deemed to be approved, if approved both by vote of the landowners of the district as required by this 1856 1857 section and by a majority vote of the qualified voters of the district voting in such referendum. 1858

§ 10.1-1187.100. Conduct of referenda.

1859 A. Except as provided in subsection B, the referenda authorized or required by this article shall be 1860 conducted pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board and 1861 not as provided for under § 24.2-684.

1862 B. Referenda authorized or required by this article prior to the regulations referred to in subsection 1863 A becoming effective shall be conducted by the district directors of the soil and water conservation 1864 district in which the watershed improvement district is situated pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 1865 (§ 10.1-614 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 10.1 as they were effective on January 1, 1995, and Article 5 1866 (§ 24.2-681 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 24.2. The costs of holding referenda under this subsection 1867 shall be paid by the requesting landowners.

1868 § 10.1-1187.101. Power of eminent domain.

1876

1877

1869 In addition to any other powers conferred on it by law, any watershed improvement district 1870 organized under the provisions of this article shall be authorized to acquire by eminent domain any 1871 lands, property rights, franchises, rights-of-way, easements, or other property deemed necessary or 1872 convenient for the efficient operation of the district. Such proceedings shall be in accordance with and 1873 subject to the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth applicable to the exercise of the power of 1874 eminent domain in the name of a public service company and subject to the provisions of Chapter 2 1875 (§ 25.1-200 et seq.) of Title 25.1.

Article 1.7.

Resource Management Plans.

1878 § 10.1-1187.102. Resource management plans; effect of implementation; exclusions.

1879 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, agricultural landowners or operators who fully 1880 implement and maintain the applicable components of their resource management plan, in accordance 1881 with the criteria for such plans set out in § 10.1-1187.103 and any regulations adopted thereunder, shall 1882 be deemed to be in full compliance with (i) any load allocation contained in a total maximum daily load 1883 (TMDL) established under § 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act addressing benthic, bacteria, 1884 nutrient, or sediment impairments; (ii) any requirements of the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL 1885 Watershed Implementation Plan; and (iii) applicable state water quality requirements for nutrients and 1886 sediment.

1887 B. The presumption of full compliance provided in subsection A shall not prevent or preclude enforcement of provisions pursuant to (i) a resource management plan or a nutrient management plan 1888 1889 otherwise required by law for such operation, (ii) a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System 1890 permit, (iii) a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit, or (iv) requirements of the Chesapeake Bay 1891 Preservation Act (§ 62.1- 44.15:67 et seq.).

1892 C. Landowners or operators who implement and maintain a resource management plan in 1893 accordance with this article shall be eligible for matching grants for agricultural best management 1894 practices provided through the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share Program in 1895 accordance with program eligibility rules and requirements. Such landowners and operators may also 1896 be eligible for state tax credits in accordance with §§ 58.1-339.3 and 58.1-439.5.

1897 D. Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit, modify, impair, or supersede the authority 1898 granted to the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 3.2-400 et 1899 seq.) of Title 3.2.

1900 E. Any personal or proprietary information collected pursuant to this article shall be exempt from 1901 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), except that the Director may release 1902 information that has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow identification of the persons who supplied, or are the subject of, particular information. This subsection 1903

1904 shall not preclude the application of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) in all 1905 other instances of federal or state regulatory actions.

1906 § 10.1-1187.103. Resource management plans; criteria.

1907 A. The Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board shall by regulation, and in consultation with the 1908 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services specify the criteria to be included in a resource 1909 management plan.

1910 B. The regulations shall:

1911 1. Be technically achievable and take into consideration the economic impact to the agricultural 1912 landowner or operator;

1913 2. Include (i) determinations of persons qualified to develop resource management plans and to 1914 perform on-farm best management practice assessments; (ii) plan approval or review procedures if determined necessary; (iii) allowable implementation timelines and schedules; (iv) determinations of the 1915 1916 effective life of the resource management plans taking into consideration a change in or a transfer of 1917 the ownership or operation of the agricultural land, a material change in the agricultural operations, 1918 issuance of a new or modified total maximum daily load (TMDL) implementation plan for the 1919 Chesapeake Bay or other local total maximum daily load water quality requirements, and a 1920 determination pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 3.2-400 et seq.) of Title 3.2 that an agricultural activity on the 1921 land is creating or will create pollution; (v) factors that necessitate renewal or new plan development; 1922 and (vi) a means to determine full implementation and compliance with the plans including reporting 1923 and verification;

1924 3. Provide for a process by which an on-farm assessment of all reportable best management practices currently in place, whether as part of a cost-share program or through voluntary 1925 1926 implementation, shall be conducted to determine their adequacy in achieving needed on-farm nutrient, 1927 sediment. and bacteria reductions:

1928 4. Include agricultural best management practices sufficient to implement the Virginia Chesapeake 1929 Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan and other local total maximum daily load water quality 1930 requirements of the Commonwealth; and

1931 5. Specify that the required components of each resource management plan shall be based upon an 1932 individual on-farm assessment. Such components shall comply with on-farm water quality objectives as 1933 set forth in subdivision 4, including best management practices identified in this subdivision and any 1934 other best management practices approved by the Board or identified in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed 1935 Model or the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan.

1936 a. For all cropland or specialty crops, such components shall include the following, as needed and 1937 based upon an individual on-farm assessment:

1938 (1) A nutrient management plan that meets the nutrient management specifications developed by the 1939 Department;

1940 (2) A forest or grass buffer between cropland and perennial streams of sufficient width to meet water 1941 quality objectives and consistent with Natural Resources Conservation Service standards and 1942 specifications;

1943 (3) A soil conservation plan that achieves a maximum soil loss rate of "T," as defined by the Natural 1944 Resources Conservation Service; and

1945 (4) Cover crops meeting best management practice specifications as determined by the Natural 1946 Resources Conservation Service or the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share 1947 Program.

1948 b. For all hayland, such components shall include the following, as needed and based upon an 1949 individual on-farm assessment:

1950 (1) A nutrient management plan that meets the nutrient management specifications developed by the 1951 Department;

1952 (2) A forest or grass buffer between cropland and perennial streams of sufficient width to meet water 1953 quality objectives and consistent with Natural Resources Conservation Service standards and 1954 specifications; and

1955 (3) A soil conservation plan that achieves a maximum soil loss rate of "T," as defined by the Natural 1956 Resources Conservation Service.

c. For all pasture, such components shall include the following, as needed and based upon an 1957 1958 individual on-farm assessment:

1959 (1) A nutrient management plan that meets the nutrient management specifications developed by the 1960 Department; 1961

(2) A system that limits or prevents livestock access to perennial streams; and

1962 (3) A pasture management plan or soil conservation plan that achieves a maximum soil loss rate of "T." as defined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. 1963

1964 § 10.1-2123. Definitions.

1965 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

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1966 "Board" means the State Water Control Board of Conservation and Recreation.

1967 "Department" means the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality.

1968 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental 1969 Quality.

1970

§ 10.1-2128. Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund established; purposes.

1971 A. There is hereby established in the state treasury a special permanent, nonreverting fund, to be 1972 known as the "Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books 1973 of the Comptroller. The Fund shall consist of sums appropriated to it by the General Assembly which 1974 shall include, unless otherwise provided in the general appropriation act, 10 percent of the annual 1975 general fund revenue collections that are in excess of the official estimates in the general appropriation 1976 act and 10 percent of any unrestricted and uncommitted general fund balance at the close of each fiscal 1977 year whose reappropriation is not required in the general appropriation act. The Fund shall also consist 1978 of such other sums as may be made available to it from any other source, public or private, and shall 1979 include any penalties or damages collected under this article, federal grants solicited and received for the 1980 specific purposes of the Fund, and all interest and income from investment of the Fund. Any sums 1981 remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the 1982 general fund but shall remain in the Fund. All moneys designated for the Fund shall be paid into the 1983 state treasury and credited to the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for Water Quality 1984 Improvement Grants. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State 1985 Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon the written request of the Director of the 1986 Department of Environmental Quality or the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation 1987 as provided in this chapter.

1988 B. Except as otherwise provided under this article, the purpose of the Fund is to provide Water 1989 Quality Improvement Grants to local governments, soil and water conservation districts, state agencies, 1990 institutions of higher education and individuals for point and nonpoint source pollution prevention, 1991 reduction and control programs and efforts undertaken in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. 1992 The Fund shall not be used for agency operating expenses or for purposes of replacing or otherwise 1993 reducing any general, nongeneral, or special funds allocated or appropriated to any state agency; 1994 however, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the award of a Water Quality 1995 Improvement Grant to a local government in connection with point or nonpoint pollution prevention, 1996 reduction and control programs or efforts undertaken on land owned by the Commonwealth and leased 1997 to the local government. In keeping with the purpose for which the Fund is created, it shall be the 1998 policy of the General Assembly to provide annually its share of financial support to qualifying 1999 applicants for grants in order to fulfill the Commonwealth's responsibilities under Article XI of the 2000 Constitution of Virginia.

2001 C. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, \$50 million shall be appropriated from the general 2002 fund and deposited into the Fund. Except as otherwise provided under this article, such appropriation and any amounts appropriated to the Fund in subsequent years in addition to any amounts deposited to 2003 the Fund pursuant to the provisions of subsection A shall be used solely to finance the costs of design 2004 2005 and installation of nutrient removal technology at publicly owned treatment works designated as 2006 significant dischargers or eligible nonsignificant dischargers for compliance with the effluent limitations 2007 for total nitrogen and total phosphorus as required by the tributary strategy plans or applicable 2008 regulatory requirements. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the Governor and General 2009 Assembly may, at any time, provide additional funding for nonpoint source pollution reduction activities 2010 through the Fund in excess of the deposit required under subsection A.

2011 At such time as grant agreements specified in § 10.1-2130 have been signed by every significant 2012 discharger and eligible nonsignificant discharger and available funds are sufficient to implement the 2013 provisions of such grant agreements, the House Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural 2014 Resources, the House Committee on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Conservation 2015 and Natural Resources, and the Senate Committee on Finance shall review the financial assistance 2016 provided under this section and determine (i) whether such deposits should continue to be made, (ii) the size of the deposit to be made, (iii) the programs and activities that should be financed by such deposits 2017 2018 in the future, and (iv) whether the provisions of this section should be extended. 2019

§ 10.1-2128.1. Virginia Natural Resources Commitment Fund established.

2020 A. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the 2021 Virginia Natural Resources Commitment Fund hereafter referred to as "the Subfund," which shall be a 2022 subfund of the Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund and administered by the Department of 2023 Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality. The Subfund shall be established on the books of 2024 the Comptroller. All amounts appropriated and such other funds as may be made available to the Subfund from any other source, public or private, shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the 2025 Subfund. Interest earned on moneys in the Subfund shall remain in the Subfund and be credited to it. 2026

2027 Any moneys remaining in the Subfund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall 2028 not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Subfund. Moneys in the Subfund shall be used as 2029 provided in subsection B solely for the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share 2030 Program administered by the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality.

2031 B. Beginning on July 1, 2008, and continuing in each subsequent fiscal year until July 1, 2018, out 2032 of such amounts as may be appropriated and deposited to the Subfund, distributions shall be made in 2033 each fiscal year for the following purposes:

2034 1. Eight percent of the total amount distributed to the Virginia Agricultural Best Management 2035 Practices Cost-Share Program shall be distributed to soil and water conservation districts to provide 2036 technical assistance for the implementation of such agricultural best management practices. Each soil and 2037 water conservation district in the Commonwealth shall receive a share according to a method employed 2038 by the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality in consultation 2039 with the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, that accounts for the percentage of the available 2040 agricultural best management practices funding that will be received by the district from the Subfund;

2041 2. Fifty-five percent of the total amount distributed to the Virginia Agricultural Best Management 2042 Practices Cost-Share Program shall be used for matching grants for agricultural best management 2043 practices on lands in the Commonwealth exclusively or partly within the Chesapeake Bay watershed; 2044 and

2045 3. Thirty-seven percent of the total amount distributed to the Virginia Agricultural Best Management 2046 Practices Cost-Share Program shall be used for matching grants for agricultural best management 2047 practices on lands in the Commonwealth exclusively outside of the Chesapeake Bay watershed.

2048 C. The Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality, in consultation with 2049 stakeholders, including representatives of the agricultural community, the conservation community, and 2050 the Soil and Water Conservation Districts, shall determine an annual funding amount for effective Soil 2051 and Water Conservation District technical assistance and implementation of agricultural best management 2052 practices pursuant to § 10.1-546.1 10.1-1187.64. Pursuant to § 2.2-1504, the Department shall provide to 2053 the Governor the annual funding amount needed for each year of the ensuing biennial period. The 2054 Department shall include the annual funding amount as part of the reporting requirements in 2055 § 62.1-44.118. 2056

§ 10.1-2129. Agency coordination; conditions of grants.

2057 A. If, in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2005, there are appropriations to the Fund in addition to those made pursuant to subsection A of § 10.1-2128, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall 2058 2059 distribute those moneys in the Fund provided from the 10 percent of the annual general fund revenue 2060 collections that are in excess of the official estimates in the general appropriation act, and the 10 percent 2061 of any unrestricted and uncommitted general fund balance at the close of each fiscal year whose 2062 reappropriation is not required in the general appropriation act, as follows:

2063 1. Seventy percent of the moneys shall be distributed to the Department of Conservation and 2064 Recreation Environmental Quality and shall be administered by it for the sole purpose of implementing 2065 projects or best management practices that reduce nitrogen and phosphorus nonpoint source pollution, 2066 with a priority given to agricultural best management practices. In no single year shall more than 60 2067 percent of the moneys be used for projects or practices exclusively within the Chesapeake Bay 2068 watershed: and

2069 2. Thirty percent of the moneys shall be distributed to the Department of Environmental Quality, 2070 which shall use such moneys for making grants for the sole purpose of designing and installing nutrient 2071 removal technologies for publicly owned treatment works designated as significant dischargers or eligible nonsignificant dischargers. The moneys shall also be available for grants when the design and 2072 installation of nutrient removal technology utilizes the Public-Private Education Facilities and 2073 Infrastructure Act (§ 56-575.1 et seq.). 2074

2075 3. Except as otherwise provided in the Appropriation Act, in any fiscal year when moneys are not 2076 appropriated to the Fund in addition to those specified in subsection A of § 10.1-2128, or when moneys 2077 appropriated to the Fund in addition to those specified in subsection A of § 10.1-2128 are less than 40 2078 percent of those specified in subsection A of § 10.1-2128, the Secretary of Natural Resources, in 2079 consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and Forestry, the State Forester, the Commissioner of 2080 Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the Directors of the Departments of Environmental Quality and 2081 Conservation and Recreation, and with the advice and guidance of the Board of Conservation and Recreation, the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, and the State Water Control Board, and 2082 2083 following a public comment period of at least 30 days and a public hearing, shall allocate those moneys deposited in the Fund, but excluding any moneys deposited into the Virginia Natural Resources 2084 Commitment Fund established pursuant to § 10.1-2128.1, between point and nonpoint sources, both of 2085 2086 which shall receive moneys in each such year.

2087 B. 1. Except as may otherwise be specified in the general appropriation act, the Secretary of Natural 2088 Resources, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and Forestry, the State Forester, the 2089 Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the State Health Commissioner, and the Directors 2090 Director of the Departments Department of Environmental Quality and Conservation and Recreation, and with the advice and guidance of the Board of Conservation and Recreation, the Virginia Soil and 2092 Water Conservation Board, and the State Water Control Board, shall develop written guidelines that (i) 2093 specify eligibility requirements; (ii) govern the application for and the distribution and conditions of Water Quality Improvement Grants; (iii) list criteria for prioritizing funding requests; and (iv) define criteria and financial incentives for water reuse.

2096 2. In developing the guidelines the Secretary shall evaluate and consider, in addition to such other 2097 factors as may be appropriate to most effectively restore, protect and improve the quality of state waters: 2098 (i) specific practices and programs proposed in any tributary strategy plan, and the associated 2099 effectiveness and cost per pound of nutrients removed; (ii) water quality impairment or degradation 2100 caused by different types of nutrients released in different locations from different sources; and (iii) 2101 environmental benchmarks and indicators for achieving improved water quality. The process for 2102 development of guidelines pursuant to this subsection shall, at a minimum, include (a) use of an 2103 advisory committee composed of interested parties; (b) a 60-day public comment period on draft guidelines; (c) written responses to all comments received; and (d) notice of the availability of draft 2104 2105 guidelines and final guidelines to all who request such notice.

2106 3. In addition to those the Secretary deems advisable to most effectively restore, protect and improve 2107 the quality of state waters, the criteria for prioritizing funding requests shall include: (i) the pounds of 2108 total nitrogen and the pounds of total phosphorus reduced by the project; (ii) whether the location of the 2109 water quality restoration, protection or improvement project or program is within a watershed or 2110 subwatershed with documented water nutrient loading problems or adopted nutrient reduction goals; (iii) 2111 documented water quality impairment; and (iv) the availability of other funding mechanisms. 2112 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection E of § 10.1-2131, the Director of the Department of 2113 Environmental Quality may approve a local government point source grant application request for any 2114 single project that exceeds the authorized grant amount outlined in subsection E of § 10.1-2131. 2115 Whenever a local government applies for a grant that exceeds the authorized grant amount outlined in 2116 this chapter or when there is no stated limitation on the amount of the grant for which an application is 2117 made, the Directors and the Secretary shall consider the comparative revenue capacity, revenue efforts 2118 and fiscal stress as reported by the Commission on Local Government. The development or 2119 implementation of cooperative programs developed pursuant to subsection B of § 10.1-2127 shall be 2120 given a high priority in the distribution of Virginia Water Quality Improvement Grants from the moneys 2121 allocated to nonpoint source pollution.

§ 10.1-2131. Point source pollution funding; conditions for approval.

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A. The Department of Environmental Quality shall be the lead state agency for determining the appropriateness of any grant related to point source pollution to be made from the Fund to restore, protect or improve state water quality.

B. The Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall, subject to available funds and in coordination with the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation, direct the State Treasurer to make Water Quality Improvement Grants in accordance with the guidelines established pursuant to § 10.1-2129. The Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall enter into grant agreements with all facilities designated as significant dischargers or eligible nonsignificant dischargers that apply for grants; however, all such grant agreements shall contain provisions that payments thereunder are subject to the availability of funds.

2133 C. Notwithstanding the priority provisions of § 10.1-2129, the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall not authorize the distribution of grants from the Fund for purposes other 2134 2135 than financing the cost of design and installation of nutrient removal technology at publicly owned 2136 treatment works until such time as all tributary strategy plans are developed and implemented unless he 2137 finds that there exists in the Fund sufficient funds for substantial and continuing progress in 2138 implementation of the tributary strategy plans. In addition to the provisions of § 10.1-2130, all grant 2139 agreements related to nutrients shall include: (i) numerical technology-based effluent concentration 2140 limitations on nutrient discharges to state waters based upon the technology installed by the facility; (ii) 2141 enforceable provisions related to the maintenance of the numerical concentrations that will allow for 2142 exceedences of 0.8 mg/L for total nitrogen or no more than 10 percent, whichever is greater, for 2143 exceedences of 0.1 mg/L for total phosphorus or no more than 10%, and for exceedences caused by 2144 extraordinary conditions; and (iii) recognition of the authority of the Commonwealth to make the 2145 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund (§ 62.1-224 et seq.) available to local governments to fund 2146 their share of the cost of designing and installing nutrient removal technology based on financial need 2147 and subject to availability of revolving loan funds, priority ranking and revolving loan distribution criteria. If, pursuant to § 10.1-1187.6, the State Water Control Board approves an alternative compliance 2148 2149 method to technology-based concentration limitations in Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

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2150 permits, the concentration limitations of the grant agreement shall be suspended subject to the terms of 2151 such approval. The cost of the design and installation of nutrient removal technology at publicly owned treatment works meeting the nutrient reduction goal in an applicable tributary strategy plan or an 2152 2153 applicable regulatory requirement and incurred prior to the execution of a grant agreement is eligible for 2154 reimbursement from the Fund provided the grant is made pursuant to an executed agreement consistent 2155 with the provisions of this chapter.

Subsequent to the implementation of the tributary strategy plans, the Director may authorize 2156 2157 disbursements from the Fund for any water quality restoration, protection and improvements related to 2158 point source pollution that are clearly demonstrated as likely to achieve measurable and specific water 2159 quality improvements, including, but not limited to, cost effective technologies to reduce nutrient loads. 2160 Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this subsection, the Director may, at any time, authorize 2161 grants, including grants to institutions of higher education, for technical assistance related to nutrient 2162 reduction.

2163 D. The grant percentage provided for financing the costs of the design and installation of nutrient removal technology at publicly owned treatment works shall be based upon the financial need of the 2164 2165 community as determined by comparing the annual sewer charges expended within the service area to 2166 the reasonable sewer cost established for the community.

E. Grants shall be awarded in the following manner:

2168 1. In communities for which the ratio of annual sewer charges to reasonable sewer cost is less than 2169 0.30, the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall authorize grants in the amount of 2170 35 percent of the costs of the design and installation of nutrient removal technology;

2171 2. In communities for which the ratio of annual sewer charges to reasonable sewer cost is equal to or greater than 0.30 and less than 0.50, the Director shall authorize grants in the amount of 45 percent of 2172 2173 the costs of the design and installation of nutrient removal technology;

2174 3. In communities for which the ratio of annual sewer charges to reasonable sewer cost is equal to or 2175 greater than 0.50 and less than 0.80, the Director shall authorize grants in the amount of 60 percent of 2176 the costs of design and installation of nutrient removal technology; and

2177 4. In communities for which the ratio of annual sewer charges to reasonable sewer cost is equal to or 2178 greater than 0.80, the Director shall authorize grants in the amount of 75 percent of the costs of the 2179 design and installation of nutrient removal technology. 2180

§ 10.1-2132. Nonpoint source pollution funding; conditions for approval.

2181 A. The Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Qualityshall be the lead state agency for determining the appropriateness of any grant related to nonpoint source pollution to be made 2182 2183 from the Fund to restore, protect and improve the quality of state waters.

2184 B. The Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality shall, 2185 subject to available funds and in coordination with the Director of the Department of Environmental 2186 Quality, direct the State Treasurer to make Water Quality Improvement Grants in accordance with the 2187 guidelines established pursuant to § 10.1-2129. The Director shall manage the allocation of grants from 2188 the Fund to ensure the full funding of executed grant agreements.

2189 C. Grant funding may be made available to local governments, soil and water conservation districts, 2190 institutions of higher education and individuals who propose specific initiatives that are clearly 2191 demonstrated as likely to achieve reductions in nonpoint source pollution, including, but not limited to, 2192 excess nutrients and suspended solids, to improve the quality of state waters. Such projects may include, 2193 but are in no way limited to, the acquisition of conservation easements related to the protection of water quality and stream buffers; conservation planning and design assistance to develop nutrient management 2194 2195 plans for agricultural operations; instructional education directly associated with the implementation or 2196 maintenance of a specific nonpoint source pollution reduction initiative; the replacement or modification of residential onsite sewage systems to include nitrogen removal capabilities; implementation of 2197 2198 cost-effective nutrient reduction practices; and reimbursement to local governments for tax credits and 2199 other kinds of authorized local tax relief that provides incentives for water quality improvement. The 2200 Director shall give priority consideration to the distribution of grants from the Fund for the purposes of implementing tributary strategy plans, with a priority given to agricultural practices. In no single year 2201 shall more than 60 percent of the moneys be used for projects or practices exclusively within the 2202 2203 Chesapeake Bay watershed.

2204 D. The Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality shall 2205 manage the allocation of Water Quality Improvement Grants from the Virginia Natural Resources 2206 Commitment Fund established under § 10.1-2128.1. 2207

§ 10.1-2134. Annual report by Director of the Departments of Environmental Quality.

2208 The Directors Director of the Departments Department of Environmental Quality and Conservation 2209 and Recreation shall, by January 1 of each year, report to the Governor and the General Assembly the amounts and recipients of grants made from the Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund and the 2210 2211 specific and measurable pollution reduction achievements to state waters anticipated as a result of each

2212 grant award, together with the amounts of continued funding required for the coming fiscal year under 2213 all fully executed grant agreements. The report shall provide a detailed progress update on the 2214 implementation of agricultural best management practices to reduce nitrogen and phosphorous pollution 2215 from agricultural lands. This annual report may be incorporated as part of the report required by § 2216 62.1-44.118.

§ 15.2-1129.2. Creation of local economic revitalization zones.

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2218 A. Any city may establish by ordinance one or more economic revitalization zones for the purpose of 2219 providing incentives to private entities to purchase real property and interests in real property to 2220 assemble parcels suitable for economic development. Each city establishing an economic revitalization zone may grant incentives and provide regulatory flexibility. Such zones shall be reasonably compact, 2221 2222 shall not encompass the entire city, and shall constitute one or more tax parcels not commonly owned. 2223 Properties that are acquired through the use of eminent domain shall not be eligible for the incentives 2224 and regulatory flexibility provided by the ordinance.

2225 B. The incentives may include, but not be limited to: (i) reduction of permit fees, (ii) reduction of 2226 user fees, (iii) reduction of any type of gross receipts tax, and (iv) waiver of tax liens to facilitate the 2227 sale of property.

2228 C. Incentives established pursuant to this section may extend for a period of up to 10 years from the 2229 date of initial establishment of the economic revitalization zone; however, the extent and duration of any 2230 incentive shall conform to the requirements of applicable federal and state law.

2231 D. The regulatory flexibility provided in an economic revitalization zone may include (i) special 2232 zoning for the district, (ii) the use of a special permit process, (iii) exemption from certain specified 2233 ordinances, excluding ordinances or provisions of ordinances adopted pursuant to the requirements of the 2234 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), the Erosion and Sediment Control 2235 Law (§ 10.1-560 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), and the Virginia Stormwater Management Act (§ 10.1-603.1 2236 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), and (iv) any other incentives adopted by ordinance, which shall be binding upon 2237 the locality for a period of up to 10 years.

2238 E. The governing body may establish a service district for the provision of additional public services 2239 pursuant to Chapter 24 (§ 15.2-2400 et seq.) of Title 15.2.

2240 F. This section shall not authorize any local government powers that are not expressly granted herein. 2241 G. Prior to adopting or amending any ordinance pursuant to this section, a locality shall provide for 2242 notice and public hearing in accordance with subsection A of § 15.2-2204. 2243

§ 15.2-2114. Regulation of stormwater.

2244 A. Any locality, by ordinance, may establish a utility or enact a system of service charges to support 2245 a local stormwater management program consistent with Article 1.1 (§ 10.1-603.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 2246 of Title 10 Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1 or any other state or federal 2247 regulation governing stormwater management. Income derived from a utility or system of charges shall 2248 be dedicated special revenue, may not exceed the actual costs incurred by a locality operating under the 2249 provisions of this section, and may be used only to pay or recover costs for the following:

2250 1. The acquisition, as permitted by § 15.2-1800, of real and personal property, and interest therein, 2251 necessary to construct, operate and maintain stormwater control facilities; 2252

2. The cost of administration of such programs;

2253 3. Planning, design, engineering, construction, and debt retirement for new facilities and enlargement 2254 or improvement of existing facilities, including the enlargement or improvement of dams, levees, 2255 floodwalls, and pump stations, whether publicly or privately owned, that serve to control stormwater;

2256 4. Facility operation and maintenance, including the maintenance of dams, levees, floodwalls, and 2257 pump stations, whether publicly or privately owned, that serve to control the stormwater;

2258 5. Monitoring of stormwater control devices and ambient water quality monitoring; and

2259 6. Other activities consistent with the state or federal regulations or permits governing stormwater 2260 management, including, but not limited to, public education, watershed planning, inspection and 2261 enforcement activities, and pollution prevention planning and implementation.

2262 B. The charges may be assessed to property owners or occupants, including condominium unit 2263 owners or tenants (when the tenant is the party to whom the water and sewer service is billed), and 2264 shall be based upon an analysis that demonstrates the rational relationship between the amount charged 2265 and the services provided. Prior to adopting such a system, a public hearing shall be held after giving 2266 notice as required by charter or by publishing a descriptive notice once a week for two successive weeks 2267 prior to adoption in a newspaper with a general circulation in the locality. The second publication shall 2268 not be sooner than one calendar week after the first publication. However, prior to adoption of any 2269 ordinance pursuant to this section related to the enlargement, improvement, or maintenance of privately 2270 owned dams, a locality shall comply with the notice provisions of § 15.2-1427 and hold a public 2271 hearing.

2272 C. A locality adopting such a system shall provide for full waivers of charges to the following:

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2273 1. A federal, state, or local government, or public entity, that holds a permit to discharge stormwater 2274 from a municipal separate storm sewer system; except that the waiver of charges shall apply only to 2275 property covered by any such permit; and

2276 2. Public roads and street rights-of-way that are owned and maintained by state or local agencies 2277 including property rights-of-way acquired through the acquisitions process.

2278 D. A locality adopting such a system shall provide for full or partial waivers of charges to any 2279 person who installs, operates, and maintains a stormwater management facility that achieves a permanent 2280 reduction in stormwater flow or pollutant loadings. The locality shall base the amount of the waiver in 2281 part on the percentage reduction in stormwater flow or pollutant loadings, or both, from pre-installation 2282 to post-installation of the facility. No locality shall provide a waiver to any person who does not obtain 2283 a stormwater permit from the Department of Conservation and Recreation or the Department of 2284 Environmental Quality when such permit is required by statute or regulation.

2285 E. A locality adopting such a system may provide for full or partial waivers of charges to cemeteries, 2286 property owned or operated by the locality administering the program, and public or private entities that 2287 implement or participate in strategies, techniques, or programs that reduce stormwater flow or pollutant 2288 loadings, or decrease the cost of maintaining or operating the public stormwater management system.

2289 F. Any locality may issue general obligation bonds or revenue bonds in order to finance the cost of 2290 infrastructure and equipment for a stormwater control program. Infrastructure and equipment shall 2291 include structural and natural stormwater control systems of all types, including, without limitation, 2292 retention basins, sewers, conduits, pipelines, pumping and ventilating stations, and other plants, 2293 structures, and real and personal property used for support of the system. The procedure for the issuance 2294 of any such general obligation bonds or revenue bonds pursuant to this section shall be in conformity 2295 with the procedure for issuance of such bonds as set forth in the Public Finance Act (§ 15.2-2600 et 2296 seq.).

2297 G. In the event charges are not paid when due, interest thereon shall at that time accrue at the rate, 2298 not to exceed the maximum amount allowed by law, determined by the locality until such time as the 2299 overdue payment and interest are paid. Charges and interest may be recovered by the locality by action 2300 at law or suit in equity and shall constitute a lien against the property, ranking on a parity with liens for 2301 unpaid taxes. The locality may combine the billings for stormwater charges with billings for water or 2302 sewer charges, real property tax assessments, or other billings; in such cases, the locality may establish 2303 the order in which payments will be applied to the different charges. No locality shall combine its 2304 billings with those of another locality or political subdivision, including an authority operating pursuant 2305 to Chapter 51 (§ 15.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 15.2, unless such locality or political subdivision has given 2306 its consent by duly adopted resolution or ordinance.

2307 H. Any two or more localities may enter into cooperative agreements concerning the management of 2308 stormwater. 2309

§ 15.2-2295.1. Regulation of mountain ridge construction.

A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Construction" means the building, alteration, repair, or improvement of any building or structure.

2312 "Crest" means the uppermost line of a mountain or chain of mountains from which the land falls 2313 away on at least two sides to a lower elevation or elevations.

2314 "Protected mountain ridge" means a ridge with (i) an elevation of 2,000 feet or more and (ii) an 2315 elevation of 500 feet or more above the elevation of an adjacent valley floor.

2316 "Ridge" means the elongated crest or series of crests at the apex or uppermost point of intersection 2317 between two opposite slopes or sides of a mountain and includes all land within 100 feet below the 2318 elevation of any portion of such line or surface along the crest.

2319 "Tall buildings or structures" means any building, structure or unit within a multi-unit building with 2320 a vertical height of more than forty feet measured from the top of the natural finished grade of the crest 2321 or the natural finished grade of the high side of the slope of a ridge to the uppermost point of the building, structure or unit. "Tall buildings or structures" do not include (i) water, radio, 2322 2323 telecommunications or television towers or any equipment for the transmission of electricity, telephone 2324 or cable television; (ii) structures of a relatively slender nature and minor vertical projections of a parent building, including, but not limited to, chimneys, flagpoles, flues, spires, steeples, belfries, cupolas, 2325 2326 antennas, poles, wires or windmills; or (iii) any building or structure designated as a historic landmark, 2327 building or structure by the United States or by the Board of Historic Resources.

2328 B. Determinations by the governing body of heights and elevations under this section shall be 2329 conclusive.

2330 C. Any locality in which a protected mountain ridge is located may, by ordinance, provide for the 2331 regulation of the height and location of tall buildings or structures on protected mountain ridges. The 2332 ordinance may be designed and adopted by the locality as an overlay zone superimposed on any 2333 preexisting base zone.

2334 D. An ordinance adopted under this section may include criteria for the granting or denial of permits

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2335 for the construction of tall buildings or structures on protected mountain ridges. Any such ordinance 2336 shall provide that permit applications shall be denied if a permit application fails to provide for (i) 2337 adequate sewerage, water, and drainage facilities, including, but not limited to, facilities for drinking 2338 water and the adequate supply of water for fire protection and (ii) compliance with the Erosion and 2339 Sediment Control Law (§ 10.1-560 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.).

2340 E. Any locality that adopts an ordinance providing for the regulation of the height and location of 2341 tall buildings or structures on protected mountain ridges shall send a copy of the ordinance to the 2342 Secretary of Natural Resources.

2343 F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or impair a governing body's authority under 2344 this chapter to define and regulate uses in any existing zoning district or to adopt overlay districts 2345 regulating uses on mountainous areas as defined by the governing body. 2346

§ 15.2-2403.3. Stormwater service districts; allocation of revenues.

2347 Any town located within a stormwater service district created pursuant to this chapter shall be 2348 entitled to any revenues collected within the town pursuant to subdivision 6 of § 15.2-2403, subject to 2349 the limitations set forth therein, so long as the town maintains its own MS4 permit issued pursuant to § 2350 10.1-603.2:2 62.1-44.15:26 or maintains its own stormwater service district.

2351 § 24.2-506. Petition of qualified voters required; number of signatures required; certain towns 2352 excepted.

2353 The name of any candidate for any office, other than a party nominee, shall not be printed upon any 2354 official ballots provided for the election unless he shall file along with his declaration of candidacy a 2355 petition therefor, on a form prescribed by the State Board, signed by the number of qualified voters 2356 specified below after January 1 of the year in which the election is held and listing the residence 2357 address of each such voter. Each signature on the petition shall have been witnessed by a person who is 2358 himself a legal resident of the Commonwealth and who is not a minor or a felon whose voting rights 2359 have not been restored and whose affidavit to that effect appears on each page of the petition.

2360 Each voter signing the petition may provide on the petition the last four digits of his social security 2361 number, if any; however, noncompliance with this requirement shall not be cause to invalidate the 2362 voter's signature on the petition.

2363 The minimum number of signatures of qualified voters required for candidate petitions shall be as 2364 follows:

2365 1. For a candidate for the United States Senate, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Attorney General, 2366 10,000 signatures, including the signatures of at least 400 qualified voters from each congressional 2367 district in the Commonwealth;

2368 2. For a candidate for the United States House of Representatives, 1,000 signatures;

2369 3. For a candidate for the Senate of Virginia, 250 signatures;

2370 4. For a candidate for the House of Delegates or for a constitutional office, 125 signatures;

2371 5. For a candidate for membership on the governing body or elected school board of any county or 2372 city, 125 signatures; or if from an election district not at large containing 1,000 or fewer registered 2373 voters, 50 signatures;

2374 6. For a candidate for membership on the governing body or elected school board of any town which 2375 has more than 1,500 registered voters, 125 signatures; or if from a ward or other district not at large, 25 2376 signatures;

2377 7. For membership on the governing body or elected school board of any town which has 1,500 or 2378 fewer registered voters, no petition shall be required;

2379 8. For a candidate for director of a soil and water conservation district created pursuant to Article 3 2380 (\$ 10.1-506 et seq.) 1.5 (\$ 10.1-1187.21 et seq.) of Chapter 5 11.1 of Title 10.1, 25 signatures; and

2381 9. For any other candidate, 50 signatures.

2382 § 24.2-680. Certificates of election.

2383 Subject to the requirements of § 24.2-948.2, the State Board shall without delay complete and 2384 transmit to each of the persons declared to be elected a certificate of his election, certified by it under 2385 its seal of office. In the election of a member of the United States Congress, it shall also forward a 2386 certificate of election to the clerk of the United States Senate or House of Representatives, as 2387 appropriate. The names of members elected to the General Assembly shall be certified by the State 2388 Board to the clerk of the House of Delegates or Senate, as appropriate. The names of the persons 2389 elected Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Attorney General shall be certified by the State Board to the 2390 clerks of the House of Delegates and Senate. The name of any officer shared by more than one county 2391 or city, or any combination thereof, shall be certified by the State Board to the clerk of the circuit court 2392 having jurisdiction in each affected county or city. The names of the persons elected to soil and water 2393 conservation districts shall be certified by the State Board to the Director of the Department of 2394 Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality.

2395 § 33.1-70.1. Requesting Department to hard-surface secondary roads; paving of certain 2396 secondary roads within existing rights-of-way; designation as Rural Rustic Road.

2397 A. Whenever the governing body of any county, after consultation with personnel of the Department 2398 of Transportation, adopts a resolution requesting the Department of Transportation to hard-surface any 2399 secondary road in such county that carries 50 or more vehicles per day with a hard surface of width and 2400 strength adequate for such traffic volume, the Department of Transportation shall give consideration to 2401 such resolution in establishing priority in expending the funds allocated to such county. The Department 2402 shall consider the paving of roads with a right-of-way width of less than 40 feet under this subsection 2403 when land is, has been, or can be acquired by gift for the purpose of constructing a hard-surface road.

2404 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section, any unpaved secondary road that 2405 carries at least 50 but no more than 750 vehicles per day may be paved or improved and paved within 2406 its existing right-of-way or within a wider right-of-way that is less than 40 feet wide if the following 2407 conditions are met:

2408 1. The governing body of the county in which the road is located has requested paving of such road 2409 as part of the six-year plan for the county under § 33.1-70.01 and transmitted that request to the Commissioner of Highways. 2410

2411 2. The Commissioner of Highways, after having considered only (i) the safety of such road in its 2412 current condition and in its paved or improved condition, including the desirability of reduced speed 2413 limits and installation of other warning signs or devices, (ii) the views of the residents and owners of 2414 property adjacent to or served by such road, (iii) the views of the governing body making the request, 2415 (iv) the historical and aesthetic significance of such road and its surroundings, (v) the availability of any 2416 additional land that has been or may be acquired by gift or other means for the purpose of paving such 2417 road within its existing right-of-way or within a wider right-of-way that is less than 40 feet wide, and (vi) environmental considerations, shall grant or deny the request for the paving of such road under this 2418 2419 subsection.

2420 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A and B, the governing body of any county, in 2421 consultation with the Department, may designate a road or road segment as a Rural Rustic Road 2422 provided such road or road segment is located in a low-density development area and has an average 2423 daily traffic volume of no more than 1,500 vehicles per day. For a road or road segment so designated, 2424 improvements shall utilize a paved surface width based on reduced and flexible standards that leave 2425 trees, vegetation, side slopes and open drainage abutting the roadway undisturbed to the maximum 2426 extent possible without compromising public safety. Any road designated as a Rural Rustic Road shall be subject to § 10.1-603.8 62.1-44.15:34. The Department, in consultation with the affected local 2427 2428 governing body, shall first consider the paving of a road or road segment meeting the criteria for a 2429 Rural Rustic Road in accordance with this subsection before making a decision to pave it to another 2430 standard as set forth in this section. The provisions of this subsection shall become effective July 1, 2431 2003.

2432 D. The Commonwealth, its agencies, instrumentalities, departments, officers, and employees acting 2433 within the scope of their duties and authority shall be immune for damages by reason of actions taken in 2434 conformity with the provisions of this section. Immunity for the governing body of any political 2435 subdivision requesting paving under this section and the officers and employees of any such political 2436 subdivision shall be limited to that immunity provided pursuant to § 15.2-1405. 2437

§ 36-55.64. Creation of local housing rehabilitation zones.

2438 A. Any city, county, or town may establish, by ordinance, one or more housing rehabilitation zones 2439 for the purpose of providing incentives and regulatory flexibility in such zone.

2440 B. The incentives provided in a housing rehabilitation zone may include, but not be limited to (i) 2441 reduction of permit fees, (ii) reduction of user fees, and (iii) waiver of tax liens to facilitate the sale of 2442 property that will be substantially renovated, rehabilitated or replaced.

2443 C. Incentives established pursuant to this section may extend for a period of up to 10 years from the 2444 date of initial establishment of the housing rehabilitation zone; however, the extent and duration of any 2445 incentive shall conform to the requirements of applicable federal and state law.

2446 D. The regulatory flexibility provided in a housing rehabilitation zone may include, but not be 2447 limited to (i) special zoning for the district, (ii) the use of a special permit process, (iii) exemption from 2448 certain specified ordinances, excluding ordinances or provisions of ordinances adopted pursuant to the 2449 requirements of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), the Erosion 2450 and Sediment Control Law (§ 10.1-560 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), and the Virginia Stormwater Management 2451 Act (§ 10.1-603.1 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), and (iv) any other incentives adopted by ordinance, which 2452 shall be binding upon the locality for a period of up to 10 years.

2453 E. The governing body may establish a service district for the provision of additional public services 2454 pursuant to Chapter 24 (§ 15.2-2400 et seq.) of Title 15.2.

2455 F. Each locality establishing a housing rehabilitation zone pursuant to this section may also apply for 2456 the designation of a housing revitalization zone pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 36-159 et seq.) of Title 36. 2457 Nothing in this chapter shall preclude such dual designation.

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2458 G. Any housing rehabilitation zone established pursuant to this chapter shall be deemed to meet the requirements for designation of housing revitalization eligible to be financed as an economically mixed project pursuant to § 36-55.30:2.

2461 H. This section shall not authorize any local government powers that are not expressly granted **2462** herein.

2463 § 58.1-339.3. Agricultural best management practices tax credit.

A. For all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1998, any individual who is engaged in agricultural production for market, or has equines that create needs for agricultural best management practices to reduce nonpoint source pollutants, and has in place a soil conservation plan approved by the local Soil And Water Conservation District (SWCD), shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by § 58.1-320 of an amount equaling 25 percent of the first \$70,000 expended for agricultural best management practices by the individual.

As used in this section, "agricultural best management practice" means a practice approved by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board (VSWCB) which will provide a significant improvement to water quality in the state's streams and rivers and the Chesapeake Bay and is consistent with other state and federal programs that address agricultural, nonpoint-source-pollution management. Eligible practices shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **2475** 1. Livestock-waste and poultry-waste management;
- **2476** 2. Soil erosion control;

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- **2477** 3. Nutrient and sediment filtration and detention;
- **2478** 4. Nutrient management; and
- **2479** 5. Pest management and pesticide handling.

A detailed list of the standards and criteria for practices eligible for credit shall be found in the most
recently approved "Virginia Agricultural BMP Manual" published annually prior to July 1 by the
Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality.

B. Any practice approved by the local Soil and Water Conservation District Board shall be completed within the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. After the practice installation has been completed, the local SWCD Board shall certify the practice as approved and completed, and eligible for credit. The applicant shall forward the certification to the Department of Taxation on forms provided by the Department. The credit shall be allowed only for expenditures made by the taxpayer from funds of his own sources.

2489 C. 1. The amount of such credit shall not exceed \$17,500 or the total amount of the tax imposed by this chapter, whichever is less, in the year the project was completed, as certified by the Board. Any taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this section shall not claim a credit under any similar Virginia law for costs related to the same eligible practices.

2493 2. If the amount of the credit exceeds the taxpayer's liability for such taxable year, the excess may be refunded by the Tax Commissioner. Tax credits shall be refunded by the Tax Commissioner on behalf of the Commonwealth for 100 percent of face value. Tax credits shall be refunded within 90 days after the filing date of the income tax return on which the individual applies for the refund.

2497 D. For purposes of this section, the amount of any credit attributable to agricultural best management
2498 practices by a pass-through entity such as a partnership, limited liability company, or electing small
2499 business corporation (S Corporation) shall be allocated to the individual partners, members, or
2500 shareholders in proportion to their ownership or interest in such entity.

2501 E. A pass-through tax entity, such as a partnership, limited liability company or electing small 2502 business corporation (S corporation), may appoint a tax matters representative, who shall be a general 2503 partner, member-manager or shareholder, and register that representative with the Tax Commissioner. 2504 The Tax Commissioner shall be entitled to deal with the tax matters representative as representative of 2505 the taxpayers to whom credits have been allocated by the entity under this article with respect to those 2506 credits. In the event a pass-through tax entity allocates tax credits arising under this article to its 2507 partners, members or shareholders and the allocated credits shall be disallowed, in whole or in part, such 2508 that an assessment of additional tax against a taxpayer shall be made, the Tax Commissioner shall first 2509 make written demand for payment of any additional tax, together with interest and penalties, from the 2510 tax matters representative. In the event such payment demand is not satisfied, the Tax Commissioner 2511 shall proceed to collection against the taxpayers in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 18 (§ 2512 58.1-1800 et seq.).

§ 58.1-439.5. Agricultural best management practices tax credit.

A. For all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1998, any corporation engaged in agricultural production for market who has in place a soil conservation plan approved by the local Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by \$ 58.1-400 of an amount equaling twenty-five percent of the first \$70,000 expended for agricultural best management practices by the corporation. As used in this section, "agricultural best management

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2519 practice" means a practice approved by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board (VSWCB)

2520 which will provide a significant improvement to water quality in the state's streams and rivers and the 2521 Chesapeake Bay and is consistent with other state and federal programs that address agricultural, 2522 nonpoint-source-pollution management. Eligible practices shall include, but are not limited to, the 2523 following:

2524 1. Livestock-waste and poultry-waste management;

2525 2. Soil erosion control:

2526 3. Nutrient and sediment filtration and detention;

- 2527 4. Nutrient management; and
- 2528 5. Pest management and pesticide handling.

2529 A detailed list of the standards and criteria for practices eligible for credit shall be found in the most 2530 recently approved "Virginia Agricultural BMP Implementation Manual" published by the Department of 2531 Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality.

2532 B. Any practice approved by the local Soil and Water Conservation District Board shall be 2533 completed within the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. After the practice installation has been 2534 completed, the local SWCD Board shall certify the practice as approved and completed, and eligible for 2535 credit. The applicant shall forward the certification to the Department of Taxation on forms provided by 2536 the Department. The credit shall be allowed only for expenditures made by the taxpayer from funds of 2537 his own sources.

2538 C. The amount of such credit shall not exceed \$17,500 or the total amount of the tax imposed by this chapter, whichever is less, in the year the project was completed, as certified by the Board. If the 2539 2540 amount of the credit exceeds the taxpayer's liability for such taxable year, the excess may be carried 2541 over for credit against income taxes in the next five taxable years until the total amount of the tax credit 2542 has been taken.

2543 D. For purposes of this section, the amount of any credit attributable to agricultural best management 2544 practices by a partnership or electing small business corporation (S Corporation) shall be allocated to the 2545 individual partners or shareholders in proportion to their ownership or interest in the partnership or S 2546 Corporation. 2547

§ 58.1-3660.1. Certified stormwater management developments and property.

2548 A. Certified stormwater management developments and property, as defined herein, are hereby 2549 declared to be a separate class of property and shall constitute a classification for local taxation separate 2550 from other such classifications of real property. The governing body of any county, city or town may, 2551 by ordinance, exempt or partially exempt such property from local taxation.

2552 B. As used in this section, "certified stormwater management developments and property" means any 2553 real estate improvements constructed from permeable material, such as, but not limited to, roads, parking 2554 lots, patios, and driveways, which are otherwise constructed of impermeable materials, and which the 2555 Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality has certified to be designed, 2556 constructed, or reconstructed for the primary purpose of abating or preventing pollution of the 2557 atmosphere or waters of the Commonwealth by minimizing stormwater runoff. Permeable material shall 2558 be used for at least seventy percent of the surface areas that would otherwise be covered by 2559 impermeable materials. 2560

§ 58.1-3851. Creation of local tourism zones.

2561 A. Any city, county, or town may establish, by ordinance, one or more tourism zones. Each locality 2562 may grant tax incentives and provide certain regulatory flexibility in a tourism zone.

2563 B. The tax incentives may be provided for up to 20 years and may include, but not be limited to (i) reduction of permit fees, (ii) reduction of user fees, and (iii) reduction of any type of gross receipts tax. 2564 2565 The extent and duration of such incentive proposals shall conform to the requirements of the 2566 Constitutions of Virginia and of the United States.

2567 C. The governing body may also provide for regulatory flexibility in such zone that may include, but 2568 not be limited to (i) special zoning for the district, (ii) permit process reform, (iii) exemption from 2569 ordinances, excluding ordinances or provisions of ordinances adopted pursuant to the requirements of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), the Erosion and Sediment Control 2570 2571 Law (§ 10.1-560 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), or the Virginia Stormwater Management Act (§ 10.1-603.1 2572 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), and (iv) any other incentive adopted by ordinance, which shall be binding upon 2573 the locality for a period of up to 10 years.

2574 D. The establishment of a tourism zone shall not preclude the area from also being designated as an 2575 enterprise zone.

2576 § 62.1-44.5. Prohibition of waste discharges or other quality alterations of state waters except as 2577 authorized by permit; notification required.

2578 A. Except in compliance with a certificate or *permit* issued by the Board or other entity authorized 2579 by the Board to issue a certificate or permit pursuant to this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person 2580 to:

2581 1. Discharge into state waters sewage, industrial wastes, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious 2582 substances; 2583

2. Excavate in a wetland;

2584 3. Otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological properties of state waters and make them 2585 detrimental to the public health, or to animal or aquatic life, or to the uses of such waters for domestic 2586 or industrial consumption, or for recreation, or for other uses; or 2587

4. On and after October 1, 2001, conduct the following activities in a wetland:

2588 a. New activities to cause draining that significantly alters or degrades existing wetland acreage or 2589 functions; 2590

b. Filling or dumping;

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c. Permanent flooding or impounding; or

2592 d. New activities that cause significant alteration or degradation of existing wetland acreage or 2593 functions.

2594 5. Discharge stormwater into state waters from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems or land 2595 disturbing activities unless in compliance with a permit issued pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 10.1-603.1 et 2596 seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 10.1.

2597 B. Any person in violation of the provisions of subsection A who discharges or causes or allows (i) 2598 a discharge of sewage, industrial waste, other wastes or any noxious or deleterious substance into or 2599 upon state waters or (ii) a discharge that may reasonably be expected to enter state waters shall, upon 2600 learning of the discharge, promptly notify, but in no case later than 24 hours the Board, the Director of 2601 the Department of Environmental Quality, or the coordinator of emergency services appointed pursuant 2602 to § 44-146.19 for the political subdivision reasonably expected to be affected by the discharge. Written 2603 notice to the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall follow initial notice within the 2604 time frame specified by the federal Clean Water Act. 2605

§ 62.1-44.9. Qualifications of members.

2606 A. Members of the Board shall be citizens of the Commonwealth; shall be selected from the 2607 Commonwealth at large for merit without regard to political affiliation; and shall, by character and 2608 reputation, reasonably be expected to inspire the highest degree of cooperation and confidence in the 2609 work of the Board. Members shall, by their education, training, or experience, be knowledgeable of 2610 water quality control and regulation and shall be fairly representative of conservation, public health, business, land development, and agriculture. No person shall become a member of the Board who 2611 2612 receives, or during the previous two years has received, a significant portion of his income directly or 2613 indirectly from certificate or permit holders or applicants for a certificate or permit.

2614 For the purposes of this section, "significant portion of income" means 10 percent or more of gross 2615 personal income for a calendar year, except that it means 50 percent or more of gross personal income 2616 for a calendar year if the recipient is over 60 years of age and is receiving that portion under retirement, 2617 pension, or similar arrangement. Income includes retirement benefits, consultant fees, and stock 2618 dividends. Income is not received directly or indirectly from certificate or permit holders or applicants 2619 for certificates or permits when it is derived from mutual fund payments, or from other diversified 2620 investments for which the recipient does not know the identity of the primary sources of income.

2621 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section relating to Board membership, the 2622 qualifications for Board membership shall not be more strict than those that are required by federal 2623 statute or regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

2624 § 62.1-44.14. Chairman; Executive Director; employment of personnel; supervision; budget 2625 preparation.

2626 The Board shall elect its chairman, and the Executive Director shall be appointed as set forth in 2627 § 2.2-106. The Executive Director shall serve as executive officer and devote his whole time to the 2628 performance of his duties, and he shall have such administrative powers as are conferred upon him by 2629 the Board; and, further, the Board may delegate to its Executive Director any of the powers and duties 2630 invested in it by this chapter except the adoption and promulgation of standards, rules and regulations; 2631 and the revocation of certificates. The Executive Director is authorized to issue, modify or revoke orders 2632 in cases of emergency as described in §§ 62.1-44.15 (8b) and 62.1-44.34:20 of this chapter. The 2633 Executive Director is further authorized to employ such consultants and full-time technical and clerical 2634 workers as are necessary and within the available funds to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

2635 It shall be the duty of the Executive Director to exercise general supervision and control over the 2636 quality and management of all state waters and to administer and enforce this chapter, and all 2637 certificates, standards, policies, rules, regulations, rulings and special orders promulgated by the Board. 2638 The Executive Director shall prepare, approve, and submit all requests for appropriations and be 2639 responsible for all expenditures pursuant to appropriations. The Executive Director shall be vested with all the authority of the Board when it is not in session, except for the Board's authority to consider 2640 permits pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:02 and subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. 2641

2642 In no event shall the Executive Director have the authority to adopt or promulgate any regulation.

2643 § 62.1-44.15. Powers and duties; civil penalties.

2644 It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority:

2645 (1) [Repealed.]

2646 (2) To study and investigate all problems concerned with the quality of state waters and to make 2647 reports and recommendations.

2648 (2a) To study and investigate methods, procedures, devices, appliances, and technologies that could2649 assist in water conservation or water consumption reduction.

(2b) To coordinate its efforts toward water conservation with other persons or groups, within orwithout the Commonwealth.

(2c) To make reports concerning, and formulate recommendations based upon, any such water
 conservation studies to ensure that present and future water needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth are met.

2655 (3a) To establish such standards of quality and policies for any state waters consistent with the general policy set forth in this chapter, and to modify, amend or cancel any such standards or policies 2656 2657 established and to take all appropriate steps to prevent quality alteration contrary to the public interest or 2658 to standards or policies thus established, except that a description of provisions of any proposed standard 2659 or policy adopted by regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together 2660 with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing 2661 committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the 2662 standard or policy are most properly referable. The Board shall, from time to time, but at least once 2663 every three years, hold public hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4007.01 but, upon the request of an affected 2664 person or upon its own motion, hold hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4009, for the purpose of reviewing the standards of quality, and, as appropriate, adopting, modifying, or canceling such standards. Whenever 2665 2666 the Board considers the adoption, modification, amendment or cancellation of any standard, it shall give 2667 due consideration to, among other factors, the economic and social costs and benefits which can 2668 reasonably be expected to obtain as a consequence of the standards as adopted, modified, amended or 2669 cancelled. The Board shall also give due consideration to the public health standards issued by the 2670 Virginia Department of Health with respect to issues of public health policy and protection. If the Board does not follow the public health standards of the Virginia Department of Health, the Board's reason for 2671 2672 any deviation shall be made in writing and published for any and all concerned parties.

2673 (3b) Except as provided in subdivision (3a), such standards and policies are to be adopted or modified, amended or cancelled in the manner provided by the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

(4) To conduct or have conducted scientific experiments, investigations, studies, and research to
discover methods for maintaining water quality consistent with the purposes of this chapter. To this end
the Board may cooperate with any public or private agency in the conduct of such experiments,
investigations and research and may receive in behalf of the Commonwealth any moneys that any such
agency may contribute as its share of the cost under any such cooperative agreement. Such moneys shall
be used only for the purposes for which they are contributed and any balance remaining after the
conclusion of the experiments, investigations, studies, and research, shall be returned to the contributors.

2683 (5) To issue, revoke or amend certificates under prescribed conditions for: (a) the discharge of 2684 sewage, industrial wastes and other wastes into or adjacent to state waters; (b) the alteration otherwise of 2685 the physical, chemical or biological properties of state waters; (c) excavation in a wetland; or (d) on and 2686 after October 1, 2001, the conduct of the following activities in a wetland: (i) new activities to cause 2687 draining that significantly alters or degrades existing wetland acreage or functions, (ii) filling or dumping, (iii) permanent flooding or impounding, or (iv) new activities that cause significant alteration 2688 or degradation of existing wetland acreage or functions. However, to the extent allowed by federal law, 2689 2690 any person holding a certificate issued by the Board that is intending to upgrade the permitted facility 2691 by installing technology, control equipment, or other apparatus that the permittee demonstrates to the 2692 satisfaction of the Director will result in improved energy efficiency, reduction in the amount of 2693 nutrients discharged, and improved water quality shall not be required to obtain a new, modified, or 2694 amended permit. The permit holder shall provide the demonstration anticipated by this subdivision to the 2695 Department no later than 30 days prior to commencing construction.

2696 (5a) All certificates issued by the Board under this chapter shall have fixed terms. The term of a 2697 Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit shall not exceed five years. The term of a 2698 Virginia Water Protection Permit shall be based upon the projected duration of the project, the length of 2699 any required monitoring, or other project operations or permit conditions; however, the term shall not exceed 15 years. The term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit shall not exceed 10 years, except 2700 that the term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit for confined animal feeding operations shall be 2701 2702 10 years. The Department of Environmental Quality shall inspect all facilities for which a Virginia 2703 Pollution Abatement permit has been issued to ensure compliance with statutory, regulatory, and permit

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requirements. Department personnel performing inspections of confined animal feeding operations shall
be certified under the voluntary nutrient management training and certification program established in
§ 10.1-104.2. The term of a certificate issued by the Board shall not be extended by modification
beyond the maximum duration and the certificate shall expire at the end of the term unless an
application for a new permit has been timely filed as required by the regulations of the Board and the
Board is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue a new permit before the expiration date of
the previous permit.

(5b) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter may, after notice and opportunity for a
hearing, be amended or revoked on any of the following grounds or for good cause as may be provided
by the regulations of the Board:

1. The owner has violated any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate, any provision of this chapter, or any order of a court, where such violation results in a release of harmful substances into the environment or poses a substantial threat of release of harmful substances into the environment or presents a hazard to human health or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations which, in the opinion of the Board, demonstrates the owner's disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, or requirements;

2720 2. The owner has failed to disclose fully all relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a certificate, or in any other report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

3. The activity for which the certificate was issued endangers human health or the environment and can be regulated to acceptable levels by amendment or revocation of the certificate; or

4. There exists a material change in the basis on which the permit was issued that requires either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge controlled by the certificate necessary to protect human health or the environment.

2728 (5c) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter relating to dredging projects governed 2729 under Chapter 12 (§ 28.2-1200 et seq.) or Chapter 13 (§ 28.2-1300 et seq.) of Title 28.2 may be 2730 conditioned upon a demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 2731 mitigation requirements. Financial responsibility may be demonstrated by a letter of credit, a certificate 2732 of deposit or a performance bond executed in a form approved by the Board. If the U.S. Army Corps of 2733 Engineers requires demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 2734 mitigation required for a particular project, then the mechanism and amount approved by the U.S. Army 2735 Corps of Engineers shall be used to meet this requirement.

2736 (6) To make investigations and inspections, to ensure compliance with any certificates, standards, 2737 policies, rules, regulations, rulings and special orders which it may adopt, issue or establish and to 2738 furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such compliance. In 2739 recognition of §§ 32.1-164 and 62.1-44.18, the Board and the State Department of Health shall enter into 2740 a memorandum of understanding establishing a common format to consolidate and simplify inspections 2741 of sewage treatment plants and coordinate the scheduling of the inspections. The new format shall 2742 ensure that all sewage treatment plants are inspected at appropriate intervals in order to protect water 2743 quality and public health and at the same time avoid any unnecessary administrative burden on those 2744 being inspected.

(7) To adopt rules governing the procedure of the Board with respect to: (a) hearings; (b) the filing
of reports; (c) the issuance of certificates and special orders; and (d) all other matters relating to
procedure; and to amend or cancel any rule adopted. Public notice of every rule adopted under this
section shall be by such means as the Board may prescribe.

2749 (8a) To Except as otherwise provided in Articles 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and 2.5 2750 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) issue special orders to owners (i) who are permitting or causing the pollution, 2751 as defined by § 62.1-44.3, of state waters to cease and desist from such pollution, (ii) who have failed to 2752 construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such facilities 2753 in accordance with final approved plans and specifications, (iii) who have violated the terms and 2754 provisions of a certificate issued by the Board to comply with such terms and provisions, (iv) who have 2755 failed to comply with a directive from the Board to comply with such directive, (v) who have 2756 contravened duly adopted and promulgated water quality standards and policies to cease and desist from 2757 such contravention and to comply with such water quality standards and policies, (vi) who have violated 2758 the terms and provisions of a pretreatment permit issued by the Board or by the owner of a publicly 2759 owned treatment works to comply with such terms and provisions or (vii) who have contravened any 2760 applicable pretreatment standard or requirement to comply with such standard or requirement; and also 2761 to issue such orders to require any owner to comply with the provisions of this chapter and any decision of the Board. Orders Except as otherwise provided by a separate article, orders issued pursuant to this 2762 2763 subsection may include civil penalties of up to \$32,500 per violation, not to exceed \$100,000 per order. The Board may assess penalties under this subsection if (a) the person has been issued at least two 2764

2765 written notices of alleged violation by the Department for the same or substantially related violations at 2766 the same site, (b) such violations have not been resolved by demonstration that there was no violation, by an order issued by the Board or the Director, or by other means, (c) at least 130 days have passed 2767 2768 since the issuance of the first notice of alleged violation, and (d) there is a finding that such violations 2769 have occurred after a hearing conducted in accordance with subdivision (8b). The actual amount of any 2770 penalty assessed shall be based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual 2771 environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from 2772 the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty. The Board shall provide the person 2773 with the calculation for the proposed penalty prior to any hearing conducted for the issuance of an order 2774 that assesses penalties pursuant to this subsection. The issuance of a notice of alleged violation by the Department shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Any notice of alleged 2775 2776 violation shall include a description of each violation, the specific provision of law violated, and 2777 information on the process for obtaining a final decision or fact finding from the Department on whether 2778 or not a violation has occurred, and nothing in this section shall preclude an owner from seeking such a 2779 determination. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State 2780 Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), except that civil penalties assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or Article 11 (§ 62.1-44.34:14 2781 2782 et seq.) shall be paid into the Virginia Petroleum Storage Tank Fund in accordance with § 62.1-44.34:11, 2783 and except that civil penalties assessed for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) shall be 2784 paid in accordance with the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48.

2785 (8b) Such special orders are to be issued only after a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by 2786 the Supreme Court in accordance with § 2.2-4020 or, if requested by the person, before a quorum of the Board with at least 30 days' notice to the affected owners, of the time, place and purpose thereof, 2787 2788 and they shall become effective not less than 15 days after service as provided in § 62.1-44.12; provided 2789 that if the Board finds that any such owner is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and substantial 2790 danger to (i) the public health, safety or welfare, or the health of animals, fish or aquatic life; (ii) a 2791 public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural or other reasonable uses, it 2792 may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order directing the owner to cease 2793 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable 2794 notice as to the time and place thereof to the owner, to affirm, modify, amend or cancel such emergency 2795 special order. If an owner who has been issued such a special order or an emergency special order is not 2796 complying with the terms thereof, the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.23, and where the order is based on a finding of an imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction 2797 2798 compelling compliance with the emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires cessation of a discharge, the Board shall provide an opportunity for a 2799 2800 hearing within 48 hours of the issuance of the injunction.

(8c) The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under
§ 62.1-44.32 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this chapter or any regulation duly
promulgated hereunder.

2804 (8d) With the consent of any owner who has violated or failed, neglected or refused to obey any 2805 regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a permit or any provision of this chapter, the Board 2806 may provide, in an order issued by the Board against such person, for the payment of civil charges for 2807 past violations in specific sums not to exceed the limit specified in § 62.1-44.32 (a). Such civil charges 2808 shall be instead of any appropriate civil penalty which could be imposed under § 62.1-44.32 (a) and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state 2809 2810 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response 2811 Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), excluding civil charges assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1, or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or 2812 2813 term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles, or civil charges assessed for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or 2814 2815 term or condition of approval relating to or issued under that article.

2816 The amendments to this section adopted by the 1976 Session of the General Assembly shall not be construed as limiting or expanding any cause of action or any other remedy possessed by the Board prior to the effective date of said amendments.

(8e) The Board shall develop and provide an opportunity for public comment on guidelines and procedures that contain specific criteria for calculating the appropriate penalty for each violation based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty.

(8f) Before issuing a special order under subdivision (8a) or by consent under (8d), with or without
an assessment of a civil penalty, to an owner of a sewerage system requiring corrective action to prevent
or minimize overflows of sewage from such system, the Board shall provide public notice of and

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2827 reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed order. Any such order under subdivision (8d) may 2828 impose civil penalties in amounts up to the maximum amount authorized in § 309(g) of the Clean Water 2829 Act. Any person who comments on the proposed order shall be given notice of any hearing to be held 2830 on the terms of the order. In any hearing held, such person shall have a reasonable opportunity to be 2831 heard and to present evidence. If no hearing is held before issuance of an order under subdivision (8d), 2832 any person who commented on the proposed order may file a petition, within 30 days after the issuance 2833 of such order, requesting the Board to set aside such order and provide a formal hearing thereon. If the 2834 evidence presented by the petitioner in support of the petition is material and was not considered in the 2835 issuance of the order, the Board shall immediately set aside the order, provide a formal hearing, and make such petitioner a party. If the Board denies the petition, the Board shall provide notice to the 2836 2837 petitioner and make available to the public the reasons for such denial, and the petitioner shall have the 2838 right to judicial review of such decision under § 62.1-44.29 if he meets the requirements thereof.

2839 (9) To make such rulings under §§ 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17 and 62.1-44.19 as may be required upon 2840 requests or applications to the Board, the owner or owners affected to be notified by certified mail as 2841 soon as practicable after the Board makes them and such rulings to become effective upon such 2842 notification.

2843 (10) To adopt such regulations as it deems necessary to enforce the general water quality 2844 management program of the Board in all or part of the Commonwealth, except that a description of 2845 provisions of any proposed regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, 2846 together with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the 2847 standing committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of 2848 the regulation are most properly referable. 2849

(11) To investigate any large-scale killing of fish.

2850 (a) Whenever the Board shall determine that any owner, whether or not he shall have been issued a 2851 certificate for discharge of waste, has discharged sewage, industrial waste, or other waste into state 2852 waters in such quantity, concentration or manner that fish are killed as a result thereof, it may effect 2853 such settlement with the owner as will cover the costs incurred by the Board and by the Department of 2854 Game and Inland Fisheries in investigating such killing of fish, plus the replacement value of the fish 2855 destroyed, or as it deems proper, and if no such settlement is reached within a reasonable time, the 2856 Board shall authorize its executive secretary to bring a civil action in the name of the Board to recover 2857 from the owner such costs and value, plus any court or other legal costs incurred in connection with 2858 such action.

2859 (b) If the owner is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, the action may be brought in any 2860 circuit court within the territory embraced by such political subdivision. If the owner is an 2861 establishment, as defined in this chapter, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or the 2862 circuit court of the county in which such establishment is located. If the owner is an individual or group 2863 of individuals, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or circuit court of the county in 2864 which such person or any of them reside.

2865 (c) For the purposes of this subsection the State Water Control Board shall be deemed the owner of 2866 the fish killed and the proceedings shall be as though the State Water Control Board were the owner of 2867 the fish. The fact that the owner has or held a certificate issued under this chapter shall not be raised as 2868 a defense in bar to any such action.

2869 (d) The proceeds of any recovery had under this subsection shall, when received by the Board, be 2870 applied, first, to reimburse the Board for any expenses incurred in investigating such killing of fish. The balance shall be paid to the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries to be used for the fisheries' 2871 2872 management practices as in its judgment will best restore or replace the fisheries' values lost as a result 2873 of such discharge of waste, including, where appropriate, replacement of the fish killed with game fish 2874 or other appropriate species. Any such funds received are hereby appropriated for that purpose.

2875 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any way to limit or prevent any other action 2876 which is now authorized by law by the Board against any owner.

2877 (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any owner who 2878 adds or applies any chemicals or other substances that are recommended or approved by the State 2879 Department of Health to state waters in the course of processing or treating such waters for public water 2880 supply purposes, except where negligence is shown.

2881 (12) To administer programs of financial assistance for planning, construction, operation, and 2882 maintenance of water quality control facilities for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth.

2883 (13) To establish policies and programs for effective area-wide or basin-wide water quality control 2884 and management. The Board may develop comprehensive pollution abatement and water quality control 2885 plans on an area-wide or basin-wide basis. In conjunction with this, the Board, when considering proposals for waste treatment facilities, is to consider the feasibility of combined or joint treatment 2886 2887 facilities and is to ensure that the approval of waste treatment facilities is in accordance with the water

2888 quality management and pollution control plan in the watershed or basin as a whole. In making such 2889 determinations, the Board is to seek the advice of local, regional, or state planning authorities.

2890 (14) To establish requirements for the treatment of sewage, industrial wastes and other wastes that 2891 are consistent with the purposes of this chapter; however, no treatment shall be less than secondary or 2892 its equivalent, unless the owner can demonstrate that a lesser degree of treatment is consistent with the 2893 purposes of this chapter.

2894 (15) To promote and establish requirements for the reclamation and reuse of wastewater that are 2895 protective of state waters and public health as an alternative to directly discharging pollutants into waters 2896 of the state. The requirements shall address various potential categories of reuse and may include 2897 general permits and provide for greater flexibility and less stringent requirements commensurate with the 2898 quality of the reclaimed water and its intended use. The requirements shall be developed in consultation 2899 with the Department of Health and other appropriate state agencies. This authority shall not be construed 2900 as conferring upon the Board any power or duty duplicative of those of the State Board of Health.

2901 (16) To establish and implement policies and programs to protect and enhance the Commonwealth's 2902 wetland resources. Regulatory programs shall be designed to achieve no net loss of existing wetland 2903 acreage and functions. Voluntary and incentive-based programs shall be developed to achieve a net 2904 resource gain in acreage and functions of wetlands. The Board shall seek and obtain advice and 2905 guidance from the Virginia Institute of Marine Science in implementing these policies and programs.

2906 (17) To establish additional procedures for obtaining a Virginia Water Protection Permit pursuant to 2907 §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 for a proposed water withdrawal involving the transfer of water 2908 resources between major river basins within the Commonwealth that may impact water basins in another 2909 state. Such additional procedures shall not apply to any water withdrawal in existence as of July 1, 2012, except where the expansion of such withdrawal requires a permit under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 2910 62.1-44.15:22, in which event such additional procedures may apply to the extent of the expanded 2911 2912 withdrawal only. The applicant shall provide as part of the application (i) an analysis of alternatives to 2913 such a transfer, (ii) a comprehensive analysis of the impacts that would occur in the source and 2914 receiving basins, (iii) a description of measures to mitigate any adverse impacts that may arise, (iv) a 2915 description of how notice shall be provided to interested parties, and (v) any other requirements that the 2916 Board may adopt that are consistent with the provisions of this section and §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 2917 62.1-44.15:22 or regulations adopted thereunder. This subdivision shall not be construed as limiting or 2918 expanding the Board's authority under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 to issue permits and impose 2919 conditions or limitations on the permitted activity.

2920 (18) To be the lead agency for the Commonwealth's nonpoint source pollution management program, including coordination of the nonpoint source control elements of programs developed pursuant to 2921 certain state and federal laws, including § 319 of the federal Clean Water Act and § 6217 of the 2922 2923 federal Coastal Zone Management Act. Further responsibilities include the adoption of regulations 2924 necessary to implement a nonpoint source pollution management program in the Commonwealth, the distribution of assigned funds, the identification and establishment of priorities to address nonpoint 2925 2926 source related water quality problems, the administration of the Statewide Nonpoint Source Advisory 2927 Committee, and the development of a program for the prevention and control of soil erosion, sediment 2928 deposition, and nonagricultural runoff to conserve Virginia's natural resources. 2929

§ 62.1-44.15:5.1. General permit for certain water quality improvement activities.

2930 A. The Board shall coordinate the development of a general permit for activities such as 2931 bioengineered streambank stabilization projects and livestock stream crossings that: (i) are coverable by 2932 the Nationwide Permit Program (33 C.F.R. Part 330) of the United States Army Corps of Engineers and 2933 for which certification has not been waived by the Board; (ii) are conservation practices designed and 2934 supervised by a soil and water conservation district; (iii) meet the design standards of the Department of 2935 Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality and the United States Department of Agriculture's 2936 Natural Resource Conservation Service; and (iv) are intended to improve water quality. The development 2937 of the general permit shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of the Administrative Process 2938 Act.

2939 B. The development of the general permit shall be a coordinated effort between the Department of 2940 Environmental Quality, the Virginia Marine Resources Commission and such other agencies as may be 2941 needed to develop a single, unified, process that will expedite the implementation of the projects 2942 described in subsection A and unify and streamline the permitting process for such projects.

2943 C. A general permit pursuant to this section shall be promulgated as final by July 1, 1998. 2944

Article 2.3. Stormwater Management Act.

2946 § 62.1-44.15:24. Definitions.

2945

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning: 2947

2948 "Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing activity" means a land-disturbing activity 2949 including clearing, grading, or excavation that results in a land disturbance equal to or greater than

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2950 2,500 square feet and less than one acre in all areas of jurisdictions designated as subject to the
 2951 regulations adopted pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation provisions of this chapter.

2952 "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the
2953 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L.
2954 92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent
2955 revisions thereto.

2955 revisions thereto.

2956 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

2957 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

2958 "Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the
2959 stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or
2960 threatening damage.

2961 "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that
2962 potentially changes its runoff characteristics including clearing, grading, or excavation, except that the
2963 term shall not include those exemptions specified in § 62.1-44.15:34.

2964 "Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as
2965 a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal
2966 streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains:

2967 1. Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public
2968 body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and
2969 sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under
2970 § 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters;

2971 2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

2972 *3.* That is not a combined sewer; and

2973 4. That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

2974 "Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program
2975 covering the duration of a state permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a
2976 comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination,
2977 to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to
2978 satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its
2979 attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and
2980 engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate.

2981 "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons,
2982 heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land
2983 surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater runoff.

2984 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a **2985** particular location.

2986 "Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued
2987 by the VSMP authority for the initiation of a land-disturbing activity after evidence of state VSMP
2988 general permit coverage has been provided where applicable.

2989 "Permittee" means the person to which the permit or state permit is issued.

2990 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a **2991** prescribed storm event.

2992 "State permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the Board in the
2993 form of a state stormwater individual permit or coverage issued under a state general permit or an
2994 approval issued by the Board for stormwater discharges from an MS4. Under these permits, the
2995 Commonwealth imposes and enforces requirements pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act and
2996 regulations and this article and its attendant regulations.

2997 "Stormwater" means precipitation that is discharged across the land surface or through conveyances
2998 to one or more waterways and that may include storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface
2999 runoff and drainage.

3000 "Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for **3001** complying with the requirements of a VSMP.

3002 "Subdivision" means the same as defined in § 15.2-2201.

3003 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program approved by the Soil and 3004 Water Conservation Board after September 13, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, or the State Water 3005 Control Board on and after June 30, 2013, that has been established by a VSMP authority to manage 3006 the quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities and shall include such items as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards and specifications, policies and 3007 3008 guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement, where 3009 authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of this article and associated 3010 regulations.

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3011 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means an authority 3012 approved by the Board after September 13, 2011, to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management 3013 Program or, until such approval is given, the Department. An authority may include a locality; state 3014 entity, including the Department; federal entity; or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications in accordance with subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:31, electric, natural gas, and telephone 3015 3016 utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or 3017 authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102.

3018 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 3019 impervious surface of the land development project.

3020 "Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of 3021 connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In 3022 karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the 3023 watershed. 3024

§ 62.1-44.15:25. Further powers and duties of the State Water Control Board.

3025 In addition to other powers and duties conferred upon the Board, it shall permit, regulate, and 3026 control stormwater runoff in the Commonwealth. The Board may issue, deny, revoke, terminate, or 3027 amend state stormwater individual permits or coverage issued under state general permits; adopt regulations; approve and periodically review Virginia Stormwater Management Programs and 3028 3029 management programs developed in conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer permit; 3030 enforce the provisions of this article; and otherwise act to ensure the general health, safety, and welfare 3031 of the citizens of the Commonwealth as well as protect the quality and quantity of state waters from the 3032 potential harm of unmanaged stormwater. The Board may:

3033 1. Issue, deny, amend, revoke, terminate, and enforce state permits for the control of stormwater 3034 discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems and land-disturbing activities.

3035 2. Take administrative and legal actions to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article by any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article, and those entities 3036 3037 with an approved Virginia Stormwater Management Program and management programs developed in 3038 conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer system permit, including the proper 3039 enforcement and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

3040 3. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), amend or 3041 revoke any state permit issued under this article on the following grounds or for good cause as may be 3042 provided by the regulations of the Board:

3043 a. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has violated or failed, neglected, 3044 or refused to obey any order or regulation of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department, any condition of a state permit, any provision of this article, or any order of a court, where such violation results in the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, stream 3045 3046 3047 channels, and other natural resources, or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or 3048 repeated violations, including the disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, 3049 permit conditions, orders, rules, or requirements;

3050 b. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has failed to disclose fully all 3051 relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a state permit, or in any 3052 other report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

3053 c. The activity for which the state permit was issued causes unreasonable degradation of properties, 3054 water quality, stream channels, and other natural resources; or

3055 d. There exists a material change in the basis on which the state permit was issued that requires 3056 either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or land-disturbing activity 3057 controlled by the state permit necessary to prevent unreasonable degradation of properties, water 3058 quality, stream channels, and other natural resources.

3059 4. Cause investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any state or VSMP authority 3060 permits, conditions, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and orders which it may adopt, issue, or 3061 establish and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such 3062 compliance.

3063 5. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), adopt rules governing (i) hearings, (ii) the filing of reports, (iii) the issuance of permits and special orders, and (iv) 3064 3065 all other matters relating to procedure, and amend or cancel any rule adopted.

3066 6. Issue special orders to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under 3067 this article (i) who is permitting or causing the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, stream channels, and other natural resources to cease and desist from such activities; (ii) who has 3068 3069 failed to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such 3070 facilities; (iii) who has violated the terms and provisions of a state or VSMP authority permit issued by 3071 the Board or VSMP authority to comply with the provisions of the state or VSMP authority permit, this article, and any decision of the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board; or (iv) who has violated 3072

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3073 the terms of an order issued by the court, the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board to comply 3074 with the terms of such order, and also to issue orders to require any person subject to state or VSMP 3075 authority permit requirements under this article to comply with the provisions of this article and any 3076 decision of the Board.

3077 Such special orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process 3078 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall become effective not less than 15 days after the date of mailing with 3079 confirmation of delivery of the notice to the last known address of any person subject to state or VSMP 3080 authority permit requirements under this article, provided that if the Board finds that any such person 3081 subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article is grossly affecting or presents 3082 an imminent and substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare or the health of animals, 3083 fish, or aquatic life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other reasonable uses, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order 3084 3085 directing any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article to cease such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after 3086 3087 reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof to any person subject to state or VSMP authority 3088 permit requirements under this article, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency special 3089 order. If any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article who has 3090 been issued such a special order or an emergency special order is not complying with the terms thereof, 3091 the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48, and where the order is based on a finding 3092 of an imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction compelling compliance with 3093 the emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires 3094 cessation of a discharge, the recipient of the order may appeal its issuance to the circuit court of the 3095 jurisdiction wherein the discharge was alleged to have occurred.

3096 The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under § 3097 62.1-44.15:48 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or any regulation duly 3098 adopted hereunder.

3099 With the consent of any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this 3100 article who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of the Board, 3101 any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VSMP authority, any condition of a state or 3102 VSMP authority permit, or any provision of this article, the Board may provide, in an order issued by 3103 the Board against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in specific sums not to exceed the limit specified in subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be collected in 3104 3105 lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:48 3106 and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state 3107 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund 3108 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29. 3109

§ 62.1-44.15:26. State permits.

3110 A. All state permits issued by the Board under this article shall have fixed terms. The term of a state 3111 permit shall be based upon the projected duration of the project, the length of any required monitoring, or other project operations or permit conditions; however, the term shall not exceed five years. The 3112 term of a permit issued by the Board shall not be extended by modification beyond the maximum 3113 3114 duration and the permit shall expire at the end of the term unless it is administratively continued in 3115 accordance with Board regulations.

3116 B. State individual construction permits shall be administered by the Department. 3117

§ 62.1-44.15:27. Establishment of Virginia Stormwater Management Programs.

3118 A. Any locality, excluding towns, unless such town operates a regulated MS4, shall be required to 3119 adopt a VSMP for land-disturbing activities consistent with the provisions of this article according to a 3120 schedule set by the Board. Such schedule shall require adoption no sooner than 15 months and not 3121 more than 21 months following the effective date of the regulation that establishes local program 3122 criteria and delegation procedures, unless the Board deems that the Department's review of the VSMP 3123 warrants an extension up to an additional 12 months, provided the locality has made substantive 3124 progress. Localities subject to this subsection are authorized to coordinate plan review and inspections 3125 with other entities in accordance with subsection H.

3126 B. Any town lying within a county that has adopted a VSMP in accordance with subsection A may 3127 adopt its own program or shall become subject to the county program. If a town lies within the 3128 boundaries of more than one county, the town shall be considered to be wholly within the county in 3129 which the larger portion of the town lies. Towns shall inform the Department of their decision 3130 according to a schedule established by the Department. Thereafter, the Department shall provide an 3131 annual schedule by which towns can submit applications to adopt a VSMP.

3132 C. In support of VSMP authorities, the Department shall:

3133 1. Provide assistance grants to localities not currently operating a local stormwater management HB2048

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program to help the localities to establish their VSMP. 3134

3135 2. Provide technical assistance and training.

3136 3. Provide qualified services in specified geographic areas to a VSMP to assist localities in the 3137 administration of components of their programs. The Department shall actively assist localities in the 3138 establishment of their programs and in the selection of a contractor or other entity that may provide 3139 support to the locality or regional support to several localities.

3140 D. The Department shall develop a model ordinance for establishing a VSMP consistent with this 3141 article and its associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) 3142 General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

E. Each locality that administers an approved VSMP shall, by ordinance, establish a VSMP that 3143 shall be administered in conjunction with a local MS4 program and a local erosion and sediment 3144 control program if required pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), and which shall include 3145 3146 the following:

1. Consistency with regulations adopted in accordance with provisions of this article;

3148 2. Provisions for long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management control 3149 devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff; and

3150 3. Provisions for the integration of the VSMP with local erosion and sediment control, flood 3151 insurance, flood plain management, and other programs requiring compliance prior to authorizing 3152 construction in order to make the submission and approval of plans, issuance of permits, payment of 3153 fees, and coordination of inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for 3154 the local governments and those responsible for compliance with the programs.

3155 F. The Board may approve a state entity, including the Department, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility 3156 3157 companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities 3158 created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management Program consistent with the requirements of this article and its associated regulations and the VSMP authority's 3159 3160 Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For these programs, enforcement shall be 3161 administered by the Department and the Board where applicable in accordance with the provisions of 3162 this article.

3163 G. The Board shall approve a VSMP when it deems a program consistent with this article and 3164 associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General 3165 Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

H. A VSMP authority may enter into agreements or contracts with soil and water conservation 3166 3167 districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to carry out or assist with the 3168 responsibilities of this article.

3169 I. Localities shall issue a consolidated stormwater management and erosion and sediment control 3170 permit that is consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 3171 et seq.). When available in accordance with subsection J, such permit, where applicable, shall also 3172 include a copy of or reference to state VSMP permit coverage authorization to discharge.

3173 J. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 3174 2014, a VSMP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of state VSMP permit coverage where 3175 it is required prior to providing approval to begin land disturbance.

3176 K. Any VSMP adopted pursuant to and consistent with this article shall be considered to meet the 3177 stormwater management requirements under the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 3178 seq.) and attendant regulations, and effective July 1, 2014, shall not be subject to local program review 3179 under the stormwater management provisions the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.

L. All VSMP authorities shall comply with the provisions of this article and the stormwater management provisions of Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and related regulations. The VSMP 3180 3181 3182 authority responsible for regulating the land-disturbing activity shall require compliance with the issued 3183 permit, permit conditions, and plan specifications.

3184 M. VSMPs adopted in accordance with this section shall become effective July 1, 2014, unless 3185 otherwise specified by the Board. 3186

§ 62.1-44.15:28. Development of regulations.

A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations that specify minimum technical criteria and 3187 3188 administrative procedures for Virginia Stormwater Management Programs. The regulations shall: 3189

1. Establish standards and procedures for administering a VSMP;

3190 2. Establish minimum design criteria for measures to control nonpoint source pollution and localized 3191 flooding, and incorporate the stormwater management regulations adopted pursuant to the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), as they relate to the prevention of stream channel 3192 3193 erosion. These criteria shall be periodically modified as required in order to reflect current engineering 3194 methods;

3195 3. Require the provision of long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management **3196** control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff;

3197 4. Require as a minimum the inclusion in VSMPs of certain administrative procedures that include,
3198 but are not limited to, specifying the time period within which a VSMP authority shall grant
3199 land-disturbing activity approval, the conditions and processes under which approval shall be granted,
3200 the procedures for communicating disapproval, the conditions under which an approval may be
3201 changed, and requirements for inspection of approved projects;

3202 5. Establish by regulations a statewide permit fee schedule to cover all costs associated with the 3203 implementation of a VSMP related to land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater. Such fee 3204 attributes include the costs associated with plan review, VSMP registration statement review, permit 3205 issuance, state-coverage verification, inspections, reporting, and compliance activities associated with 3206 the land-disturbing activities as well as program oversight costs. The fee schedule shall also include a provision for a reduced fee for land-disturbing activities between 2,500 square feet and up to one acre 3207 in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) localities. The fee schedule shall be 3208 3209 governed by the following:

a. The revenue generated from the statewide stormwater permit fee shall be collected utilizing, where
practicable, an online payment system, and the Department's portion shall be remitted to the State
Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to
§ 62.1-44.15:29. However, whenever the Board has approved a VSMP, no more than 30 percent of the
total revenue generated by the statewide stormwater permit fees collected shall be remitted to the State
Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Permit fees collected shall be remitted to the State
total revenue generated by the statewide stormwater permit fees collected shall be remitted to the State
WSMP authority.

3217 b. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any general fund appropriation 3218 made to the Department or other supporting revenue from a VSMP; however, the fees shall be set at a 3219 level sufficient for the Department and the VSMP to fully carry out their responsibilities under this article and its attendant regulations and local ordinances or standards and specifications where 3220 3221 applicable. When establishing a VSMP, the VSMP authority shall assess the statewide fee schedule and 3222 shall have the authority to reduce or increase such fees, and to consolidate such fees with other 3223 program-related charges, but in no case shall such fee changes affect the amount established in the 3224 regulations as available to the Department for program oversight responsibilities pursuant to subdivision 3225 5 a. A VSMP's portion of the fees shall be used solely to carry out the VSMP's responsibilities under 3226 this article and its attendant regulations, ordinances, or annual standards and specifications.

3227 c. Until July 1, 2014, the fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 3228 from Construction Activities issued by the Board, or where the Board has issued an individual permit or 3229 coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for an 3230 entity for which it has approved annual standards and specifications, shall be \$750 for each large 3231 construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater than five acres and 3232 \$450 for each small construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater 3233 than one acre and less than five acres. On and after July 1, 2014, such fees shall only apply where 3234 coverage has been issued under the Board's General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 3235 Construction Activities to a state agency or federal entity for which it has approved annual standards 3236 and specifications. After establishment, such fees may be modified in the future through regulatory 3237 actions.

3238 d. Until July 1, 2014, the Department is authorized to assess a \$125 reinspection fee for each visit to 3239 a project site that was necessary to check on the status of project site items noted to be in 3240 noncompliance and documented as such on a prior project inspection.

e. When any fees are collected pursuant to this section by credit cards, business transaction costs associated with processing such payments may be additionally assessed;

6. Establish statewide standards for stormwater management from land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater, except as specified otherwise within this article, and allow for the consolidation in the permit of a comprehensive approach to addressing stormwater management and erosion and sediment control, consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and this article. However, such standards shall also apply to land-disturbing activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations;

7. Require that VSMPs maintain after-development runoff rate of flow and characteristics that
replicate, as nearly as practicable, the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site hydrology,
or improve upon the contributing share of the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site
hydrology if stream channel erosion or localized flooding is an existing predevelopment condition.
Except where more stringent requirements are necessary to address total maximum daily load
requirements or to protect exceptional state waters, any land-disturbing activity that provides for
stormwater management shall satisfy the conditions of this subsection if the practices are designed to (i)

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3257 detain the water quality volume and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour 3258 period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable 3259 peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less 3260 than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved 3261 through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff 3262 volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff volume from the site 3263 in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this section or 3264 any ordinances adopted pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27 or 62.1-44.15:33; 3265

3266 8. Encourage low-impact development designs, regional and watershed approaches, and 3267 nonstructural means for controlling stormwater;

9. Promote the reclamation and reuse of stormwater for uses other than potable water in order to 3268 3269 protect state waters and the public health and to minimize the direct discharge of pollutants into state 3270 waters:

3271 10. Establish a statewide permit fee schedule for stormwater management related to municipal 3272 separate storm sewer system permits; and

3273 11. Provide for the evaluation and potential inclusion of emerging or innovative stormwater control 3274 technologies that may prove effective in reducing nonpoint source pollution.

3275 B. The Board may integrate and consolidate components of the regulations implementing the Erosion 3276 and Sediment Control program and the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and 3277 Management program with the regulations governing the Virginia Stormwater Management Program 3278 (VSMP) Permit program or repeal components so that these programs may be implemented in a 3279 consolidated manner that provides greater consistency, understanding, and efficiency for those regulated by and administering a VSMP. 3280

§ 62.1-44.15:29. Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established.

3282 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on 3283 3284 the books of the Comptroller. All moneys collected by the Department pursuant to §§ 62.1-44.15:28, 3285 62.1-44.15:38, and 62.1-44.15:71 and all civil penalties collected pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:22 shall be 3286 paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall 3287 remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, 3288 at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys 3289 in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of carrying out the Department's responsibilities under 3290 this article. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on 3291 warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director.

An accounting of moneys received by and distributed from the Fund shall be kept by the State 3292 3293 Comptroller. 3294

§ 62.1-44.15:30. Education and training programs.

3295 A. The Board shall issue certificates of competence concerning the content and application of 3296 specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, including program administration, 3297 plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of VSMP authorities and to any other persons who 3298 have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate knowledge to the satisfaction 3299 of the Board. As part of education and training programs authorized pursuant to subsection E of 3300 § 62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall develop or certify expanded components to address program 3301 administration, plan review, and project inspection elements of this article and attendant regulations. 3302 Reasonable fees to cover the costs of these additional components may be charged.

B. Effective July 1, 2014, personnel of VSMP authorities reviewing plans or conducting inspections 3303 pursuant to this chapter shall hold a certificate of competence as provided in subsection A. Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 3304 3305 3306 Title 54.1 shall be deemed to have met the provisions of this section for the purposes of renewals.

3307 § 62.1-44.15:31. Annual standards and specifications for state agencies, federal entities, and other 3308 specified entities.

3309 A. State entities, including the Department of Transportation, and for linear projects set out in 3310 subsection B, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas 3311 pipeline companies, and railroad companies shall, and federal entities and authorities created pursuant 3312 to § 15.2-5102 may, annually submit a single set of standards and specifications for Department 3313 approval that describes how land-disturbing activities shall be conducted. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, 3314 3315 including the regulations governing the General Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) 3316 Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities and the Erosion and Sediment Control 3317 Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and associated regulations. Each project constructed in accordance with 3318 the requirements of this article, its attendant regulations, and where required standards and 3319 specifications shall obtain coverage issued under the state general permit prior to land disturbance. The 3320 standards and specifications shall include:

3321 1. Technical criteria to meet the requirements of this article and regulations developed under this 3322 article:

3323 2. Provisions for the long-term responsibility and maintenance of stormwater management control 3324 devices and other techniques specified to manage the quantity and quality of runoff;

3325 3. Provisions for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management program administration, 3326 plan design, review and approval, and construction inspection and enforcement;

3327 4. Provisions for ensuring that responsible personnel and contractors obtain certifications or 3328 qualifications for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management comparable to those 3329 required for local government;

3330 5. Implementation of a project tracking and notification system to the Department of all 3331 land-disturbing activities covered under this article; and

3332 6. Requirements for documenting onsite changes as they occur to ensure compliance with the 3333 requirements of the article. 3334

B. Linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications include:

3335 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone 3336 utility lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and

3337 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related 3338 structures and facilities of a railroad company.

3339 Linear projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the requirements of the local 3340 or state VSMP in the locality within which the project is located.

3341 C. The Department shall perform random site inspections or inspections in response to a complaint 3342 to assure compliance with this article, the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), 3343 and regulations adopted thereunder. The Department may take enforcement actions in accordance with 3344 this article and related regulations.

3345 D. The Department shall assess an administrative charge to cover the costs of services rendered 3346 associated with its responsibilities pursuant to this section.

3347 § 62.1-44.15:32. Duties of the Department.

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3348 A. The Department shall provide technical assistance, training, research, and coordination in 3349 stormwater management technology to VSMP authorities consistent with the purposes of this article.

3350 B. The Department is authorized to review the stormwater management plan for any project with 3351 real or potential interjurisdictional impacts upon the request of one or all of the involved localities to 3352 determine that the plan is consistent with the provisions of this article. Any such review shall be 3353 completed and a report submitted to each locality involved within 90 days of such request being 3354 accepted. The Department may charge a fee of the requesting locality to cover its costs for providing 3355 such services. 3356

C. The Department shall be responsible for the implementation of this article.

§ 62.1-44.15:33. Authorization for more stringent ordinances.

3358 A. Localities are authorized to adopt more stringent stormwater management ordinances than those 3359 necessary to ensure compliance with the Board's minimum regulations, provided that the more stringent 3360 ordinances are based upon factual findings of local or regional comprehensive watershed management 3361 studies or findings developed through the implementation of a MS4 permit or a locally adopted 3362 watershed management study and are determined by the locality to be necessary to prevent any further 3363 degradation to water resources, to address TMDL requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or 3364 to address specific existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel 3365 erosion, depleted groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that 3366 prior to adopting more stringent ordinances a public hearing is held after giving due notice. Localities 3367 shall report to the Board when more stringent stormwater management ordinances are determined to be 3368 necessary pursuant to this section.

3369 B. Any provisions of a local stormwater management program in existence before January 1, 2005, 3370 that contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the analysis requirements 3371 of subsection A. However, such provisions shall be reported to the Board as part of the locality's VSMP 3372 approval package.

3373 § 62.1-44.15:34. Regulated activities; submission and approval of a permit application; security for 3374 performance; exemptions.

3375 A. A person shall not conduct any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted a permit 3376 application to the VSMP authority that includes a state VSMP permit registration statement and, after 3377 July 1, 2014, a stormwater management plan, and has obtained VSMP authority approval to begin land 3378 disturbance. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than 3379 July 1, 2014, a VSMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of VSMP permit coverage where it

3380 is required prior to providing approval to begin land disturbance. The VSMP authority shall act on any 3381 permit application within 60 days after it has been determined by the VSMP authority to be a complete 3382 application. The VSMP authority may either issue project approval or denial and shall provide written 3383 rationale for the denial. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit application that has been 3384 previously disapproved within 45 days after the application has been revised, resubmitted for approval, 3385 and deemed complete. Prior to issuance of any approval, the VSMP authority may also require an 3386 applicant, excluding state and federal entities, to submit a reasonable performance bond with surety, 3387 cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the 3388 VSMP authority, to ensure that measures could be taken by the VSMP authority at the applicant's 3389 expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or maintain appropriate 3390 actions that may be required of him by the permit conditions as a result of his land-disturbing activity. If the VSMP authority takes such action upon such failure by the applicant, the VSMP authority may 3391 3392 collect from the applicant the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed 3393 the amount of the security held. Within 60 days of the completion of the requirements of the permit conditions, such bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the unexpended or 3394 3395 unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated. These requirements are in 3396 addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of permits and are not intended to 3397 otherwise affect the requirements for such permits.

3398 B. A Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act Land-Disturbing Activity shall be subject to coverage under 3399 the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 3400 from Construction Activities until July 1, 2014, at which time it shall no longer be considered a small 3401 construction activity but shall be then regulated under the requirements of this article by a VSMP 3402 authority.

3403 C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are exempt, unless 3404 otherwise required by federal law:

3405 1. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 3406 conducted under the provisions of Title 45.1;

3407 2. Clearing of lands specifically for agricultural purposes and the management, tilling, planting, or 3408 harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot operations, or as additionally 3409 set forth by the Board in regulations, including engineering operations as follows: construction of 3410 terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; however, this 3411 3412 exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is 3413 reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) 3414 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection B of 3415 § 10.1-1163;

3416 3. Single-family residences separately built and disturbing less than one acre and not part of a 3417 larger common plan of development or sale, including additions or modifications to existing 3418 single-family detached residential structures. However, localities subject to the provisions of the 3419 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may regulate these single-family residences 3420 where land disturbance exceeds 2,500 square feet;

4. Land-disturbing activities that disturb less than one acre of land area except for land-disturbing 3421 3422 activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to 3423 the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations adopted pursuant to 3424 the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or activities that are 3425 part of a larger common plan of development or sale that is one acre or greater of disturbance; however, the governing body of any locality that administers a VSMP may reduce this exception to a 3426 3427 smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall apply; 3428

5. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system;

3429 6. Activities under a state or federal reclamation program to return an abandoned property to an 3430 agricultural or open land use;

3431 7. Routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, 3432 or original construction of the project. The paving of an existing road with a compacted or impervious surface and reestablishment of existing associated ditches and shoulders shall be deemed routine 3433 3434 maintenance if performed in accordance with this subsection; and

3435 8. Conducting land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work 3436 requires immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such situations, the VSMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of 3437 3438 commencing the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection \tilde{A} is required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity. 3439

3440 § 62.1-44.15:35. Nutrient credit use and additional offsite options for construction activities. 3441 A. As used in this section:

3442 "Nutrient credit" or "credit" means a nutrient credit certified pursuant to Article 4.02 **3443** (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

3444 "Tributary" has the same meaning as in § 62.1-44.19:13. For areas outside of the Chesapeake Bay
3445 Watershed, "tributary" includes the following watersheds: Albemarle Sound, Coastal; Atlantic Ocean,
3446 Coastal; Big Sandy; Chowan; Clinch-Powell; New Holston (Upper Tennessee); New River; Roanoke;
3447 and Yadkin.

3448 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program Authority" or "VSMP authority" has the same meaning
3449 as in § 62.2-44.15:24 and includes, until July 1, 2014, any locality that has adopted a local stormwater
3450 management program.

B. A VSMP authority is authorized to allow compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff
water quality criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, in whole or in part, through the use of
the applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits in the same tributary.

C. No applicant shall use nutrient credits to address water quantity control requirements. No
applicant shall use nutrient credits or other offsite options in contravention of local water quality-based
limitations (i) determined pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-44.19:14, (ii) adopted pursuant to
§ 62.1-44.15:33 or other applicable authority, (iii) deemed necessary to protect public water supplies
from demonstrated adverse nutrient impacts, or (iv) as otherwise may be established or approved by the
Board. Where such a limitation exists, offsite options may be used provided that such options do not
preclude or impair compliance with the local limitation.

3461 D. A VSMP authority shall allow offsite options in accordance with subsection I when:

3462 *1. Less than five acres of land will be disturbed;*

3463 2. The postconstruction phosphorous control requirement is less than 10 pounds per year; or

3464 3. The state permit applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the VSMP authority that (i) 3465 alternative site designs have been considered that may accommodate onsite best management practices, 3466 (ii) onsite best management practices have been considered in alternative site designs to the maximum 3467 extent practicable, (iii) appropriate onsite best management practices will be implemented, and (iv) full 3468 compliance with postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirements cannot practicably 3469 be met onsite. For purposes of this subdivision, if an applicant demonstrates onsite control of at least 3470 75 percent of the required phosphorous nutrient reductions, the applicant shall be deemed to have met 3471 the requirements of clauses (i) through (iv).

E. Documentation of the applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits shall be provided to the VSMP authority and the Department in a certification from the credit provider documenting the number of phosphorus nutrient credits acquired and the associated ratio of nitrogen nutrient credits at the credit-generating entity. Until the effective date of regulations establishing application fees in accordance with § 62.1-44.19:20, the credit provider shall pay the Department a water quality enhancement fee equal to six percent of the amount paid by the applicant for the credits. Such fee shall be deposited into the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.

3479 F. Nutrient credits used pursuant to subsection B shall be generated in the same or adjacent 3480 eight-digit hydrologic unit code as defined by the United States Geological Survey as the permitted site except as otherwise limited in subsection C. Nutrient credits outside the same or adjacent eight-digit 3481 3482 hydrologic unit code may only be used if it is determined by the VSMP authority that no credits are 3483 available within the same or adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code when the VSMP authority accepts 3484 the final site design. In such cases, and subject to other limitations imposed in this section, credits 3485 available within the same tributary may be used. In no case shall credits from another tributary be 3486 used.

3487 G. For that portion of a site's compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff water quality
3488 criteria being obtained through nutrient credits, the applicant shall (i) comply with a 1:1 ratio of the
3489 nutrient credits to the site's remaining postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirement
3490 being met by credit use and (ii) use credits certified as perpetual credits pursuant to Article 4.02
3491 (§62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

3492 H. No VSMP authority may grant an exception to, or waiver of, postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient3493 runoff compliance requirements unless offsite options have been considered and found not available.

3494 I. The VSMP authority shall require that nutrient credits and other offsite options approved by the 3495 Department or applicable state board, including locality pollutant loading pro rata share programs 3496 established pursuant to § 15.2-2243, achieve the necessary nutrient reductions prior to the 3497 commencement of the applicant's land-disturbing activity. A pollutant loading pro rata share program 3498 established by a locality pursuant to § 15.2-2243 and approved by the Department or applicable state 3499 board prior to January 1, 2011, including those that may achieve nutrient reductions after the 3500 commencement of the land-disturbing activity, may continue to operate in the approved manner for a transition period ending July 1, 2014. The applicant shall have the right to select between the use of 3501 3502 nutrient credits or other offsite options, except during the transition period in those localities to which

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3503 the transition period applies. The locality may use funds collected for nutrient reductions pursuant to a 3504 locality pollutant loading pro rata share program under § 15.2-2243 for nutrient reductions in the same 3505 tributary within the same locality as the land-disturbing activity or for the acquisition of nutrient credits. 3506 In the case of a phased project, the applicant may acquire or achieve the offsite nutrient reductions 3507 prior to the commencement of each phase of the land-disturbing activity in an amount sufficient for each 3508 such phase.

3509 J. Nutrient reductions obtained through nutrient credits shall be credited toward compliance with any 3510 nutrient allocation assigned to a municipal separate storm sewer system in a Virginia Stormwater 3511 Management Program Permit or Total Maximum Daily Load applicable to the location where the 3512 activity for which the nutrient credits are used takes place. If the activity for which the nutrient credits 3513 are used does not discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer system, the nutrient reductions shall 3514 be credited toward compliance with the applicable nutrient allocation.

3515 K. A VSMP authority shall allow the full or partial substitution of perpetual nutrient credits for existing onsite nutrient controls when (i) the nutrient credits will compensate for 10 or fewer pounds of 3516 3517 the annual phosphorous requirement associated with the original land-disturbing activity or (ii) existing 3518 onsite controls are not functioning as anticipated after reasonable attempts to comply with applicable 3519 maintenance agreements or requirements and the use of nutrient credits will account for the deficiency. 3520 Upon determination by the VSMP authority that the conditions established by clause (i) or (ii) have 3521 been met, the party responsible for maintenance shall be released from maintenance obligations related 3522 to the onsite phosphorous controls for which the nutrient credits are substituted.

3523 L. To the extent available, with the consent of the applicant, the VSMP authority, the Board or the 3524 Department may include the use of nutrient credits or other offsite measures in resolving enforcement 3525 actions to compensate for (i) nutrient control deficiencies occurring during the period of noncompliance 3526 and (ii) permanent nutrient control deficiencies.

3527 M. This section shall not be construed as limiting the authority established under § 15.2-2243; 3528 however, under any pollutant loading pro rata share program established thereunder, the subdivider or 3529 developer shall be given appropriate credit for nutrient reductions achieved through nutrient credits or 3530 other offsite options.

3531 N. In order to properly account for allowed nonpoint nutrient offsite reductions, an applicant shall 3532 report to the Department, in accordance with Department procedures, information regarding all offsite 3533 reductions that have been authorized to meet stormwater postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff 3534 compliance requirements.

3535 O. An applicant or a permittee found to be in noncompliance with the requirements of this section 3536 shall be subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions of this article.

§ 62.1-44.15:36. (For contingent repeal, see Editor's note) Recovery of administrative costs.

3538 Any locality that administers a stormwater management program may charge applicants a 3539 reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration, including costs associated with plan review, 3540 issuance of permits, periodic inspection for compliance with approved plans, and necessary enforcement, 3541 provided that charges for such costs are not made under any other law, ordinance, or program. The fee 3542 shall not exceed an amount commensurate with the services rendered and expenses incurred or \$1,000, 3543 whichever is less. 3544

§ 62.1-44.15:37. Monitoring, reports, investigations, inspections, and stop work orders.

3545 A. The VSMP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the installation of stormwater 3546 management measures, (ii) may require monitoring and reports from the person responsible for meeting 3547 the permit conditions to ensure compliance with the permit and to determine whether the measures 3548 required in the permit provide effective stormwater management, and (iii) shallconduct such investigations and perform such other actions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this 3549 3550 article. If the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department determines 3551 that there is a failure to comply with the permit conditions, notice shall be served upon the permittee or 3552 person responsible for carrying out the permit conditions by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the 3553 address specified in the permit application, or by delivery at the site of the development activities to the 3554 agent or employee supervising such activities. The notice shall specify the measures needed to comply 3555 with the permit conditions and shall specify the time within which such measures shall be completed. 3556 Upon failure to comply within the time specified, a stop work order may be issued in accordance with 3557 subsection B by the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or by the Board, or the 3558 permit may be revoked by the VSMP authority, or the state permit may be revoked by the Board. The 3559 Board or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may pursue enforcement in 3560 accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48.

3561 B. If a permittee fails to comply with a notice issued in accordance with subsection A within the time specified, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department may issue an 3562 3563 order requiring the owner, permittee, person responsible for carrying out an approved plan, or person 3564 conducting the land-disturbing activities without an approved plan or required permit to cease all

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3565 land-disturbing activities until the violation of the permit has ceased, or an approved plan and required 3566 permits are obtained, and specified corrective measures have been completed.

3567 Such orders shall be issued (i) in accordance with local procedures if issued by a locality serving as 3568 a VSMP authority or (ii) after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements of the Administrative 3569 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if issued by the Department. Such orders shall become effective upon 3570 service on the person by mailing, with confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land 3571 records of the locality, or by personal delivery by an agent of the VSMP authority or Department. 3572 However, if the VSMP authority or the Department finds that any such violation is grossly affecting or 3573 presents an imminent and substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition 3574 in waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth or otherwise substantially impacting water 3575 quality, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order directing such person to 3576 cease immediately all land-disturbing activities on the site and shall provide an opportunity for a 3577 hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, 3578 amend, or cancel such emergency order.

3579 If a person who has been issued an order is not complying with the terms thereof, the VSMP authority or the Department may institute a proceeding in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:42. 3580 3581

§ 62.1-44.15:38. Department to review VSMPs.

3582 A. The Department shall develop and implement a review and evaluation schedule so that the 3583 effectiveness of each VSMP authority, Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program, 3584 and other MS4 permit requirements is evaluated no less than every five years. The review shall include 3585 an assessment of the extent to which the program has reduced nonpoint source pollution and mitigated 3586 the detrimental effects of localized flooding. Such reviews shall be coordinated with those being 3587 implemented in accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and 3588 associated regulations and, where applicable, the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 3589 seq.) and associated regulations.

3590 B. Following completion of a compliance review of a VSMP, the Department shall provide results 3591 and compliance recommendations to the Board in the form of a corrective action agreement if 3592 deficiencies are found; otherwise, the Board may find the program compliant. If, after such a review 3593 and evaluation, a VSMP is found to have a program that does not comply with the provisions of this 3594 article or regulations adopted thereunder, the Board shall establish a schedule for the VSMP authority 3595 to come into compliance. The Board shall provide a copy of its decision to the VSMP authority that 3596 specifies the deficiencies, actions needed to be taken, and the approved compliance schedule. If the 3597 VSMP has not implemented the necessary compliance actions identified by the Board within 30 days 3598 following receipt of the corrective action agreement, or such additional period as is granted to complete 3599 the implementation of the corrective action, then the Board shall have the authority to (i) issue a special 3600 order to any VSMP imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per day with the maximum amount not to exceed \$20,000 per violation for noncompliance with the requirements of this article and its regulations, to be paid into the state treasury and deposited in the Virginia Stormwater Management 3601 3602 Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29 or (ii) revoke its approval of the VSMP. The Administrative 3603 3604 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern the activities and proceedings of the Board under this 3605 article and the judicial review thereof.

3606 If the Board revokes its approval of a VSMP, the Board shall find the VSMP authority provisional 3607 and shall have the Department assist with the administration of the program until the VSMP authority is 3608 deemed compliant with the requirements of this article and associated regulations. Assisting with 3609 administration includes the ability to review and comment on plans to the VSMP authority, to conduct 3610 inspections with the VSMP authority, and to conduct enforcement in accordance with this article and 3611 associated regulations.

3612 In lieu of issuing a special order or revoking the program, the Board may take legal action against 3613 a VSMP pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:48 to ensure compliance.

3614 § 62.1-44.15:39. Right of entry.

3615 The Department, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, any duly authorized 3616 agent of the Department or VSMP authority, or any locality that is the operator of a regulated 3617 municipal separate storm sewer system may, at reasonable times and under reasonable circumstances, 3618 enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of obtaining 3619 information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement of the provisions of 3620 this article. For operators of municipal separate storm sewer systems, this authority shall apply only to 3621 those properties from which a discharge enters their municipal separate storm sewer systems.

3622 In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination 3623 thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a VSMP authority may also enter any establishment or upon 3624 any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that are 3625 required by the permit conditions associated with a land-disturbing activity when a permittee, after

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proper notice, has failed to take acceptable action within the time specified. 3626

3627 § 62.1-44.15:40. Information to be furnished.

3628 The Board, the Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may 3629 require every permit applicant, every permittee, or any person subject to state permit requirements 3630 under this article to furnish when requested such application materials, plans, specifications, and other 3631 pertinent information as may be necessary to determine the effect of his discharge on the quality of state 3632 waters, or such other information as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this article. Any personal information shall not be disclosed except to an appropriate official of the Board, Department, 3633 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or VSMP authority or as may be authorized pursuant to the 3634 Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, disclosure of records of the 3635 3636 Department, the Board, or the VSMP authority relating to (i) active federal environmental enforcement actions that are considered confidential under federal law, (ii) enforcement strategies, including 3637 3638 proposed sanctions for enforcement actions, and (iii) any secret formulae, secret processes, or secret methods other than effluent data used by any permittee or under that permittee's direction is prohibited. 3639 Upon request, such enforcement records shall be disclosed after a proposed sanction resulting from the 3640 3641 investigation has been determined by the Department, the Board, or the VSMP authority. This section 3642 shall not be construed to prohibit the disclosure of records related to inspection reports, notices of 3643 violation, and documents detailing the nature of any land-disturbing activity that may have occurred, or 3644 similar documents. 3645

§ 62.1-44.15:41. Private rights; liability.

3646 A. Whenever a common interest community cedes responsibility for the maintenance, repair, and 3647 replacement of a stormwater management facility on its real property to the Commonwealth or political 3648 subdivision thereof, such common interest community shall be immune from civil liability in relation to such stormwater management facility. In order for the immunity established by this subsection to apply, 3649 3650 (i) the common interest community must cede such responsibility by contract or other instrument 3651 executed by both parties and (ii) the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision 3652 shall have accepted the responsibility ceded by the common interest community in writing or by 3653 resolution. As used in this section, maintenance, repair, and replacement shall include, without 3654 limitation, cleaning of the facility, maintenance of adjacent grounds that are part of the facility, maintenance and replacement of fencing where the facility is fenced, and posting of signage indicating 3655 3656 the identity of the governmental entity that maintains the facility. Acceptance or approval of an 3657 easement, subdivision plat, site plan, or other plan of development shall not constitute the acceptance by 3658 the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision required to satisfy clause (ii). The 3659 immunity granted by this section shall not apply to actions or omissions by the common interest community constituting intentional or willful misconduct or gross negligence. For the purposes of this 3660 section, "common interest community" means the same as that term is defined in § 55-528. 3661

3662 B. Except as provided in subsection A, the fact that any permittee holds or has held a permit or state 3663 permit issued under this article shall not constitute a defense in any civil action involving private rights. 3664

§ 62.1-44.15:42. Enforcement by injunction, etc. A. It is unlawful for any person to fail to comply with any stop work order, emergency order issued

3665 3666 in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:37, or a special order or emergency special order issued in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:25 that has become final under the provisions of this article. Any person violating or 3667 3668 failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any rule, regulation, ordinance, approved standard and 3669 specification, order, or permit condition issued by the Board, Department, or VSMP authority as 3670 authorized to do such, or any provisions of this article, may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in any appropriate court by the Board, Department, or VSMP authority where authorized to enforce this 3671 3672 article to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy.

3673 B. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or 3674 other remedy obtained pursuant to this section shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil 3675 penalty in accordance with the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48. 3676

§ 62.1-44.15:43. Testing validity of regulations; judicial review.

3677 A. The validity of any regulation adopted by the Board pursuant to this article may be determined 3678 through judicial review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 3679 et seq.).

3680 B. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the court to the Court of Appeals as provided by 3681 law. 3682

§ 62.1-44.15:44. Right to hearing.

3683 Any permit applicant, permittee, or person subject to state permit requirements under this article 3684 aggrieved by any action of the VSMP authority, Department, or Board taken without a formal hearing, or by inaction of the VSMP authority, Department, or Board, may demand in writing a formal hearing 3685 3686 by the Board or VSMP authority causing such grievance, provided a petition requesting such hearing is filed with the Board or the VSMP authority within 30 days after notice of such action. 3687

3688 § 62.1-44.15:45. Hearings.

3689 VSMP authorities holding hearings under this article shall do so in a manner consistent with § **3690** 62.1-44.26.

3691 § 62.1-44.15:46. Appeals.

3692 Any permittee or party aggrieved by a state permit or enforcement decision of the Department or 3693 Board under this article, or any person who has participated, in person or by submittal of written 3694 comments, in the public comment process related to a final decision of the Department or Board under 3695 this article, whether such decision is affirmative or negative, is entitled to judicial review thereof in 3696 accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if such person 3697 meets the standard for obtaining judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III of the 3698 Constitution of the United States. A person shall be deemed to meet such standard if (i) such person has 3699 suffered an actual or imminent injury that is an invasion of a legally protected interest and that is concrete and particularized; (ii) such injury is fairly traceable to the decision of the Department or the 3700 Board and not the result of the independent action of some third party not before the court; and (iii) 3701 3702 such injury will likely be redressed by a favorable decision by the court.

3703 The provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall not apply to decisions **3704** rendered by localities but appeals shall be conducted in accordance with local appeal procedures.

3705 § 62.1-44.15:47. Appeal to Court of Appeals.

3706 From the final decision of the circuit court an appeal may be taken to the Court of Appeals as provided in § 17.1-405.

3708 § 62.1-44.15:48. Penalties, injunctions, and other legal actions.

3709 A. Any person who violates any provision of this article or of any regulation, ordinance, or standard 3710 and specification adopted or approved hereunder, including those adopted pursuant to the conditions of an MS4 permit, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any order of a VSMP authority 3711 authorized to enforce this article, the Department, the Board, or a court, issued as herein provided, 3712 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$32,500 for each violation within the discretion of the 3713 3714 court. Each day of violation of each requirement shall constitute a separate offense. The Board shall 3715 adopt a regulation establishing a schedule of civil penalties to be utilized by the VSMP authority in enforcing the provisions of this article. The Board, Department, or VSMP authority may issue a 3716 3717 summons for collection of the civil penalty and the action may be prosecuted in the appropriate court. 3718 Any civil penalties assessed by a court as a result of a summons issued by a locality as an approved 3719 VSMP authority shall be paid into the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except where the 3720 violator is the locality itself, or its agent. When the penalties are assessed by the court as a result of a 3721 summons issued by the Board or Department, or where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, the 3722 court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into 3723 the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29. Such civil penalties 3724 paid into the treasury of the locality in which the violation occurred are to be used for the purpose of 3725 minimizing, preventing, managing, or mitigating pollution of the waters of the locality and abating 3726 environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by order, direct.

3727 B. Any person who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this article, any regulation or 3728 order of the Board, any order of a VSMP authority authorized to enforce this article or the Department, 3729 any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, any condition of a permit or state permit, 3730 or any order of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more 3731 than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person 3732 who knowingly violates any provision of this article, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of 3733 the VSMP authority or the Department, any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, 3734 any condition of a permit or state permit, or any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who 3735 knowingly makes any false statement in any form required to be submitted under this article or 3736 knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this 3737 article, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor 3738 more than three years, or in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, 3739 confinement in jail for not more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than 3740 \$50,000 for each violation. Any defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation 3741 under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each 3742 requirement shall constitute a separate offense.

3743 C. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this article, and who knows at that time that
3744 he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon
3745 conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than two years nor
3746 more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, either or both. A defendant that is not an
3747 individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not
3748 exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount that is three times the economic benefit realized by

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3749 the defendant as a result of the offense. The maximum penalty shall be doubled with respect to both fine 3750 and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same person under this subsection. 3751

D. Violation of any provision of this article may also include the following sanctions:

3752 1. The Board, Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may 3753 apply to the appropriate court in any jurisdiction wherein the land lies to enjoin a violation or a 3754 threatened violation of the provisions of this article or of the local ordinance without the necessity of 3755 showing that an adequate remedy at law does not exist.

3756 2. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any 3757 ordinance, any condition of a permit or state permit, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of the VSMP authority or the Department, or any provision of this article, the Board, Department, or VSMP authority may provide, in an order issued against such person, for the payment of civil charges 3758 3759 for violations in specific sums, not to exceed the limit specified in this section. Such civil charges shall 3760 3761 be instead of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under this section. Any civil charges collected shall be paid to the locality or state treasury pursuant to subsection A. 3762 3763

§ 62.1-44.15:49. Enforcement authority of MS4 localities.

3764 A. Localities shall adopt a stormwater ordinance pursuant to the conditions of a MS4 permit that is 3765 consistent with this article and its associated regulations and that contains provisions including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 3766 3767 Construction Activities and shall include additional provisions as required to comply with a state MS4 3768 permit. Such locality may utilize the civil penalty provisions in subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:48, the injunctive authority as provided for in subdivision D 1 of § 62.1-44.15:48, and the civil charges as 3769 authorized in subdivision D 2 of § 62.1-44.15:48, to enforce the ordinance. At the request of another 3770 3771 MS4, the locality may apply the penalties provided for in this section to direct or indirect discharges to 3772 any MS4 located within its jurisdiction.

B. Any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of such an ordinance is guilty of a 3773 3774 Class 1 misdemeanor.

3775 C. The local ordinance authorized by this section shall remain in full force and effect until the 3776 locality has been approved as a VSMP authority. 3777

§ 62.1-44.15:50. Cooperation with federal and state agencies.

3778 A VSMP authority and the Department are authorized to cooperate and enter into agreements with 3779 any federal or state agency in connection with the requirements for land-disturbing activities for 3780 stormwater management. 3781

Article 2.4.

Erosion and Sediment Control Law.

§ 62.1-44.15:51. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

3785 "Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the plan-approving authority and the owner that specifies conservation measures that must be implemented in the construction of a single-family 3786 3787 residence; this contract may be executed by the plan-approving authority in lieu of a formal site plan.

3788 "Applicant" means any person submitting an erosion and sediment control plan for approval or 3789 requesting the issuance of a permit, when required, authorizing land-disturbing activities to commence.

3790 "Certified inspector" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certificate 3791 of competence from the Board in the area of project inspection or (ii) is enrolled in the Board's training 3792 program for project inspection and successfully completes such program within one year after 3793 enrollment.

3794 "Certified plan reviewer" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a 3795 certificate of competence from the Board in the area of plan review, (ii) is enrolled in the Board's 3796 training program for plan review and successfully completes such program within one year after 3797 enrollment, or (iii) is licensed as a professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 54.1, or professional soil scientist as 3798 3799 defined in § 54.1-2200.

3800 "Certified program administrator" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certificate of competence from the Board in the area of program administration or (ii) is enrolled in 3801 3802 the Board's training program for program administration and successfully completes such program 3803 within one year after enrollment.

3804 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality. 3805

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

"District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 3806 3807 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 1.5 (§ 10.1-1187.21 et seq.) of 3808 Chapter 11.1 of Title 10.1.

"Erosion and sediment control plan" or "plan" means a document containing material for the 3809 3810 conservation of soil and water resources of a unit or group of units of land. It may include appropriate

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3811 maps, an appropriate soil and water plan inventory and management information with needed
3812 interpretations, and a record of decisions contributing to conservation treatment. The plan shall contain
3813 all major conservation decisions to ensure that the entire unit or units of land will be so treated to
3814 achieve the conservation objectives.

3815 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land not associated with current land-disturbing activity but
3816 subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring properties or
3817 into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 square feet or
3818 less used for residential purposes or to shorelines where the erosion results from wave action or other
3819 coastal processes.

3820 "Land-disturbing activity" means any man-made change to the land surface that may result in soil
a821 erosion from water or wind and the movement of sediments into state waters or onto lands in the
a822 Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, clearing, grading, excavating, transporting, and filling of
a823 land, except that the term shall not include:

3824 1. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 3825 and maintenance work;

2. Individual service connections;

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3827 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground public utility lines when such activity
3828 occurs on an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is
3829 confined to the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

3830 4. Septic tank lines or drainage fields unless included in an overall plan for land-disturbing activity
 3831 relating to construction of the building to be served by the septic tank system;

3832 5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects
 3833 conducted pursuant to Title 45.1;

3834 6. Tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot 3835 operations, or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulation, including engineering operations as 3836 follows: construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, 3837 strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land 3838 irrigation; however, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which 3839 harvesting occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 3840 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as 3841 described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

3842 7. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other
 3843 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

8. Agricultural engineering operations, including but not limited to the construction of terraces,
terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds not required to comply with the provisions of
the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.), ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating,
contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation;

9. Disturbed land areas of less than 10,000 square feet in size or 2,500 square feet in all areas of
the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and
Management Regulations; however, the governing body of the program authority may reduce this
exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall
apply;

3853 10. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or **3854** poles;

3855 11. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are
3856 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources
3857 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is
3858 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted
3859 pursuant thereto; and

3860 12. Emergency work to protect life, limb, or property, and emergency repairs; however, if the
3861 land-disturbing activity would have required an approved erosion and sediment control plan, if the
3862 activity were not an emergency, then the land area disturbed shall be shaped and stabilized in
3863 accordance with the requirements of the VESCP authority.

3864 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial
3865 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the
3866 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and
3867 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

3868 "Owner" means the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser estate therein,
3869 mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or other person,
3870 firm, or corporation in control of a property.

3871 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a given storm condition at a

3872 particular location.

3873 "Permittee" means the person to whom the local permit authorizing land-disturbing activities is 3874 issued or the person who certifies that the approved erosion and sediment control plan will be followed.

3875 "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private 3876 corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, county, 3877 city, town, or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth, governmental body, including a federal 3878 or state entity as applicable, any interstate body, or any other legal entity.

3879 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a prescribed storm event. 3880 3881

"Town" means an incorporated town.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the 3882 3883 Board that has been established by a VESCP authority for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the 3884 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources and shall 3885 3886 include such items where applicable as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards 3887 and specifications, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, 3888 inspection, enforcement where authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements 3889 of this article and its associated regulations.

3890 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means an 3891 authority approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program. An 3892 authority may include a state entity, including the Department; a federal entity; a district, county, city, 3893 or town; or for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102. 3894 3895

"Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 3896 3897 impervious surface of the land development project. 3898

§ 62.1-44.15:52. Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

3899 A. The Board shall develop a program and adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative 3900 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff that shall be met in any control program to prevent the unreasonable 3901 3902 degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. Stream restoration and 3903 relocation projects that incorporate natural channel design concepts are not man-made channels and 3904 shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made 3905 channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this section or § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. Any plan approved prior to July 1, 2014, that provides for stormwater management that 3906 3907 addresses any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels shall 3908 satisfy the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels if the 3909 practices are designed to (i) detain the water quality volume and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain 3910 and release over a 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one-year, 24-hour storm; and 3911 (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good 3912 3913 forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor 3914 that is equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the 3915 runoff volume from the site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity 3916 and velocity requirement for natural or man-made channels as defined in regulations promulgated 3917 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. For plans approved on and after July 1, 2014, the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements of this subsection shall be satisfied by compliance with water quantity requirements in the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and attendant 3918 3919 3920 regulations, unless such land-disturbing activities are in accordance with the grandfathering provisions 3921 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit Regulations. 3922

The regulations shall:

3923 1. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 3924 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, data relating to land use, soils, 3925 hydrology, geology, size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, 3926 transportation, and public facilities and services;

3927 2. Include such survey of lands and waters as may be deemed appropriate by the Board or required 3928 by any applicable law to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical 3929 erosion and sediment problems; and

3930 3. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 3931 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of erosion and sediment resulting from land-disturbing 3932 activities.

3933 B. The Board shall provide technical assistance and advice to, and conduct and supervise

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3934 educational programs for VESCP authorities.

3935 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards of effectiveness of erosion and 3936 sediment control programs, and criteria and procedures for reviewing and evaluating the effectiveness of 3937 VESCPs. In developing minimum standards for program effectiveness, the Board shall consider 3938 information and standards on which the regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection A are based.

3939 D. The Board shall approve VESCP authorities and shall periodically conduct a comprehensive 3940 program compliance review and evaluation to ensure that all VESCPs operating under the jurisdiction 3941 of this article meet minimum standards of effectiveness in controlling soil erosion, sediment deposition, 3942 and nonagricultural runoff. The Department shall develop a schedule for conducting periodic reviews and evaluations of the effectiveness of VESCPs unless otherwise directed by the Board. Such reviews 3943 3944 where applicable shall be coordinated with those being implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations and the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and associated regulations. The Department may also conduct 3945 3946 3947 a comprehensive or partial program compliance review and evaluation of a VESCP at a greater 3948 frequency than the standard schedule.

3949 E. The Board shall issue certificates of competence concerning the content, application, and intent of 3950 specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, including program administration, 3951 plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of program authorities and to any other persons who 3952 have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate knowledge. The Department 3953 shall administer education and training programs for specified subject areas of this article and 3954 accompanying regulations, and is authorized to charge persons attending such programs reasonable fees 3955 to cover the costs of administering the programs. Such education and training programs shall also 3956 contain expanded components to address plan review and project inspection elements of the Stormwater 3957 Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and attendant regulations in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:30.

3958 F. Department personnel conducting inspections pursuant to this article shall hold a certificate of 3959 competence as provided in subsection E.

§ 62.1-44.15:53. Certification of program personnel.

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3961 A. The minimum standards of VESCP effectiveness established by the Board pursuant to subsection C 3962 of § 62.1-44.15:52 shall provide that (i) an erosion and sediment control plan shall not be approved 3963 until it is reviewed by a certified plan reviewer; (ii) inspections of land-disturbing activities shall be 3964 conducted by a certified inspector; and (iii) a VESCP shall contain a certified program administrator, a 3965 certified plan reviewer, and a certified project inspector, who may be the same person.

3966 B. Any person who holds a certificate of competence from the Board in the area of plan review, 3967 project inspection, or program administration that was attained prior to the adoption of the mandatory 3968 certification provisions of subsection A shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of that area of 3969 certification.

3970 \hat{C} . Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of 3971 Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 or a professional soil scientist as defined in § 54.1-2200 shall be deemed to 3972 satisfy the certification requirements for the purposes of renewals. 3973

§ 62.1-44.15:54. Establishment of Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

A. Counties and cities shall adopt and administer a VESCP.

3975 Any town lying within a county that has adopted its own VESCP may adopt its own program or 3976 shall become subject to the county program. If a town lies within the boundaries of more than one 3977 county, the town shall be considered for the purposes of this article to be wholly within the county in 3978 which the larger portion of the town lies.

3979 B. A VESCP authority may enter into agreements or contracts with soil and water conservation 3980 districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with carrying out the provisions 3981 of this article, including the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control 3982 plans submitted for land-disturbing activities on a unit or units of land as well as for monitoring, 3983 reports, inspections, and enforcement where authorized in this article, of such land-disturbing activities.

3984 C. Any VESCP adopted by a county, city, or town shall be approved by the Board if it establishes by 3985 ordinance requirements that are consistent with this article and associated regulations.

3986 D. Each approved VESCP operated by a county, city, or town shall include provisions for the 3987 integration of the VESCP with Virginia stormwater management, flood insurance, flood plain 3988 management, and other programs requiring compliance prior to authorizing a land-disturbing activity in 3989 order to make the submission and approval of plans, issuance of permits, payment of fees, and 3990 coordination of inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for the local 3991 governments and those responsible for compliance with the programs.

3992 E. The Board may approve a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to annual 3993 standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 3994 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to

3995 § 15.2-5102 to operate a VESCP consistent with the requirements of this article and its associated
3996 regulations and the VESCP authority's Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For
3997 these programs, enforcement shall be administered by the Department and the Board where applicable
3998 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

3999 F. Following completion of a compliance review of a VESCP in accordance with subsection D of 4000 § 62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall provide results and compliance recommendations to the Board in 4001 the form of a corrective action agreement if deficiencies are found; otherwise, the Board may find the program compliant. If a comprehensive or partial program compliance review conducted by the Department of a VESCP indicates that the VESCP authority has not administered, enforced where 4002 4003 authorized to do so, or conducted its VESCP in a manner that satisfies the minimum standards of 4004 effectiveness established pursuant to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:52, the Board shall establish a schedule for the VESCP authority to come into compliance. The Board shall provide a copy of its 4005 4006 4007 decision to the VESCP authority that specifies the deficiencies, actions needed to be taken, and the approved compliance schedule required to attain the minimum standard of effectiveness and shall 4008 4009 include an offer to provide technical assistance to implement the corrective action. If the VESCP 4010 authority has not implemented the necessary compliance actions identified by the Board within 30 days following receipt of the corrective action agreement, or such additional period as is granted to complete 4011 4012 the implementation of the corrective action, then the Board shall have the authority to (i) issue a special 4013 order to any VESCP, imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per day with the maximum amount 4014 not to exceed \$20,000 per violation for noncompliance with the state program, to be paid into the state treasury and deposited in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29 or 4015 (ii) revoke its approval of the VESCP. The Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern 4016 4017 the activities and proceedings of the Board and the judicial review thereof.

4018 In lieu of issuing a special order or revoking the program, the Board is authorized to take legal action against a VESCP to ensure compliance.

G. If the Board revokes its approval of the VESCP of a county, city, or town, and the locality is in a
district, the district, upon approval of the Board, shall adopt and administer a VESCP for the locality.
To carry out its program, the district shall adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative
Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) consistent with this article and associated regulations. The regulations
may be revised from time to time as necessary. The program and regulations shall be available for
public inspection at the principal office of the district.

4026 H. If the Board (i) revokes its approval of a VESCP of a district, or of a county, city, or town not in 4027 a district, or (ii) finds that a local program consistent with this article and associated regulations has 4028 not been adopted by a district or a county, city, or town that is required to adopt and administer a 4029 VESCP, the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with the administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 4030 4031 requirements of this article and associated regulations. "Assisting with administration" includes but is 4032 not limited to the ability to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority, to conduct 4033 inspections with the VESCP authority, and to conduct enforcement in accordance with this article and 4034 associated regulations.

4035 I. If the Board revokes its approval of a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to 4036 annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 4037 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 4038 § 15.2-5102, the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with the administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 4039 4040 requirements of this article and associated regulations. Assisting with administration includes the ability 4041 to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority and to conduct inspections with the VESCP 4042 authority in accordance with this article and associated regulations.

J. Any VESCP authority that administers an erosion and sediment control program may charge applicants a reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration. Such fee may be in addition to any fee charged for administration of a Virginia Stormwater Management Program, although payment of fees may be consolidated in order to provide greater convenience and efficiency for those responsible for compliance with the programs. A VESCP authority shall hold a public hearing prior to establishing a schedule of fees. The fee shall not exceed an amount commensurate with the services rendered, taking into consideration the time, skill, and the VESCP authority's expense involved.

K. The governing body of any county, city, or town, or a district board that is authorized to
administer a VESCP, may adopt an ordinance or regulation where applicable providing that violations
of any regulation or order of the Board, any provision of its program, any condition of a permit, or any
provision of this article shall be subject to a civil penalty. The civil penalty for any one violation shall
be not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day during which the violation is found to have
existed shall constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a series of specified violations arising from
the same operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$10,000, except that a

series of violations arising from the commencement of land-disturbing activities without an approved
plan for any site shall not result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$10,000. Adoption of such an
ordinance providing that violations are subject to a civil penalty shall be in lieu of criminal sanctions
and shall preclude the prosecution of such violation as a misdemeanor under subsection A of
§ 62.1-44.15:63. The penalties set out in this subsection are also available to the Board in its
enforcement actions.

4063 § 62.1-44.15:55. Regulated land-disturbing activities; submission and approval of erosion and 4064 sediment control plan.

4065 A. Except as provided in § 62.1-44.15:56 for state agency and federal entity land-disturbing activities, no person shall engage in any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted to the VESCP 4066 4067 authority an erosion and sediment control plan for the land-disturbing activity and the plan has been 4068 reviewed and approved. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, a VESCP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of Virginia 4069 4070 Stormwater Management Program permit coverage where it is required prior to providing approval to 4071 begin land disturbance. Where land-disturbing activities involve lands under the jurisdiction of more 4072 than one VESCP, an erosion and sediment control plan may, at the request of one or all of the VESCP 4073 authorities, be submitted to the Department for review and approval rather than to each jurisdiction 4074 concerned. The Department may charge the jurisdictions requesting the review a fee sufficient to cover 4075 the cost associated with conducting the review. A VESCP may enter into an agreement with an adjacent 4076 VESCP regarding the administration of multijurisdictional projects whereby the jurisdiction that 4077 contains the greater portion of the project shall be responsible for all or part of the administrative 4078 procedures. Where the land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a single-family residence, 4079 an agreement in lieu of a plan may be substituted for an erosion and sediment control plan if executed 4080 by the VESCP authority.

4081 B. The VESCP authority shall review erosion and sediment control plans submitted to it and grant 4082 written approval within 60 days of the receipt of the plan if it determines that the plan meets the 4083 requirements of this article and the Board's regulations and if the person responsible for carrying out 4084 the plan certifies that he will properly perform the erosion and sediment control measures included in 4085 the plan and shall comply with the provisions of this article. In addition, as a prerequisite to engaging in the land-disturbing activities shown on the approved plan, the person responsible for carrying out the 4086 4087 plan shall provide the name of an individual holding a certificate of competence to the VESCP 4088 authority, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the 4089 land-disturbing activity. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate of competence 4090 requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a single-family residence. If a 4091 violation occurs during the land-disturbing activity, then the person responsible for carrying out the 4092 agreement in lieu of a plan shall correct the violation and provide the name of an individual holding a 4093 certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52. Failure to provide the name of an individual 4094 holding a certificate of competence prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in 4095 revocation of the approval of the plan and the person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 4096 subject to the penalties provided in this article.

 When a plan is determined to be inadequate, written notice of disapproval stating the specific reasons for disapproval shall be communicated to the applicant within 45 days. The notice shall specify the modifications, terms, and conditions that will permit approval of the plan. If no action is taken by the VESCP authority within the time specified in this subsection, the plan shall be deemed approved and the person authorized to proceed with the proposed activity. The VESCP authority shall act on any erosion and sediment control plan that has been previously disapproved within 45 days after the plan has been revised, resubmitted for approval, and deemed adequate.

4104 4105 C. The VESCP authority may require changes to an approved plan in the following cases:

1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations; or

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4110 D. Electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas **4111** pipeline companies, and railroad companies shall, and authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 **4112** may, file general erosion and sediment control standards and specifications annually with the **4113** Department for review and approval. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with the **4114** requirements of this article and associated regulations and the Stormwater Management Act **4115** (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations where applicable. The specifications shall apply to:

4116 *1.* Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone **4117** *utility lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and*

4118 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related 4119 structures and facilities of the railroad company.

4120 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the standards and specifications. If no 4121 action is taken by the Department within 60 days, the standards and specifications shall be deemed 4122 approved. Individual approval of separate projects within subdivisions 1 and 2 is not necessary when 4123 approved specifications are followed. Projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with 4124 the requirements of the appropriate VESCP. The Board shall have the authority to enforce approved 4125 specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the costs associated with standard and specification review and approval, project inspections, and 4126 4127 compliance.

4128 E. Any person engaging, in more than one jurisdiction, in the creation and operation of a wetland 4129 mitigation or stream restoration bank or banks, which have been approved and are operated in 4130 accordance with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, 4131 and operation of wetlands mitigation or stream restoration banks, pursuant to a mitigation banking 4132 instrument signed by the Department of Environmental Quality, the Marine Resources Commission, or 4133 the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, may, at the option of that person, file general erosion and sediment 4134 control standards and specifications for wetland mitigation or stream restoration banks annually with 4135 the Department for review and approval consistent with guidelines established by the Board.

4136 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the specifications. If no action is taken by 4137 the Department within 60 days, the specifications shall be deemed approved. Individual approval of 4138 separate projects under this subsection is not necessary when approved specifications are implemented through a project-specific erosion and sediment control plan. Projects not included in this subsection 4139 4140 shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate local erosion and sediment control program. The Board shall have the authority to enforce approved specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of 4141 4142 (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the costs associated with standard and specification 4143 review and approval, projection inspections, and compliance. Approval of general erosion and sediment 4144 control specifications by the Department does not relieve the owner or operator from compliance with 4145 any other local ordinances and regulations including requirements to submit plans and obtain permits 4146 as may be required by such ordinances and regulations.

F. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESCP authority may require approval of an erosion and 4147 4148 sediment control plan for any land identified by the VESCP authority as an erosion impact area.

4149 G. For the purposes of subsections A and B, when land-disturbing activity will be required of a 4150 contractor performing construction work pursuant to a construction contract, the preparation, 4151 submission, and approval of an erosion and sediment control plan shall be the responsibility of the 4152 owner. 4153

§ 62.1-44.15:56. State agency and federal entity projects.

4154 A. A state agency shall not undertake a project involving a land-disturbing activity unless (i) the 4155 state agency has submitted annual standards and specifications for its conduct of land-disturbing activities that have been reviewed and approved by the Department as being consistent with this article 4156 4157 and associated regulations or (ii) the state agency has submitted an erosion and sediment control plan 4158 for the project that has been reviewed and approved by the Department. When a federal entity submits 4159 an erosion and sediment control plan for a project, land disturbance shall not commence until the 4160 Department has reviewed and approved the plan.

4161 B. The Department shall not approve an erosion and sediment control plan submitted by a state 4162 agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity (i) in any locality that has not adopted a local program with more stringent regulations than those of the state program or (ii) in 4163 4164 multiple jurisdictions with separate local programs, unless the erosion and sediment control plan is 4165 consistent with the requirements of the state program.

4166 C. The Department shall not approve an erosion and sediment control plan submitted by a state 4167 agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity in one locality with a local 4168 program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program unless the erosion and 4169 sediment control plan is consistent with the requirements of the local program. If a locality has not 4170 submitted a copy of its local program regulations to the Department, the provisions of subsection B 4171 shall apply.

4172 D. The Department shall have 60 days in which to comment on any standards and specifications or 4173 erosion and sediment control plan submitted to it for review, and its comments shall be binding on the 4174 state agency and any private business hired by the state agency.

4175 E. As onsite changes occur, the state agency shall submit changes in an erosion and sediment 4176 control plan to the Department.

F. The state agency responsible for the land-disturbing activity shall ensure compliance with an 4177 4178 approved plan, and the Department and Board, where applicable, shall provide project oversight and 4179 enforcement as necessary.

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4180 G. If the state agency or federal entity has developed, and the Department has approved, annual 4181 standards and specifications, and the state agency or federal entity has been approved by the Board to 4182 operate a VESCP as a VESCP authority, erosion and sediment control plan review and approval and 4183 land-disturbing activity inspections shall be conducted by such entity. The Department and the Board, 4184 where applicable, shall provide project oversight and enforcement as necessary and comprehensive 4185 program compliance review and evaluation. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with 4186 the requirements of this article and associated regulations and the Stormwater Management Act 4187 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations when applicable.

4188 § 62.1-44.15:57. Approved plan required for issuance of grading, building, or other permits; 4189 security for performance.

4190 Agencies authorized under any other law to issue grading, building, or other permits for activities 4191 involving land-disturbing activities regulated under this article shall not issue any such permit unless the 4192 applicant submits with his application an approved erosion and sediment control plan and certification 4193 that the plan will be followed and, upon the development of an online reporting system by the 4194 Department but no later than July 1, 2014, evidence of Virginia Stormwater Management Program 4195 permit coverage where it is required. Prior to issuance of any permit, the agency may also require an 4196 applicant to submit a reasonable performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any 4197 combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the agency, to ensure that measures 4198 could be taken by the agency at the applicant's expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the 4199 time specified to initiate or maintain appropriate conservation action that may be required of him by the 4200 approved plan as a result of his land-disturbing activity. The amount of the bond or other security for 4201 performance shall not exceed the total of the estimated cost to initiate and maintain appropriate 4202 conservation action based on unit price for new public or private sector construction in the locality and 4203 a reasonable allowance for estimated administrative costs and inflation, which shall not exceed 25 percent of the estimated cost of the conservation action. If the agency takes such conservation action 4204 4205 upon such failure by the permittee, the agency may collect from the permittee the difference should the 4206 amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed the amount of the security held. Within 60 days of the achievement of adequate stabilization of the land-disturbing activity in any project or section 4207 4208 thereof, the bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the unexpended or 4209 unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated based upon the percentage 4210 of stabilization accomplished in the project or section thereof. These requirements are in addition to all 4211 other provisions of law relating to the issuance of such permits and are not intended to otherwise affect 4212 the requirements for such permits.

§ 62.1-44.15:58. Monitoring, reports, and inspections.

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4214 A. The VESCP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the land-disturbing activity and 4215 require that an individual holding a certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15.52, who will 4216 be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity and (ii) may require 4217 monitoring and reports from the person responsible for carrying out the erosion and sediment control plan, to ensure compliance with the approved plan and to determine whether the measures required in 4218 the plan are effective in controlling erosion and sediment. However, any VESCP authority may waive 4219 4220 the certificate of competence requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a 4221 single-family residence. The owner, permittee, or person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 4222 given notice of the inspection. If the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the 4223 Department determines that there is a failure to comply with the plan following an inspection, notice 4224 shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out the plan by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application or in the plan certification, or 4225 4226 by delivery at the site of the land-disturbing activities to the agent or employee supervising such 4227 activities. The notice shall specify the measures needed to comply with the plan and shall specify the 4228 time within which such measures shall be completed. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, 4229 the permit may be revoked and the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, the 4230 Department, or the Board may pursue enforcement as provided by § 62.1-44.15:63.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection Å, a VESCP authority is authorized to enter into agreements or contracts with districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with the responsibilities of this article, including but not limited to the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans submitted for land-disturbing activities as well as monitoring, reports, inspections, and enforcement where an authority is granted such powers by this article.

4237 C. Upon issuance of an inspection report denoting a violation of this section, § 62.1-44.15:55, or
4238 62.1-44.15:56, in conjunction with or subsequent to a notice to comply as specified in subsection A, a
4239 VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department may issue an order
4240 requiring that all or part of the land-disturbing activities permitted on the site be stopped until the

4241 specified corrective measures have been taken or, if land-disturbing activities have commenced without 4242 an approved plan as provided in § 62.1-44.15:55, requiring that all of the land-disturbing activities be 4243 stopped until an approved plan or any required permits are obtained. Where the alleged noncompliance 4244 is causing or is in imminent danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in 4245 waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth, or where the land-disturbing activities have 4246 commenced without an approved erosion and sediment control plan or any required permits, such an 4247 order may be issued whether or not the alleged violator has been issued a notice to comply as specified 4248 in subsection A. Otherwise, such an order may be issued only after the alleged violator has failed to 4249 comply with a notice to comply. The order for noncompliance with a plan shall be served in the same manner as a notice to comply, and shall remain in effect for seven days from the date of service 4250 4251 pending application by the VESCP authority, the Department, or alleged violator for appropriate relief 4252 to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other 4253 appropriate court. The order for disturbance without an approved plan or permits shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the land records of the 4254 4255 locality, shall be posted on the site where the disturbance is occurring, and shall remain in effect until 4256 such time as permits and plan approvals are secured, except in such situations where an agricultural 4257 exemption applies. If the alleged violator has not obtained an approved erosion and sediment control 4258 plan or any required permit within seven days from the date of service of the order, the Department or 4259 the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority may issue a subsequent 4260 order to the owner requiring that all construction and other work on the site, other than corrective 4261 measures, be stopped until an approved erosion and sediment control plan and any required permits 4262 have been obtained. The subsequent order shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation 4263 of delivery to the address specified in the permit application or the land records of the locality in which the site is located. The owner may appeal the issuance of any order to the circuit court of the 4264 jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court. Any person 4265 violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey an order issued by the Department or the chief 4266 administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority may be compelled in a 4267 4268 proceeding instituted in the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have 4269 occurred or other appropriate court to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus, or 4270 other appropriate remedy. Upon completion and approval of corrective action or obtaining an approved 4271 plan or any required permits, the order shall immediately be lifted. Nothing in this section shall prevent 4272 the Department, the Board, or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP 4273 authority from taking any other action specified in § 62.1-44.15:63.

§ 62.1-44.15:59. Reporting.

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4275 Each VESCP authority shall report to the Department, in a method such as an online reporting 4276 system and on a time schedule established by the Department, a listing of each land-disturbing activity 4277 for which a plan has been approved by the VESCP under this article. 4278

§ 62.1-44.15:60. Right of entry.

4279 The Department, the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or any duly 4280 authorized agent of the Department or such VESCP authority may, at reasonable times and under 4281 reasonable circumstances, enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the 4282 purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement 4283 of the provisions of this article.

4284 In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination 4285 thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a VESCP authority may also enter any establishment or upon 4286 any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that are 4287 required by the permit conditions associated with a land-disturbing activity when a permittee, after 4288 proper notice, has failed to take acceptable action within the time specified. 4289

§ 62.1-44.15:61. Cooperation with federal and state agencies.

4290 A VESCP authority and the Board are authorized to cooperate and enter into agreements with any 4291 federal or state agency in connection with the requirements for erosion and sediment control with 4292 respect to land-disturbing activities. 4293

§ 62.1-44.15:62. Judicial appeals.

4294 A. A final decision by a county, city, or town, when serving as a VESCP authority under this article, 4295 shall be subject to judicial review, provided that an appeal is filed within 30 days from the date of any 4296 written decision adversely affecting the rights, duties, or privileges of the person engaging in or 4297 proposing to engage in land-disturbing activities.

4298 B. Final decisions of the Board, Department, or district shall be subject to judicial review in 4299 accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 4300

§ 62.1-44.15:63. Penalties, injunctions and other legal actions.

4301 A. Violators of § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 shall be guilty of a Class 1 4302 misdemeanor.

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4303 B. Any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of 4304 the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP authority, any condition of a 4305 permit, or any provision of this article or associated regulation shall, upon a finding of an appropriate 4306 court, be assessed a civil penalty. If a locality or district serving as a VESCP authority has adopted a 4307 uniform schedule of civil penalties as permitted by subsection K of § 62.1-44.15:54, such assessment 4308 shall be in accordance with the schedule. The VESCP authority or the Department may issue a 4309 summons for collection of the civil penalty. In any trial for a scheduled violation, it shall be the burden 4310 of the locality or Department to show the liability of the violator by a preponderance of the evidence. 4311 An admission or finding of liability shall not be a criminal conviction for any purpose. Any civil 4312 penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except 4313 that where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or where the Department is issuing the 4314 summons, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury.

4315 C. The VESCP authority, the Department, or the owner of property that has sustained damage or 4316 which is in imminent danger of being damaged may apply to the circuit court in any jurisdiction 4317 wherein the land lies or other appropriate court to enjoin a violation or a threatened violation under § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 without the necessity of showing that an adequate 4318 4319 remedy at law does not exist; however, an owner of property shall not apply for injunctive relief unless 4320 (i) he has notified in writing the person who has violated the VESCP, the Department, and the VESCP 4321 authority that a violation of the VESCP has caused, or creates a probability of causing, damage to his 4322 property, and (ii) neither the person who has violated the VESCP, the Department, nor the VESCP 4323 authority has taken corrective action within 15 days to eliminate the conditions that have caused, or 4324 create the probability of causing, damage to his property.

4325 D. In addition to any criminal or civil penalties provided under this article, any person who violates 4326 any provision of this article may be liable to the VESCP authority or the Department, as appropriate, in 4327 a civil action for damages.

4328 E. Without limiting the remedies that may be obtained in this section, any person violating or failing, 4329 neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to this 4330 section shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each 4331 violation. A civil action for such violation or failure may be brought by the VESCP authority wherein 4332 the land lies or the Department. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into the treasury 4333 of the locality wherein the land lies, except that where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or 4334 other VESCP authority, or where the penalties are assessed as the result of an enforcement action 4335 brought by the Department, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury.

4336 F. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any 4337 regulation or order of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP 4338 authority, any condition of a permit, or any provision of this article or associated regulations, the Board, the Director, or VESCP authority may provide, in an order issued by the Board or VESCP 4339 4340 authority against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in specific sums, not to 4341 exceed the limit specified in subsection E. Such civil charges shall be instead of any appropriate civil 4342 penalty that could be imposed under subsection B or E.

4343 G. Upon request of a VESCP authority, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall take legal action to 4344 enforce the provisions of this article. Upon request of the Board, the Department, or the district, the 4345 Attorney General shall take appropriate legal action on behalf of the Board, the Department, or the 4346 district to enforce the provisions of this article.

4347 H. Compliance with the provisions of this article shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or 4348 equitable proceeding for damages caused by erosion or sedimentation that all requirements of law have 4349 been met and the complaining party must show negligence in order to recover any damages. 4350

§ 62.1-44.15:64. Stop work orders by Department; civil penalties.

4351 A. An aggrieved owner of property sustaining pecuniary damage resulting from a violation of an 4352 approved erosion and sediment control plan or required permit, or from the conduct of land-disturbing 4353 activities commenced without an approved plan or required permit, may give written notice of the 4354 alleged violation to the VESCP authority and to the Director.

4355 B. Upon receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner and notification to the VESCP authority, the 4356 Director shall conduct an investigation of the aggrieved owner's complaint.

4357 C. If the VESCP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the 4358 violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days following 4359 receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, the aggrieved owner may request that the Director 4360 require the violator to stop the violation and abate the damage to his property.

4361 D. If (i) the Director's investigation of the complaint indicates that the VESCP authority has not responded to the alleged violation as required by the VESCP, (ii) the VESCP authority has not 4362 responded to the alleged violation within 30 days from the date of the notice given pursuant to 4363

4364 subsection A, and (iii) the Director is requested by the aggrieved owner to require the violator to cease 4365 the violation, then the Director shall give written notice to the VESCP authority that the Department 4366 intends to issue an order pursuant to subsection E.

4367 E. If the VESCP authority has not instituted action to stop the violation and abate the damage to the 4368 aggrieved owner's property within 10 days following receipt of the notice from the Director, the 4369 Department is authorized to issue an order requiring the owner, permittee, person responsible for 4370 carrying out an approved erosion and sediment control plan, or person conducting the land-disturbing 4371 activities without an approved plan or required permit to cease all land-disturbing activities until the violation of the plan or permit has ceased or an approved plan and required permits are obtained, as 4372 4373 appropriate, and specified corrective measures have been completed. The Department also may 4374 immediately initiate a program review of the VESCP.

4375 F. Such orders are to be issued after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements of the 4376 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), and they shall become effective upon service on the person by mailing with confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land records of the 4377 locality, or by personal delivery by an agent of the Director. Any subsequent identical mail or notice 4378 4379 that is sent by the Department may be sent by regular mail. However, if the Department finds that any 4380 such violation is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and substantial danger of causing harmful 4381 erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth, it may 4382 issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order directing such person to cease all 4383 land-disturbing activities on the site immediately and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after 4384 reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel 4385 such emergency order.

G. If a person who has been issued an order or emergency order is not complying with the terms 4386 4387 thereof, the Board may institute a proceeding in the appropriate circuit court for an injunction, 4388 mandamus, or other appropriate remedy compelling the person to comply with such order.

4389 H. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or 4390 other remedy obtained pursuant to subsection G shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil 4391 penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each violation. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid 4392 into the state treasury. 4393

§ 62.1-44.15:65. Authorization for more stringent regulations.

A. As part of a VESCP, a district or locality is authorized to adopt more stringent soil erosion and 4394 4395 sediment control regulations or ordinances than those necessary to ensure compliance with the Board's 4396 regulations, provided that the more stringent regulations or ordinances are based upon factual findings 4397 of local or regional comprehensive watershed management studies or findings developed through the implementation of an MS4 permit or a locally adopted watershed management study and are determined 4398 4399 by the district or locality to be necessary to prevent any further degradation to water resources, to 4400 address total maximum daily load requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or to address 4401 specific existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel erosion, 4402 depleted groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that prior to 4403 adopting more stringent regulations or ordinances, a public hearing is held after giving due notice. The VESCP authority shall report to the Board when more stringent stormwater management regulations or 4404 4405 ordinances are determined to be necessary pursuant to this section. However, this section shall not be 4406 construed to authorize any district or locality to impose any more stringent regulations for plan 4407 approval or permit issuance than those specified in §§ 62.1-44.15:55 and 62.1-44.15:57.

4408 B. Any provisions of an erosion and sediment control program in existence before July 1, 2012, that 4409 contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the analysis requirements of 4410 subsection A.

§ 62.1-44.15:66. No limitation on authority Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy.

4412 The provisions of this article shall not limit the powers or duties of the Department of Mines, 4413 Minerals and Energy as they relate to strip mine reclamation under Chapters 16 (§ 45.1-180 et seq.), 17 (§ 45.1-198 et seq.), and 19 (§ 45.1-226 et seq.) of Title 45.1 or oil or gas exploration under the 4414 Virginia Gas and Oil Act (§ 45.1-361.1 et seq.). 4415

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Article 2.5.

Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.

§ 62.1-44.15:67. Cooperative state-local program.

4419 A. Healthy state and local economies and a healthy Chesapeake Bay are integrally related; balanced 4420 economic development and water quality protection are not mutually exclusive. The protection of the 4421 public interest in the Chesapeake Bay, its tributaries, and other state waters and the promotion of the 4422 general welfare of the people of the Commonwealth require that (i) the counties, cities, and towns of 4423 Tidewater Virginia incorporate general water quality protection measures into their comprehensive 4424 plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances; (ii) the counties, cities, and towns of Tidewater 4425 Virginia establish programs, in accordance with criteria established by the Commonwealth, that define

4426 and protect certain lands, hereinafter called Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas, which if improperly 4427 developed may result in substantial damage to the water quality of the Chesapeake Bay and its 4428 tributaries; (iii) the Commonwealth make its resources available to local governing bodies by providing 4429 financial and technical assistance, policy guidance, and oversight when requested or otherwise required 4430 to carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter; and (iv) all agencies of the Commonwealth 4431 exercise their delegated authority in a manner consistent with water quality protection provisions of 4432 local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances when it has been determined 4433 that they comply with the provisions of this chapter.

4434 B. Local governments have the initiative for planning and for implementing the provisions of this 4435 article, and the Commonwealth shall act primarily in a supportive role by providing oversight for local 4436 governmental programs, by establishing criteria as required by this chapter, and by providing those 4437 resources necessary to carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter.

4438 § 62.1-44.15:68. Definitions.

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4439 For the purposes of this article, the following words shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to 4440 them:

4441 "Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area" means an area delineated by a local government in accordance 4442 with criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

4443 "Criteria" means criteria developed by the Board pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72 for the purpose of 4444 determining the ecological and geographic extent of Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas and for use by 4445 local governments in permitting, denying, or modifying requests to rezone, subdivide, or use and develop

4446 land in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas.

4447 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

4448 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

4449 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Natural Resources.

4450 "Tidewater Virginia" means the following jurisdictions:

The Counties of Accomack, Arlington, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Essex, Fairfax, 4451 4452 Gloucester, Hanover, Henrico, Isle of Wight, James City, King George, King and Queen, King William, 4453 Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, Northampton, Northumberland, Prince George, Prince 4454 William, Richmond, Spotsylvania, Stafford, Surry, Westmoreland, and York, and the Cities of Alexandria, 4455 Chesapeake, Colonial Heights, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Hampton, Hopewell, Newport 4456 News, Norfolk, Petersburg, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Richmond, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and 4457 Williamsburg. 4458

§ 62.1-44.15:69. Powers and duties of the Board.

4459 The Board is responsible for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article and is 4460 authorized to:

4461 1. Provide land use and development and water quality protection information and assistance to the 4462 various levels of local, regional, and state government within the Commonwealth.

4463 2. Consult, advise, and coordinate with the Governor, the Secretary, the General Assembly, other 4464 state agencies, regional agencies, local governments, and federal agencies for the purpose of 4465 implementing this chapter.

4466 3. Provide financial and technical assistance and advice to local governments and to regional and 4467 state agencies concerning aspects of land use and development and water quality protection pursuant to 4468 this chapter. 4469

4. Promulgate regulations pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

5. Develop, promulgate, and keep current the criteria required by § 62.1-44.15:72.

6. Provide technical assistance and advice or other aid for the development, adoption, and 4471 4472 implementation of local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and other land 4473 use and development and water quality protection measures utilizing criteria established by the Board to 4474 carry out the provisions of this chapter.

4475 7. Develop procedures for use by local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas 4476 in accordance with the criteria developed pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

8. Ensure that local government comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances 4477 are in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Determination of compliance shall be in 4478 4479 accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

4480 9. Make application for federal funds that may become available under federal acts and to transmit 4481 such funds when applicable to any appropriate person.

4482 10. Take administrative and legal actions to ensure compliance by counties, cities, and towns with 4483 the provisions of this chapter including the proper enforcement and implementation of, and continual 4484 compliance with, this chapter.

4485 11. Perform such other duties and responsibilities related to the use and development of land and the 4486 protection of water quality as the Secretary may assign.

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4487 § 62.1-44.15:70. Exclusive authority of Board to institute legal actions.

4488 The Board shall have the exclusive authority to institute or intervene in legal and administrative 4489 actions to ensure compliance by local governing bodies with this chapter and with any criteria or 4490 regulations adopted hereunder.

4491 § 62.1-44.15:71. Program compliance.

4492 Program compliance reviews conducted in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:69 and the regulations 4493 associated with this article shall be coordinated where applicable with those being implemented in 4494 accordance with the erosion and sediment control and stormwater management provisions of this 4495 chapter and associated regulations. The Department may also conduct a comprehensive or partial 4496 program compliance review and evaluation of a local government program more frequently than the 4497 standard schedule.

4498 Following completion of a compliance review of a local government program, the Department shall 4499 provide results and compliance recommendations to the Board in the form of a corrective action 4500 agreement should deficiencies be found; otherwise, the Board may find the program compliant. When 4501 deficiencies are found, the Board will establish a schedule for the local government to come into compliance. The Board shall provide a copy of its decision to the local government that specifies the 4502 4503 deficiencies, actions needed to be taken, and the approved compliance schedule. If the local government has not implemented the necessary compliance actions identified by the Board within 30 days following 4504 4505 receipt of the corrective action agreement, or such additional period as is granted to complete the 4506 implementation of the compliance actions, then the Board shall have the authority to issue a special 4507 order to any local government imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per day with the maximum 4508 amount not to exceed \$20,000 per violation for noncompliance with the state program, to be paid into 4509 the state treasury and deposited in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by 4510 § 62.1-44.15:29.

4511 The Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern the activities and proceedings of the 4512 Board under this article and the judicial review thereof.

In lieu of issuing a special order, the Board is also authorized to take legal action against a local 4513 4514 government to ensure compliance. 4515

§ 62.1-44.15:72. Board to develop criteria.

A. In order to implement the provisions of this article and to assist counties, cities, and towns in 4516 4517 regulating the use and development of land and in protecting the quality of state waters, the Board shall 4518 promulgate regulations that establish criteria for use by local governments to determine the ecological 4519 and geographic extent of Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas. The Board shall also promulgate 4520 regulations that establish criteria for use by local governments in granting, denying, or modifying 4521 requests to rezone, subdivide, or use and develop land in these areas.

4522 B. In developing and amending the criteria, the Board shall consider all factors relevant to the 4523 protection of water quality from significant degradation as a result of the use and development of land. 4524 The criteria shall incorporate measures such as performance standards, best management practices, and 4525 various planning and zoning concepts to protect the quality of state waters while allowing use and development of land consistent with the provisions of this chapter. The criteria adopted by the Board, 4526 4527 operating in conjunction with other state water quality programs, shall encourage and promote (i) protection of existing high quality state waters and restoration of all other state waters to a condition or 4528 4529 quality that will permit all reasonable public uses and will support the propagation and growth of all 4530 aquatic life, including game fish, which might reasonably be expected to inhabit them; (ii) safeguarding 4531 the clean waters of the Commonwealth from pollution; (iii) prevention of any increase in pollution; (iv) 4532 reduction of existing pollution; and (v) promotion of water resource conservation in order to provide for 4533 the health, safety, and welfare of the present and future citizens of the Commonwealth.

4534 C. Prior to the development or amendment of criteria, the Board shall give due consideration to, 4535 among other things, the economic and social costs and benefits which can reasonably be expected to 4536 obtain as a result of the adoption or amendment of the criteria.

4537 D. In developing such criteria the Board may consult with and obtain the comments of any federal, 4538 state, regional, or local agency that has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to the use 4539 and development of land or the protection of water. The Board shall give due consideration to the 4540 comments submitted by such federal, state, regional, or local agencies.

4541 E. Effective July 1, 2014, requirements promulgated under this article directly related to compliance 4542 with the erosion and sediment control and stormwater management provisions of this chapter and 4543 regulated under the authority of those provisions shall cease to have effect.

4544 § 62.1-44.15:73. Local government authority.

4545 Counties, cities, and towns are authorized to exercise their police and zoning powers to protect the 4546 quality of state waters consistent with the provisions of this article.

4547 § 62.1-44.15:74. Local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas; incorporate 4548 into local plans and ordinances; impose civil penalties.

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4549 A. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall use the criteria developed by the Board to 4550 determine the extent of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area within their jurisdictions. Designation of 4551 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall be accomplished by every county, city, and town in Tidewater 4552 Virginia not later than 12 months after adoption of criteria by the Board.

4553 B. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 4554 state waters into each locality's comprehensive plan consistent with the provisions of this article.

4555 C. All counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall have zoning ordinances that incorporate 4556 measures to protect the quality of state waters in the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas consistent 4557 with the provisions of this article. Zoning in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall comply with all 4558 criteria set forth in or established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

4559 D. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 4560 state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas into their subdivision ordinances consistent with the provisions of this article. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall ensure that all 4561 4562 subdivisions developed pursuant to their subdivision ordinances comply with all criteria developed by 4563 the Board.

4564 E. In addition to any other remedies which may be obtained under any local ordinance enacted to 4565 protect the quality of state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas, counties, cities, and towns in 4566 Tidewater Virginia may incorporate the following penalties into their zoning, subdivision, or other 4567 ordinances:

4568 1. Any person who (i) violates any provision of any such ordinance or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, 4569 or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's final notice, order, rule, regulation, or 4570 variance or permit condition authorized under such ordinance shall, upon such finding by an 4571 appropriate circuit court, be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for each day of violation. 4572 Such civil penalties may, at the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the 4573 treasury of the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating 4574 environmental damage to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, in such a manner as 4575 the court may direct by order, except that where the violator is the county, city, or town itself, or its 4576 agent, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury.

4577 2. With the consent of any person who (i) violates any provision of any local ordinance related to 4578 the protection of water quality in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, 4579 or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's notice, order, rule, regulation, or variance 4580 or permit condition authorized under such ordinance, the local government may provide for the issuance 4581 of an order against such person for the one-time payment of civil charges for each violation in specific 4582 sums, not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation. Such civil charges shall be paid into the treasury of the 4583 county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating environmental damage 4584 to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, except that where the violator is the county, 4585 city, or town itself, or its agent, the civil charges shall be paid into the state treasury. Civil charges 4586 shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subdivision 1. Civil 4587 charges may be in addition to the cost of any restoration required or ordered by the local governmental 4588 body or official.

4589 F. Localities that are subject to the provisions of this article may by ordinance adopt an appeal 4590 period for any person aggrieved by a decision of a board that has been established by the locality to 4591 hear cases regarding ordinances adopted pursuant to this article. The ordinance shall allow the 4592 aggrieved party a minimum of 30 days from the date of such decision to appeal the decision to the 4593 circuit court.

4594 § 62.1-44.15:75. Local governments outside of Tidewater Virginia may adopt provisions.

4595 Any local government, although not a part of Tidewater Virginia, may employ the criteria developed 4596 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72 and may incorporate protection of the quality of state waters into their 4597 comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances consistent with the provisions of 4598 this article. 4599

§ 62.1-44.15:76. Local government requirements for water quality protection.

4600 Local governments shall employ the criteria promulgated by the Board to ensure that the use and 4601 development of land in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall be accomplished in a manner that 4602 protects the quality of state waters consistent with the provisions of this article. 4603

§ 62.1-44.15:77. Effect on other governmental authority.

4604 The authorities granted herein are supplemental to other state, regional, and local governmental 4605 authority. No authority granted to a local government by this article shall affect in any way the 4606 authority of the Board. No authority granted to a local government by this article shall limit in any way 4607 any other planning, zoning, or subdivision authority of that local government.

4608 § 62.1-44.15:78. State agency consistency.

4609 All agencies of the Commonwealth shall exercise their authorities under the Constitution and laws of **4610** Virginia in a manner consistent with the provisions of comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and **4611** subdivision ordinances that comply with \$\$ 62.1.44.15.74 and 62.1.44.15.75

4611 subdivision ordinances that comply with §§ 62.1-44.15:74 and 62.1-44.15:75.

4612 § 62.1-44.15:79. Vested rights protected.

4613 The provisions of this article shall not affect vested rights of any landowner under existing law.

4614 § 62.1-44.17:1. Permits for confined animal feeding operations.

4615 A. For the purposes of this chapter, "confined animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility, 4616 together with any associated treatment works, where both of the following conditions are met:

4617 1. Animals have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of 454618 days or more in any 12-month period; and

4619 2. Crops, vegetation, forage growth or post-harvest residues are not sustained over any portion of the 4620 operation of the lot or facility.

4621 Two or more confined animal feeding operations under common ownership are considered to be a single confined animal feeding operation if they adjoin each other or if they use a common area or system for the disposal of liquid waste.

4624 A1. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, the Board shall promulgate regulations requiring
4625 Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits for confined animal feeding operations to the
4626 extent necessary to comply with § 402 of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1342), as amended.

4627 B. A confined animal feeding operation with 300 or more animal units utilizing a liquid manure
4628 collection and storage system, upon fulfillment of the requirements of this section, shall be permitted by
4629 a General Virginia Pollution Abatement permit (hereafter referred to as the "General Permit"), adopted
4630 by the Board. In adopting the General Permit the Board shall:

4631 1. Authorize the General Permit to pertain to confined animal feeding operations having 300 or more animal units;

4633 2. Establish procedures for submitting a registration statement meeting the requirements of subsection
4634 C. Submitting a registration statement shall be evidence of intention to be covered by the General
4635 Permit; and

4636 3. Establish criteria for the design and operation of confined animal feeding operations only as described in subsection E.

4638 C. For coverage under the General Permit, the owner of the confined animal feeding operation shall 4639 file a registration statement with the Department of Environmental Quality providing the name and 4640 address of the owner of the operation, the name and address of the operator of the operation (if different 4641 than the owner), the mailing address and location of the operation, and a list of the types, maximum 4642 number and average weight of the animals that will be maintained at the facility. The owner shall attach 4643 to the registration statement:

1. A copy of a letter of approval of the nutrient management plan for the operation from the **4645** Department of Conservation and Recreation;

4646 2. A copy of the approved nutrient management plan prepared by nutrient management planner
4647 certified in accordance with the provisions of § 10.1-1187.8 and meeting the nutrient management
4648 specifications established by the Department;

4649 3. 2. A notification from the governing body of the locality where the operation is located that the operation is consistent with all ordinances adopted pursuant to Chapter 22 (§ 15.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 15.2;

4652 4. 3. A certification that the owner or operator meets all the requirements of the Board for the 4653 General Permit; and

4654 5. 4. A certification that the owner has given notice of the registration statement to all owners or 4655 residents of property that adjoins the property on which the proposed operation will be located. Such notice shall include (i) the types and maximum number of animals that will be maintained at the facility 4656 4657 and (ii) the address and phone number of the appropriate Department of Environmental Quality regional 4658 office to which comments relevant to the permit may be submitted. Such certification of notice shall be 4659 waived whenever the registration is for the purpose of renewing coverage under a permit for which no expansion is proposed and the Department of Environmental Quality has not issued any special or 4660 4661 consent order relating to violations under the existing permit.

4662 D. Any person may submit written comments on the proposed operation to the Department within 30 days of the date of the filing of the registration statement. If, on the basis of such written comments or 4663 4664 his review, the Director determines that the proposed operation will not be capable of complying with the provisions of this section, the Director shall require the owner to obtain an individual permit for the 4665 4666 operation. Any such determination by the Director shall be made in writing and received by the owner not more than 45 days after the filing of the registration statement or, if in the Director's sole discretion 4667 4668 additional time is necessary to evaluate comments received from the public, not more than 60 days after 4669 the filing of the registration statement.

4670 E. The criteria for the design and operation of a confined animal feeding operation shall be as 4671 follows:

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1. The operation shall have a liquid manure collection and storage facility designed and operated to:
(i) prevent any discharge to state waters, except a discharge resulting from a storm event exceeding a
25-year, 24-hour storm and (ii) provide adequate waste storage capacity to accommodate periods when
the ground is frozen or saturated, periods when land application of nutrients should not occur due to
limited or nonexistent crop nutrient uptake, and periods when physical limitations prohibit the land
application of waste;

4678 2. The operation shall implement and maintain on site a nutrient management plan approved
4679 prepared pursuant to subdivision 4 of subsection C 1. The nutrient management plan shall contain at a
4680 minimum the following information: (i) a site map indicating the location of the waste storage facilities
4681 and the fields where waste will be applied; (ii) site evaluation and assessment of soil types and potential
4682 productivities; (iii) nutrient management sampling including soil and waste monitoring; (iv) storage and
4683 land area requirements; (v) calculation of waste application rates; (vi) waste application schedules; and
4684 (vii) a plan for waste utilization in the event the operation is discontinued;

4685 3. Adequate buffer zones, where waste shall not be applied, shall be maintained between areas where
4686 waste may be applied and (i) water supply wells or springs, (ii) surface water courses, (iii) rock
4687 outcroppings, (iv) sinkholes, and (v) occupied dwellings unless a waiver is signed by the occupants of
4688 the dwellings;

4689 4. The operation shall be monitored as follows: (i) waste shall be monitored at least once per year; 4690 (ii) soil shall be monitored at least once every three years; (iii) ground water shall be monitored at new 4691 earthen waste storage facilities constructed to an elevation below the seasonal high water table or within 4692 one foot thereof; and (iv) all facilities previously covered by a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit that 4693 required ground water monitoring shall continue such monitoring. In such facilities constructed below 4694 the water table, the top surface of the waste must be maintained at a level of at least two feet above the 4695 water table. The Department of Environmental Quality and the Department of Conservation and 4696 Recreation may include in the permit or require that the nutrient management plan include more 4697 frequent or additional monitoring of waste, soils or groundwater as required to protect state waters. 4698 Records shall be maintained to demonstrate where and at what rate waste has been applied, that the 4699 application schedule has been followed, and what crops have been planted. Such records shall be 4700 available for inspection by the Department of Environmental Quality and shall be maintained for a 4701 period of five years after recorded application is made;

5. New earthen waste storage facilities shall include a properly designed and installed liner. Such liner shall be either a synthetic liner of at least 20 mils thickness or a compacted soil liner of at least one foot thickness with a maximum permeability rating of 0.0014 inches per hour. A licensed professional engineer, an employee of the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture with appropriate engineering approval authority, or an employee of a soil and water conservation district with appropriate engineering approval authority shall certify that the siting, design and construction of the waste storage facility comply with the requirements of this section;

4709 6. New waste storage facilities shall not be located on a 100-year flood plain;

4710 7. All facilities must maintain one foot of freeboard at all times, up to and including a 25-year,4711 24-hour storm;

4712 8. All equipment needed for the proper operation of the permitted facilities shall be maintained in good working order. Manufacturer's operating and maintenance manuals shall be retained for references to allow for timely maintenance and prompt repair of equipment when appropriate;

9. The owner or operator of the operation shall notify the Department of Environmental Quality atleast 14 days prior to animals being placed in the confined facility; and

10. Each operator of a facility covered by the General Permit on July 1, 1999, shall, by January 1, 2000, complete the training program offered or approved by the Department of Conservation and Recreation under subsection F. Each operator of a facility permitted after July 1, 1999 2013, shall complete such training the training program offered or approved by the Department of Environmental *Quality pursuant to subsection F* within one year after the registration statement required by subsection C has been submitted. Thereafter, all operators shall complete the training program at least once every three years.

F. The Department of Conservation and Recreation, in consultation with the Department of
Environmental Quality and the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service, shall develop or approve a
training program for persons operating confined animal feeding operations covered by the General
Permit. The program shall include training in the requirements of the General Permit; the use of best
management practices; inspection and management of liquid manure collection, storage and application
systems; water quality monitoring and spill prevention; and emergency procedures.

4730 G. Operations having an individual Virginia Pollution Abatement permit or a No Discharge
4731 Certificate may submit a registration statement for operation under the General Permit pursuant to this section.

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4733 H. The Director of the Department of Environmental Quality may require the owner of a confined 4734 animal feeding operation to obtain an individual permit for an operation subject to this section upon 4735 determining that the operation is in violation of the provisions of this section or if coverage under an 4736 individual permit is required to comply with federal law. New or reissued individual permits shall 4737 contain criteria for the design and operation of confined animal feeding operations including, but not 4738 limited to, those described in subsection E.

4739 I. No person shall operate a confined animal feeding operation with 300 or more animal units utilizing a liquid manure collection and storage system after July 1, 2000, without having submitted a 4740 registration statement as provided in subsection C or being covered by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge 4741 4742 Elimination System permit or an individual Virginia Pollution Abatement permit.

4743 J. Any person violating this section shall be subject only to the provisions of §§ 62.1-44.23 and 4744 62.1-44.32 (a), except that any civil penalty imposed shall not exceed \$2,500 for any confined animal feeding operation covered by a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit. 4745

§ 62.1-44.17:1.1. Poultry waste management program.

A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

4748 "Commercial poultry processor" means any animal food manufacturer, as defined in § 3.2-5400, that 4749 contracts with poultry growers for the raising of poultry.

"Confined poultry feeding operation" means any confined animal feeding operation with 200 or more 4750 4751 animal units of poultry.

4752 "Nutrient management plan" means a plan developed or approved by the Department of Conservation and Recreation Environmental Quality that requires proper storage, treatment and management of poultry 4753 waste, including dry litter, and limits accumulation of excess nutrients in soils and leaching or discharge 4754 4755 of nutrients into state waters.

"Poultry grower" means any person who owns or operates a confined poultry feeding operation.

4757 B. The Board shall develop a regulatory program governing the storage, treatment and management 4758 of poultry waste, including dry litter, that:

4759 1. Requires the development and implementation of nutrient management plans for any person owning or operating a confined poultry feeding operation; 4760

4761 2. Provides for waste tracking and accounting; and

3. Ensures proper storage of waste consistent with the terms and provisions of a nutrient management 4762 4763 plan. 4764

C. The program shall include, at a minimum:

4765 1. Provisions for permitting confined poultry feeding operations under a general permit; however, the 4766 Board may require an individual permit upon determining that an operation is in violation of the 4767 program developed under this section; 4768

2. Provisions requiring that:

4769 a. Nitrogen application rates contained in nutrient management plans developed pursuant to this 4770 section shall not exceed crop nutrient needs as determined by the Department of Conservation and 4771 Recreation. The application of poultry waste shall be managed to minimize runoff, leaching, and 4772 volatilization losses, and reduce adverse water quality impacts from nitrogen;

4773 b. For all nutrient management plans developed pursuant to this section after October 1, 2001, 4774 phosphorous application rates shall not exceed the greater of crop nutrient needs or crop nutrient 4775 removal, as determined by the Department of Conservation and Recreation. The application of poultry 4776 waste shall be managed to minimize runoff and leaching and reduce adverse water quality impacts from 4777 phosphorus;

4778 c. By December 31, 2005, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, in consultation with the 4779 Department of Environmental Quality, shall (i) complete an examination of current developments in 4780 scientific research and technology that shall include a review of land application of poultry waste, soil 4781 nutrient retention capacity, and water quality degradation and (ii) adopt and implement regulatory or 4782 other changes, if any, to its nutrient management plan program that it concludes are appropriate as a 4783 result of this examination; and

4784 d. Notwithstanding subdivision 2 b, upon the effective date of the Department of Conservation and 4785 Recreation's revised regulatory criteria and standards governing phosphorous application rates adopted 4786 pursuant to subdivision 2 c, or on October 31, 2005, whichever is later, phosphorous application rates 4787 for all nutrient management plans developed pursuant to this section shall conform solely to such 4788 regulatory criteria and standards adopted by the Department of Conservation and Recreation, as may be 4789 amended by the Department of Environmental Quality on and after July 1, 2013, to protect water quality 4790 or to reduce soil concentrations of phosphorus or phosphorous loadings. The application of poultry waste 4791 shall be managed to minimize runoff and leaching and reduce adverse water quality impacts from 4792 phosphorus.

4793 D. The program shall reflect Board consideration of existing state-approved nutrient management 4794 plans and existing general permit programs for other confined animal feeding operations, and may

4795 include such other provisions as the Board determines appropriate for the protection of state waters.

4796 E. After October 1, 2001, all persons owning or operating a confined poultry feeding operation shall4797 operate in compliance with the provisions of this section and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

4798 F. Any person violating this section shall be subject only to the provisions of §§ 62.1-44.23 and
4799 62.1-44.32 (a), except that any civil penalty shall not exceed \$2,500 for any confined animal feeding
4800 operation covered by a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit.

4801 G. On or before January 1, 2000, or prior to commencing operations, each commercial poultry processor operating in the Commonwealth shall file with the Board a plan under which the processor, either directly or under contract with a third party, shall:

4804 1. Provide technical assistance to the poultry growers with whom it contracts on the proper**4805** management and storage of poultry waste in accordance with best management practices;

4806 2. Provide education programs on poultry waste nutrient management for the poultry growers with 4807 whom it contracts as well as for poultry litter brokers and persons utilizing poultry waste;

4808 3. Provide a toll-free hotline and advertising program to assist poultry growers with excess amounts
4809 of poultry waste to make available such waste to persons in other areas who can use such waste as a
4810 fertilizer consistent with the provisions of subdivision C 2 or for other alternative purposes;

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4. Participate in the development of a poultry waste transportation and alternative use equal matching grant program between the Commonwealth and commercial poultry processors to (i) facilitate the transportation of excess poultry waste in the possession of poultry growers with whom it contracts to persons in other areas who can use such waste as a fertilizer consistent with the provisions of subdivision C 2 or for other alternative purposes and (ii) encourage alternative uses to land application of poultry waste;

4817 5. Conduct research on the reduction of phosphorus in poultry waste, innovative best management
4818 practices for poultry waste, water quality issues concerning poultry waste, or alternative uses of poultry
4819 waste; and

4820 6. Conduct research on and consider implementation of nutrient reduction strategies in the
4821 formulation of feed. Such nutrient reduction strategies may include the addition of phytase or other feed
4822 additives or modifications to reduce nutrients in poultry waste.

H. Any amendments to the plan required by subsection G shall be filed with the Board before they
are implemented. After January 1, 2000, each commercial poultry processor shall implement its plan and
any amendments thereto. Each commercial poultry processor shall report annually to the Board on the
activities it has undertaken pursuant to its plan and any amendments thereto. Failure to comply with the
provisions of this section or to implement and follow a filed plan or any amendments thereto shall
constitute a violation of this section.

4829 § 62.1-44.19:3. Prohibition on land application, marketing and distribution of sewage sludge 4830 without permit; ordinances; notice requirement; fees.

4831 A. 1. No owner of a sewage treatment works shall land apply, market or distribute sewage sludge
4832 from such treatment works except in compliance with a valid Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination
4833 System Permit or valid Virginia Pollution Abatement Permit.

2. Sewage sludge shall be treated to meet standards for land application as required by Board 4834 4835 regulation prior to delivery at the land application site. No person shall alter the composition of sewage 4836 sludge at a site approved for land application of sewage sludge under a Virginia Pollution Abatement 4837 Permit or a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. Any person who engages in the alteration 4838 of such sewage sludge shall be subject to the penalties provided in Article 6 (§ 62.1-44.31 et seq.) of 4839 this chapter. The addition of lime or deodorants to sewage sludge that has been treated to meet land 4840 application standards shall not constitute alteration of the composition of sewage sludge. The Department 4841 may authorize public institutions of higher education to conduct scientific research on the composition of 4842 sewage sludge that may be applied to land.

3. No person shall contract or propose to contract, with the owner of a sewage treatment works, to
land apply, market or distribute sewage sludge in the Commonwealth, nor shall any person land apply,
market or distribute sewage sludge in the Commonwealth without a current Virginia Pollution
Abatement Permit authorizing land application, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge and
specifying the location or locations, and the terms and conditions of such land application, marketing or
distribution. The permit application shall not be complete unless it includes the landowner's written
consent to apply sewage sludge on his property.

4850 4. The land disposal of lime-stabilized septage and unstabilized septage is prohibited.

5. Beginning July 1, 2007, no application for a permit or variance to authorize the storage of sewage
sludge shall be complete unless it contains certification from the governing body of the locality in which
the sewage sludge is to be stored that the storage site is consistent with all applicable ordinances. The
governing body shall confirm or deny consistency within 30 days of receiving a request for certification.
If the governing body does not so respond, the site shall be deemed consistent.

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4856 B. The Board, with the assistance of the Department of Conservation and Recreation and the 4857 Department of Health, shall adopt regulations to ensure that (i) sewage sludge permitted for land 4858 application, marketing, or distribution is properly treated or stabilized; (ii) land application, marketing, 4859 and distribution of sewage sludge is performed in a manner that will protect public health and the environment; and (iii) the escape, flow or discharge of sewage sludge into state waters, in a manner that would cause pollution of state waters, as those terms are defined in § 62.1-44.3, shall be prevented.

4862 C. Regulations adopted by the Board, with the assistance of the Department of Conservation and
 4863 Recreation and the Department of Health pursuant to subsection B, shall include:

4864 1. Requirements and procedures for the issuance and amendment of permits, including general4865 permits, authorizing the land application, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge;

4866 2. Procedures for amending land application permits to include additional application sites and4867 sewage sludge types;

4868 3. Standards for treatment or stabilization of sewage sludge prior to land application, marketing or distribution;

4870 4. Requirements for determining the suitability of land application sites and facilities used in land application, marketing or distribution of sewage sludge;

5. Required procedures for land application, marketing, and distribution of sewage sludge;

4873 6. Requirements for sampling, analysis, recordkeeping, and reporting in connection with land **4874** application, marketing, and distribution of sewage sludge;

4875 7. Provisions for notification of local governing bodies to ensure compliance with §§ 62.1-44.15:3 **4876** and 62.1-44.19:3.4;

4877 8. Requirements for site-specific nutrient management plans, which shall be developed by persons 4878 certified in accordance with § 10.1-104.2 prior to land application for all sites where sewage sludge is 4879 land applied, and approved by the Department of Conservation and Recreation or on and after July 1, 4880 2013, the Department Environmental Quality, prior to permit issuance under specific conditions, including but not limited to, sites operated by an owner or lessee of a Confined Animal Feeding 4881 4882 Operation, as defined in subsection A of § 62.1-44.17:1, or Confined Poultry Feeding Operation, as 4883 defined in § 62.1-44.17:1.1, sites where the permit authorizes land application more frequently than once 4884 every three years at greater than 50 percent of the annual agronomic rate, and other sites based on site-specific conditions that increase the risk that land application may adversely impact state waters; 4885

9. Procedures for the prompt investigation and disposition of complaints concerning land application of sewage sludge, including the requirements that (i) holders of permits issued under this section shall report all complaints received by them to the Department and to the local governing body of the jurisdiction in which the complaint originates, and (ii) localities receiving complaints concerning land application of sewage sludge shall notify the Department and the permit holder. The Department shall maintain a searchable electronic database of complaints received during the current and preceding calendar year, which shall include information detailing each complaint and how it was resolved; and

10. Procedures for receiving and responding to public comments on applications for permits and for permit amendments authorizing land application at additional sites. Such procedures shall provide that an application for any permit amendments to increase the acreage authorized by the initial permit by 50 percent or more shall be treated as a new application for purposes of public notice and public hearings.

4897 D. Prior to issuance of a permit authorizing the land application, marketing or distribution of sewage
4898 sludge, the Department shall consult with, and give full consideration to the written recommendations of
4899 the Department of Health and the Department of Conservation and Recreation. Such consultation shall
4900 include any public health risks or water quality impacts associated with the permitted activity. The
4901 Department of Health and the Department of Conservation and Recreation may submit written comments
4902 on proposed permits within 30 days after notification by the Department.

4903 E. Where, because of site-specific conditions, including soil type, identified during the permit 4904 application review process, the Department determines that special requirements are necessary to protect the environment or the health, safety or welfare of persons residing in the vicinity of a proposed land 4905 4906 application site, the Department may incorporate in the permit at the time it is issued reasonable special 4907 conditions regarding buffering, transportation routes, slope, material source, methods of handling and 4908 application, and time of day restrictions exceeding those required by the regulations adopted under this 4909 section. Before incorporating any such conditions into the permit, the Department shall provide written 4910 notice to the permit applicant, specifying the reasons therefor and identifying the site-specific conditions justifying the additional requirements. The Department shall incorporate into the notice any written 4911 4912 requests or recommendations concerning such site-specific conditions submitted by the local governing 4913 body where the land application is to take place. The permit applicant shall have at least 14 days in 4914 which to review and respond to the proposed conditions.

4915 F. The Board shall adopt regulations prescribing a fee to be charged to all permit holders and permits and permit modifications pursuant to this section. All fees collected4917 pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Sludge Management Fund. The fee for the initial

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issuance of a permit shall be \$5,000. The fee for the reissuance, amendment, or modification of a permit for an existing site shall not exceed \$1,000 and shall be charged only for permit actions initiated by the permit holder. Fees collected under this section shall be exempt from statewide indirect costs charged and collected by the Department of Accounts and shall not supplant or reduce the general fund appropriation to the Department.

4923 G. There is hereby established in the treasury a special fund to be known as the Sludge Management 4924 Fund, hereinafter referred to as the Fund. The fees required by this section shall be transmitted to the 4925 Comptroller to be deposited into the Fund. The income and principal of the Fund shall be used only and 4926 exclusively for the Department's direct and indirect costs associated with the processing of an application to issue, reissue, amend, or modify any permit to land apply, distribute, or market sewage sludge, the 4927 4928 administration and management of the Department's sewage sludge land application program, including 4929 but not limited to, monitoring and inspecting, the Department of Conservation and Recreation's costs for 4930 implementation of the sewage sludge application program, and to reimburse localities with duly adopted 4931 ordinances providing for the testing and monitoring of the land application of sewage sludge. The State 4932 Treasurer shall be the custodian of the moneys deposited in the Fund. No part of the Fund, either 4933 principal or interest earned thereon, shall revert to the general fund of the state treasury.

4934 H. All persons holding or applying for a permit authorizing the land application of sewage sludge
4935 shall provide to the Board written evidence of financial responsibility, which shall be available to pay
4936 claims for cleanup costs, personal injury, and property damages resulting from the transportation, storage
4937 or land application of sewage sludge. The Board shall, by regulation, establish and prescribe mechanisms
4938 for meeting the financial responsibility requirements of this section.

4939 I. Any county, city or town may adopt an ordinance that provides for the testing and monitoring of4940 the land application of sewage sludge within its political boundaries to ensure compliance with4941 applicable laws and regulations.

 J. The Department, upon the timely request of any individual to test the sewage sludge at a specific site, shall collect samples of the sewage sludge at the site prior to the land application and submit such samples to a laboratory. The testing shall include an analysis of the (i) concentration of trace elements, (ii) coliform count, and (iii) pH level. The results of the laboratory analysis shall be (a) furnished to the individual requesting that the test be conducted and (b) reviewed by the Department. The person requesting the test and analysis of the sewage sludge shall pay the costs of sampling, testing, and analysis.

4949 K. At least 100 days prior to commencing land application of sewage sludge at a permitted site, the 4950 permit holder shall deliver or cause to be delivered written notification to the chief executive officer or 4951 his designee for the local government where the site is located. The notice shall identify the location of 4952 the permitted site and the expected sources of the sewage sludge to be applied to the site. This 4953 requirement may be satisfied by providing a list of all available permitted sites in the locality at least 4954 100 days prior to commencing the application at any site on the list. This requirement shall not apply to 4955 any application commenced prior to October 10, 2005. If the site is located in more than one county, 4956 the notice shall be provided to all jurisdictions where the site is located.

4957 L. The permit holder shall deliver or cause to be delivered written notification to the Department at
4958 least 14 days prior to commencing land application of sewage sludge at a permitted site. The notice
4959 shall identify the location of the permitted site and the expected sources of the sewage sludge to be
4960 applied to the site.

4961 M. The Department shall randomly conduct unannounced site inspections while land application of
4962 sewage sludge is in progress at a sufficient frequency to determine compliance with the requirements of
4963 this section, § 62.1-44.19:3.1, or regulations adopted under those sections.

4964 N. Surface incorporation into the soil of sewage sludge applied to cropland may be required when
4965 practicable and compatible with a soil conservation plan meeting the standards and specifications of the
4966 U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service.

4967 O. The Board shall develop regulations specifying and providing for extended buffers to be employed
4968 for application of sewage sludge (i) to hay, pasture, and forestlands; or (ii) to croplands where surface
4969 incorporation is not practicable or is incompatible with a soil conservation plan meeting the standards
4970 and specifications of the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Such
4971 extended buffers may be included by the Department as site specific permit conditions pursuant to
4972 subsection E, as an alternative to surface incorporation when necessary to protect odor sensitive
4973 receptors as determined by the Department or the local monitor.

4974 P. The Board shall adopt regulations requiring the payment of a fee for the land application of
4975 sewage sludge, pursuant to permits issued under this section. The person land applying sewage sludge
4976 shall (i) provide advance notice of the estimated fee to the generator of the sewage sludge unless
4977 notification is waived, (ii) collect the fee from the generator, and (iii) remit the fee to the Department as
4978 provided for by regulation. The fee shall be imposed on each dry ton of sewage sludge that is land

4979 applied in the Commonwealth. The regulations shall include requirements and procedures for:

4980 1. Collection of fees by the Department;

4981 2. Deposit of the fees into the Fund; and

4982 3. Disbursement of proceeds by the Department pursuant to subsection G.

4983 O. The Department, in consultation with the Department of Health, the Department of Conservation 4984 and Recreation, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the Virginia Cooperative 4985 Extension Service, shall establish and implement a program to train persons employed by those local 4986 governments that have adopted ordinances, pursuant to this section, to test and monitor the land 4987 application of sewage sludge. The program shall include, at a minimum, instruction in: (i) the provisions 4988 of the Virginia Biosolids Use Regulations; (ii) land application methods and equipment, including 4989 methods and processes for preparation and stabilization of sewage sludge that is land applied; (iii) 4990 sampling and chain of custody control; (iv) preparation and implementation of nutrient management 4991 plans for land application sites; (v) complaint response and preparation of complaint and inspection reports; (vi) enforcement authority and procedures; (vii) interaction and communication with the public; 4992 4993 and (viii) preparation of applications for reimbursement of local monitoring costs disbursed pursuant to 4994 subsection G. To the extent feasible, the program shall emphasize in-field instruction and practical 4995 training. Persons employed by local governments shall successfully complete such training before the local government may request reimbursement from the Board for testing and monitoring of land 4996 4997 application of sewage sludge performed by the person. The completion of training shall not be a 4998 prerequisite to the exercise of authority granted to local governments by any applicable provision of law. 4999 The Department may:

5000 1. Charge attendees a reasonable fee to recover the actual costs of preparing course materials and 5001 providing facilities and instructors for the program. The fee shall be reimbursable from the Fund 5002 established pursuant to this section; and

5003 2. Request and accept the assistance and participation of other state agencies and institutions in 5004 preparing and presenting the course of training established by this subsection.

5005 R. Localities, as part of their zoning ordinances, may designate or reasonably restrict the storage of 5006 sewage sludge based on criteria directly related to the public health, safety, and welfare of its citizens 5007 and the environment. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a locality may by ordinance 5008 require that a special exception or a special use permit be obtained to begin the storage of sewage 5009 sludge on any property in its jurisdiction, including any area that is zoned as an agricultural district or 5010 classification. Such ordinances shall not restrict the storage of sewage sludge on a farm as long as such 5011 sludge is being stored (i) solely for land application on that farm and (ii) for a period no longer than 45 5012 days. No person shall apply to the State Health Commissioner or the Department of Environmental 5013 Ouality for a permit, a variance, or a permit modification authorizing such storage without first 5014 complying with all requirements adopted pursuant to this subsection. 5015

§ 62.1-44.19:13. Definitions.

5016

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

5017 "Annual mass load of total nitrogen" (expressed in pounds per year) means the daily total nitrogen concentration (expressed as mg/L to the nearest 0.01 mg/L) multiplied by the flow volume of effluent 5018 5019 discharged during the 24-hour period (expressed as MGD to the nearest 0.01 MGD), multiplied by 8.34 5020 and rounded to the nearest whole number to convert to pounds per day (lbs/day) units, then totaled for 5021 the calendar month to convert to pounds per month (lbs/mo) units, and then totaled for the calendar year 5022 to convert to pounds per year (lbs/yr) units.

"Annual mass load of total phosphorus" (expressed in pounds per year) means the daily total 5023 phosphorus concentration (expressed as mg/L to the nearest 0.01mg/L) multiplied by the flow volume of 5024 5025 effluent discharged during the 24-hour period (expressed as MGD to the nearest 0.01 MGD) multiplied 5026 by 8.34 and rounded to the nearest whole number to convert to pounds per day (lbs/day) units, then 5027 totaled for the calendar month to convert to pounds per month (lbs/mo) units, and then totaled for the 5028 calendar year to convert to pounds per year (lbs/yr) units. 5029

"Association" means the Virginia Nutrient Credit Exchange Association authorized by this article.

5030 "Attenuation" means the rate at which nutrients are reduced through natural processes during 5031 transport in water.

"Best management practice," "practice," or "BMP" means a structural practice, nonstructural 5032 5033 practice, or other management practice used to prevent or reduce nutrient loads reaching surface waters 5034 or the adverse effects thereof.

5035 "Biological nutrient removal technology" means (i) technology that will achieve an annual average 5036 total nitrogen effluent concentration of eight milligrams per liter and an annual average total phosphorus 5037 effluent concentration of one milligram per liter, or (ii) equivalent reductions in loads of total nitrogen 5038 and total phosphorus through the recycle or reuse of wastewater as determined by the Department.

5039 "Delivered total nitrogen load" means the discharged mass load of total nitrogen from a point source 5040 that is adjusted by the delivery factor for that point source.

5041 "Delivered total phosphorus load" means the discharged mass load of total phosphorus from a point source that is adjusted by the delivery factor for that point source.

5043 "Delivery factor" means an estimate of the number of pounds of total nitrogen or total phosphorus
5044 delivered to tidal waters for every pound discharged from a permitted facility, as determined by the
5045 specific geographic location of the permitted facility, to account for attenuation that occurs during
5046 riverine transport between the permitted facility and tidal waters. Delivery factors shall be calculated
5047 using the Chesapeake Bay Program watershed model.

5048 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

5049 "Equivalent load" means 2,300 pounds per year of total nitrogen and 300 pounds per year of total phosphorus at a flow volume of 40,000 gallons per day; 5,700 pounds per year of total nitrogen and 760 pounds per year of total phosphorus at a flow volume of 100,000 gallons per day; and 28,500 pounds
5052 per year of total nitrogen and 3,800 pounds per year of total phosphorus at a flow volume of 500,000 gallons per day.

5054 "Facility" means a point source discharging or proposing to discharge total nitrogen or total
5055 phosphorus to the Chesapeake Bay or its tributaries. This term does not include confined animal feeding
5056 operations, discharges of stormwater, return flows from irrigated agriculture, or vessels.

5057 "General permit" means the general permit authorized by this article.

5058 "MS4" means a municipal separate storm sewer system.

5059 "Nutrient credit" or "credit" means a nutrient reduction that is certified pursuant to this article and
5060 expressed in pounds of phosphorus or nitrogen either (i) delivered to tidal waters when the credit is
5061 generated within the Chesapeake Bay Watershed or (ii) as otherwise specified when generated in the
5062 Southern Rivers watersheds.

5063 "Nutrient credit-generating entity" means an entity that generates nonpoint source nutrient credits.

5064 "Permitted facility" means a facility authorized by the general permit to discharge total nitrogen or
5065 total phosphorus. For the sole purpose of generating point source nitrogen credits or point source
5066 phosphorus credits, "permitted facility" shall also mean the Blue Plains wastewater treatment facility
5067 operated by the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority.

5068 "Permittee" means a person authorized by the general permit to discharge total nitrogen or total phosphorus.

5070 "Point source nitrogen credit" means the difference between (i) the waste load allocation for a
5071 permitted facility specified as an annual mass load of total nitrogen, and (ii) the monitored annual mass
5072 load of total nitrogen discharged by that facility, where clause (ii) is less than clause (i), and where the
5073 difference is adjusted by the applicable delivery factor and expressed as pounds per year of delivered
5074 total nitrogen load.

5075 "Point source phosphorus credit" means the difference between (i) the waste load allocation for a 5076 permitted facility specified as an annual mass load of total phosphorus, and (ii) the monitored annual 5077 mass load of total phosphorus discharged by that facility, where clause (ii) is less than clause (i), and 5078 where the difference is adjusted by the applicable delivery factor and expressed as pounds per year of 5079 delivered total phosphorus load.

5080 "State-of-the-art nutrient removal technology" means (i) technology that will achieve an annual average total nitrogen effluent concentration of three milligrams per liter and an annual average total phosphorus effluent concentration of 0.3 milligrams per liter, or (ii) equivalent load reductions in total nitrogen and total phosphorus through recycle or reuse of wastewater as determined by the Department.

5084 "Tributaries" means those river basins for which separate tributary strategies were prepared pursuant
5085 to § 2.2-218 and includes the Potomac, Rappahannock, York, and James River Basins, and the Eastern
5086 Coastal Basin, which encompasses the creeks and rivers of the Eastern Shore of Virginia that are west
5087 of Route 13 and drain into the Chesapeake Bay.

5088 "Waste load allocation" means (i) the water quality-based annual mass load of total nitrogen or 5089 annual mass load of total phosphorus allocated to individual facilities pursuant to the Water Quality 5090 Management Planning Regulation (9 VAC 25-720) or its successor, or permitted capacity in the case of 5091 nonsignificant dischargers; (ii) the water quality-based annual mass load of total nitrogen or annual mass 5092 load of total phosphorus acquired pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:15 for new or expanded facilities; or (iii) 5093 applicable total nitrogen or total phosphorus waste load allocations under the Chesapeake Bay total 5094 maximum daily loads (TMDLs) to restore or protect the water quality and beneficial uses of the 5095 Chesapeake Bay or its tidal tributaries.

5096 § 62.1-44.19:15. New or expanded facilities.

5097 A. An owner or operator of a new or expanded facility shall comply with the applicable requirements of this section as a condition of the facility's coverage under the general permit.

5099 1. An owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination
5100 System permit first issued before July 1, 2005, that expands his facility to discharge 100,000 gallons or
5101 more per day, or an equivalent load directly into tidal waters, or 500,000 gallons or more per day, or an

equivalent load, directly into nontidal waters shall demonstrate to the Department that he has acquired
waste load allocations sufficient to offset any increase in his delivered total nitrogen and delivered total
phosphorus loads resulting from any expansion beyond his waste load allocations or permitted design
capacity as of July 1, 2005, and will install state-of-the-art nutrient removal technology at the time of
the expansion.

2. An owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination
System permit first issued before July 1, 2005, that expands his facility to discharge 100,000 gallons or
more per day up to and including 499,999 gallons per day, or an equivalent load, directly into nontidal
waters, shall demonstrate to the Department that he has acquired waste load allocations sufficient to
offset any increase in his delivered total nitrogen and delivered total phosphorus loads resulting from
any expansion beyond his permitted capacity as of July 1, 2005, and will install, at a minimum,
biological nutrient removal technology at the time of the expansion.

5114 3. An owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 5115 System permit first issued before July 1, 2005, that expands his facility to discharge 40,000 gallons or 5116 more per day up to and including 99,999 gallons per day, or an equivalent load, directly into tidal or 5117 nontidal waters, shall demonstrate to the Department that he has acquired waste load allocations 5118 sufficient to offset any increase in his delivered total nitrogen and delivered total phosphorus loads 5119 resulting from any expansion beyond his permitted capacity as of July 1, 2005.

5120 4. An owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 5121 System permit first issued on or after July 1, 2005, to discharge 40,000 gallons or more per day, or an 5122 equivalent load, shall demonstrate to the Department that he has acquired waste load allocations 5123 sufficient to offset his delivered total nitrogen and delivered total phosphorus loads, and will install (i) at 5124 a minimum, biological nutrient removal technology at any facility authorized to discharge up to and including 99,999 gallons per day, or an equivalent load, directly into tidal and nontidal waters, or up to 5125 5126 and including 499,999 gallons per day, or an equivalent load, to nontidal waters; and (ii) state-of-the-art 5127 nutrient removal technology at any facility authorized to discharge 100,000 gallons or more per day, or 5128 an equivalent load, directly into tidal waters, or 500,000 gallons or more per day, or an equivalent load, 5129 directly into nontidal waters.

5. An owner or operator of a facility treating domestic sewage authorized by a Virginia Pollutant
5. An owner or operator of a facility treating domestic sewage authorized by a Virginia Pollutant
5. Discharge Elimination System permit with a discharge greater than 1,000 gallons per day up to and
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5137 B. Waste load allocations required by this section to offset new or increased delivered total nitrogen 5138 and delivered total phosphorus loads shall be acquired in accordance with this subsection.

5139 1. Such allocations may be acquired from one or a combination of the following:

5140 a. Acquisition of all or a portion of the waste load allocations or point source nitrogen or point 5141 source phosphorus credits from one or more permitted facilities in the same tributary;

b. Acquisition of credits certified by the Board pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:20 or certified by the Soil
and Water Conservation Board pursuant to § 10.1-603.15:2. Such best management practices shall
achieve reductions beyond those already required by or funded under federal or state law, or the
Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan, and shall be installed in the same
tributary in which the new or expanded facility is located and included as conditions of the facility's
individual Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit;

5148 c. Acquisition of allocations purchased through the Nutrient Offset Fund established pursuant to \$149 § 10.1-2128.2; or

5150 d. Acquisition of allocations through such other means as may be approved by the Department on a 5151 case-by-case basis.

5152 2. Such allocations or credits shall be provided for a minimum period of five years with each
5153 registration under the general permit. This subdivision shall not preclude the Board from adopting
5154 longer-term or permanent allocation requirements by regulation.

5155 3. The Board shall give priority to allocations or credits acquired in accordance with subdivisions 1
5156 a, 1 b, and 1 d. The Board shall approve allocations acquired in accordance with subdivision 1 d only
5157 after the owner or operator has demonstrated that he has made a good faith effort to acquire sufficient
5158 allocations in accordance with subdivisions 1 a, 1 b, and 1 d and that such allocations are not
5159 reasonably available taking into account timing, cost, and other relevant factors.

4. Notwithstanding the priority provisions in subdivision 3, the Board may grant a waste load allocation in accordance with subdivision 1 d to an owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit to land apply domestic sewage if (i) the Virginia Pollution Abatement permit was issued before July 1, 2005; (ii) the waste load allocation does not exceed such

facility's permitted design capacity as of July 1, 2005; (iii) the waste treated by the existing facility is 5164 5165 going to be treated and discharged pursuant to a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit 5166 for a new discharge; and (iv) the owner or operator installs state-of-the-art nutrient removal technology at such facility. Such facilities cannot generate credits or waste load allocations, based upon the removal 5167 5168 of land application sites, that can be acquired by other permitted facilities to meet the requirements of 5169 this article.

5170 C. Until such time as the Director finds that no allocations are reasonably available in an individual 5171 tributary, the general permit shall provide for the acquisition of allocations through payments into the 5172 Nutrient Offset Fund established in § 10.1-2128.2. Such payments shall be promptly applied by the Department to achieve equivalent point or nonpoint source reductions in the same tributary beyond those 5173 5174 reductions already required by or funded under federal or state law or the Virginia Chesapeake Bay 5175 TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan. The general permit shall base the cost of each pound of 5176 allocation on (i) the estimated cost of achieving a reduction of one pound of nitrogen or phosphorus at 5177 the facility that is securing the allocation, or comparable facility, for each pound of allocation acquired; 5178 or (ii) the average cost of reducing two pounds of nitrogen or phosphorus from nonpoint sources in the 5179 same tributary for each pound of allocation acquired, whichever is higher. Upon each reissuance of the 5180 general permit, the Board may adjust the cost of each pound of allocation based on current costs and 5181 cost estimates.

5182 D. The acquisition of nutrient allocations or credits from animal waste-to-energy or animal waste 5183 reduction facilities, or the acquisition of such nutrient allocations or credits from entities acting on 5184 behalf of such facilities, shall be considered point source allocations or credits for all nutrient trading 5185 purposes and shall not be subject to any otherwise applicable nonpoint source trading ratio if the best 5186 management practice being used to generate such nutrient allocations or credits is a point source nutrient 5187 removal technology. Point source nutrient removal technology shall include animal waste gasification in 5188 which lab analysis of the animal waste reveals the concentration of nutrients in the animal waste being 5189 fed into the gasifier, and the fate of the nutrients during the animal waste gasification process, is known 5190 and documented using studies such as air emissions tests and ash analyses. 5191

§ 62.1-44.19:20. Nutrient credit certification.

5192 A. The Board may shall adopt regulations for the purpose of establishing procedures for the 5193 certification of nutrient credits other than (i) point source nitrogen or point source phosphorus credits 5194 generated by point sources covered by the general permit issued pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:14 and (ii) 5195 nutrient credits certified by the Soil and Water Conservation Board and the Department of Conservation 5196 and Recreation pursuant to Article 1.1:1 (§ 10.1-603.15:1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 10.1. During the 5197 promulgation of the regulations, the Board shall consult with the Department of Conservation and 5198 Recreation to avoid duplication and to promote consistency where appropriate. 5199

B. Regulations adopted pursuant to this section shall may:

5200 1. Establish procedures for the certification and registration of credits, including:

5201 a. Certifying credits that may be generated from effective nutrient controls or removal practices, 5202 including activities associated with the types of facilities or practices historically regulated by the Board, 5203 such as water withdrawal and treatment and wastewater collection, treatment, and beneficial reuse; and

5204 b. Certifying credits that may be generated from agricultural and urban stormwater best management 5205 practices, use or management of manures, managed turf, land use conversion, stream or wetlands 5206 projects, shellfish aquaculture, algal harvesting, and other established or innovative methods of nutrient 5207 control or removal, as appropriate;

5208 c. Establishing a process and standards for wetland or stream credits to be converted to nutrient 5209 credits. Such process and standards shall only apply to wetland or stream credits that were established 5210 after July 1, 2005, and have not been transferred or used. Under no circumstances shall such credits be 5211 used for both wetland or stream credit and nutrient credit purposes; 5212

d. Certifying credits from multiple practices that are bundled as a package by the applicant;

5213 e. Prohibiting the certification of credits generated from activities funded by federal or state water 5214 quality grant funds; however, baseline levels may be achieved through the use of such grants;

5215 f. Establishing a timely and efficient certification process including application requirements, a 5216 reasonable application fee schedule not to exceed \$10,000 per application, and review and approval 5217 procedures; and 5218

g. Requiring public notification of a proposed nutrient credit-generating entity;

5219 2. Establish credit calculation procedures for proposed credit-generating practices, including the 5220 determination of:

5221 a. Baselines for credits certified under subdivision B 1 a in accordance with any applicable 5222 provisions of the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan or approved TMDLs; 5223 and

5224 b. Baselines established for agricultural practices, which shall be those actions necessary to achieve

5225 a level of reduction assigned in the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan or 5226 approved TMDLs as implemented on the tract, field, or other land area under consideration;

5227 c. Baselines for urban practices from new development and redevelopment, which shall be in 5228 compliance with postconstruction nutrient loading requirements of the Virginia Stormwater Management 5229 Program regulations. Baselines for all other existing development shall be at a level necessary to 5230 achieve the reductions assigned in the urban sector in the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed 5231 Implementation Plan or approved TMDLs;

5232 d. Baselines for land use conversion, which shall be based on the pre-conversion land use and the 5233 level of reductions assigned in the Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan or 5234 approved TMDLs applicable to that land use;

5235 e. Baselines for other nonpoint source credit-generating practices, which shall be based on the 5236 Virginia Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan or approved TMDLs using the best 5237 available scientific and technical information;

5238 f. Unless otherwise established by the Board, for certification within the Chesapeake Bay Watershed 5239 a credit-generating practice that involves land use conversion, which shall represent controls beyond 5240 those in place as of July 1, 2005. For other waters for which a TMDL has been approved, the practice 5241 shall represent controls beyond those in place at the time of TMDL approval;

5242 g. Baseline dates for all credit-generating practices, which shall be based on the Virginia 5243 Chesapeake Bay TMDL Watershed Implementation Plan or approved TMDLs; and

5244 h. Credit quantities, which shall be established using the best available scientific and technical 5245 information at the time of certification;

5246 3. Provide certification of credits on an appropriate temporal basis, such as annual, term of years, or 5247 perpetual, depending on the nature of the credit-generating practice. A credit shall be certified for a term 5248 of no less than 12 months:

5249 4. Establish operation and maintenance requirements and associated financial assurance requirements 5250 to include alternatives such as requirements to reasonably assure the generation of the credit depending 5251 on the nature of the credit-generating activity and use, such as legal instruments for perpetual credits, 5252 operation and maintenance requirements, and associated financial assurance requirements. Financial 5253 assurance requirements may include letters of credit, escrows, surety bonds, insurance, and where the 5254 credits are used or generated by a locality, authority, utility, sanitation district, or permittee operating an 5255 MS4 or a point source permitted under this article, its existing tax or rate authority; 5256

5. Establish appropriate reporting requirements;

5257 6. Provide for the ability of the Department to inspect or audit for compliance with the requirements 5258 of such regulations;

5259 7. Provide that the option to acquire nutrient credits for compliance purposes shall not eliminate any 5260 requirement to comply with local water quality requirements; and

5261 8. Establish a credit retirement requirement whereby five percent of nonpoint source credits in the 5262 Chesapeake Bay Watershed are permanently retired at the time of certification pursuant to this section 5263 for the purposes of offsetting growth in unregulated nutrient loads; and 5264

9. Establish such other requirements as the Board deems necessary and appropriate.

5265 C. Prior to the adoption of such regulations, the Board shall certify credits that may be generated 5266 from effective nutrient controls or removal practices, including activities associated with the types of 5267 facilities or practices historically regulated by the Board, such as water withdrawal and treatment and 5268 wastewater collection, treatment, and beneficial reuse, on a case-by-case basis using the best available 5269 scientific and technical information The Department shall establish and maintain an online Virginia 5270 Nutrient Credit Registry of credits as follows:

5271 1. The registry shall include all nonpoint source credits certified pursuant to this article and may 5272 include point source nitrogen and point source phosphorus credits generated from point sources covered 5273 by the general permit issued pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:14 or point source nutrient credits certified 5274 pursuant to this section at the option of the owner. No other credits shall be valid for compliance 5275 purposes.

5276 2. Registration of credits on the registry shall not preclude or restrict the right of the owner of such 5277 credits from transferring the credits on such commercial terms as may be established by and between 5278 the owner and the regulated or unregulated party acquiring the credits.

5279 3. The Department shall establish procedures for the listing and tracking of credits on the registry, 5280 including but not limited to (i) notification of the availability of new nutrient credits to the locality 5281 where the credit-generating practice is implemented at least five business days prior to listing on the 5282 registry to provide the locality an opportunity to acquire such credits at fair market value for 5283 compliance purposes and (ii) notification that the listing of credits on the registry does not constitute a representation by the Board or the owner that the credits will satisfy the specific regulatory 5284 5285 requirements applicable to the prospective user's intended use and that the prospective user is 5286 encouraged to contact the Board for technical assistance to identify limitations, if any, applicable to the

5287 intended use.

5288 4. The registry shall be publicly accessible without charge.

5289 D. The owner or operator of a nonpoint source nutrient credit-generating entity that fails to comply 5290 with the provisions of this section shall be subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions of 5291 § 62.1-44.19:22.

5292 E. Nutrient credits from stormwater nonpoint nutrient credit-generating facilities in receipt of a 5293 Nonpoint Nutrient Offset Authorization for Transfer letter from the Department prior to July 1, 2012, 5294 shall be considered certified nutrient credits and shall not be subject to further certification 5295 requirements or to the credit retirement requirement under subdivision B 8. However, such facilities 5296 shall be subject to the other provisions of this article, including registration, inspection, reporting, and 5297 enforcement. 5298

§ 62.1-44.19:21. Nutrient credit use by regulated entities.

5299 A. An MS4 permittee may acquire, use, and transfer nutrient credits for purposes of compliance with 5300 any waste load allocations established as effluent limitations in an MS4 permit issued pursuant to 5301 § 62.1-44.15:25. Such method of compliance may be approved by the Department following review of a 5302 compliance plan submitted by the permittee that includes the use of nutrient credits. The permittee may 5303 use such credits for compliance purposes only if (i) the credits, whether annual, term, or perpetual, are 5304 generated and applied for purposes of compliance for the same calendar year; (ii) the credits are 5305 acquired no later than a date following the calendar year in which the credits are applied as specified 5306 by the Department consistent with the permittee's Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) 5307 permit annual report deadline under such permit; (iii) the credits are generated in the same locality or 5308 tributary, except that permittees in the Eastern Coastal Basin may also acquire credits from the 5309 Potomac and Rappahannock tributaries; and (iv) the credits either are point source nitrogen or point 5310 source phosphorus credits generated by point sources covered by the general permit issued pursuant to 5311 § 62.1-44.19:14, or are certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:20. An MS4 permittee may enter into an 5312 agreement with one or more other MS4 permittees within the same locality or within the same or 5313 adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code to collectively meet the sum of any waste load allocations in 5314 their permits. Such permittees shall submit to the Department for approval a compliance plan to achieve 5315 their aggregate permit waste load allocations.

5316 B. Those applicants required to comply with water quality requirements for land-disturbing activities 5317 operating under a General VSMP Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities or 5318 a Construction Individual Permit may acquire and use perpetual nutrient credits certified and registered 5319 on the Virginia Nutrient Credit Registry in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:35.

5320 C. Confined animal feeding operations issued permits pursuant to this chapter may acquire, use, and 5321 transfer credits for compliance with any waste load allocations contained in the provisions of a Virginia 5322 Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) permit. Such method of compliance may be approved 5323 by the Department following review of a compliance plan submitted by the permittee that includes the 5324 use of nutrient credits.

5325 D. Facilities registered under the Industrial Stormwater General Permit issued pursuant to this 5326 chapter may acquire, use, and transfer credits for compliance with any waste load allocations 5327 established as effluent limitations in a VPDES permit. Such method of compliance may be approved by 5328 the Department following review of a compliance plan submitted by the permittee that includes the use 5329 of nutrient credits.

5330 E. Public notice of each compliance plan submitted for approval pursuant to this section shall be 5331 given by the Department.

5332 F. This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise affect the authority of the Board to 5333 establish and enforce more stringent water quality-based effluent limitations for total nitrogen or total 5334 phosphorus in permits where those limitations are necessary to protect local water quality. The 5335 exchange or acquisition of credits pursuant to this article shall not affect any requirement to comply 5336 with such local water quality-based limitations.

§ 62.1-44.19:22. Enforcement and penalties.

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5338 A. Transfer of nutrient credits by an operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity may be suspended 5339 by the Department until such time as the operator comes into compliance with this article and attendant 5340 regulations.

5341 B. Any operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity who violates any provision of this article, or of 5342 any regulations adopted hereunder, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 within the 5343 discretion of the court. The Department may issue a summons for collection of the civil penalty, and the action may be prosecuted in the appropriate circuit court. When the penalties are assessed by the court 5344 5345 as a result of a summons issued by the Department, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the 5346 state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund 5347 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.

5348 § 62.1-44.19:23. Appeals.

5349 Any person applying to establish a nutrient credit-generating entity or an operator of a nutrient 5350 credit-generating entity aggrieved by any action of the Department taken in accordance with this 5351 section, or by inaction of the Department, shall have the right to review in accordance with the 5352 provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

5353 § 62.1-44.23. Enforcement by injunction, etc.

5354 Any person violating or failing, neglecting or refusing to obey any rule, regulation, order, water 5355 quality standard, pretreatment standard, or requirement of or any provision of any certificate issued by 5356 the Board, or by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works issued to an industrial user, or any 5357 provisions of this chapter, except as provided by a separate article, may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in any appropriate court by the Board to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, 5358 5359 mandamus or other appropriate remedy. 5360

§ 62.1-44.32. Penalties.

5361 (a) Any Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any order of the Board, or order of a court, 5362 5363 issued as herein provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$32,500 for each violation 5364 within the discretion of the court. Each day of violation of each requirement shall constitute a separate 5365 offense. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer 5366 into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 of Title 10.1, 5367 excluding penalties assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et 5368 seq.) of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or term or condition 5369 of approval relating to or issued under those articles.

5370 Such civil penalties may, in the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the 5371 treasury of the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred, to be used for the purpose of abating environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by order, direct, except that 5372 5373 where the owner in violation is such county, city or town itself, or its agent, the court shall direct such 5374 penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia 5375 Environmental Emergency Response Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 of Title 10.1, excluding penalties 5376 assessed for violations of Article 9 or 10 of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, administrative or 5377 judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles.

5378 In the event that a county, city, or town, or its agent, is the owner, such county, city, or town, or its 5379 agent, may initiate a civil action against any user or users of a waste water treatment facility to recover 5380 that portion of any civil penalty imposed against the owner proximately resulting from the act or acts of 5381 such user or users in violation of any applicable federal, state, or local requirements.

5382 (b) Any Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate 5383 5384 or any order of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more 5385 than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person 5386 who knowingly violates any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, any 5387 condition of a certificate or any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who knowingly makes 5388 any false statement in any form required to be submitted under this chapter or knowingly renders 5389 inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this chapter, shall be guilty 5390 of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than three years, 5391 or in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, confinement in jail for not 5392 more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 for each violation. Any 5393 defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be 5394 sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each requirement shall 5395 constitute a separate offense.

5396 (c) Any Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who knowingly violates any 5397 provision of this chapter, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent 5398 danger of death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a 5399 term of imprisonment of not less than two years nor more than 15 years and a fine of not more than 5400 \$250,000, either or both. A defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation 5401 under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount 5402 that is three times the economic benefit realized by the defendant as a result of the offense. The 5403 maximum penalty shall be doubled with respect to both fine and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same person under this subsection. 5404

5405 (d) Criminal prosecution under this section shall be commenced within three years of discovery of the offense, notwithstanding the limitations provided in any other statute. 5406 5407

§ 62.1-44.44. Construction of chapter.

5408 (a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as superseding any provisions of Chapter 5 of Title 5409 10.1, or as limiting or affecting any powers, duties or responsibilities conferred or imposed heretofore or

5410 hereafter on the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board.

5411 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as altering, or as authorizing any alteration of, any 5412 existing riparian rights or other vested rights in water or water use.

5413 § 62.1-73. Appointment and removal of Virginia members of Commission.

5414 In pursuance of Article IV of said compact there shall be three members of the Ohio River Valley 5415 Water Sanitation Commission from Virginia. One member Two members of the Commission shall be 5416 appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, from the membership of 5417 the State Water Control Board continued under § 62.1-44.7. The term of the commissioner shall be 5418 coincident with that of his term upon the State Water Control Board. Any vacancy in the office of the commissioner shall be filled by appointment by the Governor. The second third Virginia member of the 5419 5420 Commission shall be the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality. The third Virginia 5421 member shall be the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation. Any member of the 5422 Commission appointed pursuant to this section who cannot be present at a meeting of the Commission, 5423 or at any committee or subcommittee of the Commission, may designate any employee of the 5424 Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, or a member of 5425 the State Water Control Board to attend the meeting and vote on his behalf.

5426 Any commissioner may be removed from office by the Governor. 5427

§ 62.1-195.1. Chesapeake Bay; drilling for oil or gas prohibited.

5428 A. Notwithstanding any other law, a person shall not drill for oil or gas in the waters of the 5429 Chesapeake Bay or any of its tributaries. In Tidewater Virginia, as defined in § 10.1-2101 5430 62.1-44.15:68, a person shall not drill for oil or gas in, whichever is the greater distance, as measured 5431 landward of the shoreline:

5432 1. Those Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas, as defined in § 10.1-2101 62.1-44.15:68, which a local 5433 government designates as "Resource Protection Areas" and incorporates into its local comprehensive 5434 plan. "Resource Protection Areas" shall be defined according to the criteria developed by the Virginia 5435 Soil and Water Conservation State Water Control Board pursuant to § 10.1-2107 62.1-44.15:72; or

2. Five hundred feet from the shoreline of the waters of the Chesapeake Bay or any of its tributaries.

5436 5437 B. In the event that any person desires to drill for oil or gas in any area of Tidewater Virginia where 5438 drilling is not prohibited by the provisions of subsection A, he shall submit to the Department of Mines, 5439 Minerals and Energy as part of his application for permit to drill an environmental impact assessment. 5440 The environmental impact assessment shall include:

5441 1. The probabilities and consequences of accidental discharge of oil or gas into the environment 5442 during drilling, production, and transportation on:

5443 a. Finfish, shellfish, and other marine or freshwater organisms;

5444 b. Birds and other wildlife that use the air and water resources;

5445 c. Air and water quality; and

5446 d. Land and water resources;

5447 2. Recommendations for minimizing any adverse economic, fiscal, or environmental impacts; and

5448 3. An examination of the secondary environmental effects of induced economic development due to 5449 the drilling and production.

5450 C. Upon receipt of an environmental impact assessment, the Department of Mines, Minerals and 5451 Energy shall notify the Department of Environmental Quality to coordinate a review of the 5452 environmental impact assessment. The Department of Environmental Quality shall:

5453 1. Publish in the Virginia Register of Regulations a notice sufficient to identify the environmental 5454 impact assessment and providing an opportunity for public review of and comment on the assessment. 5455 The period for public review and comment shall not be less than 30 days from the date of publication;

5456 2. Submit the environmental impact assessment to all appropriate state agencies to review the 5457 assessment and submit their comments to the Department of Environmental Quality; and

5458 3. Based upon the review by all appropriate state agencies and the public comments received, submit 5459 findings and recommendations to the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, within 90 days after 5460 notification and receipt of the environmental impact assessment from the Department.

5461 D. The Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy may not grant a permit under § 45.1-361.29 until 5462 it has considered the findings and recommendations of the Department of Environmental Quality.

5463 E. The Department of Environmental Quality shall, in conjunction with other state agencies and in 5464 conformance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), develop criteria and procedures to 5465 assure the orderly preparation and evaluation of environmental impact assessments required by this 5466 section.

5467 F. A person may drill an exploratory well or a gas well in any area of Tidewater Virginia where 5468 drilling is not prohibited by the provisions of subsection A only if:

5469 1. For directional drilling, the person has the permission of the owners of all lands to be directionally 5470 drilled into;

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5471 2. The person files an oil discharge contingency plan and proof of financial responsibility to 5472 implement the plan, both of which have been filed with and approved by the State Water Control Board. 5473 For purposes of this section, the oil discharge contingency plan shall comply with the requirements set 5474 forth in § 62.1-44.34:15. The Board's regulations governing the amount of any financial responsibility 5475 required shall take into account the type of operation, location of the well, the risk of discharge or 5476 accidental release, the potential damage or injury to state waters or sensitive natural resource features or 5477 the impairment of their beneficial use that may result from discharge or release, the potential cost of 5478 containment and cleanup, and the nature and degree of injury or interference with general health, welfare 5479 and property that may result from discharge or accidental release;

5480 3. All land-disturbing activities resulting from the construction and operation of the permanent 5481 facilities necessary to implement the contingency plan and the area within the berm will be located 5482 outside of those areas described in subsection A;

5483 4. The drilling site is stabilized with boards or gravel or other materials which will result in minimal 5484 amounts of runoff;

5. Persons certified in blowout prevention are present at all times during drilling;

6. Conductor pipe is set as necessary from the surface;

5487 7. Casing is set and pressure grouted from the surface to a point at least 2500 feet below the surface 5488 or 300 feet below the deepest known ground water, as defined in § 62.1-255, for a beneficial use, as 5489 defined in § 62.1-10, whichever is deeper; 5490

8. Freshwater-based drilling mud is used during drilling;

5491 9. There is no onsite disposal of drilling muds, produced contaminated fluids, waste contaminated 5492 fluids or other contaminated fluids;

5493 10. Multiple blow-out preventers are employed; and

5494 11. The person complies with all requirements of Chapter 22.1 (§ 45.1-361.1 et seq.) of Title 45.1 5495 and regulations promulgated thereunder.

5496 G. The provisions of subsection A and subdivisions F 1 and 4 through 9 shall be enforced consistent 5497 with the requirements of Chapter 22.1 (§ 45.1-361.1 et seq.) of Title 45.1.

5498 H. In the event that exploration activities in Tidewater Virginia result in a finding by the Director of 5499 the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy that production of commercially recoverable quantities of 5500 oil is likely and imminent, the Director of the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy shall notify 5501 the Secretary of Commerce and Trade and the Secretary of Natural Resources. At that time, the Secretaries shall develop a joint report to the Governor and the General Assembly assessing the 5502 5503 environmental risks and safeguards; transportation issues; state-of-the-art oil production well technology; economic impacts; regulatory initiatives; operational standards; and other matters related to the 5504 production of oil in the region. No permits for oil production wells shall be issued until (i) the Governor 5505 has had an opportunity to review the report and make recommendations, in the public interest, for 5506 5507 legislative and regulatory changes, (ii) the General Assembly, during the next upcoming regular session, 5508 has acted on the Governor's recommendations or on its own initiatives, and (iii) any resulting legislation 5509 has become effective. The report by the Secretaries and the Governor's recommendations shall be 5510 completed within 18 months of the findings of the Director of the Department of Mines, Minerals and 5511 Energy. 5512

§ 62.1-229.4. Loans for stormwater runoff control best management practices.

5513 Loans may be made from the Fund, in the Board's discretion, to a local government for the purpose 5514 of constructing facilities or structures or implementing other best management practices that reduce or 5515 prevent pollution of state waters caused by stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces. The Board, in 5516 consultation with the Department of Conservation and Recreation, shall develop guidelines for the 5517 administration of such loans and shall determine the terms and conditions of any loan from the Fund. 5518 Unless otherwise required by law, loans for such facilities, structures, and other best management 5519 practices may be made only when loan requests for eligible wastewater treatment facilities designed to 5520 meet the water quality standards established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15 have first been satisfied. The 5521 Board shall give priority (i) first to local governments that have adopted a stormwater control program 5522 in accordance with § 15.2-2114, (ii) second to projects designed to reduce or prevent a pollutant in a 5523 water body where the water body is in violation of water quality standards established pursuant to 5524 § 62.1-44.15, (iii) third to local governments subject to an MS4 discharge permit issued by the Board in 5525 accordance with § 10.1-603.2:2 62.1-44.15:20, (iv) fourth to local governments that have adopted a 5526 stormwater management program in accordance with Article 1.1 (§ 10.1-603.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of 5527 Title 10.1 the stormwater management provisions of the State Water Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.), 5528 and (v) fifth to all others.

5529 2. That §§ 10.1-104.1 through 10.1-104.6 and Article 1.1 (§§ 10.1-104.7, 10.1-104.8, and 10.1-104.9) of Chapter 1, Chapter 5 (§§ 10.1-500 through 10.1-571), Articles 1.1 (§§ 10.1-603.1 through 5530 5531 10.1-603.15), 1.1:1 (§§ 10.1-603.15:1 through 10.1-603.15:5), and 3 (§§ 10.1-614 through 10.1-635) of 5532 Chapter 6, and Chapter 21 (§§ 10.1-2100 through 10.1-2115) of Title 10.1 of the Code of Virginia

5533 are repealed.

5534 3. That § 62.1-44.15:36 as created by this act shall be repealed upon the effective date of a 5535 statewide permit fee schedule pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, as added by this act, by the Soil and 5536 Water Conservation Board prior to July 1, 2013, or by the State Water Control Board on or after 5537 July 1, 2013, whichever occurs sooner.

4. That the transfer of the responsibility for administering the issuance of national pollutant discharge elimination system permits for the control of stormwater discharges shall become effective on July 1, 2013, or upon the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's rescission of authorization for delegation of program authority to the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation 5542 Board, whichever occurs later.

5543 That upon the Governor's approval of the provisions of this act, the Department of 5. 5544 Environmental Quality shall seek the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's rescission of authorization for delegation of program authority to the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board to return delegation of program authority to the State Water Control Board for the 5545 5546 5547 issuance of the national pollutant discharge elimination system permits for the control of stormwater discharges for MS4 and construction activities under the federal Clean Water Act. 5548 5549 Permits issued by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board or a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority or a Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority 5550 acting under the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board's authority that have not expired or 5551 5552 been revoked or terminated before or on the program transfer date shall continue to remain in 5553 full force and effect until their specified expiration dates.

5554 6. That the regulations adopted by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board to administer 5555 and implement the Virginia Stormwater Management Act (§ 10.1-603.1 et seq. of the Code of Virginia), the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 10.1- 560 et seq. of the Code of Virginia), and 5556 the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1- 2100 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) are transferred 5557 5558 from the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board to the State Water Control Board, and the 5559 State Water Control Board may amend, modify, or delete provisions in these regulations in order to implement this act. Such regulations shall remain in full force and effect until altered, amended, 5560 5561 or rescinded by the State Water Control Board.

5562 7. That the initial actions of the State Water Control Board to adopt, with necessary amendments, 5563 the regulations implementing the programs being transferred by this act from the Virginia Soil 5564 and Water Conservation Board to the State Water Control Board shall be exempt from Article 2 5565 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia. After transfer of the 5566 programs, if it is determined that additional amendments to the regulations are necessary for State 5567 Water Control Board implementation of the programs in accordance with this act, the regulatory 5568 actions necessary shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of 5569 the Code of Virginia, except that the Department of Environmental Quality shall provide an 5570 opportunity for public comment on the regulatory actions.

5571 8. That any regulatory action initiated by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board to 5572 amend the programs being transferred by this act may be continued by the State Water Control 5573 Board at the time of the program transfer.

5574 9. That the full-time employees employed in the administration of the programs being transferred 5575 by this act shall be transferred from the Department of Conservation and Recreation to the 5576 Department of Environmental Quality. The Department of Conservation and Recreation is 5577 directed to transfer to the Department of Environmental Quality all appropriations, including 5578 special funds, for programs identified for transfer by this act. The Department of Environmental 5579 Quality is authorized to hire additional staff to operate the programs transferred by this act.

10. That the initial actions of the Department of Environmental Quality to adopt, with necessary
amendments, the Nutrient Management Training and Certification Regulations transferred by this
act from the Department of Conservation and Recreation to the Department of Environmental
Quality shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of the Code
of Virginia.

5585 11. That after transfer of the Nutrient Management Training and Certification program, if it is 5586 determined that additional amendments to the regulations are necessary for Department of 5587 Environmental Quality implementation of the program in accordance with this chapter, the 5588 regulatory actions necessary shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of 5589 Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia, except that the Department of Environmental Quality shall 5590 provide an opportunity for public comment on the regulatory actions.

5591 12. That if no funds are available to the Department of Environmental Quality for the purpose of 5592 testing and implementing the software for the Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Program set 5593 forth in subsection B of § 10.1-1187.8 as created by this act, the Department may defer the

5594 development of the necessary software until such funds become available.

13. That the initial actions of the Board of Conservation and Recreation to adopt, with necessary
amendments, the Impounding Structure Regulations transferred by this act from the Virginia Soil
and Water Conservation Board to the Board of Conservation and Recreation shall be exempt from
Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia.

5599 14. That after transfer of the Impounding Structure Regulations, if it is determined that 5600 additional amendments to the regulations are necessary for Board of Conservation and Recreation 5601 implementation of the program in accordance with this act, the regulatory actions necessary shall 5602 be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia, 5603 except that the Board of Conservation and Recreation shall provide an opportunity for public 5604 comment on the regulatory actions.

5605 15. That the regulations of the Department of Environmental Quality necessary to implement the 5606 provisions of § 10.1-1187.9 as created by this act shall be adopted no later than July 1, 2014, and 5607 the associated regulatory actions shall be exempt from Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 5608 of Title 2.2 of the Code of Virginia, except that the Department of Environmental Quality shall 5609 provide an opportunity for public comment on the regulations prior to adoption.

5610 16. That the initial regulations adopted by the Soil and Water Conservation Board necessary to implement the provisions of Article 1.7 (§ 10.1-1187.102 et seq.) of Chapter 11.1 of Title 10.1 as 5611 5612 created by this act shall be subject to the requirements set out in §§ 2.2-4007.03, 2.2-4007.04, 5613 2.2-4007.05, and 2.2-4026 through 2.2-4030 of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of 5614 the Code of Virginia), and shall be published in the Virginia Register of Regulations. The Board shall convene a stakeholder group to assist in development of these regulations, with 5615 representation from agricultural and environmental interests as well as Soil and Water 5616 Conservation Districts. All other provisions of the Administrative Process Act shall not apply to 5617 5618 the adoption of any regulation pursuant to this article. After the close of the 60-day comment period, the Board may adopt a final regulation, with or without changes. Such regulation shall 5619 become effective 15 days after publication in the Virginia Register of Regulations, unless the Board 5620 5621 has withdrawn or suspended the regulation or a later date has been set by the Board. The Board 5622 shall also hold at least one public hearing on the proposed regulation during the 60-day comment 5623 period. The notice for such public hearing shall include the date, time, and place of the hearing.

5624 17. That guidance of the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Virginia Soil and 5625 Water Conservation Board, and the former Chesapeake Bay Local Assistance Board relating to 5626 programs to be transferred by this act shall remain in effect until amended or repealed.