INTRODUCED

HB1729

13102591D HOUSE BILL NO. 1729 1 2 Offered January 9, 2013 3 Prefiled January 8, 2013 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 40.1-29 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the payment of wages to 5 employees; recordkeeping requirements and private right of action. 6 Patrons—Toscano, Hope and McClellan 7 8 Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 40.1-29 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 40.1-29. Time and medium of payment; withholding wages; written statement of earnings; 12 13 recordkeeping; agreement for forfeiture of wages; proceedings to enforce compliance; private right 14 of action; penalties. A. 1. All employers operating a business shall establish regular pay periods and rates of pay for employees except executive personnel. All such employers shall pay salaried employees at least once each month and employees paid on an hourly rate at least once every two weeks or twice in each month, except that (i) a student who is currently enrolled in a work-study program or its equivalent administered by any secondary school, institution of higher education or trade school, and (ii) employees whose weekly wages total more than 150 percent of the average weekly wage of the Commonwealth as defined in § 65.2-500, upon agreement by each affected employee, may be paid once each month if the institution or employer so chooses. Upon termination of employment an employee shall be paid all wages or salaries due him for work performed prior thereto; such payment shall be made on or before the date on which he would have been paid for such work had his employment not been terminated. 25 2. B. Any such employer who knowingly fails to make payment of wages in accordance with this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation. The Commissioner shall notify any employer who he alleges has violated any provision of this section by certified mail. Such notice shall contain a description of the alleged violation. Within 15 days of receipt of notice of the alleged violation, the employer may request an informal conference regarding such violation with the Commissioner. In determining the amount of any penalty to be imposed, the Commissioner shall consider the size of the business of the employer charged and the gravity of the violation. The decision of the Commissioner shall be final. 33 B. C. Payment of wages or salaries shall be (i) in lawful money of the United States, (ii) by check 34 payable at face value upon demand in lawful money of the United States, (iii) by electronic automated 35 fund transfer in lawful money of the United States into an account in the name of the employee at a 36 financial institution designated by the employee, or (iv) by credit to a prepaid debit card or card account 37 from which the employee is able to withdraw or transfer funds with full written disclosure by the 38 employer of any applicable fees and affirmative consent thereto by the employee. However, an employer 39 that elects not to pay wages or salaries in accordance with clause (i) or (ii) to an employee who is hired 40 after January 1, 2010, shall be permitted to pay wages or salaries by credit to a prepaid debit card or 41 card account in accordance with clause (iv), even though such employee has not affirmatively consented 42 thereto, if the employee fails to designate an account at a financial institution in accordance with clause (iii) and the employer arranges for such card or card account to be issued through a network system 43 44 through which the employee shall have the ability to make at least one free withdrawal or transfer per pay period, which withdrawal may be for any sum in such card or card account as the employee may 45

47 C. D. No employer shall withhold any part of the wages or salaries of any employee except for payroll, wage or withholding taxes or in accordance with law, without the written and signed 48 49 authorization of the employee. An employer, upon request of his employee, shall furnish the latter a 50 written statement of the gross wages earned by the employee during any pay period and the amount and 51 purpose of any deductions therefrom.

52 D. E. No employer shall require any employee, except executive personnel, to sign any contract or 53 agreement which provides for the forfeiture of the employee's wages for time worked as a condition of 54 employment or the continuance therein, except as otherwise provided by law.

55 E. F. All employers shall maintain and preserve, for such period as the Commissioner may prescribe by regulation, payroll or other records containing the following information and data with respect to 56 57 each employee:

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46 elect, using such card or card account at financial institutions participating in such network system.

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59 2. Regular hourly rate of pay;

60 3. Hours worked each workday and total hours worked each workweek. For purposes of this
61 subsection, "workday" means any fixed period of 24 consecutive hours, and "workweek" means any fixed
62 and regularly recurring period of seven consecutive workdays;

63 4. Total daily or weekly earnings or wages due for hours worked during the workday or workweek;

5. Total additions to or deductions from wages paid each pay period, including, in individual
employee records, the dates, amounts, and nature of the items that make up the total additions and
deductions;

67 6. Total wages paid each pay period; and

68 7. Date of payment and the pay period covered by payment.

69 G. If an employer fails to accurately maintain records containing the information and data with 70 respect to an employee as required under subsection F, the employee, in any proceeding to collect any 71 wages earned and not paid to him or other moneys unlawfully withheld from him by his employer, shall satisfy his burden of establishing that he is entitled to such wages or other moneys if the employee (i) 72 73 proves that he performed work for which he was improperly compensated and (ii) produces sufficient 74 evidence regarding the amount of his rate of pay and the extent of the work he performed to permit the 75 Commissioner or court, as applicable, to reasonably infer the amount of wages or other moneys properly owed to him. Such evidence may be made through the employee's sworn testimony regarding 76 77 his recollection of hours worked. If the employee produces such evidence, the burden of proof shall then 78 shift to the employer to come forward with evidence of the precise amount of work performed or with 79 evidence to negate the reasonableness of the inference drawn from the employee's evidence. If the 80 employer cannot produce such evidence, the Commissioner or court, as applicable, may then find for the 81 employee even if the amount of such wages or other moneys claimed is inexact or an approximation.

H. An employer who willfully and with intent to defraud fails or refuses to pay wages in accordance
with this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor if the value of the wages earned and not paid by
the employer is less than \$10,000 and is guilty of a Class 6 felony if the value of the wages earned and
not paid is \$10,000 or more or, regardless of the value of the wages earned and not paid, if the
conviction is a second or subsequent conviction under this section. For purposes of this section, the
determination as to the "value of the wages earned" shall be made by combining all wages the employer
failed or refused to pay pursuant to this section.

89 F. I. The Commissioner may require a written complaint of the violation of this section and, with the 90 written and signed consent of an employee, may institute proceedings on behalf of an employee to enforce compliance with this section, and to collect any moneys unlawfully withheld from such 91 92 employee which shall be paid to the employee entitled thereto. In addition, following the issuance of a final order by the Commissioner or a court, the Commissioner may engage private counsel, approved by 93 the Attorney General, to collect any moneys owed to the employee or the Commonwealth. Upon entry 94 95 of a final order of the Commissioner, or upon entry of a judgment, against the employer, the Commissioner or the court shall assess attorney's attorney fees of one-third of the amount set forth in 96 97 the final order or judgment.

98 G. J. In addition to being subject to any other penalty provided by the provisions of this section, any 99 and without regard to exhaustion of any alternative administrative remedies provided in this section, if 100 an employer who fails to make payment of wages in accordance with subsection A shall be liable for 101 this section, an employee may bring an action against the employer in a court of competent jurisdiction 102 to recover the payment of all unpaid wages due, plus. If a court finds that an employer withheld the wages of an employee in violation of this section, the court shall award the employee an amount 103 equivalent to the unpaid wages and prejudgment interest at an annual rate of eight percent accruing 104 from the date the wages were due, plus reasonable attorney fees and other costs. Furthermore, in the 105 absence of a showing of good faith on the part of the employer, the court shall award the employee an 106 107 amount equivalent to three times the amount of unpaid wages. Any such action for unpaid wages shall 108 commence within two years after the action accrued, except that in the case of a willful violation the 109 action shall commence within three years after the action accrued.

H. K. Civil penalties owed under this section shall be paid to the Commissioner for deposit into the general fund of the State Treasurer. The Commissioner shall prescribe procedures for the payment of proposed assessments of penalties which are not contested by employers. Such procedures shall include provisions for an employer to consent to abatement of the alleged violation and pay a proposed penalty or a negotiated sum in lieu of such penalty without admission of any civil liability arising from such alleged violation.

*L*. Final orders of the Commissioner, the general district courts or the circuit courts may be recorded,
 enforced and satisfied as orders or decrees of a circuit court upon certification of such orders by the
 Commissioner or the court as appropriate.