## 13103033D

HOUSE BILL NO. 1466
Offered January 9, 2013
Prefiled December 28, 2012
A BILL to amend and reenact $\S 60.2-530$ of the Code of Virginia, relating to unemployment compensation; calculating an employer's benefit ratio.

Patron-Kory
Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor
Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That $\S \mathbf{6 0 . 2 - 5 3 0}$ of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 60.2-530. Benefit ratio.
A. 1. The "benefit ratio" of each employer for a given calendar year shall be the percentage, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a percent, equal to the employer's benefit charges for the twelve 12 consecutive calendar month period ending on June 30 immediately preceding that calendar year, divided by the total of his payroll for the same period, except that:
a. For an employer whose account has been chargeable with benefit charges for forty-eight 48 or more consecutive completed calendar months, the "benefit ratio" shall be the percentage, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a percent, equal to the employer's benefit charges for the most recent forty eight 48 consecutive completed calendar month period ending on June 30 immediately preceding that calendar year, divided by the total of his payrolls for the same period;
b. For an employer whose account has been chargeable with benefit charges for thirty-six 36 but less than forty eight 48 consecutive completed calendar months, the "benefit ratio" shall be the percentage equal to the employer's benefit charges for the most recent thinty-six 36 consecutive completed calendar month period ending on June 30 immediately preceding that calendar year divided by his payroll for the same period; and
c. For an employer whose account has been chargeable with benefit charges for twenty fow 24 but less than thirty-six 36 consecutive completed calendar months, the "benefit ratio" shall be the percentage, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a percent, equal to the employer's benefit charges for the most recent twenty four 24 consecutive completed calendar month period ending on June 30 immediately preceding that calendar year divided by his payroll for the same period-; and
d. Where an employer has no taxable payroll for the 12 consecutive calendar month period ending on June 30 immediately preceding a given calendar year, then the employer's benefit ratio shall be calculated under subdivision 1 b or 1 c, whichever is applicable.
2. The term "payroll" as used herein in this section means the taxable payroll on which taxes have been paid on or before September 30 immediately following such June 30.
B. Where benefit charges are not available for any or all of the periods used to determine an employer's benefit ratio, benefit wages divided by three shall be used in lieu of benefit charges for those periods benefit charges are not available, in combination with benefit charges, where available, to determine an employer's benefit ratio.
