2012 SESSION

	12104019D
1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 92
2 3 4 5 6	Offered January 11, 2012 Directing the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission to study the effect of Medicaid paymen policies for hospitals, nursing homes, and physicians on access to health care services for Virginians Report.
	Patron—Stosch
7 8 9	Referred to Committee on Rules
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 22 32 42 52 62 72 82 93 03 12 23 33 43 53 63 73 83 94 04 142 43 44 55 15 15 25 35 45 55 15 15 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 22 23 24 25 26 27 82 93 03 12 23 33 34 53 36 73 83 94 14 24 34 45 16 17 18 19 20 12 22 23 24 25 15 15 12 23 24 25 15 12 23 24 25 15 12 23 24 25 12 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	WHEREAS, the federal government requires that the state plan for medical assistance service: include such provisions for methods and procedures related to the utilization of, and the payment for care and services available under the plan, including but not limited to utilization review plans required by § 1903(1)(4) of the Social Security Act, as may be necessary to safeguard against unnecessary utilization of care and sufficient to enlist enough providers so that care and services are available under the plan at least to the extent that such care and services are available to the general population in the geographic area; and WHEREAS, Virginia Medicaid recipients' access to care has, in the past, been adversely affected by state payment policies; and WHEREAS, efforts to restrain state Medicaid expenditures during the economic downturn that begar in 2008 have substantially reduced the adequacy of provider payment rates, resulting in hospita inpatient rates that will cover only 59 percent to costs by 2014; nursing home losses of approximately \$15 per day per patient; and physician payments for Medicaid patients that are 15 to 30 percent less than commercially insured patients; and WHEREAS, research has shown that health outcomes, particularly for individuals with chronic health conditions, are better when individuals have access to primary care and other health services needed to manage their chronic conditions; and WHEREAS, timely access to health care services is an effective way to reduce expenditures for acute services and reduce the future rate of growth in health care; now, therefore, be it RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring. That the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission be directed to study the effect of Medicaid paryment policies for hospitals, nursing homes, and physicians to recover the cost of providing Medicaid services; (ii) identify the effect of Medicaid payment policies to date on access to health care services including, but not limited to obstetrics, psychiatric,

8/5/22 20:39

SJ92