2012 SESSION

12104774D **SENATE BILL NO. 625** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice 4 on February 6, 2012) 5 6 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Petersen) A BILL to amend and reenact § 8.01-511 of the Code of Virginia, relating to garnishment; venue. 7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 8 1. That § 8.01-511 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 9 § 8.01-511. Institution of garnishment proceedings. A. On a suggestion by the judgment creditor that, by reason of the lien of his writ of fieri facias, 10 11 there is a liability on any person other than the judgment debtor or that there is in the hands of some person in his capacity as personal representative of some decedent a sum of money to which a judgment 12 debtor is or may be entitled as creditor or distributee of such decedent, upon which sum when 13 14 determined such writ of fieri facias is a lien, a summons in the form prescribed by § 8.01-512.3 may (i) 15 be sued out of the clerk's office of the court from which an execution on the judgment is issued so long 16 as the judgment shall remain enforceable as provided in § 8.01-251, (ii) be sued out of the clerk's office 17 to which an execution issued thereon has been returned as provided in § 16.1-99 against such person, or (iii) be sued out of the clerk's office from which an execution issued as provided in § 16.1-278.18. If the 18 19 judgment debtor does not reside in the city or county where the judgment was entered, the judgment 20 creditor may have the case filed or docketed in the court of the city or county where the judgment debtor resides and such court may issue an execution on the judgment, provided that the judgment creditor (a) files with the court an abstract of the judgment rendered, (b) pays fees to the court in 21 22 accordance with § 16.1-69.48:2 or subdivision 17 of § 17.1-275, and (c) files in both courts any release 23 or satisfaction of judgment. The summons and the notice and claim for exemption form required 24 25 pursuant to § 8.01-512.4 shall be served on the garnishee, and shall be served on the judgment debtor promptly after service on the garnishee. Service on the judgment debtor and the garnishee shall be made 26 pursuant to subdivision 1 or 2 of § 8.01-296. When making an application for garnishment, the judgment 27 28 creditor shall set forth on the suggestion for summons in garnishment the last known address of the 29 judgment debtor, and shall furnish the clerk, if service is to be made by the sheriff, or shall furnish any 30 other person making service with an envelope, with first-class postage attached, addressed to such address. A copy of the summons and the notice and claim for exemptions form required under 31 32 § 8.01-512.4 shall be sent by the clerk to the sheriff or provided by the judgment creditor to the person 33 making service, with the process to be served. Promptly after service on the garnishee, the person 34 making service shall mail such envelope by first-class mail to the judgment debtor at his last known 35 address. If the person making service is unable to serve the judgment debtor pursuant to subdivision 1 36 of § 8.01-296, such mailing shall satisfy the mailing requirements of subdivision 2 b of § 8.01-296. The 37 person making service shall note on his return the date of such mailing which, with the notation "copy 38 mailed to judgment debtor," shall be sufficient proof of the mailing of such envelope with the required 39 copy of the summons and the notice and claim for exemption form with no examination of such 40 contents being required nor separate certification by the clerk or judgment creditor that the appropriate documents have been so inserted. If the person making service is unable to serve the judgment debtor 41 42 pursuant to subdivision 1 or 2 of § 8.01-296, such mailing shall constitute service of process on the judgment debtor. The judgment creditor shall furnish the social security number of the judgment debtor 43 44 to the clerk, except as hereinafter provided. 45 The judgment creditor may require the judgment debtor to furnish his correct social security number by the use of interrogatories. However, use of such interrogatories shall not be a required condition of a 46

47 judgment creditor's diligent good faith effort to secure the judgment debtor's social security number. **48** Such remedy shall be in addition to all other lawful remedies available to the judgment creditor. 49 B. Except as hereinafter provided, no summons shall be issued pursuant to this section for the 50 garnishment of wages, salaries, commissions, or other earnings unless it: (i) is in the form prescribed by 51 § 8.01-512.3; (ii) is directed to only one garnishee for the garnishment of only one judgment debtor; (iii) contains both the "TOTAL BALANCE DUE" and the social security number of the judgment debtor in 52 53 the proper places as provided on the summons; and (iv) specifies that it is a garnishment against (a) the 54 judgment debtor's wages, salary, or other compensation or (b) some other debt due or property of the judgment debtor. The garnishee shall not be liable to the judgment creditor for any property not 55

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59 However, if the judgment which the judgment creditor seeks to enforce (i) does not involve a

judgment creditor, such summons being void upon transmission of the answer.

specified in the summons as provided in (iv) above. Upon receipt of a summons not in compliance with

this provision, the garnishee shall file a written answer to that effect and shall have no liability to the

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60 business, trade or professional credit transaction entered into on or after January 1, 1984, or (ii) is based on any transaction entered into prior to January 1, 1984, then upon a representation by the judgment 61 62 creditor, or his agent or attorney, that he has made a diligent good faith effort to secure the social security number of the judgment debtor and has been unable to do so, the garnishment shall be issued 63 64 without the necessity for such number. In such cases, if the judgment debtor's correct social security 65 number is not shown in the place provided on the summons, and the judgment debtor's name and 66 address as shown on the garnishment summons do not match the name and current address of any employee as shown on the current payroll records of the garnishee, the garnishee shall file a written 67 answer to that effect and shall have no liability to the judgment creditor, such summons being void upon 68 69 transmission of the answer.

C. The judgment creditor shall, in the suggestion, specify the amount of interest, if any, that is
claimed to be due upon the judgment, calculated to the return day of the summons. He shall also set out
such credits as may have been made upon the judgment.

No summons shall be issued pursuant to this section at the suggestion of the judgment creditor or his assignee against the wages of a judgment debtor unless the judgment creditor, or his agent or attorney, shall allege in his suggestion that the judgment for which enforcement is sought either (i) involves a business, trade, or professional credit transaction entered into on or after January 1, 1984, or (ii) does not involve a business, trade, or professional credit transaction entered into on or after January 1, 1984, and a diligent good faith effort has been made by the judgment creditor, or his agent or attorney, to secure the social security number of the judgment debtor.

80 In addition, the suggestion shall contain an allegation that:

81 1. The summons is based upon a judgment upon which a prior summons has been issued but not82 fully satisfied; or

83 2. No summons has been issued upon his suggestion against the same judgment debtor within a period of 18 months, other than under the provisions of subdivision 1; or

3. The summons is based upon a judgment granted against a debtor upon a debt due or made for necessary food, rent or shelter, public utilities including telephone service, drugs, or medical care supplied the debtor by the judgment creditor or to one of his lawful dependents, and that it was not for luxuries or nonessentials; or

4. The summons is based upon a judgment for a debt due the judgment creditor to refinance a lawful loan made by an authorized lending institution; or

5. The summons is based upon a judgment on an obligation incurred as an endorser or comaker upon a lawful note; or

93 6. The summons is based upon a judgment for a debt or debts reaffirmed after bankruptcy.

Any judgment creditor who knowingly gives false information upon any such suggestion or certificate made under this chapter shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.