12100434D **HOUSE BILL NO. 957** 1 Offered January 11, 2012 2 3 Prefiled January 11, 2012 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-272, 46.2-389, and 46.2-391 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 5 zero tolerance (0.02 percent BAC) for two-year period following restoration of driving privilege after 6 DUI conviction. 7 Patrons-Bell, Robert B. and Dudenhefer 8 9 Referred to Committee on Transportation 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11 1. That §§ 18.2-272, 46.2-389, and 46.2-391 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 12 13 follows: 14 § 18.2-272. Driving after forfeiture of license. 15 A. Any person who drives or operates any motor vehicle, engine or train in the Commonwealth 16 during the time for which he was deprived of the right to do so (i) upon conviction of a violation of § 18.2-268.3 or of an offense set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-270, (ii) by § 18.2-271 or 46.2-391.2, 17 (iii) after his license has been revoked pursuant to § 46.2-389 or 46.2-391, or (iv) in violation of the 18 terms of a restricted license issued pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, is guilty of a Class 1 19 20 misdemeanor except as otherwise provided in § 46.2-391, and is subject to administrative revocation of his driver's license pursuant to §§ 46.2-389 and 46.2-391. Any person convicted of three violations of this section committed within a 10-year period is guilty of a Class 6 felony. 21 22 23 Nothing in this section or § 18.2-266, 18.2-270 or 18.2-271, shall be construed as conflicting with or 24 repealing any ordinance or resolution of any city, town or county which restricts still further the right of 25 such persons to drive or operate any such vehicle or conveyance. 26 B. Regardless of compliance with any other restrictions on his privilege to drive or operate a motor 27 vehicle, it shall be a violation of this section for any person whose privilege to drive or operate a motor 28 vehicle has been restricted, suspended or revoked because of a violation of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 29 18.2-266, 18.2-268.3, 46.2-341.24, or a similar ordinance or law of another state or the United States to 30 drive or operate a motor vehicle while he has a blood alcohol content of 0.02 percent or more. 31 Additionally, such blood alcohol content restriction (i) shall continue for two years following restoration of driving privileges otherwise restricted under a restricted license issued pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or (ii) when no restricted license is issued, shall be imposed for two years upon restoration 32 33 34 of driving privileges following a suspension or revocation. The court shall order such blood alcohol 35 content restriction at the time of conviction and shall transmit such order to the Department of Motor 36 Vehicles. The Department shall note such restriction on the person's driver's license. 37 Any person suspected of a violation of this subsection shall be entitled to a preliminary breath test in 38 accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-267, shall be deemed to have given his implied consent to have 39 samples of his blood, breath or both taken for analysis pursuant to the provisions of § 18.2-268.2, and, 40 when charged with a violation of this subsection, shall be subject to the provisions of §§ 18.2-268.1 through 18.2-268.12. 41 42 C. Any person who drives or operates a motor vehicle without a certified ignition interlock system as 43 required by § 46.2-391.01 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and is subject to administrative revocation of his driver's license pursuant to §§ 46.2-389 and 46.2-391. 44 45 § 46.2-389. Required revocation for one year upon conviction or finding of guilty of certain offenses; 46 exceptions. 47 A. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke, and not thereafter reissue for a period of time specified in subsection B, except as provided in § 18.2-271 or § 18.2-271.1, the driver's license of any resident or 48 49 nonresident on receiving a record of his conviction or a record of his having been found guilty in the case of a juvenile of any of the following crimes, committed in violation of a state law or a valid 50 51 county, city, or town ordinance or law of the United States, or a law of any other state, substantially 52 paralleling and substantially conforming to a like state law and to all changes and amendments of it: 53 1. Voluntary or involuntary manslaughter resulting from the driving of a motor vehicle; 54 2. Violation of § 18.2-266 or § 18.2-272, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or violation of a 55 substantially similar local ordinance; 3. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit to the Department under this chapter or any other law of 56 57 the Commonwealth requiring the registration of motor vehicles or regulating their operation on the 58 highways;

10/17/22 2:38

59 4. The making of a false statement to the Department on any application for a driver's license;

60 5. Any crime punishable as a felony under the motor vehicle laws of the Commonwealth or any 61 other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;

62 6. Failure to stop and disclose his identity at the scene of the accident, on the part of a driver of a 63 motor vehicle involved in an accident resulting in the death of or injury to another person; or 64

7. Violation of § 18.2-36.1 or § 18.2-51.4.

65 B. Upon conviction of an offense set forth in subsection A, the person's driver's license shall be 66 revoked for one year; however, for a violation of subdivision A 1 or A 7, the driver's license shall be revoked as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-391. However, in no such event shall the Commissioner 67 68 reinstate the driver's license of any person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, or of a substantially 69 similar valid local ordinance or law of another jurisdiction, until receipt of notification that such person has successfully completed an alcohol safety action program if such person was required by a court to 70 71 do so unless the requirement for completion of the program has been waived by the court for good 72 cause shown.

73 C. When a driver's license is revoked pursuant to this section for a violation of § 18.2-36.1, 74 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-272, or 46.2-341.24, or of a substantially similar valid local ordinance or law 75 of another jurisdiction, the provisions of subsection B of § 18.2-272 shall apply.

§ 46.2-391. Revocation of license for multiple convictions of driving while intoxicated; exception; 76 77 petition for restoration of privilege.

78 A. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue for three years the driver's 79 license of any person on receiving a record of the conviction of any person who (i) is adjudged to be a second offender in violation of the provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 (driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of drugs or intoxicants), or § 18.2-266 (driving under the influence of 80 81 drugs or intoxicants), if the subsequent violation occurred within 10 years of the prior violation, or (ii) 82 is convicted of any two or more offenses of § 18.2-272 (driving while the driver's license has been forfeited for a conviction under § 18.2-266) if the second or subsequent violation occurred within 10 83 84 85 years of the prior offense. However, if the Commissioner has received a copy of a court order authorizing issuance of a restricted license as provided in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, he shall proceed 86 as provided in the order of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, an offense in violation of a 87 88 valid local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, which ordinance or law is substantially similar to 89 any provision of Virginia law herein shall be considered an offense in violation of such provision of 90 Virginia law. Additionally, in no event shall the Commissioner reinstate the driver's license of any 91 person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, or of a substantially similar valid local ordinance or law of another jurisdiction, until receipt of notification that such person has successfully completed an 92 alcohol safety action program if such person was required by court order to do so unless the requirement 93 94 for completion of the program has been waived by the court for good cause shown. A conviction 95 includes a finding of not innocent in the case of a juvenile.

96 B. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue the driver's license of any 97 person after receiving a record of the conviction of any person (i) convicted of a violation of § 18.2-36.1 98 or § 18.2-51.4 or (ii) convicted of three offenses arising out of separate incidents or occurrences within a 99 period of 10 years in violation of the provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or § 18.2-266, or a 100 substantially similar ordinance or law of any other jurisdiction, or any combination of three such 101 offenses. A conviction includes a finding of not innocent in the case of a juvenile.

102 C. Any person who has had his driver's license revoked in accordance with subsection B of this 103 section may petition the circuit court of his residence, or, if a nonresident of Virginia, any circuit court:

1. For restoration of his privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth after the expiration 104 of five years from the date of his last conviction. On such petition, and for good cause shown, the court 105 may, in its discretion, restore to the person the privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth 106 107 on condition that such person install an ignition interlock system in accordance with § 18.2-270.1 on all 108 motor vehicles, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to him, in whole or in part, for a period of at least six months, and upon whatever other conditions the court may prescribe, subject to the 109 provisions of law relating to issuance of driver's licenses, if the court is satisfied from the evidence 110 111 presented that: (i) at the time of his previous convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the 112 113 petition, he is no longer addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself or others with 114 115 regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person, to include an assessment of his degree of alcohol abuse and the 116 appropriate treatment therefor, if any, be conducted by a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court. The court may, in lieu of restoring the person's 117 118 119 privilege to drive, authorize the issuance of a restricted license for a period not to exceed five years in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-270.1 and subsection E of § 18.2-271.1. The court shall notify 120

HB957

121 the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program which shall during the term of the restricted license monitor 122 the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation of the 123 restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the restrictions or revoke the 124 license.

125 2. For a restricted license to authorize such person to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth in 126 the course of his employment and to drive a motor vehicle to and from his home to the place of his 127 employment after the expiration of three years from the date of his last conviction. The court may order 128 that a restricted license for such purposes be issued in accordance with the procedures of subsection E 129 of § 18.2-271.1, if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that (i) at the time of the previous 130 convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other 131 drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the petition, he is no longer addicted to or psychologically 132 dependent on the use of alcohol or such other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not constitute a threat 133 to the safety and welfare of himself and others with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. The court 134 shall prohibit the person to whom a restricted license is issued from operating a motor vehicle that is 135 not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system during all or any part of the term for 136 which the restricted license is issued, in accordance with the provisions set forth in § 18.2-270.1. 137 However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person, to 138 include an assessment of his degree of alcohol abuse and the appropriate treatment therefor, if any, be 139 conducted by a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted 140 to the court. The Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program shall during the term of the restricted license 141 monitor the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation 142 of the restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the restrictions or 143 revoke the license.

The ignition interlock system installation requirement under subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection
need only be satisfied once as to any single revocation under subsection B of this section for any person
seeking restoration under subdivision 1 following the granting of a restricted license under subdivision 1
or 2.

148 D. Any person convicted of driving a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i)
149 while his license is revoked pursuant to subsection A or B or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted
150 license issued pursuant to subsection C shall, provided such revocation was based on at least one
151 conviction for an offense committed after July 1, 1999, be punished as follows:

1. If such driving does not of itself endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person shall
be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor punishable by a mandatory minimum term of confinement in jail of
10 days except in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme
emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be
suspended.

157 2. a. If such driving (i) of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or (ii) takes place while such person is in violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or 158 159 a substantially similar law or ordinance of another jurisdiction, irrespective of whether the driving of 160 itself endangers the life, limb or property of another and the person has been previously convicted of a 161 violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or a substantially similar local ordinance, or law of another jurisdiction, such person shall be guilty of a felony punishable by 162 163 confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years, one year 164 of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement or, in the discretion of the jury or the 165 court trying the case without a jury, by mandatory minimum confinement in jail for a period of 12 166 months and no portion of such sentence shall be suspended or run concurrently with any other sentence.

b. However, in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme
 emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be
 suspended.

3. If any such offense of driving is a second or subsequent violation, such person shall be punished
as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers
the life, limb, or property of another.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection D, following conviction and
prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to
be evaluated for and to participate in the Boot Camp Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.1, or
the Detention Center Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.2, or the Diversion Center
Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.3.

F. Any period of driver's license revocation imposed pursuant to this section shall not begin to expireuntil the person convicted has surrendered his license to the court or to the Department of MotorVehicles.

181 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person from operating any farm tractor on the highways

when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural purposes to anothersuch tract of land when the distance between the tracts is no more than five miles.

H. Any person who operates a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i) while
his license is revoked pursuant to subsection A or B, or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted
license issued pursuant to subsection C, where the provisions of subsection D do not apply, shall be
guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272.

188 I. When a driver's license is revoked pursuant to this section for a violation of § 18.2-36.1,
189 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-272, or 46.2-341.24, or of a substantially similar valid local ordinance or law
190 of another jurisdiction, the provisions of subsection B of § 18.2-272 shall apply.

191 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

192 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot 193 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter

193 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities, therefore, Chapter 194 890 of the Acts of Assembly of 2011 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to

195 assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to \$ 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the

196 necessary appropriation is \$0 for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of 197 Juvenile Justice.