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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 780
$\overline{2}$	Offered January 11, 2012
3	Prefiled January 11, 2012
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 46.2-100, 46.2-625, 46.2-1048, 46.2-1049, and 46.2-1158 of the Code
5	of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 46.2-602.3 and
6	46.2-1001.1, relating to converted electric vehicles.
7	
	Patron—Lopez
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9	Referred to Committee on Transportation
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 46.2-100, 46.2-625, 46.2-1048, 46.2-1049, and 46.2-1158 of the Code of Virginia are
13	amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered
14	46.2-602.3 and 46.2-1001.1 as follows:
15	§ 46.2-100. Definitions.
16	The following words and phrases when used in this title shall, for the purpose of this title, have the
17 18	meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section except in those instances where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
10 19	"All-terrain vehicle" means a three-wheeled or four-wheeled motor vehicle powered by a gasoline or
20	diesel engine and generally characterized by large, low-pressure tires, a seat designed to be straddled by
<b>2</b> 1	the operator, and handlebars for steering that is intended for off-road use by an individual rider on
$\overline{22}$	various types of unpaved terrain. The term does not include four-wheeled vehicles, commonly known as
23	"go-carts," that have low centers of gravity and are typically used in racing on relatively level surfaces,
24	nor does the term include any "utility vehicle" as defined in this section or any "farm utility vehicle" as
25	defined in this section.
26	"Antique motor vehicle" means every motor vehicle, as defined in this section, which was actually
27	manufactured or designated by the manufacturer as a model manufactured in a calendar year not less
28	than 25 years prior to January 1 of each calendar year and is owned solely as a collector's item.
29	"Antique trailer" means every trailer or semitrailer, as defined in this section, that was actually
30	manufactured or designated by the manufacturer as a model manufactured in a calendar year not less
31 32	than 25 years prior to January 1 of each calendar year and is owned solely as a collector's item.
32 33	"Automobile or watercraft transporters" means any tractor truck, lowboy, vehicle, or combination, including vehicles or combinations that transport motor vehicles or watercraft on their power unit,
33 34	designed and used exclusively for the transportation of motor vehicles or watercraft.
35	"Bicycle" means a device propelled solely by human power, upon which a person may ride either on
36	or astride a regular seat attached thereto, having two or more wheels in tandem, including children's
37	bicycles, except a toy vehicle intended for use by young children. For purposes of Chapter 8 (§ 46.2-800
38	et seq.) of this title, a bicycle shall be a vehicle while operated on the highway.
39	"Bicycle lane" means that portion of a roadway designated by signs and/or pavement markings for
40	the preferential use of bicycles, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds.
41	"Business district" means the territory contiguous to a highway where 75 percent or more of the
42	property contiguous to a highway, on either side of the highway, for a distance of 300 feet or more
43	along the highway, is occupied by land and buildings actually in use for business purposes.
44	"Camping trailer" means every vehicle that has collapsible sides and contains sleeping quarters but
45	may or may not contain bathing and cooking facilities and is designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle.
46 47	"Cancel" or "cancellation" means that the document or privilege cancelled has been annulled or
48	terminated because of some error, defect, or ineligibility, but the cancellation is without prejudice and reapplication may be made at any time after cancellation.
<b>49</b>	"Chauffeur" means every person employed for the principal purpose of driving a motor vehicle and
50	every person who drives a motor vehicle while in use as a public or common carrier of persons or
51	property.
52	"Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.
53	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles of the
54	Commonwealth.
55	"Converted electric vehicle" means any motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, that has been
56	modified subsequent to its manufacture to replace an internal combustion engine with an electric
57	propulsion system. Such vehicles shall retain their original vehicle identification number, line-make, and
58	model year. A converted electric vehicle shall not be deemed a "reconstructed vehicle" as defined in this

59 section unless it has been materially altered from its original construction by the removal, addition, or

substitution of new or used essential parts other than those required for the conversion to electric 60 61 propulsion.

62 'Crosswalk" means that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the 63 lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from the curbs or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; or any portion of a roadway at an 64 65 intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the 66 surface.

"Decal" means a device to be attached to a license plate that validates the license plate for a 67 68 predetermined registration period. 69

"Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles of the Commonwealth.

70 "Disabled parking license plate" means a license plate that displays the international symbol of access 71 in the same size as the numbers and letters on the plate and in a color that contrasts with the 72 background.

73 "Disabled veteran" means a veteran who (i) has either lost, or lost the use of, a leg, arm, or hand; 74 (ii) is blind; or (iii) is permanently and totally disabled as certified by the U.S. Veterans Administration. 75 A veteran shall be considered blind if he has a permanent impairment of both eyes to the following extent: (i) central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye, with corrective lenses, or central 76 77 visual acuity of more than 20/200, if there is a field defect in which the peripheral field has contracted 78 to such an extent that the widest diameter of visual field subtends an angular distance no greater than 20 79 degrees in the better eye.

"Driver's license" means any license, including a commercial driver's license as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.), issued under the laws of the 80 81 Commonwealth authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle. 82

"Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a self-balancing two-nontandem-wheeled device 83 that is designed to transport only one person and powered by an electric propulsion system that limits 84 the device's maximum speed to 15 miles per hour or less. For purposes of Chapter 8 of this title 85 (§ 46.2-800 et seq.), an electric personal assistive mobility device shall be a vehicle when operated on a 86 87 highway.

88 "Electric power-assisted bicycle" means a vehicle that travels on not more than three wheels in 89 contact with the ground and is equipped with (i) pedals that allow propulsion by human power and (ii) 90 an electric motor with an input of no more than 1,000 watts that reduces the pedal effort required of the 91 rider. For the purposes of Chapter 8 of this title (§ 46.2-800 et seq.), an electric power-assisted bicycle 92 shall be a vehicle when operated on a highway.

"Essential parts" means all integral parts and body parts, the removal, alteration, or substitution of 93 94 which will tend to conceal the identity of a vehicle.

95 "Farm tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used as a farm, agricultural, or horticultural implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other farm, agricultural, or horticultural machinery 96 97 and implements including self-propelled mowers designed and used for mowing lawns.

98 "Farm utility vehicle" means a vehicle that is designed for off-road use and is used as a farm, 99 agricultural, or horticultural service vehicle, generally having a gasoline or diesel engine, four or more 100 wheels, bench seating for the operator and a passenger, a steering wheel for control, and a cargo bed. 101 "Farm utility vehicle" does not include pickup or panel trucks, golf carts, low-speed vehicles, riding lawn mowers, or all-terrain vehicles. 102

"Federal safety requirements" means applicable provisions of 49 U.S.C. § 30101 et seq. and all 103 104 administrative regulations and policies adopted pursuant thereto.

"Financial responsibility" means the ability to respond in damages for liability thereafter incurred arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use, or operation of a motor vehicle, in the amounts provided 105 106 107 for in § 46.2-472.

108 "Foreign market vehicle" means any motor vehicle originally manufactured outside the United States, which was not manufactured in accordance with 49 U.S.C. § 30101 et seq. and the policies and 109 110 regulations adopted pursuant to that Act, and for which a Virginia title or registration is sought.

"Foreign vehicle" means every motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer that is brought into the 111 Commonwealth otherwise than in the ordinary course of business by or through a manufacturer or dealer 112 113 and that has not been registered in the Commonwealth.

"Golf cart" means a self-propelled vehicle that is designed to transport persons playing golf and their 114 115 equipment on a golf course.

"Governing body" means the board of supervisors of a county, council of a city, or council of a 116 117 town, as context may require.

"Gross weight" means the aggregate weight of a vehicle or combination of vehicles and the load 118 119 thereon.

120 "Highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way or place open to the use

of the public for purposes of vehicular travel in the Commonwealth, including the streets and alleys, 121 122 and, for law-enforcement purposes, (i) the entire width between the boundary lines of all private roads 123 or private streets that have been specifically designated "highways" by an ordinance adopted by the 124 governing body of the county, city, or town in which such private roads or streets are located and (ii) 125 the entire width between the boundary lines of every way or place used for purposes of vehicular travel 126 on any property owned, leased, or controlled by the United States government and located in the 127 Commonwealth.

128 "Intersection" means (i) the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral 129 curblines or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two highways that join one 130 another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area within which vehicles traveling on different 131 highways joining at any other angle may come in conflict; (ii) where a highway includes two roadways 132 30 feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such divided highway by an intersecting 133 highway shall be regarded as a separate intersection, in the event such intersecting highway also 134 includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of such highways 135 shall be regarded as a separate intersection; or (iii) for purposes only of authorizing installation of 136 traffic-control devices, every crossing of a highway or street at grade by a pedestrian crosswalk.

"Law-enforcement officer" means any officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make 137 138 arrests for violations of this title or local ordinances authorized by law. For the purposes of access to 139 law-enforcement databases regarding motor vehicle registration and ownership only, this term shall also 140 include city and county commissioners of the revenue and treasurers, together with their duly designated 141 deputies and employees, when such officials are actually engaged in the enforcement of §§ 46.2-752, 142 46.2-753 and 46.2-754 and local ordinances enacted thereunder.

"License plate" means a device containing letters, numerals, or a combination of both, attached to a 143 144 motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to indicate that the vehicle is properly registered with the 145 Department. 146

"Light" means a device for producing illumination or the illumination produced by the device.

147 "Low-speed vehicle" means any four-wheeled electrically-powered vehicle, except a motor vehicle or 148 low-speed vehicle that is used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural purposes or a golf cart, whose 149 maximum speed is greater than 20 miles per hour but not greater than 25 miles per hour and is 150 manufactured to comply with safety standards contained in Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 151 § 571.500.

152 "Manufactured home" means a structure subject to federal regulation, transportable in one or more 153 sections, which in the traveling mode is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in 154 length, or, when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis 155 and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the 156 required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained 157 therein.

158 "Moped" means every vehicle that travels on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground 159 that has (i) a seat that is no less than 24 inches in height, measured from the middle of the seat 160 perpendicular to the ground and (ii) a gasoline, electric, or hybrid motor that displaces less than 50 161 cubic centimeters. For purposes of this title, a moped shall be a motorcycle when operated at speeds in excess of 35 miles per hour. For purposes of Chapter 8 (§ 46.2-800 et seq.), a moped shall be a vehicle 162 163 while operated on a highway.

164 "Motor-driven cycle" means every motorcycle that has a gasoline engine that (i) displaces less than 165 150 cubic centimeters; (ii) has a seat less than 24 inches in height, measured from the middle of the seat perpendicular to the ground; and (iii) has no manufacturer-issued vehicle identification number. 166

167 "Motor home" means every private motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than 10 168 persons, including the driver, designed primarily for use as living quarters for human beings.

"Motor vehicle" means every vehicle as defined in this section that is self-propelled or designed for 169 170 self-propulsion except as otherwise provided in this title. Any structure designed, used, or maintained 171 primarily to be loaded on or affixed to a motor vehicle to provide a mobile dwelling, sleeping place, 172 office, or commercial space shall be considered a part of a motor vehicle. For the purposes of this title, 173 any device herein defined as a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted 174 bicycle, or moped shall be deemed not to be a motor vehicle.

175 "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact 176 with the ground and is capable of traveling at speeds in excess of 35 miles per hour. The term 177 "motorcycle" does not include any "electric personal assistive mobility device," "electric power-assisted bicycle," "farm tractor," "golf cart," "moped," "motorized skateboard or scooter," "utility vehicle" or 178 "wheelchair or wheelchair conveyance" as defined in this section. 179

"Motorized skateboard or scooter" means every vehicle, regardless of the number of its wheels in 180 181 contact with the ground, that (i) has no seat, but is designed to be stood upon by the operator, (ii) has no manufacturer-issued vehicle identification number, and (iii) is powered by an electric motor having an input of no more than 1,000 watts or a gasoline engine that displaces less than 36 cubic centimeters.
The term "motorized skateboard or scooter" includes vehicles with or without handlebars, but does not include "electric personal assistive mobility devices."

"Nonresident" means every person who is not domiciled in the Commonwealth, except: (i) any 186 187 foreign corporation that is authorized to do business in the Commonwealth by the State Corporation 188 Commission shall be a resident of the Commonwealth for the purpose of this title; in the case of 189 corporations incorporated in the Commonwealth but doing business outside the Commonwealth, only 190 such principal place of business or branches located within the Commonwealth shall be dealt with as 191 residents of the Commonwealth; (ii) a person who becomes engaged in a gainful occupation in the Commonwealth for a period exceeding 60 days shall be a resident for the purposes of this title except 192 193 for the purposes of Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of this title; (iii) a person, other than a nonresident 194 student as defined in this section, who has actually resided in the Commonwealth for a period of six 195 months, whether employed or not, or who has registered a motor vehicle, listing an address in the 196 Commonwealth in the application for registration shall be deemed a resident for the purposes of this 197 title, except for the purposes of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

198 "Nonresident student" means every nonresident person who is enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited institution of learning in the Commonwealth and who is not gainfully employed.

200 "Off-road motorcycle" means every motorcycle designed exclusively for off-road use by an individual
201 rider with not more than two wheels in contact with the ground. Except as otherwise provided in this
202 chapter, for the purposes of this chapter off-road motorcycles shall be deemed to be "motorcycles."

203 "Operation or use for rent or for hire, for the transportation of passengers, or as a property carrier for compensation," and "business of transporting persons or property" mean any owner or operator of any 204 motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer operating over the highways in the Commonwealth who accepts or 205 receives compensation for the service, directly or indirectly; but these terms do not mean a "truck 206 lessor" as defined in this section and do not include persons or businesses that receive compensation for 207 208 delivering a product that they themselves sell or produce, where a separate charge is made for delivery 209 of the product or the cost of delivery is included in the sale price of the product, but where the person 210 or business does not derive all or a substantial portion of its income from the transportation of persons 211 or property except as part of a sales transaction.

212 "Operator" or "driver" means every person who either (i) drives or is in actual physical control of a
213 motor vehicle on a highway or (ii) is exercising control over or steering a vehicle being towed by a
214 motor vehicle.

215 "Owner" means a person who holds the legal title to a vehicle; however, if a vehicle is the subject of 216 an agreement for its conditional sale or lease with the right of purchase on performance of the 217 conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional 218 vendee or lessee or if a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then the conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be the owner for the purpose of this title. In all such instances when the rent 219 220 paid by the lessee includes charges for services of any nature or when the lease does not provide that 221 title shall pass to the lessee on payment of the rent stipulated, the lessor shall be regarded as the owner 222 of the vehicle, and the vehicle shall be subject to such requirements of this title as are applicable to 223 vehicles operated for compensation. A "truck lessor" as defined in this section shall be regarded as the 224 owner, and his vehicles shall be subject to such requirements of this title as are applicable to vehicles of 225 private carriers.

226 "Passenger car" means every motor vehicle other than a motorcycle designed and used primarily for227 the transportation of no more than 10 persons including the driver.

"Payment device" means any credit card as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1602(k) or any "accepted card or other means of access" set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 1693a(1). For the purposes of this title, this definition shall also include a card that enables a person to pay for transactions through the use of value stored on the card itself.

232 "Pickup or panel truck" means every motor vehicle designed for the transportation of property and having a registered gross weight of 7,500 pounds or less.

234 "Private road or driveway" means every way in private ownership and used for vehicular travel by235 the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons.

"Reconstructed vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be registered under this title
materially altered from its original construction by the removal, addition, or substitution of new or used
essential parts. Such vehicles, at the discretion of the Department, shall retain their original vehicle
identification number, line-make, and model year. *Except as otherwise provided in this title, this definition shall not include a "converted electric vehicle" as defined in this section.*

241 "Replica vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be registered under this title not fully
 242 constructed by a licensed manufacturer but either constructed or assembled from components. Such components may be from a single vehicle, multiple vehicles, a kit, parts, or fabricated components. The

kit may be made up of "major components" as defined in § 46.2-1600, a full body, or a full chassis, or
a combination of these parts. The vehicle shall resemble a vehicle of distinctive name, line-make, model,
or type as produced by a licensed manufacturer or manufacturer no longer in business and is not a
reconstructed or specially constructed vehicle as herein defined.

"Residence district" means the territory contiguous to a highway, not comprising a business district,
where 75 percent or more of the property abutting such highway, on either side of the highway, for a
distance of 300 feet or more along the highway consists of land improved for dwelling purposes, or is
occupied by dwellings, or consists of land or buildings in use for business purposes, or consists of
territory zoned residential or territory in residential subdivisions created under Chapter 22 (§ 15.2-2200
et seq.) of Title 15.2.

254 "Revoke" or "revocation" means that the document or privilege revoked is not subject to renewal or 255 restoration except through reapplication after the expiration of the period of revocation.

256 "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular
257 travel, exclusive of the shoulder. A highway may include two or more roadways if divided by a physical
258 barrier or barriers or an unpaved area.

259 "Safety zone" means the area officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of260 pedestrians and that is protected or is so marked or indicated by plainly visible signs.

261 "School bus" means any motor vehicle, other than a station wagon, automobile, truck, or commercial 262 bus, which is: (i) designed and used primarily for the transportation of pupils to and from public, private 263 or religious schools, or used for the transportation of the mentally or physically handicapped to and 264 from a sheltered workshop; (ii) painted yellow and bears the words "School Bus" in black letters of a 265 specified size on front and rear; and (iii) is equipped with warning devices prescribed in § 46.2-1090. A 266 yellow school bus may have a white roof provided such vehicle is painted in accordance with 267 regulations promulgated by the Department of Education.

"Semitrailer" means every vehicle of the trailer type so designed and used in conjunction with a
motor vehicle that some part of its own weight and that of its own load rests on or is carried by another
vehicle.

271 "Shared-use path" means a bikeway that is physically separated from motorized vehicular traffic by
272 an open space or barrier and is located either within the highway right-of-way or within a separate
273 right-of-way. Shared-use paths may also be used by pedestrians, skaters, users of wheel chairs or wheel
274 chair conveyances, joggers, and other nonmotorized users.

"Shoulder" means that part of a highway between the portion regularly traveled by vehicular trafficand the lateral curbline or ditch.

277 "Sidewalk" means the portion of a street between the curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway,278 and the adjacent property lines, intended for use by pedestrians.

279 "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle designed to travel on snow or ice, steered by skis or runners, and supported in whole or in part by one or more skis, belts, or cleats.

281 "Special construction and forestry equipment" means any vehicle which is designed primarily for
282 highway construction, highway maintenance, earth moving, timber harvesting or other construction or
283 forestry work and which is not designed for the transportation of persons or property on a public
284 highway.

285 "Specially constructed vehicle" means any vehicle that was not originally constructed under a
286 distinctive name, make, model, or type by a generally recognized manufacturer of vehicles and not a
287 reconstructed vehicle as herein defined.

288 "Stinger-steered automobile or watercraft transporter" means an automobile or watercraft transporter
289 configured as a semitrailer combination wherein the fifth wheel is located on a drop frame behind and
290 below the rearmost axle of the power unit.

291 "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the Department of State Police of the Commonwealth.

"Suspend" or "suspension" means that the document or privilege suspended has been temporarily
withdrawn, but may be reinstated following the period of suspension unless it has expired prior to the
end of the period of suspension.

"Tow truck" means a motor vehicle for hire (i) designed to lift, pull, or carry another vehicle by
means of a hoist or other mechanical apparatus and (ii) having a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight
rating of at least 10,000 pounds. "Tow truck" also includes vehicles designed with a ramp on wheels
and a hydraulic lift with a capacity to haul or tow another vehicle, commonly referred to as "rollbacks."
"Tow truck" does not include any "automobile or watercraft transporter," "stinger-steered automobile or
watercraft transporter," or "tractor truck" as those terms are defined in this section.

301 "Towing and recovery operator" means a person engaged in the business of (i) removing disabled
302 vehicles, parts of vehicles, their cargoes, and other objects to facilities for repair or safekeeping and (ii)
303 restoring to the highway or other location where they either can be operated or removed to other
304 locations for repair or safekeeping vehicles that have come to rest in places where they cannot be

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305 operated.

306 "Toy vehicle" means any motorized or propellant-driven device that has no manufacturer-issued 307 vehicle identification number, that is designed or used to carry any person or persons, on any number of 308 wheels, bearings, glides, blades, runners, or a cushion of air. The term does not include electric personal 309 assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, mopeds, or motorcycles, nor does it include 310 any nonmotorized or nonpropellant-driven devices such as bicycles, roller skates, or skateboards.

311 "Tractor truck" means every motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles and not so constructed as to carry a load other than a part of the load and weight of the vehicle attached 312 313 thereto.

314 "Traffic infraction" means a violation of law punishable as provided in § 46.2-113, which is neither a 315 felony nor a misdemeanor.

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'Ťraffic lane" or "lane" means that portion of a roadway designed or designated to accommodate the 317 forward movement of a single line of vehicles.

318 "Trailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed for carrying property or passengers 319 wholly on its own structure and for being drawn by a motor vehicle, including manufactured homes.

320 "Truck" means every motor vehicle designed to transport property on its own structure independent 321 of any other vehicle and having a registered gross weight in excess of 7,500 pounds.

"Truck lessor" means a person who holds the legal title to any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer 322 323 that is the subject of a bona fide written lease for a term of one year or more to another person, 324 provided that: (i) neither the lessor nor the lessee is a common carrier by motor vehicle or restricted 325 common carrier by motor vehicle or contract carrier by motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-2000; (ii) the 326 leased motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is used exclusively for the transportation of property of the lessee; (iii) the lessor is not employed in any capacity by the lessee; (iv) the operator of the leased 327 motor vehicle is a bona fide employee of the lessee and is not employed in any capacity by the lessor; 328 329 and (v) a true copy of the lease, verified by affidavit of the lessor, is filed with the Commissioner.

330 "Utility vehicle" means a motor vehicle that is (i) designed for off-road use, (ii) powered by an 331 engine of no more than 25 horsepower, and (iii) used for general maintenance, security, agricultural, or 332 horticultural purposes. "Utility vehicle" does not include all-terrain vehicles as defined in this section, 333 riding lawn mowers, or any other vehicle whose definition is included in this section.

334 "Vehicle" means every device in, on or by which any person or property is or may be transported or 335 drawn on a highway, except devices moved by human power or used exclusively on stationary rails or 336 tracks. For the purposes of Chapter 8 (§ 46.2-800 et seq.) of this title, bicycles, electric personal 337 assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds shall be vehicles while operated 338 on a highway.

339 "Wheel chair or wheel chair conveyance" means a chair or seat equipped with wheels, typically used 340 to provide mobility for persons who, by reason of physical disability, are otherwise unable to move 341 about as pedestrians. The term includes both three-wheeled and four-wheeled devices. So long as it is 342 operated only as provided in § 46.2-677, a self-propelled wheel chair or self-propelled wheel chair 343 conveyance shall not be considered a motor vehicle. 344

§ 46.2-602.3. Titling and registration of converted electric vehicles.

345 A. Upon receipt of an application and such evidence of ownership as required by the Commissioner 346 pursuant to § 46.2-625, the Department shall issue a certificate of title for a converted electric vehicle. 347 The first certificate of title issued for a converted electric vehicle shall be an original certificate of title, 348 regardless of the submission of a Virginia certificate of title issued for the vehicle prior to conversion.

349 B. 1. No converted electric vehicle shall be registered or operated on the highways of the 350 Commonwealth until the owner submits to the Department a certification by a certified Virginia safety 351 inspector that the conversion to electric propulsion is complete and proof that the vehicle has passed a 352 Virginia safety inspection subsequent to the certification. Such certification shall be on a form approved 353 by the Commissioner and the Superintendent and shall state that the inspector has verified that (i) the internal combustion engine has been removed; (ii) the fuel tank has been removed and not replaced; 354 355 (iii) a traction battery pack has been installed that is distinct from the vehicle's original auxiliary 356 battery system; and (iv) an electric motor has been installed to drive the wheels of the vehicle.

357 2. The completion of the certification required by this section shall not impose any liability on the 358 safety inspector for the quality of the conversion process; however, nothing in this section shall be 359 construed so as to relieve the safety inspector of any liability that may be imposed pursuant to Article 360 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 or under any regulation promulgated pursuant to § 46.2-1165, 361 relating to the safety inspection of the converted electric vehicle.

3. The submission of a certification pursuant to this section shall be sufficient documentation to 362 363 exempt the converted electric vehicle for which it is submitted from the emissions inspection program 364 required by Article 22 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) of Chapter 10.

4. When necessary and upon application, the Department shall issue temporary trip permits in 365 accordance with § 46.2-651 for the purpose of transporting the converted electric vehicle to and from 366

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**367** an official Virginia safety inspection station.

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C. The provisions of this section need only be satisfied once for each converted electric vehicle.

**369** § 46.2-625. Specially constructed, reconstructed, replica, converted electric, or foreign vehicles.

370 If a vehicle for which the registration or a certificate of title is applied is a specially constructed, 371 reconstructed, replica, converted electric, or foreign vehicle, the fact shall be stated in the application 372 and, in the case of any foreign vehicle registered outside the Commonwealth, the owner shall present to 373 the Department the certificate of title and registration card or other evidence of registration as he may 374 have. The Commissioner may require such other evidence of ownership as he may deem advisable and promulgate regulations establishing what additional evidence of ownership, if any, shall be required for 375 376 titling and registration of specially constructed, reconstructed, replica, converted electric, or foreign 377 vehicles. All titles and registrations for specially constructed, reconstructed, and replica, and converted electric vehicles shall be branded with the words "specially constructed," "reconstructed,"  $\Theta T$  "replica," or "converted electric," as appropriate. Titles for vehicles that are both converted electric vehicles and 378 379

**380** reconstructed vehicles shall be branded with the words "reconstructed" and "converted electric."

**381** § 46.2-1001.1. Special equipment required for converted electric vehicles.

In addition to any other equipment required by this chapter, no converted electric vehicle may be
 registered in or operated on the highways of the Commonwealth without the following:

384 1. Orange-colored high voltage cables and high voltage markings on all conduit containing high
385 voltage cables. No high voltage cables may be attached to the chassis of the vehicle in such a way as to
386 cause the chassis to be used to ground the electric current;

387 2. A breaker or fuse in the high voltage circuit that contains the traction battery pack and the motor
388 controller. Such breaker or fuse must be rated to interrupt the expected maximum current at or above
389 the battery pack voltage;

390 3. An externally mounted switch to open the high voltage circuit in case of an emergency. Such
391 switch must be located where the fuel tank filler cap was located prior to conversion. Any cover
392 protecting the switch must be able to be opened from the outside of the vehicle;

4. Traction batteries mounted in secure nonconductive enclosures that provide for limited access.
Multiple enclosures may be used but must be connected by high voltage cables encased in conduit made of metal, composite, or other materials of comparable strength, crush, and abrasion resistance to metal or composite;

397 5. If batteries other than lead acid batteries are used as traction batteries, a temperature monitoring
398 system that monitors the temperature of a least one battery in each battery enclosure. Such system must
399 warn the driver of the vehicle if the temperature of the battery is rising rapidly or is above safe levels;

400 6. Conduit made of metal, composite, or other materials of comparable strength, crush, and abrasion
401 resistance to metal or composite, encasing any high voltage cables running under or outside of the
402 vehicle. Such conduit must be secured to the vehicle chassis and must not violate the ground clearance
403 provisions of § 46.2-1063;

**404** 7. A vacuum system and pump, or comparable equipment, to maintain proper brake function and **405** capacity, as required by this chapter; and

406 8. Labeling on three sides of the vehicle identifying such vehicle as "CONVERTED ELECTRIC." 407 Each label shall be at least six inches long and consist of lettering at least three inches tall.

408 At such time as the federal government establishes minimum equipment and safety standards, 409 including any related to synthetic vehicle sounds, for converted electric vehicles, to the extent that such 410 standards are different from the standards established by this section, the federal standards shall apply 411 to converted electric vehicles in the Commonwealth. If any federal standard conflicts with a standard set 412 forth by this section, the stricter standard shall prevail.

**413** § 46.2-1048. Pollution control systems or devices.

414 No motor vehicle registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured for the model year 1973 or for 415 subsequent model years shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless it is equipped 416 with an air pollution control system, device, or combination of such systems or devices installed in 417 accordance with federal laws and regulations.

418 It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle, as herein described, on the highways 419 in the Commonwealth with its pollution control system or device removed or otherwise rendered 420 inoperable.

421 It shall be unlawful for any person to operate on the highways in the Commonwealth a motor
422 vehicle, as described in this section, equipped with any emission control system or device unless it is of
423 a type installed as standard factory equipment, or comparable to that designed for use upon the
424 particular vehicle as standard factory equipment.

425 No motor vehicle, as described in this section, shall be issued a safety inspection approval sticker
426 unless it is equipped as provided under the foregoing provisions of this section or if it violates this section.

The provisions of this section shall not prohibit or prevent shop adjustments or replacements of
equipment for maintenance or repair or the conversion of engines to low polluting fuels, such as, but not
limited to, natural gas or propane, so long as such action does not degrade the antipollution capabilities
of the vehicle power system.

**432** The provisions of this section shall not apply to converted electric vehicles.

**433** § 46.2-1049. Exhaust system in good working order.

434 No person shall drive and no owner of a vehicle shall permit or allow the operation of any such 435 vehicle on a highway unless it is equipped with an exhaust system in good working order and in 436 constant operation to prevent excessive or unusual levels of noise; provided however, that for motor vehicles, such exhaust system shall be of a type installed as standard factory equipment, or comparable 437 438 to that designed for use on the particular vehicle as standard factory equipment. An exhaust system shall 439 not be deemed to prevent excessive or unusual noise if it permits the escape of noise in excess of that 440 permitted by the standard factory equipment exhaust system of private passenger motor vehicles or 441 trucks of standard make.

442 The term "exhaust system," as used in this section, means all the parts of a vehicle through which
443 the exhaust passes after leaving the engine block, including mufflers and other sound dissipative devices.
444 Chambered pipes are not an effective muffling device to prevent excessive or unusual noise, and any

445 vehicle equipped with chambered pipes shall be deemed in violation of this section.

446 The provisions of this section shall not apply to converted electric vehicles.

447 § 46.2-1158. Frequency of inspection; scope of inspection.

448 Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be inspected pursuant to the provisions of 449 § 46.2-1157 shall be reinspected within twelve 12 months of the month of the first inspection and at 450 least once every twelve 12 months thereafter.

451 Each inspection shall be a complete inspection. A reinspection of a rejected vehicle by the same station during the period of validity of the rejection sticker on such vehicle, however, need only include an inspection of the item or items previously found defective unless there is found an obvious defect that would warrant further rejection of the vehicle.

455 A rejection sticker shall be valid for fifteen 15 calendar days beyond the day of issuance. A complete 456 inspection shall be performed on any vehicle bearing an expired rejection sticker.

457 The completion of the conversion process for a converted electric vehicle shall invalidate any
458 inspection of such vehicle conducted in accordance with this section prior to the conversion. Following
459 the initial inspection of a converted electric vehicle, as required under § 46.2-602.3 and the provisions
460 of this chapter, such vehicle shall be reinspected in accordance with this section.