INTRODUCED

HB392

12100294D **HOUSE BILL NO. 392** 1 2 Offered January 11, 2012 3 Prefiled January 10, 2012 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 53.1-151 of the Code of Virginia, relating to parole eligibility for 5 certain inmates otherwise deemed ineligible. 6 Patron-Howell, A.T. 7 8 Referred to Committee on Militia, Police and Public Safety 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 53.1-151 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 12 § 53.1-151. Eligibility for parole. 13 A. Except as herein otherwise provided, every person convicted of a felony and sentenced and 14 committed by a court under the laws of this Commonwealth to the Department of Corrections, whether 15 or not such person is physically received at a Department of Corrections facility, or as provided for in 16 § 19.2-308.1: 1. For the first time, shall be eligible for parole after serving one-fourth of the term of imprisonment 17 imposed, or after serving twelve 12 years of the term of imprisonment imposed if one-fourth of the term 18 19 of imprisonment imposed is more than twelve 12 years; 2. For the second time, shall be eligible for parole after serving one-third of the term of imprisonment imposed, or after serving thirteen 13 years of the term of imprisonment imposed if 20 21 22 one-third of the term of imprisonment imposed is more than thirteen 13 years; 23 3. For the third time, shall be eligible for parole after serving one-half of the term of imprisonment 24 imposed, or after serving fourteen 14 years of the term of imprisonment imposed if one-half of the term 25 of imprisonment imposed is more than fourteen 14 years; 4. For the fourth or subsequent time, shall be eligible for parole after serving three-fourths of the 26 27 term of imprisonment imposed, or after serving fifteen 15 years of the term of imprisonment imposed if 28 three-fourths of the term of imprisonment imposed is more than fifteen 15 years. 29 For the purposes of subdivisions 2, 3 and 4 of subsection A and for the purposes of subsections B1 30 and B2, prior commitments shall include commitments to any correctional facility under the laws of any 31 state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories for murder, rape, robbery, forcible sodomy, animate or inanimate object sexual penetration, aggravated sexual battery, abduction, kidnapping, burglary, felonious assault or wounding, or manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing or 32 33 possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute a controlled substance, if such would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth. Only prior commitments interrupted by a person's being 34 35 36 at liberty, or resulting from the commission of a felony while in a correctional facility of the 37 Commonwealth, of any other state or of the United States, shall be included in determining the number of times such person has been convicted, sentenced and committed for the purposes of subdivisions 2, 3 38 and 4 of subsection A. "At liberty" as used herein shall include not only freedom without any legal 39 40 restraints, but shall also include release pending trial, sentencing or appeal, or release on probation or 41 parole or escape. In the case of terms of imprisonment to be served consecutively, the total time imposed shall constitute the term of the imprisonment; in the case of terms of imprisonment to be 42 served concurrently, the longest term imposed shall be the term of imprisonment. In any case in which a 43 44 parolee commits an offense while on parole, only the sentence imposed for such offense and not the 45 sentence or sentences or any part thereof from which he was paroled shall constitute the term of 46 imprisonment. 47 The Department of Corrections shall make all reasonable efforts to determine prior convictions and 48 commitments of each inmate for the enumerated offenses. 49 B. Persons sentenced to die shall not be eligible for parole. Any person sentenced to life 50 imprisonment who escapes from a correctional facility or from any person in charge of his custody shall 51 not be eligible for parole. B1. Any person convicted of three separate felony offenses of (i) murder, (ii) rape or (iii) robbery by

B1. Any person convicted of three separate felony offenses of (i) murder, (ii) rape or (iii) robbery by the presenting of firearms or other deadly weapon, or any combination of the offenses specified in subdivisions clause (i), (ii) or (iii) when such offenses were not part of a common act, transaction or scheme shall not be eligible for parole. In the event of a determination by the Department of Corrections that an individual is not eligible for parole under this subsection, the Parole Board may in its discretion, review that determination, and make a determination for parole eligibility pursuant to regulations promulgated by it for that purpose. Any determination of the Parole Board of parole eligibility thereby

1/5/23 0:13

shall supersede any prior determination of parole ineligibility by the Department of Corrections underthis subsection.

61 The Parole Board shall consider a petition for reconsideration of ineligibility for parole in the case 62 of a person whose parole eligibility is determined under this subsection and who (a) was convicted only 63 of robbery, (b) did not injure or attempt to injure any person, (c) did not have assistance of counsel in 64 preparing a petition for review of ineligibility previously considered on the merits under this provision, 65 (d) has been continuously confined for at least 15 years, and (e) has a record of good conduct during confinement. For purposes of application of this subsection only, the Parole Board, in its discretion, 66 may determine that multiple offenses constitute parts of a common scheme or plan if those offenses 67 occurred within a period of 12 weeks or less. The Parole Board shall promulgate regulations to 68 implement the provisions of this subsection. 69

B2. Any person convicted of three separate felony offenses of manufacturing, selling, giving,
distributing or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute a controlled substance,
when such offenses were not part of a common act, transaction or scheme, and who has been at liberty
as defined in this section between each conviction, shall not be eligible for parole.

74 C. Any person sentenced to life imprisonment for the first time shall be eligible for parole after 75 serving fifteen 15 years, except that if such sentence was for a Class 1 felony violation or the first 76 degree murder of a child under the age of eight in violation of § 18.2-32, he shall be eligible for parole 77 after serving twenty-five 25 years, unless he is ineligible for parole pursuant to subsection B1 or B2.

D. A person who has been sentenced to two or more life sentences, except a person to whom the provisions of subsection B1, B2, or E of this section are applicable, shall be eligible for parole after serving twenty 20 years of imprisonment, except that if either such sentence, or both, was or were for a Class 1 felony violation, and he is not otherwise ineligible for parole pursuant to subsection B1, B2, or E of this section are applicable, shall be eligible for parole after serving the twenty 20 years.

E. A person convicted of an offense and sentenced to life imprisonment after being paroled from a previous life sentence shall not be eligible for parole.

E1. Any person who has been convicted of murder in the first degree, rape in violation of § 18.2-61, 85 forcible sodomy, animate or inanimate object sexual penetration or aggravated sexual battery and who 86 87 has been sentenced to a term of years shall, upon a first commitment to the Department of Corrections, be eligible for parole after serving two-thirds of the term of imprisonment imposed or after serving 88 89 fourteen 14 years of the term of imprisonment imposed if two-thirds of the term of imprisonment 90 imposed is more than fourteen 14 years. If such person has been previously committed to the 91 Department of Corrections, such person shall be eligible for parole after serving three-fourths of the 92 term of imprisonment imposed or after serving fifteen 15 years of the terms of imprisonment imposed if three-fourths of the term of imprisonment imposed is more than fifteen 15 years. 93

94 F. If the sentence of a person convicted of a felony and sentenced to the Department is partially95 suspended, he shall be eligible for parole based on the portion of such sentence execution which was not96 suspended.

97 G. The eligibility time for parole as specified in subsections A, C and D of this section may be modified as provided in §§ 53.1-191, 53.1-197 and 53.1-198.

99 H. The time for eligibility for parole as specified in subsection D of this section shall apply only to100 those criminal acts committed on or after July 1, 1976.

I. The provisions of subdivisions 2, 3 and 4 of subsection A shall apply only to persons committed
 to the Department of Corrections on or after July 1, 1979, but such persons' convictions and
 commitments shall include all felony convictions and commitments without regard to the date of such
 convictions and commitments.