2012 SESSION

12103032D

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

HOUSE BILL NO. 1128

Offered January 11, 2012

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-3969, 58.1-3971, and 58.1-3974 of the Code of Virginia, relating to delinquent real property taxes.

Patrons—Johnson and Crockett-Stark

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 58.1-3969, 58.1-3971, and 58.1-3974 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 10 11 as follows:

§ 58.1-3969. Order of reference; appointment of special commissioner to make sale; costs; attorney 12 13 fees.

14 The court shall have the option, for good cause shown after proper objection made by any party 15 respondent, to refer the case to a commissioner in chancery for hearing and report, in which case, the 16 order of reference shall be to a commissioner in chancery or special master other than the attorney (or any attorney practicing in the same firm as the attorney) employed to subject the real estate to the lien 17 of any taxes. Upon (i) receipt of proper service of process on all parties defendant, a written real estate 18 title certificate and the written report of a licensed real estate appraiser where there is no dispute as to 19 20 title or value, (ii) the receipt of the report of the commissioner in chancery, or (iii) where the assessor 21 for the locality files an affidavit with the court of value and the value is averred to not exceed \$100,000, 22 the court may appoint a special commissioner to sell the properties and execute the necessary deeds 23 when a sale is found necessary or advisable. The court may designate the attorney employed by the 24 governing body of the locality to bring the suit. However, if the property is deemed abandoned in 25 accordance with § 58.1-3965, the court shall not be required to refer the case to the commissioner in 26 chancery.

27 The sale price achieved at a public auction shall be prima facie, but rebuttable, evidence of the value 28 of the property for purposes of the approval of the sale. If the attorney employed by the governing body 29 of the locality be appointed a special commissioner to sell the land and execute the deed and he has 30 already given the bond hereinabove mentioned, no additional bond shall be required of him as special 31 commissioner unless the court regards the bond already given as insufficient in amount. No fee or commission shall be allowed or paid to any attorney for acting under the order of reference or as special 32 33 commissioner, except as hereinafter provided, and the compensation contracted to be paid any such 34 attorney by the governing body, whether the employment was on a salary, commission or other basis, 35 shall be in full for all services rendered by him. The court shall allow as part of the costs, to be paid into the treasury of the locality, a reasonable sum to defray the cost of its attorneys and the expenses of 36 37 publication and appraisal necessary for the purpose of instituting such suit and such fees and 38 commissions, including fees for preparing and executing deeds, as would be allowed if the suit were an 39 ordinary lien creditor's suit. When the special commissioner is other than the attorney employed by the 40 locality the court may allow him reasonable fees for selling the land and executing the deed, payable out 41 of the proceeds of sale.

In any case in which the attorney representing the locality and the governing body thereof have 42 failed to reach an agreement as to a salary or commission or other basis as compensation for the 43 44 services of such attorney, the court in which any proceedings are brought under this article may allow 45 from the proceeds of the sale of any such real estate such fee as the court shall deem reasonable and 46 proper to the attorney representing any such locality in such proceeding. 47

§ 58.1-3971. Property improperly placed on delinquent land books.

A. The attorney shall periodically report to the governing body employing him every parcel of real 48 49 estate which he ascertains to be improperly placed on the delinquent land books and the governing body, upon satisfying itself of the correctness of the report, or correcting it to conform to the facts, shall 50 51 certify the information to the treasurer who shall mark his delinquent land book accordingly. The 52 attorney shall make the same report to the commissioner of the revenue, who shall revise the land 53 records as necessary to implement the report of the attorney.

B. If any parcel which is improperly placed on the delinquent land books is sold under the 54 provisions of this article, the purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of the entire amount he paid for 55 such parcel. The governing body shall reimburse the court or the appropriate party for costs and fees 56 57 allowed out of such payment.

§ 58.1-3974. Redemption of land by owner; lien for taxes paid. 58

HB1128

59 Any owner of the real estate described in any notice published pursuant to § 58.1-3965 or any bill in 60 equity filed pursuant to this article, or his or their heirs, successors and assigns, shall have the right to 61 redeem such real estate prior to the date set for a judicial sale thereof by paying into court all taxes, penalties and interest due with respect to such real estate, including any outstanding taxes, penalties, and 62 interest owed to a town or other concurrent taxing entity, together with all costs including costs of 63 publication and a reasonable attorney's attorney fee set by the court. Any person who has paid any taxes 64 on such real estate shall have a lien thereon for any taxes paid, plus interest at the rate of six percent 65 66 per year.