## **2012 SESSION**

12104159D 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 1106** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 4 on January 17, 2012) 5 6 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Greason) A BILL to amend and reenact § 54.1-2900 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia 7 by adding in Article 4 of Chapter 29 of Title 54.1 sections numbered 54.1-2957.16 and 54.1-2957.17, 8 relating to licensure of behavior analysts and assistant behavior analysts. 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: That § 54.1-2900 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of 10 1. Virginia is amended by adding in Article 4 of Chapter 29 of Title 54.1 sections numbered 11 54.1-2957.16 and 54.1-2957.17 as follows: 12 13 § 54.1-2900. Definitions. 14 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: 15 "Acupuncturist" means individuals approved by the Board to practice acupuncture. This is limited to "licensed acupuncturist" which means an individual other than a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, 16 chiropractic or podiatry who has successfully completed the requirements for licensure established by the 17 18 Board (approved titles are limited to: Licensed Acupuncturist, Lic.Ac., and L.Ac.). "Auricular acupuncture" means the subcutaneous insertion of sterile, disposable acupuncture needles 19 20 in predetermined, bilateral locations in the outer ear when used exclusively and specifically in the 21 context of a chemical dependency treatment program. 22 "Board" means the Board of Medicine. "Healing arts" means the arts and sciences dealing with the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and cure 23 24 or alleviation of human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities. 25 "Medical malpractice judgment" means any final order of any court entering judgment against a 26 licensee of the Board that arises out of any tort action or breach of contract action for personal injuries 27 or wrongful death, based on health care or professional services rendered, or that should have been 28 rendered, by a health care provider, to a patient. 29 "Medical malpractice settlement" means any written agreement and release entered into by or on 30 behalf of a licensee of the Board in response to a written claim for money damages that arises out of 31 any personal injuries or wrongful death, based on health care or professional services rendered, or that 32 should have been rendered, by a health care provider, to a patient. 33 "Occupational therapy assistant" means an individual who has met the requirements of the Board for 34 licensure and who works under the supervision of a licensed occupational therapist to assist in the 35 practice of occupational therapy. 36 "Physician assistant" means an individual who has met the requirements of the Board for licensure 37 and who works under the supervision of a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or podiatry. 38 "Practice of acupuncture" means the stimulation of certain points on or near the surface of the body 39 by the insertion of needles to prevent or modify the perception of pain or to normalize physiological 40 functions, including pain control, for the treatment of certain ailments or conditions of the body and 41 includes the techniques of electroacupuncture, cupping and moxibustion. The practice of acupuncture 42 does not include the use of physical therapy, chiropractic, or osteopathic manipulative techniques; the use or prescribing of any drugs, medications, serums or vaccines; or the procedure of auricular 43 acupuncture as exempted in § 54.1-2901 when used in the context of a chemical dependency treatment 44 program for patients eligible for federal, state or local public funds by an employee of the program who 45 is trained and approved by the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association or an equivalent 46 47 certifying body. **48** "Practice of athletic training" means the prevention, recognition, evaluation, and treatment of injuries 49 or conditions related to athletic or recreational activity that requires physical skill and utilizes strength, 50 power, endurance, speed, flexibility, range of motion or agility or a substantially similar injury or 51 condition resulting from occupational activity immediately upon the onset of such injury or condition; and subsequent treatment and rehabilitation of such injuries or conditions under the direction of a 52 53 licensed physical therapist and the patient's physician or under the direction of any doctor of medicine, 54 osteopathy, chiropractic, podiatry, or dentistry, while using heat, light, sound, cold, electricity, exercise 55 or mechanical or other devices. "Practice of behavior analysis" means the design, implementation, and evaluation of environmental 56

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57 modifications, using behavioral stimuli and consequences, to produce socially significant improvement in
58 human behavior, including the use of direct observation, measurement, and functional analysis of the
59 relationship between environment and behavior.

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60 "Practice of chiropractic" means the adjustment of the 24 movable vertebrae of the spinal column,
61 and assisting nature for the purpose of normalizing the transmission of nerve energy, but does not
62 include the use of surgery, obstetrics, osteopathy or the administration or prescribing of any drugs,
63 medicines, serums or vaccines.

64 "Practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of65 human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities by any means or method.

"Practice of occupational therapy" means the evaluation, analysis, assessment, and delivery of
education and training in activities of daily living (ADL); the design, fabrication, and application of
orthoses (splints); guidance in the selection and use of adaptive equipment; therapeutic activities to
enhance functional performance; prevocational evaluation and training; and consultation concerning the
adaptation of physical environments for individuals who have disabilities.

'Practice of podiatry" means the prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and cure or alleviation of physical 71 72 conditions, diseases, pain, or infirmities of the human foot and ankle, including the medical, mechanical 73 and surgical treatment of the ailments of the human foot and ankle, but does not include amputation of 74 the foot proximal to the transmetatarsal level through the metatarsal shafts. Amputations proximal to the 75 metatarsal-phalangeal joints may only be performed in a hospital or ambulatory surgery facility accredited by an organization listed in § 54.1-2939. The practice includes the diagnosis and treatment of 76 lower extremity ulcers; however, the treatment of severe lower extremity ulcers proximal to the foot and 77 78 ankle may only be performed by appropriately trained, credentialed podiatrists in an approved hospital 79 or ambulatory surgery center at which the podiatrist has privileges, as described in § 54.1-2939. The 80 Board of Medicine shall determine whether a specific type of treatment of the foot and ankle is within 81 the scope of practice of podiatry.

82 "Practice of radiologic technology" means the application of x-rays to human beings for diagnostic or
 83 therapeutic purposes.

84 "Practice of respiratory care" means the (i) administration of pharmacological, diagnostic, and 85 therapeutic agents related to respiratory care procedures necessary to implement a treatment, disease 86 prevention, pulmonary rehabilitative, or diagnostic regimen prescribed by a practitioner of medicine or 87 osteopathic medicine; (ii) transcription and implementation of the written or verbal orders of a 88 practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine pertaining to the practice of respiratory care; (iii) observation and monitoring of signs and symptoms, general behavior, general physical response to 89 90 respiratory care treatment and diagnostic testing, including determination of whether such signs, symptoms, reactions, behavior or general physical response exhibit abnormal characteristics; and (iv) 91 92 implementation of respiratory care procedures, based on observed abnormalities, or appropriate reporting, 93 referral, respiratory care protocols or changes in treatment pursuant to the written or verbal orders by a 94 licensed practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine or the initiation of emergency procedures, 95 pursuant to the Board's regulations or as otherwise authorized by law. The practice of respiratory care 96 may be performed in any clinic, hospital, skilled nursing facility, private dwelling or other place deemed 97 appropriate by the Board in accordance with the written or verbal order of a practitioner of medicine or 98 osteopathic medicine, and shall be performed under qualified medical direction.

"Qualified medical direction" means, in the context of the practice of respiratory care, having readily
accessible to the respiratory care practitioner a licensed practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine
who has specialty training or experience in the management of acute and chronic respiratory disorders
and who is responsible for the quality, safety, and appropriateness of the respiratory services provided
by the respiratory care practitioner.

104 "Radiologic technologist" means an individual, other than a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, 105 podiatry, or chiropractic, or a dentist licensed pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of this title, 106 who (i) performs, may be called upon to perform, or who is licensed to perform a comprehensive scope of diagnostic radiologic procedures employing equipment which emits ionizing radiation and (ii) is 107 delegated or exercises responsibility for the operation of radiation-generating equipment, the shielding of 108 patient and staff from unnecessary radiation, the appropriate exposure of radiographs or other procedures 109 110 which contribute to any significant extent to the site or dosage of ionizing radiation to which a patient is 111 exposed.

"Radiologic technologist, limited" means an individual, other than a licensed radiologic technologist,
dental hygienist or person who is otherwise authorized by the Board of Dentistry under Chapter 27
(§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of this title and the regulations pursuant thereto, who performs diagnostic
radiographic procedures employing equipment which emits ionizing radiation which is limited to specific
areas of the human body.

"Radiologist assistant" means an individual who has met the requirements of the Board for licensure
as an advanced-level radiologic technologist and who, under the direct supervision of a licensed doctor
of medicine or osteopathy specializing in the field of radiology, is authorized to (i) assess and evaluate
the physiological and psychological responsiveness of patients undergoing radiologic procedures; (ii)
evaluate image quality, make initial observations, and communicate observations to the supervising

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radiologist; (iii) administer contrast media or other medications prescribed by the supervising radiologist;
and (iv) perform, or assist the supervising radiologist to perform, any other procedure consistent with the
guidelines adopted by the American College of Radiology, the American Society of Radiologic
Technologists, and the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists.

"Respiratory care" means the practice of the allied health profession responsible for the direct and
 indirect services, including inhalation therapy and respiratory therapy, in the treatment, management,
 diagnostic testing, control and care of patients with deficiencies and abnormalities associated with the
 cardiopulmonary system under qualified medical direction.

\$ 54.1-2957.16. Licensure of behavior analysts and assistant behavior analysts; requirements; powers
 of the Board.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to practice or to hold himself out as practicing as a behavior analyst or to use the title "Licensed Behavior Analyst" unless he holds a license as a behavior analyst issued by the Board. It shall be unlawful for any person to practice or to hold himself out as practicing as an assistant behavior analyst or to use the title "Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst" unless he holds a license as an assistant behavior analyst issued by the Board. The Board shall issue licenses to practice as a behavior analyst or an assistant behavior analyst to applicants for licensure who meet the requirements of this chapter and the Board's regulations.

B. The Board shall establish criteria for licensure as a behavior analyst, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

141 1. Documentation that the applicant is currently certified as a Board Certified Behavior Analyst by
142 the Behavior Analyst Certification Board or any other entity that is nationally accredited to certify
143 practitioners of behavior analysis;

144 2. Documentation that the applicant conducts his professional practice in accordance with the
145 Behavior Analyst Certification Board Guidelines for Responsible Conduct and Professional Ethical and
146 Disciplinary Standards and any other accepted professional and ethical standards the Board deems
147 necessary; and

148 3. Documentation that the applicant for licensure has not had his license or certification as a
149 behavior analyst or as an assistant behavior analyst suspended or revoked and is not the subject of any
150 disciplinary proceedings by the certifying board or in another jurisdiction.

151 C. The Board shall establish criteria for licensure as an assistant behavior analyst, which shall 152 include, but not be limited to, the following:

153 1. Documentation that the applicant is currently certified as a Board Certified Assistant Behavior
 154 Analyst by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board or any other entity that is nationally accredited to
 155 certify practitioners of behavior analysis;

156 2. Documentation that the applicant conducts his professional practice in accordance with the
157 Behavior Analyst Certification Board Guidelines for Responsible Conduct and Professional Ethical and
158 Disciplinary Standards and any other accepted professional and ethical standards the Board deems
159 necessary;

160 3. Documentation that the applicant for licensure has not had his license or certification as an
161 assistant behavior analyst suspended or revoked and is not the subject of any disciplinary proceedings
162 by the certifying board or in another jurisdiction; and

163 4. Documentation that the applicant's work is supervised by a licensed behavior analyst in 164 accordance with the supervision requirements and procedures established by the Board.

165 D. The Board shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of
166 this chapter related to (i) application for and issuance of licenses to behavior analysts or assistant
167 behavior analysts, (ii) requirements for licensure as a behavior analyst or an assistant behavior analyst,

168 (iii) standards of practice for licensed behavior analysts or licensed assistant behavior analysts, (iv)

**169** requirements and procedures for the supervision of a licensed assistant behavior analyst by a licensed **170** behavior analyst, and (v) requirements and procedures for supervision by licensed behavior analysts and

170 behavior analysis, and (v) requirements and procedures for supervision by iterised behavior analysis and
 171 licensed assistant behavior analysis of unlicensed individuals who assist in the provision of applied
 172 behavior analysis services.

E. The Board shall establish a fee, determined in accordance with methods used to establish fees for
other health professionals licensed by the Board of Medicine, to be paid by all applicants for licensure
as a behavior analyst or assistant behavior analyst.

176 § 54.1-2957.17. Exceptions to licensure requirements; supervision of unlicensed individuals by
 177 licensed behavior analysts and licensed assistant behavior analysts.

178 The provisions of § 54.1-2957.16 shall not be construed as prohibiting any professional licensed,
 179 certified, or registered by a health regulatory board from acting within the scope of his practice.

180 2. That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.

181 3. That the Board of Medicine shall promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of this 182 act to be effective within 280 days of its enactment.

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183 4. That the Board of Medicine shall convene a work group of not more than seven individuals, to 184 include at least three board certified behavior analysts and at least one board certified assistant 185 behavior analyst who have practiced for not less than three years, at least one consumer or family member of a consumer of behavior analysis services, and such other individuals as the Board may 186 deem necessary or appropriate, to develop recommendations for the inclusion in regulations 187 promulgated by the Board related to (i) criteria for licensure as a behavior analyst or assistant 188 189 behavior analyst, (ii) standards of professional conduct for behavior analysts or assistant behavior 190 analysts, (iii) continued oversight of the practice of licensed behavior analysis and licensed 191 assistant behavior analysis, and (iv) such other matters related to the licensure and practice of 192 behavior analysts or assistant behavior analysts as the Board may deem necessary.