

DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

2011 Fiscal Impact Statement

1. **Patron** John C. Watkins

2. **Bill Number** SB 785

3. **Committee** Senate Finance

House of Origin:

 X **Introduced**

 Substitute

 Engrossed

4. **Title** Real Property Tax; Partial Exemption for
Structures in Redevelopment or
Conservation Areas or Rehabilitation
Districts

Second House:

 In Committee

 Substitute

 Enrolled

5. **Summary/Purpose:**

This bill would require the local governing body of a locality in which partial exemptions for structures in redevelopment or conservation areas or rehabilitation districts are available to provide written notification to the property owner of the amount of the assessment of the property that will be exempt from real property taxation and the period of such exemption. The bill would also clarify that the exempt amount is a covenant that runs with the land for the period of the exemption, and would prohibit local governing bodies from reducing that amount during the period of the exemption.

The provisions of this bill would also apply to real property in any locality in which the governing body has provided for the partial exemption from taxation of real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than 15 years of age has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation, or replacement for residential use.

Under current law, local governing bodies may provide for the partial exemption from taxation of new structures or other improvements to real estate located in a redevelopment or conservation area or rehabilitation district. They may also partially exempt from tax real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than 15 years of age has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation or replacement for residential use.

This bill would be effective for assessments for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011.

6. **Budget amendment necessary:** No.

7. **No Fiscal Impact.**

8. **Fiscal implications:**

This bill would have no impact on state or local revenues.

9. Specific agency or political subdivisions affected:

All localities

10. Technical amendment necessary: No.

11. Other comments:

Current Law

Under current law, local governing bodies are authorized to provide, by ordinance, for the partial exemption from taxation of new structures or other improvements to real estate located in redevelopment or conservation areas or rehabilitation districts. Local governing bodies are also authorized to provide an exemption from taxation of real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than 15 years of age has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation or replacement for residential use. The partial exemption is a percentage of the increase or an amount equal to the increase in assessed value resulting from the construction of the new structure or other improvement to the real estate or 50% of the cost of such construction or improvement.

The exemption must run with the real estate for a period determined by the local governing body, which is not to exceed 15 years. The governing body is authorized to reduce the amount of the exemption in annual steps over the entire period or a portion thereof.

The governing body is also authorized to establish (1) criteria for determining whether real estate qualifies for the partial exemption, 2) requirements for the square footage of new structures that qualify for the partial exemption and 3) other restrictions and conditions.

In addition, the governing body may assess a fee at a maximum rate of \$125 for residential properties or \$250 for commercial, industrial, and/or apartment properties of six units or more for processing each application requesting the partial exemption.

Where the construction of a new structure is achieved through demolition and replacement of an existing structure, the property does not qualify for the partial exemption if the structure demolished is a registered Virginia landmark or is determined by the Department of Historic Resources to contribute to the significance of a registered historic district.

Proposal

This bill would require the local governing body of a locality in which partial exemptions for structures in redevelopment or conservation areas or rehabilitation districts are available to provide written notification to the property owner of the amount of the assessment of the property that will be exempt from real property taxation and the period of such exemption. The bill would also clarify that the exempt amount is a covenant that runs with the land for the period of the exemption, and would prohibit local governing bodies from reducing that amount during the period of the exemption.

The provisions of this bill would also apply to real property in any locality in which the governing body has provided for the partial exemption from taxation of real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than 15 years of age has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation, or replacement for residential use.

The provisions of this bill would become effective for assessments for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Property owners would not be entitled to a refund for any taxes paid for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2011. Thus, for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, if a governing body or designee reduced the amount of the partial exemption to an amount less than the original amount of the partial exemption during the period of exemption, the local governing body or designee would be required to reinstate the original exempt amount for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, for the balance of the exemption of the exemption.

Similar Bills

Senate Bill 784 would clarify that a real estate assessor may require an owner of real property with four or fewer residential units that is operated in whole or in part as affordable rental housing to furnish to the assessor a statement of the income and expenses attributable to the property when the owner applies to the locality to have the real property assessed as affordable housing.

House Bill 1470 would authorize circuit courts for any locality to appoint up to two alternate board members to serve on local boards of equalization if a member of the board is absent or abstains.

House Bill 1526 would allow statements of income and expense to be used in a complaint before a Board of Equalization and in an action for relief in court from the determination of the Board of Equalization even if the statements were not timely presented to the assessor. The bill provides that the statements must be submitted to the Board of Equalization at least 30 days prior to the hearing before the Board.

House Bill 1532 would lower the threshold percentage of taxes and liens on property from 50 percent to 20 percent of the assessed value of the parcel and, if only taxes, from 25 percent to 10 percent of the assessed value of the parcel to allow a special commissioner to convey the real estate to the locality in lieu of a public sale at auction.

cc : Secretary of Finance

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