## 2011 SESSION

**ENROLLED** 

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## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 38.2-2206 of the Code of Virginia, relating to underinsured motorist 3 insurance coverage.

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Approved

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That § 38.2-2206 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 8

§ 38.2-2206. Uninsured motorist insurance coverage.

9 A. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, no policy or contract of bodily injury or 10 property damage liability insurance relating to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered in this Commonwealth to the owner of such vehicle or shall be issued or 11 12 delivered by any insurer licensed in this Commonwealth upon any motor vehicle principally garaged or 13 used in this Commonwealth unless it contains an endorsement or provisions undertaking to pay the insured all sums that he is legally entitled to recover as damages from the owner or operator of an 14 15 uninsured motor vehicle, within limits not less than the requirements of § 46.2-472. Those limits shall equal but not exceed the limits of the liability insurance provided by the policy, unless any one named 16 insured rejects the additional uninsured motorist insurance coverage by notifying the insurer as provided 17 in subsection B of § 38.2-2202. This rejection of the additional uninsured motorist insurance coverage 18 19 by any one named insured shall be binding upon all insureds under such policy as defined in subsection 20 B of this section. The endorsement or provisions shall also obligate the insurer to make payment for 21 bodily injury or property damage caused by the operation or use of an underinsured motor vehicle to the extent the vehicle is underinsured, as defined in subsection B of this section. The endorsement or 22 23 provisions shall also provide for at least \$20,000 coverage for damage or destruction of the property of 24 the insured in any one accident but may provide an exclusion of the first \$200 of the loss or damage 25 where the loss or damage is a result of any one accident involving an unidentifiable owner or operator 26 of an uninsured motor vehicle.

B. As used in this section, the term "bodily injury" includes death resulting from bodily injury.

28 "Insured" as used in subsections A, D, G, and H of this section means the named insured and, while 29 resident of the same household, the spouse of the named insured, and relatives, wards or foster children of either, while in a motor vehicle or otherwise, and any person who uses the motor vehicle to which 30 31 the policy applies, with the expressed or implied consent of the named insured, and a guest in the motor 32 vehicle to which the policy applies or the personal representative of any of the above.

33 "Uninsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle for which (i) there is no bodily injury liability 34 insurance and property damage liability insurance in the amounts specified by § 46.2-472, (ii) there is 35 such insurance but the insurer writing the insurance denies coverage for any reason whatsoever, including failure or refusal of the insured to cooperate with the insurer, (iii) there is no bond or deposit 36 37 of money or securities in lieu of such insurance, (iv) the owner of the motor vehicle has not qualified as 38 a self-insurer under the provisions of § 46.2-368, or (v) the owner or operator of the motor vehicle is 39 immune from liability for negligence under the laws of the Commonwealth or the United States, in 40 which case the provisions of subsection F shall apply and the action shall continue against the insurer. A 41 motor vehicle shall be deemed uninsured if its owner or operator is unknown.

42 A motor vehicle is "underinsured" when, and to the extent that, the total amount of bodily injury and 43 property damage coverage applicable to the operation or use of the motor vehicle and available for payment for such bodily injury or property damage, including all bonds or deposits of money or 44 securities made pursuant to Article 15 (§ 46.2-435 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 46.2, is less than the 45 total amount of uninsured motorist coverage afforded any person injured as a result of the operation or 46 47 use of the vehicle.

48 "Available for payment" means the amount of liability insurance coverage applicable to the claim of 49 the injured person for bodily injury or property damage reduced by the payment of any other claims 50 arising out of the same occurrence.

If an injured person is entitled to underinsured motorist coverage under more than one policy, the 51 following order of priority of policies applies and any amount available for payment shall be credited 52 53 against such policies in the following order of priority: 54

1. The policy covering a motor vehicle occupied by the injured person at the time of the accident;

55 2. The policy covering a motor vehicle not involved in the accident under which the injured person 56 is a named insured;

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57 3. The policy covering a motor vehicle not involved in the accident under which the injured person 58 is an insured other than a named insured.

59 Where there is more than one insurer providing coverage under one of the payment priorities set 60 forth, their liability shall be proportioned as to their respective underinsured motorist coverages.

61 Recovery under the endorsement or provisions shall be subject to the conditions set forth in this section.

C. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a motor vehicle is uninsured if the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles certifies that, from the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, it appears that: (i) there is no bodily injury liability insurance and property damage liability insurance in the amounts specified by § 46.2-472 covering the owner or operator of the motor vehicle; or (ii) no bond has been given or cash or securities delivered in lieu of the insurance; or (iii) the owner or operator of the motor vehicle has not qualified as a self-insurer in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-368.

70 D. If the owner or operator of any motor vehicle that causes bodily injury or property damage to the 71 insured is unknown, and if the damage or injury results from an accident where there has been no 72 contact between that motor vehicle and the motor vehicle occupied by the insured, or where there has 73 been no contact with the person of the insured if the insured was not occupying a motor vehicle, then 74 for the insured to recover under the endorsement required by subsection A of this section, the accident 75 shall be reported promptly to either (i) the insurer or (ii) a law-enforcement officer having jurisdiction in 76 the county or city in which the accident occurred. If it is not reasonably practicable to make the report 77 promptly, the report shall be made as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances.

E. If the owner or operator of any vehicle causing injury or damages is unknown, an action may be instituted against the unknown defendant as "John Doe" and service of process may be made by delivering a copy of the motion for judgment or other pleadings to the clerk of the court in which the action is brought. Service upon the insurer issuing the policy shall be made as prescribed by law as though the insurer were a party defendant. The provisions of § 8.01-288 shall not be applicable to the service of process required in this subsection. The insurer shall have the right to file pleadings and take other action allowable by law in the name of John Doe.

85 F. If any action is instituted against the owner or operator of an uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle by any insured intending to rely on the uninsured or underinsured coverage provision or 86 endorsement of this policy under which the insured is making a claim, then the insured shall serve a 87 copy of the process upon this insurer in the manner prescribed by law, as though the insurer were a 88 89 party defendant. The provisions of § 8.01-288 shall not be applicable to the service of process required 90 in this subsection. The insurer shall then have the right to file pleadings and take other action allowable 91 by law in the name of the owner or operator of the uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle or in its 92 own name. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the immunity from liability for negligence 93 of the owner or operator of a motor vehicle shall not be a bar to the insured obtaining a judgment enforceable against the insurer for the negligence of the immune owner or operator, and shall not be a 94 95 defense available to the insurer to the action brought by the insured, which shall proceed against the named defendant although any judgment obtained against an immune defendant shall be entered in the name of "Immune Defendant" and shall be enforceable against the insurer and any other nonimmune 96 97 98 defendant as though it were entered in the actual name of the named immune defendant. Nothing in this 99 subsection shall prevent the owner or operator of the uninsured motor vehicle from employing counsel 100 of his own choice and taking any action in his own interest in connection with the proceeding.

101 G. Any insurer paying a claim under the endorsement or provisions required by subsection A of this 102 section shall be subrogated to the rights of the insured to whom the claim was paid against the person 103 causing the injury, death, or damage and that person's insurer, although it may deny coverage for any 104 reason, to the extent that payment was made. The bringing of an action against the unknown owner or 105 operator as John Doe or the conclusion of such an action shall not bar the insured from bringing an 106 action against the owner or operator proceeded against as John Doe, or against the owner's or operator's 107 insurer denying coverage for any reason, if the identity of the owner or operator who caused the injury or damages becomes known. The bringing of an action against an unknown owner or operator as John 108 109 Doe shall toll the statute of limitations for purposes of bringing an action against the owner or operator who caused the injury or damages until his identity becomes known. In no event shall an action be 110 brought against an owner or operator who caused the injury or damages, previously filed against as John 111 112 Doe, more than three years from the commencement of the action against the unknown owner or 113 operator as John Doe in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any recovery against the owner or operator, 114 or the insurer of the owner or operator shall be paid to the insurer of the injured party to the extent that the insurer paid the named insured in the action brought against the owner or operator as John Doe. 115 However, the insurer shall pay its proportionate part of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in 116 connection with the action, including reasonable attorney's fees. Nothing in an endorsement or provisions 117

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118 made under this subsection nor any other provision of law shall prevent the joining in an action against 119 John Doe of the owner or operator of the motor vehicle causing the injury as a party defendant, and the 120 joinder is hereby specifically authorized. No action, verdict or release arising out of a suit brought under 121 this subsection shall give rise to any defenses in any other action brought in the subrogated party's 122 name, including res judicata and collateral estoppel.

H. No endorsement or provisions providing the coverage required by subsection A of this section
 shall require arbitration of any claim arising under the endorsement or provisions, nor may anything be
 required of the insured except the establishment of legal liability, nor shall the insured be restricted or
 prevented in any manner from employing legal counsel or instituting legal proceedings.

127 I. Except as provided in § 65.2-309.1, the provisions of subsections A and B of § 38.2-2204 and the 128 provisions of subsection A of this section shall not apply to any policy of insurance to the extent that it 129 covers the liability of an employer under any workers' compensation law, or to the extent that it covers liability to which the Federal Tort Claims Act applies. No provision or application of this section shall 130 131 limit the liability of an insurer of motor vehicles to an employee or other insured under this section who 132 is injured by an uninsured motor vehicle; provided that in the event an employee of a self-insured 133 employer receives a workers' compensation award for injuries resulting from an accident with an uninsured motor vehicle, such award shall be set off against any judgment for damages awarded 134 135 pursuant to this section for personal injuries resulting from such accident.

J. Policies of insurance whose primary purpose is to provide coverage in excess of other valid and
collectible insurance or qualified self-insurance may include uninsured motorist coverage as provided in
subsection A of this section. Insurers issuing or providing liability policies that are of an excess or
umbrella type or which provide liability coverage incidental to a policy and not related to a specifically
insured motor vehicle, shall not be required to offer, provide or make available to those policies
uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle coverage as defined in subsection A of this section.

K. A liability insurance carrier providing coverage under a policy issued or renewed on or after July
1, 1988, may pay the entire amount of its available coverage without obtaining a release of a claim if
the claimant has underinsured insurance coverage in excess of the amount so paid. Any liability insurer
making a payment pursuant to this section shall promptly give notice to its insured and to the insurer
which provides the underinsured coverage that it has paid the full amount of its available coverage.

147 L. If the liability insurer or insurers providing coverage to an underinsured motor vehicle owner or 148 operator make an irrevocable offer in writing, which may be contingent upon waiver of subrogation, to 149 pay the total amount of liability coverage available for payment with reference to a claim for property 150 damage or bodily injury, 60 days following written notice of the offer to any insurer or insurers 151 providing underinsured coverage that have been served pursuant to this section, the insurer or insurers 152 providing liability coverage shall be relieved of the cost of defending the owner or operator incurred 153 thereafter, including expenses as well as reasonable and necessary attorney fees, and the insurer or 154 insurers providing the underinsured motorist coverage shall reimburse the liability insurer or insurers for 155 the costs to defend the underinsured motor vehicle owner or operator to the date of the underinsured 156 motorist insurer's offer of its limit of coverage. The liability insurer or insurers shall nonetheless retain 157 the duty to defend their insured. If underinsured motorist coverage is provided by more than one insurer, 158 the cost to defend shall be assumed in the same order of priority as set forth in subsection B with regard to the payment of underinsured benefits upon the offer of each underinsured motorist insurer's 159 160 limit of coverage. This subsection, including the liability insurer's irrevocable offer and the underinsured insurer's liability for defense costs, shall not apply in the event of either a jury verdict being returned in 161 162 an amount equal to or less than the total liability coverage available for payment or a dispositive ruling dismissing the plaintiff's complaint, including but not limited to the plaintiff taking a voluntary nonsuit. 163 164 This subsection shall not apply to costs incurred in connection with an appeal.