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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1432
2 3	Offered January 12, 2011
3	Prefiled November 3, 2010
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 33.1-46.2 of the Code of Virginia, as it is currently effective, relating to
5 6	HOV lanes; use by vehicle with clean special fuel license plates.
0	Patrons—Greason, Hugo, Keam, Plum, Rust and Torian
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8	Referred to Committee on Transportation
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 33.1-46.2 of the Code of Virginia, as it is currently effective, is amended and reenacted
12 13	as follows:
13 14	§ 33.1-46.2. Designation of high-occupancy vehicle lanes; use of such lanes; penalties. A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during
15	peak traffic periods, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may designate one or more lanes of any
16	highway in the interstate, primary, or secondary highway systems as high-occupancy vehicle lanes,
17	hereinafter referred to in this section as HOV lanes. When lanes have been so designated and have been
18	appropriately marked with such signs or other markers as the Board may prescribe, they shall be
19	reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of buses and high-occupancy
20	vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under its exclusive jurisdiction,
21	designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such HOV lanes. Any highway
22 23	for which the local jurisdiction receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.1-41.1 shall be deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of this
23 24	section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of occupants as
25	determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that local
26	governing body. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, no designation of any lane or
27	lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall apply to the use of any such lanes by:
28	1. Emergency vehicles such as fire-fighting vehicles, ambulances, and rescue squad vehicles,
29 20	2. Law-enforcement vehicles,
30 31	3. Motorcycles, 4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver,
32	b. Commuter buses and motor coaches operating under irregular route passenger certificates issued
33	under § 46.2-2010 and any vehicle operating under a certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity or
34	as a common carrier of passengers under § 46.2-2075 or 46.2-2080,
35	5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call,
36	6. Until July 1, 2011 2012, vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates issued pursuant
37 38	to § 46.2-749.3, 7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver, or
39	8. (For contingent effective date, see Editor's note.) Any active duty military member in uniform who
40	is utilizing Interstate Route 264 and Interstate Route 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a
41	military facility in the Hampton Roads Planning District.
42	In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes
43	opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and
44 45	the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of highway.
<b>4</b> 6	The Commissioner of VDOT shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton Roads
47	Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary lifting
<b>48</b>	of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from
<b>49</b>	nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected
50	to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility will be reinstated when the
51 52	general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use. The Commissioner shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the
52 53	The Commissioner shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. He shall report on the effects of this program. This
54	program will terminate if the Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal
55	highway construction funds because of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.
56	B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board, or local governing
57	body as the case may be, shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the
58	lanes shall be so reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the

59 lanes the Board or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a designated HOV lane in violation of this section shall be guilty of a traffic infraction which shall not be 60 a moving violation and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the 61

62 boundaries of Planning District Eight shall be punishable as follows:

63 For a first offense, by a fine of \$125;

64 For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250;

65 For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of 66 67 \$1.000.

68 Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction which 69 70 shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no 71 driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section; except that persons convicted of second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning 72 73 District Eight shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

74 C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of 75 failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 76 77 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered 78 owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of 79 the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 80 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in 81 accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 82 83 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section 84 is served in any county, city, or town, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof 85 to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor 86 87 Vehicles. If the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed 88 pursuant to this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in  $\S$  19.2-76.3.

89 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his 90 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

91 E. Notwithstanding § 33.1-252, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3) 92 may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without 93 paying a toll.

F. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following conditions shall be met 94 95 before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate Route 66 outside the Capital Beltway can be changed to 96 HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation:

97 1. The Department shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing designation and also 98 immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General Assembly representing 99 districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate Route 66. 100

2. The Department shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments from the public.

101 3. The Department shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on 102 public hearings and its internal data and present this finding to the Commonwealth Transportation Board 103 for approval.

4. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon 104 105 the following criteria:

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

107 b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitate 108 the flow of traffic on Interstate Route 66?

109 c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990? 110

111 G. [Repealed.]

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