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HOUSE BILL NO. 122

House Amendments in [] - February 15, 2010

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-3104 and 30-103 of the Code of Virginia, relating to conflicts of interests; prohibited conduct for state officers and employees and General Assembly members; lobbying after government service.*

Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Purkey

Referred to Committee on Rules

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That §§ 2.2-3104 and 30-103 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 2.2-3104. Prohibited conduct for certain officers and employees of state government.

In addition to the prohibitions contained in § 2.2-3103, no state officer or employee shall, during the ~~one year~~ *two years* after the termination of his public employment or service, represent a client or act in a representative capacity on behalf of any person or group, for compensation, on any matter before the agency of which he was an officer or employee [~~or any state executive or legislative branch agency or local government agency~~] .

For the purposes of this section, "state officer or employee" shall mean (i) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, and officers appointed by the Governor, whether confirmation by the General Assembly or by either house thereof is required or not, who are regularly employed on a full-time salaried basis; those officers and employees of executive branch agencies who report directly to the agency head; and those at the level immediately below those who report directly to the agency head and are at a payband 6 or higher and (ii) the officers and professional employees of the legislative branch designated by the joint rules committee of the General Assembly. For the purposes of this section, the General Assembly and the legislative branch agencies shall be deemed one agency.

The prohibitions of this section shall apply only to persons engaged in activities that would require registration as a lobbyist under § 2.2-422.

Any person subject to the provisions of this section may apply to the Attorney General, as provided in § 2.2-3126, for an advisory opinion as to the application of the restriction imposed by this section on any post-public employment position or opportunity.

§ 30-103. Prohibited conduct.

No legislator shall:

1. Solicit or accept money or other thing of value for services performed within the scope of his official duties, except the compensation, expenses or other remuneration paid to him by the General Assembly. This prohibition shall not apply to the acceptance of special benefits which may be authorized by law;

2. Offer or accept any money or other thing of value for or in consideration of obtaining employment, appointment, or promotion of any person with any governmental or advisory agency;

3. Offer or accept any money or other thing of value for or in consideration of the use of his public position to obtain a contract for any person or business with any governmental or advisory agency;

4. Use for his own economic benefit or that of another party confidential information which he has acquired by reason of his public position and which is not available to the public;

5. Accept any money, loan, gift, favor, service, or business or professional opportunity that reasonably tends to influence him in the performance of his official duties. This subdivision shall not apply to any political contribution actually used for political campaign or constituent service purposes and reported as required by Chapter 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) of Title 24.2;

6. Accept any business or professional opportunity when he knows that there is a reasonable likelihood that the opportunity is being afforded him to influence him in the performance of his official duties;

7. During the ~~one year~~ *two years* after the termination of his service as a legislator, represent a client or act in a representative capacity on behalf of any person or group, for compensation, on any matter before the General Assembly ~~or, any agency of the legislative branch of government [; any state executive branch agency, or any local government agency]~~ . The prohibitions of this subdivision shall apply only to persons engaged in activities that would require registration as a lobbyist under § 2.2-422. Any person subject to the provisions of this subdivision may apply to the Attorney General, as provided in § 30-122, for an advisory opinion as to the application of the restriction imposed by this subdivision on any post-public employment position or opportunity;

8. Accept any honoraria for any appearance, speech, or article in which the legislator provides

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59 expertise or opinions related to the performance of his official duties. The term "honoraria" shall not
60 include any payment for or reimbursement to such person for his actual travel, lodging, or subsistence
61 expenses incurred in connection with such appearance, speech, or article or in the alternative a payment
62 of money or anything of value not in excess of the per diem deduction allowable under § 162 of the
63 Internal Revenue Code, as amended from time to time;

64 9. Accept appointment to serve on a body or board of any corporation, company or other legal
65 entity, vested with the management of the corporation, company or entity, and on which two other
66 members of the General Assembly already serve, which is operated for profit and regulated by the State
67 Corporation Commission as (i) a financial institution, (ii) a mortgage lender or broker, (iii) any business
68 under Chapter 5 (§ 13.1-501 et seq.) of Title 13.1, (iv) any business under Title 38.2, or (v) any
69 business under Title 56;

70 10. Accept a gift from a person who has interests that may be substantially affected by the
71 performance of the legislator's official duties under circumstances where the timing and nature of the gift
72 would cause a reasonable person to question the legislator's impartiality in the matter affecting the
73 donor. Violations of this subdivision shall not be subject to criminal law penalties; or

74 11. Accept gifts from sources on a basis so frequent as to raise an appearance of the use of his
75 public office for private gain. Violations of this subdivision shall not be subject to criminal law
76 penalties.