2010 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-271.1, 46.2-320, and 53.1-131.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating
 3 to probation, education, rehabilitation of person charged with nonpayment of child support.

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Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That §§ 18.2-271.1, 46.2-320, and 53.1-131.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted

8 as follows:

9 § 18.2-271.1. Probation, education and rehabilitation of person charged or convicted; person 10 convicted under law of another state.

A. Any person convicted of a first or second offense of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv), or any 11 12 ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions thereof, or provisions of subsection A of 13 § 46.2-341.24, shall be required by court order, as a condition of probation or otherwise, to enter into 14 and successfully complete an alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge 15 is brought or in any other judicial district upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. However, upon motion of a person convicted of any such offense following an assessment of the person 16 17 conducted by an alcohol safety action program, the court, for good cause, may decline to order participation in such a program if the assessment by the alcohol safety action program indicates that 18 19 intervention is not appropriate for such person. In no event shall such persons be permitted to enter any such program which is not certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria established by the 20 21 Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to subsection H of this section and to § 18.2-271.2. However, any person charged with a violation of a first or second offense 22 23 of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv), or any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions 24 thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, may, at any time prior to trial, enter into an 25 alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other 26 judicial district.

27 B. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to 28 pay a fee of no less than \$250 but no more than \$300. A reasonable portion of such fee, as may be 29 determined by the Commission on VASAP, but not to exceed 10 percent, shall be forwarded monthly to 30 be deposited with the State Treasurer for expenditure by the Commission on VASAP, and the balance 31 shall be held in a separate fund for local administration of driver alcohol rehabilitation programs. Upon 32 a positive finding that the defendant is indigent, the court may reduce or waive the fee. In addition to 33 the costs of the proceeding, fees as may reasonably be required of defendants referred for intervention 34 under any such program may be charged.

C. Upon conviction of a violation of § 18.2-266 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to 35 the provisions thereof, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court shall impose the sentence authorized 36 37 by § 18.2-270 or § 46.2-341.28 and the license revocation as authorized by § 18.2-271. In addition, if the conviction was for a second offense committed within less than ten 10 years after a first such 38 39 offense, the court shall order that restoration of the person's license to drive be conditioned upon the 40 installation of an ignition interlock system on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or 41 registered to the person, in whole or in part, for a period of six months beginning at the end of the three 42 year license revocation, unless such a system has already been installed for six months prior to that time 43 pursuant to a restricted license order under subsection E of this section. Upon a finding that a person so 44 convicted is required to participate in the program described herein, the court shall enter the conviction 45 on the warrant, and shall note that the person so convicted has been referred to such program. The court may then proceed to issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section, if the court finds 46 47 that the person so convicted is eligible for a restricted license. If the court finds good cause for a person 48 not to participate in such program or subsequently that such person has violated, without good cause, 49 any of the conditions set forth by the court in entering the program, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered, in which event the revocation provisions of § 46.2-389 and 50 subsection A of § 46.2-391 shall be applicable to the conviction. The court shall, upon final disposition 51 52 of the case, send a copy of its order to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If such 53 order provides for the issuance of a restricted license, the Commissioner of the Department of Motor 54 Vehicles, upon receipt thereof, shall issue a restricted license. Appeals from any such disposition shall 55 be allowed as provided by law. The time within which an appeal may be taken shall be calculated from 56 the date of the final disposition of the case or any motion for rehearing, whichever is later.

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57 D. Any person who has been convicted in another state of the violation of a law of such state 58 substantially similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, and whose 59 privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this Commonwealth is subject to revocation under the provisions 60 of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of § 46.2-391, may petition the general district court of the county or city in which he resides that he be given probation and assigned to a program as provided in subsection 61 62 A of this section and that, upon entry into such program, he be issued an order in accordance with 63 subsection E of this section. If the court finds that such person would have qualified therefor if he had 64 been convicted in this Commonwealth of a violation of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the 65 court may grant the petition and may issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section as 66 to the period of license suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to § 46.2-389 or subsection A of 67 § 46.2-391. Such order shall be conditioned upon the successful completion of a program by the petitioner. If the court subsequently finds that such person has violated any of the conditions set forth by 68 the court, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered and shall notify the 69 70 Commissioner, who shall revoke the person's license in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-389 or 71 subsection A of § 46.2-391. A copy of the order granting the petition or subsequently revoking or suspending such person's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be forthwith sent to the Commissioner 72 73 of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

No period of license suspension or revocation shall be imposed pursuant to this subsection which, when considered together with any period of license suspension or revocation previously imposed for the same offense in any state, results in such person's license being suspended for a period in excess of the maximum periods specified in this subsection.

78 E. Except as otherwise provided herein, whenever a person enters a certified program pursuant to this 79 section, and such person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine or train in the Commonwealth has 80 been suspended or revoked, the court may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, provide that such person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle for any of the following purposes: (i) 81 82 travel to and from his place of employment; (ii) travel to and from an alcohol rehabilitation or safety 83 action program; (iii) travel during the hours of such person's employment if the operation of a motor vehicle is a necessary incident of such employment; (iv) travel to and from school if such person is a 84 85 student, upon proper written verification to the court that such person is enrolled in a continuing program of education; (v) travel for health care services, including medically necessary transportation of 86 87 an elderly parent or, as designated by the court, any person residing in the person's household with a 88 serious medical problem upon written verification of need by a licensed health professional; (vi) travel 89 necessary to transport a minor child under the care of such person to and from school, day care, and 90 facilities housing medical service providers; (vii) travel to and from court-ordered visitation with a child 91 of such person; (viii) travel to a screening, evaluation and education program entered pursuant to 92 § 18.2-251 or subsection H of § 18.2-258.1; Θ (ix) travel to and from court appearances in which he is 93 a subpoenaed witness or a party and appointments with his probation officer and to and from any programs required by the court or as a condition of probation; or (x) travel to and from appointments 94 95 approved by the Division of Child Support Enforcement of the Department of Social Services as a 96 requirement of participation in a court-ordered intensive case monitoring program for child support for 97 which the participant maintains written proof of the appointment, including written proof of the date 98 and time of the appointment, on his person. No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall 99 permit any person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's 100 License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). The court shall order the surrender of such person's license to operate 101 a motor vehicle to be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-398 and shall forward to 102 the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of its order entered pursuant to this subsection, which shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information 103 104 regarding the person to whom such a permit is issued as is reasonably necessary to identify such person. 105 The court shall also provide a copy of its order to the person so convicted who may operate a motor 106 vehicle on the order until receipt from the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles of a 107 restricted license, if the order provides for a restricted license for that time period. A copy of such order 108 and, after receipt thereof, the restricted license shall be carried at all times while operating a motor 109 vehicle. Any person who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to 110 this section shall be guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272. Such restricted license shall be conditioned upon 111 enrollment within 15 days in, and successful completion of, a program as described in subsection A of this section. No restricted license shall be issued during the first four months of a revocation imposed 112 113 pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 for a second offense of the type 114 described therein committed within 10 years of a first such offense. No restricted license shall be issued during the first year of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of 115 § 46.2-391 for a second offense of the type described therein committed within five years of a first such 116 offense. No restricted license shall be issued during any revocation period imposed pursuant to 117

subsection C of § 18.2-271 or subsection B of § 46.2-391. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-411, 118 119 the fee charged pursuant to § 46.2-411 for reinstatement of the driver's license of any person whose privilege or license has been suspended or revoked as a result of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A 120 121 of § 46.2-341.24 or of any ordinance of a county, city or town, or of any federal law or the laws of any 122 other state similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 shall be \$105. Forty 123 dollars of such reinstatement fee shall be retained by the Department of Motor Vehicles as provided in 124 § 46.2-411, \$40 shall be transferred to the Commission on VASAP, and \$25 shall be transferred to the 125 Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Trust Fund.

126 F. The court shall have jurisdiction over any person entering such program under any provision of this section until such time as the case has been disposed of by either successful completion of the 127 128 program, or revocation due to ineligibility or violation of a condition or conditions imposed by the 129 court, whichever shall first occur. Revocation proceedings shall be commenced by notice to show cause 130 why the court should not revoke the privilege afforded by this section. Such notice shall be made by first-class mail to the last known address of such person, and shall direct such person to appear before 131 132 the court in response thereto on a date contained in such notice, which shall not be less than 10 days 133 from the date of mailing of the notice. Failure to appear in response to such notice shall of itself be 134 grounds for revocation of such privilege. Notice of revocation under this subsection shall be sent 135 forthwith to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

136 G. For the purposes of this section, any court which has convicted a person of a violation of 137 § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the 138 provisions of § 18.2-266 shall have continuing jurisdiction over such person during any period of license 139 revocation related to that conviction, for the limited purposes of (i) referring such person to a certified 140 alcohol safety action program, (ii) providing for a restricted permit for such person in accordance with 141 the provisions of subsection E, and (iii) imposing terms, conditions and limitations for actions taken 142 pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii), whether or not it took either such action at the time of the conviction. 143 This continuing jurisdiction is subject to the limitations of subsection E that provide that no restricted 144 license shall be issued during a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or subsection 145 B of § 46.2-391 or during the first four months or first year, whichever is applicable, of the revocation 146 imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. The provisions of this 147 subsection shall apply to a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 148 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 on, after and at any 149 time prior to July 1, 2003.

H. The State Treasurer, the Commission on VASAP or any city or county is authorized to accept any gifts or bequests of money or property, and any grant, loan, service, payment or property from any source, including the federal government, for the purpose of driver alcohol education. Any such gifts, bequests, grants, loans or payments shall be deposited in the separate fund provided in subsection B.

154 I. The Commission on VASAP, or any county, city, town, or any combination thereof may establish 155 and, if established, shall operate, in accordance with the standards and criteria required by this 156 subsection, alcohol safety action programs in connection with highway safety. Each such program shall operate under the direction of a local independent policy board chosen in accordance with procedures 157 approved and promulgated by the Commission on VASAP. Local sitting or retired district court judges 158 159 who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local 160 alcohol safety action programs may serve on such boards. The Commission on VASAP shall establish 161 minimum standards and criteria for the implementation and operation of such programs and shall 162 establish procedures to certify all such programs to ensure that they meet the minimum standards and 163 criteria stipulated by the Commission. The Commission shall also establish criteria for the administration 164 of such programs for public information activities, for accounting procedures, for the auditing requirements of such programs and for the allocation of funds. Funds paid to the Commonwealth 165 hereunder shall be utilized in the discretion of the Commission on VASAP to offset the costs of state 166 167 programs and local programs run in conjunction with any county, city or town and costs incurred by the 168 Commission. The Commission shall submit an annual report as to actions taken at the close of each calendar year to the Governor and the General Assembly. 169

J. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of § 18.2-271, nothing in this section shall
permit the court to suspend, reduce, limit, or otherwise modify any disqualification from operating a
commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License
Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

174 § 46.2-320. Other grounds for refusal or suspension.

A. The Department may refuse to grant an application for a driver's license in any of the circumstances set forth in § 46.2-608 as circumstances justifying the refusal of an application for the registration of a motor vehicle. The Department may refuse to issue or reissue a driver's license for the willful failure or refusal to pay any taxes or fees required to be collected or authorized to be collected.

179 by the Department.

180 B. The Commissioner may enter into an agreement with the Department of Social Services whereby 181 the Department may suspend or refuse to renew the driver's license of any person upon receipt of notice 182 from the Department of Social Services that the person (i) is delinquent in the payment of child support 183 by ninety 90 days or more or in an amount of \$5,000 or more or (ii) has failed to comply with a 184 subpoena, summons or warrant relating to paternity or child support proceedings. A suspension or 185 refusal to renew authorized pursuant to this section shall not be effective until thirty 30 days after 186 service on the delinquent obligor of notice of intent to suspend or refuse to renew. The notice of intent 187 shall be served on the obligor by the Department of Social Services (i) by certified mail, return receipt 188 requested, sent to the obligor's last known addresses as shown in the records of the Department or the 189 Department of Social Services or (ii) pursuant to § 8.01-296, or (iii) service may be waived by the 190 obligor in accordance with procedures established by the Department of Social Services. The obligor 191 shall be entitled to a judicial hearing if a request for a hearing is made, in writing, to the Department of 192 Social Services within ten 10 days from service of the notice of intent. Upon receipt of the request for a 193 hearing, the Department of Social Services shall petition the court that entered or is enforcing the order, requesting a hearing on the proposed suspension or refusal to renew. The court shall authorize the 194 195 suspension or refusal to renew only if it finds that the obligor's noncompliance with the child support 196 order was willful. Upon a showing by the Department of Social Services that the obligor is delinquent 197 in the payment of child support by ninety 90 days or more or in an amount of \$5,000 or more, the 198 burden of proving that the delinquency was not willful shall rest upon the obligor. The Department shall 199 not suspend or refuse to renew the driver's license until a final determination is made by the court.

200 C. At any time after service of a notice of intent, the person may petition the juvenile and domestic 201 relations district court in the jurisdiction where he resides for the issuance of a restricted license to be 202 used if the suspension or refusal to renew becomes effective. Upon such petition and a finding of good 203 cause, the court may provide that such person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle 204 for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1. A restricted license issued pursuant to 205 this subsection shall not permit any person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4. The court shall order the surrender of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle, to be 206 207 disposed of in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-398, and shall forward to the Commissioner a 208 copy of its order entered pursuant to this subsection. The order shall specifically enumerate the 209 restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the person to whom such a permit is issued 210 as is reasonably necessary to identify him.

211 D. The Department shall not renew a driver's license or terminate a license suspension imposed 212 pursuant to this section until it has received from the Department of Social Services a certification that 213 the person has (i) paid the delinquency in $full_{\tau}$; (ii) reached an agreement with the Department of Social 214 Services to satisfy the delinquency within a period not to exceed ten 10 years and at least one payment, representing at least five percent of the total delinquency or \$500, whichever is greater, has been made 215 216 pursuant to the agreement, or; (iii) complied with a subpoena, summons or warrant relating to a 217 paternity or child support proceeding; or (iv) completed or is successfully participating in an intensive 218 case monitoring program for child support ordered by a juvenile and domestic relations district court 219 for noncustodial parents, as determined by the court. Certification by the Department of Social Services 220 shall be made by electronic or telephonic communication and shall be made on the same work day that 221 payment required by clause (i) or (ii) is made.

\$ 53.1-131.2. Assignment to a home/electronic incarceration program; payment to defray costs;
 escape; penalty.

224 A. Any court having jurisdiction for the trial of a person charged with a criminal offense, a traffic 225 offense or an offense under Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20, or failure to pay child support 226 pursuant to a court order may, if the defendant is convicted and sentenced to confinement in a state or 227 local correctional facility, and if it appears to the court that such an offender is a suitable candidate for 228 home/electronic incarceration, assign the offender to a home/electronic incarceration program as a 229 condition of probation, if such program exists, under the supervision of the sheriff, the administrator of 230 a local or regional jail, or a Department of Corrections probation and parole district office established 231 pursuant to § 53.1-141. However, any offender who is convicted of any of the following violations of 232 Chapter 4 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Title 18.2 shall not be eligible for participation in the home/electronic 233 incarceration program: (i) first and second degree murder and voluntary manslaughter under Article 1 234 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.); (ii) mob-related felonies under Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.); (iii) any kidnapping or 235 abduction felony under Article 3 (§ 18.2-47 et seq.); (iv) any malicious felonious assault or malicious 236 bodily wounding under Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.); (v) robbery under § 18.2-58.1; or (vi) any criminal 237 sexual assault punishable as a felony under Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.). The court may further authorize 238 the offender's participation in work release employment or educational or other rehabilitative programs 239 as defined in § 53.1-131 or, as appropriate, in a court-ordered intensive case monitoring program for

240 *child support.* The court shall be notified in writing by the director or administrator of the program to 241 which the offender is assigned of the offender's place of home/electronic incarceration, place of 242 employment, and the location of any educational or rehabilitative program in which the offender 243 participates.

244 B. In any city or county in which a home/electronic incarceration program established pursuant to 245 this section is available, the court, subject to approval by the sheriff or the jail superintendent of a local 246 or regional jail, may assign the accused to such a program pending trial if it appears to the court that 247 the accused is a suitable candidate for home/electronic incarceration.

248 C. Any person who has been sentenced to jail or convicted and sentenced to confinement in prison 249 but is actually serving his sentence in jail, after notice to the attorney for the Commonwealth of the 250 convicting jurisdiction, may be assigned by the sheriff to a home/electronic incarceration program under 251 the supervision of the sheriff, the administrator of a local or regional jail, or a Department of Corrections probation and parole office established pursuant to § 53.1-141. However, if the offender 252 253 violates any provision of the terms of the home/electronic incarceration agreement, the offender may 254 have the assignment revoked and, if revoked, shall be held in the jail facility to which he was originally 255 sentenced. Such person shall be eligible if his term of confinement does not include a sentence for a 256 conviction of a felony violent crime, a felony sexual offense, burglary or manufacturing, selling, giving, 257 distributing or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute a Schedule I or 258 Schedule II controlled substance. The court shall retain authority to remove the offender from such 259 home/electronic incarceration program. The court which sentenced the offender shall be notified in 260 writing by the sheriff or the administrator of a local or regional jail of the offender's place of 261 home/electronic incarceration and place of employment or other rehabilitative program.

262 D. The Board may prescribe regulations to govern home/electronic incarceration programs.

263 E. Any offender or accused assigned to such a program by the court or sheriff who, without proper 264 authority or just cause, leaves his place of home/electronic incarceration, the area to which he has been 265 assigned to work or attend educational or other rehabilitative programs, *including a court-ordered* 266 intensive case monitoring program for child support, or the vehicle or route of travel involved in his going to or returning from such place, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. An offender or accused who 267 268 is found guilty of a violation of this section shall be ineligible for further participation in a 269 home/electronic incarceration program during his current term of confinement.

270 F. The director or administrator of a home/electronic incarceration program who also operates a 271 residential program may remove an offender from a home/electronic incarceration program and place 272 him in such residential program if the offender commits a noncriminal program violation. The court 273 shall be notified of the violation and of the placement of the offender in the residential program.

274 G. The director or administrator of a home/electronic incarceration program shall charge the offender 275 or accused a fee for participating in the program to pay for the cost of home/electronic incarceration equipment. The offender or accused shall be required to pay the program for any damage to the 276 277 equipment which is in his possession or for failure to return the equipment to the program.

278 H. Any wages earned by an offender or accused assigned to a home/electronic incarceration program 279 and participating in work release shall be paid to the director or administrator after standard payroll deductions required by law. Distribution of the money collected shall be made in the following order of 280 281 priority to:

282 1. Meet the obligation of any judicial or administrative order to provide support and such funds shall 283 be disbursed according to the terms of such order;

284 2. Pay any fines, restitution or costs as ordered by the court:

285 3. Pay travel and other such expenses made necessary by his work release employment or participation in an education or rehabilitative program, including the sums specified in § 53.1-150; and 286 287

4. Defray the offender's keep.

288 The balance shall be credited to the offender's account or sent to his family in an amount the 289 offender so chooses.

290 The Board of Corrections shall promulgate regulations governing the receipt of wages paid to persons participating in such programs, the withholding of payments and the disbursement of appropriate 291 292 funds.

293 I. For the purposes of this section, "sheriff" means the sheriff of the jurisdiction where the person 294 charged with the criminal offense was convicted and sentenced, provided that the sheriff may designate 295 a deputy sheriff or regional jail administrator to assign offenders to home/electronic incarceration 296 programs pursuant to this section.