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# **SENATE BILL NO. 450**

Offered January 13, 2010 Prefiled January 13, 2010

A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-585.2:1, relating to the renewable energy portfolio standard program.

## Patrons—Whipple and Petersen

## Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

#### 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

#### That § 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of 11 1. 12 Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered § 56-585.2:1, as follows:

§ 56-585.2. Sale of electricity from renewable sources through a renewable energy portfolio standard 13 14 program. 15

A. As used in this section:

"Renewable energy" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in § 56-576, provided such renewable 16 energy is (i) generated or purchased in the Commonwealth or in the interconnection region of the 17 regional transmission entity of which the participating utility is a member, as it may change from time 18 to time; (ii) generated by a public utility providing electric service in the Commonwealth from a facility 19 20 in which the public utility owns at least a 49 percent interest and that is located in a control area 21 adjacent to such interconnection region; or (iii) represented by certificates issued by an affiliate of such 22 regional transmission entity, or any successor to such affiliate, and held or acquired by such utility, 23 which validate the generation of renewable energy by eligible sources in such region. "Renewable 24 energy" shall not include electricity generated from pumped storage, but shall include run-of-river 25 generation from a combined pumped-storage and run-of-river facility.

"Total electric energy sold in the base year" means total electric energy sold to Virginia jurisdictional 26 27 retail customers by a participating utility in calendar year 2007, excluding an amount equivalent to the 28 average of the annual percentages of the electric energy that was supplied to such customers from 29 nuclear generating plants for the calendar years 2004 through 2006.

30 B. Any Each investor-owned incumbent electric utility may apply to the Commission for approval to shall participate in a renewable energy portfolio standard program, as defined in this section. The 31 Commission shall approve such application if the applicant demonstrates that it has a reasonable 32 33 expectation of achieving 12 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy sources 34 during calendar year 2022, and 15 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy 35 sources during calendar year 2025, as provided in subsection D.

36 C. It is in the public interest for utilities to achieve the goals set forth in subsection D, such goals 37 being referred to herein as "RPS Goals". Accordingly, the Commission, in addition to providing 38 recovery of incremental RPS program costs pursuant to subsection E, shall increase the fair combined 39 rate of return on common equity for each utility participating in such program by a single Performance 40 Incentive, as defined in subdivision A 2 of § 56-585.1, of 50 basis points whenever the utility attains an RPS Goal established in subsection D. Such Performance Incentive shall first be used in the calculation 41 42 of a fair combined rate of return for the purposes of the immediately succeeding biennial review conducted pursuant to § 56-585.1 after any such RPS Goal is attained, and shall remain in effect if the 43 utility continues to meet the RPS Goals established in this section through and including the third 44 45 succeeding biennial review conducted thereafter. Any such Performance Incentive, if implemented, shall 46 be in lieu of any other Performance Incentive reducing or increasing such utility's fair combined rate of 47 return on common equity for the same time periods. However, if the utility receives any other Performance Incentive increasing its fair combined rate of return on common equity by more than 50 48 49 basis points, the utility shall be entitled to such other Performance Incentive in lieu of this Performance Incentive during the term of such other Performance Incentive. A utility shall receive double credit 50 51 toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from sunlight or from wind.

52 D. To qualify for the Performance Incentive established in subsection C, the total electric energy sold 53 by a utility to meet the RPS Goals shall be composed of the following amounts of electric energy from 54 renewable energy sources, as adjusted for any sales volumes lost through operation of the customer 55 choice provisions of subdivision A 3 or A 4 of § 56-577: 56

RPS Goal I: In calendar year 2010, 4 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year.

RPS Goal II: For calendar years 2011 through 2015, inclusive, an average of 4 percent of total 57 58 electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2016, 7 percent of total electric energy sold in **SB450** 

**59** the base year.

RPS Goal III: For calendar years 2017 through 2021, inclusive, an average of 7 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2022, 12 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year.

63 RPS Goal IV: For calendar years 2023 and 2024, inclusive, an average of 12 percent of total electric
64 energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2025, 15 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year.

A utility may apply renewable energy sales achieved or renewable energy certificates acquired during
the periods covered by any such RPS Goal that are in excess of the sales requirement for that RPS Goal
to the sales requirements for any future RPS Goal.

E. A utility participating in such program shall have the right to recover all incremental costs 69 70 incurred for the purpose of such participation in such program, as accrued against income, through rate 71 adjustment clauses as provided in subdivisions A 5 and A 6 of § 56-585.1, including, but not limited to, 72 administrative costs, ancillary costs, capacity costs, costs of energy represented by certificates described 73 in subsection A, and, in the case of construction of renewable energy generation facilities, allowance for 74 funds used during construction until such time as an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to 75 subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1, on construction work in progress is included in rates, projected 76 construction work in progress, planning, development and construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs 77 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to 78 subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1. All incremental costs of the RPS program shall be allocated to and 79 recovered from the utility's customer classes based on the demand created by the class and within the 80 class based on energy used by the individual customer in the class, except that the incremental costs of 81 the RPS program shall not be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large industrial rate classes of the participating utilities and that are served at primary or transmission voltage. 82

83 F. A utility participating in such program shall apply towards meeting its RPS Goals any renewable 84 energy from existing renewable energy sources owned by the participating utility or purchased as 85 allowed by contract at no additional cost to customers to the extent feasible. A utility participating in 86 such program shall not apply towards meeting its RPS Goals renewable energy certificates attributable to 87 any renewable energy generated at a renewable energy generation source in operation as of July 1, 2007, 88 that is operated by a person that is served within a utility's large industrial rate class and that is served 89 at primary or transmission voltage. A participating utility shall be required to fulfill any remaining 90 deficit needed to fulfill its RPS Goals from new renewable energy supplies at reasonable cost and in a 91 prudent manner to be determined by the Commission at the time of approval of any application made 92 pursuant to subsection B. Utilities participating in such program shall collectively, either through the 93 installation of new generating facilities, through retrofit of existing facilities or through purchases of electricity from new facilities located in Virginia, use or cause to be used no more than a total of 1.5 94 95 million tons per year of green wood chips, bark, sawdust, a tree or any portion of a tree which is used or can be used for lumber and pulp manufacturing by facilities located in Virginia, towards meeting 96 97 RPS goals, excluding such fuel used at electric generating facilities using wood as fuel prior to January 98 1, 2007. A Each utility with an approved application shall be allocated a portion of the 1.5 million tons 99 per year in proportion to its share of the total electric energy sold in the base year, as defined in 100 subsection A, for all utilities participating in the RPS program. A utility may use in meeting RPS goals, 101 without limitation, the following sustainable biomass and biomass based waste to energy resources: mill 102 residue, except wood chips, sawdust and bark; pre-commercial soft wood thinning; slash; logging and 103 construction debris; brush; yard waste; shipping crates; dunnage; non-merchantable waste paper; landscape or right-of-way tree trimmings; agricultural and vineyard materials; grain; legumes; sugar; and 104 105 gas produced from the anaerobic decomposition of animal waste.

G. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement
 the provisions of this section including a requirement that participants verify whether the RPS goals are
 met in accordance with this section.

H. Each investor-owned incumbent electric utility shall report to the Commission annually by
November 1 on (i) its efforts, if any, to meet the RPS Goals, (ii) its overall generation of renewable
energy, and (iii) advances in renewable generation technology that affect activities described in clauses
(i) and (ii).

113 I. If, after notice and comment, the Commission determines that a participating utility has failed to 114 meet the RPS Goals, the Commission shall require the utility to pay a noncompliance payment into the 115 Virginia Sustainable Energy Fund, established pursuant to § 56-585.2:1. This payment (i) shall not 116 constitute a recoverable cost, (ii) shall be an amount that will encourage future compliance with RPS 117 Goals, and (iii) shall not be an amount less than the end-of-year market price for the equivalent 118 renewable energy certificates needed to achieve RPS Goal compliance for the calendar year.

**119** § 56-585.2:1. Virginia Sustainable Energy Fund established.

**120** There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia

Sustainable Energy Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the 121 books of the Comptroller. All noncompliance payments collected by the Commission pursuant to 122 123 subsection I of § 56-585.2 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned 124 on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the 125 Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of increasing the 126 amount of electric energy generated from renewable energy resources and for energy efficiency programs. The moneys may be distributed to existing programs in the Commonwealth administered by 127 128 129 agencies, political subdivisions, and universities. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be 130 made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the

**131** Commission or its designee.