2010 SESSION

	10100956D			
1	SENATE BILL NO. 150			
1 2 3	Offered January 13, 2010			
3	Prefiled January 11, 2010			
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-576 and 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to rate recovery			
5	for energy efficiency programs.			
6	Detrong Stuart Hurt Mortin Nouman Northam Obanshain Detargon Quayla Buff Smith Stage			
	Patrons—Stuart, Hurt, Martin, Newman, Northam, Obenshain, Petersen, Quayle, Ruff, Smith, Stosch, Wagner and Watkins			
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8	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor			
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:			
11	1. That §§ 56-576 and 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:			
12 13	§ 56-576. Definitions.			
13 14				
15	"Affiliate" means any person that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with an electric utility.			
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18	or on behalf of, two or more retail customers not controlled by or under common control with such			
19	person. The following activities shall not, in and of themselves, make a person an aggregator under this			
20	chapter: (i) furnishing legal services to two or more retail customers, suppliers or aggregators; (ii)			
21	furnishing educational, informational, or analytical services to two or more retail customers, unless direct			
22 23	or indirect compensation for such services is paid by an aggregator or supplier of electric energy; (iii) furnishing educational, informational, or analytical services to two or more suppliers or aggregators; (iv)			
23 24	providing default service under § 56-585; (v) engaging in activities of a retail electric energy supplier,			
$\frac{2}{25}$	licensed pursuant to § 56-587, which are authorized by such supplier's license; and (vi) engaging in			
26	actions of a retail customer, in common with one or more other such retail customers, to issue a request			
27	for proposal or to negotiate a purchase of electric energy for consumption by such retail customers.			
28	"Combined heat and power" means a method of using waste heat from electrical generation to offset			
29	traditional processes, space heating, air conditioning, or refrigeration.			
30	"Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.			
31 32	"Cooperative" means a utility formed under or subject to Chapter 9.1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of this title.			
32 33	"Covered entity" means a provider in the Commonwealth of an electric service not subject to			
34	competition but shall not include default service providers.			
35	"Covered transaction" means an acquisition, merger, or consolidation of, or other transaction			
36	involving stock, securities, voting interests or assets by which one or more persons obtains control of a			
37	covered entity.			
38	"Curtailment" means inducing retail customers to reduce load during times of peak demand so as to			
39 40	ease the burden on the electrical grid.			
40 41	"Customer choice" means the opportunity for a retail customer in the Commonwealth to purchase electric energy from any supplier licensed and seeking to sell electric energy to that customer.			
42	"Demand response" means measures aimed at shifting time of use of electricity from peak-use			
43	periods to times of lower demand by inducing retail customers to curtail electricity usage during periods			
44	of congestion and higher prices in the electrical grid.			
45	"Distribute," "distributing," or "distribution of" electric energy means the transfer of electric energy			
46	through a retail distribution system to a retail customer.			
47	"Distributor" means a person owning, controlling, or operating a retail distribution system to provide			
48 49	electric energy directly to retail customers. "Electric utility" means any person that generates, transmits, or distributes electric energy for use by			
50	retail customers in the Commonwealth, including any investor-owned electric utility, cooperative electric			
51	utility, or electric utility owned or operated by a municipality.			
52	"Energy efficiency program" means a program that reduces the total amount of electricity that is			
53	required for the same process or activity implemented after the expiration of capped rates. Energy			
54	efficiency programs include equipment, physical, or program change designed to produce measured and			
55	verified reductions in the amount of electricity required to perform the same function and produce the			
56 57	same or a similar outcome. Energy efficiency programs may include, but are not limited to, (i) programs			
57	that result in improvements in lighting design, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems,			

58 appliances, building envelopes, and industrial and commercial processes; and (ii) measures, such as but 59 not limited to the installation of advanced meters, implemented or installed by utilities, that reduce fuel 60 use or losses of electricity and otherwise improve internal operating efficiency in generation, 61 transmission, and distribution systems. Energy efficiency programs include demand response, combined 62 heat and power and waste heat recovery, curtailment, or other programs that are designed to reduce 63 electricity consumption so long as they reduce the total amount of electricity that is required for the 64 same process or activity. Utilities shall be authorized to install and operate such advanced metering technology and equipment on a customer's premises; however, nothing in this chapter establishes a 65 requirement that an energy efficiency program be implemented on a customer's premises and be 66 connected to a customer's wiring on the customer's side of the inter-connection without the customer's 67 68 expressed consent. 69

"Generate," "generating," or "generation of" electric energy means the production of electric energy. "Generator" means a person owning, controlling, or operating a facility that produces electric energy 70 71 for sale.

72 "Incumbent electric utility" means each electric utility in the Commonwealth that, prior to July 1, 73 1999, supplied electric energy to retail customers located in an exclusive service territory established by 74 the Commission.

75 "Independent system operator" means a person that may receive or has received, by transfer pursuant 76 to this chapter, any ownership or control of, or any responsibility to operate, all or part of the 77 transmission systems in the Commonwealth.

"Measured and verified" means a process determined pursuant to methods accepted for use by 78 utilities and industries to measure, verify, and validate energy savings and peak demand savings. This may include the protocol established by the United States Department of Energy, Office of Federal 79 80 Energy Management Programs, Measurement and Verification Guidance for Federal Energy Projects, 81 82 measurement and verification standards developed by the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration 83 and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE), or engineering-based estimates of energy and demand savings associated with specific energy efficiency measures, as determined by the Commission. 84

85 "Municipality" means a city, county, town, authority, or other political subdivision of the 86 Commonwealth.

87 "Peak-shaving" means measures aimed solely at shifting time of use of electricity from peak-use 88 periods to times of lower demand by inducing retail customers to curtail electricity usage during periods 89 of congestion and higher prices in the electrical grid.

90 "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, company, business, trust, joint 91 venture, or other private legal entity, and the Commonwealth or any municipality.

92 "Renewable energy" means energy derived from sunlight, wind, falling water, biomass, sustainable or otherwise, (the definitions of which shall be liberally construed), energy from waste, municipal solid 93 94 waste, wave motion, tides, and geothermal power, and does not include energy derived from coal, oil, 95 natural gas or nuclear power. Renewable energy shall also include the proportion of the thermal or electric energy from a facility that results from the co-firing of biomass. 96

97 "Retail customer" means any person that purchases retail electric energy for its own consumption at 98 one or more metering points or nonmetered points of delivery located in the Commonwealth.

99 "Retail electric energy" means electric energy sold for ultimate consumption to a retail customer.

100 "Revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs" means reductions in the collection of 101 total non-fuel revenues, previously authorized by the Commission to be recovered from customers by a utility, that occur due to measured and verified decreased consumption of electricity caused by energy 102 efficiency programs approved by the Commission and implemented by the utility, less the amount by 103 which such non-fuel reductions in total revenues have been mitigated through other program-related 104 factors, including reductions in variable operating expenses. 105

"Supplier" means any generator, distributor, aggregator, broker, marketer, or other person who offers 106 107 to sell or sells electric energy to retail customers and is licensed by the Commission to do so, but it 108 does not mean a generator that produces electric energy exclusively for its own consumption or the 109 consumption of an affiliate.

"Supply" or "supplying" electric energy means the sale of or the offer to sell electric energy to a 110 retail customer. 111

112 "Transmission of," "transmit," or "transmitting" electric energy means the transfer of electric energy 113 through the Commonwealth's interconnected transmission grid from a generator to either a distributor or 114 a retail customer.

"Transmission system" means those facilities and equipment that are required to provide for the 115 116 transmission of electric energy.

§ 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or expire. 117

A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 118 119 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation,

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distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 120 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title, except as 121 122 modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common 123 equity applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission 124 may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such 125 return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities 126 and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by 127 not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 128 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 129 130 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 131 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 132 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 133 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 134 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 135 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 136 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 137 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 138 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 139 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 140 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 141 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 142 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 143 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) 144 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 145 146 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 147 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer 148 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 149 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 150 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 151 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 152 153 provisions:

154 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 155 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall 156 utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission 157 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive 158 159 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings 160 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 161 162 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 163 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a 164 Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

165 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
166 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
167 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall
first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of
the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the
group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In
its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer
group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an

181 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 182 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 183 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 184 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal 185 186 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 187 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not 188 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

c. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points
based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as
compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such
purposes, such action being referred to in this section as a Performance Incentive. If the Commission
adopts such Performance Incentive, it shall remain in effect without change until the next biennial
review for such utility is concluded and shall not be modified pursuant to any provision of the
remainder of this subsection.

196 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 197 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 198 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 199 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 200 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 201 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 202 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 203 be made without regard to any Performance Incentive adopted by the Commission, or any enhanced rate 204 of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional 205 analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric 206 207 utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were 208 209 utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that use of the Current Return for the 210 211 Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, 212 213 for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the 214 increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States 215 216 Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision: 217

218 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
219 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
220 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
221 Return for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required forany Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

f. The determination of such returns, including the determination of whether to adopt a Performance
Incentive and the amount thereof, shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
facilities described in subdivision 6.

g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by both the generation and distribution
services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined, such combined
return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

240 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011,
241 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
242 applications (20 VAC 5-200-30); however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial

243 reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, then Phase I utilities shall commence biennial filings in 244 2011 and Phase II utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two 245 successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately 246 247 and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines 248 that rates should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any 249 rate adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5 or those related to 250 facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with 251 the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate 252 adjustment clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's 253 costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate 254 revisions or credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as 255 herein specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments 256 for the purposes of future biennial review proceedings.

257 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 258 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 259 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 260 Regulatory Commission and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response 261 programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 262 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the 263 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the 264 Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 265 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 266 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 267 268 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

269 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
270 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
271 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of
§ 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that
comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public
interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

280 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 281 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of 282 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 283 subdivision A 2 of this section. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the 284 program will result in a net cost savings to customers after a reasonable period of time and such 285 program is in the public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the 286 utility, shall allow for the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The 287 Commission shall only allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been recovered through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that 288 289 are directly attributable to energy efficiency programs.

290 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 291 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more 292 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy 293 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such 294 295 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a 296 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. 297 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general 298 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other 299 regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009, 300 301 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service 302 customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by 303 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied

304 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the 305 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 306 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of 307 308 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be 309 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its 310 own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly 311 312 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service 313 customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond 314 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the 315 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant 316 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 317 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2; and

322 e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with 323 state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the 324 utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs 325 are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations. If the Commission determines it 326 would be just, reasonable, and in the public interest, the Commission may include the enhanced rate of 327 return on common equity prescribed in subdivision 6 in a rate adjustment clause approved hereunder for 328 a project whose purpose is to reduce the need for construction of new generation facilities by enabling 329 the continued operation of existing generation facilities. In the event the Commission includes such 330 enhanced return in such rate adjustment clause, the project that is the subject of such clause shall be 331 treated as a facility described in subdivision 6 for the purposes of this section.

332 The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any333 adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

334 6. To ensure a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the utility's projected native load 335 obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, after the expiration or 336 termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for 337 recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation 338 facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth, as 339 described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's 340 service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, or (iii) one or more major unit modifications of generation facilities; however, such a petition concerning facilities described in clause 341 342 (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a 343 Phase I utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination 344 of capped rates. A utility that constructs any such facility shall have the right to recover the costs of the 345 facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, 346 and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and 347 construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive 348 to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below. 349 The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for 350 funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date the facility begins commercial 351 operation. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used 352 during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility 353 and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the 354 facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the 355 Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the 356 range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and 357 shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the 358 energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the 359 facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of 360 return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date the facility begins commercial operation, and 361 such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by 362 363 adding the basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such 364 365 enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause.

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366 No change shall be made to any Performance Incentive previously adopted by the Commission in 367 implementing any rate of return under this subdivision. Allowance for funds used during construction 368 shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of 369 capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this 370 subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any 371 facility described in clause (i) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such 372 facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The basis points to be added 373 to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on common equity, and the 374 first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall be applied, shall 375 vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

376 Type of Generation Facility Basis Points First Portion of Service Life 377

378 379	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
380 381 382	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
383 384	Renewable powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
385 386	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion	100	Between 10 and 20 years

387 turbine

388 Generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines shall not
receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described herein, but instead shall receive the
utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the facility and, thereafter, for the entire
service life of the facility.

For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

397 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial 398 review conducted for a Phase II utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all 399 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 400 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 401 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 402 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 403 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 404 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 405 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 406 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 407 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 408 subdivision.

409 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 410 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 411 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to clause (a) of 412 413 subdivision 5, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or 414 415 until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any 416 costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or 417 during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 418 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear 419 power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled 420 facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until 421 the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate 422 adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivisions 4, 5 or 6 shall be deferred beginning 423 only upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act 424 425 shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory

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426 Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P
427 61,012 (2004). The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5 or
428 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the
429 date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate
430 adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or
431 upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

8. If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

433 (i) The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution 434 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 435 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order 436 437 increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of return, using the most recently 438 439 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of the rate increase necessary. 440 However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds that the resulting rates will 441 provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in 442 443 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect 444 to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis 445 for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the 446 amount thereof;

447 (ii) The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 448 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution 449 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 450 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to 451 the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more 452 than 50 basis points above such fair combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, 453 considered as a whole, shall be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective 454 455 date of the Commission's order, and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship 456 between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same 457 relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

458 (iii) Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during 459 the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in 460 461 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect 462 to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 463 and in addition to the actions authorized in clause (ii) of this subdivision, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it 464 465 finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and 466 467 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 468 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 469 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate reduction under 470 the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than nine
months after the end of the test period, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect
not more than 60 days after the date of the order.

474 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 475 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 476 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 477 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 478 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 479 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 480 points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as 481 determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined 482 with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate regulated rates of such 483 utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the annual increases in the 484 United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, compounded annually, 485 when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as determined pursuant to the 486 487 biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds that such action is

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488 not in the public interest or that the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of subdivision 8 are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of subdivision 8. Any such credits shall be amortized and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by clause (ii) of subdivision 8. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to clause (i) of
subdivision 8; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate
increase applications (20 VAC 5-200-30), as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009;
and (v) base rates in effect as of July 1, 2009.

506 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 507 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital 508 structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of 509 such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt 510 to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant 511 to clauses (i) and (iii) of subdivision 8, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 512 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 513 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 514 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 515 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 516 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any 517 518 consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 519 affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications (20 VAC 5-200-30); however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity
shall be determined pursuant to subdivision 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's
recovery of fuel and purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

525 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the
526 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation,
527 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the
528 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title, including specifically § 56-235.2.

529 D. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Commission from determining, during any proceeding 530 authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected 531 to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the 532 Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the 533 Commission's authority to determine the reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to 534 the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title.

E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implementthe provisions of this section.