2010 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 122

Offered January 13, 2010

Prefiled January 6, 2010 A BILL to amend and reenact § 46.2-301.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to impoundment of motor vehicles.

Patron—Petersen

Referred to Committee on Transportation

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11

1. That § 46.2-301.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 46.2-301.1. Administrative impoundment of motor vehicle for certain driving while license 12 13 suspended or revoked offenses; judicial impoundment upon conviction; penalty for permitting violation 14 with one's vehicle.

15 A. The motor vehicle being driven by any person (i) whose driver's license, learner's permit or 16 privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked for a violation of § 18.2-51.4 or driving while under the influence in violation of § 18.2-266, 46.2-341.24 or a substantially similar 17 18 ordinance or law in any other jurisdiction; (ii) driving after adjudication as an habitual offender, where such adjudication was based in whole or in part on an alcohol-related offense, or where such person's 19 20 license has been administratively suspended under the provisions of § 46.2-391.2; or (iii) driving after 21 such person's driver's license, learner's permit or privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended 22 or revoked for unreasonable refusal of tests in violation of § 18.2-268.3, 46.2-341.26:3 or a substantially 23 similar ordinance or law in any other jurisdiction; or (iv) driving without an operator's license in 24 violation of § 46.2-300, shall be impounded or immobilized by the arresting law-enforcement officer at 25 the time the person is arrested for driving after his driver's license, learner's permit or privilege to drive has been so revoked or suspended, or for driving without an operator's license in violation of 26 27 *§* 46.2-300. The impoundment or immobilization shall be for a period of 30 days.

28 The arresting officer, acting on behalf of the Commonwealth, shall serve notice of the impoundment 29 upon the arrested person. The notice shall include information on the person's right to petition for 30 review of the impoundment pursuant to subsection B. A copy of the notice of impoundment shall be delivered to the magistrate and thereafter promptly forwarded to the clerk of the general district court of 31 the jurisdiction where the arrest was made. Transmission of the notice may be by electronic means. 32 33

At least five days prior to the expiration of the period of impoundment imposed pursuant to this 34 section or § 46.2-301, the clerk shall provide the offender with information on the location of the motor 35 vehicle and how and when the vehicle will be released.

36 All reasonable costs of impoundment or immobilization, including removal and storage expenses, 37 shall be paid by the offender prior to the release of his motor vehicle. Notwithstanding the above, where 38 the arresting law-enforcement officer discovers that the vehicle was being rented or leased from a 39 vehicle renting or leasing company, the officer shall not impound the vehicle or continue the 40 impoundment but shall notify the rental or leasing company that the vehicle is available for pickup and 41 shall notify the clerk if the clerk has previously been notified of the impoundment.

B. Any driver who is the owner of the motor vehicle that is impounded or immobilized under 42 43 subsection A may, during the period of the impoundment, petition the general district court of the jurisdiction in which the arrest was made to review that impoundment. The court shall review the 44 45 impoundment within the same time period as the court hears an appeal from an order denying bail or 46 fixing terms of bail or terms of recognizance, giving this matter precedence over all other matters on its docket. If the person proves to the court by a preponderance of the evidence that the arresting 47 law-enforcement officer did not have probable cause for the arrest, or that the magistrate did not have 48 49 probable cause to issue the warrant, the court shall rescind the impoundment. Upon rescission, the motor vehicle shall be released and the Commonwealth shall pay or reimburse the person for all reasonable 50 51 costs of impoundment or immobilization, including removal or storage costs paid or incurred by him. 52 Otherwise, the court shall affirm the impoundment. If the person requesting the review fails to appear 53 without just cause, his right to review shall be waived.

54 The court's findings are without prejudice to the person contesting the impoundment or to any other 55 potential party as to any proceedings, civil or criminal, and shall not be evidence in any proceedings, civil or criminal. 56

57 C. The owner or co-owner of any motor vehicle impounded or immobilized under subsection A who 58 was not the driver at the time of the violation, may petition the general district court in the jurisdiction

59 where the violation occurred for the release of his motor vehicle. The motor vehicle shall be released if 60 the owner or co-owner proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he (i) did not know that the offender's driver's license was suspended or revoked when he authorized the offender to drive such 61 62 motor vehicle, or (ii) did not consent to the operation of the motor vehicle by the offender, or (iii) did 63 not know that the offender had no operator's license. If the owner proves by a preponderance of the 64 evidence that his immediate family has only one motor vehicle and will suffer a substantial hardship if 65 that motor vehicle is impounded or immobilized for 30 days, the court, in its discretion, may release the 66 vehicle after some period of less than 30 days.

D. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a subsequent dismissal or acquittal of the charge of
driving on a suspended or revoked license or driving without an operator's license shall result in an
immediate rescission of the impoundment or immobilization provided in subsection A. Upon rescission,
the motor vehicle shall be released and the Commonwealth shall pay or reimburse the person for all
reasonable costs of impoundment or immobilization, including removal or storage costs, incurred or paid
by him.

E. Any person who knowingly authorizes the operation of a motor vehicle by (i) a person he knows has had his driver's license, learner's permit or privilege to drive a motor vehicle suspended or revoked for any of the reasons set forth in subsection A, or (ii) a person he knows has no operator's license, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

77 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or § 46.2-301, nothing in this section shall impede 78 or infringe upon a valid lienholder's rights to cure a default under an existing security agreement. Furthermore, such lienholder shall not be liable for any cost of impoundment or immobilization, 79 80 including removal or storage expenses which may accrue pursuant to the provisions of this section or § 46.2-301. In the event a lienholder repossesses or removes a vehicle from storage pursuant to an 81 existing security agreement, the Commonwealth shall pay all reasonable costs of impoundment or 82 83 immobilization, including removal and storage expenses, to any person or entity providing such services to the Commonwealth, except to the extent such costs or expenses have already been paid by the 84 85 offender to such person or entity. Such payment shall be made within seven calendar days after a request is made by such person or entity to the Commonwealth for payment. Nothing herein, however, 86 87 shall relieve the offender from liability to the Commonwealth for reimbursement or payment of all such 88 reasonable costs and expenses.