10100663D **HOUSE BILL NO. 252** 1 2 Offered January 13, 2010 3 Prefiled January 11, 2010 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 60.2-528 and 60.2-633 of the Code of Virginia, relating to waiving collection of certain overpayments of unemployment compensation benefits. 6 Patrons-Merricks and Armstrong: Senator: Hurt 7 8 Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 60.2-528 and 60.2-633 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 60.2-528. Individual benefit charges. 12 13 A. An individual's "benefit charges" shall be computed in the following manner: 1. For each week benefits are received, a claimant's "benefit charges" shall be equal to his benefits 14 15 received for such week. 16 2. For each week extended benefits are received, pursuant to § 60.2-610 or 60.2-611, a claimant's "benefit charges" shall be equal to one-half his benefits received for such week. However, a claimant's 17 "benefit charges" for extended benefits attributable to service in the employ of a governmental entity 18 19 referred to in subdivisions 1 through 3 of subsection A of § 60.2-213 shall be equal to the full amount 20 of such extended benefit. 21 3. For each week partial benefits are received, the claimant's "benefit charges" shall be computed (i) 22 in the case of regular benefits as in subdivision 1 of this subsection, or (ii) in the case of extended 23 benefits as in subdivision 2 of this subsection. 24 B. 1. The employing unit from whom such individual was separated, resulting in the current period 25 of unemployment, shall be the most recent employing unit for whom such individual has performed services for remuneration (i) during 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) during 26 27 240 hours. If such individual's unemployment is caused by separation from an employer, such 28 individual's "benefit charges" for such period of unemployment shall be deemed the responsibility of the 29 last employer for (i) 30 days or (ii) 240 hours prior to such period of unemployment. 30 2. Any employer charged with benefits paid shall be notified of the charges quarterly by the 31 Commission. The amount specified shall be conclusive on the employer unless, not later than 30 days after the notice of benefit charges was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the 32 33 employer files an appeal with the Commission, setting forth the grounds for such an appeal. Proceedings 34 on appeal to the Commission regarding the amount of benefit charges under this subsection or a 35 redetermination of such amount shall be in accordance with the provisions of § 60.2-500. The decision of the Commission shall be subject to the provisions of § 60.2-500. Any appeal perfected pursuant to the 36 37 provisions of this section shall not address any issue involving the merits or conditions of a claimant's 38 separation from employment. 39 C. No "benefit charges" shall be deemed the responsibility of an employer of: 1. An individual whose separation from the work of such employer arose as a result of a violation of 40 41 the law by such individual, which violation led to confinement in any jail or prison; 2. An individual who voluntarily left employment in order to accept other employment, genuinely 42 43 believing such employment to be permanent; 3. An individual with respect to any weeks in which benefits are claimed and received after such 44 date as that individual refused to accept an offer of rehire by the employer because such individual was 45 in training with approval of the Commission pursuant to § 60.2-613; 46 47 4. An individual who voluntarily left employment to enter training approved under § 236 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. § 2296 et seq.); 48 49 5. An individual hired to replace a member of the Reserve of the United States Armed Forces or the 50 National Guard called into active duty in connection with an international conflict and whose 51 employment is terminated concurrent with and because of that member's return from active duty; 52 6. An individual who left employment voluntarily with good cause due to a personal bona fide 53 medical reason caused by a non-job-related injury or medical condition; 7. An individual participating as an inmate in (i) state or local work release programs pursuant to 54 55 § 53.1-60 or 53.1-131; (ii) community residential programs pursuant to §§ 53.1-177, 53.1-178, and 53.1-179; or (iii) any similar work release program, whose separation from work arose from conditions 56 57 of release or parole from such program; 8. An individual who was unable to work at his regular employment due to a disaster for which the 58

59 Governor, by executive order, has declared a state of emergency, if such disaster forced the closure of the employer's business. In no case shall more than four weeks of benefit charges be waived; or 60

61 9. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's note.) An individual who leaves employment to 62 accompany his spouse to the location of the spouse's new duty assignment if: (i) the spouse is on active 63 duty in the military or naval services of the United States; (ii) the spouse's relocation to a new 64 military-related assignment is pursuant to a permanent change of station order; (iii) the location of the spouse's new duty assignment is not readily accessible from the individual's place of employment; and 65 (iv) the spouse's new duty assignment is located in a state that, pursuant to statute, does not deem a 66 person accompanying a military spouse as a person leaving work voluntarily without good cause; or 67

10. An individual with respect to any overpayment of benefits paid to the individual if the 68 69 individual's obligation to repay the overpayment is waived as provided in subsection D of § 60.2-633. 70 § 60.2-633. Receiving benefits to which not entitled.

71 A. Any person who has received any sum as benefits under this title to which he was not entitled shall be liable to repay such sum to the Commission, unless waived as provided in subsection D. In the 72 event the claimant does not refund the overpayment, the Commission shall deduct from any future 73 74 benefits such sum payable to him under this title unless overpayment occurred due to administrative error, in which case the Commission shall deduct only fifty percent of the payable amount for any 75 future week of benefits claimed, rounded down to the next lowest dollar until the overpayment is 76 77 satisfied. Administrative error shall not include decisions reversed in the appeals process. However, if (i) 78 an overpayment occurred because of an administrative error by the Commission, (ii) the obligation to 79 repay the overpayment is not waived as provided in subsection D, and (iii) the claimant does not refund the overpayment, the Commission shall deduct from any future benefits only 50 percent of the amount 80 payable to the individual under this title for any future week of benefits claimed. In addition, the overpayment may be collectible by civil action in the name of the Commission. Amounts collected in 81 82 83 this manner may be subject to an interest charge as prescribed in § 58.1-15 from the date of judgment 84 and may be subject to fees and costs. Collection activities for any benefit overpayment established of 85 five dollars or less may be suspended. The Commission may, for good cause, determine as uncollectible and discharge from its records any benefit overpayment which remains unpaid after the expiration of 86 seven years from the date such overpayment was determined, or immediately upon the death of such 87 88 person or upon his discharge in bankruptcy occurring subsequently to the determination of overpayment. 89 Any existing overpayment balance not equal to an even dollar amount shall be rounded to the next 90 lowest even dollar amount.

91 B. The Commission is authorized to accept repayment of benefit overpayments by use of a credit 92 card. The Virginia Employment Commission shall add to such payment a service charge for the acceptance of such card. Such service charge shall not exceed the percentage charged to the Virginia 93 94 Employment Commission for use of such card.

95 C. Final orders of the Commission with respect to benefit overpayments may be recorded, enforced and satisfied as orders or decrees of a circuit court upon certification of such orders by the 96 97 Commissioner as may be appropriate.

98 D. The Commission shall waive and discharge from its records the obligation of an individual to 99 repay an overpayment if:

100 1. The individual requests such waiver within 30 days after the individual receives notice that the 101 *Commission has determined the individual has received an overpayment;* 102

2. The overpayment occurred solely because of an administrative error by the Commission;

103 3. The Commission failed to demand that the individual repay the overpayment within six months 104 after the date of the overpayment; and 105

4. Requiring the individual to repay the overpayment would be inequitable.

106 In addition, the Commission shall be authorized to waive and discharge from its records any 107 obligation, or a portion thereof, of an individual to repay an overpayment that occurred solely or 108 partially because of an administrative error by the Commission, and if the overpayment was only partially because of an administrative error by the Commission no false representation or failure to 109 disclose a material fact by the individual contributed to the overpayment, if the Commission determines 110 111 that recovery of the overpayment or a portion thereof would be inequitable.

In determining whether requiring the individual to repay an overpayment would be inequitable, the 112 113 Commission shall consider, among such other facts as it deems relevant, whether repayment would cause economic hardship to the individual. In determining whether repayment would cause economic 114 115 hardship, the Commission may consider, among other relevant factors, whether the individual's family's Virginia adjusted gross income exceeds 100 percent of the poverty guideline amount corresponding to a 116 household of an equal number of persons as listed in the most recent poverty guidelines for the 48 117 118 contiguous states and the District of Columbia published annually in the Federal Register by the U.S. 119 Department of Health and Human Services.

120 As used in this section, administrative error shall not include decisions reversed in the appeals 121 process. In determining whether an overpayment occurred because of an administrative error, the
122 Commission shall consider the capacity of the individual to recognize an obvious payment error.