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HOUSE BILL NO. 1106

Offered January 13, 2010

Prefiled January 13, 2010

A *BILL to amend and reenact § 8.01-417 of the Code of Virginia, relating to disclosure of insurance policy limits; wrongful death action.*

Patrons—Joannou and Surovell

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 8.01-417 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 8.01-417. Copies of written statements or transcriptions of verbal statements by injured person to be delivered to him; copies of subpoenaed documents to be provided to other party; disclosure of insurance policy limits.

A. Any person who takes from a person who has sustained a personal injury a signed written statement or voice recording of any statement relative to such injury shall deliver to such injured person a copy of such written statement forthwith or a verified typed transcription of such recording within 30 days from the date such statement was given or recording made, when and if the statement or recording is transcribed or in all cases when requested by the injured person or his attorney.

B. Unless otherwise ordered for good cause shown, when one party to a civil proceeding subpoenas documents, the subpoenaing party, upon receipt of the subpoenaed documents, shall, if requested in writing, provide true and full copies of the same to any other party or to the attorney for any other party, provided the other party or attorney for the other party pays the reasonable cost of copying or reproducing the subpoenaed documents. This provision does not apply where the subpoenaed documents are returnable to and maintained by the clerk of court in which the action is pending.

C. After he gives written notice that he represents an injured person, an attorney, or an individual injured in a motor vehicle accident if he is not represented by counsel, may, prior to the filing of a civil action for personal injuries sustained as a result of a motor vehicle accident, request in writing that the insurer disclose the limits of liability of any motor vehicle liability or any personal injury liability insurance policy that may be applicable to the claim. The requesting party shall provide the insurer with the date of the motor vehicle accident, the name and last known address of the alleged tortfeasor, a copy of the accident report, if any, and the claim number, if available. The requesting party shall also submit to the insurer the injured person's medical records, medical bills, and wage-loss documentation, if applicable, pertaining to the claimed injury. If the total of all such medical bills and wage losses equals or exceeds \$12,500, the insurer shall respond in writing within 30 days of receipt of the request and shall disclose the limits of liability at the time of the accident of all such policies, regardless of whether the insurer contests the applicability of the policy to the injured person's claim. Disclosure of the policy limits under this section shall not constitute an admission that *the* alleged injury or damage is subject to the policy. Information concerning the insurance policy is not by reason of disclosure pursuant to this subsection admissible as evidence at trial.

D. After he gives written notice that he represents a plaintiff in a wrongful death action, an attorney may, prior to the filing of the action, request in writing that the insurer disclose the limits of liability of any liability insurance policy that may be applicable to the claim. The requesting party shall provide the insurer with the date and cause of the decedent's death, the name and last known address of the alleged tortfeasor, and the claim number, if available. The requesting party shall also submit to the insurer the decedent's medical records, medical bills, funeral and burial expenses, and wage-loss documentation, if applicable, pertaining to the claimed wrongful death. If the total of all such medical bills, funeral and burial expenses, and wage losses equals or exceeds \$12,500, the insurer shall respond in writing within 30 days of receipt of the request and shall disclose the limits of liability at the time of the decedent's death of all such policies, regardless of whether the insurer contests the applicability of the policy to the plaintiff's claim. Disclosure of the policy limits under this section shall not constitute an admission that *the* alleged injury or damage is subject to the policy. Information concerning the insurance policy is not by reason of disclosure pursuant to this subsection admissible as evidence at trial.

INTRODUCED

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