# **DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION 2009 Fiscal Impact Statement**

1.	Patron Frederick M. Quayle	2.	Bill Number SB 1003  House of Origin:Introduced Substitute Engrossed  Second House:X In Committee Substitute Enrolled	
3.	Committee House Finance			
4.	<b>Title</b> Real Property Tax; Notice of Public Hearing for Increasing Rates			
5.	Summary/Purpose:			
	This bill would shorten the notice requirements to fourteen days for the public hearing every locality must hold prior to increasing its real property tax when that locality's assessment of real property results in an increase in Real Property Tax revenue of greater than one percent over the prior year's revenue. The fourteen-day notice requirement would apply for any hearing that occurs in a year in which neither a general appropriation act nor amendments to a general appropriation act providing appropriations for the immediately following fiscal year have been enacted by April 30 <sup>th</sup> of that year.  Under current law, when any annual assessment, biennial assessment or general reassessment of real property by a locality would result in an increase of one percent or more in the total real property tax levied, the locality is required to reduce its rate of levy for the forthcoming tax year. If the governing body desires to increase the rate above the reduced rate, it must first hold a public hearing, and must provide notice of this hearing at least thirty days prior to the public hearing.			
	The effective date of this bill is not specified.			
6.	iscal Impact Estimates are: Not available. (See Line 8.) sudget amendment necessary: No.			
7.				
8.	Fiscal implications:	iplications:		
	This bill would have no impact on state or local rever	nue.		
9.	Specific agency or political subdivisions affected	<b>i</b> :		
	All localities			
10. Technical amendment necessary: No.				

SB 1003 - Engrossed -1- 02/06/09

#### 11. Other comments:

### **Background**

Whenever an annual assessment, biennial assessment or general reassessment of real property by a locality would result in an increase of one percent or more in the total real property tax levied, the locality is required to reduce its rate of levy for the forthcoming tax year so that the rate of levy produces no more than 101 percent of the previous year's real property tax levies.

Governing bodies of localities are authorized to increase the rate above the reduced rate if such an increase is deemed necessary. In order to increase the rate, the governing body must conduct a public hearing, which may not be held at the same time as the annual budget hearing. Notice of the public hearing must be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county or city and posted in a prominent public location where notices are regularly posted in the building where the governing body of the locality regularly conducts its business. Notice must be given at least thirty days prior to the date of the hearing.

## **Local Budget Due Dates**

Department and agency heads of localities are required to prepare and submit to their local governing bodies an estimate of the amount of money needed during the ensuing fiscal year for their departments or agencies by April 1 of each year. Generally, local governing bodies must approve the budget and fix a tax rate for the budget year by July 1, the date on which the fiscal year begins. The local governing bodies will generally have from April 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup> to prepare and approve the locality's budget.

Because localities depend upon state appropriated funds as a major source of revenue, it is difficult for them to prepare a local budget without knowing how much money will be appropriated to the locality by the General Assembly. This information is necessary for localities to determine whether an increase in the real property tax is necessary.

#### Proposal

This bill would shorten the notice requirements to fourteen days for public hearings that localities must hold prior to increasing their real property tax, and would allow localities to shorten the notice period in the event that the General Assembly has not passed a general appropriation act nor amendments to a general appropriation act providing appropriations for the immediately following fiscal year by April 30 of such year. This bill would assist localities in timely completing their own budgets, as localities depend upon enactment of the state appropriation act in order to determine how much revenue will be available for the upcoming fiscal year.

The effective date of this bill is not specified.

## Similar Legislation

House Bill 2308 is identical to this bill.

**Senate Bill 1131** would shorten the notice requirements for the public hearing every locality must hold prior to increasing its real property tax when that locality's assessment of real property results in an increase in Real Property Tax revenue of greater than one percent over the prior year's revenue from thirty days to ten days.

cc : Secretary of Finance

Date: 2/6/2009 KP

DLAS File Name: SB1003FE1161.doc