

## Department of Planning and Budget 2009 Fiscal Impact Statement

**1. Bill Number:** HB2550

House of Origin	<input type="checkbox"/>	Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/>	Engrossed
Second House	<input type="checkbox"/>	In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enrolled

**2. Patron:** Cox

**3. Committee:** Passed Both Houses

**4. Title:** **Economic development; incentive financing for major employment and investment projects.**

**5. Summary:** This legislative proposal would: establish the Major Employment and Investment (MEI) Project Approval Commission; authorize the Virginia Public Building Authority (VPBA) to finance MEI projects; and, authorize the Virginia Resources Authority (VRA) to finance site acquisition and site development work for the benefit of economic development projects. The proposal defines a MEI project as "a high-impact regional economic development project in which a private entity is expected to make a capital investment in real and tangible personal property exceeding \$250 million and create more than 400 new full-time jobs, and is expected to have a substantial direct and indirect economic impact on surrounding communities."

The proposed legislation establishes the Major Employment and Investment Project Approval Commission in the legislative branch of state government. This commission would be comprised of the chair and four members of the House Appropriations Committee, the chair and two members of the Senate Finance Committee, and the Secretaries of Finance and Commerce and Trade. The Secretaries would serve as ex officio, nonvoting members. When the General Assembly is not in session, this commission would review individual incentive packages for large economic development (or) MEI projects that are proposed to be funded with bonds issued by VPBA. It would issue a report to the General Assembly of its recommended projects. This report would include job creation and capital investment expectations, a timeframe for which the Commonwealth would see a return on its investment, details of the incentive package, and draft legislation or budget amendments for the financing of the incentive package. An affirmative vote of three of the five members of the House serving on the Commission and two of the three members of the Senate serving on the Commission is required to endorse an MEI incentive package. Staff support for the commission is to be provided by the staffs of the House Appropriations Committee, the Senate Finance Committee, the Auditor of Public Accounts, Virginia Economic Development Partnership, and the Virginia Public Building Authority.

Finally, the proposed legislation would authorize VPBA to finance MEI projects and VRA to finance site acquisition and site development work for the benefit of all types of economic development projects. VPBA would be used to finance state obligations, including land, buildings, infrastructure, and improvements, and VRA would be used to finance local efforts,

such as site acquisition and grading. The legislation does not authorize the issuance of bonds by VPBA.

**6. Fiscal Impact Estimates:** Final, see item 8, below.

**7. Budget Amendment Necessary:** No.

**8. Fiscal Implications:** Depending upon the number of commission meetings and incentive packages endorsed by the commission, there may be a fiscal impact. Similarly, once VPBA bonds are issued for a MEI project, funding for debt service on those bonds will be required.

This proposal does not actually authorize the issuance of bonds. Once bonds are authorized for a MEI project those bonds will constitute tax-supported debt of the Commonwealth and as such, have an impact on the Commonwealth's debt capacity. General fund dollars will need to be appropriated to pay the debt service on any bonds issued for an MEI project.

While the bill would impact the types of projects that could be financed through VRA, it would not affect the total dollar amount of projects that could be financed. The bill would have no general fund or nongeneral fund fiscal impact because VRA, as established, is "off the books of the Commonwealth." The Authority is totally self-sufficient and covers its expenses with administrative fees from the various programs it administers. If localities choose to finance an economic development project through VRA, they could benefit from reduced borrowing costs, thereby decreasing the financial burden to borrowers and local taxpayers.

According to the Partnership, this type of funding mechanism would be used to pursue large-scale economic development projects and those projects for which existing incentive programs are not suited. These large economic development projects have the potential to have a positive revenue impact to the Commonwealth, both in job creation and tax revenue. Assuming current interest rates and a 20-year debt, annual debt service on bonds issued through VPBA would be approximately \$85,000 for every \$1 million borrowed.

**9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Office of the Clerk of the Senate, Office of the Clerk of the House of Delegates, House Appropriations Committee, Senate Finance Committee, Auditor of Public Accounts, Virginia Economic Development Partnership, Treasury Board, Virginia Public Building Authority, Virginia Resources Authority.

**10. Technical Amendment Necessary:** No.

**11. Other Comments:** The recommendations of Governor's Advisory Committee on Mega Projects include the development of a mechanism to provide assistance for high-impact economic development projects.

SB 1119 also establishes the Major Employment and Investment (MEI) Project Approval Commission, and authorizes VPBA to finance MEI projects and authorizes VRA to finance site acquisition and site development work for the benefit of economic development projects.

**Date:** 3/12/2009 tmw

**Document:** G:\2009 Session\Legislation\Fiscal Impact Statements\HB2550ER.doc

cc: Secretary of Commerce and Trade  
Secretary of Finance