092823216 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 813** 2 Offered January 14, 2009 3 Prefiled November 24, 2008 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-602 of the Code of Virginia, relating to sales and use tax. 5 Patron—Cuccinelli 6 7 Referred to Committee on Finance 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That § 58.1-602 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 58.1-602. Definitions. 11 12 As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly shows otherwise, the term or phrase: 13 "Advertising" means the planning, creating, or placing of advertising in newspapers, magazines, 14 billboards, broadcasting and other media, including, without limitation, the providing of concept, writing, 15 graphic design, mechanical art, photography and production supervision. Any person providing advertising as defined herein shall be deemed to be the user or consumer of all tangible personal 16 property purchased for use in such advertising. 17 'Amplification, transmission and distribution equipment" means, but is not limited to, production, 18 19 distribution, and other equipment used to provide Internet-access services, such as computer and 20 communications equipment and software used for storing, processing and retrieving end-user subscribers' 21 requests. 22 "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with 23 the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly. "Cost price" means the actual cost of an item or article of tangible personal property computed in the 24 25 same manner as the sales price as defined in this section without any deductions therefrom on account of the cost of materials used, labor, or service costs, transportation charges, or any expenses whatsoever. 26 27 "Custom program" means a computer program which is specifically designed and developed only for 28 one customer. The combining of two or more prewritten programs does not constitute a custom 29 computer program. A prewritten program that is modified to any degree remains a prewritten program 30 and does not become custom. 31 "Distribution" means the transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for use, consumption, or 32 storage by the distributee, and the use, consumption, or storage of tangible personal property by a 33 person who has processed, manufactured, refined, or converted such property, but does not include the 34 transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for resale or any use, consumption, or storage 35 otherwise exempt under this chapter. 36 "Gross proceeds" means the charges made or voluntary contributions received for the lease or rental 37 of tangible personal property or for furnishing services, computed with the same deductions, where 38 applicable, as for sales price as defined in this section over the term of the lease, rental, service, or use, 39 but not less frequently than monthly. 40 "Gross sales" means the sum total of all retail sales of tangible personal property or services as 41 defined in this chapter, without any deduction, except as provided in this chapter. "Gross sales" shall not include the federal retailers' excise tax or the federal diesel fuel excise tax imposed in § 4091 of the 42 Internal Revenue Code if the excise tax is billed to the purchaser separately from the selling price of the 43 article, or the Virginia retail sales or use tax, or any sales or use tax imposed by any county or city 44 45 under § 58.1-605 or 58.1-606. "Import" and "imported" are words applicable to tangible personal property imported into the Commonwealth from other states as well as from foreign countries, and "export" and "exported" are 46 47 words applicable to tangible personal property exported from the Commonwealth to other states as well 48 49 as to foreign countries. 50 "In this Commonwealth" or "in the Commonwealth" means within the limits of the Commonwealth 51 of Virginia and includes all territory within these limits owned by or ceded to the United States of 52 America. 53 "Integrated process," when used in relation to semiconductor manufacturing, means a process that begins with the research or development of semiconductor products, equipment, or processes, includes 54 55 the handling and storage of raw materials at a plant site, and continues to the point that the product is packaged for final sale and either shipped or conveyed to a warehouse. Without limiting the foregoing, 56 57 any semiconductor equipment, fuel, power, energy, supplies, or other tangible personal property shall be deemed used as part of the integrated process if its use contributes, before, during, or after production, 58

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to higher product quality, production yields, or process efficiencies. Except as otherwise provided bylaw, such term shall not mean general maintenance or administration.

61 "Internet" means collectively, the myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, which62 comprise the interconnected world-wide network of computer networks.

63 "Internet service" means a service that enables users to access proprietary and other content,64 information electronic mail, and the Internet as part of a package of services sold to end-user65 subscribers.

"Lease or rental" means the leasing or renting of tangible personal property and the possession or usethereof by the lessee or renter for a consideration, without transfer of the title to such property.

⁶⁸ "Manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion" includes the production line of the plant starting ⁶⁹ with the handling and storage of raw materials at the plant site and continuing through the last step of ⁷⁰ production where the product is finished or completed for sale and conveyed to a warehouse at the ⁷¹ production site, and also includes equipment and supplies used for production line testing and quality ⁷² control. The term "manufacturing" shall also include the necessary ancillary activities of newspaper and ⁷³ magazine printing when such activities are performed by the publisher of any newspaper or magazine ⁷⁴ for sale daily or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months.

75 The determination whether any manufacturing, mining, processing, refining or conversion activity is 76 industrial in nature shall be made without regard to plant size, existence or size of finished product 77 inventory, degree of mechanization, amount of capital investment, number of employees or other factors 78 relating principally to the size of the business. Further, "industrial in nature" shall include, but not be 79 limited to, those businesses classified in codes 10 through 14 and 20 through 39 published in the 80 Standard Industrial Classification Manual for 1972 and any supplements issued thereafter.

"Modular building" means, but shall not be limited to, single and multifamily houses, apartment units, commercial buildings, and permanent additions thereof, comprised of one or more sections that are 81 82 83 intended to become real property, primarily constructed at a location other than the permanent site, built to comply with the Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Law (§ 36-70 et seq.) as regulated by the 84 Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development, and shipped with most permanent 85 components in place to the site of final assembly. For purposes of this chapter, a modular building shall 86 not include a mobile office as defined in § 58.1-2401 or any manufactured building subject to and 87 88 certified under the provisions of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards 89 Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. § 5401 et seq.).

"Modular building manufacturer" means a person or corporation who owns or operates a
manufacturing facility and is engaged in the fabrication, construction and assembling of building
supplies and materials into modular buildings, as defined in this section, at a location other than at the
site where the modular building will be assembled on the permanent foundation and may or may not be
engaged in the process of affixing the modules to the foundation at the permanent site.

95 "Modular building retailer" means any person who purchases or acquires a modular building from a
96 modular building manufacturer, or from another person, for subsequent sale to a customer residing
97 within or outside of the Commonwealth, with or without installation of the modular building to the
98 foundation at the permanent site.

"Motor vehicle" means a "motor vehicle" as defined in § 58.1-2401, taxable under the provisions of
the Virginia Motor Vehicles Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-2400 et seq.) and upon the sale of which all
applicable motor vehicle sales and use taxes have been paid.

102 "Occasional sale" means a sale of tangible personal property not held or used by a seller in the 103 course of an activity for which he is required to hold a certificate of registration, including the sale or 104 exchange of all or substantially all the assets of any business and the reorganization or liquidation of 105 any business, provided such sale or exchange is not one of a series of sales and exchanges sufficient in 106 number, scope and character to constitute an activity requiring the holding of a certificate of registration.

"Open video system" means an open video system authorized pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 573 and, for
 purposes of this chapter only, shall also include Internet service regardless of whether the provider of
 such service is also a telephone common carrier.

110 "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, cooperative, nonprofit membership corporation, 111 joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, 112 auctioneer, syndicate, assignee, club, society, or other group or combination acting as a unit, body 113 politic or political subdivision, whether public or private, or quasi-public, and the plural of such term 114 shall mean the same as the singular.

115 "Prewritten program" means a computer program that is prepared, held or existing for general or 116 repeated sale or lease, including a computer program developed for in-house use and subsequently sold 117 or leased to unrelated third parties.

or leased to unrelated third parties.
"Railroad rolling stock" means locomotives, of whatever motive power, autocars, railroad cars of every kind and description, and all other equipment determined by the Tax Commissioner to constitute railroad rolling stock.

"Retail sale" or a "sale at retail" means a sale to any person for any purpose other than for resale in the form of tangible personal property or services taxable under this chapter, and shall include any such transaction as the Tax Commissioner upon investigation finds to be in lieu of a sale. All sales for resale must be made in strict compliance with regulations applicable to this chapter. Any dealer making a sale for resale which is not in strict compliance with such regulations shall be personally liable for payment of the tax.

127 The terms "retail sale" and a "sale at retail" shall specifically include the following: (i) the sale or 128 charges for any room or rooms, lodgings, or accommodations furnished to transients for less than 90 129 continuous days by any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, camping grounds, club, or any 130 other place in which rooms, lodging, space, or accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for 131 a consideration; (ii) sales of tangible personal property to persons for resale when because of the 132 operation of the business, or its very nature, or the lack of a place of business in which to display a 133 certificate of registration, or the lack of a place of business in which to keep records, or the lack of 134 adequate records, or because such persons are minors or transients, or because such persons are engaged 135 in essentially service businesses, or for any other reason there is likelihood that the Commonwealth will 136 lose tax funds due to the difficulty of policing such business operations; and (iii) the separately stated 137 charge made for automotive refinish repair materials that are permanently applied to or affixed to a 138 motor vehicle during its repair. The Tax Commissioner is authorized to promulgate regulations requiring 139 vendors of or sellers to such persons to collect the tax imposed by this chapter on the cost price of such **140** tangible personal property to such persons and may refuse to issue certificates of registration to such 141 persons.

142 The term "transient" shall not include a purchaser of camping memberships, time-shares, 143 condominiums, or other similar contracts or interests that permit the use of, or constitute an interest in, 144 real estate, however created or sold and whether registered with the Commonwealth or not. Further, a 145 purchaser of a right or license which entitles the purchaser to use the amenities and facilities of a 146 specific real estate project on an ongoing basis throughout its term shall not be deemed a transient; 147 provided, however, that the term or time period involved is for seven years or more.

148 The terms "retail sale" and "sale at retail" shall not include a transfer of title to tangible personal 149 property after its use as tools, tooling, machinery or equipment, including dies, molds, and patterns, if (i) 150 at the time of purchase, the purchaser is obligated, under the terms of a written contract, to make the 151 transfer and (ii) the transfer is made for the same or a greater consideration to the person for whom the 152 purchaser manufactures goods.

153 "Retailer" means every person engaged in the business of making sales at retail, or for distribution,154 use, consumption, or storage to be used or consumed in the Commonwealth.

155 "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange, barter, lease or rental, conditional 156 or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property and any 157 rendition of a taxable service for a consideration, and includes the fabrication of tangible personal property for consumers who furnish, either directly or indirectly, the materials used in fabrication, and 158 159 the furnishing, preparing, or serving for a consideration of any tangible personal property consumed on 160 the premises of the person furnishing, preparing, or serving such tangible personal property. A sale does 161 not include fabrication of animal meat to be consumed by the purchaser of the animal meat or his 162 family, when the purchaser supplies the animal or meat that is fabricated. A transaction whereby the 163 possession of property is transferred but the seller retains title as security for the payment of the price 164 shall be deemed a sale.

165 "Sales price" means the total amount for which tangible personal property or services are sold, 166 including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, 167 and includes any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser, consumer, or lessee by the dealer, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, 168 labor or service costs, losses or any other expenses whatsoever. "Sales price" shall not include (i) any 169 170 cash discount allowed and taken; (ii) finance charges, carrying charges, service charges or interest from 171 credit extended on sales of tangible personal property under conditional sale contracts or other 172 conditional contracts providing for deferred payments of the purchase price; (iii) separately stated local 173 property taxes collected; (iv) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity 174 added to the price of a meal; or (v) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory 175 gratuity or service charge added by a restaurant to the price of a meal, but only to the extent that such 176 mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20% of the price of the meal. Where used articles 177 are taken in trade, or in a series of trades as a credit or part payment on the sale of new or used 178 articles, the tax levied by this chapter shall be paid on the net difference between the sales price of the 179 new or used articles and the credit for the used articles.

180 "Semiconductor cleanrooms" means the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, partitions, flooring,181 lighting, equipment, and all other property used to reduce contamination or to control airflow,

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temperature, humidity, vibration, or other environmental conditions required for the integrated process ofsemiconductor manufacturing.

184 "Semiconductor equipment" means (i) machinery or tools or repair parts or replacements thereof; (ii) 185 the related accessories, components, pedestals, bases, or foundations used in connection with the 186 operation of the equipment, without regard to the proximity to the equipment, the method of attachment, 187 or whether the equipment or accessories are affixed to the realty; (iii) semiconductor wafers and other 188 property or supplies used to install, test, calibrate or recalibrate, characterize, condition, measure, or 189 maintain the equipment and settings thereof; and (iv) equipment and supplies used for quality control 190 testing of product, materials, equipment, or processes; or the measurement of equipment performance or 191 production parameters regardless of where or when the quality control, testing, or measuring activity takes place, how the activity affects the operation of equipment, or whether the equipment and supplies 192 193 come into contact with the product.

194 "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property for use, consumption or195 distribution in the Commonwealth, or for any purpose other than sale at retail in the regular course of196 business.

"Tangible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, felt,
or touched, or is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. The term "tangible personal property"
shall not include stocks, bonds, notes, insurance or other obligations or securities. The term "tangible personal property" shall include (i) telephone calling cards upon their initial sale, which shall be exempt
from all other state and local utility taxes, and (ii) manufactured signs.

202 "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the 203 ownership thereof, except that it does not include the sale at retail of that property in the regular course 204 of business. The term does not include the exercise of any right or power, including use, distribution, or 205 storage, over any tangible personal property sold to a nonresident donor for delivery outside of the 206 Commonwealth to a nonresident recipient pursuant to an order placed by the donor from outside the 207 Commonwealth via mail or telephone. The term does not include any sale determined to be a gift 208 transaction, subject to tax under § 58.1-604.6.

"Use tax" refers to the tax imposed upon the use, consumption, distribution, and storage as hereindefined.

211 "Used directly," when used in relation to manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion, refers to 212 those activities which are an integral part of the production of a product, including all steps of an 213 integrated manufacturing or mining process, but not including ancillary activities such as general 214 maintenance or administration. When used in relation to mining, it shall refer to the activities specified 215 above, and in addition, any reclamation activity of the land previously mined by the mining company 216 required by state or federal law.

217 "Video programmer" means a person or entity that provides video programming to end-user218 subscribers.

"Video programming" means video and/or information programming provided by or generally
 considered comparable to programming provided by a cable operator including, but not limited to,
 Internet service.