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SENATE BILL NO. 1117

Offered January 14, 2009

Prefiled January 13, 2009

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-212, 2.2-213, 2.2-214, 2.2-223, 2.2-507, 2.2-704, 2.2-705, 2.2-1839, 2.2-2001.1, 2.2-2411, 2.2-2648, 2.2-2664, 2.2-2691, 2.2-2692, 2.2-2694, 2.2-2696, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905, 2.2-3705.5, 2.2-4344, 2.2-5201, 2.2-5206, 2.2-5300, 4.1-305, 9.1-111, 9.1-901, 15.2-2291, 15.2-5386, 16.1-275, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-280, 16.1-293.1, 16.1-336, 16.1-345, 16.1-356, 16.1-357, 16.1-361, 18.2-73, 18.2-74, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-254.1, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-271.2, 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.3, 19.2-169.5, 19.2-175, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.13, 19.2-182.16, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:1.1, 19.2-264.3:1.2, 19.2-301, 19.2-302, 19.2-389, 19.2-390, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 20-88, 22.1-7, 22.1-205, 22.1-209.2, 22.1-214.2, 22.1-214.3, 22.1-215, 22.1-217.1, 22.1-272.1, 23-38.2, 25.1-100, 29.1-313, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-64.1, 32.1-73.7, 32.1-102.1, 32.1-122.5, 32.1-124, 32.1-125.1, 32.1-127.1:03, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-135.2, 32.1-276.3, 32.1-276.8, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.5, 32.1-325, 32.1-351.2, 37.2-100, 37.2-200, 37.2-300, 37.2-316, 37.2-317, 37.2-318, 37.2-319, 37.2-423, 37.2-716, 37.2-900, 37.2-900.1, 37.2-909, 37.2-912, 37.2-919, 37.2-1101, 38.2-3412.1, 38.2-3418.5, 46.2-400, 46.2-401, 46.2-1229, 51.5-1, 51.5-2, 51.5-14, 51.5-14.1, 51.5-31, 51.5-39.2, 51.5-39.7, 51.5-39.12, 53.1-32, 53.1-40.2, 53.1-136, 53.1-145, 54.1-2715, 54.1-2726, 54.1-2970, 54.1-2987.1, 54.1-3408, 54.1-3408.01, 54.1-3437.1, 54.1-3506, 56-484.19, 57-2.02, 57-60, 63.2-100, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1528, 63.2-1709, 63.2-1726, 63.2-1735, and 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia, relating to changing the name of the Department, Board, Inspector General, and Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services.*

Patron—Ticer

Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-212, 2.2-213, 2.2-214, 2.2-223, 2.2-507, 2.2-704, 2.2-705, 2.2-1839, 2.2-2001.1, 2.2-2411, 2.2-2648, 2.2-2664, 2.2-2691, 2.2-2692, 2.2-2694, 2.2-2696, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905, 2.2-3705.5, 2.2-4344, 2.2-5201, 2.2-5206, 2.2-5300, 4.1-305, 9.1-111, 9.1-901, 15.2-2291, 15.2-5386, 16.1-275, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-280, 16.1-293.1, 16.1-336, 16.1-345, 16.1-356, 16.1-357, 16.1-361, 18.2-73, 18.2-74, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-254.1, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-271.2, 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.3, 19.2-169.5, 19.2-175, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.13, 19.2-182.16, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:1.1, 19.2-264.3:1.2, 19.2-301, 19.2-302, 19.2-389, 19.2-390, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 20-88, 22.1-7, 22.1-205, 22.1-209.2, 22.1-214.2, 22.1-214.3, 22.1-215, 22.1-217.1, 22.1-272.1, 23-38.2, 25.1-100, 29.1-313, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-64.1, 32.1-73.7, 32.1-102.1, 32.1-122.5, 32.1-124, 32.1-125.1, 32.1-127.1:03, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-135.2, 32.1-276.3, 32.1-276.8, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.5, 32.1-325, 32.1-351.2, 37.2-100, 37.2-200, 37.2-300, 37.2-316, 37.2-317, 37.2-318, 37.2-319, 37.2-423, 37.2-716, 37.2-900, 37.2-900.1, 37.2-909, 37.2-912, 37.2-919, 37.2-1101, 38.2-3412.1, 38.2-3418.5, 46.2-400, 46.2-401, 46.2-1229, 51.5-1, 51.5-2, 51.5-14, 51.5-14.1, 51.5-31, 51.5-39.2, 51.5-39.7, 51.5-39.12, 53.1-32, 53.1-40.2, 53.1-136, 53.1-145, 54.1-2715, 54.1-2726, 54.1-2970, 54.1-2987.1, 54.1-3408, 54.1-3408.01, 54.1-3437.1, 54.1-3506, 56-484.19, 57-2.02, 57-60, 63.2-100, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1528, 63.2-1709, 63.2-1726, 63.2-1735, and 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 2.2-212. Position established; agencies for which responsible; additional powers.

The position of Secretary of Health and Human Resources (the Secretary) is created. The Secretary of Health and Human Resources shall be responsible to the Governor for the following agencies: Department of Health, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, Department of Health Professions, Department for the Aging, Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of Social Services, Department of Medical Assistance Services, Child Day-Care Council, Virginia Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, the Office of Comprehensive Services for Youth and At-Risk Youth and Families, and the Assistive Technology Loan Fund Authority. The Governor may, by executive order, assign any other state executive agency to the Secretary of Health and Human Resources, or reassign any agency listed above to another Secretary.

Unless the Governor expressly reserves such power to himself, the Secretary shall (i) serve as the

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SB1117

59 lead Secretary for the coordination and implementation of the long-term care policy of the
60 Commonwealth, working with the Secretaries of Transportation, Commerce and Trade, and Education,
61 and the Commissioner of Insurance, to facilitate interagency service development and implementation,
62 communication and cooperation, (ii) serve as the lead Secretary for the Comprehensive Services Act for
63 At-Risk Youth and Families, working with the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Public Safety
64 to facilitate interagency service development and implementation, communication and cooperation, and
65 (iii) coordinate the disease prevention activities of agencies in the Secretariat to ensure efficient,
66 effective delivery of health related services and financing.

67 § 2.2-213. Secretary of Health and Human Resources to develop certain criteria.

68 In order to respond to the needs of substance abusing women and their children, the Secretary shall
69 develop criteria for (i) enhancing access to publicly funded substance abuse treatment programs in order
70 to effectively serve pregnant substance abusers; (ii) determining when a drug-exposed child may be
71 referred to the early intervention services and tracking system available through Part C of the Individuals
72 with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.; (iii) determining the appropriate circumstances
73 for contact between hospital discharge planners and local departments of social services for referrals for
74 family-oriented prevention services, when such services are available and provided by the local social
75 services agency; and (iv) determining when the parent of a drug-exposed infant, who may be
76 endangering a child's health by failing to follow a discharge plan, may be referred to the child protective
77 services unit of a local department of social services.

78 The Secretary shall consult with the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
79 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Commissioner of Social Services,
80 the Commissioner of Health, community services boards, behavioral health authorities, local departments
81 of social services, and local departments of health in developing the criteria required by this section.

82 § 2.2-214. Responsibility of certain agencies within the Secretariat; review of regulations.

83 The Boards of Health, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health*
84 *and Developmental Services*, Social Services, and Medical Assistance Services and the Department of
85 Rehabilitative Services shall review their regulations and policies related to service delivery in order to
86 ascertain and eliminate any discrimination against individuals infected with human immunodeficiency
87 virus.

88 § 2.2-223. Interagency Drug Offender Screening and Assessment Committee.

89 The Secretary shall establish and chair an Interagency Drug Offender Screening and Assessment
90 Committee to oversee the drug screening, assessment and treatment provisions of §§ 16.1-273,
91 16.1-278.1, 16.1-278.8, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-252, 19.2-299 and 19.2-299.2 for defendants
92 convicted in the criminal courts of the Commonwealth. The Committee shall include the Directors or
93 Commissioners of the Department of Corrections; Department of Criminal Justice Services; Department
94 of Juvenile Justice; Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral*
95 *Health and Developmental Services*; the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program; and the Virginia
96 Criminal Sentencing Commission. The Committee shall have the responsibility to: (i) assist and monitor
97 agencies in implementing the above-listed Code of Virginia sections, (ii) ensure quality and consistency
98 in the screening and assessment process, (iii) promote interagency coordination and cooperation in the
99 identification and treatment of drug abusing or drug dependent offenders, (iv) implement an evaluation
100 process and conduct periodic program evaluations, and (v) make recommendations to the Governor and
101 General Assembly regarding proposed expenditures from the Drug Assessment Fund. The Committee
102 shall report on the status and effectiveness of offender drug screening, assessment and treatment to the
103 Virginia State Crime Commission and the House Committees on Courts of Justice and Appropriations,
104 and the Senate Committees on Courts of Justice and Finance by January 1 of each year.

105 § 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

106 A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state
107 department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge,
108 including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and
109 performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation
110 concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular
111 counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division,
112 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or
113 through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions,
114 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same
115 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple
116 interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity.
117 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public,
118 or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts,
119 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts.

120 B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the

following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter connected with their official duties:

1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;
2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission;
3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;
4. Members, agents or employees of the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services~~ Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health, the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles;
7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;
8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;
9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;
10. Third impartial panel members appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-312;
11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;

12. Any emergency medical service agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in any civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; or

13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation.

Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.

C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties in which it, or any justice, is a party.

§ 2.2-704. Responsibility of Department for complaints regarding long-term care services.

The Department or its designee shall investigate complaints regarding community services that are designed to provide long-term care to older persons and are rendered by the Department of Health, the Department of Social Services, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the area agencies on aging or any private nonprofit or proprietary agency.

Nothing in this section shall affect the services provided by local departments of welfare or social services pursuant to § 63.2-1605.

§ 2.2-705. Access to residents, facilities and patients' records by Office of State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

The entity designated by the Department to operate the programs of the Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman pursuant to the Older Americans Act, Public Law 100-175, shall, in the investigation of complaints referred to the program, have the same access to (i) residents, facilities and patients' records of licensed adult care residences in accordance with § 63.2-1706 and (ii) patients, facilities and patients' records of nursing facilities or nursing homes in accordance with § 32.1-25, and shall have access to the patients, residents and patients' records of state hospitals operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. However, if a patient is unable to consent to the review of his medical and social records and has no legal guardian, such representatives shall have appropriate access to such records in accordance with this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 32.1-125.1, the entity designated by the Department to operate the programs of the Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman shall have access to nursing facilities and nursing homes and state hospitals in accordance with this section. Access to residents, facilities and patients' records shall be during normal working hours except in emergency situations.

§ 2.2-1839. Risk management plans administered by the Department of the Treasury's Risk

182 Management Division for political subdivisions, constitutional officers, etc.

183 A. The Division shall establish one or more risk management plans specifying the terms and
184 conditions for coverage, subject to the approval of the Governor, and which plans may be purchased
185 insurance, self-insurance or a combination of self-insurance and purchased insurance to provide
186 protection against liability imposed by law for damages and against incidental medical payments
187 resulting from any claim made against any county, city or town; authority, board, or commission;
188 sanitation, soil and water, planning or other district; public service corporation owned, operated or
189 controlled by a locality or local government authority; constitutional officer; state court-appointed
190 attorney; any attorney for any claim arising out of the provision of pro bono legal services for custody
191 and visitation to an eligible indigent person under a program approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia
192 or the Virginia State Bar; any receiver for an attorney's practice appointed under § 54.1-3900.01 or
193 54.1-3936; affiliate or foundation of a state department, agency or institution; any clinic that is
194 organized in whole or primarily for the delivery of health care services without charge; any local chapter
195 or program of the Meals on Wheels Association of America or any area agency on aging, providing
196 meal and nutritional services to persons who are elderly, homebound, or disabled; any individual serving
197 as a guardian or limited guardian as defined in § 37.2-1000 for any consumer of a community services
198 board or behavioral health authority or any patient or resident of a state facility operated by the
199 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
200 *Developmental Services*; or the officers, agents or employees of any of the foregoing for acts or
201 omissions of any nature while in an authorized governmental or proprietary capacity and in the course
202 and scope of employment or authorization.

203 For the purposes of this section, "delivery of health care services without charge" shall be deemed to
204 include the delivery of dental, medical or other health services when a reasonable minimum fee is
205 charged to cover administrative costs.

206 B. Participation in the risk management plan shall be voluntary and shall be approved by the
207 participant's respective governing body or by the State Compensation Board in the case of constitutional
208 officers, by the office of the Executive Secretary of the Virginia Supreme Court in the case of state
209 court-appointed attorneys, including attorneys appointed to serve as receivers under § 54.1-3900.01 or
210 54.1-3936, or attorneys under Virginia Supreme Court or Virginia State Bar approved programs, by the
211 Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
212 *Developmental Services* for any individual serving as a guardian or limited guardian for any
213 patient or resident of a state facility operated by such Department or by the executive director of a
214 community services board or behavioral health authority for any individual serving as a guardian or
215 limited guardian for a consumer of such board or authority, and by the Division. Upon such approval,
216 the Division shall assume sole responsibility for plan management, compliance, or removal. The Virginia
217 Supreme Court shall pay the cost for coverage of eligible persons performing services in approved
218 programs of the Virginia Supreme Court or the Virginia State Bar. The Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
219 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall be
220 responsible for paying the cost of coverage for eligible persons performing services as a guardian or
221 limited guardian for any patient or resident of a state facility operated by the Department. The applicable
222 community services board or behavioral health authority shall be responsible for paying the cost of
223 coverage for eligible persons performing services as a guardian or limited guardian for consumers of
224 such board or authority.

225 C. The Division shall provide for the legal defense of participating entities and shall reserve the right
226 to settle or defend claims presented under the plan. All prejudgment settlements shall be approved in
227 advance by the Division.

228 D. The risk management plan established pursuant to this section shall provide for the establishment
229 of a trust fund for the payment of claims covered under such plan. The funds shall be invested in the
230 manner provided in § 2.2-1806 and interest shall be added to the fund as earned.

231 The trust fund shall also provide for payment of legal defense costs, actuarial costs, administrative
232 costs, contractual costs and all other expenses related to the administration of such plan.

233 E. The Division shall, in its sole discretion, set the premium and administrative cost to be paid to it
234 for providing a risk management plan established pursuant to this section. The premiums and
235 administrative costs set by the Division shall be payable in the amounts at the time and in the manner
236 that the Division in its sole discretion shall require. The premiums and administrative costs need not be
237 uniform among participants, but shall be set so as to best ensure the financial stability of the plan.

238 F. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, a sheriff's department of any city or county, or a
239 regional jail shall not be precluded from securing excess liability insurance coverage beyond the
240 coverage provided by the Division pursuant to this section.

241 § 2.2-2001.1. Program for mental health and rehabilitative services.

242 The Department, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
243 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and the Department of Rehabilitative

Services, shall establish a program to monitor and coordinate mental health and rehabilitative services support for Virginia veterans and members of the Virginia National Guard and Virginia residents in the Armed Forces Reserves not in active federal service. The program shall also support family members affected by covered military members' service and deployments. The purpose of the program is to ensure that adequate and timely assessment, treatment, and support are available to veterans, service members, and affected family members.

The program shall facilitate support for covered individuals to provide timely assessment and treatment for stress-related injuries and traumatic brain injuries resulting from service in combat areas, and subject to the availability of public and private funds appropriated for them, case management services, outpatient, family support, and other appropriate behavioral health and brain injury services necessary to provide individual services and support to military service members and their family members covered by this section.

§ 2.2-2411. Public Guardian and Conservator Advisory Board; purpose; membership; terms.

A. The Public Guardian and Conservator Advisory Board (the "Board") is established as an advisory board, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Board shall be to report to and advise the Commissioner of the Department for the Aging on the means for effectuating the purposes of this article and shall assist in the coordination and management of the local and regional programs appointed to act as public guardians and conservators pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

B. The Board shall consist of no more than fifteen members who shall be appointed by the Governor as follows: one representative of the Virginia Guardianship Association, one representative of the Virginia Area Agencies on Aging, one representative of the Virginia State Bar, one active or retired circuit court judge upon recommendation of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, one representative of the Association of Retarded Citizens, one representative of the Virginia Alliance for the Mentally Ill, one representative of the Virginia League of Social Service Executives, one representative of the Virginia Association of Community ~~Service~~ *Services* Boards, the Commissioner of the ~~Department of~~ Social Services or his designee, the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or his designee, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy or his designee, and one person who is a member of the Commonwealth Council on Aging and such other individuals who may be qualified to assist in the duties of the Board.

C. The Commissioners of the ~~Departments of Social Services and Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or their designees, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy or his designee, and the representative of the Commonwealth Council on Aging, shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office or in the case of designees, the term of the Commissioner or Director. Of the other members of the Board, five of the appointees shall serve for four-year terms and the remainder shall serve for three-year terms. No member shall serve more than two successive terms. A vacancy occurring other than by expiration of term shall be filled for the unexpired term.

D. Each year, the Board shall elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from among its members. Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

E. Members shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties as provided in § 2.2-2823.

§ 2.2-2648. State Executive Council for Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families; membership; meetings; powers and duties.

A. The State Executive Council for Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families (the Council) is established as a supervisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government.

B. The Council shall consist of one member of the House of Delegates to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one member of the Senate to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; the Commissioners of Health, of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and of Social Services; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Executive Secretary of the Virginia Supreme Court; the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services; the chairman of the state and local advisory team established pursuant to § 2.2-5202; two local government representatives to include a member of a county board of supervisors or a city council and a county administrator or city manager, to be appointed by the Governor; a private provider representative from a facility that maintains membership in an association of providers for children's or family services and receives funding as authorized by the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), to be appointed by the Governor, who may appoint from nominees recommended by the Virginia Coalition of Private Provider Associations; and a parent representative. The parent representative shall be appointed by the

305 Governor for a term not to exceed three years and shall not be an employee of any public or private
306 program that serves children and families. Appointments of legislative members shall be for terms
307 coincident with their terms of office. Legislative members shall not be included for the purposes of
308 constituting a quorum.

309 C. The Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or a designated
310 deputy who shall be responsible for convening the council. The Council shall meet, at a minimum,
311 quarterly, to oversee the administration of this article and make such decisions as may be necessary to
312 carry out its purposes. Legislative members shall receive compensation as provided in § 30-19.12 and
313 nonlegislative citizen members shall receive compensation for their services as provided in §§ 2.2-2813
314 and 2.2-2825.

315 D. The Council shall have the following powers and duties:

316 1. Hire and supervise a director of the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and
317 Families;

318 2. Appoint the members of the state and local advisory team in accordance with the requirements of
319 § 2.2-5201;

320 3. Provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the
321 Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, which support the purposes of the
322 Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the
323 participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate;

324 4. Provide for a public participation process for programmatic and fiscal guidelines and dispute
325 resolution procedures developed for administrative actions that support the purposes of the
326 Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.). The public participation process shall include, at a
327 minimum, 60 days of public comment and the distribution of these guidelines and procedures to all
328 interested parties;

329 5. Oversee the administration of and consult with the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia
330 Association of Counties about state policies governing the use, distribution and monitoring of moneys in
331 the state pool of funds and the state trust fund;

332 6. Provide for the administration of necessary functions that support the work of the Office of
333 Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families;

334 7. Review and take appropriate action on issues brought before it by the Office of Comprehensive
335 Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, Community Policy and Management Teams (CPMTs), local
336 governments, providers and parents;

337 8. Advise the Governor and appropriate Cabinet Secretaries on proposed policy and operational
338 changes that facilitate interagency service development and implementation, communication and
339 cooperation;

340 9. Provide administrative support and fiscal incentives for the establishment and operation of local
341 comprehensive service systems;

342 10. Oversee coordination of early intervention programs to promote comprehensive, coordinated
343 service delivery, local interagency program management, and co-location of programs and services in
344 communities. Early intervention programs include state programs under the administrative control of the
345 state executive council member agencies;

346 11. Oversee the development and implementation of a mandatory uniform assessment instrument and
347 process to be used by all localities to identify levels of risk of Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)
348 youth;

349 12. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform guidelines to include initial intake and
350 screening assessment, development and implementation of a plan of care, service monitoring and
351 periodic follow-up, and the formal review of the status of the youth and the family;

352 13. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform guidelines for documentation for
353 CSA-funded services;

354 14. Review and approve a request by a CPMT to establish a collaborative, multidisciplinary team
355 process for referral and reviews of children and families pursuant to § 2.2-5209;

356 15. Oversee the development and implementation of mandatory uniform guidelines for utilization
357 management; each locality receiving funds for activities under the Comprehensive Services Act shall
358 have a locally determined utilization management plan following the guidelines or use of a process
359 approved by the Council for utilization management, covering all CSA-funded services;

360 16. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform data collection standards and the
361 collection of data, utilizing a secure electronic client-specific database for CSA-funded services, which
362 shall include, but not be limited to, the following client specific information: (i) children served,
363 including those placed out of state; (ii) individual characteristics of youths and families being served;
364 (iii) types of services provided; (iv) service utilization including length of stay; (v) service expenditures;
365 (vi) provider identification number for specific facilities and programs identified by the state in which
366 the child receives services; (vii) a data field indicating the circumstances under which the child ends

each service; and (viii) a data field indicating the circumstances under which the child exits the Comprehensive Services Act program. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate demographic, service, and expenditure information shall be made available to the public;

17. Oversee the development and implementation of a uniform set of performance measures for evaluating the Comprehensive Services Act program, including, but not limited to, the number of youths served in their homes, schools and communities. Performance measures shall be based on information: (i) collected in the client-specific database referenced in subdivision 16, (ii) from the mandatory uniform assessment instrument referenced in subdivision 11, and (iii) from available and appropriate client outcome data that is not prohibited from being shared under federal law and is routinely collected by the state child-serving agencies that serve on the Council. If provided client-specific information, state child serving agencies shall report available and appropriate outcome data in clause (iii) to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families. Outcome data submitted to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families shall be used solely for the administration of the Comprehensive Services Act program. Applicable client outcome data shall include, but not be limited to: (a) permanency outcomes by the Virginia Department of Social Services, (b) recidivism outcomes by the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice, and (c) educational outcomes by the Virginia Department of Education. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate outcome information shall be made available to the public;

18. The Council shall oversee the development and distribution of management reports that provide information to the public and CPMTs to help evaluate child and family outcomes and public and private provider performance in the provision of services to children and families through the Comprehensive Services Act program. Management reports shall include total expenditures on children served through the Comprehensive Services Act program as reported to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families by state child-serving agencies on the Council and shall include, but not be limited to: (i) client-specific payments for inpatient and outpatient mental health services, treatment foster care services and residential services made through the Medicaid program and reported by the Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services and (ii) client-specific payments made through the Title IV-E foster care program reported by the Virginia Department of Social Services. The Office of Comprehensive Services shall provide client-specific information to the state agencies for the sole purpose of the administration of the Comprehensive Services Act program. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate demographic, service, expenditure, and outcome information shall be made available to the public;

19. Establish and oversee the operation of an informal review and negotiation process with the Director of the Office of Comprehensive Services and a formal dispute resolution procedure before the State Executive Council, which include formal notice and an appeals process, should the Director or Council find, upon a formal written finding, that a CPMT failed to comply with any provision of this Act. "Formal notice" means the Director or Council provides a letter of notification, which communicates the Director's or the Council's finding, explains the effect of the finding, and describes the appeal process, to the chief administrative officer of the local government with a copy to the chair of the CPMT. The dispute resolution procedure shall also include provisions for remediation by the CPMT that shall include a plan of correction recommended by the Council and submitted to the CPMT. If the Council denies reimbursement from the state pool of funds, the Council and the locality shall develop a plan of repayment;

20. Deny state funding to a locality where the CPMT fails to provide services that comply with the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), in accordance with subdivision 19;

21. Biennially publish and disseminate to members of the General Assembly and community policy and management teams a state progress report on comprehensive services to children, youth and families and a plan for such services for the next succeeding biennium. The state plan shall:

a. Provide a fiscal profile of current and previous years' federal and state expenditures for a comprehensive service system for children, youth and families;

b. Incorporate information and recommendations from local comprehensive service systems with responsibility for planning and delivering services to children, youth and families;

c. Identify and establish goals for comprehensive services and the estimated costs of implementing these goals, report progress toward previously identified goals and establish priorities for the coming biennium; and

d. Include such other information or recommendations as may be necessary and appropriate for the improvement and coordinated development of the state's comprehensive services system; and

22. Oversee the development and implementation of mandatory uniform guidelines for intensive care coordination services for children who are at risk of entering, or are placed in, residential care through the Comprehensive Services Act program. The guidelines shall: (i) take into account differences among

localities, (ii) specify children and circumstances appropriate for intensive care coordination services, (iii) define intensive care coordination services, and (iv) distinguish intensive care coordination services from the regular case management services provided within the normal scope of responsibility for the child-serving agencies, including the community services board, the local school division, local social services agency, court service unit, and Department of Juvenile Justice. Such guidelines shall address: (a) identifying the strengths and needs of the child and his family through conducting or reviewing comprehensive assessments including, but not limited to, information gathered through the mandatory uniform assessment instrument; (b) identifying specific services and supports necessary to meet the identified needs of the child and his family, building upon the identified strengths; (c) implementing a plan for returning the youth to his home, relative's home, family-like setting, or community at the earliest appropriate time that addresses his needs, including identification of public or private community-based services to support the youth and his family during transition to community-based care; and (d) implementing a plan for regular monitoring and utilization review of the services and residential placement for the child to determine whether the services and placement continue to provide the most appropriate and effective services for the child and his family.

§ 2.2-2664. Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council; purpose; membership; duties.

A. The Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council (the Council) is established as an advisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Council shall be to promote and coordinate early intervention services in the Commonwealth.

B. The membership and operation of the Council shall be as required by Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.). The Commissioner of the Department of Health, the Director of the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, the Commissioner of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy, and the Commissioner of the Bureau of Insurance within the State Corporation Commission shall each appoint one person from his agency to serve as the agency's representative on the Council.

Agency representatives shall regularly inform their agency head of the Council's activities and the status of the implementation of an early intervention services system in the Commonwealth.

C. The Council's duties shall include advising and assisting the state lead agency in the following:

1. Performing its responsibilities for the early intervention services system;
2. Identifying sources of fiscal and other support for early intervention services, recommending financial responsibility arrangements among agencies, and promoting interagency agreements;
3. Developing strategies to encourage full participation, coordination, and cooperation of all appropriate agencies;
4. Resolving interagency disputes;
5. Gathering information about problems that impede timely and effective service delivery and taking steps to ensure that any identified policy problems are resolved;
6. Preparing federal grant applications; and
7. Preparing and submitting an annual report to the Governor and the U.S. Secretary of Education on the status of early intervention services within the Commonwealth.

§ 2.2-2691. Membership; terms; quorum; meetings.

The Council shall be composed of 17 members and two ex officio members as follows: one appointee of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; one appointee of the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services; one appointee of the Director of the Department of Criminal Justice Services; one appointee of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia; and 13 nonlegislative citizen members to be appointed by the Governor.

The 13 nonlegislative citizen members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth with appropriate and relevant knowledge and experience, representative of the various geographic regions of the Commonwealth, and comprised of: (i) two representatives of community services boards, one of whom shall be an emergency services director of a community services board and one of whom shall represent the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards; (ii) one representative each from the Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Psychiatric Society of Virginia, the Virginia Sheriff's Association, the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police, the Virginia Municipal League, and the Virginia Association of Counties, upon consideration by the Governor of the nominations, if any, submitted by each organization; (iii) one consumer of mental health services and one family member of a consumer of mental health services; (iv) one attorney licensed to practice law in Virginia; and (v) one individual licensed by a board within the purview of the Department of Health Professions to provide mental health or substance abuse services.

The Secretary of Health and Human Resources and the Secretary of Public Safety shall serve ex

officio on the Council with voting privileges. Ex officio members of the Council shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. The Office of the Attorney General shall receive notice of each Council meeting.

After the initial staggering of terms, each non ex officio member shall be appointed for a term of three years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed.

The Secretary of Health and Human Resources shall chair the Council and the Council shall elect a vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The meetings of the Council shall be held regularly at the call of the chairman or his designee.

§ 2.2-2692. Compensation; expenses.

Members may receive no compensation for the performance of their duties, however, members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of expenses of the consumer and family members shall be provided by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 2.2-2694. Staffing.

Staff support shall be provided to the Council by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and the Office of the Secretary of Public Safety. All agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Council, upon request.

§ 2.2-2696. Substance Abuse Services Council.

A. The Substance Abuse Services Council (the Council) is established as an advisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Council is to advise and make recommendations to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Services Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services on broad policies and goals and on the coordination of the Commonwealth's public and private efforts to control substance abuse, as defined in § 37.2-100.

B. The Council shall consist of 30 members. Four members of the House of Delegates shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, in accordance with the principles of proportional representation contained in the Rules of the House of Delegates, and two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules. The Governor shall appoint one member representing the Virginia Sheriffs' Association, one member representing the Virginia Drug Courts Association, one member representing the Substance Abuse Certification Alliance of Virginia, two members representing the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards, and two members representing statewide consumer and advocacy organizations. The Council shall also include the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; the Commissioner of Health; the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Directors of the Departments of Juvenile Justice, Corrections, Criminal Justice Services, Medical Assistance Services, and Social Services; the Chief Operating Officer of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control; the Executive Director of the Governor's Office for Substance Abuse Prevention or his designee; the Executive Director of the Virginia Tobacco Settlement Foundation or his designee; the Executive Director of the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program or his designee; and the chairs or their designees of the Virginia Association of Drug and Alcohol Programs, the Virginia Association of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Counselors, and the Substance Abuse Council and the Prevention Task Force of the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards.

C. Appointments of legislative members and heads of agencies or representatives of organizations shall be for terms consistent with their terms of office. All other appointments of nonlegislative members shall be for terms of three years, except an appointment to fill a vacancy, which shall be for the unexpired term. The Governor shall appoint a chairman from among the members.

No person shall be eligible to serve more than two successive terms, provided that a person appointed to fill a vacancy may serve two full successive terms.

D. The Council shall meet at least four times annually and more often if deemed necessary or advisable by the chairman.

E. Members of the Council shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the cost of expenses shall be provided by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

F. The duties of the Council shall be:

1. To recommend policies and goals to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State ~~Mental~~

551 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services Board of Behavioral Health and~~
552 ~~Developmental Services;~~

553 2. To coordinate agency programs and activities, to prevent duplication of functions, and to combine
554 all agency plans into a comprehensive interagency state plan for substance abuse services;

555 3. To review and comment on annual state agency budget requests regarding substance abuse and on
556 all applications for state or federal funds or services to be used in substance abuse programs;

557 4. To define responsibilities among state agencies for various programs for persons with substance
558 abuse and to encourage cooperation among agencies; and

559 5. To make investigations, issue annual reports to the Governor and the General Assembly, and make
560 recommendations relevant to substance abuse upon the request of the Governor.

561 G. Staff assistance shall be provided to the Council by the Office of Substance Abuse Services of the
562 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and*
563 *Developmental Services*.

564 § 2.2-2818. Health and related insurance for state employees.

565 A. The Department of Human Resource Management shall establish a plan, subject to the approval
566 of the Governor, for providing health insurance coverage, including chiropractic treatment,
567 hospitalization, medical, surgical and major medical coverage, for state employees and retired state
568 employees with the Commonwealth paying the cost thereof to the extent of the coverage included in
569 such plan. The same plan shall be offered to all part-time state employees, but the total cost shall be
570 paid by such part-time employees. The Department of Human Resource Management shall administer
571 this section. The plan chosen shall provide means whereby coverage for the families or dependents of
572 state employees may be purchased. Except for part-time employees, the Commonwealth may pay all or a
573 portion of the cost thereof, and for such portion as the Commonwealth does not pay, the employee,
574 including a part-time employee, may purchase the coverage by paying the additional cost over the cost
575 of coverage for an employee.

576 Such contribution shall be financed through appropriations provided by law.

577 B. The plan shall:

578 1. Include coverage for low-dose screening mammograms for determining the presence of occult
579 breast cancer. Such coverage shall make available one screening mammogram to persons age 35 through
580 39, one such mammogram biennially to persons age 40 through 49, and one such mammogram annually
581 to persons age 50 and over and may be limited to a benefit of \$50 per mammogram subject to such
582 dollar limits, deductibles, and coinsurance factors as are no less favorable than for physical illness
583 generally.

584 The term "mammogram" shall mean an X-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated
585 specifically for mammography, including but not limited to the X-ray tube, filter, compression device,
586 screens, film, and cassettes, with an average radiation exposure of less than one rad mid-breast, two
587 views of each breast.

588 In order to be considered a screening mammogram for which coverage shall be made available under
589 this section:

590 a. The mammogram shall be (i) ordered by a health care practitioner acting within the scope of his
591 licensure and, in the case of an enrollee of a health maintenance organization, by the health maintenance
592 organization provider; (ii) performed by a registered technologist; (iii) interpreted by a qualified
593 radiologist; and (iv) performed under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery
594 and certified by the American Board of Radiology or an equivalent examining body. A copy of the
595 mammogram report shall be sent or delivered to the health care practitioner who ordered it;

596 b. The equipment used to perform the mammogram shall meet the standards set forth by the Virginia
597 Department of Health in its radiation protection regulations; and

598 c. The mammography film shall be retained by the radiologic facility performing the examination in
599 accordance with the American College of Radiology guidelines or state law.

600 2. Include coverage for postpartum services providing inpatient care and a home visit or visits that
601 shall be in accordance with the medical criteria, outlined in the most current version of or an official
602 update to the "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" prepared by the American Academy of Pediatrics and the
603 American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists or the "Standards for Obstetric-Gynecologic
604 Services" prepared by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. Such coverage shall be
605 provided incorporating any changes in such Guidelines or Standards within six months of the publication
606 of such Guidelines or Standards or any official amendment thereto.

607 3. Include an appeals process for resolution of written complaints concerning denials or partial
608 denials of claims that shall provide reasonable procedures for resolution of such written complaints and
609 shall be published and disseminated to all covered state employees. The appeals process shall include a
610 separate expedited emergency appeals procedure that shall provide resolution within one business day of
611 receipt of a complaint concerning situations requiring immediate medical care. For appeals involving
612 adverse decisions as defined in § 32.1-137.7, the Department shall contract with one or more impartial

health entities to review such decisions. Impartial health entities may include medical peer review organizations and independent utilization review companies. The Department shall adopt regulations to assure that the impartial health entity conducting the reviews has adequate standards, credentials and experience for such review. The impartial health entity shall examine the final denial of claims to determine whether the decision is objective, clinically valid, and compatible with established principles of health care. The decision of the impartial health entity shall (i) be in writing, (ii) contain findings of fact as to the material issues in the case and the basis for those findings, and (iii) be final and binding if consistent with law and policy.

Prior to assigning an appeal to an impartial health entity, the Department shall verify that the impartial health entity conducting the review of a denial of claims has no relationship or association with (i) the covered employee; (ii) the treating health care provider, or any of its employees or affiliates; (iii) the medical care facility at which the covered service would be provided, or any of its employees or affiliates; or (iv) the development or manufacture of the drug, device, procedure or other therapy that is the subject of the final denial of a claim. The impartial health entity shall not be a subsidiary of, nor owned or controlled by, a health plan, a trade association of health plans, or a professional association of health care providers. There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action shall arise against any officer or employee of an impartial health entity for any actions taken or not taken or statements made by such officer or employee in good faith in the performance of his powers and duties.

4. Include coverage for early intervention services. For purposes of this section, "early intervention services" means medically necessary speech and language therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy and assistive technology services and devices for dependents from birth to age three who are certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as eligible for services under Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.). Medically necessary early intervention services for the population certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall mean those services designed to help an individual attain or retain the capability to function age-appropriately within his environment, and shall include services that enhance functional ability without effecting a cure.

For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to the existence of a preexisting condition. The cost of early intervention services shall not be applied to any contractual provision limiting the total amount of coverage paid by the insurer to or on behalf of the insured during the insured's lifetime.

5. Include coverage for prescription drugs and devices approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use as contraceptives.

6. Not deny coverage for any drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use in the treatment of cancer on the basis that the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of the specific type of cancer for which the drug has been prescribed, if the drug has been recognized as safe and effective for treatment of that specific type of cancer in one of the standard reference compendia.

7. Not deny coverage for any drug prescribed to treat a covered indication so long as the drug has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for at least one indication and the drug is recognized for treatment of the covered indication in one of the standard reference compendia or in substantially accepted peer-reviewed medical literature.

8. Include coverage for equipment, supplies and outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, for the treatment of insulin-dependent diabetes, insulin-using diabetes, gestational diabetes and noninsulin-using diabetes if prescribed by a healthcare professional legally authorized to prescribe such items under law. To qualify for coverage under this subdivision, diabetes outpatient self-management training and education shall be provided by a certified, registered or licensed health care professional.

9. Include coverage for reconstructive breast surgery. For purposes of this section, "reconstructive breast surgery" means surgery performed on and after July 1, 1998, (i) coincident with a mastectomy performed for breast cancer or (ii) following a mastectomy performed for breast cancer to reestablish symmetry between the two breasts. For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to preexisting conditions.

10. Include coverage for annual pap smears, including coverage, on and after July 1, 1999, for annual testing performed by any FDA-approved gynecologic cytology screening technologies.

11. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 48 hours for a patient following a radical or modified radical mastectomy and 24 hours of inpatient care following a total mastectomy or a partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for treatment of breast cancer. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient coverage where the attending physician in consultation with the patient determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is

674 appropriate.

675 12. Include coverage (i) to persons age 50 and over and (ii) to persons age 40 and over who are at
676 high risk for prostate cancer, according to the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer
677 Society, for one PSA test in a 12-month period and digital rectal examinations, all in accordance with
678 American Cancer Society guidelines. For the purpose of this subdivision, "PSA testing" means the
679 analysis of a blood sample to determine the level of prostate specific antigen.

680 13. Permit any individual covered under the plan direct access to the health care services of a
681 participating specialist (i) authorized to provide services under the plan and (ii) selected by the covered
682 individual. The plan shall have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special
683 condition may, after consultation with the primary care physician, receive a referral to a specialist for
684 such condition who shall be responsible for and capable of providing and coordinating the individual's
685 primary and specialty care related to the initial specialty care referral. If such an individual's care would
686 most appropriately be coordinated by such a specialist, the plan shall refer the individual to a specialist.
687 For the purposes of this subdivision, "special condition" means a condition or disease that is (i)
688 life-threatening, degenerative, or disabling and (ii) requires specialized medical care over a prolonged
689 period of time. Within the treatment period authorized by the referral, such specialist shall be permitted
690 to treat the individual without a further referral from the individual's primary care provider and may
691 authorize such referrals, procedures, tests, and other medical services related to the initial referral as the
692 individual's primary care provider would otherwise be permitted to provide or authorize. The plan shall
693 have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special condition that requires ongoing
694 care from a specialist may receive a standing referral to such specialist for the treatment of the special
695 condition. If the primary care provider, in consultation with the plan and the specialist, if any,
696 determines that such a standing referral is appropriate, the plan or issuer shall make such a referral to a
697 specialist. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the plan from requiring a participating specialist to
698 provide written notification to the covered individual's primary care physician of any visit to such
699 specialist. Such notification may include a description of the health care services rendered at the time of
700 the visit.

701 14. Include provisions allowing employees to continue receiving health care services for a period of
702 up to 90 days from the date of the primary care physician's notice of termination from any of the plan's
703 provider panels. The plan shall notify any provider at least 90 days prior to the date of termination of
704 the provider, except when the provider is terminated for cause.

705 For a period of at least 90 days from the date of the notice of a provider's termination from any of
706 the plan's provider panels, except when a provider is terminated for cause, a provider shall be permitted
707 by the plan to render health care services to any of the covered employees who (i) were in an active
708 course of treatment from the provider prior to the notice of termination and (ii) request to continue
709 receiving health care services from the provider.

710 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted by the plan to
711 continue rendering health services to any covered employee who has entered the second trimester of
712 pregnancy at the time of the provider's termination of participation, except when a provider is terminated
713 for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered employee's option, continue through the provision of
714 postpartum care directly related to the delivery.

715 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted to continue
716 rendering health services to any covered employee who is determined to be terminally ill (as defined
717 under § 1861(dd)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act) at the time of a provider's termination of
718 participation, except when a provider is terminated for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered
719 employee's option, continue for the remainder of the employee's life for care directly related to the
720 treatment of the terminal illness.

721 A provider who continues to render health care services pursuant to this subdivision shall be
722 reimbursed in accordance with the carrier's agreement with such provider existing immediately before
723 the provider's termination of participation.

724 15. Include coverage for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment
725 studies on cancer, including ovarian cancer trials.

726 The reimbursement for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment
727 studies on cancer shall be determined in the same manner as reimbursement is determined for other
728 medical and surgical procedures. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles,
729 copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness generally.

730 For purposes of this subdivision:

731 "Cooperative group" means a formal network of facilities that collaborate on research projects and
732 have an established NIH-approved peer review program operating within the group. "Cooperative group"
733 includes (i) the National Cancer Institute Clinical Cooperative Group and (ii) the National Cancer
734 Institute Community Clinical Oncology Program.

735 "FDA" means the Federal Food and Drug Administration.

"Multiple project assurance contract" means a contract between an institution and the federal Department of Health and Human Services that defines the relationship of the institution to the federal Department of Health and Human Services and sets out the responsibilities of the institution and the procedures that will be used by the institution to protect human subjects.

"NCI" means the National Cancer Institute.

"NIH" means the National Institutes of Health.

"Patient" means a person covered under the plan established pursuant to this section.

"Patient cost" means the cost of a medically necessary health care service that is incurred as a result of the treatment being provided to a patient for purposes of a clinical trial. "Patient cost" does not include (i) the cost of nonhealth care services that a patient may be required to receive as a result of the treatment being provided for purposes of a clinical trial, (ii) costs associated with managing the research associated with the clinical trial, or (iii) the cost of the investigational drug or device.

Coverage for patient costs incurred during clinical trials for treatment studies on cancer shall be provided if the treatment is being conducted in a Phase II, Phase III, or Phase IV clinical trial. Such treatment may, however, be provided on a case-by-case basis if the treatment is being provided in a Phase I clinical trial.

The treatment described in the previous paragraph shall be provided by a clinical trial approved by:

- a. The National Cancer Institute;
- b. An NCI cooperative group or an NCI center;
- c. The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application;
- d. The federal Department of Veterans Affairs; or
- e. An institutional review board of an institution in the Commonwealth that has a multiple project assurance contract approved by the Office of Protection from Research Risks of the NCI.

The facility and personnel providing the treatment shall be capable of doing so by virtue of their experience, training, and expertise.

Coverage under this subdivision shall apply only if:

- (1) There is no clearly superior, noninvestigational treatment alternative;
- (2) The available clinical or preclinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the treatment will be at least as effective as the noninvestigational alternative; and
- (3) The patient and the physician or health care provider who provides services to the patient under the plan conclude that the patient's participation in the clinical trial would be appropriate, pursuant to procedures established by the plan.

16. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 23 hours for a covered employee following a laparoscopy-assisted vaginal hysterectomy and 48 hours for a covered employee following a vaginal hysterectomy, as outlined in Milliman & Robertson's nationally recognized guidelines. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of the total hours referenced when the attending physician, in consultation with the covered employee, determines that a shorter hospital stay is appropriate.

17. Include coverage for biologically based mental illness.

For purposes of this subdivision, a "biologically based mental illness" is any mental or nervous condition caused by a biological disorder of the brain that results in a clinically significant syndrome that substantially limits the person's functioning; specifically, the following diagnoses are defined as biologically based mental illness as they apply to adults and children: schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, bipolar disorder, major depressive disorder, panic disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, autism, and drug and alcoholism addiction.

Coverage for biologically based mental illnesses shall neither be different nor separate from coverage for any other illness, condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, copayment and coinsurance factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayment and coinsurance factors.

Nothing shall preclude the undertaking of usual and customary procedures to determine the appropriateness of, and medical necessity for, treatment of biologically based mental illnesses under this option, provided that all such appropriateness and medical necessity determinations are made in the same manner as those determinations made for the treatment of any other illness, condition or disorder covered by such policy or contract.

In no case, however, shall coverage for mental disorders provided pursuant to this section be diminished or reduced below the coverage in effect for such disorders on January 1, 1999.

18. Offer and make available coverage for the treatment of morbid obesity through gastric bypass surgery or such other methods as may be recognized by the National Institutes of Health as effective for the long-term reversal of morbid obesity. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness

generally. Access to surgery for morbid obesity shall not be restricted based upon dietary or any other criteria not approved by the National Institutes of Health. For purposes of this subdivision, "morbid obesity" means (i) a weight that is at least 100 pounds over or twice the ideal weight for frame, age, height, and gender as specified in the 1983 Metropolitan Life Insurance tables, (ii) a body mass index (BMI) equal to or greater than 35 kilograms per meter squared with comorbidity or coexisting medical conditions such as hypertension, cardiopulmonary conditions, sleep apnea, or diabetes, or (iii) a BMI of 40 kilograms per meter squared without such comorbidity. As used herein, "BMI" equals weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared.

19. Include coverage for colorectal cancer screening, specifically screening with an annual fecal occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, or in appropriate circumstances radiologic imaging, in accordance with the most recently published recommendations established by the American College of Gastroenterology, in consultation with the American Cancer Society, for the ages, family histories, and frequencies referenced in such recommendations. The coverage for colorectal cancer screening shall not be more restrictive than or separate from coverage provided for any other illness, condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, copayment and coinsurance factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayments and coinsurance factors.

20. On and after July 1, 2002, require that a prescription benefit card, health insurance benefit card, or other technology that complies with the requirements set forth in § 38.2-3407.4:2 be issued to each employee provided coverage pursuant to this section, and shall upon any changes in the required data elements set forth in subsection A of § 38.2-3407.4:2, either reissue the card or provide employees covered under the plan such corrective information as may be required to electronically process a prescription claim.

21. Include coverage for infant hearing screenings and all necessary audiological examinations provided pursuant to § 32.1-64.1 using any technology approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, and as recommended by the national Joint Committee on Infant Hearing in its most current position statement addressing early hearing detection and intervention programs. Such coverage shall include follow-up audiological examinations as recommended by a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner or audiologist and performed by a licensed audiologist to confirm the existence or absence of hearing loss.

C. Claims incurred during a fiscal year but not reported during that fiscal year shall be paid from such funds as shall be appropriated by law. Appropriations, premiums and other payments shall be deposited in the employee health insurance fund, from which payments for claims, premiums, cost containment programs and administrative expenses shall be withdrawn from time to time. The funds of the health insurance fund shall be deemed separate and independent trust funds, shall be segregated from all other funds of the Commonwealth, and shall be invested and administered solely in the interests of the employees and their beneficiaries. Neither the General Assembly nor any public officer, employee, or agency shall use or authorize the use of such trust funds for any purpose other than as provided in law for benefits, refunds, and administrative expenses, including but not limited to legislative oversight of the health insurance fund.

D. For the purposes of this section:

"Peer-reviewed medical literature" means a scientific study published only after having been critically reviewed for scientific accuracy, validity, and reliability by unbiased independent experts in a journal that has been determined by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors to have met the Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals. Peer-reviewed medical literature does not include publications or supplements to publications that are sponsored to a significant extent by a pharmaceutical manufacturing company or health carrier.

"Standard reference compendia" means the American Medical Association Drug Evaluations, the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, or the United States Pharmacopoeia Dispensing Information.

"State employee" means state employee as defined in § 51.1-124.3; employee as defined in § 51.1-201; the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General; judge as defined in § 51.1-301 and judges, clerks and deputy clerks of regional juvenile and domestic relations, county juvenile and domestic relations, and district courts of the Commonwealth; and interns and residents employed by the School of Medicine and Hospital of the University of Virginia, and interns, residents, and employees of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority as provided in § 23-50.16:24.

"Part-time state employees" means classified or similarly situated employees in legislative, executive, judicial or independent agencies who are compensated on a salaried basis and work at least 20 hours, but less than 32 hours, per week.

E. Provisions shall be made for retired employees to obtain coverage under the above plan, including, as an option, coverage for vision and dental care. The Commonwealth may, but shall not be obligated to, pay all or any portion of the cost thereof.

F. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management that utilizes a network of preferred providers shall not exclude any physician solely on the basis of a reprimand or censure from the Board of Medicine, so long as the physician otherwise meets the plan criteria established by the Department.

G. The plan shall include, in each planning district, at least two health coverage options, each sponsored by unrelated entities. No later than July 1, 2006, one of the health coverage options to be available in each planning district shall be a high deductible health plan that would qualify for a health savings account pursuant to § 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

In each planning district that does not have an available health coverage alternative, the Department shall voluntarily enter into negotiations at any time with any health coverage provider who seeks to provide coverage under the plan.

This subsection shall not apply to any state agency authorized by the Department to establish and administer its own health insurance coverage plan separate from the plan established by the Department.

H. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management that includes coverage for prescription drugs on an outpatient basis may apply a formulary to the prescription drug benefits provided by the plan if the formulary is developed, reviewed at least annually, and updated as necessary in consultation with and with the approval of a pharmacy and therapeutics committee, a majority of whose members are actively practicing licensed (i) pharmacists, (ii) physicians, and (iii) other health care providers.

If the plan maintains one or more drug formularies, the plan shall establish a process to allow a person to obtain, without additional cost-sharing beyond that provided for formulary prescription drugs in the plan, a specific, medically necessary nonformulary prescription drug if, after reasonable investigation and consultation with the prescriber, the formulary drug is determined to be an inappropriate therapy for the medical condition of the person. The plan shall act on such requests within one business day of receipt of the request.

I. Any plan established in accordance with this section requiring preauthorization prior to rendering medical treatment shall have personnel available to provide authorization at all times when such preauthorization is required.

J. Any plan established in accordance with this section shall provide to all covered employees written notice of any benefit reductions during the contract period at least 30 days before such reductions become effective.

K. No contract between a provider and any plan established in accordance with this section shall include provisions that require a health care provider or health care provider group to deny covered services that such provider or group knows to be medically necessary and appropriate that are provided with respect to a covered employee with similar medical conditions.

L. The Department of Human Resource Management shall appoint an Ombudsman to promote and protect the interests of covered employees under any state employee's health plan.

The Ombudsman shall:

1. Assist covered employees in understanding their rights and the processes available to them according to their state health plan.

2. Answer inquiries from covered employees by telephone and electronic mail.

3. Provide to covered employees information concerning the state health plans.

4. Develop information on the types of health plans available, including benefits and complaint procedures and appeals.

5. Make available, either separately or through an existing Internet web site utilized by the Department of Human Resource Management, information as set forth in subdivision 4 and such additional information as he deems appropriate.

6. Maintain data on inquiries received, the types of assistance requested, any actions taken and the disposition of each such matter.

7. Upon request, assist covered employees in using the procedures and processes available to them from their health plan, including all appeal procedures. Such assistance may require the review of health care records of a covered employee, which shall be done only with that employee's express written consent. The confidentiality of any such medical records shall be maintained in accordance with the confidentiality and disclosure laws of the Commonwealth.

8. Ensure that covered employees have access to the services provided by the Ombudsman and that the covered employees receive timely responses from the Ombudsman or his representatives to the inquiries.

9. Report annually on his activities to the standing committees of the General Assembly having jurisdiction over insurance and over health and the Joint Commission on Health Care by December 1 of each year.

M. The plan established in accordance with this section shall not refuse to accept or make

920 reimbursement pursuant to an assignment of benefits made to a dentist or oral surgeon by a covered
921 employee.

922 For purposes of this subsection, "assignment of benefits" means the transfer of dental care coverage
923 reimbursement benefits or other rights under the plan. The assignment of benefits shall not be effective
924 until the covered employee notifies the plan in writing of the assignment.

925 N. Beginning July 1, 2006, any plan established pursuant to this section shall provide for an
926 identification number, which shall be assigned to the covered employee and shall not be the same as the
927 employee's social security number.

928 O. Any group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management
929 that contains a coordination of benefits provision shall provide written notification to any eligible
930 employee as a prominent part of its enrollment materials that if such eligible employee is covered under
931 another group accident and sickness insurance policy, group accident and sickness subscription contract,
932 or group health care plan for health care services, that insurance policy, subscription contract or health
933 care plan may have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of other family members enrolled
934 with the eligible employee. Such written notification shall describe generally the conditions upon which
935 the other coverage would be primary for dependent children enrolled under the eligible employee's
936 coverage and the method by which the eligible enrollee may verify from the plan that coverage would
937 have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of each family member.

938 P. Any plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management pursuant to this section
939 shall provide that coverage under such plan for family members enrolled under a participating state
940 employee's coverage shall continue for a period of at least 30 days following the death of such state
941 employee.

942 Q. The plan established in accordance with this section that follows a policy of sending its payment
943 to the covered employee or covered family member for a claim for services received from a
944 nonparticipating physician or osteopath shall (i) include language in the member handbook that notifies
945 the covered employee of the responsibility to apply the plan payment to the claim from such
946 nonparticipating provider, (ii) include this language with any such payment sent to the covered employee
947 or covered family member, and (iii) include the name and any last known address of the
948 nonparticipating provider on the explanation of benefits statement.

949 § 2.2-2905. Certain officers and employees exempt from chapter.

950 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

- 951 1. Officers and employees for whom the Constitution specifically directs the manner of selection;
- 952 2. Officers and employees of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals;
- 953 3. Officers appointed by the Governor, whether confirmation by the General Assembly or by either
954 house thereof is required or not;
- 955 4. Officers elected by popular vote or by the General Assembly or either house thereof;
- 956 5. Members of boards and commissions however selected;
- 957 6. Judges, referees, receivers, arbiters, masters and commissioners in chancery, commissioners of
958 accounts, and any other persons appointed by any court to exercise judicial functions, and jurors and
959 notaries public;
- 960 7. Officers and employees of the General Assembly and persons employed to conduct temporary or
961 special inquiries, investigations, or examinations on its behalf;
- 962 8. The presidents, and teaching and research staffs of state educational institutions;
- 963 9. Commissioned officers and enlisted personnel of the National Guard and the naval militia;
- 964 10. Student employees in institutions of learning, and patient or inmate help in other state
965 institutions;
- 966 11. Upon general or special authorization of the Governor, laborers, temporary employees and
967 employees compensated on an hourly or daily basis;
- 968 12. County, city, town and district officers, deputies, assistants and employees;
- 969 13. The employees of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission;
- 970 14. The officers and employees of the Virginia Retirement System;
- 971 15. Employees whose positions are identified by the State Council of Higher Education and the
972 boards of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, The Science Museum of Virginia, the
973 Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Frontier Culture Museum of Virginia, the Virginia Museum of
974 Natural History and The Library of Virginia, and approved by the Director of the Department of Human
975 Resource Management as requiring specialized and professional training;
- 976 16. Employees of the State Lottery Department;
- 977 17. Production workers for the Virginia Industries for the Blind Sheltered Workshop programs;
- 978 18. Employees of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority;
- 979 19. Employees of the University of Virginia Medical Center. Any changes in compensation plans for
980 such employees shall be subject to the review and approval of the Board of Visitors of the University of
981 Virginia. The University of Virginia shall ensure that its procedures for hiring University of Virginia

Medical Center personnel are based on merit and fitness. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

20. In executive branch agencies the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of chief deputy, or equivalent, and the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of a confidential assistant for policy or administration. An employee serving in either one of these two positions shall be deemed to serve on an employment-at-will basis. An agency may not exceed two employees who serve in this exempt capacity;

21. Employees of Virginia Correctional Enterprises. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

22. Officers and employees of the Virginia Port Authority;

23. Employees of the Virginia College Savings Plan;

24. Directors of state facilities operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* employed or reemployed by the Commissioner after July 1, 1999, under a contract pursuant to § 37.2-707. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

25. The Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy;

26. Employees of the Virginia Tobacco Settlement Foundation. Such employees shall be treated as state employees for purposes of participation in the Virginia Retirement System, health insurance, and all other employee benefits offered by the Commonwealth to its classified employees; and

27. Employees of the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission.

§ 2.2-3705.5. Exclusions to application of chapter; health and social services records.

The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:

1. Health records, except that such records may be personally reviewed by the individual who is the subject of such records, as provided in subsection F of § 32.1-127.1:03.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is confined in a state or local correctional facility, the administrator or chief medical officer of such facility may assert such confined person's right of access to the health records if the administrator or chief medical officer has reasonable cause to believe that such confined person has an infectious disease or other medical condition from which other persons so confined need to be protected. Health records shall only be reviewed and shall not be copied by such administrator or chief medical officer. The information in the health records of a person so confined shall continue to be confidential and shall not be disclosed by the administrator or chief medical officer of the facility to any person except the subject or except as provided by law.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is under the age of 18, his right of access may be asserted only by his guardian or his parent, including a noncustodial parent, unless such parent's parental rights have been terminated, a court of competent jurisdiction has restricted or denied such access, or a parent has been denied access to the health record in accordance with § 20-124.6. In instances where the person who is the subject thereof is an emancipated minor, a student in a public institution of higher education, or is a minor who has consented to his own treatment as authorized by § 16.1-338 or 54.1-2969, the right of access may be asserted by the subject person.

For the purposes of this chapter, statistical summaries of incidents and statistical data concerning patient abuse as may be compiled by the Commissioner of ~~the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall be open to inspection and copying as provided in § 2.2-3704. No such summaries or data shall include any patient-identifying information.

2. Applications for admission to examinations or for licensure and scoring records maintained by the Department of Health Professions or any board in that department on individual licensees or applicants. However, such material may be made available during normal working hours for copying, at the requester's expense, by the individual who is the subject thereof, in the offices of the Department of Health Professions or in the offices of any health regulatory board, whichever may possess the material.

3. Reports, documentary evidence and other information as specified in §§ 2.2-706 and 63.2-104.

4. Investigative notes; proprietary information not published, copyrighted or patented; information obtained from employee personnel records; personally identifiable information regarding residents, clients or other recipients of services; and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence to the Department of Social Services in connection with an active investigation of an applicant or licensee pursuant to Chapters 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) and 18 (§ 63.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 63.2. However, nothing in this section shall prohibit disclosure of information from the records of completed investigations in a form that does not reveal the identity of complainants, persons supplying information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

5. Information and records collected for the designation and verification of trauma centers and other specialty care centers within the Statewide Emergency Medical Services System and Services pursuant to

1043 Article 2.1 (§ 32.1-111.1 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 32.1.

1044 6. Reports and court documents relating to involuntary admission required to be kept confidential
1045 pursuant to § 37.2-818.

1046 7. Data formerly required to be submitted to the Commissioner of Health relating to the
1047 establishment of new or the expansion of existing clinical health services, acquisition of major medical
1048 equipment, or certain projects requiring capital expenditures pursuant to former § 32.1-102.3:4.

1049 8. Information required to be provided to the Department of Health Professions by certain licensees
1050 pursuant to § 54.1-2506.1.

1051 9. Information and records acquired (i) during a review of any child death conducted by the State
1052 Child Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1 or by a local or regional child fatality
1053 review team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.2; (ii) during a review of any death
1054 conducted by a family violence fatality review team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.3; or
1055 (iii) during a review of any adult death conducted by the Adult Fatality Review Team to the extent
1056 made confidential by § 32.1-283.5.

1057 10. Patient level data collected by the Board of Health and not yet processed, verified, and released,
1058 pursuant to § 32.1-276.9, to the Board by the nonprofit organization with which the Commissioner of
1059 Health has contracted pursuant to § 32.1-276.4.

1060 11. Records of the Intervention Program Committee within the Department of Health Professions, to
1061 the extent such records may identify any practitioner who may be, or who is actually, impaired to the
1062 extent disclosure is prohibited by § 54.1-2517.

1063 12. Records submitted as a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, to the
1064 Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Advisory Board pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (§ 51.5-12.1 et seq.) of
1065 Title 51.5, to the extent such records contain (i) medical or mental records, or other data identifying
1066 individual patients or (ii) proprietary business or research-related information produced or collected by
1067 the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific,
1068 technical or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published,
1069 copyrighted or patented, if the disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive
1070 position of the applicant.

1071 13. Any record copied, recorded or received by the Commissioner of Health in the course of an
1072 examination, investigation or review of a managed care health insurance plan licensee pursuant to
1073 §§ 32.1-137.4 and 32.1-137.5, including books, records, files, accounts, papers, documents, and any or
1074 all computer or other recordings.

1075 14. Records, information and statistical registries required to be kept confidential pursuant to
1076 §§ 63.2-102 and 63.2-104.

1077 15. All data, records, and reports relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to
1078 recipients and any abstracts from such data, records, and reports that are in the possession of the
1079 Prescription Monitoring Program pursuant to Chapter 25.2 (§ 54.1-2519 et seq.) of Title 54.1 and any
1080 material relating to the operation or security of the Program.

1081 16. Records of the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program required to be
1082 kept confidential pursuant to § 38.2-5002.2.

1083 17. Records of the State Health Commissioner relating to the health of any person or persons subject
1084 to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of
1085 Chapter 2 of Title 32.1; this provision shall not, however, be construed to prohibit the disclosure of
1086 statistical summaries, abstracts or other information in aggregate form.

1087 18. Records containing the names and addresses or other contact information of persons receiving
1088 transportation services from a state or local public body or its designee under Title II of the Americans
1089 with Disabilities Act, (42 U.S.C. § 12131 et seq.) or funded by Temporary Assistance for Needy
1090 Families (TANF) created under § 63.2-600.

1091 § 2.2-4344. Exemptions from competition for certain transactions.

1092 A. Any public body may enter into contracts without competition for:

1093 1. The purchase of goods or services that are produced or performed by:

1094 a. Persons, or in schools or workshops, under the supervision of the Virginia Department for the
1095 Blind and Vision Impaired; or

1096 b. Nonprofit sheltered workshops or other nonprofit organizations that offer transitional or supported
1097 employment services serving the handicapped.

1098 2. The purchase of legal services, provided that the pertinent provisions of Chapter 5 (§ 2.2-500 et
1099 seq.) of this title remain applicable, or expert witnesses or other services associated with litigation or
1100 regulatory proceedings.

1101 B. An industrial development authority or regional industrial facility authority may enter into
1102 contracts without competition with respect to any item of cost of "authority facilities" or "facilities" as
1103 defined in § 15.2-4902 or "facility" as defined in § 15.2-6400.

1104 C. A community development authority formed pursuant to Article 6 (§ 15.2-5152 et seq.) of Chapter

51 of Title 15.2, with members selected pursuant to such article, may enter into contracts without competition with respect to the exercise of any of its powers permitted by § 15.2-5158. However, this exception shall not apply in cases where any public funds other than special assessments and incremental real property taxes levied pursuant to § 15.2-5158 are used as payment for such contract.

D. The Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* may enter into contracts without competition to obtain the services of licensed health care professionals or other experts to assist in carrying out the duties of the Office of the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 2.2-5201. State and local advisory team; appointment; membership.

The state and local advisory team is established to better serve the needs of troubled and at-risk youths and their families by advising the Council by managing cooperative efforts at the state level and providing support to community efforts. The team shall be appointed by and be responsible to the Council. The team shall include one representative from each of the following state agencies: the Department of Health, Department of Juvenile Justice, Department of Social Services, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Department of Medical Assistance Services, and the Department of Education. The team shall also include a parent representative who is not an employee of any public or private program which serves children and families; a representative of a private organization or association of providers for children's or family services; a local Comprehensive Services Act coordinator or program manager; a juvenile and domestic relations district court judge; and one member from each of five different geographical areas of the Commonwealth and who serves on and is representative of the different participants of community policy and management teams. The nonstate agency members shall serve staggered terms of not more than three years, such terms to be determined by the Council.

The team shall annually elect a chairman from among the local government representatives who shall be responsible for convening the team. The team shall develop and adopt bylaws to govern its operations that shall be subject to approval by the Council. Any person serving on such team who does not represent a public agency shall file a statement of economic interests as set out in § 2.2-3117 of the State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act (§ 2.2-3100 et seq.). Persons representing public agencies shall file such statements if required to do so pursuant to the State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act.

§ 2.2-5206. Community policy and management teams; powers and duties.

The community policy and management team shall manage the cooperative effort in each community to better serve the needs of troubled and at-risk youths and their families and to maximize the use of state and community resources. Every such team shall:

1. Develop interagency policies and procedures to govern the provision of services to children and families in its community;

2. Develop interagency fiscal policies governing access to the state pool of funds by the eligible populations including immediate access to funds for emergency services and shelter care;

3. Establish policies to assess the ability of parents or legal guardians to contribute financially to the cost of services to be provided and, when not specifically prohibited by federal or state law or regulation, provide for appropriate parental or legal guardian financial contribution, utilizing a standard sliding fee scale based upon ability to pay;

4. Coordinate long-range, community-wide planning that ensures the development of resources and services needed by children and families in its community including consultation on the development of a community-based system of services established under § 16.1-309.3;

5. Establish policies governing referrals and reviews of children and families to the family assessment and planning teams or a collaborative, multidisciplinary team process approved by the Council and a process to review the teams' recommendations and requests for funding;

6. Establish quality assurance and accountability procedures for program utilization and funds management;

7. Establish procedures for obtaining bids on the development of new services;

8. Manage funds in the interagency budget allocated to the community from the state pool of funds, the trust fund, and any other source;

9. Authorize and monitor the expenditure of funds by each family assessment and planning team or a collaborative, multidisciplinary team process approved by the Council;

10. Submit grant proposals that benefit its community to the state trust fund and enter into contracts for the provision or operation of services upon approval of the participating governing bodies;

11. Serve as its community's liaison to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, reporting on its programmatic and fiscal operations and on its recommendations for improving the service system, including consideration of realignment of geographical boundaries for providing

human services;

12. Collect and provide uniform data to the Council as requested by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families in accordance with subdivision D 16 of § 2.2-2648;

13. Review and analyze data in management reports provided by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families in accordance with subdivision D 18 of § 2.2-2648 to help evaluate child and family outcomes and public and private provider performance in the provision of services to children and families through the Comprehensive Services Act program. Every team shall also review local and statewide data provided in the management reports on the number of children served, children placed out of state, demographics, types of services provided, duration of services, service expenditures, child and family outcomes, and performance measures. Additionally, teams shall track the utilization and performance of residential placements using data and management reports to develop and implement strategies for returning children placed outside of the Commonwealth, preventing placements, and reducing lengths of stay in residential programs for children who can appropriately and effectively be served in their home, relative's homes, family-like setting, or their community;

14. Administer funds pursuant to § 16.1-309.3;

15. Have authority, upon approval of the participating governing bodies, to enter into a contract with another community policy and management team to purchase coordination services provided that funds described as the state pool of funds under § 2.2-5211 are not used;

16. Submit to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* information on children under the age of 14 and adolescents ages 14 through 17 for whom an admission to an acute care psychiatric or residential treatment facility licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, exclusive of group homes, was sought but was unable to be obtained by the reporting entities. Such information shall be gathered from the family assessment and planning team or participating community agencies authorized in § 2.2-5207. Information to be submitted shall include:

a. The child or adolescent's date of birth;

b. Date admission was attempted; and

c. Reason the patient could not be admitted into the hospital or facility; and

17. Establish policies for providing intensive care coordination services for children who are at risk of entering, or are placed in, residential care through the Comprehensive Services Act program, consistent with guidelines developed pursuant to subdivision D 22 of § 2.2-2648.

§ 2.2-5300. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Council" means the Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council created pursuant to § 2.2-2664.

"Early intervention services" means services provided through Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.), as amended, designed to meet the developmental needs of each child and the needs of the family related to enhancing the child's development and provided to children from birth to age three who have (i) a 25 percent developmental delay in one or more areas of development, (ii) atypical development, or (iii) a diagnosed physical or mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a developmental delay. Early intervention services provided in the child's home and in accordance with this chapter shall not be construed to be home health services as referenced in § 32.1-162.7.

"Participating agencies" means the Departments of Health, of Education, of Medical Assistance Services, of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and of Social Services; the Departments for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and for the Blind and Vision Impaired; the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy; and the Bureau of Insurance within the State Corporation Commission.

§ 4.1-305. Purchasing or possessing alcoholic beverages unlawful in certain cases; venue; exceptions; penalty; forfeiture; deferred proceedings; treatment and education programs and services.

A. No person to whom an alcoholic beverage may not lawfully be sold under § 4.1-304 shall consume, purchase or possess, or attempt to consume, purchase or possess, any alcoholic beverage, except (i) pursuant to subdivisions 1 through 7 of § 4.1-200; (ii) where possession of the alcoholic beverages by a person less than 21 years of age is due to such person's making a delivery of alcoholic beverages in pursuance of his employment or an order of his parent; or (iii) by any state, federal, or local law-enforcement officer when possession of an alcoholic beverage is necessary in the performance of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the alcohol was possessed or consumed, or in the county or city in which the person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of alcohol.

B. No person under the age of 21 years shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, facsimile or simulated license to operate a motor vehicle, (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile or simulated document, including, but not limited to a birth certificate or student identification card, or (iii) motor vehicle operator's license, birth certificate or student identification card of another person in order to

establish a false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase or attempt to consume or purchase an alcoholic beverage.

C. Any person found guilty of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor; and upon conviction, (i) such person shall be ordered to pay a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 or ordered to perform a mandatory minimum of 50 hours of community service as a condition of probation supervision and (ii) the license to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth of any such person age 18 or older shall be suspended for a period of not less than six months and not more than one year. The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize any person convicted of a violation of this section the use of a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle in accordance with the provisions of subsection D of § 16.1-278.9 or subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or when referred to a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1. During the period of license suspension, the court may require a person issued a restricted permit under the provisions of this subsection to be (i) monitored by an alcohol safety action program, or (ii) supervised by a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. The alcohol safety action program or local community-based probation services agency shall report to the court any violation of the terms of the restricted permit, the required alcohol safety action program monitoring or local community-based probation services and any condition related thereto or any failure to remain alcohol-free during the suspension period.

D. Any alcoholic beverage purchased or possessed in violation of this section shall be deemed contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-338.

E. Any retail licensee who in good faith promptly notifies the Board or any state or local law-enforcement agency of a violation or suspected violation of this section shall be accorded immunity from an administrative penalty for a violation of § 4.1-304.

F. When any person who has not previously been convicted of underaged consumption, purchase or possession of alcoholic beverages in Virginia or any other state or the United States is before the court, the court may, upon entry of a plea of guilty or not guilty, if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt of a violation of subsection A, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, defer further proceedings and place him on probation subject to appropriate conditions. Such conditions may include the imposition of the license suspension and restricted license provisions in subsection C. However, in all such deferred proceedings, the court shall require the accused to enter a treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. If the accused is placed on local community-based probation, the program or services shall be located in any of the judicial districts served by the local community-based probation services agency or in any judicial district ordered by the court when the placement is with an alcohol safety action program. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, (ii) certified by the Commission on VASAP, or (iii) by a program or services made available through a community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. When an offender is ordered to a local community-based probation services rather than the alcohol safety action program, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for providing for services or referring the offender to education or treatment services as a condition of probation.

Upon violation of a condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him without an adjudication of guilt. A discharge and dismissal hereunder shall be treated as a conviction for the purpose of applying this section in any subsequent proceedings.

§ 9.1-111. Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice; membership; terms; quorum; compensation and expenses; duties.

A. The Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice (the Advisory Committee) is established as an advisory committee in the executive branch of state government. The Advisory Committee shall have the responsibility for advising and assisting the Board, the Department, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the Commonwealth, and units of local government, or combinations thereof, on matters related to the prevention and treatment of juvenile delinquency and the administration of juvenile justice in the Commonwealth.

The membership of the Advisory Committee shall comply with the membership requirements contained in the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 5633, as amended, and shall consist of: the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Social Services~~; the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; one member of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice

1289 appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules after consideration of the recommendation of the Chairman
1290 of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice; one member of the House Committee on Health, Welfare
1291 and Institutions appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates after consideration of the
1292 recommendation of the Chairman of the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions; and such
1293 number of nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Governor to comply with the membership
1294 range established by such federal act.

1295 Legislative members, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the agency directors shall serve
1296 terms coincident with their terms of office. All other members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth
1297 and be appointed by the Governor for a term of four years. However, no member shall serve beyond the
1298 time when he holds the office or employment by reason of which he was initially eligible for
1299 appointment.

1300 The Advisory Committee shall elect its chairman and vice-chairman from among its members.

1301 B. Gubernatorial appointed members of the Advisory Committee shall not be eligible to serve for
1302 more than two consecutive full terms. Three or more years within a four-year period shall be deemed a
1303 full term. Any vacancy on the Advisory Committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original
1304 appointment, but for the unexpired term.

1305 C. The majority of the members of the Advisory Committee shall constitute a quorum. The Advisory
1306 Committee shall hold no less than four regular meetings a year. Subject to the requirements of this
1307 subsection, the chairman shall fix the times and places of meetings, either on his own motion or upon
1308 written request of any five members of the Advisory Committee.

1309 D. The Advisory Committee may adopt bylaws for its operation.

1310 E. Members of the Advisory Committee shall not receive compensation, but shall be reimbursed for
1311 all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in
1312 §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of the expenses shall be provided from federal funds
1313 received for such purposes by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

1314 F. The Advisory Committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities to:

1315 1. Review the operation of the juvenile justice system in the Commonwealth, including facilities and
1316 programs, and prepare appropriate reports;

1317 2. Review statewide plans, conduct studies, and make recommendations on needs and priorities for
1318 the development and improvement of the juvenile justice system in the Commonwealth; and

1319 3. Advise on all matters related to the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
1320 1974 (P. L. 93-415, as amended), and recommend such actions on behalf of the Commonwealth as may
1321 seem desirable to secure benefits of that or other federal programs for delinquency prevention of the
1322 administration of juvenile justice.

1323 G. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall provide staff support to the Advisory
1324 Committee. Upon request, each administrative entity or collegial body within the executive branch of the
1325 state government shall cooperate with the Advisory Committee as it carries out its responsibilities.

1326 § 9.1-901. Persons for whom registration required.

1327 A. Every person convicted on or after July 1, 1994, including a juvenile tried and convicted in the
1328 circuit court pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as an adult or juvenile, of an offense set forth
1329 in § 9.1-902 and every juvenile found delinquent of an offense for which registration is required under
1330 subsection G of § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person serving
1331 a sentence of confinement on or after July 1, 1994, for a conviction of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902
1332 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person under community supervision as
1333 defined by § 53.1-1 or any similar form of supervision under the laws of the United States or any
1334 political subdivision thereof, on or after July 1, 1994, resulting from a conviction of an offense set forth
1335 in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter.

1336 B. Every person found not guilty by reason of insanity on or after July 1, 2007, of an offense set
1337 forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person in the custody of
1338 the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
1339 *Developmental Services*, or on conditional release on or after July 1, 2007, because of a finding of not
1340 guilty by reason of insanity of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required
1341 by this chapter.

1342 C. Unless a specific effective date is otherwise provided, all provisions of the Sex Offender and
1343 Crimes Against Minors Registry Act shall apply retroactively. This subsection is declaratory of existing
1344 law.

1345 § 15.2-2291. Group homes of eight or fewer single-family residence.

1346 A. Zoning ordinances for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than
1347 eight ~~mentally ill, mentally retarded, or developmentally disabled persons~~ *individuals with mental illness,*
1348 *mental retardation, or developmental disabilities* reside, with one or more resident counselors or other
1349 staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. For the purposes of this subsection, mental
1350 illness and developmental disability shall not include current illegal use of or addiction to a controlled

substance as defined in § 54.1-3401. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or other residential facility for which the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

B. Zoning ordinances in the Counties of Arlington and York for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than eight aged, infirm or disabled persons reside, with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or residential facility in which aged, infirm or disabled persons reside with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons and for which the Department of Social Services is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

C. Zoning ordinances in the Cities of Lynchburg and Suffolk for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than four aged, infirm or disabled persons reside, with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or residential facility in which aged, infirm or disabled persons reside with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons and for which the Department of Social Services is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

§ 15.2-5386. Limitations of the Authority.

A. No provision related to the establishment, powers, or authorities of the Southwest Virginia Health Facilities Authority, its subsidiaries, or successors, shall apply to the facilities, equipment, or appropriations of any state agency including, but not limited to, the Virginia Department of Health and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substances Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

B. The Authority, its subsidiaries or successors, shall not be exempt from the Certificate of Public Need law and regulations or licensure standards of the Virginia Department of Health.

C. No provision of this chapter related to the establishment, power or authority of the Authority or participating localities shall apply to or affect any hospital as defined in § 32.1-123.

§ 16.1-275. Physical and mental examinations and treatment; nursing and medical care.

The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction under the provisions of this law to be physically examined and treated by a physician or to be examined and treated at a local mental health center. If no such appropriate facility is available locally, the court may order the juvenile to be examined and treated by any physician or psychiatrist or examined by a clinical psychologist. The Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall provide for distribution a list of appropriate mental health centers available throughout the Commonwealth. Upon the written recommendation of the person examining the juvenile that an adequate evaluation of the juvenile's treatment needs can only be performed in an inpatient hospital setting, the court shall have the power to send any such juvenile to a state mental hospital for not more than 10 days for the purpose of obtaining a recommendation for the treatment of the juvenile. No juvenile sent to a state mental hospital pursuant to this provision shall be held or cared for in any maximum security unit where adults determined to be criminally insane reside; the juvenile shall be kept separate and apart from such adults. However, the Commissioner of ~~the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* may place a juvenile who has been certified to the circuit court for trial as an adult pursuant to § 16.1-269.6 or § 16.1-270 or who has been convicted as an adult of a felony in the circuit court in a unit appropriate for the care and treatment of persons under a criminal charge when, in his discretion, such placement is necessary to protect the security or safety of other patients, staff or the public.

Whenever the parent or other person responsible for the care and support of a juvenile is determined by the court to be financially unable to pay the costs of such examination as ordered by the juvenile court or the circuit court, such costs may be paid according to standards, procedures and rates adopted by the State Board, from funds appropriated in the general appropriation act for the Department.

The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction who is found to be delinquent for an offense that is eligible for commitment pursuant to subdivision A 14 of § 16.1-278.8 or § 16.1-285.1 to be placed in the temporary custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice for a period of time not to exceed 30 days for diagnostic assessment services after the adjudicatory hearing and prior to final disposition of his or her case. Prior to such a placement, the Department shall determine that the personnel, services and space are available in the appropriate correctional facility for

the care, supervision and study of such juvenile and that the juvenile's case is appropriate for referral for diagnostic services.

Whenever a juvenile concerning whom a petition has been filed appears to be in need of nursing, medical or surgical care, the juvenile court or the circuit court may order the parent or other person responsible for the care and support of the juvenile to provide such care in a hospital or otherwise and to pay the expenses thereof. If the parent or other person is unable or fails to provide such care, the juvenile court or the circuit court may refer the matter to the authority designated in accordance with law for the determination of eligibility for such services in the county or city in which such juvenile or his parents have residence or legal domicile.

In any such case, if a parent who is able to do so fails or refuses to comply with the order, the juvenile court or the circuit court may proceed against him as for contempt or may proceed against him for nonsupport.

§ 16.1-278.8. Delinquent juveniles.

A. If a juvenile is found to be delinquent, except where such finding involves a refusal to take a blood or breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance, the juvenile court or the circuit court may make any of the following orders of disposition for his supervision, care and rehabilitation:

1. Enter an order pursuant to the provisions of § 16.1-278;

2. Permit the juvenile to remain with his parent, subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may order with respect to the juvenile and his parent;

3. Order the parent of a juvenile living with him to participate in such programs, cooperate in such treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may order and as are designed for the rehabilitation of the juvenile and his parent;

4. Defer disposition for a specific period of time established by the court with due regard for the gravity of the offense and the juvenile's history, after which time the charge may be dismissed by the judge if the juvenile exhibits good behavior during the period for which disposition is deferred;

4a. Defer disposition and place the juvenile in the temporary custody of the Department to attend a boot camp established pursuant to § 66-13 provided bed space is available for confinement and the juvenile (i) has been found delinquent for an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor or felony if committed by an adult, (ii) has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated delinquent or found guilty of a violent juvenile felony, (iii) has not previously attended a boot camp, (iv) has not previously been committed to and received by the Department, and (v) has had an assessment completed by the Department or its contractor concerning the appropriateness of the candidate for a boot camp. Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal or refusal to comply with the terms and conditions of participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may impose any other disposition as authorized by this section which could have been imposed at the time the juvenile was placed in the custody of the Department;

5. Without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of the juvenile and his attorney, defer disposition of the delinquency charge for a specific period of time established by the court with due regard for the gravity of the offense and the juvenile's history, and place the juvenile on probation under such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the juvenile and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under these provisions shall be without adjudication of guilt;

6. Order the parent of a juvenile with whom the juvenile does not reside to participate in such programs, cooperate in such treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may order and as are designed for the rehabilitation of the juvenile where the court determines this participation to be in the best interest of the juvenile and other parties concerned and where the court determines it reasonable to expect the parent to be able to comply with such order;

7. Place the juvenile on probation under such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe;

7a. Place the juvenile on probation and order treatment for the abuse or dependence on alcohol or drugs in a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the treatment of juveniles for substance abuse provided that (i) the juvenile has received a substance abuse screening and assessment pursuant to § 16.1-273 and that such assessment reasonably indicates that the commission of the offense was motivated by, or closely related to, the habitual use of alcohol or drugs and indicates that the juvenile is in need of treatment for this condition; (ii) the juvenile has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated for a violent juvenile felony; and (iii) such facility is available. Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal, or refusal to comply with the conditions of participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may impose any other disposition authorized by this section. The court shall review such placements at 30-day intervals;

8. Impose a fine not to exceed \$500 upon such juvenile;

9. Suspend the motor vehicle and driver's license of such juvenile or impose a curfew on the juvenile as to the hours during which he may operate a motor vehicle. Any juvenile whose driver's license is

suspended may be referred for an assessment and subsequent referral to appropriate services, upon such terms and conditions as the court may order. The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any juvenile who enters such program for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school. The restricted permit shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of such subsection. However, only an abstract of the court order that identifies the juvenile and the conditions under which the restricted license is to be issued shall be sent to the Department of Motor Vehicles.

If a curfew is imposed, the juvenile shall surrender his driver's license, which shall be held in the physical custody of the court during any period of curfew restriction. The court shall send an abstract of any order issued under the provisions of this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall preserve a record thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of this chapter or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth and courts. A copy of the court order, upon which shall be noted all curfew restrictions, shall be provided to the juvenile and shall contain such information regarding the juvenile as is reasonably necessary to identify him. The juvenile may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in accordance with its terms.

Any juvenile who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any juvenile denied a driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of withdrawal of the order imposing the curfew;

10. Require the juvenile to make restitution or reparation to the aggrieved party or parties for actual damages or loss caused by the offense for which the juvenile was found to be delinquent;

11. Require the juvenile to participate in a public service project under such conditions as the court prescribes;

12. In case of traffic violations, impose only those penalties that are authorized to be imposed on adults for such violations. However, for those violations punishable by confinement if committed by an adult, confinement shall be imposed only as authorized by this title;

13. Transfer legal custody to any of the following:

a. A relative or other individual who, after study, is found by the court to be qualified to receive and care for the juvenile;

b. A child welfare agency, private organization or facility that is licensed or otherwise authorized by law to receive and provide care for such juvenile. The court shall not transfer legal custody of a delinquent juvenile to an agency, organization or facility outside of the Commonwealth without the approval of the Director; or

c. The local board of social services of the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction or, at the discretion of the court, to the local board of the county or city in which the juvenile has residence if other than the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction. The board shall accept the juvenile for care and custody, provided that it has been given reasonable notice of the pendency of the case and an opportunity to be heard. However, in an emergency in the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction, such local board may be required to temporarily accept a juvenile for a period not to exceed 14 days without prior notice or an opportunity to be heard if the judge entering the placement order describes the emergency and the need for such temporary placement in the order. Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit the commitment of a juvenile to any local board of social services in the Commonwealth when such local board consents to the commitment. The board to which the juvenile is committed shall have the final authority to determine the appropriate placement for the juvenile. Any order authorizing removal from the home and transferring legal custody of a juvenile to a local board of social services as provided in this subdivision shall be entered only upon a finding by the court that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent removal and that continued placement in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile, and the order shall so state;

14. Commit the juvenile to the Department of Juvenile Justice, but only if he is 11 years of age or older and the current offense is (i) an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, (ii) an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been found to be delinquent based on an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, or (iii) an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been adjudicated delinquent of three or more offenses that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult, and each such offense was not a part of a common act, transaction or scheme;

15. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284;

16. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284.1;

17. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-285.1;

18. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-278.9; or

1535 19. Require the juvenile to participate in a gang-activity prevention program including, but not
1536 limited to, programs funded under the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act pursuant to
1537 § 16.1-309.7, if available, when a juvenile has been found delinquent of any of the following violations:
1538 § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127,
1539 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or 18.2-147, or any violation of a local ordinance adopted
1540 pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2.

1541 B. If the court finds a juvenile delinquent of any of the following offenses, the court shall require the
1542 juvenile to make at least partial restitution or reparation for any property damage, for loss caused by the
1543 offense, or for actual medical expenses incurred by the victim as a result of the offense: § 18.2-51,
1544 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 18.2-128,
1545 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or 18.2-147; or for any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to
1546 § 15.2-1812.2. The court shall further require the juvenile to participate in a community service project
1547 under such conditions as the court prescribes.

1548 § 16.1-278.8:01. Juveniles found delinquent of first drug offense; screening; assessment; drug tests;
1549 costs and fees; education or treatment programs.

1550 Whenever any juvenile who has not previously been found delinquent of any offense under Article 1
1551 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or under any statute of the United States or of any state
1552 relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not
1553 previously had a proceeding against him for a violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in
1554 § 18.2-251, is found delinquent of any offense concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled
1555 substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances and like substances, the juvenile court or
1556 the circuit court shall require such juvenile to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to
1557 § 16.1-273 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be
1558 directed by the court. Such testing shall be conducted by a court services unit of the Department of
1559 Juvenile Justice, or by a locally operated court services unit or by personnel of any program or agency
1560 approved by the Department. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the
1561 Commonwealth from funds appropriated to the Department for this purpose. The court shall also order
1562 the juvenile to undergo such treatment or education program for substance abuse, if available, as the
1563 court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or
1564 education shall be provided by a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
1565 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or by a similar program
1566 available through a facility or program operated by or under contract to the Department of Juvenile
1567 Justice or a locally operated court services unit or a program funded through the Virginia Juvenile
1568 Community Crime Control Act (§ 16.1-309.2 et seq.).

1569 § 16.1-280. Commitment of juveniles with mental illness or mental retardation.

1570 When any juvenile court has found a juvenile to be in need of services or delinquent pursuant to the
1571 provisions of this law and reasonably believes such juvenile is ~~mentally ill or mentally retarded~~ *has*
1572 *mental illness or mental retardation*, the court may commit him to an appropriate hospital in accordance
1573 with the provisions of §§ 16.1-338 through 16.1-345 or admit him to a training center in accordance
1574 with the provisions of § 37.2-806 for observation as to his mental condition. No juvenile shall be
1575 committed pursuant to this section or §§ 16.1-338 through 16.1-345 to a maximum security unit within
1576 any state hospital where adults determined to be criminally insane reside. However, the Commissioner of
1577 the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
1578 *Developmental Services* may place a juvenile who has been certified to the circuit court for trial as an
1579 adult pursuant to § 16.1-269.6 or § 16.1-270 or who has been convicted as an adult of a felony in the
1580 circuit court in a unit appropriate for the care and treatment of persons under a criminal charge when, in
1581 his discretion, such placement is necessary to protect the security or safety of other patients, staff or
1582 public. The Commissioner shall notify the committing court of any placement in such unit. The
1583 committing court shall review the placement at thirty-day intervals.

1584 § 16.1-293.1. Mental health services transition plan.

1585 A. The Board of Juvenile Justice, after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
1586 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, shall promulgate
1587 regulations for the planning and provision of post-release services for persons committed to the
1588 Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 14 of § 16.1-278.8 or placed in a
1589 postdispositional detention program pursuant to subsection B of § 16.1-284.1 and identified as having a
1590 recognized mental health, substance abuse, or other therapeutic treatment need. The plan shall be in
1591 writing and completed prior to the person's release. The purpose of the plan shall be to ensure continuity
1592 of necessary treatment and services.

1593 B. The mental health services transition plan shall identify the mental health, substance abuse, or
1594 other therapeutic needs of the person being released. Appropriate treatment providers and other persons
1595 from state and local agencies or entities, as defined by the Board, shall participate in the development of
1596 the plan. Appropriate family members, caregivers, or other persons, as defined by the Board, shall be

invited to participate in the development of the person's plan.

C. Prior to the person's release from incarceration, the identified agency or agencies responsible for the case management of the mental health services transition plan shall make the necessary referrals specified in the plan and assist the person in applying for insurance and other services identified in the plan, including completing and submitting applications that may only be submitted upon release.

§ 16.1-336. Definitions.

When used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Consent" means the voluntary, express, and informed agreement to treatment in a mental health facility by a minor fourteen years of age or older and by a parent or a legally authorized custodian.

"Incapable of making an informed decision" means unable to understand the nature, extent, or probable consequences of a proposed treatment or unable to make a rational evaluation of the risks and benefits of the proposed treatment as compared with the risks and benefits of alternatives to the treatment. Persons with dysphasia or other communication disorders who are mentally competent and able to communicate shall not be considered incapable of giving informed consent.

"Inpatient treatment" means placement for observation, diagnosis, or treatment of mental illness in a psychiatric hospital or in any other type of mental health facility determined by the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services Board~~ *Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* to be substantially similar to a psychiatric hospital with respect to restrictions on freedom and therapeutic intrusiveness.

"Judge" means a juvenile and domestic relations district judge. In addition, "judge" includes a retired judge sitting by designation pursuant to § 16.1-69.35, substitute judge, or special justice authorized by § 37.2-803 who has completed a training program regarding the provisions of this article, prescribed by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court.

"Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and conditions of treatment which, separately and in combination, are no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to protect the minor or others from physical injury.

"Mental health facility" means a public or private facility for the treatment of mental illness operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

"Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of the minor's cognitive, volitional, or emotional processes that demonstrably and significantly impairs judgment or capacity to recognize reality or to control behavior. "Mental illness" may include substance abuse, which is the use, without compelling medical reason, of any substance which results in psychological or physiological dependency as a function of continued use in such a manner as to induce mental, emotional, or physical impairment and cause socially dysfunctional or socially disordering behavior. Mental retardation, head injury, a learning disability, or a seizure disorder is not sufficient, in itself, to justify a finding of mental illness within the meaning of this article.

"Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.

"Parent" means (i) a biological or adoptive parent who has legal custody of the minor, including either parent if custody is shared under a joint decree or agreement, (ii) a biological or adoptive parent with whom the minor regularly resides, (iii) a person judicially appointed as a legal guardian of the minor, or (iv) a person who exercises the rights and responsibilities of legal custody by delegation from a biological or adoptive parent, upon provisional adoption or otherwise by operation of law. The director of the local department of social services, or his designee, may stand as the minor's parent when the minor is in the legal custody of the local department of social services.

"Qualified evaluator" means a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Virginia by either the Board of Medicine or the Board of Psychology who is skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness in minors and familiar with the provisions of this article. If such psychiatrist or psychologist is unavailable, any mental health professional (i) licensed in Virginia through the Department of Health Professions or (ii) employed by a community services board who is skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness in minors and who is familiar with the provisions of this article may serve as the qualified evaluator.

"Treatment" means any planned intervention intended to improve a minor's functioning in those areas which show impairment as a result of mental illness.

§ 16.1-345. Involuntary commitment; criteria.

The court shall order the involuntary commitment of the minor to a mental health facility for treatment for a period not to exceed 90 days if it finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

1. Because of mental illness, the minor (i) presents a serious danger to himself or others to the extent that severe or irremediable injury is likely to result, as evidenced by recent acts or threats or (ii) is experiencing a serious deterioration of his ability to care for himself in a developmentally age-appropriate manner, as evidenced by delusory thinking or by a significant impairment of

1658 functioning in hydration, nutrition, self-protection, or self-control;

1659 2. The minor is in need of compulsory treatment for a mental illness and is reasonably likely to
1660 benefit from the proposed treatment; and

1661 3. If inpatient treatment is ordered, such treatment is the least restrictive alternative that meets the
1662 minor's needs. If the court finds that inpatient treatment is not the least restrictive treatment, the court
1663 may order the minor to participate in outpatient or other clinically appropriate treatment.

1664 A minor who has been hospitalized while properly detained for a criminal offense by a juvenile and
1665 domestic relations district court shall be returned to the detention home following completion of a period
1666 of inpatient treatment, unless the court having jurisdiction over the criminal case orders that the minor
1667 be released from custody.

1668 In conducting an evaluation of a minor who has been properly detained, if the evaluator finds,
1669 irrespective of the fact that the minor has been detained, that the minor meets the criteria for involuntary
1670 commitment in this section, the evaluator shall recommend that the minor meets the criteria for
1671 involuntary commitment.

1672 In no event shall a minor who has been properly detained by a juvenile and domestic relations
1673 district court, and who meets criteria for involuntary commitment, have the right to make application for
1674 voluntary admission and treatment as may otherwise be provided for in this section.

1675 If the parent or parents with whom the minor resides are not willing to approve the proposed
1676 commitment, the court shall order inpatient treatment only if it finds, in addition to the criteria specified
1677 in this section, that such treatment is necessary to protect the minor's life, health, or normal
1678 development, and that issuance of a removal order or protective order is authorized by § 16.1-252 or
1679 16.1-253.

1680 Upon finding that the best interests of the minor so require, the court may enter an order directing
1681 either or both of the minor's parents to comply with reasonable conditions relating to the minor's
1682 treatment.

1683 If the minor is committed to inpatient treatment, such placement shall be in a mental health facility
1684 for inpatient treatment designated by the community services board which serves the political
1685 subdivision in which the minor was evaluated pursuant to § 16.1-342. If the community services board
1686 does not provide a placement recommendation at the hearing, the minor shall be placed in a mental
1687 health facility designated by the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation
1688 and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The judge shall order the sheriff to
1689 transport the minor to the designated mental health facility as specified in § 37.2-829. The transportation
1690 of the committed minor by the minor's parent may be authorized at the discretion of the judge.

1691 § 16.1-356. Raising question of competency to stand trial; evaluation and determination of
1692 competency.

1693 A. If, at any time after the attorney for the juvenile has been retained or appointed pursuant to a
1694 delinquency proceeding and before the end of trial, the court finds, sua sponte or upon hearing evidence
1695 or representations of counsel for the juvenile or the attorney for the Commonwealth, that there is
1696 probable cause to believe that the juvenile lacks substantial capacity to understand the proceedings
1697 against him or to assist his attorney in his own defense, the court shall order that a competency
1698 evaluation be performed by at least one psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, licensed professional
1699 counselor, licensed clinical social worker, or licensed marriage and family therapist, who is qualified by
1700 training and experience in the forensic evaluation of juveniles.

1701 The Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and
1702 Developmental Services shall approve the training and qualifications for individuals authorized to
1703 conduct juvenile competency evaluations and provide restoration services to juveniles pursuant to this
1704 article. The Commissioner shall also provide all juvenile courts with a list of guidelines for the court to
1705 use in the determination of qualifying individuals as experts in matters relating to juvenile competency
1706 and restoration.

1707 B. The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a community services board or
1708 behavioral health authority, juvenile detention home or juvenile justice facility unless the court
1709 specifically finds that (i) the results of the outpatient competency evaluation indicate that hospitalization
1710 of the juvenile for evaluation of competency is necessary or (ii) the juvenile is currently hospitalized in
1711 a psychiatric hospital. If one of these findings is made, the court, under authority of this subsection, may
1712 order the juvenile sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental
1713 Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as appropriate for the
1714 evaluation of juveniles against whom a delinquency petition has been filed.

1715 C. The court shall require the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide to the evaluators appointed
1716 under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) a copy of
1717 the warrant or petition, (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney
1718 for the juvenile, and the judge ordering the evaluation; and (iii) information about the alleged offense.
1719 The court shall require the attorney for the juvenile to provide to the evaluator only the psychiatric

records and other information that is deemed relevant to the evaluation of competency. The moving party shall provide the evaluator a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request. All information required by this subsection shall be provided to the evaluator within 96 hours of the issuance of the court order requiring the evaluation and when applicable, shall be submitted prior to admission to the facility providing the inpatient evaluation. If the 96-hour period expires on a Saturday, Sunday or other legal holiday, the 96 hours shall be extended to the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

D. If the juvenile is hospitalized under the provisions of subsection B, the juvenile shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the juvenile's competency, but not to exceed 10 days from the date of admission to the hospital. All evaluations shall be completed and the report filed with the court within 14 days of receipt by the evaluator of all information required under subsection C.

E. Upon completion of the evaluation, the evaluator shall promptly and in no event exceeding 14 days after receipt of all required information submit the report in writing to the court and the attorneys of record concerning (i) the juvenile's capacity to understand the proceedings against him; (ii) his ability to assist his attorney; and (iii) his need for services in the event he is found incompetent, including a description of the suggested necessary services and least restrictive setting to assist the juvenile in restoration to competency. No statements of the juvenile relating to the alleged offense shall be included in the report.

F. After receiving the report described in subsection E, the court shall promptly determine whether the juvenile is competent to stand trial for adjudication or disposition. A hearing on the juvenile's competency is not required unless one is requested by the attorney for the Commonwealth or the attorney for the juvenile or when required under § 16.1-357 B. If a hearing is held, the party alleging that the juvenile is incompetent shall bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the juvenile's incompetency. The juvenile shall have the right to notice of the hearing and the right to personally participate in and introduce evidence at the hearing.

If the juvenile is otherwise able to understand the charges against him and assist in his defense, a finding of incompetency shall not be made based solely on any or all of the following: (i) the juvenile's age or developmental factors, (ii) the juvenile's claim to be unable to remember the time period surrounding the alleged offense, or (iii) the fact that the juvenile is under the influence of medication.

§ 16.1-357. Disposition when juvenile found incompetent.

A. Upon finding pursuant to subsection F of § 16.1-356 that the juvenile is incompetent, the court shall order that the juvenile receive services to restore his competency in either a nonsecure community setting or a secure facility as defined in § 16.1-228. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, who shall arrange for the provision of restoration services in a manner consistent with the order. Any report submitted pursuant to subsection E of § 16.1-356 shall be made available to the agent providing restoration.

B. If the court finds the juvenile incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, it shall order restoration services for up to three months. At the end of three months from the date restoration is ordered under subsection A of this section, if the juvenile remains incompetent in the opinion of the agent providing restoration, the agent shall so notify the court and make recommendations concerning disposition of the juvenile. The court shall hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection F of § 16.1-356 and, if it finds the juvenile unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions pursuant to § 16.1-358. If the court finds the juvenile incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued restoration services for additional three-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to subsection F of § 16.1-356 is held at the completion of each such period and the juvenile continues to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future.

C. If, at any time after the juvenile is ordered to undergo services under subsection A of this section, the agent providing restoration believes the juvenile's competency is restored, the agent shall immediately send a report to the court as prescribed in subsection E of § 16.1-356. The court shall make a ruling on the juvenile's competency according to the procedures specified in subsection F of § 16.1-356.

§ 16.1-361. Compensation of experts.

Each psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or other expert appointed by the court to render professional service pursuant to § 16.1-356, shall receive a reasonable fee for such service. With the exception of services provided by state mental health or mental retardation facilities, the fee shall be determined in each instance by the court that appointed the expert, in accordance with guidelines established by the Supreme Court after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. If any such expert is

1781 required to appear as a witness in any hearing held pursuant to § 16.1-356, he shall receive mileage and
1782 a fee of \$100 for each day during which he is required to serve. An itemized account of expenses, duly
1783 sworn to, must be presented to the court, and when allowed shall be certified to the Supreme Court for
1784 payment out of the state treasury, and be charged against the appropriations made to pay criminal
1785 charges. Allowance for the fee and for the per diem authorized shall also be made by order of the court,
1786 duly certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the appropriation to pay criminal charges.

1787 § 18.2-73. When abortion lawful during second trimester of pregnancy.

1788 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of § 18.2-71 and in addition to the provisions of § 18.2-72, it
1789 shall be lawful for any physician licensed by the Board of Medicine to practice medicine and surgery, to
1790 terminate or attempt to terminate a human pregnancy or aid or assist in the termination of a human
1791 pregnancy by performing an abortion or causing a miscarriage on any woman during the second
1792 trimester of pregnancy and prior to the third trimester of pregnancy provided such procedure is
1793 performed in a hospital licensed by the State Department of Health or ~~under the control of the State~~
1794 ~~Board of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *operated by the Department of*
1795 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.*

1796 § 18.2-74. When abortion or termination of pregnancy lawful after second trimester of pregnancy.

1797 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of § 18.2-71 and in addition to the provisions of §§ 18.2-72
1798 and 18.2-73, it shall be lawful for any physician licensed by the Board of Medicine to practice medicine
1799 and surgery to terminate or attempt to terminate a human pregnancy or aid or assist in the termination
1800 of a human pregnancy by performing an abortion or causing a miscarriage on any woman in a stage of
1801 pregnancy subsequent to the second trimester provided the following conditions are met:

1802 (a) Said operation is performed in a hospital licensed by the Virginia State Department of Health or
1803 ~~under the control of the State Board of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *operated*
1804 *by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.*

1805 (b) The physician and two consulting physicians certify and so enter in the hospital record of the
1806 woman, that in their medical opinion, based upon their best clinical judgment, the continuation of the
1807 pregnancy is likely to result in the death of the woman or substantially and irretrievably impair the
1808 mental or physical health of the woman.

1809 (c) Measures for life support for the product of such abortion or miscarriage must be available and
1810 utilized if there is any clearly visible evidence of viability.

1811 § 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions; substance
1812 abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests; costs and fees;
1813 violations; discharge.

1814 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or
1815 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant,
1816 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of
1817 such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to
1818 possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250 or to possession of marijuana under § 18.2-250.1,
1819 the court, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without
1820 entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and
1821 place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

1822 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment
1823 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or § 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or education program
1824 or services, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the
1825 accused based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The program or services may be
1826 located in the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court
1827 may provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental~~
1828 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, by a
1829 similar program which is made available through the Department of Corrections, (ii) a local
1830 community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program
1831 certified by the Commission on VASAP.

1832 The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay
1833 all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and
1834 treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be
1835 indigent.

1836 As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (i) to successfully complete treatment
1837 or education program or services, (ii) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and
1838 submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused
1839 is drug and alcohol free, (iii) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (iv) to
1840 comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of
1841 community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising
1842 probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

The court shall, unless done at arrest, order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying this section in subsequent proceedings.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction for purposes of §§ 18.2-259.1, 22.1-315 and 46.2-390.1, and the driver's license forfeiture provisions of those sections shall be imposed. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense.

§ 18.2-251.01. Substance abuse screening and assessment for felony convictions.

A. When a person is convicted of a felony, not a capital offense, committed on or after January 1, 2000, he shall be required to undergo a substance abuse screening and, if the screening indicates a substance abuse or dependence problem, an assessment by a certified substance abuse counselor as defined in § 54.1-3500 employed by the Department of Corrections or by an agency employee under the supervision of such counselor. If the person is determined to have a substance abuse problem, the court shall require him to enter treatment and/or education program or services, if available, which, in the opinion of the court, is best suited to the needs of the person. The program or services may be located in the judicial district in which the conviction was had or in any other judicial district as the court may provide. The treatment and/or education program or services shall be licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or shall be a similar program or services which are made available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP. The services agency or program may require the person entering such program or services under the provisions of this section to pay a fee for the education and treatment component, or both, based upon the defendant's ability to pay.

B. As a condition of any suspended sentence and probation, the court shall order the person to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse, if available, as the court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment.

§ 18.2-252. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing, and treatment or education.

The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of violating any law concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances and like substances, shall condition any suspended sentence by first requiring such person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing shall be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such criminal proceedings. The judge or court shall order the person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

§ 18.2-254. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251 is found guilty of violating any law concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances, and like substances, the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol

1904 testing, as may be directed by the court. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by
1905 the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of the criminal proceedings. The judge or court shall
1906 also order the person to undergo such treatment or education for substance abuse, if available, as the
1907 judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The
1908 treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency licensed by the Department of ~~Mental~~
1909 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or by a
1910 similar program or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a
1911 sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar
1912 program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation
1913 services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on
1914 VASAP.

1915 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any offense designated by this
1916 article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case in which the
1917 commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and determined by
1918 the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of treatment for the use
1919 of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse assessment, such person, upon
1920 his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance abuse, licensed by the
1921 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
1922 *Developmental Services*, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the
1923 maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for conviction of such offense or, if sentence
1924 was determined by a jury, not in excess of the term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement
1925 under such commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the
1926 person so committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without
1927 authority. A charge of escape may be prosecuted in either the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is
1928 located or the jurisdiction where the person was sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such
1929 commitment at any time and transfer the person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility.
1930 Upon presentation of a certified statement from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the
1931 confined person has successfully responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person
1932 prior to the termination of the period of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the
1933 remainder of the term upon such conditions as the court may prescribe.

1934 C. The court trying a case in which commission of the offense was related to the defendant's habitual
1935 abuse of alcohol and in which the court determines, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and
1936 assessment, that such defendant is in need of treatment, may commit, based upon a consideration of the
1937 substance abuse assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of
1938 persons with substance abuse licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
1939 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, if space is available in such facility, for
1940 a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for
1941 conviction. Confinement under such commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a
1942 penal institution and the person so committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of
1943 commitment without authority. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the
1944 person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement
1945 from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully
1946 responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period
1947 of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such
1948 conditions as the court may prescribe.

1949 § 18.2-254.1. Drug Treatment Court Act.

1950 A. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Drug Treatment Court Act."

1951 B. The General Assembly recognizes that there is a critical need in the Commonwealth for effective
1952 treatment programs that reduce the incidence of drug use, drug addiction, family separation due to
1953 parental substance abuse, and drug-related crimes. It is the intent of the General Assembly by this
1954 section to enhance public safety by facilitating the creation of drug treatment courts as means by which
1955 to accomplish this purpose.

1956 C. The goals of drug treatment courts include: (i) reducing drug addiction and drug dependency
1957 among offenders; (ii) reducing recidivism; (iii) reducing drug-related court workloads; (iv) increasing
1958 personal, familial and societal accountability among offenders; and, (v) promoting effective planning and
1959 use of resources among the criminal justice system and community agencies.

1960 D. Drug treatment courts are specialized court dockets within the existing structure of Virginia's court
1961 system offering judicial monitoring of intensive treatment and strict supervision of addicts in drug and
1962 drug-related cases. Local officials must complete a recognized planning process before establishing a
1963 drug treatment court program.

1964 E. Administrative oversight for implementation of the Drug Treatment Court Act shall be conducted
1965 by the Supreme Court of Virginia. The Supreme Court of Virginia shall be responsible for (i) providing

oversight for the distribution of funds for drug treatment courts; (ii) providing technical assistance to drug treatment courts; (iii) providing training for judges who preside over drug treatment courts; (iv) providing training to the providers of administrative, case management, and treatment services to drug treatment courts; and (v) monitoring the completion of evaluations of the effectiveness and efficiency of drug treatment courts in the Commonwealth.

F. A state drug treatment court advisory committee shall be established to (i) evaluate and recommend standards for the planning and implementation of drug treatment courts; (ii) assist in the evaluation of their effectiveness and efficiency; and (iii) encourage and enhance cooperation among agencies that participate in their planning and implementation. The committee shall be chaired by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia or his designee and shall include a member of the Judicial Conference of Virginia who presides over a drug treatment court; a district court judge; the Executive Secretary or his designee; the directors of the following executive branch agencies: Department of Corrections, Department of Criminal Justice Services, Department of Juvenile Justice, Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Department of Social Services; a representative of the following entities: a local community-based probation and pretrial services agency, the Commonwealth's Attorney's Association, the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission, the Circuit Court Clerk's Association, the Virginia Sheriff's Association, the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police, the Commission on VASAP, and two representatives designated by the Virginia Drug Court Association.

G. Each jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions that intend to establish a drug treatment court or continue the operation of an existing one shall establish a local drug treatment court advisory committee. Jurisdictions that establish separate adult and juvenile drug treatment courts may establish an advisory committee for each such court. Each advisory committee shall ensure quality, efficiency, and fairness in the planning, implementation, and operation of the drug treatment court or courts that serve the jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions. Advisory committee membership shall include, but shall not be limited to the following people or their designees: (i) the drug treatment court judge; (ii) the attorney for the Commonwealth, or, where applicable, the city or county attorney who has responsibility for the prosecution of misdemeanor offenses; (iii) the public defender or a member of the local criminal defense bar in jurisdictions in which there is no public defender; (iv) the clerk of the court in which the drug treatment court is located; (v) a representative of the Virginia Department of Corrections, or the Department of Juvenile Justice, or both, from the local office which serves the jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions; (vi) a representative of a local community-based probation and pretrial services agency; (vii) a local law-enforcement officer; (viii) a representative of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or a representative of local drug treatment providers; (ix) the drug court administrator; (x) a representative of the Department of Social Services; (xi) county administrator or city manager; and (xii) any other people selected by the drug treatment court advisory committee.

H. Each local drug treatment court advisory committee shall establish criteria for the eligibility and participation of offenders who have been determined to be addicted to or dependent upon drugs. Subject to the provisions of this section, neither the establishment of a drug treatment court nor anything herein shall be construed as limiting the discretion of the attorney for the Commonwealth to prosecute any criminal case arising therein which he deems advisable to prosecute, except to the extent the participating attorney for the Commonwealth agrees to do so. As defined in § 17.1-805 or 19.2-297.1, adult offenders who have been convicted of a violent criminal offense within the preceding 10 years, or juvenile offenders who previously have been adjudicated not innocent of any such offense within the preceding 10 years, shall not be eligible for participation in any drug treatment court established or continued in operation pursuant to this section.

I. Each drug treatment court advisory committee shall establish policies and procedures for the operation of the court to attain the following goals: (i) effective integration of drug and alcohol treatment services with criminal justice system case processing; (ii) enhanced public safety through intensive offender supervision and drug treatment; (iii) prompt identification and placement of eligible participants; (iv) efficient access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and related treatment and rehabilitation services; (v) verified participant abstinence through frequent alcohol and other drug testing; (vi) prompt response to participants' noncompliance with program requirements through a coordinated strategy; (vii) ongoing judicial interaction with each drug court participant; (viii) ongoing monitoring and evaluation of program effectiveness and efficiency; (ix) ongoing interdisciplinary education and training in support of program effectiveness and efficiency; and (x) ongoing collaboration among drug treatment courts, public agencies, and community-based organizations to enhance program effectiveness and efficiency.

J. Participation by an offender in a drug treatment court shall be voluntary and made pursuant only to a written agreement entered into by and between the offender and the Commonwealth with the concurrence of the court.

2027 K. Nothing in this section shall preclude the establishment of substance abuse treatment programs
2028 and services pursuant to the deferred judgment provisions of § 18.2-251.

2029 L. Each offender shall contribute to the cost of the substance abuse treatment he receives while
2030 participating in a drug treatment court pursuant to guidelines developed by the drug treatment court
2031 advisory committee.

2032 M. Nothing contained in this section shall confer a right or an expectation of a right to treatment for
2033 an offender or be construed as requiring a local drug treatment court advisory committee to accept for
2034 participation every offender.

2035 N. The Office of the Executive Secretary shall, with the assistance of the state drug treatment court
2036 advisory committee, develop a statewide evaluation model and conduct ongoing evaluations of the
2037 effectiveness and efficiency of all local drug treatment courts. A report of these evaluations shall be
2038 submitted to the General Assembly by December 1 of each year. Each local drug treatment court
2039 advisory committee shall submit evaluative reports to the Office of the Executive Secretary as requested.

2040 O. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no drug treatment court shall be established
2041 subsequent to March 1, 2004, unless the jurisdiction or jurisdictions intending or proposing to establish
2042 such court have been specifically granted permission under the Code of Virginia to establish such court.
2043 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any drug treatment court established on or before
2044 March 1, 2004, and operational as of July 1, 2004.

2045 P. Subject to the requirements and conditions established by the state Drug Treatment Court
2046 Advisory Committee, there shall be established a drug treatment court in the following jurisdictions: the
2047 City of Chesapeake and the City of Newport News.

2048 § 18.2-258.1. Obtaining drugs, procuring administration of controlled substances, etc., by fraud, deceit
2049 or forgery.

2050 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain any drug or procure or attempt
2051 to procure the administration of any controlled substance or marijuana: (i) by fraud, deceit,
2052 misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; or (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of
2053 any written order; or (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a false name or
2054 the giving of a false address.

2055 B. It shall be unlawful for any person to furnish false or fraudulent information in or omit any
2056 information from, or willfully make a false statement in, any prescription, order, report, record, or other
2057 document required by Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

2058 C. It shall be unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a
2059 controlled substance or marijuana a license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to
2060 another person.

2061 D. It shall be unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining any controlled substance or
2062 marijuana, to falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler,
2063 pharmacist, physician, dentist, veterinarian or other authorized person.

2064 E. It shall be unlawful for any person to make or utter any false or forged prescription or false or
2065 forged written order.

2066 F. It shall be unlawful for any person to affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle
2067 containing any controlled substance.

2068 G. This section shall not apply to officers and employees of the United States, of this
2069 Commonwealth or of a political subdivision of this Commonwealth acting in the course of their
2070 employment, who obtain such drugs for investigative, research or analytical purposes, or to the agents or
2071 duly authorized representatives of any pharmaceutical manufacturer who obtain such drugs for
2072 investigative, research or analytical purposes and who are acting in the course of their employment;
2073 provided that such manufacturer is licensed under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and
2074 Cosmetic Act; and provided further, that such pharmaceutical manufacturer, its agents and duly
2075 authorized representatives file with the Board such information as the Board may deem appropriate.

2076 H. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who shall violate any provision herein
2077 shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

2078 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or
2079 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant,
2080 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of
2081 such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not
2082 guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify
2083 a finding of guilt, the court may place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

2084 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment
2085 and/or education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the
2086 needs of the accused. This program may be located in the judicial circuit in which the charge is brought
2087 or in any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program
2088 certified or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~

~~Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, evaluation, testing and education, based upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of any screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising agency.

Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-271.2. Commission on VASAP; purpose; membership; terms; meetings; staffing; compensation and expenses; chairman's executive summary.

A. There is hereby established in the legislative branch of state government the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP). The Commission shall administer and supervise the state system of local alcohol and safety action programs, develop and maintain operation and performance standards for local alcohol and safety action programs, and allocate funding to such programs. The Commission shall have a total membership of 15 members that shall consist of six legislative members and nine nonlegislative citizen members. Members shall be appointed as follows: four current or former members of the House Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; two members of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; three sitting or retired judges, one each from the circuit, general district and juvenile and domestic relations district courts, who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local alcohol safety action programs, to be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on District Courts; two directors of local alcohol safety action programs, to be appointed by the legislative members of the Commission; one representative from the law-enforcement profession, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one nonlegislative citizen at large, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; one representative from the Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles whose duties are substantially related to matters to be addressed by the Commission to be appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, and one representative from the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services whose duties also substantially involve such matters, to be appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. Legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. In accordance with the staggered terms previously established, nonlegislative citizen members shall serve two-year terms. All members may be reappointed. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be made for the unexpired terms. Any appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment.

B. The Commission shall meet at least four times each year at such places as it may from time to time designate. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The Commission shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership.

The Commission shall be empowered to establish and ensure the maintenance of minimum standards and criteria for program operations and performance, accounting, auditing, public information and administrative procedures for the various local alcohol safety action programs and shall be responsible for overseeing the administration of the statewide VASAP system. Such programs shall be certified by the Commission in accordance with procedures set forth in the Commission on VASAP Certification Manual. The Commission shall also oversee program plans, operations and performance and a system for allocating funds to cover deficits that may occur in the budgets of local programs.

C. The Commission shall appoint and employ and, at its pleasure, remove an executive director and such other persons as it may deem necessary, and determine their duties and fix their salaries or compensation.

D. The Commission shall appoint a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program Advisory Board to make recommendations to the Commission regarding its duties and administrative functions. The membership of such Board shall be appointed in the discretion of the Commission and include personnel from (i) local safety action programs, (ii) ~~state or local boards of mental health and mental retardation~~ the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, community services boards, or behavioral health authorities and (iii) other community mental health services organizations. An assistant attorney general who provides counsel in matters relating to driving under the influence shall

2150 also be appointed to the Board.

2151 E. Legislative members of the Commission shall receive compensation as provided in § 30-19.12.
2152 Funding for the costs of compensation of legislative members shall be provided by the Commission. All
2153 members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and
2154 2.2-2825 to be paid out of that portion of moneys paid in VASAP defendant entry fees which is
2155 forwarded to the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program.

2156 F. The chairman of the Commission shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an
2157 annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Commission no later than the first
2158 day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as
2159 provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of
2160 legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General Assembly's website.

2161 § 18.2-308.1:1. Possession or transportation of firearms by persons acquitted by reason of insanity;
2162 penalty; permit.

2163 A. It shall be unlawful for any person acquitted by reason of insanity and committed to the custody
2164 of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
2165 *Developmental Services*, pursuant to Chapter 11.1 (§ 19.2-182.2 et seq.) of Title 19.2, on a charge of
2166 treason, any felony or any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1 or a Class 1 or Class 2
2167 misdemeanor under this title, except those misdemeanor violations of (i) Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of
2168 Chapter 7 of this title, (ii) Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of this title, or (iii) § 18.2-119, or
2169 (iv) an ordinance of any county, city, or town similar to the offenses specified in (i), (ii), or (iii), to
2170 knowingly and intentionally purchase, possess, or transport any firearm. A violation of this section shall
2171 be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

2172 B. Any person so acquitted may, upon discharge from the custody of the Commissioner, petition the
2173 general district court in which he resides for a permit to possess or carry a firearm. If the court
2174 determines that the circumstances regarding the disability referred to in subsection A and the person's
2175 criminal history, treatment record, and reputation are such that the person will not be likely to act in a
2176 manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to the public
2177 interest, the court shall grant the petition. Any person denied relief by the general district court may
2178 petition the circuit court for a de novo review of the denial. Upon a grant of relief in any court, the
2179 court shall enter a written order granting the petition and issue a permit, in which event the provisions
2180 of subsection A do not apply. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central
2181 Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of any such order.

2182 § 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain firearms.

2183 A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as herein defined shall consent in writing, on a
2184 form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history record
2185 information. Such form shall include only the written consent; the name, birth date, gender, race,
2186 citizenship, and social security number and/or any other identification number; the number of firearms
2187 by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; and answers by the applicant to the
2188 following questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony offense or found guilty or
2189 adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense of a delinquent
2190 act that would be a felony if committed by an adult; (ii) is the applicant subject to a court order
2191 restraining the applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner,
2192 or a child of such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; and (iii) has the applicant
2193 ever been acquitted by reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing or transporting a
2194 firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been
2195 adjudicated legally incompetent, mentally incapacitated or adjudicated an incapacitated person and
2196 prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any
2197 other jurisdiction, or been involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to
2198 outpatient mental health treatment and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3
2199 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction.

2200 B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other
2201 person who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information
2202 on the consent form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the
2203 name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and
2204 the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded or transferred and (ii) requested
2205 criminal history record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the
2206 State Police and is authorized by subdivision 2 of this subsection to complete the sale or other such
2207 transfer. To establish personal identification and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a
2208 dealer must require any prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a
2209 governmental agency of the Commonwealth or by the United States Department of Defense, and other
2210 documentation of residence. Except where the photo-identification was issued by the United States
2211 Department of Defense, the other documentation of residence shall show an address identical to that

shown on the photo-identification form, such as evidence of currently paid personal property tax or real estate tax, or a current (a) lease, (b) utility or telephone bill, (c) voter registration card, (d) bank check, (e) passport, (f) automobile registration, or (g) hunting or fishing license; other current identification allowed as evidence of residency by Part 178.124 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations and ATF Ruling 2001-5; or other documentation of residence determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services, that corroborates that the prospective purchaser currently resides in Virginia. Where the photo-identification was issued by the Department of Defense, permanent orders assigning the purchaser to a duty post in Virginia shall be the only other required documentation of residence. For the purposes of this section and establishment of residency for firearm purchase, residency shall be deemed to be the permanent duty post of a member of the armed forces. When the photo-identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's license or other photo-identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, and such identification form contains a date of issue, the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo-identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 30 days after the date of issue of an original or duplicate driver's license unless the prospective purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's record showing that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the attempted purchase.

In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence. To establish citizenship or lawful admission for a permanent residence for purposes of purchasing an assault firearm, a dealer shall require a prospective purchaser to present a certified birth certificate or a certificate of birth abroad issued by the United States State Department, a certificate of citizenship or a certificate of naturalization issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, an unexpired U.S. passport, a United States citizen identification card, a current voter registration card, a current selective service registration card, or an immigrant visa or other documentation of status as a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (1) review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (2) inform the dealer if its record indicates that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (3) provide the dealer with a unique reference number for that inquiry.

2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request, or by return call without delay. If the criminal history record information check indicates the prospective purchaser or transferee has a disqualifying criminal record or has been acquitted by reason of insanity and committed to the custody of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse/Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, the State Police shall have until the end of the dealer's next business day to advise the dealer if its records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. If not so advised by the end of the dealer's next business day, a dealer who has fulfilled the requirements of subdivision 1 of this subsection may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer. In case of electronic failure or other circumstances beyond the control of the State Police, the dealer shall be advised immediately of the reason for such delay and be given an estimate of the length of such delay. After such notification, the State Police shall, as soon as possible but in no event later than the end of the dealer's next business day, inform the requesting dealer if its records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 of this subsection and is told by the State Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's next business day may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer.

3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer than 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12 months, from any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer or transferee who is not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or federal law. However, the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such log shall consist of the name of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval number and the transaction date.

4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or deliver the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State Police shall immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to

determine if the purchaser is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. If the search discloses information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm, the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer occurred and the dealer without delay.

5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by persons who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but residents of other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with proof of citizenship or status as a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence and one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one other form of identification determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's next business day" shall not include December 25.

C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of subdivision B 5 to any person who is not a resident of Virginia unless he has first obtained from the Department of State Police a report indicating that a search of all available criminal history record information has not disclosed that the person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. The dealer shall obtain the required report by mailing or delivering the written consent form required under subsection A to the State Police within 24 hours of its execution. If the dealer has complied with the provisions of this subsection and has not received the required report from the State Police within 10 days from the date the written consent form was mailed to the Department of State Police, he shall not be deemed in violation of this section for thereafter completing the sale or transfer.

D. Nothing herein shall prevent a resident of the Commonwealth, at his option, from buying, renting or receiving a firearm from a dealer in Virginia by obtaining a criminal history record information check through the dealer as provided in subsection C.

E. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may exercise his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under § 9.1-132 or institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 30 days of such denial.

F. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized in this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

G. For purposes of this section:

"Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or other such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law.

"Antique firearm" means:

1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898;

2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame or receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon that can be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any combination thereof; or

4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

"Assault firearm" means any semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock.

"Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality other than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To be recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits

firearms to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they are novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event. Proof of qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of present value and evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the value of like firearms available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less.

"Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

"Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

"Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels when held in one hand.

"Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the immigration laws, such status not having changed.

H. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity, confidentiality and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant to this section.

I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed as firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii) purchases by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth or any local government; or (iii) antique firearms, curios or relics.

J. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade or transfer of firearms by a resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade or transfer in another state, in which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase, trade or transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) check shall be performed prior to such purchase, trade or transfer of firearms.

J1. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal history record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be collected for every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the Department of State Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund for use by the State Police to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks under the provisions of this section.

K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law, shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents, trades or transfers a firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or otherwise convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and intentionally aids or abets such person, shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not apply to a federal law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the performance of his official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such firearm to any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the Commonwealth to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm, shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony. However, if the violation of this subsection involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the Commonwealth who solicits, employs or assists any person in violating subsection M shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

O. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicating whether the driver's license is an original, duplicate or renewed driver's license.

P. Except as provided in subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not a licensed firearms dealer to purchase more than one handgun within any 30-day period. A violation of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1. Purchases in excess of one handgun within a 30-day period may be made upon completion of an enhanced background check, as described herein, by special application to the Department of State Police listing the number and type of handguns to be purchased and transferred for lawful business or

personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk purchase from estate sales and for similar purposes. Such applications shall be signed under oath by the applicant on forms provided by the Department of State Police, shall state the purpose for the purchase above the limit, and shall require satisfactory proof of residency and identity. Such application shall be in addition to the firearms sales report required by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF). The Superintendent of State Police shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the implementation of an application process for purchases of handguns above the limit.

Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met, the Department of State Police shall forthwith issue to the applicant a nontransferable certificate, which shall be valid for seven days from the date of issue. The certificate shall be surrendered to the dealer by the prospective purchaser prior to the consummation of such sale and shall be kept on file at the dealer's place of business for inspection as provided in § 54.1-4201 for a period of not less than two years. Upon request of any local law-enforcement agency, and pursuant to its regulations, the Department of State Police may certify such local law-enforcement agency to serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon authorization by the Department of State Police, issue certificates forthwith pursuant to this subsection. Applications and certificates issued under this subsection shall be maintained as records as provided in subdivision B 3. The Department of State Police shall make available to local law-enforcement agencies all records concerning certificates issued pursuant to this subsection and all records provided for in subdivision B 3.

2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:

- a. A law-enforcement agency;
- b. An agency duly authorized to perform law-enforcement duties;
- c. State and local correctional facilities;
- d. A private security company licensed to do business within the Commonwealth;
- e. The purchase of antique firearms as herein defined;
- f. A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably lost who deems it essential that such handgun be replaced immediately. Such person may purchase another handgun, even if the person has previously purchased a handgun within a 30-day period, provided (i) the person provides the firearms dealer with a copy of the official police report or a summary thereof, on forms provided by the Department of State Police, from the law-enforcement agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun; (ii) the official police report or summary thereof contains the name and address of the handgun owner, the description of the handgun, the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or theft, and the date the loss or theft was reported to the law-enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or theft as reflected on the official police report or summary thereof occurred within 30 days of the person's attempt to replace the handgun. The firearms dealer shall attach a copy of the official police report or summary thereof to the original copy of the Virginia firearms transaction report completed for the transaction and retain it for the period prescribed by the Department of State Police;
- g. A person who trades in a handgun at the same time he makes a handgun purchase and as a part of the same transaction, provided that no more than one transaction of this nature is completed per day;
- h. A person who holds a valid Virginia permit to carry a concealed handgun;
- i. A person who purchases a handgun in a private sale. For purposes of this subdivision, a private sale means purchase from a person who makes occasional sales, exchanges or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection of curios or relics as herein defined, or who sells all or part of such collection of curios and relics; or

j. A law-enforcement officer. For purposes of this subdivision, a law-enforcement officer means any employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth.

3. For the purposes of this subsection, "purchase" shall not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a seller for a handgun purchased from such seller by the same person seeking the exchange or replacement within the 30-day period immediately preceding the date of exchange or replacement.

§ 19.2-169.1. Raising question of competency to stand trial or plead; evaluation and determination of competency.

A. Raising competency issue; appointment of evaluators. - If, at any time after the attorney for the defendant has been retained or appointed and before the end of trial, the court finds, upon hearing evidence or representations of counsel for the defendant or the attorney for the Commonwealth, that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant, whether a juvenile transferred pursuant to § 16.1-269.1 or adult, lacks substantial capacity to understand the proceedings against him or to assist his attorney in his own defense, the court shall order that a competency evaluation be performed by at least one psychiatrist or clinical psychologist who is qualified by training and experience in forensic evaluation.

B. Location of evaluation. - The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a mental health facility or in jail unless the court specifically finds that outpatient evaluation services are

unavailable or unless the results of outpatient evaluation indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for evaluation on competency is necessary. If the court finds that hospitalization is necessary, the court, under authority of this subsection, may order the defendant sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for evaluations of persons under criminal charge. The defendant shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the defendant's competency, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital.

C. Provision of information to evaluators. - The court shall require the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) a copy of the warrant or indictment; (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the defendant, and the judge ordering the evaluation; (iii) information about the alleged crime; and (iv) a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request. The court shall require the attorney for the defendant to provide any available psychiatric records and other information that is deemed relevant. The court shall require that information be provided to the evaluator within 96 hours of the issuance of the court order pursuant to this section.

D. The competency report. - Upon completion of the evaluation, the evaluators shall promptly submit a report in writing to the court and the attorneys of record concerning (i) the defendant's capacity to understand the proceedings against him; (ii) his ability to assist his attorney; and (iii) his need for treatment in the event he is found incompetent but restorable, or incompetent for the foreseeable future. No statements of the defendant relating to the time period of the alleged offense shall be included in the report.

E. The competency determination. - After receiving the report described in subsection D, the court shall promptly determine whether the defendant is competent to stand trial. A hearing on the defendant's competency is not required unless one is requested by the attorney for the Commonwealth or the attorney for the defendant, or unless the court has reasonable cause to believe the defendant will be hospitalized under § 19.2-169.2. If a hearing is held, the party alleging that the defendant is incompetent shall bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the defendant's incompetency. The defendant shall have the right to notice of the hearing, the right to counsel at the hearing and the right to personally participate in and introduce evidence at the hearing.

The fact that the defendant claims to be unable to remember the time period surrounding the alleged offense shall not, by itself, bar a finding of competency if the defendant otherwise understands the charges against him and can assist in his defense. Nor shall the fact that the defendant is under the influence of medication bar a finding of competency if the defendant is able to understand the charges against him and assist in his defense while medicated.

§ 19.2-169.2. Disposition when defendant found incompetent.

A. Upon finding pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 that the defendant, including a juvenile transferred pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, is incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant receive treatment to restore his competency on an outpatient basis or, if the court specifically finds that the defendant requires inpatient hospital treatment, at a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for treatment of persons under criminal charge. Any reports submitted pursuant to subsection D of § 19.2-169.1 shall be made available to the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or to the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee.

B. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment under subsection A of this section, the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee believes the defendant's competency is restored, the director or his designee shall immediately send a report to the court as prescribed in subsection D of § 19.2-169.1. The court shall make a ruling on the defendant's competency according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1.

C. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of an order for treatment issued pursuant to subsection A.

§ 19.2-169.3. Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; capital murder charge; referral to Commitment Review Committee.

A. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment pursuant to subsection A of § 19.2-169.2, the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee concludes that the defendant is likely to remain incompetent for the foreseeable future, he shall send a report to the court so stating. The report shall also indicate whether, in the board, authority, or inpatient facility director's or his designee's opinion, the defendant should be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of

Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, committed pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806 in the event he is found to be unrestorably incompetent. Upon receipt of the report, the court shall make a competency determination according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1. If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future, it shall order that he be (i) released, (ii) committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or (iii) certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. However, if the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future and the defendant has been charged with a sexually violent offense, as defined in § 37.2-900, he shall be reviewed for commitment pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, it may order treatment continued until six months have elapsed from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2.

B. At the end of six months from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 if the defendant remains incompetent in the opinion of the board, authority, or inpatient facility director or his designee, the director or his designee shall so notify the court and make recommendations concerning disposition of the defendant as described in subsection A. The court shall hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 and, if it finds the defendant unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions described in subsection A. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued treatment under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period and the defendant continues to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future.

C. If any defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor in violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or Article 5 (§ 18.2-119 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2, other than a misdemeanor charge pursuant to § 18.2-130 or Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2, and is being treated pursuant to subsection A of § 19.2-169.2, and after 45 days has not been restored to competency, the director of the community service board, behavioral health authority, or the director of the treating inpatient facility, or any of their designees, shall send a report indicating the defendant's status to the court. The report shall also indicate whether the defendant should be released or committed pursuant to § 37.2-817 or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. Upon receipt of the report, if the court determines that the defendant is still incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant be released, committed, or certified, and may dismiss the charges against the defendant.

D. Unless an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder or the charges against an incompetent criminal defendant have been previously dismissed, charges against an unrestorably incompetent defendant shall be dismissed on the date upon which his sentence would have expired had he been convicted and received the maximum sentence for the crime charged, or on the date five years from the date of his arrest for such charges, whichever is sooner.

E. If the court orders an unrestorably incompetent defendant to be reviewed for commitment pursuant to § 37.2-904, it shall order the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction wherein the defendant was charged and the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to provide the Commitment Review Committee established pursuant to § 37.2-902 with any information relevant to the review, including, but not limited to: (i) a copy of the warrant or indictment, (ii) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, (iii) information about the alleged crime, (iv) a copy of the competency report completed pursuant to § 19.2-169.1, and (v) a copy of the report prepared by the director of the defendant's community services board, behavioral health authority, or treating inpatient facility or his designee pursuant to this section. The court shall further order that the defendant be held in the custody of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for secure confinement and treatment until the Commitment Review Committee's and Attorney General's review and any subsequent hearing or trial are completed. If the court receives notice that the Attorney General has declined to file a petition for the commitment of an unrestorably incompetent defendant as a sexually violent predator after conducting a review pursuant to § 37.2-905, the court shall order that the defendant be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806.

F. In any case when an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder, notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the charge shall not be dismissed and the court having jurisdiction over the capital murder case may order that the defendant receive continued treatment under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods without limitation, provided that (i) a hearing pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period, (ii) the defendant remains incompetent, (iii) the court finds continued treatment to be medically appropriate, and (iv) the defendant presents a danger to himself or others.

G. The attorney for the Commonwealth may bring charges that have been dismissed against the

defendant when he is restored to competency.

§ 19.2-169.5. Evaluation of sanity at the time of the offense; disclosure of evaluation results.

A. Raising issue of sanity at the time of offense; appointment of evaluators. - If, at any time before trial, the court finds, upon hearing evidence or representations of counsel for the defendant, that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant's sanity will be a significant factor in his defense and that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to evaluate the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense and, where appropriate, to assist in the development of an insanity defense. Such mental health expert shall be (i) a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology who has successfully completed forensic evaluation training as approved by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and (ii) qualified by specialized training and experience to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled to a mental health expert of his own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

B. Location of evaluation. - The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis, at a mental health facility or in jail, unless the court specifically finds that outpatient services are unavailable, or unless the results of the outpatient evaluation indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for further evaluation of his sanity at the time of the offense is necessary. If either finding is made, the court, under authority of this subsection, may order that the defendant be sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for evaluation of the defendant under criminal charge. The defendant shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital.

C. Provision of information to evaluator. - The court shall require the party making the motion for the evaluation, and such other parties as the court deems appropriate, to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) copy of the warrant or indictment; (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the defendant and the judge who appointed the expert; (iii) information pertaining to the alleged crime, including statements by the defendant made to the police and transcripts of preliminary hearings, if any; (iv) a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request; (v) any available psychiatric, psychological, medical or social records that are deemed relevant; and (vi) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, to the extent reasonably available.

D. The evaluators shall prepare a full report concerning the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, including whether he may have had a significant mental disease or defect which rendered him insane at the time of the offense. The report shall be prepared within the time period designated by the court, said period to include the time necessary to obtain and evaluate the information specified in subsection C.

E. Disclosure of evaluation results. - The report described in subsection D shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be deemed to be protected by the lawyer-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given the report in all felony cases, the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical, or other records obtained during the course of any such evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant gives notice of an intent to present psychiatric or psychological evidence pursuant to § 19.2-168.

F. In any case where the defendant obtains his own expert to evaluate the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, the provisions of subsections D and E, relating to the disclosure of the evaluation results, shall apply.

§ 19.2-175. Compensation of experts.

Each psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other expert appointed by the court to render professional service pursuant to §§ 19.2-168.1, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.5, subsection A of § 19.2-176, §§ 19.2-182.8, 19.2-182.9, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:3 or § 19.2-301, who is not regularly employed by the Commonwealth of Virginia except by the University of Virginia School of Medicine and the Medical College of Virginia Commonwealth University, shall receive a reasonable fee for such service. For any psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, or other expert appointed by the court to render such professional services who is regularly employed by the Commonwealth of Virginia, except by the University of Virginia School of Medicine or the Medical College of Virginia Commonwealth University, the fee shall be paid only for professional services provided during nonstate hours that have been approved by his employing agency as being beyond the scope of his state employment duties. The fee shall be determined in each instance by the court that appointed the expert, in accordance with guidelines established by the Supreme Court after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. Except in capital murder cases the fee shall not exceed \$750, but in addition if any such expert is required to appear as a

2642 witness in any hearing held pursuant to such sections, he shall receive mileage and a fee of \$100 for
2643 each day during which he is required so to serve. An itemized account of expense, duly sworn to, must
2644 be presented to the court, and when allowed shall be certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of
2645 the state treasury, and be charged against the appropriations made to pay criminal charges. Allowance
2646 for the fee and for the per diem authorized shall also be made by order of the court, duly certified to
2647 the Supreme Court for payment out of the appropriation to pay criminal charges.

2648 § 19.2-182.2. Verdict of acquittal by reason of insanity to state the fact; temporary custody and
2649 evaluation.

2650 When the defense is insanity of the defendant at the time the offense was committed, the jurors shall
2651 be instructed, if they acquit him on that ground, to state the fact with their verdict. The court shall place
2652 the person so acquitted ("the acquittee") in temporary custody of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health,~~
2653 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* (hereinafter
2654 referred to in this chapter as the "Commissioner") for evaluation as to whether the acquittee may be
2655 released with or without conditions or requires commitment. The evaluation shall be conducted by (i)
2656 one psychiatrist and (ii) one clinical psychologist. The psychiatrist or clinical psychologist shall be
2657 skilled in the diagnosis of mental illness and mental retardation and qualified by training and experience
2658 to perform such evaluations. The Commissioner shall appoint both evaluators, at least one of whom
2659 shall not be employed by the hospital in which the acquittee is primarily confined. The evaluators shall
2660 determine whether the acquittee is ~~currently mentally ill or mentally retarded~~ *currently has mental illness*
2661 *or mental retardation* and shall assess the acquittee and report on his condition and need for
2662 hospitalization with respect to the factors set forth in § 19.2-182.3. The evaluators shall conduct their
2663 examinations and report their findings separately within forty-five days of the Commissioner's
2664 assumption of custody. Copies of the report shall be sent to the acquittee's attorney, the attorney for the
2665 Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the person was acquitted and the community services board or
2666 behavioral health authority as designated by the Commissioner. If either evaluator recommends
2667 conditional release or release without conditions of the acquittee, the court shall extend the evaluation
2668 period to permit the hospital in which the acquittee is confined and the appropriate community services
2669 board or behavioral health authority to jointly prepare a conditional release or discharge plan, as
2670 applicable, prior to the hearing.

2671 § 19.2-182.13. Authority of Commissioner; delegation to board; liability.

2672 The Commissioner may delegate any of the duties and powers imposed on or granted to him by this
2673 chapter to an administrative board composed of persons with demonstrated expertise in such matters.
2674 The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
2675 *Developmental Services* shall assist the board in its administrative and technical duties. Members of the
2676 board shall exercise their powers and duties without compensation and shall be immune from personal
2677 liability while acting within the scope of their duties except for intentional misconduct.

2678 § 19.2-182.16. Copies of orders to Commissioner.

2679 Copies of all orders and notices issued pursuant to this chapter shall be sent to the Commissioner of
2680 the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
2681 *Developmental Services*.

2682 § 19.2-264.3:1. Expert assistance when defendant's mental condition relevant to capital sentencing.

2683 A. Upon (i) motion of the attorney for a defendant charged with or convicted of capital murder and
2684 (ii) a finding by the court that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court
2685 shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to evaluate the defendant and to assist the
2686 defense in the preparation and presentation of information concerning the defendant's history, character,
2687 or mental condition, including (i) whether the defendant acted under extreme mental or emotional
2688 disturbance at the time of the offense; (ii) whether the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the
2689 criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly
2690 impaired at the time of the offense; and (iii) whether there are any other factors in mitigation relating to
2691 the history or character of the defendant or the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense.
2692 The mental health expert appointed pursuant to this section shall be (i) a psychiatrist, a clinical
2693 psychologist, or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology who has successfully
2694 completed forensic evaluation training as approved by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
2695 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and (ii) qualified by
2696 specialized training and experience to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled
2697 to a mental health expert of the defendant's own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

2698 B. Evaluations performed pursuant to subsection A may be combined with evaluations performed
2699 pursuant to § 19.2-169.5 and shall be governed by subsections B and C of § 19.2-169.5.

2700 C. The expert appointed pursuant to subsection A shall submit to the attorney for the defendant a
2701 report concerning the history and character of the defendant and the defendant's mental condition at the
2702 time of the offense. The report shall include the expert's opinion as to (i) whether the defendant acted
2703 under extreme mental or emotional disturbance at the time of the offense, (ii) whether the capacity of

the defendant to appreciate the criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly impaired, and (iii) whether there are any other factors in mitigation relating to the history or character of the defendant or the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense.

D. The report described in subsection C shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be protected by the attorney-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given the report and the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's mental condition conducted relative to the sentencing proceeding and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of such evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant gives notice of an intent to present psychiatric or psychological evidence in mitigation pursuant to subsection E.

E. In any case in which a defendant charged with capital murder intends, in the event of conviction, to present testimony of an expert witness to support a claim in mitigation relating to the defendant's history, character or mental condition, he or his attorney shall give notice in writing to the attorney for the Commonwealth, at least 21 days before trial, of his intention to present such testimony. In the event that such notice is not given and the defendant tenders testimony by an expert witness at the sentencing phase of the trial, then the court may, in its discretion, upon objection of the Commonwealth, either allow the Commonwealth a continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the defendant from presenting such evidence.

F. 1. If the attorney for the defendant gives notice pursuant to subsection E and the Commonwealth thereafter seeks an evaluation concerning the existence or absence of mitigating circumstances relating to the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense, the court shall appoint one or more qualified experts to perform such an evaluation. The court shall order the defendant to submit to such an evaluation, and advise the defendant on the record in court that a refusal to cooperate with the Commonwealth's expert could result in exclusion of the defendant's expert evidence. The qualification of the experts shall be governed by subsection A. The location of the evaluation shall be governed by subsection B of § 19.2-169.5. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall be responsible for providing the experts the information specified in subsection C of § 19.2-169.5. After performing their evaluation, the experts shall report their findings and opinions and provide copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation to the attorneys for the Commonwealth and the defense.

2. If the court finds, after hearing evidence presented by the parties, out of the presence of the jury, that the defendant has refused to cooperate with an evaluation requested by the Commonwealth, the court may admit evidence of such refusal or, in the discretion of the court, bar the defendant from presenting his expert evidence.

G. [Repealed].

§ 19.2-264.3:1.1. Capital cases; determination of mental retardation.

A. As used in this section and § 19.2-264.3:1.2, the following definition applies:

"Mentally retarded" means a disability, originating before the age of 18 years, characterized concurrently by (i) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning as demonstrated by performance on a standardized measure of intellectual functioning administered in conformity with accepted professional practice, that is at least two standard deviations below the mean and (ii) significant limitations in adaptive behavior as expressed in conceptual, social and practical adaptive skills.

B. Assessments of mental retardation under this section and § 19.2-264.3:1.2 shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Assessment of intellectual functioning shall include administration of at least one standardized measure generally accepted by the field of psychological testing and appropriate for administration to the particular defendant being assessed, taking into account cultural, linguistic, sensory, motor, behavioral and other individual factors. Testing of intellectual functioning shall be carried out in conformity with accepted professional practice, and whenever indicated, the assessment shall include information from multiple sources. The Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall maintain an exclusive list of standardized measures of intellectual functioning generally accepted by the field of psychological testing.

2. Assessment of adaptive behavior shall be based on multiple sources of information, including clinical interview, psychological testing and educational, correctional and vocational records. The assessment shall include at least one standardized measure generally accepted by the field of psychological testing for assessing adaptive behavior and appropriate for administration to the particular defendant being assessed, unless not feasible. In reaching a clinical judgment regarding whether the defendant exhibits significant limitations in adaptive behavior, the examiner shall give performance on standardized measures whatever weight is clinically appropriate in light of the defendant's history and characteristics and the context of the assessment.

3. Assessment of developmental origin shall be based on multiple sources of information generally

accepted by the field of psychological testing and appropriate for the particular defendant being assessed, including, whenever available, educational, social service, medical records, prior disability assessments, parental or caregiver reports, and other collateral data, recognizing that valid clinical assessment conducted during the defendant's childhood may not have conformed to current practice standards.

C. In any case in which the offense may be punishable by death and is tried before a jury, the issue of mental retardation, if raised by the defendant in accordance with the notice provisions of subsection E of § 19.2-264.3:1.2, shall be determined by the jury as part of the sentencing proceeding required by § 19.2-264.4.

In any case in which the offense may be punishable by death and is tried before a judge, the issue of mental retardation, if raised by the defendant in accordance with the notice provisions of subsection E of § 19.2-264.3:1.2, shall be determined by the judge as part of the sentencing proceeding required by § 19.2-264.4.

The defendant shall bear the burden of proving that he is mentally retarded by a preponderance of the evidence.

D. The verdict of the jury, if the issue of mental retardation is raised, shall be in writing, and, in addition to the forms specified in § 19.2-264.4, shall include one of the following forms:

(1) "We the jury, on the issue joined, having found the defendant guilty of (here set out the statutory language of the offense charged), and that the defendant has proven by a preponderance of the evidence that he is mentally retarded, fix his punishment at (i) imprisonment for life or (ii) imprisonment for life and a fine of \$_____.

Signed _____ foreman"

or

(2) "We the jury, on the issue joined, having found the defendant guilty of (here set out the statutory language of the offense charged) find that the defendant has not proven by a preponderance of the evidence that he is mentally retarded.

Signed _____ foreman"

§ 19.2-264.3:1.2. Expert assistance when issue of defendant's mental retardation relevant to capital sentencing.

A. Upon (i) motion of the attorney for a defendant charged with or convicted of capital murder and (ii) a finding by the court that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to assess whether or not the defendant is mentally retarded and to assist the defense in the preparation and presentation of information concerning the defendant's mental retardation. The mental health expert appointed pursuant to this section shall be (a) a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology, (b) skilled in the administration, scoring and interpretation of intelligence tests and measures of adaptive behavior and (c) qualified by experience and by specialized training, approved by the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled to a mental health expert of the defendant's own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

B. Evaluations performed pursuant to subsection A may be combined with evaluations performed pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.5, or § 19.2-264.3:1.

C. The expert appointed pursuant to subsection A shall submit to the attorney for the defendant a report assessing whether the defendant is mentally retarded. The report shall include the expert's opinion as to whether the defendant is mentally retarded.

D. The report described in subsection C shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be protected by the attorney-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given a copy of the report, the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's mental retardation and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant gives notice of an intent to present evidence of mental retardation pursuant to subsection E.

E. In any case in which a defendant charged with capital murder intends, in the event of conviction, to present testimony of an expert witness to support a claim that he is mentally retarded, he or his attorney shall give notice in writing to the attorney for the Commonwealth, at least 21 days before trial, of his intention to present such testimony. In the event that such notice is not given and the defendant tenders testimony by an expert witness at the sentencing phase of the trial, then the court may, in its discretion, upon objection of the Commonwealth, either allow the Commonwealth a continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the defendant from presenting such evidence.

F. 1. If the attorney for the defendant gives notice pursuant to subsection E and the Commonwealth thereafter seeks an evaluation concerning the existence or absence of the defendant's mental retardation, the court shall appoint one or more qualified experts to perform such an evaluation. The court shall order the defendant to submit to such an evaluation, and advise the defendant on the record in court that a refusal to cooperate with the Commonwealth's experts could result in exclusion of the defendant's

expert evidence. The qualification of the experts shall be governed by subsection A. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall be responsible for providing the experts the information specified in subsection C of § 19.2-169.5. After performing their evaluation, the experts shall report their findings and opinions and provide copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation to the attorneys for the Commonwealth and the defense.

2. If the court finds, after hearing evidence presented by the parties, out of the presence of the jury, that the defendant has refused to cooperate with an evaluation requested by the Commonwealth, the court may admit evidence of such refusal or, in the discretion of the court, bar the defendant from presenting his expert evidence.

§ 19.2-301. Judge shall require examination under § 19.2-300; by whom made; report; expenses of psychiatrist.

The judge shall order the defendant examined by at least one psychiatrist or clinical psychologist who is qualified by specialized training and experience to perform such evaluations. Upon a finding by the court that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not reasonably available for the instant case, the court may appoint a state licensed clinical social worker who has been certified by the Commonwealth as a sex offender treatment provider as defined in § 54.1-3600 and qualified by experience and by specialized training approved by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to perform such evaluations. The examination shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a mental health facility or in jail. However, if the court specifically finds that outpatient examination services are unavailable or if the results of outpatient examination indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for further examination is necessary, the court may order the defendant sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as appropriate for examination of persons convicted of crimes. The defendant shall then be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate examination, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital. Upon completion of the examination, the examiners shall prepare a written report of their findings and conclusions and shall furnish copies of such report to the defendant, counsel for the defendant, and the attorney for the Commonwealth at least five days prior to sentencing and shall furnish a copy of the report to the judge in advance of the sentencing hearing. The report of the examiners shall at all times be kept confidential by each recipient, except to the extent necessary for the prosecution or defense of any offense, and shall be filed as part of the record in the case and the defendant's copy shall be returned to the court at the conclusion of sentencing. Any report so filed shall be sealed upon the entry of the sentencing order by the court and made available only by court order, except that such report or copies thereof shall be available at any time to the office of the Attorney General for assessment for civil commitment as provided in Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2; any criminal justice agency, as defined in § 9.1-101, of this or any other state or of the United States; to any agency where the accused is referred for treatment by the court or by probation and parole services; and to counsel for any person who has been indicted jointly for the same felony as the person who is the subject of the report. Any such report shall without court order be made available to counsel for the person who is the subject of the report if that person is charged with a felony subsequent to the time of the preparation of the report.

§ 19.2-302. Construction and administration of §§ 19.2-300 and 19.2-301.

Nothing contained in § 19.2-300 or § 19.2-301 shall be construed to conflict with or repeal any statute in regard to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and such sections shall be administered with due regard to the authority of, and in cooperation with, the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 19.2-389. Dissemination of criminal history record information.

A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an intermediary, only to:

1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days;

2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the

2888 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is
2889 pending;

2890 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide
2891 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall
2892 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the
2893 security and confidentiality of the data;

2894 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities
2895 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data,
2896 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and
2897 security of the data;

2898 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive
2899 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining
2900 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information;

2901 6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

2902 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth for the conduct of investigations of
2903 applicants for public employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or
2904 safety, it is necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a
2905 person with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or
2906 license under consideration;

2907 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate
2908 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the
2909 adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or
2910 from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency,
2911 temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that
2912 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as
2913 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

2914 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in
2915 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves
2916 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible
2917 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

2918 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international
2919 travel, including but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

2920 11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in
2921 § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a
2922 person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of
2923 America; (ii) a volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency
2924 Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of
2925 Compeer; or (vi) any board member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board
2926 of a Crime Stoppers, Crime Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

2927 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child
2928 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services'
2929 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and
2930 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day-care homes or homes
2931 approved by family day-care systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing
2932 agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719 through 63.2-1721, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be
2933 further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the Commissioner
2934 of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply
2935 with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination;

2936 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are
2937 offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a
2938 report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

2939 14. The State Lottery Department for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the State Lottery
2940 Law (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.), and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of
2941 investigations as set forth in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

2942 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
2943 of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
2944 pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject to
2945 the limitations set out in subsection E;

2946 16. Licensed homes for adults, licensed district homes for adults, and licensed adult day-care centers
2947 for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed homes for adults
2948 pursuant to § 63.2-1720, in licensed district homes for adults pursuant to § 63.1-189.1, and in licensed
2949 adult day-care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;

17. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board for the conduct of investigations as set forth in § 4.1-103.1;

18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to registered voters, limited to any record of felony convictions;

19. The Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176, 19.2-177.1, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning;

20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the Department of Education, or the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual services;

22. The Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to departmental instructions;

23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private or religious elementary or secondary schools which are accredited by a statewide accrediting organization recognized, prior to January 1, 1996, by the State Board of Education or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

24. Public and nonprofit private colleges and universities for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

25. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

26. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

27. The Commissioner of the Department of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

28. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct consumer care position has been convicted of a crime that affects their fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of persons with mental illness, mental retardation and substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 37.2-607;

29. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants for a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

30. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

31. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1. Dissemination of criminal history record information to the agencies shall be limited to those positions generally described as directly responsible for the health, safety and welfare of the general populace or protection of critical infrastructures;

32. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

33. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design, construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities, by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

34. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for

the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

35. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

36. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered, or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

37. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant for licensure as a mortgage lender or mortgage broker, or a licensed mortgage lender or mortgage broker for the purpose of investigating individuals applying for a position of employment in which the individual may have access to or process personal identifying or financial information from a member of the public, pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 6.1-408 et seq.) of Title 6.1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application for a mortgage lender or mortgage broker license is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to § 6.1-414, the Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or its designee; and

38. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care organizations pursuant to subdivision 15 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities, licensed district homes for adults, and licensed adult day-care centers pursuant to subdivision 16 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in § 63.1-189.1 or 63.2-1720.

G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision 35 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in § 63.2-1719.

H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request; provided that the person on whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has

presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

§ 19.2-390. (For expiration date, see Editor's note) Reports to be made by local law-enforcement officers, conservators of the peace, clerks of court, Secretary of the Commonwealth and Corrections officials to State Police; material submitted by other agencies.

A. 1. Every state official or agency having the power to arrest, the sheriffs of counties, the police officials of cities and towns, and any other local law-enforcement officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony shall make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on forms provided by it, of any arrest, including those arrests involving the taking into custody of, or service of process upon, any person on charges resulting from an indictment, presentment or information, the arrest on *capias* or warrant for failure to appear, and the service of a warrant for another jurisdiction, on any of the following charges:

- a. Treason;
- b. Any felony;
- c. Any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1; or
- d. Any misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail (i) under Title 18.2 or 19.2, except an arrest for a violation of § 18.2-119, Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2, or any similar ordinance of any county, city or town, or (ii) under § 20-61.

The reports shall contain such information as is required by the Exchange and shall be accompanied by fingerprints of the individual arrested. Effective January 1, 2006, the corresponding photograph of the individual arrested shall accompany the report. Fingerprint cards prepared by a law-enforcement agency for inclusion in a national criminal justice file shall be forwarded to the Exchange for transmittal to the appropriate bureau. Nothing in this section shall preclude each local law-enforcement agency from maintaining its own separate photographic database.

2. For persons arrested and released on summonses in accordance with § 19.2-74, such report shall not be required until (i) a conviction is entered and no appeal is noted or if an appeal is noted, the conviction is upheld upon appeal or the person convicted withdraws his appeal; (ii) the court dismisses the proceeding pursuant to § 18.2-251; or (iii) an acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant to § 19.2-182.2 is entered. Upon such conviction or acquittal, the court shall remand the individual to the custody of the office of the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city. It shall be the duty of the chief law-enforcement officer, or his designee who may be the arresting officer, to ensure that such report is completed after a determination of guilt or acquittal by reason of insanity. The court shall require the officer to complete the report immediately following the person's conviction or acquittal, and the individual shall be discharged from custody forthwith, unless the court has imposed a jail sentence to be served by him or ordered him committed to the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

B. Within 72 hours following the receipt of (i) a warrant or *capias* for the arrest of any person on a charge of a felony or (ii) a Governor's warrant of arrest of a person issued pursuant to § 19.2-92, the law-enforcement agency which received the warrant shall enter the person's name and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the "information systems" known as the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN), established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The report shall include the person's name, date of birth, social security number and such other known information which the State Police or Federal Bureau of Investigation may require. Where feasible and practical, the magistrate or court issuing the warrant or *capias* may transfer information electronically into VCIN. When the information is electronically transferred to VCIN, the court or magistrate shall forthwith forward the warrant or *capias* to the local police department or sheriff's office. When criminal process has been ordered destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the law-enforcement agency destroying such process shall ensure the removal of any information relating to the destroyed criminal process from the VCIN and NCIC systems.

C. The clerk of each circuit court and district court shall make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange of (i) any dismissal, indefinite postponement or continuance, charge still pending due to mental incompetency or incapacity, *nolle prosequi*, acquittal, or conviction of, including any sentence imposed, or failure of a grand jury to return a true bill as to, any person charged with an offense listed in subsection A, including any action which may have resulted from an indictment, presentment or information, and (ii) any adjudication of delinquency based upon an act which, if committed by an adult, would require fingerprints to be filed pursuant to subsection A. In the case of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange by subsection A, the reports of any of the foregoing dispositions shall be filed by the law-enforcement agency making the arrest with the arrest record required to be

3134 maintained by § 15.2-1722. Upon conviction of any person, including juveniles tried and convicted in
3135 the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as adults or juveniles, for an offense for
3136 which registration is required as defined in § 9.1-902, the clerk shall within seven days of sentencing
3137 submit a report to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. The report to the Registry
3138 shall include the name of the person convicted and all aliases which he is known to have used, the date
3139 and locality of the conviction for which registration is required, his date of birth, social security number,
3140 last known address, and specific reference to the offense for which he was convicted. No report of
3141 conviction or adjudication in a district court shall be filed unless the period allowed for an appeal has
3142 elapsed and no appeal has been perfected. In the event that the records in the office of any clerk show
3143 that any conviction or adjudication has been nullified in any manner, he shall also make a report of that
3144 fact to the Exchange and, if appropriate, to the Registry. In addition, each clerk of a circuit court, upon
3145 receipt of certification thereof from the Supreme Court, shall report to the Exchange or the Registry, or
3146 to the law-enforcement agency making the arrest in the case of offenses not required to be reported to
3147 the Exchange, on forms provided by the Exchange or Registry, as the case may be, any reversal or other
3148 amendment to a prior sentence or disposition previously reported. When criminal process is ordered
3149 destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the clerk shall report such action to the law-enforcement agency that
3150 entered the warrant or capias into the VCIN system.

3151 D. In addition to those offenses enumerated in subsection A of this section, the Central Criminal
3152 Records Exchange may receive, classify and file any other fingerprints, photographs, and records of
3153 arrest or confinement submitted to it by any law-enforcement agency or any correctional institution.

3154 E. Corrections officials, sheriffs, and jail superintendents of regional jails, responsible for maintaining
3155 correctional status information, as required by the regulations of the Department of Criminal Justice
3156 Services, with respect to individuals about whom reports have been made under the provisions of this
3157 chapter shall make reports of changes in correctional status information to the Central Criminal Records
3158 Exchange. The reports to the Exchange shall include any commitment to or release or escape from a
3159 state or local correctional facility, including commitment to or release from a parole or probation
3160 agency.

3161 F. Any pardon, reprieve or executive commutation of sentence by the Governor shall be reported to
3162 the Exchange by the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

3163 G. Officials responsible for reporting disposition of charges, and correctional changes of status of
3164 individuals under this section, including those reports made to the Registry, shall adopt procedures
3165 reasonably designed at a minimum (i) to ensure that such reports are accurately made as soon as feasible
3166 by the most expeditious means and in no instance later than 30 days after occurrence of the disposition
3167 or correctional change of status; and (ii) to report promptly any correction, deletion, or revision of the
3168 information.

3169 H. Upon receiving a correction, deletion, or revision of information, the Central Criminal Records
3170 Exchange shall notify all criminal justice agencies known to have previously received the information.

3171 As used in this section, the term "chief law-enforcement officer" means the chief of police of cities
3172 and towns and sheriffs of counties, unless a political subdivision has otherwise designated its chief
3173 law-enforcement officer by appropriate resolution or ordinance, in which case the local designation shall
3174 be controlling.

3175 § 19.2-390. (For effective date - see Editor's note) Reports to be made by local law-enforcement
3176 officers, conservators of the peace, clerks of court, Secretary of the Commonwealth and Corrections
3177 officials to State Police; material submitted by other agencies.

3178 A. 1. Every state official or agency having the power to arrest, the sheriffs of counties, the police
3179 officials of cities and towns, and any other local law-enforcement officer or conservator of the peace
3180 having the power to arrest for a felony shall make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange,
3181 on forms provided by it, of any arrest, including those arrests involving the taking into custody of, or
3182 service of process upon, any person on charges resulting from an indictment, presentment or
3183 information, the arrest on capias or warrant for failure to appear, and the service of a warrant for
3184 another jurisdiction, on any of the following charges:

3185 a. Treason;

3186 b. Any felony;

3187 c. Any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1; or

3188 d. Any misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail (i) under Title 18.2 or 19.2, except an arrest
3189 for a violation of § 18.2-119, Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2, or any similar
3190 ordinance of any county, city or town, or (ii) under § 20-61.

3191 The reports shall contain such information as is required by the Exchange and shall be accompanied
3192 by fingerprints of the individual arrested. Effective January 1, 2006, the corresponding photograph of the
3193 individual arrested shall accompany the report. Fingerprint cards prepared by a law-enforcement agency
3194 for inclusion in a national criminal justice file shall be forwarded to the Exchange for transmittal to the
3195 appropriate bureau. Nothing in this section shall preclude each local law-enforcement agency from

maintaining its own separate photographic database.

2. For persons arrested and released on summonses in accordance with § 19.2-74, such report shall not be required until (i) a conviction is entered and no appeal is noted or if an appeal is noted, the conviction is upheld upon appeal or the person convicted withdraws his appeal; (ii) the court dismisses the proceeding pursuant to § 18.2-251; or (iii) an acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant to § 19.2-182.2 is entered. Upon such conviction or acquittal, the court shall remand the individual to the custody of the office of the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city. It shall be the duty of the chief law-enforcement officer, or his designee who may be the arresting officer, to ensure that such report is completed after a determination of guilt or acquittal by reason of insanity. The court shall require the officer to complete the report immediately following the person's conviction or acquittal, and the individual shall be discharged from custody forthwith, unless the court has imposed a jail sentence to be served by him or ordered him committed to the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

B. Within 72 hours following the receipt of (i) a warrant or capias for the arrest of any person on a charge of a felony or (ii) a Governor's warrant of arrest of a person issued pursuant to § 19.2-92, the law-enforcement agency which received the warrant shall enter the person's name and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the "information systems" known as the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN), established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The report shall include the person's name, date of birth, social security number and such other known information which the State Police or Federal Bureau of Investigation may require. Where feasible and practical, the magistrate or court issuing the warrant or capias may transfer information electronically into VCIN. When the information is electronically transferred to VCIN, the court or magistrate shall forthwith forward the warrant or capias to the local police department or sheriff's office. When criminal process has been ordered destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the law-enforcement agency destroying such process shall ensure the removal of any information relating to the destroyed criminal process from the VCIN and NCIC.

C. The clerk of each circuit court and district court shall make an electronic report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange of (i) any dismissal, indefinite postponement or continuance, charge still pending due to mental incompetency or incapacity, nolle prosequi, acquittal, or conviction of, including any sentence imposed, or failure of a grand jury to return a true bill as to, any person charged with an offense listed in subsection A, including any action which may have resulted from an indictment, presentment or information, and (ii) any adjudication of delinquency based upon an act which, if committed by an adult, would require fingerprints to be filed pursuant to subsection A. In the case of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange by subsection A, the reports of any of the foregoing dispositions shall be filed by the law-enforcement agency making the arrest with the arrest record required to be maintained by § 15.2-1722. Upon conviction of any person, including juveniles tried and convicted in the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as adults or juveniles, for an offense for which registration is required as defined in § 9.1-902, the clerk shall within seven days of sentencing submit a report to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. The report to the Registry shall include the name of the person convicted and all aliases which he is known to have used, the date and locality of the conviction for which registration is required, his date of birth, social security number, last known address, and specific reference to the offense for which he was convicted. No report of conviction or adjudication in a district court shall be filed unless the period allowed for an appeal has elapsed and no appeal has been perfected. In the event that the records in the office of any clerk show that any conviction or adjudication has been nullified in any manner, he shall also make a report of that fact to the Exchange and, if appropriate, to the Registry. In addition, each clerk of a circuit court, upon receipt of certification thereof from the Supreme Court, shall report to the Exchange or the Registry, or to the law-enforcement agency making the arrest in the case of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, on forms provided by the Exchange or Registry, as the case may be, any reversal or other amendment to a prior sentence or disposition previously reported. When criminal process is ordered destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the clerk shall report such action to the law-enforcement agency that entered the warrant or capias into the VCIN.

D. In addition to those offenses enumerated in subsection A of this section, the Central Criminal Records Exchange may receive, classify and file any other fingerprints, photographs, and records of arrest or confinement submitted to it by any law-enforcement agency or any correctional institution.

E. Corrections officials, sheriffs, and jail superintendents of regional jails, responsible for maintaining correctional status information, as required by the regulations of the Department of Criminal Justice Services, with respect to individuals about whom reports have been made under the provisions of this chapter shall make reports of changes in correctional status information to the Central Criminal Records Exchange. The reports to the Exchange shall include any commitment to or release or escape from a

3257 state or local correctional facility, including commitment to or release from a parole or probation
3258 agency.

3259 F. Any pardon, reprieve or executive commutation of sentence by the Governor shall be reported to
3260 the Exchange by the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

3261 G. Officials responsible for reporting disposition of charges, and correctional changes of status of
3262 individuals under this section, including those reports made to the Registry, shall adopt procedures
3263 reasonably designed at a minimum (i) to ensure that such reports are accurately made as soon as feasible
3264 by the most expeditious means and in no instance later than 30 days after occurrence of the disposition
3265 or correctional change of status; and (ii) to report promptly any correction, deletion, or revision of the
3266 information.

3267 H. Upon receiving a correction, deletion, or revision of information, the Central Criminal Records
3268 Exchange shall notify all criminal justice agencies known to have previously received the information.

3269 As used in this section:

3270 "Chief law-enforcement officer" means the chief of police of cities and towns and sheriffs of
3271 counties, unless a political subdivision has otherwise designated its chief law-enforcement officer by
3272 appropriate resolution or ordinance, in which case the local designation shall be controlling.

3273 "Electronic report" means a report transmitted to, or otherwise forwarded to, the Central Criminal
3274 Records Exchange in an electronic format approved by the Exchange. The report shall contain the name
3275 of the person convicted and all aliases, which he is known to have used, the date and locality of the
3276 conviction, his date of birth, social security number, last known address, and specific reference to the
3277 offense including the Virginia Code section and any subsection, the Virginia crime code for the offense,
3278 and the offense tracking number for the offense for which he was convicted.

3279 § 20-88. Support of parents by children.

3280 It shall be the joint and several duty of all persons eighteen years of age or over, of sufficient
3281 earning capacity or income, after reasonably providing for his or her own immediate family, to assist in
3282 providing for the support and maintenance of his or her mother or father, he or she being then and there
3283 in necessitous circumstances.

3284 If there be more than one person bound to support the same parent or parents, the persons so bound
3285 to support shall jointly and severally share equitably in the discharge of such duty. Taking into
3286 consideration the needs of the parent or parents and the circumstances affecting the ability of each
3287 person to discharge the duty of support, the court having jurisdiction shall have the power to determine
3288 and order the payment, by such person or persons so bound to support, of that amount for support and
3289 maintenance which to the court may seem just. Where the court ascertains that any person has failed to
3290 render his or her proper share in such support and maintenance it may, upon the complaint of any party
3291 or on its own motion, compel contribution by that person to any person or authority which has
3292 theretofore contributed to the support or maintenance of the parent or parents. The court may from time
3293 to time revise the orders entered by it or by any other court having jurisdiction under the provisions of
3294 this section, in such manner as to it may seem just.

3295 The juvenile and domestic relations district court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in all cases
3296 arising under this section. Any person aggrieved shall have the same right of appeal as is provided by
3297 law in other cases.

3298 All proceedings under this section shall conform as nearly as possible to the proceedings under the
3299 other provisions of this chapter, and the other provisions of this chapter shall apply to cases arising
3300 under this section in like manner as though they were incorporated in this section. Prosecutions under
3301 this section shall be in the jurisdiction where the parent or parents reside.

3302 This section shall not apply if there is substantial evidence of desertion, neglect, abuse or willful
3303 failure to support any such child by the father or mother, as the case may be, prior to the child's
3304 emancipation or, except as provided hereafter in this section, if a parent is otherwise eligible for and is
3305 receiving public assistance or services under a federal or state program.

3306 To the extent that the financial responsibility of children for any part of the costs incurred in
3307 providing medical assistance to their parents pursuant to the plan provided for in § 32.1-325 is not
3308 restricted by that plan and to the extent that the financial responsibility of children for any part of the
3309 costs incurred in providing to their parents services rendered, administered or funded by the Department
3310 of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental
3311 Services is not restricted by federal law, the provisions of this section shall apply. A proceeding may be
3312 instituted in accordance with this section in the name of the Commonwealth by the state agency
3313 administering the program of assistance or services in order to compel any child of a parent receiving
3314 such assistance or services to reimburse the Commonwealth for such portion of the costs incurred in
3315 providing the assistance or services as the court may determine to be reasonable. If costs are incurred
3316 for the institutionalization of a parent, the children shall in no case be responsible for such costs for
3317 more than sixty months of institutionalization.

3318 Any person violating the provisions of an order entered pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a

33317 misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or
 33318 imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding twelve months or both.

33319 § 22.1-7. Responsibility of each state board, agency and institution having children in residence or in
 33320 custody.

33321 Each state board, state agency and state institution having children in residence or in custody shall
 33322 have responsibility for providing for the education and training to such children which is at least
 33323 comparable to that which would be provided to such children in the public school system. Such board,
 33324 agency or institution may provide such education and training either directly with its own facilities and
 33325 personnel in cooperation with the Board of Education or under contract with a school division or any
 33326 other public or private nonreligious school, agency or institution. The Board of Education shall supervise
 33327 the education and training provided to school-age residents in state mental retardation facilities and
 33328 provide for and direct the education for school-age residents in state mental health facilities in
 33329 cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral*
 33330 *Health and Developmental Services*. The Board shall prescribe standards and regulations for all such
 33331 education and training provided directly by a state board, state agency or state institution. Each state
 33332 board, state agency or state institution providing such education and training shall submit annually its
 33333 program therefor to the Board of Education for approval in accordance with regulations of the Board. If
 33334 any child in the custody of any state board, state agency or state institution is a child with disabilities as
 33335 defined in § 22.1-213 and such board, agency or institution must contract with a private nonreligious
 33336 school to provide special education as defined in § 22.1-213 for such child, the state board, state agency
 33337 or state institution may proceed as a guardian pursuant to the provisions of subsection A of § 22.1-218.

33338 § 22.1-205. Driver education programs.

33339 A. The Board of Education shall establish for the public school system a standardized program of
 33340 driver education in the safe operation of motor vehicles. Such program shall consist of classroom
 33341 training and behind-the-wheel driver training. However, any student who participates in such a program
 33342 of driver education shall meet the academic requirements established by the Board, and no student in a
 33343 course shall be permitted to operate a motor vehicle without a license or permit to do so issued by the
 33344 Department of Motor Vehicles. The program shall include instruction concerning (i) alcohol and drug
 33345 abuse, (ii) aggressive driving, (iii) distracted driving, (iv) motorcycle awareness, and (v) organ and tissue
 33346 donor awareness. Such instruction shall be developed by the Department in cooperation with the
 33347 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program, the Department of Health, and the Department of ~~Mental~~
 33348 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, as
 33349 appropriate. Such program shall require a minimum number of miles driven during the behind-the-wheel
 33350 driver training.

33351 B. The Board shall assist school divisions by preparation, publication and distribution of competent
 33352 driver education instructional materials to ensure a more complete understanding of the responsibilities
 33353 and duties of motor vehicle operators.

33354 C. Each school board shall determine whether to offer the program of driver education in the safe
 33355 operation of motor vehicles and, if offered, whether such program shall be an elective or a required
 33356 course. In addition to the fee approved by the Board of Education pursuant to the appropriation act that
 33357 allows local school boards to charge a per pupil fee for behind-the-wheel driver education, the Board of
 33358 Education may authorize a local school board's request to assess a surcharge in order to further recover
 33359 program costs that exceed state funds distributed through basic aid to school divisions offering driver
 33360 education programs. Each school board may waive the fee or the surcharge in total or in part for those
 33361 students it determines cannot pay the fee or surcharge. Only school divisions complying with the
 33362 standardized program and regulations established by the Board of Education and the provisions of
 33363 § 46.2-335 shall be entitled to participate in the distribution of state funds appropriated for driver
 33364 education.

33365 D. The actual initial driving instruction shall be conducted, with motor vehicles equipped as may be
 33366 required by regulation of the Board of Education, on private or public property removed from public
 33367 highways if practicable; if impracticable, then, at the request of the school board, the Commonwealth
 33368 Transportation Board shall designate a suitable section of road near the school to be used for such
 33369 instruction. Such section of road shall be marked with signs, which the Commonwealth Transportation
 33370 Board shall supply, giving notice of its use for driving instruction. Such signs shall be removed at the
 33371 close of the instruction period. No vehicle other than those used for driver training shall be operated
 33372 between such signs at a speed in excess of 25 miles per hour. Violation of this limit shall be a Class 4
 33373 misdemeanor.

33374 E. The Board of Education may, in its discretion, promulgate regulations for the use and certification
 33375 of paraprofessionals as teaching assistants in the driver education programs of school divisions.

33376 F. The Board of Education shall approve correspondence courses for the classroom training
 33377 component of driver education. These correspondence courses shall be consistent in quality with
 33378

3380 instructional programs developed by the Board for classroom training in the public schools. Students
3381 completing the correspondence courses for classroom training, who are eligible to take behind-the-wheel
3382 driver training, may receive behind-the-wheel driver training (i) from a public school, upon payment of
3383 the required fee, if the school division offers behind-the-wheel driver training and space is available, (ii)
3384 from a driver training school licensed by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or (iii) in the case of a
3385 home schooling parent or guardian instructing his own child who meets the requirements for home
3386 school instruction under § 22.1-254.1 or subdivision B 1 of § 22.1-254, from a behind-the-wheel training
3387 course approved by the Board. Nothing herein shall be construed to require any school division to
3388 provide behind-the-wheel driver training to nonpublic school students.

3389 § 22.1-209.2. Programs and teachers in regional detention homes, certain local detention homes and
3390 state agencies and institutions.

3391 The Board of Education shall prepare and supervise the implementation in the regional detention
3392 homes and those local detention homes having teachers whose salaries were being funded by the
3393 Commonwealth on January 1, 1984, a program designed to educate and train the children detained in the
3394 homes. In addition, the Board shall supervise those programs of evaluation, education and training
3395 provided to school-age children by the Department of Health, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
3396 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the children's teaching
3397 hospital associated with the Eastern Virginia Medical School, the Virginia Commonwealth University
3398 Health System Authority, the children's teaching hospital associated with the Virginia Commonwealth
3399 University Health System Authority, and the University of Virginia Hospitals pursuant to the Board's
3400 standards and regulations as required by § 22.1-7.

3401 The Board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to conform these
3402 programs with the applicable federal and state laws and regulations including, but not limited to,
3403 teacher/student ratios and special education requirements for children with disabilities. The education
3404 programs in the relevant detention homes and state agencies and institutions shall be approved by the
3405 Board and the Board shall prepare a budget for these educational programs which shall be solely
3406 supported by such general funds as are appropriated by the General Assembly for this purpose. Teacher
3407 staffing ratios for regional or local detention homes shall be based on a ratio of one teacher for every
3408 twelve beds based on the capacity of the facility; however, if the previous year's average daily
3409 attendance exceeds this bed capacity, the ratio shall be based on the average daily attendance at the
3410 facility as calculated by the Department of Education from the previous school year.

3411 The Board of Education shall enter into contracts with the relevant state agency or institution or
3412 detention facility or the local school divisions in which the state agencies or institutions or the regional
3413 detention homes and the relevant local detention homes are located for the hiring and supervision of
3414 teachers.

3415 In any case in which the Board enters into a contract with the relevant state agency or institution, the
3416 Department of Human Resource Management shall establish salary schedules for the teachers which are
3417 competitive with those in effect for the school divisions in which the agency or institution is located.

3418 § 22.1-214.2. Definition of "supervise" as related to educational programs provided for or by
3419 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

3420 For the purposes of subsection F of § 22.1-214 as related to the educational programs provided for or
3421 by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3422 *Developmental Services*, "supervise" shall mean providing active support in (i) designing mechanisms for
3423 maintaining constant direct contact and the sharing of ideas, approaches and innovations between the
3424 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3425 *Developmental Services* and the facility staff responsible for providing educational services; (ii)
3426 providing consistent oversight, with particular attention to the mental health programs, to ensure that the
3427 availability of educational resources and the distribution of funds clearly reflect the needs of the
3428 different student populations residing in the various facilities; (iii) developing guidelines, in cooperation
3429 with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3430 *Developmental Services* for the evaluation of the performance of the education directors or other
3431 education supervisors employed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
3432 ~~Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (iv) developing and implementing, in cooperation
3433 with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3434 *Developmental Services*, programs to ensure that the educational and treatment needs of dually
3435 diagnosed children in state institutions are met; and (v) ensuring that the expertise of the Department of
3436 Education is utilized by providing technical assistance to the education programs provided for or by the
3437 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3438 *Developmental Services* in the areas of selection and acquisition of educational materials, curriculum
3439 development including career and technical education, when appropriate, and applications for federal
3440 grants.

3441 § 22.1-214.3. Department to develop certain curriculum guidelines; Board to approve.

The Department of Education shall develop curricula for the school-age residents of the state training centers for ~~the mentally retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ and curriculum guidelines for the school-age residents of the state mental health facilities in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and representatives of the teachers employed to provide instruction to the children. Prior to implementation, the Board of Education shall approve these curricula and curriculum guidelines.

These curricula and curriculum guidelines shall be designed to provide a range of programs and suggested program sequences for different functioning levels and handicaps and shall be reviewed and revised at least every three years. In addition to academic programming, the curriculum guidelines for the school-age residents of the state mental health facilities shall include affective education and physical education as well as independent living and career and technical education, with particular emphasis on the needs of older adolescents and young adults.

§ 22.1-215. School divisions to provide special education; plan to be submitted to Board.

Each school division shall provide free and appropriate education, including special education, for the children with disabilities residing within its jurisdiction in accordance with regulations of the Board of Education.

For the purposes of this section, "children with disabilities, residing within its jurisdiction" shall include: (i) those individuals of school age identified as appropriate to be placed in public school programs, who are residing in a state institution operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* located within the school division, or (ii) those individuals of school age who are Virginia residents and are placed and living in a foster care home or child-caring institution or group home located within the school division and licensed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of Title 63.2 as a result of being in the custody of a local department of social services or welfare or being privately placed, not solely for school purposes.

The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations to identify those children placed within facilities operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* who are eligible to be appropriately placed in public school programs.

The cost of the education provided to children residing in the state institutions, who are appropriate to place within the public schools, shall remain the responsibility of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The cost of the education provided to children who are not residents of the Commonwealth and are placed and living in a foster care home or child-caring institution or group home located within the school division and licensed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of Title 63.2 shall be billed to the sending agency or person by the school division as provided in subsection C of § 22.1-5. No school division shall refuse to educate any such child or charge tuition to any such child.

Each school division shall submit to the Board of Education in accordance with the schedule and by the date specified by the Board, a plan acceptable to the Board for such education for the period following and a report indicating the extent to which the plan required by law for the preceding period has been implemented. However, the schedule specified by the Board shall not require plans to be submitted more often than annually unless changes to the plan are required by federal or state law or regulation.

§ 22.1-217.1. Programs for the research and development of innovative methods of teaching children with mental illness, mental retardation, or serious emotional disturbance.

For the purpose of improving the quality of the education and training provided to the school-age residents of the state mental health and mental retardation facilities, there is hereby established a program of grants, from such funds as are appropriated by the General Assembly, to promote the research and development of innovative methods of teaching ~~mentally retarded, mentally ill or emotionally disturbed~~ *children with mental illness, mental retardation, or serious emotional disturbance* in residential settings. This program shall be available to the education directors and instructional staffs of the institutions administered by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The Board of Education shall award these grants on the basis of the recommendations of an advisory committee composed of the Director of the Virginia Treatment Center for Children, two representatives of the Department of Education and two representatives of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The advisory committee shall establish objectives for these grants, develop requests for proposals and set criteria for evaluating the applications for funds.

§ 22.1-272.1. Responsibility to contact parent of student at imminent risk of suicide; notice to be given to social services if parental abuse or neglect; Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*

3503 *Developmental Services* and the Department of Health, to develop guidelines for parental contact.

3504 A. Any person licensed as administrative or instructional personnel by the Board of Education and
 3505 employed by a local school board who, in the scope of his employment, has reason to believe, as a
 3506 result of direct communication from a student, that such student is at imminent risk of suicide, shall, as
 3507 soon as practicable, contact at least one of such student's parents to ask whether such parent is aware of
 3508 the student's mental state and whether the parent wishes to obtain or has already obtained counseling for
 3509 such student. Such contact shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the guidelines required by
 3510 subsection C.

3511 B. If the student has indicated that the reason for being at imminent risk of suicide relates to parental
 3512 abuse or neglect, this contact shall not be made with the parent. Instead, the person shall, as soon as
 3513 practicable, notify the local department of social services of the county or city wherein the child resides
 3514 or wherein the abuse or neglect is believed to have occurred or the state Department of Social Services'
 3515 toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline, as required by § 63.2-1509. When giving this notice to the local
 3516 or state department, the person shall stress the need to take immediate action to protect the child from
 3517 harm.

3518 C. The Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 3519 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and the Department of
 3520 Health, shall develop guidelines for making the contact required by subsection A. These guidelines shall
 3521 include, but need not be limited to, (i) criteria to assess the suicide risks of students, (ii) characteristics
 3522 to identify potentially suicidal students, (iii) appropriate responses to students expressing suicidal
 3523 intentions, (iv) available and appropriate community services for students expressing suicidal intentions,
 3524 (v) suicide prevention strategies which may be implemented by local schools for students expressing
 3525 suicidal intentions, (vi) criteria for notification of and discussions with parents of students expressing
 3526 suicidal intentions, (vii) criteria for as-soon-as-practicable contact with the parents, (viii) appropriate
 3527 sensitivity to religious beliefs, and (ix) legal requirements and criteria for notification of public service
 3528 agencies, including, but not limited to, the local or state social services and mental health agencies.
 3529 These guidelines may include case studies and problem-solving exercises and may be designed as
 3530 materials for in-service training programs for licensed administrative and instructional personnel.

3531 § 23-38.2. Virginia Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Scholarship Fund.

3532 (a) There is hereby established a fund, to be known as the Virginia ~~Mental Health and Mental~~
 3533 ~~Retardation~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* Scholarship Fund, which shall consist of
 3534 funds appropriated to it from time to time by the General Assembly and which shall be administered by
 3535 the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and*
 3536 *Developmental Services*, for the purpose of providing scholarships for study in various professions and
 3537 skills that deal with the treatment, training and care of the ~~mentally ill and mentally retarded~~*individuals*
 3538 *with mental illness and mental retardation*.

3539 (b) The State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Board of Behavioral Health*
 3540 *and Developmental Services* ~~Board~~ shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations, not inconsistent
 3541 with other laws, for the implementation of this section. Such rules and regulations shall provide:

3542 (1) That scholarships be awarded for a period no longer than one year, but that certain scholarships
 3543 may be reawarded not more than two times;

3544 (2) That persons who receive such scholarships agree to serve in state employment upon completion
 3545 of training for a period at least as long as the length of training provided by the scholarship, and that if
 3546 they do not fulfill this agreement they shall repay to the Commonwealth the amount of the scholarship
 3547 with interest;

3548 (3) That priorities be given for training in professions and skills where shortages exist and are
 3549 anticipated in state mental health and mental retardation institutions; and

3550 (4) That priorities be given to citizens of this Commonwealth.

3551 (c) The Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 3552 ~~Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is hereby authorized to receive gifts, donations,
 3553 bequests, and federal grants to the Virginia ~~Mental Health and Mental Retardation~~*Behavioral Health and*
 3554 *Developmental Services* Scholarship Fund.

3555 § 25.1-100. Definitions.

3556 As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

3557 "Body determining just compensation" means a jury selected pursuant to § 25.1-229, or the court if a
 3558 jury is not empanelled.

3559 "Court" means the court having jurisdiction as provided in § 25.1-201.

3560 "Date of valuation" means the time of the lawful taking by the petitioner, or the date of the filing of
 3561 the petition pursuant to § 25.1-205, whichever occurs first.

3562 "Freeholder" means any person owning an interest in land in fee, including a person owning a
 3563 condominium unit.

3564 "Land" means real estate and all rights and appurtenances thereto, together with the structures and

other improvements thereon, and any right, title, interest, estate or claim in or to real estate.

"Locality" or "local government" means a county, city, or town, as the context may require.

"Owner" means any person who owns property, provided that the person's ownership of the property is of record in the land records of the clerk's office of the circuit court of the county or city where the property is located. The term "owner" shall not include trustees or beneficiaries under a deed of trust, any person with a security interest in the property, or any person with a judgment or lien against the property. This definition of the term "owner" shall not affect in any way the valuation of property.

"Person" means any individual; firm; cooperative; association; corporation; limited liability company; trust; business trust; syndicate; partnership; limited liability partnership; joint venture; receiver; trustee in bankruptcy or any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise; club, society or other group or combination acting as a unit; the Commonwealth or any department, agency or instrumentality thereof; any city, county, town, or other political subdivision or any department, agency or instrumentality thereof; or any interstate body to which the Commonwealth is a party.

"Petitioner" or "condemnor" means any person who possesses the power to exercise the right of eminent domain and who seeks to exercise such power under this chapter. The term "petitioner" or "condemnor" includes any person required to make an effort to purchase property as provided in § 25.1-204.

"Property" means land and personal property, and any right, title, interest, estate or claim in or to such property.

"State institution" means any (i) educational institution enumerated in § 23-14 or (ii) state hospital, state training school or state training center for the ~~mentally retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 29.1-313. Issuance of licenses for use of patients in certain state institutions.

The Director shall have authority to issue at the regular fee, up to twenty-five state resident licenses to fish in the name of any state institution operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* for use by patients of the institution.

§ 32.1-45.1. Deemed consent to testing and release of test results related to infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses.

A. Whenever any health care provider, or any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, is directly exposed to body fluids of a patient in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the patient whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such patient shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the health care provider to inform patients of this provision prior to providing them with health care services which create a risk of such exposure.

B. Whenever any patient is directly exposed to body fluids of a health care provider, or of any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the patient who was exposed.

C. For the purposes of this section, "health care provider" means any person, facility or agency licensed or certified to provide care or treatment by the Department of Health, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Department of Rehabilitative Services, or the Department of Social Services, any person licensed or certified by a health regulatory board within the Department of Health Professions except for the Boards of Funeral Directors and Embalmers and Veterinary Medicine or any personal care agency contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

D. "Health care provider," as defined in subsection C of this section, shall be deemed to include any person who renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation and in good faith, at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency, or while en route therefrom to any hospital, medical clinic or doctor's office during the period while rendering such emergency care or assistance. The Department of Health shall provide appropriate counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results to any such person.

E. Whenever any law-enforcement officer is directly exposed to body fluids of a person in a manner

3626 which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human
3627 immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the
3628 exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus
3629 or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such
3630 test results to the law-enforcement officer who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall
3631 be the responsibility of the law-enforcement officer to inform the person of this provision prior to the
3632 contact which creates a risk of such exposure.

3633 F. Whenever a person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a law-enforcement officer in a
3634 manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit
3635 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the law-enforcement officer whose body
3636 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with
3637 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The law-enforcement officer shall also be
3638 deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

3639 G. For the purposes of this section, "law-enforcement officer" means a person who is both (i)
3640 engaged in his public duty at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any sheriff's office, any
3641 adult or youth correctional facility, or any state or local law-enforcement agency, or any agency or
3642 department under the direction and control of the Commonwealth or any local governing body that
3643 employs persons who have law-enforcement authority.

3644 H. Whenever any school board employee is directly exposed to body fluids of any person in a
3645 manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit
3646 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved
3647 in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human
3648 immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented
3649 to the release of such test results to the school board employee who was exposed. In other than
3650 emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the school board employee to inform the person of
3651 this provision prior to the contact that creates a risk of such exposure.

3652 I. Whenever any person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a school board employee in a
3653 manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit
3654 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the school board employee whose body
3655 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with
3656 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The school board employee shall also be
3657 deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

3658 J. For the purposes of this section, "school board employee" means a person who is both (i) acting in
3659 the course of employment at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any local school board in
3660 the Commonwealth.

3661 K. For purposes of this section, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor,
3662 and that minor refuses to provide such specimen, consent for obtaining such specimen shall be obtained
3663 from the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of such minor prior to initiating such
3664 testing. If the parent or guardian or person standing in loco parentis withholds such consent, or is not
3665 reasonably available, the person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B
3666 or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district
3667 court in the county or city where the minor resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the
3668 county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board has its principal
3669 office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to subsection D, the
3670 county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the minor to provide a blood
3671 specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section.

3672 L. Except as provided in subsection K, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing
3673 refuses to provide such specimen, any person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus
3674 or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the general district court of the
3675 county or city in which the person whose specimen is sought resides or resided, or, in the case of a
3676 nonresident, the county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board
3677 has its principal office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to
3678 subsection D, the county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the person to
3679 provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this
3680 section. At any hearing before the court, the person whose specimen is sought or his counsel may
3681 appear. The court shall be advised by the Commissioner or his designee prior to entering any testing
3682 order. If a testing order is issued, both the petitioner and the person from whom the blood specimen is
3683 sought shall receive counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results by a
3684 licensed practitioner or trained counselor.

3685 § 32.1-64.1. Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System.

3686 A. In order to identify hearing loss at the earliest possible age among newborns and to provide early
3687 intervention for all infants so identified as having hearing impairment, the Commissioner shall establish

and maintain the Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System. This system shall be for the purpose of identifying and monitoring infants with hearing impairment to ensure that such infants receive appropriate early intervention through treatment, therapy, training and education.

B. The Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System shall be initiated in all hospitals with neonatal intensive care services, in all hospitals in the Commonwealth having newborn nurseries, and in other birthing places or centers in the Commonwealth having newborn nurseries.

C. In all hospitals with neonatal intensive care services, the chief medical officer of such hospitals or his designee shall identify infants at risk of hearing impairment using criteria established by the Board. Beginning on July 1, 1999, all infants shall be given a hearing screening test, regardless of whether or not the infant is at risk of hearing impairment, by the chief medical officer or his designee using methodology approved by the Board. The test shall take place before the infant is discharged from the hospital to the care of the parent or guardian, or as the Board may by regulation provide.

In all other hospitals and other birthing places or centers, the chief medical officer or his designee or the attending practitioner shall identify infants at risk of hearing impairment using criteria established by the Board.

D. Beginning on July 1, 2000, the Board shall provide by regulation for the giving of hearing screening tests for all infants born in all hospitals. The Board's regulations shall establish when the testing shall be offered and performed and procedures for reporting.

An infant whose hearing screening indicates the need for a diagnostic audiological examination shall be offered such examination at a center approved by the Board of Health. As a condition of such approval, such centers shall maintain suitable audiological support and medical and educational referral practices.

E. The Commissioner shall appoint an advisory committee to assist in the design, implementation, and revision of this identification and monitoring system. The advisory committee shall meet at least four times per year. A chairman shall be elected annually by the advisory committee. The Department of Health shall provide support services to the advisory committee. The advisory committee shall consist of representatives from relevant groups including, but not limited to, the health insurance industry; physicians, including at least one pediatrician or family practitioner, one otolaryngologist, and one neonatologist; nurses representing newborn nurseries; audiologists; hearing aid dealers and fitters; teachers of the deaf and hard-of-hearing; parents of children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; adults who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; hospital administrators; and personnel of appropriate state agencies, including the Department of Medical Assistance Services, the Department of Education, and the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing. The Department of Education, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall cooperate with the Commissioner and the Board in implementing this system.

F. With the assistance of the advisory committee, the Board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement this identification and monitoring system. These rules and regulations shall include criteria, including current screening methodology, for the identification of infants (i) with hearing impairment and (ii) at risk of hearing impairment and shall include the scope of the information to be reported, reporting forms, screening protocols, appropriate mechanisms for follow-up, relationships between the identification and monitoring system and other state agency programs or activities and mechanisms for review and evaluation of the activities of the system. The identification and monitoring system shall collect the name, address, sex, race, and any other information determined to be pertinent by the Board, regarding infants determined to be at risk of hearing impairment or to have hearing loss.

G. In addition, the Board's regulations shall provide that any person making a determination that an infant (i) is at risk for hearing impairment, (ii) has failed to pass a hearing screening, or (iii) was not successfully tested shall notify the parent or guardian of the infant, the infant's primary care practitioner, and the Commissioner.

H. No testing required to be performed or offered by this section shall be performed if the parents of the infant object to the test based on their bona fide religious convictions.

§ 32.1-73.7. Department to be lead agency for youth suicide prevention.

With such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, the Department, in consultation with the Department of Education, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, community services boards and behavioral health authorities, and local departments of health, shall have the lead responsibility for the youth suicide prevention program within the Commonwealth. This responsibility includes coordination of the activities of the agencies of the Commonwealth pertaining to youth suicide prevention in order to develop and carry out comprehensive youth suicide prevention strategies addressing public awareness, the promotion of health development, early identification, intervention and treatment, and support to survivors. The

3749 strategies shall be targeted to the specific needs of children and adolescents. The Department shall
 3750 cooperate with federal, state and local agencies, private and public agencies, survivor groups and other
 3751 interested persons in order to prevent youth suicide within the Commonwealth.

3752 The provisions of this section shall not limit the powers and duties of other state agencies.

3753 § 32.1-102.1. Definitions.

3754 As used in this article, unless the context indicates otherwise:

3755 "Certificate" means a certificate of public need for a project required by this article.

3756 "Clinical health service" means a single diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive or palliative
 3757 procedure or a series of such procedures that may be separately identified for billing and accounting
 3758 purposes.

3759 "Health planning region" means a contiguous geographical area of the Commonwealth with a
 3760 population base of at least 500,000 persons which is characterized by the availability of multiple levels
 3761 of medical care services, reasonable travel time for tertiary care, and congruence with planning districts.

3762 "Medical care facility," as used in this title, means any institution, place, building or agency, whether
 3763 or not licensed or required to be licensed by the Board or the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation~~
 3764 ~~and Substance Abuse Services~~ *Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* Board,
 3765 whether operated for profit or nonprofit and whether privately owned or privately operated or owned or
 3766 operated by a local governmental unit, (i) by or in which health services are furnished, conducted,
 3767 operated or offered for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity
 3768 or physical condition, whether medical or surgical, of two or more nonrelated mentally or physically
 3769 sick or injured persons, or for the care of two or more nonrelated persons requiring or receiving
 3770 medical, surgical or nursing attention or services as acute, chronic, convalescent, aged, physically
 3771 disabled or crippled or (ii) which is the recipient of reimbursements from third-party health insurance
 3772 programs or prepaid medical service plans. For purposes of this article, only the following medical care
 3773 facilities shall be subject to review:

3774 1. General hospitals.

3775 2. Sanitariums.

3776 3. Nursing homes.

3777 4. Intermediate care facilities, except those intermediate care facilities established for ~~the mentally~~
 3778 ~~retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ that have no more than 12 beds and are in an area identified
 3779 as in need of residential services for ~~people~~ *individuals* with mental retardation in any plan of the
 3780 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
 3781 *Developmental Services*.

3782 5. Extended care facilities.

3783 6. Mental hospitals.

3784 7. Mental retardation facilities.

3785 8. Psychiatric hospitals and intermediate care facilities established primarily for the medical,
 3786 psychiatric or psychological treatment and rehabilitation of ~~alcoholics or drug addicts~~ *individuals with*
 3787 *substance abuse*.

3788 9. Specialized centers or clinics or that portion of a physician's office developed for the provision of
 3789 outpatient or ambulatory surgery, cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma
 3790 knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), positron
 3791 emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine imaging, except for the
 3792 purpose of nuclear cardiac imaging, or such other specialty services as may be designated by the Board
 3793 by regulation.

3794 10. Rehabilitation hospitals.

3795 11. Any facility licensed as a hospital.

3796 The term "medical care facility" shall not include any facility of (i) the Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 3797 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (ii) any
 3798 nonhospital substance abuse residential treatment program operated by or contracted primarily for the
 3799 use of a community services board under the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 3800 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*' Comprehensive State Plan; (iii) an
 3801 intermediate care facility for ~~the mentally retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ that has no more
 3802 than 12 beds and is in an area identified as in need of residential services for people with mental
 3803 retardation in any plan of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 3804 ~~Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (iv) a physician's office, except that portion of a
 3805 physician's office described above in subdivision 9 of the definition of "medical care facility"; or (v) the
 3806 Woodrow Wilson Rehabilitation Center of the Department of Rehabilitative Services. "Medical care
 3807 facility" shall also not include that portion of a physician's office dedicated to providing nuclear cardiac
 3808 imaging.

3809 "Project" means:

3810 1. Establishment of a medical care facility;

2. An increase in the total number of beds or operating rooms in an existing medical care facility;
 3. Relocation of beds from one existing facility to another; provided that "project" shall not include the relocation of up to 10 beds or 10 percent of the beds, whichever is less, (i) from one existing facility to another existing facility at the same site in any two-year period, or (ii) in any three-year period, from one existing nursing home facility to any other existing nursing home facility owned or controlled by the same person that is located either within the same planning district, or within another planning district out of which, during or prior to that three-year period, at least 10 times that number of beds have been authorized by statute to be relocated from one or more facilities located in that other planning district and at least half of those beds have not been replaced; provided further that, however, a hospital shall not be required to obtain a certificate for the use of 10 percent of its beds as nursing home beds as provided in § 32.1-132;

4. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new nursing home service, such as intermediate care facility services, extended care facility services, or skilled nursing facility services, regardless of the type of medical care facility in which those services are provided;

5. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), medical rehabilitation, neonatal special care, obstetrical, open heart surgery, positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, psychiatric, organ or tissue transplant service, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine imaging, except for the purpose of nuclear cardiac imaging, substance abuse treatment, or such other specialty clinical services as may be designated by the Board by regulation, which the facility has never provided or has not provided in the previous 12 months;

6. Conversion of beds in an existing medical care facility to medical rehabilitation beds or psychiatric beds;

7. The addition by an existing medical care facility of any medical equipment for the provision of cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), open heart surgery, positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, or other specialized service designated by the Board by regulation. Replacement of existing equipment shall not require a certificate of public need; or

8. Any capital expenditure of \$15 million or more, not defined as reviewable in subdivisions 1 through 7 of this definition, by or in behalf of a medical care facility. However, capital expenditures between \$5 and \$15 million shall be registered with the Commissioner pursuant to regulations developed by the Board. The amounts specified in this subdivision shall be revised effective July 1, 2008, and annually thereafter to reflect inflation using appropriate measures incorporating construction costs and medical inflation.

"Regional health planning agency" means the regional agency, including the regional health planning board, its staff and any component thereof, designated by the Virginia Health Planning Board to perform the health planning activities set forth in this chapter within a health planning region.

"State Medical Facilities Plan" means the planning document adopted by the Board of Health which shall include, but not be limited to, (i) methodologies for projecting need for medical care facility beds and services; (ii) statistical information on the availability of medical care facilities and services; and (iii) procedures, criteria and standards for review of applications for projects for medical care facilities and services.

"Virginia Health Planning Board" means the statewide health planning body established pursuant to § 32.1-122.02 which serves as the analytical and technical resource to the Secretary of Health and Human Resources in matters requiring health analysis and planning.

§ 32.1-122.5. Criteria to identify underserved areas.

The Board of Health shall establish criteria to identify medically underserved areas within the Commonwealth. These criteria shall consist of quantifiable measures sensitive to the unique characteristics of urban and rural jurisdictions which may include the incidence of infant mortality, the availability of primary care resources, poverty levels, and other measures indicating the inadequacy of the primary health care system as determined by the Board. The Board shall also include in these criteria the need for medical care services in the state facilities operated by the Departments of Corrections, Juvenile Justice, and Mental Health, ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 32.1-124. Exemptions.

The provisions of §§ 32.1-123 through 32.1-136 shall not be applicable to: (i) a dispensary or first-aid facility maintained by any commercial or industrial plant, educational institution or convent; (ii) an institution licensed by the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board; (iii) an institution or portion thereof licensed by the State Board of Social Services; (iv) a hospital or nursing home owned or operated by an agency of the United States government; (v) an office of one or more physicians or surgeons unless such office

3872 is used principally for performing surgery; and (vi) a hospital or nursing home, as defined in § 32.1-123,
3873 owned or operated by an agency of the Commonwealth unless such hospital or nursing home or portion
3874 thereof is certified as a nursing facility pursuant to § 32.1-137.

3875 § 32.1-125.1. Inspection of hospitals by state agencies generally.

3876 As used in this section unless the context requires a different meaning, "hospital" means a hospital as
3877 defined in § 32.1-123 or § 37.2-100.

3878 State agencies shall make or cause to be made only such inspections of hospitals as are necessary to
3879 carry out the various obligations imposed on each agency by applicable state and federal laws and
3880 regulations. Any on-site inspection by a state agency or a division or unit thereof that substantially
3881 complies with the inspection requirements of any other state agency or any other division or unit of the
3882 inspecting agency charged with making similar inspections shall be accepted as an equivalent inspection
3883 in lieu of an on-site inspection by said agency or by a division or unit of the inspecting agency. A state
3884 agency shall coordinate its hospital inspections both internally and with those required by other state
3885 agencies so as to ensure that the requirements of this section are met.

3886 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, all hospitals licensed by the Department of
3887 Health or Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
3888 *Developmental Services* which have been certified under the provisions of Title XVIII of the Social
3889 Security Act for hospital or psychiatric services or which have obtained accreditation from the Joint
3890 Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations may be subject to inspections so long as such
3891 certification or accreditation is maintained but only to the extent necessary to ensure the public health
3892 and safety.

3893 § 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy.

3894 A. There is hereby recognized an individual's right of privacy in the content of his health records.
3895 Health records are the property of the health care entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted
3896 or required by this section or by other provisions of state law, no health care entity, or other person
3897 working in a health care setting, may disclose an individual's health records.

3898 Pursuant to this subsection:

3899 1. Health care entities shall disclose health records to the individual who is the subject of the health
3900 record, except as provided in subsections E and F of this section and subsection B of § 8.01-413.

3901 2. Health records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the
3902 approval of the health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with a court
3903 order or subpoena consistent with subsection C of § 8.01-413 or with this section or in accordance with
3904 the regulations relating to change of ownership of health records promulgated by a health regulatory
3905 board established in Title 54.1.

3906 3. No person to whom health records are disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health
3907 records of an individual, beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first
3908 obtaining the individual's specific authorization to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall
3909 not, however, prevent (i) any health care entity that receives health records from another health care
3910 entity from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of
3911 Health and Human Services regulations relating to privacy of the electronic transmission of data and
3912 protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human
3913 Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (42 U.S.C.
3914 § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any health care entity from furnishing health records and aggregate or other data,
3915 from which individually identifying prescription information has been removed, encoded or encrypted, to
3916 qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or
3917 contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological, pharmaco-economic, or other health
3918 services research.

3919 B. As used in this section:

3920 "Agent" means a person who has been appointed as an individual's agent under a power of attorney
3921 for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

3922 "Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by
3923 overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated
3924 confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted.

3925 "Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person.

3926 "Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a
3927 public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management
3928 information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches,
3929 that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health
3930 information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content
3931 into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction from another
3932 entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or
3933 nonstandard data content for the receiving entity.

"Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse.

"Health care provider" means those entities listed in the definition of "health care provider" in § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also be considered health care providers for the purposes of this section. Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified, registered or permitted or who hold a multistate licensure privilege issued by any of the health regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

"Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. "Health plan" shall include any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.

"Health record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a health care entity in the course of providing health services to an individual concerning the individual and the services provided. "Health record" also includes the substance of any communication made by an individual to a health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health services or information otherwise acquired by the health care entity about an individual in confidence and in connection with the provision of health services to the individual.

"Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well as payment or reimbursement for any such services.

"Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care entity.

"Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other prescription information that specifically identifies an individual.

"Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

"Psychotherapy notes" means comments, recorded in any medium by a health care provider who is a mental health professional, documenting or analyzing the contents of conversation during a private counseling session with an individual or a group, joint, or family counseling session that are separated from the rest of the individual's health record. "Psychotherapy notes" shall not include annotations relating to medication and prescription monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, treatment modalities and frequencies, clinical test results, or any summary of any symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, functional status, treatment plan, or the individual's progress to date.

C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the following:

1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act;

2. Except where specifically provided herein, the health records of minors; or

3. The release of juvenile health records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to § 16.1-248.3.

D. Health care entities may, and, when required by other provisions of state law, shall, disclose health records:

1. As set forth in subsection E, pursuant to the written authorization of (i) the individual or (ii) in the case of a minor, (a) his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969 or (b) the minor himself, if he has consented to his own treatment pursuant to § 54.1-2969, or (iii) in emergency cases or situations where it is impractical to obtain an individual's written authorization, pursuant to the individual's oral authorization for a health care provider or health plan to discuss the individual's health records with a third party specified by the individual;

2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H, pursuant to a search warrant or a grand jury subpoena, pursuant to court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C of § 8.01-413. Regardless of the manner by which health records relating to an individual are compelled to be disclosed pursuant to this subdivision, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit any staff or employee of a health care entity from providing information about such individual to a law-enforcement officer in connection with such subpoena, search warrant, or court order;

3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a health care entity or the health care entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as required in the course of an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity;

4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2;

5. In compliance with the provisions of § 8.01-413;

6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities, serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease,

3995 public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to,
3996 those contained in §§ 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 32.1-283,
3997 32.1-283.1, 37.2-710, 37.2-839, 53.1-40.10, 54.1-2400.6, 54.1-2400.7, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506,
3998 54.1-2966, 54.1-2966.1, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 63.2-1509, and 63.2-1606;

3999 7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the individual;

4000 8. In connection with the health care entity's own health care operations or the health care operations
4001 of another health care entity, as specified in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, or in the normal course of business in
4002 accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the
4003 maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription dispensing records maintained in a
4004 pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with
4005 §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411, and 54.1-3412;

4006 9. When the individual has waived his right to the privacy of the health records;

4007 10. When examination and evaluation of an individual are undertaken pursuant to judicial or
4008 administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

4009 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a
4010 guardianship proceeding of an adult patient who is the respondent in a proceeding under Chapter 10
4011 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2;

4012 12. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney appointed by the court to represent an individual who
4013 is or has been a patient who is the subject of a commitment proceeding under § 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176, or
4014 19.2-177.1, Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of
4015 Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, or a judicial authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11
4016 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.) of Title 37.2;

4017 13. To a magistrate, the court, the evaluator or examiner required under § 16.1-338, 16.1-339,
4018 16.1-342, or 37.2-815, a community services board or behavioral health authority or a designee of a
4019 community services board or behavioral health authority, or a law-enforcement officer participating in
4020 any proceeding under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, § 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176,
4021 or 19.2-177.1, or Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 regarding the subject of the proceeding,
4022 and to any health care provider evaluating or providing services to the person who is the subject of the
4023 proceeding or monitoring the person's adherence to a treatment plan ordered under those provisions.
4024 Health records disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall be limited to information necessary to protect
4025 the officer, the person, or the public from physical injury or to address the health care needs of the
4026 person. Information disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall not be used for any other purpose,
4027 disclosed to others, or retained;

4028 14. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor who represents such minor in any judicial or
4029 administrative proceeding, if the court or administrative hearing officer has entered an order granting the
4030 attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad litem presents evidence to the
4031 health care entity of such order;

4032 15. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's health records
4033 in accord with § 9.1-156;

4034 16. To an agent appointed under an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or decision maker
4035 designated in an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions on anatomical gifts and
4036 organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the provisions of the Health Care
4037 Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.);

4038 17. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

4039 18. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a governmental
4040 agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or reviewing
4041 benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of disease,
4042 injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

4043 19. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of ownership
4044 or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy;

4045 20. In accord with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to communicate an individual's specific and
4046 immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

4047 21. Where necessary in connection with the implementation of a hospital's routine contact process for
4048 organ donation pursuant to subdivision B 4 of § 32.1-127;

4049 22. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements
4050 of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2;

4051 23. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate the
4052 adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional staff
4053 privileges;

4054 24. If the health records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated individual to the personal
4055 representative or executor of the deceased individual or the legal guardian or committee of the
4056 incompetent or incapacitated individual or if there is no personal representative, executor, legal guardian

or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a spouse, an adult son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the deceased individual in order of blood relationship;

25. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the health care provider's designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

26. To the Office of the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* pursuant to Article 3 (§ 37.2-423 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2;

27. To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of this title, pursuant to subdivision 1 of this subsection;

28. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when the individual is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the individual has been arrested and has received emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the health records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1;

29. To law-enforcement officials, in response to their request, for the purpose of identifying or locating a suspect, fugitive, person required to register pursuant to § 9.1-901 of the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act, material witness, or missing person, provided that only the following information may be disclosed: (i) name and address of the person, (ii) date and place of birth of the person, (iii) social security number of the person, (iv) blood type of the person, (v) date and time of treatment received by the person, (vi) date and time of death of the person, where applicable, (vii) description of distinguishing physical characteristics of the person, and (viii) type of injury sustained by the person;

30. To law-enforcement officials regarding the death of an individual for the purpose of alerting law enforcement of the death if the health care entity has a suspicion that such death may have resulted from criminal conduct;

31. To law-enforcement officials if the health care entity believes in good faith that the information disclosed constitutes evidence of a crime that occurred on its premises;

32. To the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-48.015 when such records are those of a person or persons who are subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title; and

33. To the Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or his designee by each licensed emergency medical services agency when the records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1 and the patient has suffered an injury or death on a work site while performing duties or tasks that are within the scope of his employment.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 through 33 of this subsection, a health care entity shall obtain an individual's written authorization for any disclosure of psychotherapy notes, except when disclosure by the health care entity is (i) for its own training programs in which students, trainees, or practitioners in mental health are being taught under supervision to practice or to improve their skills in group, joint, family, or individual counseling; (ii) to defend itself or its employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; (iii) in the discharge of the duty, in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to take precautions to protect third parties from violent behavior or other serious harm; (iv) required in the course of an investigation, audit, review, or proceeding regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity; or (v) otherwise required by law.

E. Requests for copies of health records shall (i) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (ii) identify the nature of the information requested; and (iii) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such copies and identification of the person to whom the information is to be disclosed. The health care entity shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original signed by the requestor as if it were an original. Within 15 days of receipt of a request for copies of health records, the health care entity shall do one of the following: (i) furnish such copies to any requester authorized to receive them; (ii) inform the requester if the information does not exist or cannot be found; (iii) if the health care entity does not maintain a record of the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the health care entity who maintains the record; or (iv) deny the request (a) under subsection F, (b) on the grounds that the requester has not established his authority to receive such health records or proof of his identity, or (c) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to requests for health records not

specifically governed by other provisions of state law.

F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of an individual's health records shall not be furnished to such individual or anyone authorized to act on the individual's behalf when the individual's treating physician or the individual's treating clinical psychologist has made a part of the individual's record a written statement that, in the exercise of his professional judgment, the furnishing to or review by the individual of such health records would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such health record makes reference to a person other than a health care provider and the access requested would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to such referenced person. If any health care entity denies a request for copies of health records based on such statement, the health care entity shall inform the individual of the individual's right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose opinion the denial is based. The designated reviewing physician or clinical psychologist shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual.

The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose professional judgment the denial is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the health records, who shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual. The health care entity shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician or clinical psychologist. The health care entity shall permit copying and examination of the health record by such other physician or clinical psychologist designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its expense.

Any health record copied for review by any such designated physician or clinical psychologist shall be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the health record that the individual's treating physician or clinical psychologist determined that the individual's review of his health record would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to a person referenced in the health record who is not a health care provider.

Further, nothing herein shall be construed as giving, or interpreted to bestow the right to receive copies of, or otherwise obtain access to, psychotherapy notes to any individual or any person authorized to act on his behalf.

G. A written authorization to allow release of an individual's health records shall substantially include the following information:

AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH
RECORDS

Individual's Name

Health Care Entity's Name

Person, Agency, or Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to
be made

Information or Health Records to be disclosed

Purpose of Disclosure or at the Request of the Individual

As the person signing this authorization, I understand that I am giving my permission to the above-named health care entity for disclosure of confidential health records. I understand that the health care entity may not condition treatment or payment on my willingness to sign this authorization unless the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is permitted by law are applicable and are set forth in this authorization. I also understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any time, but that my revocation is not effective until delivered in writing to the person who is in possession of my health records and is not effective as to health records already disclosed under this authorization. A copy of this authorization and a notation concerning the persons or agencies to whom disclosure was made shall be included with my original health records. I understand that health information disclosed under this authorization might be redisclosed by a recipient and may, as a result of such disclosure, no longer be protected to the same extent as such health information was protected by law while solely in the possession of the health care entity.

This authorization expires on (date) or (event)

Signature of Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if Individual is
Unable to Sign

Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative

Date of Signature

H. Pursuant to this subsection:

1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9 of this subsection, no party to a civil, criminal or administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for another party's health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other party's counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for the health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena.

No subpoena duces tecum for health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a court or administrative agency directs that health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the subpoena.

Any party requesting a subpoena duces tecum for health records or on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the individual whose health records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty.

In instances where health records being subpoenaed are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, the party requesting or issuing the subpoena shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness together with the copy of the request for subpoena, or a copy of the subpoena in the case of an attorney-issued subpoena, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall include the following language and the heading shall be in boldface capital letters:

NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL

The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor, other health care providers (names of health care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here) requiring them to produce your health records. Your doctor, other health care provider or other health care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your health records. If you believe your health records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the right to file a motion with the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If you elect to file a motion to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to determine the requirements that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to contact an attorney to represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify your doctor, other health care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion so that the health care provider or health care entity knows to send the health records to the clerk of court or administrative agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is decided.

2. Any party filing a request for a subpoena duces tecum or causing such a subpoena to be issued for an individual's health records shall include a Notice in the same part of the request in which the recipient of the subpoena duces tecum is directed where and when to return the health records. Such notice shall be in boldface capital letters and shall include the following language:

NOTICE TO HEALTH CARE ENTITIES

A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR THAT INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS SUBPOENA.

YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT:

NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR

ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH SUCH RESOLUTION.

4238 IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE
4239 BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A
4240 MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH RECORDS ONLY TO
4241 THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT ISSUED THE SUBPOENA
4242 OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE SUBPOENA USING THE
4243 FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:

4244 PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED
4245 ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY
4246 WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE TO BE
4247 HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE SUBPOENA.
4248 THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN OUTER
4249 ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE
4250 AGENCY.

4251 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for health records, health care entities shall have the
4252 duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of
4253 this subsection.

4254 4. Except to deliver to a clerk of the court or administrative agency subpoenaed health records in a
4255 sealed envelope as set forth, health care entities shall not respond to a subpoena duces tecum for such
4256 health records until they have received a certification as set forth in subdivision 5 or 8 of this subsection
4257 from the party on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued.

4258 If the health care entity has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has been
4259 filed or if the health care entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for health records, then the health
4260 care entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed envelope, to the clerk of the court or
4261 administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or administrative agency the action is
4262 pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the health records under seal until a
4263 determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed envelope shall only be opened
4264 on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or administrative agency grants
4265 the motion to quash, the health records shall be returned to the health care entity in the same sealed
4266 envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative agency. In the event that a judge or
4267 administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to review the health records in camera, a
4268 copy of the order shall accompany any health records returned to the health care entity. The health
4269 records returned to the health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope.

4270 5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued
4271 subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the
4272 subpoenaed health care entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion
4273 to quash was filed. Any health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply
4274 with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified health records by either the return date on the
4275 subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

4276 6. In the event that the individual whose health records are being sought files a motion to quash the
4277 subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the
4278 discovering party to compel disclosure of the individual's health records over the individual's objections.
4279 In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i)
4280 the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of
4281 the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the
4282 disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or
4283 proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

4284 7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if
4285 subpoenaed health records have been submitted by a health care entity to the court or administrative
4286 agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon determining that no
4287 submitted health records should be disclosed, return all submitted health records to the health care entity
4288 in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all submitted health records should be disclosed, provide
4289 all the submitted health records to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon
4290 determining that only a portion of the submitted health records should be disclosed, provide such portion
4291 to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining health records to the
4292 health care entity in a sealed envelope.

4293 8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose
4294 behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed
4295 health care entity a statement of one of the following:

4296 a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
4297 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the
4298 health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative
4299 agency will not be returned to the health care entity;

b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care entity, the health care entity shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the health records designated in the subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification, whichever is later;

c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no health records shall be disclosed and all health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the health care entity;

d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the health records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall be disclosed. The certification shall also state that health records that were previously delivered to the court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to the health care entity; however, all health records for which disclosure has not been authorized will be returned to the health care entity; or

e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care entity, the health care entity shall return only those health records specified in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made pursuant to this subdivision.

9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for health records requested under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct.

The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoenas for the health records of both minors and adults.

Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative agency to issue a protective order regarding health records, including, but not limited to, ordering the return of health records to a health care entity, after the period for filing a motion to quash has passed.

A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E.

I. Health care entities may testify about the health records of an individual in compliance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2.

J. If an individual requests a copy of his health record from a health care entity, the health care entity may impose a reasonable cost-based fee, which shall include only the cost of supplies for and labor of copying the requested information, postage when the individual requests that such information be mailed, and preparation of an explanation or summary of such information as agreed to by the individual. For the purposes of this section, "individual" shall subsume a person with authority to act on behalf of the individual who is the subject of the health record in making decisions related to his health care.

§ 32.1-127.1:04. Use or disclosure of certain protected health information required.

A. The coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and the delivery of health care benefits are hereby declared to be (i) necessary public health activities; (ii) necessary health oversight activities for the integrity of the health care system; and (iii) necessary to prevent serious harm and serious threats to the health and safety of individuals and the public.

B. The Departments of Health, Medical Assistance Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Rehabilitative Services, and Social Services, and the Departments for the Aging, the Blind and Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof shall establish a secure system for sharing protected health information that may be necessary for the coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and for the delivery of health care benefits when such protected information concerns individuals who (i) have contracted a reportable disease, including exposure to a toxic substance, as required by the Board of Health pursuant to § 32.1-35 or other disease or disability required to be reported by law; (ii) are the subjects of public health surveillance, public health investigations, or public health interventions or are applicants for or recipients of medical assistance services; (iii) have been or are the victims of child abuse or neglect or domestic violence; or (iv) may

present a serious threat to health or safety of a person or the public or may be subject to a serious threat to their health or safety. For the purposes of this section, "public health interventions" shall include the services provided through the Department of Rehabilitative Services, and the Departments for the Aging, the Blind and Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof.

Pursuant to the regulations concerning patient privacy promulgated by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, covered entities may disclose protected health information to the secure system without obtaining consent or authorization for such disclosure. Such protected health information shall be used exclusively for the purposes established in this section.

C. The Office of the Attorney General shall advise the Departments of Health, Medical Assistance Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Rehabilitative Services, and Social Services and the Departments for the Aging, the Blind and Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof in the implementation of this section.

§ 32.1-135.2. Offer or payment of remuneration in exchange for referral prohibited.

No hospital licensed pursuant to this chapter shall knowingly and willfully offer or pay any remuneration directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, to induce any practitioner of the healing arts or any clinical psychologist to refer an individual or individuals to such hospital. The Board shall adopt regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Such regulations shall be developed in conjunction with the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* Board and shall be consistent with regulations adopted by such Board pursuant to § 37.2-420. Such regulations shall exclude from the definition of "remuneration" any payments, business arrangements, or payment practices not prohibited by 42 U.S.C. § 1320a, as amended, or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

§ 32.1-276.3. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Board" means the Board of Health.

"Consumer" means any person (i) whose occupation is other than the administration of health activities or the provision of health services, (ii) who has no fiduciary obligation to a health care institution or other health agency or to any organization, public or private, whose principal activity is an adjunct to the provision of health services, or (iii) who has no material financial interest in the rendering of health services.

"Health care provider" means (i) a general hospital, ordinary hospital, outpatient surgical hospital, nursing home or certified nursing facility licensed or certified pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title; (ii) a mental or psychiatric hospital licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2; (iii) a hospital operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (iv) a hospital operated by the University of Virginia or the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority; (v) any person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.) of Title 54.1; (vi) any person licensed to furnish health care policies or plans pursuant to Chapter 34 (§ 38.2-3400 et seq.), Chapter 42 (§ 38.2-4200), or Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300) of Title 38.2; or (vii) any person licensed to practice dentistry pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 who is registered with the Board of Dentistry as an oral and maxillofacial surgeon and certified by the Board of Dentistry to perform certain procedures pursuant to § 54.1-2709.1. In no event shall such term be construed to include continuing care retirement communities which file annual financial reports with the State Corporation Commission pursuant to Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2 or any nursing care facility of a religious body which depends upon prayer alone for healing.

"Health maintenance organization" means any person who undertakes to provide or to arrange for one or more health care plans pursuant to Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 38.2.

"Inpatient hospital" means a hospital providing inpatient care and licensed pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title, a hospital licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, a hospital operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* for the care and treatment of the ~~mentally ill~~ *individuals with mental illness*, or a hospital operated by the University of Virginia or the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority.

"Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit, tax-exempt health data organization with the characteristics, expertise, and capacity to execute the powers and duties set forth for such entity in this chapter.

"Oral and maxillofacial surgeon" means, for the purposes of this chapter, a person who is licensed to practice dentistry in Virginia, registered with the Board of Dentistry as an oral and maxillofacial surgeon, and certified to perform certain procedures pursuant to § 54.1-2709.1.

"Oral and maxillofacial surgeon's office" means a place (i) owned or operated by a licensed and registered oral and maxillofacial surgeon who is certified to perform certain procedures pursuant to

§ 54.1-2709.1 or by a group of oral and maxillofacial surgeons, at least one of whom is so certified, practicing in any legal form whatsoever or by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other entity that employs or engages at least one oral and maxillofacial surgeon who is so certified, and (ii) designed and equipped for the provision of oral and maxillofacial surgery services to ambulatory patients.

"Outpatient surgery" means all surgical procedures performed on an outpatient basis in a general hospital, ordinary hospital, outpatient surgical hospital or other facility licensed or certified pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title or in a physician's office or oral and maxillofacial surgeon's office, as defined above. Outpatient surgery refers only to those surgical procedure groups on which data are collected by the nonprofit organization as a part of a pilot study.

"Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

"Physician's office" means a place (i) owned or operated by a licensed physician or group of physicians practicing in any legal form whatsoever or by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other entity that employs or engages physicians, and (ii) designed and equipped solely for the provision of fundamental medical care, whether diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive or palliative, to ambulatory patients.

"Surgical procedure group" means at least five procedure groups, identified by the nonprofit organization designated pursuant to § 32.1-276.4 in compliance with regulations adopted by the Board, based on criteria that include, but are not limited to, the frequency with which the procedure is performed, the clinical severity or intensity, and the perception or probability of risk. The nonprofit organization shall form a technical advisory group consisting of members nominated by its Board of Directors' nominating organizations to assist in selecting surgical procedure groups to recommend to the Board for adoption.

"System" means the Virginia Patient Level Data System.

§ 32.1-276.8. Fees for processing, verification, and dissemination of data.

A. The Board shall prescribe a reasonable fee for each affected health care provider to cover the costs of the reasonable expenses of establishing and administering the methodology developed pursuant to § 32.1-276.7. The payment of such fees shall be at such time as the Board designates. The Board may assess a late charge on any fees paid after their due date.

In addition, the Board shall prescribe a tiered-fee structure based on the number of enrollees for each health maintenance organization to cover the costs of collecting and making available such data. Such fees shall not exceed \$3,000 for each health maintenance organization required to provide information pursuant to this chapter. The payment of such fees shall also be at such time as the Board designates. The Board may also assess a late charge on any fees paid by health maintenance organizations after their due dates.

B. Except for the fees assessed pursuant to subsection A, the nonprofit organization providing services pursuant to an agreement or contract as provided in § 32.1-276.4 shall not assess any fee against any health care provider that submits data under this chapter that is processed, verified, and timely in accordance with standards established by the Board. The Board shall establish penalties for submission of data in a manner that is inconsistent with such standards.

C. State agencies shall not be assessed fees for the submission of patient level data required by subsection C of § 32.1-276.6. Individual employers, insurers, and other organizations may voluntarily provide the nonprofit organization with outpatient data for processing, storage, and comparative analysis and shall be subject to fees negotiated with and charged by the nonprofit organization for services provided.

D. The nonprofit organization providing services pursuant to an agreement or contract with the Commissioner of Health shall be authorized to charge and collect reasonable fees for the dissemination of patient level data and Health Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) data or other approved quality of care or performance information set data; however, the Commissioner of Health, the State Corporation Commission, and the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall be entitled to receive relevant and appropriate data from the nonprofit organization at no charge.

E. The Board shall (i) maintain records of its activities; (ii) collect and account for all fees and deposit the moneys so collected into a special fund from which the expenses attributed to this chapter shall be paid; and (iii) enforce all regulations promulgated by it pursuant to this chapter.

§ 32.1-283. Investigation of deaths; obtaining consent to removal of organs, etc.; fees.

A. Upon the death of any person from trauma, injury, violence, poisoning, accident, suicide or homicide, or suddenly when in apparent good health, or when unattended by a physician, or in jail, prison, other correctional institution or in police custody, or who is a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility, or suddenly as an apparent result of fire, or in any

4484 suspicious, unusual or unnatural manner, or the sudden death of any infant less than eighteen months of
4485 age whose death is suspected to be attributable to Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), the medical
4486 examiner of the county or city in which death occurs shall be notified by the physician in attendance,
4487 hospital, law-enforcement officer, funeral director or any other person having knowledge of such death.
4488 Good faith efforts shall be made by such person or institution having custody of the dead body to
4489 identify and to notify the next of kin of the decedent. Notification shall include informing the person
4490 presumed to be the next of kin that he has a right to have identification of the decedent confirmed
4491 without due delay and without being held financially responsible for any procedures performed for the
4492 purpose of the identification. Identity of the next of kin, if determined, shall be provided to the Chief
4493 Medical Examiner upon transfer of the dead body.

4494 B. Upon being notified of a death as provided in subsection A, the medical examiner shall take
4495 charge of the dead body, make an investigation into the cause and manner of death, reduce his findings
4496 to writing, and promptly make a full report to the Chief Medical Examiner. In order to facilitate his
4497 investigation, the medical examiner is authorized to inspect and copy the pertinent medical records of
4498 the decedent whose death he is investigating. Full directions as to the nature, character and extent of the
4499 investigation to be made in such cases shall be furnished each medical examiner by the Chief Medical
4500 Examiner, together with appropriate forms for the required reports and instructions for their use. The
4501 facilities and personnel under the Chief Medical Examiner shall be made available to medical examiners
4502 in such investigations. Reports and findings of the Medical Examiner shall be confidential and shall not
4503 under any circumstance be disclosed or made available for discovery pursuant to a court subpoena or
4504 otherwise, except as provided in this chapter. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the Chief Medical
4505 Examiner from releasing the cause or manner of death, or prohibit disclosure of reports or findings to
4506 the parties in a criminal case.

4507 C. A copy of each report pursuant to this section shall be delivered to the appropriate attorney for
4508 the Commonwealth and to the appropriate law-enforcement agency investigating the death. A copy of
4509 any such report regarding the death of a victim of a traffic accident shall be furnished upon request to
4510 the State Police and the Highway Safety Commission. In addition, a copy of any autopsy report
4511 concerning a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility shall be delivered
4512 to the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
4513 *Developmental Services* and to the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
4514 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. A copy of any autopsy report
4515 concerning a prisoner committed to the custody of the Director of the Department of Corrections shall,
4516 upon request of the Director of the Department of Corrections, be delivered to the Director of the
4517 Department of Corrections. A copy of any autopsy report concerning a prisoner committed to any local
4518 correctional facility shall be delivered to the local sheriff or superintendent. Upon request, the Chief
4519 Medical Examiner shall release such autopsy report to the decedent's attending physician and to the
4520 personal representative or executor of the decedent or, if no personal representative or executor is
4521 appointed, then at the discretion of the Chief Medical Examiner, to the following persons in the
4522 following order of priority: (i) the spouse of the decedent, (ii) an adult son or daughter of the decedent,
4523 (iii) either parent of the decedent, (iv) an adult sibling of the decedent, (v) any other adult relative of the
4524 decedent in order of blood relationship, or (vi) any appropriate health facility quality assurance program.

4525 D. For each investigation under this article, including the making of the required reports, the medical
4526 examiner shall receive a fee established by the Board within the limitations of appropriations for the
4527 purpose. Such fee shall be paid by the Commonwealth, if the deceased is not a legal resident of the
4528 county or city in which his death occurred. In the event the deceased is a legal resident of the county or
4529 city in which his death occurred, such county or city shall be responsible for the fee up to \$20. If the
4530 deceased is a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility, the fee shall be
4531 paid by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health*
4532 *and Developmental Services*.

4533 E. Nothing herein shall be construed to interfere with the autopsy procedure or with the routine
4534 obtaining of consent for removal of organs as conducted by surgical teams or others.

4535 § 32.1-283.1. State Child Fatality Review Team established; membership; access to and maintenance
4536 of records; confidentiality; etc.

4537 A. There is hereby created the State Child Fatality Review Team, hereinafter referred to as the
4538 "Team," which shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that child deaths occurring in Virginia
4539 are analyzed in a systematic way. The Team shall review (i) violent and unnatural child deaths, (ii)
4540 sudden child deaths occurring within the first 18 months of life, and (iii) those fatalities for which the
4541 cause or manner of death was not determined with reasonable medical certainty. No child death review
4542 shall be initiated by the Team until conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or criminal
4543 prosecution. The Team shall (i) develop and revise as necessary operating procedures for the review of
4544 child deaths, including identification of cases to be reviewed and procedures for coordination among the
4545 agencies and professionals involved, (ii) improve the identification, data collection, and record keeping

of the causes of child death, (iii) recommend components for prevention and education programs, (iv) recommend training to improve the investigation of child deaths, and (v) provide technical assistance, upon request, to any local child fatality teams that may be established. The operating procedures for the review of child deaths shall be exempt from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 17 of subsection B of § 2.2-4002.

B. The 16-member Team shall be chaired by the Chief Medical Examiner and shall be composed of the following persons or their designees: the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; the Director of Child Protective Services within the Department of Social Services; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the State Registrar of Vital Records; and the Director of the Department of Criminal Justice Services. In addition, one representative from each of the following entities shall be appointed by the Governor to serve for a term of three years: local law-enforcement agencies, local fire departments, local departments of social services, the Medical Society of Virginia, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Pediatric Society, Virginia Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Alliance, local emergency medical services personnel, Commonwealth's attorneys, and community services boards.

C. Upon the request of the Chief Medical Examiner in his capacity as chair of the Team, made after the conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or prosecution, information and records regarding a child whose death is being reviewed by the Team may be inspected and copied by the Chief Medical Examiner or his designee, including, but not limited to, any report of the circumstances of the event maintained by any state or local law-enforcement agency or medical examiner, and information or records maintained on such child by any school, social services agency or court. Information, records or reports maintained by any Commonwealth's Attorney shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner and the Commonwealth's Attorneys' Services Council established by § 2.2-2617. Any presentence report prepared pursuant to § 19.2-299 for any person convicted of a crime that led to the death of the child shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner. In addition, the Chief Medical Examiner may inspect and copy from any Virginia health care provider, on behalf of the Team, (i) without obtaining consent, the health and mental health records of the child and those perinatal medical records of the child's mother that related to such child and (ii) upon obtaining consent from each adult regarding his personal records, or from a parent regarding the records of a minor child, the health and mental health records of the child's family. All such information and records shall be confidential and shall be excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. Upon the conclusion of the child death review, all information and records concerning the child and the child's family shall be shredded or otherwise destroyed by the Chief Medical Examiner in order to ensure confidentiality. Such information or records shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery or introduction into evidence when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to the Team during a child death review. Further, the findings of the Team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form which shall not identify individuals. The portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the Team shall be closed pursuant to subdivision A 21 of § 2.2-3711. In addition to the requirements of § 2.2-3712, all team members, persons attending closed team meetings, and persons presenting information and records on specific child deaths to the Team during closed meetings shall execute a sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during any closed meeting to review a specific child death. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

D. Upon notification of a child death, any state or local government agency maintaining records on such child or such child's family which are periodically purged shall retain such records for the longer of 12 months or until such time as the State Child Fatality Review Team has completed its child death review of the specific case.

E. The Team shall compile annual data which shall be made available to the Governor and the General Assembly as requested. These statistical data compilations shall not contain any personally identifying information and shall be public records.

§ 32.1-283.5. Adult Fatality Review Team; duties; membership; confidentiality; penalties; report; etc.

A. There is hereby created the Adult Fatality Review Team, hereinafter referred to as the Team, which shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that adult deaths occurring in the Commonwealth are analyzed in a systematic way. The Team shall review the death of any adult, as defined in § 63.2-1603, (i) who was the subject of an adult protective services investigation, (ii) whose death was due to abuse or neglect or acts suggesting abuse or neglect, or (iii) whose death came under

4607 the jurisdiction of or was investigated by the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to
4608 § 32.1-283. The Team shall not initiate an adult death review until the conclusion of any
4609 law-enforcement investigation or criminal prosecution.

4610 B. The 17-member team shall consist of the following persons or their designees: the Chief Medical
4611 Examiner; the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance
4612 Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; the Commissioner of the Virginia Department for
4613 the Aging; the Director of Adult Services/Adult Protective Services of the Department of Social
4614 Services; the Director of the Office of Licensure and Certification of the Department of Health; and the
4615 State Long-Term Care Ombudsman. In addition, the Governor shall appoint one representative from
4616 each of the following entities: a licensed funeral services provider, the Medical Society of Virginia, and
4617 local departments of social services, emergency medical services, attorneys for the Commonwealth,
4618 law-enforcement agencies, nurses specializing in geriatric care, psychiatrists specializing in geriatric care,
4619 and long-term care providers. The Team further shall include two members appointed by the Governor
4620 who are advocates for elderly or disabled populations in Virginia. The Chief Medical Examiner shall
4621 serve as chair of the Team.

4622 After the initial staggering of terms, members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a
4623 term of four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the
4624 unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All
4625 members may be reappointed. The Chief Medical Examiner shall serve terms coincident with his term in
4626 office.

4627 C. Upon the request of the chair of the Team, made after the conclusion of any law-enforcement
4628 investigation or prosecution, information and records regarding an adult whose death is being reviewed
4629 by the Team shall be inspected and copied by the chair or his designee, including but not limited to any
4630 report of the circumstances of the event maintained by any state or local law-enforcement agency or
4631 medical examiner and information or records on the adult maintained by any facility that provided
4632 services to the adult, by any social services agency, or by any court. Information, records, or reports
4633 maintained by any attorney for the Commonwealth shall be made available for inspection and copying
4634 by the chair or his designee pursuant to procedures that shall be developed by the Chief Medical
4635 Examiner and the Commonwealth Attorneys Services Council established by § 2.2-2617. In addition, a
4636 health care provider shall provide the Team, upon request, with access to the health and mental health
4637 records of (i) the adult whose death is subject to review, without authorization; (ii) any adult relative of
4638 the deceased, with authorization; and (iii) any minor child of the deceased, with the authorization of the
4639 minor's parent or guardian. The chair of the Team also may copy and inspect the presentence report,
4640 prepared pursuant to § 19.2-299, of any person convicted of a crime that led to the death of the adult
4641 who is the subject of review by the Team.

4642 D. All information obtained or generated by the Team regarding a review shall be confidential and
4643 excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 9 of
4644 § 2.2-3705.5. Such information shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or be admissible in any
4645 civil or criminal proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records
4646 shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence when obtained through
4647 such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to the Team during an
4648 adult death review. The Team shall compile all information collected during a review. The findings of
4649 the Team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form, but shall not identify any
4650 individuals.

4651 E. All Team members and other persons attending closed Team meetings, including any persons
4652 presenting information or records on specific fatalities, shall execute a sworn statement to honor the
4653 confidentiality of the information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during meetings at which
4654 the Team reviews a specific death. No Team member or other person who participates in a review shall
4655 be required to make any statement regarding the review or any information collected during the review.
4656 Upon conclusion of a review, all information and records concerning the victim and the family shall be
4657 shredded or otherwise destroyed in order to ensure confidentiality. Violations of this subsection shall be
4658 punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

4659 F. Upon notification of an adult death, any state or local government agency or facility that provided
4660 services to the adult or maintained records on the adult or the adult's family shall retain the records for
4661 the longer of 12 months or until such time as the Team has completed its review of the case.

4662 G. The Team shall compile an annual report by October 1 of each year that shall be made available
4663 to the Governor and the General Assembly. The annual report shall include any policy, regulatory, or
4664 budgetary recommendations developed by the Team. Any statistical compilations prepared by the Team
4665 shall be public record and shall not contain any personally identifying information.

4666 § 32.1-325. Board to submit plan for medical assistance services to Secretary of Health and Human
4667 Services pursuant to federal law; administration of plan; contracts with health care providers.

4668 A. The Board, subject to the approval of the Governor, is authorized to prepare, amend from time to

time and submit to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services a state plan for medical assistance services pursuant to Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act and any amendments thereto. The Board shall include in such plan:

1. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals, up to the age of 21, placed in foster homes or private institutions by private, nonprofit agencies licensed as child-placing agencies by the Department of Social Services or placed through state and local subsidized adoptions to the extent permitted under federal statute;

2. A provision for determining eligibility for benefits for medically needy individuals which disregards from countable resources an amount not in excess of \$3,500 for the individual and an amount not in excess of \$3,500 for his spouse when such resources have been set aside to meet the burial expenses of the individual or his spouse. The amount disregarded shall be reduced by (i) the face value of life insurance on the life of an individual owned by the individual or his spouse if the cash surrender value of such policies has been excluded from countable resources and (ii) the amount of any other revocable or irrevocable trust, contract, or other arrangement specifically designated for the purpose of meeting the individual's or his spouse's burial expenses;

3. A requirement that, in determining eligibility, a home shall be disregarded. For those medically needy persons whose eligibility for medical assistance is required by federal law to be dependent on the budget methodology for Aid to Families with Dependent Children, a home means the house and lot used as the principal residence and all contiguous property. For all other persons, a home shall mean the house and lot used as the principal residence, as well as all contiguous property, as long as the value of the land, exclusive of the lot occupied by the house, does not exceed \$5,000. In any case in which the definition of home as provided here is more restrictive than that provided in the state plan for medical assistance services in Virginia as it was in effect on January 1, 1972, then a home means the house and lot used as the principal residence and all contiguous property essential to the operation of the home regardless of value;

4. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals up to the age of 21, who are Medicaid eligible, for medically necessary stays in acute care facilities in excess of 21 days per admission;

5. A provision for deducting from an institutionalized recipient's income an amount for the maintenance of the individual's spouse at home;

6. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of pregnant women which provides for payment for inpatient postpartum treatment in accordance with the medical criteria outlined in the most current version of or an official update to the "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" prepared by the American Academy of Pediatrics and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists or the "Standards for Obstetric-Gynecologic Services" prepared by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. Payment shall be made for any postpartum home visit or visits for the mothers and the children which are within the time periods recommended by the attending physicians in accordance with and as indicated by such Guidelines or Standards. For the purposes of this subdivision, such Guidelines or Standards shall include any changes thereto within six months of the publication of such Guidelines or Standards or any official amendment thereto;

7. A provision for the payment for family planning services on behalf of women who were Medicaid-eligible for prenatal care and delivery as provided in this section at the time of delivery. Such family planning services shall begin with delivery and continue for a period of 24 months, if the woman continues to meet the financial eligibility requirements for a pregnant woman under Medicaid. For the purposes of this section, family planning services shall not cover payment for abortion services and no funds shall be used to perform, assist, encourage or make direct referrals for abortions;

8. A provision for payment of medical assistance for high-dose chemotherapy and bone marrow transplants on behalf of individuals over the age of 21 who have been diagnosed with lymphoma, breast cancer, myeloma, or leukemia and have been determined by the treating health care provider to have a performance status sufficient to proceed with such high-dose chemotherapy and bone marrow transplant. Appeals of these cases shall be handled in accordance with the Department's expedited appeals process;

9. A provision identifying entities approved by the Board to receive applications and to determine eligibility for medical assistance;

10. A provision for breast reconstructive surgery following the medically necessary removal of a breast for any medical reason. Breast reductions shall be covered, if prior authorization has been obtained, for all medically necessary indications. Such procedures shall be considered noncosmetic;

11. A provision for payment of medical assistance for annual pap smears;

12. A provision for payment of medical assistance services for prostheses following the medically necessary complete or partial removal of a breast for any medical reason;

13. A provision for payment of medical assistance which provides for payment for 48 hours of inpatient treatment for a patient following a radical or modified radical mastectomy and 24 hours of

4730 inpatient care following a total mastectomy or a partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for
4731 treatment of disease or trauma of the breast. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring
4732 the provision of inpatient coverage where the attending physician in consultation with the patient
4733 determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is appropriate;

4734 14. A requirement that certificates of medical necessity for durable medical equipment and any
4735 supporting verifiable documentation shall be signed, dated, and returned by the physician, physician
4736 assistant, or nurse practitioner and in the durable medical equipment provider's possession within 60
4737 days from the time the ordered durable medical equipment and supplies are first furnished by the
4738 durable medical equipment provider;

4739 15. A provision for payment of medical assistance to (i) persons age 50 and over and (ii) persons
4740 age 40 and over who are at high risk for prostate cancer, according to the most recent published
4741 guidelines of the American Cancer Society, for one PSA test in a 12-month period and digital rectal
4742 examinations, all in accordance with American Cancer Society guidelines. For the purpose of this
4743 subdivision, "PSA testing" means the analysis of a blood sample to determine the level of prostate
4744 specific antigen;

4745 16. A provision for payment of medical assistance for low-dose screening mammograms for
4746 determining the presence of occult breast cancer. Such coverage shall make available one screening
4747 mammogram to persons age 35 through 39, one such mammogram biennially to persons age 40 through
4748 49, and one such mammogram annually to persons age 50 and over. The term "mammogram" means an
4749 X-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated specifically for mammography, including but
4750 not limited to the X-ray tube, filter, compression device, screens, film and cassettes, with an average
4751 radiation exposure of less than one rad mid-breast, two views of each breast;

4752 17. A provision, when in compliance with federal law and regulation and approved by the Centers
4753 for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), for payment of medical assistance services delivered to
4754 Medicaid-eligible students when such services qualify for reimbursement by the Virginia Medicaid
4755 program and may be provided by school divisions;

4756 18. A provision for payment of medical assistance services for liver, heart and lung transplantation
4757 procedures for individuals over the age of 21 years when (i) there is no effective alternative medical or
4758 surgical therapy available with outcomes that are at least comparable; (ii) the transplant procedure and
4759 application of the procedure in treatment of the specific condition have been clearly demonstrated to be
4760 medically effective and not experimental or investigational; (iii) prior authorization by the Department of
4761 Medical Assistance Services has been obtained; (iv) the patient selection criteria of the specific
4762 transplant center where the surgery is proposed to be performed have been used by the transplant team
4763 or program to determine the appropriateness of the patient for the procedure; (v) current medical therapy
4764 has failed and the patient has failed to respond to appropriate therapeutic management; (vi) the patient is
4765 not in an irreversible terminal state; and (vii) the transplant is likely to prolong the patient's life and
4766 restore a range of physical and social functioning in the activities of daily living;

4767 19. A provision for payment of medical assistance for colorectal cancer screening, specifically
4768 screening with an annual fecal occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, or in
4769 appropriate circumstances radiologic imaging, in accordance with the most recently published
4770 recommendations established by the American College of Gastroenterology, in consultation with the
4771 American Cancer Society, for the ages, family histories, and frequencies referenced in such
4772 recommendations;

4773 20. A provision for payment of medical assistance for custom ocular prostheses;

4774 21. A provision for payment for medical assistance for infant hearing screenings and all necessary
4775 audiological examinations provided pursuant to § 32.1-64.1 using any technology approved by the
4776 United States Food and Drug Administration, and as recommended by the national Joint Committee on
4777 Infant Hearing in its most current position statement addressing early hearing detection and intervention
4778 programs. Such provision shall include payment for medical assistance for follow-up audiological
4779 examinations as recommended by a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or audiologist and
4780 performed by a licensed audiologist to confirm the existence or absence of hearing loss;

4781 22. A provision for payment of medical assistance, pursuant to the Breast and Cervical Cancer
4782 Prevention and Treatment Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-354), for certain women with breast or cervical cancer
4783 when such women (i) have been screened for breast or cervical cancer under the Centers for Disease
4784 Control and Prevention (CDC) Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program established under
4785 Title XV of the Public Health Service Act; (ii) need treatment for breast or cervical cancer, including
4786 treatment for a precancerous condition of the breast or cervix; (iii) are not otherwise covered under
4787 creditable coverage, as defined in § 2701 (c) of the Public Health Service Act; (iv) are not otherwise
4788 eligible for medical assistance services under any mandatory categorically needy eligibility group; and
4789 (v) have not attained age 65. This provision shall include an expedited eligibility determination for such
4790 women;

4791 23. A provision for the coordinated administration, including outreach, enrollment, re-enrollment and

services delivery, of medical assistance services provided to medically indigent children pursuant to this chapter, which shall be called Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Plus and the FAMIS Plan program in § 32.1-351. A single application form shall be used to determine eligibility for both programs; and

24. A provision, when authorized by and in compliance with federal law, to establish a public-private long-term care partnership program between the Commonwealth of Virginia and private insurance companies that shall be established through the filing of an amendment to the state plan for medical assistance services by the Department of Medical Assistance Services. The purpose of the program shall be to reduce Medicaid costs for long-term care by delaying or eliminating dependence on Medicaid for such services through encouraging the purchase of private long-term care insurance policies that have been designated as qualified state long-term care insurance partnerships and may be used as the first source of benefits for the participant's long-term care. Components of the program, including the treatment of assets for Medicaid eligibility and estate recovery, shall be structured in accordance with federal law and applicable federal guidelines.

B. In preparing the plan, the Board shall:

1. Work cooperatively with the State Board of Health to ensure that quality patient care is provided and that the health, safety, security, rights and welfare of patients are ensured.

2. Initiate such cost containment or other measures as are set forth in the appropriation act.

3. Make, adopt, promulgate and enforce such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

4. Examine, before acting on a regulation to be published in the Virginia Register of Regulations pursuant to § 2.2-4007.05, the potential fiscal impact of such regulation on local boards of social services. For regulations with potential fiscal impact, the Board shall share copies of the fiscal impact analysis with local boards of social services prior to submission to the Registrar. The fiscal impact analysis shall include the projected costs/savings to the local boards of social services to implement or comply with such regulation and, where applicable, sources of potential funds to implement or comply with such regulation.

5. Incorporate sanctions and remedies for certified nursing facilities established by state law, in accordance with 42 C.F.R. § 488.400 et seq. "Enforcement of Compliance for Long-Term Care Facilities With Deficiencies."

6. On and after July 1, 2002, require that a prescription benefit card, health insurance benefit card, or other technology that complies with the requirements set forth in § 38.2-3407.4:2 be issued to each recipient of medical assistance services, and shall upon any changes in the required data elements set forth in subsection A of § 38.2-3407.4:2, either reissue the card or provide recipients such corrective information as may be required to electronically process a prescription claim.

C. In order to enable the Commonwealth to continue to receive federal grants or reimbursement for medical assistance or related services, the Board, subject to the approval of the Governor, may adopt, regardless of any other provision of this chapter, such amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services as may be necessary to conform such plan with amendments to the United States Social Security Act or other relevant federal law and their implementing regulations or constructions of these laws and regulations by courts of competent jurisdiction or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services.

In the event conforming amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services are adopted, the Board shall not be required to comply with the requirements of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2. However, the Board shall, pursuant to the requirements of § 2.2-4002, (i) notify the Registrar of Regulations that such amendment is necessary to meet the requirements of federal law or regulations or because of the order of any state or federal court, or (ii) certify to the Governor that the regulations are necessitated by an emergency situation. Any such amendments that are in conflict with the Code of Virginia shall only remain in effect until July 1 following adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly unless enacted into law.

D. The Director of Medical Assistance Services is authorized to:

1. Administer such state plan and receive and expend federal funds therefor in accordance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations; and enter into all contracts necessary or incidental to the performance of the Department's duties and the execution of its powers as provided by law.

2. Enter into agreements and contracts with medical care facilities, physicians, dentists and other health care providers where necessary to carry out the provisions of such state plan. Any such agreement or contract shall terminate upon conviction of the provider of a felony. In the event such conviction is reversed upon appeal, the provider may apply to the Director of Medical Assistance Services for a new agreement or contract. Such provider may also apply to the Director for reconsideration of the agreement or contract termination if the conviction is not appealed, or if it is not reversed upon appeal.

3. Refuse to enter into or renew an agreement or contract with any provider who has been convicted

4853 of a felony.

4854 4. Refuse to enter into or renew an agreement or contract with a provider who is or has been a
4855 principal in a professional or other corporation when such corporation has been convicted of a felony.

4856 E. In any case in which a Medicaid agreement or contract is denied to a provider on the basis of his
4857 interest in a convicted professional or other corporation, the Director shall, upon request, conduct a
4858 hearing in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) regarding the provider's
4859 participation in the conduct resulting in the conviction.

4860 The Director's decision upon reconsideration shall be consistent with federal and state laws. The
4861 Director may consider the nature and extent of any adverse impact the agreement or contract denial or
4862 termination may have on the medical care provided to Virginia Medicaid recipients.

4863 F. When the services provided for by such plan are services which a marriage and family therapist,
4864 clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, professional counselor, or clinical nurse specialist is licensed
4865 to render in Virginia, the Director shall contract with any duly licensed marriage and family therapist,
4866 duly licensed clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor or
4867 licensed clinical nurse specialist who makes application to be a provider of such services, and thereafter
4868 shall pay for covered services as provided in the state plan. The Board shall promulgate regulations
4869 which reimburse licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical
4870 social workers, licensed professional counselors and licensed clinical nurse specialists at rates based
4871 upon reasonable criteria, including the professional credentials required for licensure.

4872 G. The Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health
4873 and Human Services such amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services as may be
4874 permitted by federal law to establish a program of family assistance whereby children over the age of 18
4875 years shall make reasonable contributions, as determined by regulations of the Board, toward the cost of
4876 providing medical assistance under the plan to their parents.

4877 H. The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall:

4878 1. Include in its provider networks and all of its health maintenance organization contracts a
4879 provision for the payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals up to the age of 21 who have
4880 special needs and who are Medicaid eligible, including individuals who have been victims of child abuse
4881 and neglect, for medically necessary assessment and treatment services, when such services are delivered
4882 by a provider which specializes solely in the diagnosis and treatment of child abuse and neglect, or a
4883 provider with comparable expertise, as determined by the Director.

4884 2. Amend the Medallion II waiver and its implementing regulations to develop and implement an
4885 exception, with procedural requirements, to mandatory enrollment for certain children between birth and
4886 age three certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
4887 ~~Abuse~~Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as eligible for services pursuant to Part C of the
4888 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.).

4889 3. Utilize, to the extent practicable, electronic funds transfer technology for reimbursement to
4890 contractors and enrolled providers for the provision of health care services under Medicaid and the
4891 Family Access to Medical Insurance Security Plan established under § 32.1-351.

4892 I. The Director is authorized to negotiate and enter into agreements for services rendered to eligible
4893 recipients with special needs. The Board shall promulgate regulations regarding these special needs
4894 patients, to include persons with AIDS, ventilator-dependent patients, and other recipients with special
4895 needs as defined by the Board.

4896 J. Except as provided in subdivision A 1 of § 2.2-4345, the provisions of the Virginia Public
4897 Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) shall not apply to the activities of the Director authorized by
4898 subsection I of this section. Agreements made pursuant to this subsection shall comply with federal law
4899 and regulation.

4900 § 32.1-351.2. Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee; purpose; membership; etc.

4901 The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall maintain a Children's Health Insurance Program
4902 Advisory Committee to assess the policies, operations, and outreach efforts for Family Access to
4903 Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) and FAMIS Plus and to evaluate enrollment, utilization of services,
4904 and the health outcomes of children eligible for such programs. The Committee shall consist of no more
4905 than 20 members and shall include membership from appropriate entities, as follows: one representative
4906 of the Joint Commission on Health Care, the Department of Social Services, the Department of Health,
4907 the Department of Education, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
4908 ~~Abuse~~Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Virginia Health Care Foundation, various
4909 provider associations and children's advocacy groups; and other individuals with significant knowledge
4910 and interest in children's health insurance. The Committee may report on the current status of FAMIS
4911 and FAMIS Plus and make recommendations as deemed necessary to the Director of the Department of
4912 Medical Assistance Services and the Secretary of Health and Human Resources.

4913 The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall enter into agreements with the Department of
4914 Education and the Department of Health to identify children who are eligible for free or reduced price

school lunches or for services through the Women, Infants, and Children program (WIC) in order that the eligibility of such children for the Virginia Plan for Title XXI of the Social Security Act may be determined expeditiously.

§ 37.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abuse" means any act or failure to act by an employee or other person responsible for the care of an individual in a facility or program operated, licensed, or funded by the Department, excluding those operated by the Department of Corrections, that was performed or was failed to be performed knowingly, recklessly, or intentionally, and that caused or might have caused physical or psychological harm, injury, or death to a person receiving care or treatment for mental illness, mental retardation, or substance abuse. Examples of abuse include acts such as:

1. Rape, sexual assault, or other criminal sexual behavior;
2. Assault or battery;
3. Use of language that demeans, threatens, intimidates, or humiliates the person;
4. Misuse or misappropriation of the person's assets, goods, or property;
5. Use of excessive force when placing a person in physical or mechanical restraint;
6. Use of physical or mechanical restraints on a person that is not in compliance with federal and state laws, regulations, and policies, professionally accepted standards of practice, or the person's individualized services plan; and

7. Use of more restrictive or intensive services or denial of services to punish the person or that is not consistent with his individualized services plan.

"Administrative policy community services board" or "administrative policy board" means the public body organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of each city and county that established it to set policy for and administer the provision of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. The "administrative policy community services board" or "administrative policy board" denotes the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties enumerated in subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. Mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services are provided through local government staff or through contracts with other organizations and providers.

"Behavioral health authority" or "authority" means a public body and a body corporate and politic organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of the city or county that established it for the provision of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. "Behavioral health authority" or "authority" also includes the organization that provides such services through its own staff or through contracts with other organizations and providers.

"Board" means the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Community services board" means the public body established pursuant to § 37.2-501 that provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services within each city and county that established it; the term "community services board" shall include administrative policy community services boards, operating community services boards, and local government departments with policy-advisory community services boards.

"Consumer" means a current direct recipient of public or private mental health, mental retardation, or substance abuse treatment or habilitation services.

"Department" means the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Facility" means a state or licensed hospital, training center, psychiatric hospital, or other type of residential or outpatient mental health or mental retardation facility. When modified by the word "state,"

"facility" means a state hospital or training center operated by the Department, including the buildings and land associated with it.

"Family member" means an immediate family member of a consumer or the principal caregiver of a consumer. A principal caregiver is a person who acts in the place of an immediate family member, including other relatives and foster care providers, but does not have a proprietary interest in the care of the consumer.

"Hospital", when not modified by the words "state" or "licensed," means a state hospital or licensed hospital that provides care and treatment for persons with mental illness.

"Licensed hospital" means a hospital or institution, including a psychiatric unit of a general hospital, that is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this title.

"Mental illness" means a disorder of thought, mood, emotion, perception, or orientation that

4976 significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize reality, or ability to address basic life
4977 necessities and requires care and treatment for the health, safety, or recovery of the individual or for the
4978 safety of others.

4979 "Mental retardation" means a disability, originating before the age of 18 years, characterized
4980 concurrently by (i) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning as demonstrated by performance on a
4981 standardized measure of intellectual functioning, administered in conformity with accepted professional
4982 practice, that is at least two standard deviations below the mean and (ii) significant limitations in
4983 adaptive behavior as expressed in conceptual, social, and practical adaptive skills.

4984 "Neglect" means failure by an individual or a program or facility operated, licensed, or funded by the
4985 Department, excluding those operated by the Department of Corrections, responsible for providing
4986 services to do so, including nourishment, treatment, care, goods, or services necessary to the health,
4987 safety, or welfare of a person receiving care or treatment for mental illness, mental retardation, or
4988 substance abuse.

4989 "Operating community services board" or "operating board" means the public body organized in
4990 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body
4991 of each city and county that established it for the direct provision of mental health, mental retardation,
4992 and substance abuse services. The "operating community services board" or "operating board" denotes
4993 the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties
4994 enumerated in subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. "Operating community services board" or
4995 "operating board" also includes the organization that provides such services, through its own staff or
4996 through contracts with other organizations and providers.

4997 "Performance contract" means the annual agreement negotiated and entered into by a community
4998 services board or behavioral health authority with the Department through which it provides state and
4999 federal funds appropriated for mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to that
5000 community services board or behavioral health authority.

5001 "Policy-advisory community services board" or "policy-advisory board" means the public body
5002 organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the
5003 governing body of each city or county that established it to provide advice on policy matters to the local
5004 government department that provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services
5005 pursuant to subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. The "policy-advisory community services board"
5006 or "policy-advisory board" denotes the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to
5007 § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties enumerated in subsection B of § 37.2-504.

5008 "Service area" means the city or county or combination of cities and counties or counties or cities
5009 that is served by a community services board or behavioral health authority or the cities and counties
5010 that are served by a state facility.

5011 "Special justice" means a person appointed by a chief judge of a judicial circuit for the purpose of
5012 performing the duties of a judge pursuant to § 37.2-803.

5013 "State hospital" means a hospital, psychiatric institute, or other institution operated by the Department
5014 that provides care and treatment for persons with mental illness.

5015 "Substance abuse" means the use of drugs, enumerated in the Virginia Drug Control Act
5016 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), without a compelling medical reason or alcohol that (i) results in psychological or
5017 physiological dependence or danger to self or others as a function of continued and compulsive use or
5018 (ii) results in mental, emotional, or physical impairment that causes socially dysfunctional or socially
5019 disordering behavior and (iii), because of such substance abuse, requires care and treatment for the
5020 health of the individual. This care and treatment may include counseling, rehabilitation, or medical or
5021 psychiatric care.

5022 "Training center" means a facility operated by the Department for the treatment, training, or
5023 habilitation of persons with mental retardation.

5024 § 37.2-200. State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

5025 A. The State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Board of Behavioral Health
5026 and Developmental Services Board is established as a policy board, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in
5027 the executive branch of government. The Board shall consist of nine nonlegislative citizen members to
5028 be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly. The nine members
5029 shall consist of one consumer or former consumer, one family member of a consumer or former
5030 consumer, one consumer or former consumer or family member of a consumer or former consumer, one
5031 elected local government official, one psychiatrist licensed to practice in Virginia, and four citizens of
5032 the Commonwealth at large. The Governor, in appointing the psychiatrist member, may make his
5033 selection from nominations submitted by the Medical Society of Virginia in collaboration with the
5034 Psychiatric Society of Virginia and the Northern Virginia Chapter of the Washington Psychiatric Society.

5035 B. Appointments shall be made for terms of four years each, except appointments to fill vacancies
5036 that shall be for the unexpired terms of vacated appointments. Vacancies shall be filled in the same
5037 manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed. However, no member shall be

eligible to serve more than two four-year terms. The remainder of any term to which a member is appointed to fill a vacancy shall not constitute a term in determining the member's eligibility for reappointment. No person shall serve more than a total of 12 years. Members of the Board may be suspended or removed by the Governor at his pleasure.

C. Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their services and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. The Board is authorized to employ a secretary to assist in the Board's administrative duties. The compensation of the secretary shall be fixed by the Board within the specific limits of the appropriation made therefor by the General Assembly, and the compensation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 29 (§ 2.2-2900 et seq.) of Title 2.2. The secretary shall perform the duties required of him by the Board. The Department and all other agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Board upon request.

D. The main office of the Board shall be in the City of Richmond. The Board shall meet quarterly and at such other times as it deems proper. The Board shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership. The meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request. Five members shall constitute a quorum.

E. The chairman of the Board shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual executive summary of the activity and work of the Board no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General Assembly's website.

§ 37.2-300. Creation and supervision of Department.

The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is hereby established in the executive branch of government responsible to the Governor. The Department shall be under the supervision and management of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall carry out his management and supervisory responsibilities in accordance with the policies and regulations of the Board and applicable federal and state statutes and regulations.

§ 37.2-316. System restructuring; state and community consensus and planning team required.

A. For the purpose of considering any restructuring of the system of mental health services involving an existing state hospital, the Commissioner shall establish a state and community consensus and planning team consisting of Department staff and representatives of the localities served by the state hospital, including local government officials, consumers, family members of consumers, advocates, state hospital employees, community services boards, behavioral health authorities, public and private service providers, licensed hospitals, local health department staff, local social services department staff, sheriffs' office staff, area agencies on aging, and other interested persons. In addition, the members of the House of Delegates and the Senate representing the localities served by the affected state hospital may serve on the state and community consensus and planning team for that state hospital. Each state and community consensus and planning team, in collaboration with the Commissioner, shall develop a plan that addresses (i) the types, amounts, and locations of new and expanded community services that would be needed to successfully implement the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services, including a six-year projection of the need for inpatient psychiatric beds and related community mental health services; (ii) the development of a detailed implementation plan designed to build community mental health infrastructure for current and future capacity needs; (iii) the creation of new and enhanced community services prior to the closure of the state hospital or its conversion to any use other than the provision of mental health services; (iv) the transition of state hospital consumers to community services in the locality of their residence prior to admission or the locality of their choice after discharge; (v) the resolution of issues relating to the restructuring implementation process, including employment issues involving state hospital employee transition planning and appropriate transitional benefits; and (vi) a six-year projection comparing the cost of the current structure and the proposed structure.

B. The Commissioner shall ensure that each plan includes the following components:

1. A plan for community education;
2. A plan for the implementation of required community services, including state-of-the-art practice models and any models required to meet the unique characteristics of the area to be served, which may include models for rural areas;
3. A plan for assuring the availability of adequate staff in the affected communities, including specific strategies for transferring qualified state hospital employees to community services;
4. A plan for assuring the development, funding, and implementation of individualized discharge plans pursuant to § 37.2-505 for individuals discharged as a result of the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services; and
5. A provision for suspending implementation of the plan if the total general funds appropriated to

5099 the Department for state hospital and community services decrease in any year of plan implementation
5100 by more than 10 percent from the year in which the plan was approved by the General Assembly.

5101 C. At least nine months prior to any proposed state hospital closure or conversion of the state
5102 hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services, the state and community
5103 consensus and planning team shall submit a plan to the Joint Commission on Health Care and the
5104 Governor for review and recommendation.

5105 D. The Joint Commission on Health Care shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly on
5106 the plan no later than six months prior to the date of the proposed closure or conversion of the state
5107 hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services.

5108 E. Upon approval of the plan by the General Assembly and the Governor, the Commissioner shall
5109 ensure that the plan components required by subsection B are in place and may thereafter perform all
5110 tasks necessary to implement the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the
5111 provision of mental health services.

5112 F. Any funds saved by the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the
5113 provision of mental health services and not allocated to individualized services plans for consumers
5114 being transferred or discharged as a result of the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use
5115 other than the provision of mental health services shall be invested in the ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
5116 ~~Retardation, and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund* established
5117 in Article 4 (§ 37.2-317 et seq.) of this chapter.

5118 G. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Commissioner from leasing unused, vacant space to any
5119 public or private organization.

5120 § 37.2-317. Definitions.

5121 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

5122 "Assets" means the buildings and land of state facilities operated by the Department.

5123 "Fund" means the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
5124 *Developmental Services Trust Fund*.

5125 "Net proceeds" means the gross amount received by the seller on account of the sale of any assets (i)
5126 less costs incurred on behalf of the seller in connection with such sale and (ii), if after the sale the sold
5127 assets will be used by an entity other than a state agency or instrumentality or a local governmental
5128 entity in a governmental activity and debt obligations financed any portion of the sold assets and any
5129 amount of such obligations is outstanding at the time of the sale, less the amount necessary to provide
5130 for the payment or redemption of the portion of such outstanding obligations that financed the sold
5131 assets, which amount shall be used to pay or redeem such obligations or shall be transferred to the third
5132 party issuer of the obligations for a use permitted in accordance with such obligations.

5133 § 37.2-318. Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund established; purpose.

5134 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the ~~Mental~~
5135 ~~Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust*
5136 *Fund* to enhance and ensure for the coming years the quality of care and treatment provided to
5137 consumers of public mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. The Fund shall be
5138 established on the books of the Comptroller. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-1156, the Fund
5139 shall consist of the net proceeds of the sale of vacant buildings and land held by the Department. The
5140 Fund shall also consist of such moneys as shall be appropriated by the General Assembly and any
5141 private donations. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it.
5142 Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not
5143 revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the
5144 purposes set forth in this article. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the
5145 State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Commissioner.

5146 § 37.2-319. Administration of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund.

5147 The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely to
5148 provide mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to enhance and ensure the
5149 quality of care and treatment provided by the Commonwealth to persons with mental illness, mental
5150 retardation, or substance abuse. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the net proceeds from the
5151 sale of any vacant buildings and land shall first be used to (i) deliver mental health, mental retardation,
5152 and substance abuse services within the same service area where the sold buildings and land were
5153 located to ensure the same level of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services as
5154 before the sale and (ii) provide benefits to those persons who were employees of the Commonwealth
5155 and, as a result of the sale, are no longer employed by the Commonwealth or are otherwise negatively
5156 affected by the sale. Benefits shall include appropriate transitional benefits.

5157 § 37.2-423. Office created; appointment of Inspector General for Behavioral Health and
5158 Developmental Services.

5159 There is hereby created the Office of Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
5160 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* to inspect, monitor, and review the

quality of services provided in state facilities and by providers as defined in § 37.2-403, including licensed mental health treatment units in state correctional facilities. The Inspector General shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, and shall report to the Governor. The Inspector General shall be appointed initially for a term that expires one full year following the end of the Governor's term of office, and, thereafter, the term shall be for four years. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term and shall be effective until 30 days after the next meeting of the ensuing General Assembly and, if confirmed, thereafter for the remainder of the term.

§ 37.2-716. Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund.

All funds collected by the Department pursuant to this article shall be paid into a special fund of the state treasury that shall be known and referred to as the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund.

This fund shall be appropriated and used for the operation of the Department and its state facilities for research and training. Unexpended funds in the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund at the close of any fiscal year shall be retained in the fund and be available for expenditure in ensuing years as provided herein.

§ 37.2-900. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Defendant" means any person charged with a sexually violent offense who is deemed to be an unrestorably incompetent defendant pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and is referred for commitment review pursuant to this chapter.

"Department" means the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Corrections.

"Mental abnormality" or "personality disorder" means a congenital or acquired condition that affects a person's emotional or volitional capacity and renders the person so likely to commit sexually violent offenses that he constitutes a menace to the health and safety of others.

"Respondent" means the person who is subject of a petition filed under this chapter.

"Sexually violent offense" means a felony under (i) former § 18-54, former § 18.1-44, subdivision 5 of § 18.2-31, § 18.2-61, 18.2-67.1, or 18.2-67.2; (ii) § 18.2-48 (ii), 18.2-48 (iii), 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, or 18.2-67.3; (iii) subdivision 1 of § 18.2-31 where the abduction was committed with intent to defile the victim; (iv) § 18.2-32 when the killing was in the commission of, or attempt to commit rape, forcible sodomy, or inanimate or animate object sexual penetration; (v) the laws of the Commonwealth for a forcible sexual offense committed prior to July 1, 1981, where the criminal behavior is set forth in § 18.2-67.1 or 18.2-67.2, or is set forth in § 18.2-67.3; or (vi) conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit any of the above offenses.

"Sexually violent predator" means any person who (i) has been convicted of a sexually violent offense or has been charged with a sexually violent offense and is unrestorably incompetent to stand trial pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and (ii) because of a mental abnormality or personality disorder, finds it difficult to control his predatory behavior, which makes him likely to engage in sexually violent acts.

§ 37.2-900.1. Office of Sexually Violent Predator Services.

There is hereby established within the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Office of Sexually Violent Predator Services for the purpose of administering the duties of the Department under this chapter.

§ 37.2-909. Placement of committed persons.

A. Any person committed pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in the custody of the Department for control, care, and treatment until such time as the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder has so changed that the person will not present an undue risk to public safety. The Department shall provide such control, care, and treatment at a secure facility operated by it or may contract with private or public entities, in or outside of the Commonwealth, or with other states to provide comparable control, care, or treatment. At all times, persons committed for control, care, and treatment by the Department pursuant to this chapter shall be kept in a secure facility. Persons committed under this chapter shall be segregated by sight and sound at all times from prisoners in the custody of a correctional facility. The Commissioner may make treatment and management decisions regarding committed persons in his custody without obtaining prior approval of or review by the committing court.

B. Prior to the siting of a new facility or the designation of an existing facility to be operated by the Department for the control, care, and treatment of persons convicted of a sexually violent offense who have been referred for civil commitment, the Commissioner shall notify the state elected officials for and the local governing body of the jurisdiction of the proposed location, designation, or expansion of

the facility. Upon receiving such notice, the local governing body of the jurisdiction of the proposed site or where the existing facility is located may publish a descriptive notice concerning the proposed site or existing facility in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction.

The Commissioner also shall establish an advisory committee relating to any facility for which notice is required by this subsection or any facility being operated for the purpose of the control, care, and treatment of persons convicted of a sexually violent offense who have been referred for civil commitment. The advisory committee shall consist of state and local elected officials and representatives of community organizations serving the jurisdiction in which the facility is proposed to be or is located. Upon request, the members of the appropriate advisory committee shall be notified whenever the Department increases the number of beds in the relevant facility.

C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any person is committed under this article, the Department of Corrections and the Office of the Attorney General shall provide to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, a copy of all relevant criminal history information, medical and mental health records, presentence or postsentence reports and victim impact statements, and the mental health evaluations performed pursuant to subsection B of § 37.2-904 and § 37.2-907, for use in the treatment and evaluation of the committed person.

§ 37.2-912. Conditional release; criteria; conditions; reports.

A. At any time the court considers the respondent's need for secure inpatient treatment pursuant to this chapter, it shall place the respondent on conditional release if it finds that (i) he does not need secure inpatient treatment but needs outpatient treatment or monitoring to prevent his condition from deteriorating to a degree that he would need secure inpatient treatment; (ii) appropriate outpatient supervision and treatment are reasonably available; (iii) there is significant reason to believe that the respondent, if conditionally released, would comply with the conditions specified; and (iv) conditional release will not present an undue risk to public safety. In making its determination, the court may consider (i) the nature and circumstances of the sexually violent offense for which the respondent was charged or convicted, including the age and maturity of the victim; (ii) the results of any actuarial test, including the likelihood of recidivism; (iii) the results of any diagnostic tests previously administered to the respondent under this chapter; (iv) the respondent's mental history, including treatments for mental illness or mental disorders, participation in and response to therapy or treatment, and any history of previous hospitalizations; (v) the respondent's present mental condition; (vi) the respondent's response to treatment while in secure inpatient treatment or on conditional release, including his disciplinary record and any infractions; (vii) the respondent's living arrangements and potential employment if he were to be placed on conditional release; (viii) the availability of transportation and appropriate supervision to ensure participation by the respondent in necessary treatment; and (ix) any other factors that the court deems relevant. The court shall subject the respondent to the orders and conditions it deems will best meet his need for treatment and supervision and best serve the interests of justice and society. In all cases of conditional release, the court shall order the respondent to be subject to electronic monitoring of his location by means of a GPS (Global Positioning System) tracking device, or other similar device, at all times while he is on conditional release. A continuance extending the review may be granted to either the Attorney General or the respondent upon good cause shown or by agreement of the parties.

The Department or, if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer shall implement the court's conditional release orders and shall submit written reports to the court on the respondent's progress and adjustment in the community no less frequently than every six months. The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is authorized to contract with the Department of Corrections to provide services for the monitoring and supervision of sexually violent predators who are on conditional release.

The Department or, if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer shall send a copy of each written report submitted to the court and copies of all correspondence with the court pursuant to this section to the Attorney General and the Commissioner.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any respondent is placed on conditional release under this article, the Department of Corrections and the Office of the Attorney General shall provide to the Department, or if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer, all relevant criminal history information, medical and mental health records, presentence and postsentence reports and victim impact statements, and the mental health evaluations performed pursuant to this chapter, for use in the management and treatment of the respondent placed on conditional release. Any information or document provided pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

§ 37.2-919. Postrelease supervision of Department; commission of new criminal offense by person committed to Department.

A. If a person committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, whether in involuntary secure inpatient treatment

or on conditional release, who is also on probation, parole, or postrelease supervision, fails to comply with any conditions established by the Department, or fails to comply with the terms of a treatment plan, the Department shall so notify the Department of Corrections or the person's probation and parole officer.

B. If a person committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is arrested for a felony or Class 1 or 2 misdemeanor offense, he shall be transported to a judicial officer forthwith for a bond determination in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-80. If the judicial officer admits the accused to bail, he shall, upon his admission to bail, be immediately transported back into the custody of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. If, after trial for this offense, no active period of incarceration is imposed, or if the person is acquitted or the charges are withdrawn or dismissed, he shall be returned to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* pursuant to his commitment. If a period of active incarceration of 12 months or longer is imposed or any suspended sentence is revoked resulting in the person being returned to the Department of Corrections for a period of active incarceration of 12 months or longer, the person shall not be entitled to an annual or biennial review hearing pursuant to § 37.2-910 until 12 months after he has been returned to the custody of the Commissioner. Such reincarceration shall toll the provisions of § 37.2-910.

§ 37.2-1101. Judicial authorization of treatment.

A. An appropriate circuit court or district court judge or special justice may authorize treatment for a mental or physical disorder on behalf of an adult person, in accordance with this section, if it finds upon clear and convincing evidence that (i) the person is either incapable of making an informed decision on his own behalf or is incapable of communicating such a decision due to a physical or mental disorder and (ii) the proposed treatment is in the best interest of the person.

B. Any person may request authorization of treatment for an adult person by filing a petition in the circuit court or district court or with a special justice of the county or city in which the person for whom treatment is sought resides or is located or in the county or city in which the proposed place of treatment is located. Upon filing the petition, the petitioner or the court shall deliver or send a certified copy of the petition to the person for whom treatment is sought and, if the identity and whereabouts of the person's next of kin are known, to the next of kin.

C. As soon as reasonably possible after the filing of the petition, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the interests of the person for whom treatment is sought at the hearing. However, the appointment shall not be required in the event that the person or another interested person on behalf of the person elects to retain private counsel at his own expense to represent the interests of the person at the hearing. If the person for whom treatment is sought is indigent, his counsel shall be paid by the Commonwealth as provided in § 37.2-804 from funds appropriated to reimburse expenses incurred in the involuntary admission process. However, this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the direct payment of an attorney's fee by the person or an interested person on his behalf, which fee shall be subject to the review and approval of the court.

D. Following the appointment of an attorney pursuant to subsection C, the court shall schedule an expedited hearing of the matter. The court shall notify the person for whom treatment is sought, his next of kin, if known, the petitioner, and their respective counsel of the date and time for the hearing. In scheduling the hearing, the court shall take into account the type and severity of the alleged physical or mental disorder, as well as the need to provide the person's attorney with sufficient time to adequately prepare his client's case.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections B and D regarding delivery or service of the petition and notice of the hearing to the next of kin of any person for whom consent to treatment is sought, if the person is a patient in any hospital, including a hospital licensed by the Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-123 or a resident in any facility operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and such person has no known guardian or legally authorized representative, at the time the petition is filed, the court may dispense with the requirement of any notice to the next of kin. If treatment is necessary to prevent imminent or irreversible harm, the court in its discretion may dispense with the requirement of providing notice. This subsection shall not be construed to interfere with any decision made pursuant to the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

F. Prior to the hearing, the attorney shall investigate the risks and benefits of the treatment decision for which authorization is sought and of alternatives to the proposed decision. The attorney shall make a reasonable effort to inform the person of this information and to ascertain the person's religious beliefs and basic values and the views and preferences of the person's next of kin. A health care provider shall disclose or make available to the attorney, upon request, any information, records, and reports concerning the person that the attorney determines necessary to perform his duties under this section.

5345 Evidence presented at the hearing may be submitted by affidavit in the absence of objection by the
5346 person for whom treatment is sought, the petitioner, either of their respective counsel, or by any other
5347 interested party.

5348 G. Prior to authorizing treatment pursuant to this section, the court shall find:

5349 1. That there is no legally authorized representative available to give consent;

5350 2. That the person for whom treatment is sought is incapable of making an informed decision
5351 regarding treatment or is physically or mentally incapable of communicating such a decision;

5352 3. That the person who is the subject of the petition is unlikely to become capable of making an
5353 informed decision or of communicating an informed decision within the time required for decision; and

5354 4. That the proposed treatment is in the best interest of the person and is medically and ethically
5355 appropriate with respect to (i) the medical diagnosis and prognosis and (ii) any other information
5356 provided by the attending physician of the person for whom treatment is sought. However, the court
5357 shall not authorize a proposed treatment that is proven by a preponderance of the evidence to be
5358 contrary to the person's religious beliefs or basic values, unless the treatment is necessary to prevent
5359 death or a serious irreversible condition. The court shall take into consideration the right of the person
5360 to rely on nonmedical, remedial treatment in the practice of religion in lieu of medical treatment.

5361 H. Any order authorizing treatment pursuant to subsection A shall describe any treatment authorized
5362 and may authorize generally such related examinations, tests, or services as the court may determine to
5363 be reasonably related to the treatment authorized. Treatment authorized by such order may include
5364 palliative care as defined in § 32.1-162.1, if appropriate. The order shall require the treating physician to
5365 review and document the appropriateness of the continued administration of antipsychotic medications
5366 not less frequently than every 30 days. The order shall require the treating physician or other service
5367 provider to report to the court and the person's attorney any change in the person's condition resulting in
5368 probable restoration or development of the person's capacity to make and to communicate an informed
5369 decision prior to completion of any authorized treatment and related services. The order may further
5370 require the treating physician or other service provider to report to the court and the person's attorney
5371 any change in circumstances regarding any authorized treatment or related services that may indicate
5372 that such authorization is no longer in the person's best interests. Upon receipt of such report or upon
5373 the petition of any interested party, the court may enter an order withdrawing or modifying its prior
5374 authorization as it deems appropriate. Any petition or order under this section may be orally presented
5375 or entered, provided a written order shall be subsequently executed.

5376 § 38.2-3412.1. Coverage for mental health and substance abuse services.

5377 A. As used in this section:

5378 "Adult" means any person who is nineteen years of age or older.

5379 "Alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility" means a facility in which a state-approved program for the
5380 treatment of alcoholism or drug addiction is provided. The facility shall be either (i) licensed by the
5381 State Board of Health pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Title 32.1 or by the ~~State Mental~~
5382 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental*
5383 ~~Services Board~~ pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 or (ii) a state agency
5384 or institution.

5385 "Child or adolescent" means any person under the age of nineteen years.

5386 "Inpatient treatment" means mental health or substance abuse services delivered on a
5387 twenty-four-hour per day basis in a hospital, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility, an intermediate care
5388 facility or an inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center.

5389 "Intermediate care facility" means a licensed, residential public or private facility that is not a
5390 hospital and that is operated primarily for the purpose of providing a continuous, structured
5391 twenty-four-hour per day, state-approved program of inpatient substance abuse services.

5392 "Medication management visit" means a visit no more than twenty minutes in length with a licensed
5393 physician or other licensed health care provider with prescriptive authority for the sole purpose of
5394 monitoring and adjusting medications prescribed for mental health or substance abuse treatment.

5395 "Mental health services" means treatment for mental, emotional or nervous disorders.

5396 "Mental health treatment center" means a treatment facility organized to provide care and treatment
5397 for mental illness through multiple modalities or techniques pursuant to a written plan approved and
5398 monitored by a physician, clinical psychologist, or a psychologist licensed to practice in this
5399 Commonwealth. The facility shall be (i) licensed by the Commonwealth, (ii) funded or eligible for
5400 funding under federal or state law, or (iii) affiliated with a hospital under a contractual agreement with
5401 an established system for patient referral.

5402 "Outpatient treatment" means mental health or substance abuse treatment services rendered to a
5403 person as an individual or part of a group while not confined as an inpatient. Such treatment shall not
5404 include services delivered through a partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient program as defined
5405 herein.

5406 "Partial hospitalization" means a licensed or approved day or evening treatment program that includes

the major diagnostic, medical, psychiatric and psychosocial rehabilitation treatment modalities designed for patients with mental, emotional, or nervous disorders, and alcohol or other drug dependence who require coordinated, intensive, comprehensive and multi-disciplinary treatment. Such a program shall provide treatment over a period of six or more continuous hours per day to individuals or groups of individuals who are not admitted as inpatients. Such term shall also include intensive outpatient programs for the treatment of alcohol or other drug dependence which provide treatment over a period of three or more continuous hours per day to individuals or groups of individuals who are not admitted as inpatients.

"Substance abuse services" means treatment for alcohol or other drug dependence.

"Treatment" means services including diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric and psychological care, and psychotherapy for mental, emotional or nervous disorders or alcohol or other drug dependence rendered by a hospital, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility, intermediate care facility, mental health treatment center, a physician, psychologist, clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, licensed marriage and family therapist or clinical nurse specialist who renders mental health services. Treatment for physiological or psychological dependence on alcohol or other drugs shall also include the services of counseling and rehabilitation as well as services rendered by a state certified alcoholism, drug, or substance abuse counselor or substance abuse counseling assistant, limited to the scope of practice set forth in § 54.1-3507.1 or § 54.1-3507.2, respectively, employed by a facility or program licensed to provide such treatment.

B. Each individual and group accident and sickness insurance policy or individual and group subscription contract providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis for a family member of the insured or the subscriber shall provide coverage for inpatient and partial hospitalization mental health and substance abuse services as follows:

1. Treatment for an adult as an inpatient at a hospital, inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility or intermediate care facility for a minimum period of twenty days per policy or contract year.

2. Treatment for a child or adolescent as an inpatient at a hospital, inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility or intermediate care facility for a minimum period of twenty-five days per policy or contract year.

3. Up to ten days of the inpatient benefit set forth in subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection may be converted when medically necessary at the option of the person or the parent, as defined in § 16.1-336, of a child or adolescent receiving such treatment to a partial hospitalization benefit applying a formula which shall be no less favorable than an exchange of 1.5 days of partial hospitalization coverage for each inpatient day of coverage. An insurance policy or subscription contract described herein which provides inpatient benefits in excess of twenty days per policy or contract year for adults or twenty-five days per policy or contract year for a child or adolescent may provide for the conversion of such excess days on the terms set forth in this subdivision.

4. The limits of the benefits set forth in this subsection shall not be more restrictive than for any other illness, except that the benefits may be limited as set out in this subsection.

5. This subsection shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, limited or specified disease policies or contracts, nor to policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under state or federal governmental plans.

C. Each individual and group accident and sickness insurance policy or individual and group subscription contract providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis for a family member of the insured or the subscriber shall also provide coverage for outpatient mental health and substance abuse services as follows:

1. A minimum of twenty visits for outpatient treatment of an adult, child or adolescent shall be provided in each policy or contract year.

2. The limits of the benefits set forth in this subsection shall be no more restrictive than the limits of benefits applicable to physical illness; however, the coinsurance factor applicable to any outpatient visit beyond the first five of such visits covered in any policy or contract year shall be at least fifty percent.

3. For the purpose of this section, medication management visits shall be covered in the same manner as a medication management visit for the treatment of physical illness and shall not be counted as an outpatient treatment visit in the calculation of the benefit set forth herein.

4. For the purpose of this subsection, if all covered expenses for a visit for outpatient mental health or substance abuse treatment apply toward any deductible required by a policy or contract, such visit shall not count toward the outpatient visit benefit maximum set forth in the policy or contract.

5. This subsection shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, or limited or specified disease policies or contracts, nor to policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage

5468 under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under
 5469 state or federal governmental plans.

5470 D. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to "biologically based mental illnesses," as
 5471 defined in § 38.2-3412.1:01, unless coverage for any such mental illness is not otherwise available
 5472 pursuant to the provisions § 38.2-3412.1:01.

5473 E. The requirements of this section shall apply to all insurance policies and subscription contracts
 5474 delivered, issued for delivery, reissued, or extended, or at any time when any term of the policy or
 5475 contract is changed or any premium adjustment made.

5476 § 38.2-3418.5. Coverage for early intervention services.

5477 A. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 38.2-3419, each insurer proposing to issue individual or group
 5478 accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical, or major medical
 5479 coverage on an expense-incurred basis; each corporation providing individual or group accident and
 5480 sickness subscription contracts; and each health maintenance organization providing a health care plan
 5481 for health care services shall provide coverage for medically necessary early intervention services under
 5482 such policy, contract or plan delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this Commonwealth on and
 5483 after July 1, 1998. Such coverage shall be limited to a benefit of \$5,000 per insured or member per
 5484 policy or calendar year and, except as set forth in subsection C, shall be subject to such dollar limits,
 5485 deductibles and coinsurance factors as are no less favorable than for physical illness generally.

5486 B. For the purpose of this section, "early intervention services" means medically necessary speech
 5487 and language therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy and assistive technology services and
 5488 devices for dependents from birth to age three who are certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5489 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as eligible for
 5490 services under Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.).
 5491 "Medically necessary early intervention services for the population certified by the Department of
 5492 ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*"
 5493 shall mean those services designed to help an individual attain or retain the capability to function
 5494 age-appropriately within his environment, and shall include services that enhance functional ability
 5495 without effecting a cure.

5496 C. The cost of early intervention services shall not be applied to any contractual provision limiting
 5497 the total amount of coverage paid by the insurer, corporation or health maintenance organization to or
 5498 on behalf of the insured or member during the insured's or member's lifetime.

5499 D. "Financial costs," as used in this section, shall mean any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible in
 5500 the policy or plan. Financial costs may be paid through the use of federal Part H program funds, state
 5501 general funds, or local government funds appropriated to implement Part H services for families who
 5502 may refuse the use of their insurance to pay for early intervention services due to a financial cost.

5503 E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, limited or
 5504 specified disease policies, policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage
 5505 under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under
 5506 state or governmental plans or to short-term nonrenewable policies of not more than six months'
 5507 duration.

5508 § 46.2-400. Suspension of license of person incompetent because of mental illness, mental
 5509 retardation, alcoholism, or drug addiction; return of license; duty of clerk of court.

5510 The Commissioner, on receipt of notice that any person has been legally adjudged to be incapacitated
 5511 in accordance with Article 1 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 37.2 or that a person
 5512 discharged from an institution operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 5513 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is, in the opinion of the
 5514 authorities of the institution, not competent because of mental illness, mental retardation,
 5515 ~~inebriety~~ *alcoholism*, or drug addiction to drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons or property, shall
 5516 forthwith suspend his license; but he shall not suspend the license if the person has been adjudged
 5517 competent by judicial order or decree.

5518 In any case in which the person's license has been suspended prior to his discharge it shall not be
 5519 returned to him unless the Commissioner is satisfied, after an examination such as is required of
 5520 applicants by § 46.2-325, that the person is competent to drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons
 5521 and property.

5522 The clerk of the court in which the adjudication is made shall forthwith send a certified copy or
 5523 abstract of such adjudication to the Commissioner.

5524 § 46.2-401. Reports to Commissioner of discharge of patients from state institutions.

5525 Whenever practicable, at least ten days prior to the time when any patient is to be discharged from
 5526 any institution operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 5527 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, if the mental condition of the patient is,
 5528 because of mental illness, mental retardation, ~~inebriety~~ *alcoholism*, or drug addiction, in the judgment of
 5529 the director or chief medical officer of the institution such as to prevent him from being competent to

drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons and property, the director or chief medical officer shall forthwith report to the Commissioner, in sufficient detail for accurate identification, the date of discharge of the patient, together with a statement concerning his ability to drive a motor vehicle.

§ 46.2-1229. Enforcement of parking regulations of State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

Any regulations of the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services ~~Board~~ pursuant to the provisions of § 37.2-203 relating to parking on property owned or controlled by the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall provide:

1. That uncontested citations issued thereunder shall be paid to the administrative official or officials appointed under the provisions of this section in the locality in which the part of the ~~hospital~~ state facility lies, who shall promptly deposit the sums into the state treasury as a special revenue of the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; and

2. That contested or delinquent citations shall be certified or complaint, summons, or warrant shall be issued as provided in § 46.2-1225 to the general district court in whose jurisdiction the ~~hospital~~ state facility lies. Any sum collected by the court, minus court costs, shall be promptly deposited by the clerk into the state treasury as a special revenue of the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 51.5-1. Declaration of policy.

It is the policy of this Commonwealth to encourage and enable persons with disabilities to participate fully and equally in the social and economic life of the Commonwealth and to engage in remunerative employment. To these ends, the General Assembly directs the Governor, Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy, Department for the Aging, Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, Department of Education, Department of Health, Department of Housing and Community Development, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Board for Rights of Virginians with Disabilities, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of Social Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, and such other agencies as the Governor deems appropriate, to provide, in a comprehensive and coordinated manner which makes the best use of available resources, those services necessary to assure equal opportunity to persons with disabilities in the Commonwealth.

The provisions of this title shall be known and may be cited as "The Virginians With Disabilities Act."

§ 51.5-2. Plan of cooperation.

The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy, Department for the Aging, Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, Department of Education, Department of Health, Department of Housing and Community Development, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of Social Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired and such other agencies as are designated by the Governor which serve persons with disabilities shall formulate a plan of cooperation in accordance with the provisions of this title and the federal Rehabilitation Act. The goal of this plan shall be to promote the fair and efficient provision of rehabilitative and other services to persons with disabilities and to protect the rights of persons with disabilities.

The plan of cooperation shall include an annual update of budgetary commitment under the plan, specifying how many persons with disabilities, by type of impairment, will be served under the plan. The plan of cooperation shall include consideration of first pay provisions for entitlement programs of a cooperating agency. If entitlement services are part of a client's individualized written rehabilitation program or equivalent plan for services, funds shall be paid from the entitlement program when possible. The plan and budgetary commitments shall be reviewed by the respective boards of the cooperating agencies, reviewed by the Virginia Board for People with Disabilities and submitted for approval to the appropriate secretaries within the Governor's Office before implementation.

§ 51.5-14. Powers and duties of Commissioner.

The Commissioner shall have the following powers and duties:

1. To employ such personnel, qualified by knowledge, skills, and abilities, as may be required to carry out the purposes of this title relating to the Department;

2. To make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of the Department's duties and the execution of its powers under this title, including, but not limited to, contracts with the United States, other states, agencies and governmental subdivisions of this Commonwealth;

3. To accept grants from the United States government and agencies and instrumentalities thereof and any other source and, to these ends, to comply with such conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary, convenient or desirable;

- 5591 4. To do all acts necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this title;
 5592 5. To develop and analyze information on the needs of persons with disabilities;
 5593 6. To establish plans, policies and programs for the delivery of services to persons with disabilities
 5594 for consideration by the Governor and the General Assembly. Such policies, plans and programs for
 5595 services to those who cannot benefit from vocational rehabilitation shall be prepared over time, and as
 5596 funds become available for such efforts;
 5597 7. To operate and maintain the Woodrow Wilson Rehabilitation Center and to organize, supervise
 5598 and provide other necessary services and facilities (i) to prepare persons with disabilities for useful and
 5599 productive lives, including suitable employment and (ii) to enable persons with disabilities, to the degree
 5600 possible, to become self-sufficient and have a sense of well-being;
 5601 8. To develop criteria for the evaluation of plans and programs relative to the provision of
 5602 rehabilitative and other services;
 5603 9. To investigate the availability of funds from any source for planning, developing and providing
 5604 services to persons with disabilities, particularly those not capable of being gainfully employed;
 5605 10. To coordinate the Department's plans, policies, programs and services, and such programs and
 5606 services required under § 51.5-9.2, with those of the other state agencies providing services to persons
 5607 with disabilities so as to achieve maximum utilization of available resources to meet the needs of such
 5608 persons;
 5609 11. To compile and provide information on the availability of federal, state, regional and local funds
 5610 and services for persons with disabilities;
 5611 12. To accept, execute and administer any trust in which the Department may have an interest, under
 5612 the terms of the instruments creating the trust, subject to the approval of the Governor;
 5613 13. To promulgate regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the laws of the
 5614 Commonwealth administered by the Department;
 5615 14. To work with the Department of Veterans Services and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 5616 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* to establish a program
 5617 for mental health and rehabilitative services for Virginia veterans and members of the Virginia National
 5618 Guard and Virginia residents in the Armed Forces Reserves not in active federal service and their family
 5619 members pursuant to § 2.2-2001.1; and
 5620 15. To perform such other duties as may be required by the Governor and the Secretary of Health
 5621 and Human Resources.
- 5622 § 51.5-14.1. Cooperation of Department with other state departments.
 5623 The Department of Rehabilitative Services shall collaborate with the Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5624 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* in activities
 5625 related to licensing providers of (i) services under the Individual and Families Developmental
 5626 Disabilities Support Waiver, (ii) services under the Brain Injury Waiver, and (iii) residential services for
 5627 individuals with brain injuries as defined in § 37.2-403. These activities include involving advocacy and
 5628 consumer groups who represent persons with developmental disabilities or brain injuries in the
 5629 regulatory process; training the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 5630 ~~Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, local human rights committees and the State
 5631 Human Rights Committee on the unique needs and preferences of individuals with developmental
 5632 disabilities or brain injuries; assisting in the development of regulatory requirements for such providers;
 5633 and providing technical assistance in the regulatory process and in performing annual inspections and
 5634 complaint investigations.
- 5635 § 51.5-31. Board created.
 5636 There shall be a Virginia Board for People with Disabilities, responsible to the Secretary of Health
 5637 and Human Resources. The Board shall be composed of 40 members, to include the head or a person
 5638 designated by the head of the Department for the Aging, Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing,
 5639 Department of Education, Department of Medical Assistance Services, Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5640 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Department of
 5641 Rehabilitative Services, and the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired; one representative of the
 5642 protection and advocacy agency; one representative of the university-affiliated facility; one representative
 5643 each, to be appointed by the Governor, of a local governmental agency, a manufacturing or a retailing
 5644 industry, a high-technology industry, a public transit interest, and a nongovernmental agency or group of
 5645 agencies that provide services for persons with developmental disabilities; a banking executive; one
 5646 person with disabilities other than developmental disabilities; and 24 persons with developmental
 5647 disabilities or the parents or guardians of such persons. Of the last 24 persons, at least eight shall be
 5648 persons with developmental disabilities; at least eight shall be immediate relatives or guardians of
 5649 persons with mentally impairing developmental disabilities; and at least one person shall be an
 5650 immediate relative or guardian of an institutionalized person with a developmental disability.
- 5651 Each member appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a four-year term, except that of the
 5652 members appointed in 1989, eight shall be appointed for a term of four years, eight shall be appointed

for a term of three years, eight shall be appointed for a term of two years, and seven shall be appointed for a term of one year. Members so appointed shall be subject to removal at the pleasure of the Governor. Any vacancy other than by expiration of a term shall be filled for the unexpired term. No person appointed by the Governor shall serve for more than two successive terms.

The Board shall elect its chairman.

§ 51.5-39.2. The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy; governing board; terms; quorum; expenses; summary of annual work.

A. The Department for Rights of Virginians with Disabilities is hereby established as an independent state agency to be known as the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy. The Office is designated as the agency to protect and advocate for the rights of persons with mental, cognitive, sensory, physical or other disabilities and to receive federal funds on behalf of the Commonwealth of Virginia to implement the federal Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, the federal Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, the federal Rehabilitation Act, the Virginians with Disabilities Act and such other related programs as may be established by state and federal law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office shall be independent of the Office of the Attorney General and shall have the authority, pursuant to subdivision 5 of § 2.2-510, to employ and contract with legal counsel to carry out the purposes of this chapter and to employ and contract with legal counsel to advise and represent the Office, to initiate actions on behalf of the Office, and to defend the Office and its officers, agents and employees in the course and scope of their employment or authorization, in any matter, including state, federal and administrative proceedings. Compensation for legal counsel shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the Office. However, in the event defense is provided under Article 5 (§ 2.2-1832 et seq.) of Chapter 18 of Title 2.2, counsel shall be appointed pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 2.2-510. The Office shall provide ombudsman, advocacy and legal services to persons with disabilities who may be represented by the Office. The Office is authorized to receive and act upon complaints concerning discrimination on the basis of disability, abuse and neglect or other denial of rights, and practices and conditions in institutions, hospitals, and programs for persons with disabilities, and to investigate complaints relating to abuse and neglect or other violation of the rights of persons with disabilities in proceedings under state or federal law, and to initiate any proceedings to secure the rights of such persons.

B. The Office shall be governed by an 11-member board consisting of 11 nonlegislative citizen members. The members shall be appointed as follows: five citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a developmental disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person with a physical disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person who represents persons with cognitive disabilities, one shall be a person who represents persons with developmental disabilities, and one shall be a person who represents persons with sensory or physical disabilities, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; three citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a cognitive disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person who represents persons with mental illnesses, and one shall be a person who represents people with mental or neurological disabilities, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; and three citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a mental illness or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person with a sensory disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, and one shall be a person with a mental or neurological disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, to be appointed by the Governor. Persons appointed to the board to represent individuals with a disability shall be knowledgeable of the broad range of needs of such persons served by the Office. Persons appointed to the board who have a disability shall be individuals who are eligible for, are receiving, or have received services through the state system that protects and advocates for the rights of individuals with disabilities. In appointing the members of the Board, consideration shall be given to persons nominated by statewide groups that advocate for the physically, developmentally, and mentally disabled. The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy shall coordinate and provide to the appointing authorities the lists of nominations for each appointment. The Speaker of the House of Delegates, the Senate Committee on Rules and the Governor shall not be limited in their appointments to persons so nominated; however, such appointing authorities shall seriously consider the persons nominated and appoint such persons whenever feasible.

No member of the General Assembly, elected official, or current employee of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, State Health Department, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, Virginia Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, a community services board, a behavioral health authority, or a local government department with a policy-advisory community services

5714 board shall be appointed to the Board.

5715 C. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years, following the initial
 5716 staggering of terms. All members may be reappointed, except that any member appointed during the
 5717 initial staggering of terms to a four-year term shall not be eligible for reappointment for two years after
 5718 the expiration of his term. However, no nonlegislative citizen member shall serve more than two
 5719 consecutive four-year terms. The remainder of any term to which a member is appointed to fill a
 5720 vacancy shall not constitute a term in determining the member's eligibility for reappointment.
 5721 Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be made for the unexpired
 5722 terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All appointments and
 5723 reappointments shall be subject to confirmation at the next session of the General Assembly. All
 5724 appointments shall be confirmed by the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting in each house of
 5725 the General Assembly. Members shall continue to serve until such time as their successors have been
 5726 appointed and duly qualified to serve.

5727 D. The Board shall elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from among its members and appoint a
 5728 secretary who may or may not be a member of the Board. A majority of the members of the Board
 5729 shall constitute a quorum.

5730 The Board shall meet at least four times each year. The meetings of the Board shall be held at the
 5731 call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the voting members so request. The chairman shall
 5732 perform such additional duties as may be established by resolution of the Board.

5733 E. Members shall serve without compensation for their services; however, all members shall be
 5734 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as
 5735 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of expenses of the members shall be
 5736 provided by the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy.

5737 F. Members of the Board shall be subject to removal from office only as set forth in Article 7
 5738 (§ 24.2-230 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 24.2. The Circuit Court of the City of Richmond shall have
 5739 exclusive jurisdiction over all proceedings for such removal.

5740 G. The chairman of the Board shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual
 5741 executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Board no later than the first day of each
 5742 regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the
 5743 procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents
 5744 and reports and shall be posted to the General Assembly's website.

5745 § 51.5-39.7. (See Editor's note) Ombudsman services for persons with disabilities.

5746 A. There is hereby created within the Office an ombudsman section. The Director shall establish
 5747 procedures for receiving complaints and conducting investigations for the purposes of resolving and
 5748 mediating complaints regarding any activity, practice, policy, or procedure of any hospital, facility or
 5749 program operated, funded or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 5750 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Department of Rehabilitative
 5751 Services, the Department of Social Services, or any other state or local agency, that is adversely
 5752 affecting the health, safety, welfare or civil or human rights of any person with mental, cognitive,
 5753 sensory or physical disabilities. After initial investigation, the section may decline to accept any
 5754 complaint it determines is frivolous or not made in good faith. The ombudsman section shall attempt to
 5755 resolve the complaint at the lowest appropriate level, unless otherwise provided by law. The procedures
 5756 shall require the section to:

5757 1. Acknowledge the receipt of a complaint by sending written notice to the complainant within seven
 5758 days after receiving the complaint;

5759 2. When appropriate, provide written notice of a complaint to the Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5760 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or any other
 5761 appropriate agency within seven days after receiving the complaint. The Department or agency shall
 5762 report its findings and actions no later than fourteen days after receiving the complaint;

5763 3. Immediately refer a complaint made under this section to the Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5764 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or any other
 5765 appropriate governmental agency whenever the complaint involves an immediate and substantial threat to
 5766 the health or safety of a person with mental retardation, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or
 5767 other disability. The Department or agency receiving the complaint shall report its findings and actions
 5768 no later than forty-eight hours following its receipt of the complaint;

5769 4. Within seven days after identifying a deficiency in the treatment of a person with a disability that
 5770 is in violation of state or federal law or regulation, refer the matter in writing to the appropriate state
 5771 agency. The state agency shall report on its findings and actions within seven days of receiving notice
 5772 of the matter;

5773 5. Advise the complainant and any person with a disability affected by the complaint, no more than
 5774 thirty days after it receives the complaint, of any action it has taken and of any opinions and
 5775 recommendations it has with respect to the complaint. The ombudsman section may request any party

affected by the opinions or recommendations to notify the section, within a time period specified by the section, of any action the party has taken on its recommendation; and

6. Refer any complaint not resolved through negotiation, mediation, or conciliation to the Director or the Director's designee to determine whether further protection and advocacy services shall be provided by the Office.

B. The ombudsman section may make public any of its opinions or recommendations concerning a complaint, the responses of persons and governmental agencies to its opinions or recommendations, and any act, practice, policy, or procedure that adversely affects or may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or civil or human rights of a person with a disability, subject to the provisions of § 51.5-39.8.

C. The Office shall publicize its existence, functions, and activities, and the procedures for filing a complaint under this section, and send this information in written form to each provider of services to persons with disabilities, with instructions that the information is to be posted in a conspicuous place accessible to patients, residents, consumers, clients, visitors, and employees. The Office shall establish, maintain and publicize a toll-free number for receiving complaints.

§ 51.5-39.12. Notification of critical incidents and deaths in state facilities.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the directors of the state facilities as defined in § 37.2-100 shall notify the Director of the Office in writing within forty-eight hours of critical incidents or deaths of patients or residents in state facilities. For purposes of this section, a critical incident shall be defined as serious bodily injury or loss of consciousness requiring medical treatment. The Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall provide to the Director of the Office a written report setting forth the known facts of critical incidents or deaths of patients or residents of *state* facilities within fifteen working days of the critical incident or death.

§ 53.1-32. Treatment and control of prisoners; recreation; religious services.

A. It shall be the general purpose of the state correctional facilities to provide proper employment, training and education in accordance with Chapter 18 (§ 22.1-339 et seq.) of Title 22.1 and § 53.1-32.1, medical and mental health care and treatment, discipline and control of prisoners committed or transferred thereto. The health service program established to provide medical services to prisoners shall provide for appropriate means by which prisoners receiving nonemergency medical services may pay fees based upon a portion of the cost of such services. In no event shall any prisoner be denied medically necessary service due to his inability to pay. The Board shall promulgate regulations governing such a program.

B. The Director shall provide a program of recreation for prisoners. The Director may establish, with consultation from the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, a comprehensive substance abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities, and may make such program available to any prisoner requiring the services provided by the program.

C. The Director or his designee who shall be a state employee is authorized to make arrangements for religious services for prisoners at times as he may deem appropriate. When such arrangements are made pursuant to a contract or memorandum of understanding, the final authority for such arrangements shall reside with the Director or his designee.

§ 53.1-40.2. Involuntary admission of prisoners with mental illness.

A. Upon the petition of the Director or his designee, any district court judge or any special justice, as defined by § 37.2-100, of the county or city where the prisoner is located may issue an order authorizing involuntary admission of a prisoner who is sentenced and committed to the Department of Corrections and who is alleged or reliably reported to have a mental illness to a degree that warrants hospitalization.

B. Such prisoner may be involuntarily admitted to a hospital or facility for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness by complying with the following admission procedures:

1. A hearing on the petition shall be scheduled as soon as possible, allowing the prisoner an opportunity to prepare any defenses which he may have, obtain independent evaluation and expert opinion at his own expense, and summons other witnesses.

2. Prior to such hearing, the judge or special justice shall fully inform the prisoner of the allegations of the petition, the standard upon which he may be admitted involuntarily, the right of appeal from such hearing to the circuit court, and the right to jury trial on appeal. The judge or special justice shall ascertain if the prisoner is represented by counsel, and, if he is not represented by counsel, the judge or special justice shall appoint an attorney to represent the prisoner.

3. The judge or special justice shall require an examination of such prisoner by a psychiatrist who is licensed in Virginia or a clinical psychologist who is licensed in Virginia or, if such psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available, a physician or psychologist who is licensed in Virginia and who is qualified in the diagnosis of mental illness. The judge or special justice shall summons the examiner,

5837 who shall certify that he has personally examined the individual and has probable cause to believe that
5838 the prisoner does or does not have mental illness, that there does or does not exist a substantial
5839 likelihood that, as a result of mental illness, the prisoner will, in the near future, cause serious physical
5840 harm to himself or others as evidenced by recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening harm and
5841 other relevant information, if any, and that the prisoner does or does not require involuntary
5842 hospitalization. The judge or special justice may accept written certification of the examiner's findings if
5843 the examination has been personally made within the preceding five days and if there is no objection to
5844 the acceptance of such written certification by the prisoner or his attorney.

5845 4. If the judge or special justice, after observing the prisoner and obtaining the necessary positive
5846 certification and other relevant evidence, finds specifically that (i) the prisoner has a mental illness and
5847 that there exists a substantial likelihood that, as a result of mental illness, the prisoner will, in the near
5848 future, (a) cause serious physical harm to himself or others as evidenced by recent behavior causing,
5849 attempting, or threatening harm and other relevant information, if any, or (b) suffer serious harm due to
5850 his lack of capacity to protect himself from harm or to provide for his basic human needs, and (ii)
5851 alternatives to involuntary admission have been investigated and deemed unsuitable and there is no less
5852 restrictive alternative to such admission, the judge or special justice shall by written order and specific
5853 findings so certify and order that the prisoner be placed in a hospital or other facility designated by the
5854 Director for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the court order. Such placement shall be
5855 in a hospital or other facility for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness that is licensed or
5856 operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~Behavioral
5857 Health and Developmental Services.

5858 5. The judge or special justice shall also order that the relevant medical records of such prisoner be
5859 released to the hospital, facility, or program in which he is placed upon request of the treating physician
5860 or director of the hospital, facility, or program.

5861 6. The Department shall prepare the forms required in procedures for admission as approved by the
5862 Attorney General. These forms, which shall be the legal forms used in such admissions, shall be
5863 distributed by the Department to the clerks of the general district courts of the various counties and
5864 cities of the Commonwealth and to the directors of the respective state hospitals.

5865 § 53.1-136. Powers and duties of Board; notice of release of certain inmates.

5866 In addition to the other powers and duties imposed upon the Board by this article, the Board shall:

5867 1. Adopt, subject to approval by the Governor, general rules governing the granting of parole and
5868 eligibility requirements, which shall be published and posted for public review;

5869 2. (a) Release on parole for such time and upon such terms and conditions as the Board shall
5870 prescribe, persons convicted of felonies and confined under the laws of the Commonwealth in any
5871 correctional facility in Virginia when those persons become eligible and are found suitable for parole,
5872 according to those rules adopted pursuant to subdivision 1;

5873 (b) Establish the conditions of postrelease supervision authorized pursuant to §§ 18.2-10 and
5874 19.2-295.2 A;

5875 (c) Notify by certified mail at least 21 business days prior to release on discretionary parole of any
5876 inmate convicted of a felony and sentenced to a term of 10 or more years, the attorney for the
5877 Commonwealth in the jurisdiction where the inmate was sentenced. In the case of parole granted for
5878 medical reasons, where death is imminent, the Commonwealth's Attorney may be notified by telephone
5879 or other electronic means prior to release. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter the
5880 obligations of the Board under § 53.1-155 for investigation prior to release;

5881 (d) In any case where a person who is released on parole or postrelease supervision has been
5882 committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~Behavioral
5883 Health and Developmental Services under the provisions of Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2,
5884 the conditions of his parole or postrelease supervision shall include the requirement that the person
5885 comply with all conditions given him by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and~~
5886 ~~Substance Abuse~~Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and that he follow all of the terms of
5887 his treatment plan;

5888 3. Revoke parole and any period of postrelease and order the reincarceration of any parolee or felon
5889 serving a period of postrelease supervision or impose a condition of participation in any component of
5890 the Statewide Community-Based Corrections System for State-Responsible Offenders (§ 53.1-67.2 et
5891 seq.) on any eligible parolee, when, in the judgment of the Board, he has violated the conditions of his
5892 parole, postrelease supervision or is otherwise unfit to be on parole or on postrelease supervision;

5893 4. Issue final discharges to persons released by the Board on parole when the Board is of the opinion
5894 that the discharge of the parolee will not be incompatible with the welfare of such person or of society;

5895 5. Make investigations and reports with respect to any commutation of sentence, pardon, reprieve or
5896 remission of fine or penalty when requested by the Governor; and

5897 6. Publish monthly a statement regarding the action taken by the Board on the parole of prisoners.
5898 The statement shall list the name of each prisoner considered for parole and indicate whether parole was

granted or denied, as well as the basis for denial of parole as described in subdivision 2 (a).

§ 53.1-145. Powers and duties of probation and parole officers.

In addition to other powers and duties prescribed by this article, each probation and parole officer shall:

1. Investigate and report on any case pending in any court or before any judge in his jurisdiction referred to him by the court or judge;

2. Supervise and assist all persons within his territory placed on probation, secure, as appropriate and when available resources permit, placement of such persons in a substance abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities, and furnish every such person with a written statement of the conditions of his probation and instruct him therein; if any such person has been committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* under the provisions of Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, the conditions of probation shall include the requirement that the person comply with all conditions given him by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and that he follow all of the terms of his treatment plan;

3. Supervise and assist all persons within his territory released on parole or postrelease supervision, secure, as appropriate and when available resources permit, placement of such persons in a substance abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities, and, in his discretion, assist any person within his territory who has completed his parole, postrelease supervision, or has been mandatorily released from any correctional facility in the Commonwealth and requests assistance in finding a place to live, finding employment, or in otherwise becoming adjusted to the community;

4. Arrest and recommit to the place of confinement from which he was released, or in which he would have been confined but for the suspension of his sentence or of its imposition, for violation of the terms of probation, post-release supervision pursuant to § 19.2-295.2 or parole, any probationer, person subject to post-release supervision or parolee under his supervision, or as directed by the Chairman, Board member or the court, pending a hearing by the Board or the court, as the case may be;

5. Keep such records, make such reports, and perform other duties as may be required of him by the Director or by regulations prescribed by the Board of Corrections, and the court or judge by whom he was authorized;

6. Order and conduct, in his discretion, drug and alcohol screening tests of any probationer, person subject to post-release supervision pursuant to § 19.2-295.2 or parolee under his supervision who the officer has reason to believe is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances or marijuana or the abuse of alcohol. The cost of the test may be charged to the person under supervision. Regulations governing the officer's exercise of this authority shall be promulgated by the Board;

7. Have the power to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board and upon the certification of appropriate training and specific authorization by a judge of a circuit court;

8. Provide services in accordance with any contract entered into between the Department of Corrections and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* pursuant to § 37.2-912;

9. Pursuant to any contract entered into between the Department of Corrections and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, probation and parole officers shall have the power to provide intensive supervision services to persons placed on conditional release, regardless of whether the person has any time remaining to serve on any criminal sentence, pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

10. Determine by reviewing the Local Inmate Data System upon intake and again prior to release whether a blood, saliva, or tissue sample has been taken for DNA analysis for each person placed on probation or parole required to submit a sample pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et seq.) of Chapter 18 of Title 19.2 and, if no sample has been taken, require a person placed on probation or parole to submit a sample for DNA analysis; and

11. For every offender accepted pursuant to the Interstate Compact for the Supervision of Adult Offenders (§ 53.1-176.1 et seq.) who has been convicted of an offense that, if committed in Virginia, would be considered a felony, take a sample or verify that a sample has been taken and accepted into the data bank for DNA analysis in the Commonwealth.

Nothing in this article shall require probation and parole officers to investigate or supervise cases before general district or juvenile and domestic relations district courts.

§ 54.1-2715. Temporary permits for certain clinicians.

A. The Board may issue a temporary permit to a graduate of a dental school or college or the dental department of a college or university, who (i) has a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree and is otherwise qualified,

5960 (ii) is not licensed to practice dentistry in Virginia, and (iii) has not failed an examination for a license
5961 to practice dentistry in the Commonwealth. Such temporary permits may be issued only to those eligible
5962 graduates who serve as clinicians in dental clinics operated by (a) the Virginia Department of
5963 Corrections, (b) the Virginia Department of Health, (c) the Virginia Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
5964 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental* Services, or (d) a
5965 Virginia charitable corporation granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue
5966 Code and operating as a clinic for the indigent and uninsured that is organized for the delivery of
5967 primary health care services: (i) as a federal qualified health center designated by the Centers for
5968 Medicare and Medicaid Services or (ii) at a reduced or sliding fee scale or without charge.

5969 B. Applicants for temporary permits shall be certified to the executive director of the Board by the
5970 Director of the Department of Corrections, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of ~~Mental~~
5971 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental* Services, or the
5972 chief executive officer of a Virginia charitable corporation identified in subsection A. The holder of such
5973 a temporary permit shall not be entitled to receive any fee or other compensation other than salary. Such
5974 permits shall be valid for no more than two years and shall expire on the June 30 of the second year
5975 after their issuance, or shall terminate when the holder ceases to serve as a clinician with the certifying
5976 agency or charitable corporation. Such permits may be reissued annually or may be revoked at any time
5977 for cause. Reissuance or revocation of a temporary permit is in the discretion of the Board.

5978 C. Dentists licensed pursuant to this chapter may practice as employees of the dental clinics operated
5979 as specified in subsection A.

5980 § 54.1-2726. Temporary permits for certain hygienists.

5981 A. The Board may issue a temporary permit to a graduate of an accredited dental hygiene program
5982 who is otherwise qualified, has not held a license to practice dental hygiene in Virginia, and has not
5983 failed an examination for a license to practice dental hygiene in the Commonwealth. Such temporary
5984 permits shall be issued only to those eligible graduates who serve in the Department of Health or the
5985 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and*
5986 *Developmental* Services in a dental clinic operated by the Commonwealth or in a Virginia charitable
5987 corporation granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and operated as
5988 a clinic for the indigent and uninsured that is organized for the delivery of primary health care services:
5989 (i) as a federally qualified health center designated by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
5990 (CMS) or (ii) at a reduced or sliding fee scale or without charge.

5991 B. Applicants for temporary permits shall be certified to the executive director of the Board by the
5992 Commissioner of Health or the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
5993 ~~Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental* Services or the chief executive officer of a Virginia
5994 charitable corporation pursuant to subsection A. The holder of such permit shall not be entitled to
5995 receive any fee or compensation other than salary. Such permits shall be valid for no more than two
5996 years and shall expire on the June 30 of the second year after their issuance, or shall terminate when the
5997 holder ceases to be employed by the certifying agency. Such permits may be reissued annually or may
5998 be revoked at any time for cause. Reissuance or revocation of a temporary permit is in the discretion of
5999 the Board.

6000 The holder of a temporary permit shall function under the direction of a dentist.

6001 § 54.1-2970. Medical treatment for certain persons incapable of giving informed consent.

6002 When a delay in treatment might adversely affect recovery, a licensed health professional or licensed
6003 hospital shall not be subject to liability arising out of a claim based on lack of informed consent or be
6004 prohibited from providing surgical, medical or dental treatment to an individual who is a patient or
6005 resident of a hospital or facility operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
6006 ~~Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health and Developmental* Services or to a consumer who is receiving case
6007 management services from a community services board or behavioral health authority and who is
6008 incapable of giving informed consent to the treatment by reason of mental illness or mental retardation
6009 under the following conditions:

- 6010 1. No legally authorized guardian or committee was available to give consent;
- 6011 2. A reasonable effort is made to advise a parent or other next of kin of the need for the surgical,
6012 medical or dental treatment;
- 6013 3. No reasonable objection is raised by or on behalf of the alleged incapacitated person; and
- 6014 4. Two physicians, or in the case of dental treatment, two dentists or one dentist and one physician,
6015 state in writing that they have made a good faith effort to explain the necessary treatment to the
6016 individual, and they have probable cause to believe that the individual is incapacitated and unable to
6017 consent to the treatment by reason of mental illness or mental retardation and that delay in treatment
6018 might adversely affect recovery.

6019 The provisions of this section shall apply only to the treatment of physical injury or illness and not
6020 to any treatment for a mental, emotional or psychological condition.

6021 Treatment pursuant to this section of an individual's mental, emotional or psychological condition

when the individual is unable to make an informed decision and when no legally authorized guardian or committee is available to provide consent shall be governed by regulations promulgated by the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* under § 37.2-400.

§ 54.1-2987.1. Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders.

A. A Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order may be issued by a physician for his patient with whom he has a bona fide physician/patient relationship as defined in the guidelines of the Board of Medicine, and only with the consent of the patient or, if the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order, upon the request of and with the consent of the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf.

B. This section shall not authorize any health care provider or practitioner to follow a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order for any patient who is able to, and does, express to such health care provider or practitioner the desire to be resuscitated in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest.

If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision, the expression of the desire that the patient be resuscitated by the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf shall so revoke the provider's or practitioner's authority to follow a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order.

The expression of such desire to be resuscitated prior to cardiac or respiratory arrest shall constitute revocation of the Order; however, a new Order may be issued upon consent of the patient or the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf.

C. Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders issued in accordance with this section shall remain valid and in effect until revoked. In accordance with this section and regulations promulgated by the Board of Health, (i) qualified emergency medical services personnel as defined in § 32.1-111.1 and (ii) licensed health care practitioners in any facility, program or organization operated or licensed by the Board of Health or by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or operated, licensed or owned by another state agency are authorized to follow Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders that are available to them in a form approved by the Board of Health.

D. The provisions of this section shall not authorize any qualified emergency medical services personnel or licensed health care provider or practitioner who is attending the patient at the time of cardiac or respiratory arrest to provide, continue, withhold or withdraw treatment if such provider or practitioner knows that taking such action is protested by the patient incapable of making an informed decision. No person shall authorize providing, continuing, withholding or withdrawing treatment pursuant to this section that such person knows, or upon reasonable inquiry ought to know, is contrary to the religious beliefs or basic values of a patient incapable of making an informed decision or the wishes of such patient fairly expressed when the patient was capable of making an informed decision. Further, this section shall not authorize the withholding of other medical interventions, such as intravenous fluids, oxygen or other therapies deemed necessary to provide comfort care or to alleviate pain.

E. For the purposes of this section:

"Health care provider" includes, but is not limited to, qualified emergency medical services personnel.

"Person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf" means any person authorized by law to consent on behalf of the patient incapable of making an informed decision or, in the case of a minor child, the parent or parents having custody of the child or the child's legal guardian or as otherwise provided by law.

F. This section shall not prevent, prohibit or limit a physician from issuing a written order, other than a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order, not to resuscitate a patient in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest in accordance with accepted medical practice.

G. Valid Do Not Resuscitate Orders or Emergency Medical Services Do Not Resuscitate Orders issued before July 1, 1999, pursuant to the then-current law, shall remain valid and shall be given effect as provided in this article.

§ 54.1-3408. Professional use by practitioners.

A. A practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine or a licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, a licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, or a TPA-certified optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of this title shall only prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances in good faith for medicinal or therapeutic purposes within the course of his professional practice.

B. The prescribing practitioner's order may be on a written prescription or pursuant to an oral prescription as authorized by this chapter. The prescriber may administer drugs and devices, or he may cause them to be administered by a nurse, physician assistant or intern under his direction and supervision, or he may prescribe and cause drugs and devices to be administered to patients in

6083 state-owned or state-operated hospitals or facilities licensed as hospitals by the Board of Health or
6084 psychiatric hospitals licensed by the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
6085 ~~Abuse~~ *Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* Board by other persons who have
6086 been trained properly to administer drugs and who administer drugs only under the control and
6087 supervision of the prescriber or a pharmacist or a prescriber may cause drugs and devices to be
6088 administered to patients by emergency medical services personnel who have been certified and
6089 authorized to administer such drugs and devices pursuant to Board of Health regulations governing
6090 emergency medical services and who are acting within the scope of such certification. A prescriber may
6091 authorize a licensed respiratory care practitioner as defined in § 54.1-2954 to administer by inhalation
6092 controlled substances used in inhalation or respiratory therapy.

6093 C. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol, the prescriber, who is authorized by
6094 state or federal law to possess and administer radiopharmaceuticals in the scope of his practice, may
6095 authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to administer, under his supervision, radiopharmaceuticals used
6096 in the diagnosis or treatment of disease.

6097 D. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the
6098 course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses and licensed practical
6099 nurses to possess (i) epinephrine for administration in treatment of emergency medical conditions and
6100 (ii) heparin and sterile normal saline to use for the maintenance of intravenous access lines.

6101 Pursuant to the regulations of the Board of Health, certain emergency medical services technicians
6102 may possess and administer epinephrine in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

6103 E. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
6104 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed physical therapists to possess and
6105 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, and any other Schedule VI topical drug.

6106 F. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
6107 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and
6108 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, or other Schedule VI topical drugs, or to possess and
6109 administer epinephrine for use in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

6110 G. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the
6111 course of his professional practice, and in accordance with policies and guidelines established by the
6112 Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-50.2, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses or
6113 licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse to possess and
6114 administer tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) in the absence of a prescriber. The Department of
6115 Health's policies and guidelines shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the Centers
6116 for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing transmission of mycobacterium tuberculosis and shall
6117 be updated to incorporate any subsequently implemented standards of the Occupational Safety and
6118 Health Administration and the Department of Labor and Industry to the extent that they are inconsistent
6119 with the Department of Health's policies and guidelines. Such standing protocols shall explicitly describe
6120 the categories of persons to whom the tuberculin test is to be administered and shall provide for
6121 appropriate medical evaluation of those in whom the test is positive. The prescriber shall ensure that the
6122 nurse implementing such standing protocols has received adequate training in the practice and principles
6123 underlying tuberculin screening.

6124 The Health Commissioner or his designee may authorize registered nurses, acting as agents of the
6125 Department of Health, to possess and administer, at the nurse's discretion, tuberculin purified protein
6126 derivative (PPD) to those persons in whom tuberculin skin testing is indicated based on protocols and
6127 policies established by the Department of Health.

6128 H. Pursuant to a written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his
6129 professional practice, such prescriber may authorize, with the consent of the parents as defined in
6130 § 22.1-1, an employee of a school board who is trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon to
6131 assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes
6132 and who requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for
6133 the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia. Such authorization shall only be effective when a licensed
6134 nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant is not present to perform the administration of
6135 the medication.

6136 I. A prescriber may authorize, pursuant to a protocol approved by the Board of Nursing, the
6137 administration of vaccines to adults for immunization, when a practitioner with prescriptive authority is
6138 not physically present, (i) by licensed pharmacists, (ii) by registered nurses, or (iii) licensed practical
6139 nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse. A prescriber acting on behalf of
6140 and in accordance with established protocols of the Department of Health may authorize the
6141 administration of vaccines to any person by a pharmacist or nurse when the prescriber is not physically
6142 present.

6143 J. A dentist may cause Schedule VI topical drugs to be administered under his direction and
6144 supervision by either a dental hygienist or by an authorized agent of the dentist.

Further, pursuant to a written order and in accordance with a standing protocol issued by the dentist in the course of his professional practice, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his general supervision, as defined in § 54.1-2722, to possess and administer topical oral fluorides, topical oral anesthetics, topical and directly applied antimicrobial agents for treatment of periodontal pocket lesions, as well as any other Schedule VI topical drug approved by the Board of Dentistry.

In addition, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI nitrous oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI local anesthesia.

K. This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by (i) a resident of a facility licensed or certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (ii) a resident of the Virginia Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and Vision Impaired; (iii) a resident of a facility approved by the Board or Department of Juvenile Justice for the placement of children in need of services or delinquent or alleged delinquent youth; (iv) a program participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the Department of Social Services; (v) a resident of any facility authorized or operated by a state or local government whose primary purpose is not to provide health care services; (vi) a resident of a private children's residential facility, as defined in § 63.2-100 and licensed by the Department of Social Services, Department of Education, or Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; or (vii) a student in a school for students with disabilities, as defined in § 22.1-319 and licensed by the Board of Education.

L. Medication aides registered by the Board of Nursing pursuant to Article 7 (§ 54.1-3041 et seq.) of Chapter 30 may administer drugs that would otherwise be self-administered to residents of any assisted living facility licensed by the Department of Social Services. A registered medication aide shall administer drugs pursuant to this section in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to security and recordkeeping; in accordance with the assisted living facility's Medication Management Plan; and in accordance with such other regulations governing their practice promulgated by the Board of Nursing.

M. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration and with written authorization of a parent, and in accordance with school board regulations relating to training, security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by a student of a Virginia public school. Training for such persons shall be accomplished through a program approved by the local school boards, in consultation with the local departments of health.

N. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person to a child in a child day program as defined in § 63.2-100 and regulated by the State Board of Social Services or the Child Day Care Council, provided such person (i) has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and taught by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or pharmacist; (ii) has obtained written authorization from a parent or guardian; (iii) administers drugs only to the child identified on the prescription label in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; and (iv) administers only those drugs that were dispensed from a pharmacy and maintained in the original, labeled container that would normally be administered by a parent or guardian to the child.

O. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration or dispensing of drugs and devices by persons if they are authorized by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with protocols established by the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-42.1 when (i) the Governor has declared a disaster or a state of emergency or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services has issued a declaration of an actual or potential bioterrorism incident or other actual or potential public health emergency; (ii) it is necessary to permit the provision of needed drugs or devices; and (iii) such persons have received the training necessary to safely administer or dispense the needed drugs or devices. Such persons shall administer or dispense all drugs or devices under the direction, control and supervision of the State Health Commissioner.

P. Nothing in this title shall prohibit the administration of normally self-administered oral or topical drugs by unlicensed individuals to a person in his private residence.

Q. This section shall not interfere with any prescriber issuing prescriptions in compliance with his

6206 authority and scope of practice and the provisions of this section to a Board agent for use pursuant to
6207 subsection G of § 18.2-258.1. Such prescriptions issued by such prescriber shall be deemed to be valid
6208 prescriptions.

6209 R. Nothing in this title shall prevent or interfere with dialysis care technicians or dialysis patient care
6210 technicians who are certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions or persons
6211 authorized for provisional practice pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this title, in the
6212 ordinary course of their duties in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility, from administering heparin,
6213 topical needle site anesthetics, dialysis solutions, sterile normal saline solution, and blood volumizers, for
6214 the purpose of facilitating renal dialysis treatment, when such administration of medications occurs under
6215 the orders of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner or physician assistant and under the immediate and
6216 direct supervision of a licensed registered nurse. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a
6217 patient care dialysis technician trainee from performing dialysis care as part of and within the scope of
6218 the clinical skills instruction segment of a supervised dialysis technician training program, provided such
6219 trainee is identified as a "trainee" while working in a renal dialysis facility.

6220 The dialysis care technician or dialysis patient care technician administering the medications shall
6221 have demonstrated competency as evidenced by holding current valid certification from an organization
6222 approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this
6223 title.

6224 S. Persons who are otherwise authorized to administer controlled substances in hospitals shall be
6225 authorized to administer influenza or pneumococcal vaccines pursuant to § 32.1-126.4.

6226 T. Pursuant to a specific order for a patient and under his direct and immediate supervision, a
6227 prescriber may authorize the administration of controlled substances by personnel who have been
6228 properly trained to assist a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, provided the method does not
6229 include intravenous, intrathecal, or epidural administration and the prescriber remains responsible for
6230 such administration.

6231 U. A nurse or a dental hygienist may possess and administer topical fluoride varnish to the teeth of
6232 children aged six months to three years pursuant to an oral or written order or a standing protocol issued
6233 by a doctor of medicine, osteopathic medicine, or dentistry that conforms to standards adopted by the
6234 Virginia Department of Health.

6235 § 54.1-3408.01. Requirements for prescriptions.

6236 A. The written prescription referred to in § 54.1-3408 shall be written with ink or individually typed
6237 or printed. The prescription shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the prescriber. A
6238 prescription for a controlled substance other than one controlled in Schedule VI shall also contain the
6239 federal controlled substances registration number assigned to the prescriber. The prescriber's information
6240 shall be either preprinted upon the prescription blank, electronically printed, typewritten, rubber stamped,
6241 or printed by hand.

6242 The written prescription shall contain the first and last name of the patient for whom the drug is
6243 prescribed. The address of the patient shall either be placed upon the written prescription by the
6244 prescriber or his agent, or by the dispenser of the prescription. If not otherwise prohibited by law, the
6245 dispenser may record the address of the patient in an electronic prescription dispensing record for that
6246 patient in lieu of recording it on the prescription. Each written prescription shall be dated as of, and
6247 signed by the prescriber on, the day when issued. The prescription may be prepared by an agent for the
6248 prescriber's signature.

6249 This section shall not prohibit a prescriber from using preprinted prescriptions for drugs classified in
6250 Schedule VI if all requirements concerning dates, signatures, and other information specified above are
6251 otherwise fulfilled.

6252 No written prescription order form shall include more than one prescription. However, this provision
6253 shall not apply (i) to prescriptions written as chart orders for patients in hospitals and long-term-care
6254 facilities, patients receiving home infusion services or hospice patients, or (ii) to a prescription ordered
6255 through a pharmacy operated by or for the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile
6256 Justice, the central pharmacy of the Department of Health, or the central outpatient pharmacy operated
6257 by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
6258 *Developmental Services*; or (iii) to prescriptions written for patients residing in adult and juvenile
6259 detention centers, local or regional jails, or work release centers operated by the Department of
6260 Corrections.

6261 B. Prescribers' orders, whether written as chart orders or prescriptions, for Schedules II, III, IV and V
6262 controlled drugs to be administered to (i) patients or residents of long-term care facilities served by a
6263 Virginia pharmacy from a remote location or (ii) patients receiving parenteral, intravenous,
6264 intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal infusion therapy and served by a home infusion pharmacy
6265 from a remote location, may be transmitted to that remote pharmacy by an electronic communications
6266 device over telephone lines which send the exact image to the receiver in hard copy form, and such
6267 facsimile copy shall be treated as a valid original prescription order. If the order is for a

radiopharmaceutical, a physician authorized by state or federal law to possess and administer medical radioactive materials may authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to transmit a prescriber's verbal or written orders for radiopharmaceuticals.

C. The oral prescription referred to in § 54.1-3408 shall be transmitted to the pharmacy of the patient's choice by the prescriber or his authorized agent. For the purposes of this section, an authorized agent of the prescriber shall be an employee of the prescriber who is under his immediate and personal supervision, or if not an employee, an individual who holds a valid license allowing the administration or dispensing of drugs and who is specifically directed by the prescriber.

§ 54.1-3437.1. Limited permit for repackaging drugs.

The Board may issue a limited manufacturing permit for the purpose of repackaging drugs, upon such terms and conditions approved by the Board, to the pharmacy directly operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and which serves clients of the community services boards.

§ 54.1-3506. License required.

In order to engage in the practice of counseling or marriage and family therapy or in the independent practice of substance abuse treatment, as defined in this chapter, it shall be necessary to hold a license; however, no license shall be required for the practice of marriage and family therapy or the independent practice of substance abuse treatment until six months after the effective date of regulations governing marriage and family therapy and substance abuse treatment, respectively, promulgated by the Board under subdivisions 6 and 7 of § 54.1-3505. The Board may issue a license, without examination, for the practice of marriage and family therapy or the independent practice of substance abuse treatment to persons who hold a current and unrestricted license as a professional counselor within the Commonwealth and who meet the clinical and academic requirements for licensure as a marriage and family therapist or licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, respectively. The applicant for such license shall present satisfactory evidence of qualifications equal to those required of applicants for licensure as marriage and family therapists or licensed substance abuse treatment practitioners, respectively, by examination in the Commonwealth.

Any person who renders substance abuse treatment services as defined in this chapter and who is not licensed to do so, other than a person who is exempt pursuant to § 54.1-3501, shall render such services only when he is (i) under the supervision and direction of a person licensed under this chapter who shall be responsible for the services performed by such unlicensed person, or (ii) in compliance with the regulations governing an organization or a facility licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 56-484.19. Definitions.

As used in this article:

"Alternative method of providing call location information" means a method of maintaining and operating a multiline telephone system that ensures that:

1. Emergency calls from a telephone station provide the PSAP with sufficient location identification information to ensure that emergency responders are dispatched to a location at the facility from which the emergency call was placed, from which location emergency responders will be able to ascertain the telephone station where the emergency call was placed (i) by being able to view all of the telephone stations in the area contiguous to the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed or (ii) by the activation of an alerting system at the facility, which activation is triggered by the placing of the emergency call, and which readily allows arriving emergency responders to determine the physical location of the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed. A light or alarm located near the telephone station is an example of such an alerting system;

2. Emergency calls from a telephone station, in addition to reaching a PSAP, connect to or otherwise notify a switchboard operator, attendant, or other designated on-site individual who is capable of giving the PSAP the location of the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed; or

3. Calls to the digits "9-1-1" from a telephone station connect to a private emergency answering point.

An alternative method of providing call location information shall also be deemed to be provided, as a result of the imputed ability of emergency responders to readily locate all telephone stations from which the emergency call could have been placed, when emergency calls provide calling party information corresponding to a contiguous area containing the telephone from which the emergency call was placed, of fewer than 7,000 square feet, located on one or more floors.

"Automatic location identification" or "ALI" means the automatic display at a PSAP of information defining the emergency call location, which information shall identify the floor name or number, room name or number, building name or number, cubicle name or number, and office name or number, as applicable, or imparts other information that is sufficiently specific to provide the emergency responders with the ability to locate the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed.

6329 "Automatic number identification" or "ANI" means the automatic display at a PSAP of a telephone
6330 number that a PSAP may use to call the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed.
6331 "Calling party information" means information that is delivered by the MLTS provider to the PSAP
6332 that is used to provide the ANI and ALI function.
6333 "Central office system" means a business telephone service offered by a provider of communications
6334 services that provides features similar to a private branch exchange by transmitting data over
6335 telecommunications equipment or cable lines.
6336 "Emergency call" means a telephone call that enables the user to reach a PSAP by dialing the digits
6337 "9-1-1" and, if applicable, any additional digit or digits that must be dialed in order to permit the user to
6338 access the public switched telephone network.
6339 "Emergency call location" means the location of the telephone station on an MLTS from which an
6340 emergency call is placed and to which a PSAP may dispatch emergency responders based upon ALI
6341 provided via the emergency call.
6342 "Emergency responders" means fire services, law enforcement, emergency medical services, and other
6343 public services or agencies that may be dispatched by a PSAP in response to an emergency call.
6344 "Enhanced 9-1-1 service" means a service consisting of telephone network features and PSAPs that
6345 (i) enables users of telephone systems to reach a PSAP by making an emergency call; (ii) automatically
6346 directs emergency calls to the appropriate PSAPs by selective routing based on the geographical location
6347 from which the emergency call originated; and (iii) provides the capability for ANI and ALI features.
6348 "Facility" means real estate and improvements used principally for or as a (i) hotel as defined in
6349 § 35.1-1, (ii) college or university dormitory, (iii) medical care facility as defined in § 32.1-102.1, (iv)
6350 group home or other residential facility licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
6351 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or Department of Social
6352 Services, (v) assisted living facility as defined in § 63.2-100, (vi) apartment complex or condominium
6353 where shared tenant telephone service is provided, (vii) commercial or government office building, (viii)
6354 manufacturing, processing, assembly, warehouse, or distribution establishment, or (ix) retail
6355 establishment.
6356 "MLTS provider" means a person who operates a facility at which telephone service is provided,
6357 with or without compensation, through a multiline telephone system.
6358 "MLTS service provider" means a person offering or operating third party services that combine
6359 communications services, private branch exchange or central office systems, and multiline telephone
6360 systems where such services are provided to an MLTS provider on a fee-for-service basis.
6361 "Multiline telephone system" or "MLTS" means a telephone system, including network-based or
6362 premises-based systems, whether owned or leased by a public or private entity, operated in the
6363 Commonwealth, that serves a facility, has more than one telephone station, and is comprised of common
6364 control units, telephones, and control hardware and software that share a common interface to the public
6365 switched telephone network, whether by a private branch exchange or central office system, without
6366 regard to whether the system utilizes VoIP technology.
6367 "Person" includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, cooperative, limited liability
6368 company, trust, joint venture, government, political subdivision, or any other legal or commercial entity
6369 and any successor, representative, agent, agency, or instrumentality thereof.
6370 "Portable VoIP services" includes any MLTS utilizing a VoIP service and providing an end user with
6371 the capability to use the service at a location independent of the original physical location of telephone
6372 stations on the MLTS.
6373 "Private emergency answering point" means an answering point that is equipped and staffed during
6374 all hours that the facility is occupied to provide adequate means of responding to calls to the digits
6375 "9-1-1" from telephones on a multiline telephone system by reporting incidents to a PSAP in a manner
6376 that identifies the emergency response location from which the call to the answering point was placed.
6377 "Public safety answering point" or "PSAP" means a communications operation operated by or on
6378 behalf of a governmental entity that is equipped and staffed on a 24-hour basis to receive and process
6379 telephone calls for emergency assistance from an individual by dialing, in addition to any digits required
6380 to obtain an outside line, the digits "9-1-1."
6381 "Public switched telephone network" means the worldwide, interconnected networks of equipment,
6382 lines, and controls assembled to establish circuit-switched voice communication paths between calling
6383 and called parties.
6384 "Retail establishment" means any establishment selling goods or services to the ultimate user or
6385 consumer of those goods or services, not for the purpose of resale, but for that user's or consumer's
6386 personal rather than business use.
6387 "Telephone call" means the use of a telephone to initiate an ordinary voice transmission placed
6388 through the public switched telephone network.
6389 "Telephone station" means a telephone on a multiline telephone system, from which a call may be
6390 placed to a PSAP by dialing, in addition to any digits required to access the public switched telephone

network, the digits "9-1-1." However, in any medical care facility or licensed assisted living facility, "telephone station" includes any telephone on a multiline telephone system located in an administrative office, nursing station, lobby, waiting area, or other area accessible to the general public but does not include a telephone located in the room of a patient or resident.

"VoIP service" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 56-484.12.

§ 57-2.02. Religious freedom preserved; definitions; applicability; construction; remedies.

A. As used in this section:

"Demonstrates" means meets the burdens of going forward with the evidence and of persuasion under the standard of clear and convincing evidence.

"Exercise of religion" means the exercise of religion under Article I, Section 16 of the Constitution of Virginia, the Virginia Act for Religious Freedom (§ 57-1 et seq.), and the First Amendment to the United States Constitution.

"Government entity" means any branch, department, agency, or instrumentality of state government, or any official or other person acting under color of state law, or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth and does not include the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and any facility of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services that treats civilly committed sexually violent predators, or any local, regional or federal correctional facility.

"Prevails" means to obtain "prevailing party" status as defined by courts construing the federal Civil Rights Attorney's Fees Awards Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

"Substantially burden" means to inhibit or curtail religiously motivated practice.

B. No government entity shall substantially burden a person's free exercise of religion even if the burden results from a rule of general applicability unless it demonstrates that application of the burden to the person is (i) essential to further a compelling governmental interest and (ii) the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling governmental interest.

C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to (i) authorize any government entity to burden any religious belief or (ii) affect, interpret or in any way address those portions of Article 1, Section 16 of the Constitution of Virginia, the Virginia Act for Religious Freedom (§ 57-1 et seq.), and the First Amendment to the United States Constitution that prohibit laws respecting the establishment of religion. Granting government funds, benefits or exemptions, to the extent permissible under clause (ii) of this subsection, shall not constitute a violation of this section. As used in this subsection, "granting" used with respect to government funding, benefits, or exemptions shall not include the denial of government funding, benefits, or exemptions.

D. A person whose religious exercise has been burdened by government in violation of this section may assert that violation as a claim or defense in any judicial or administrative proceeding and may obtain declaratory and injunctive relief from a circuit court, but shall not obtain monetary damages. A person who prevails in any proceeding to enforce this section against a government entity may recover his reasonable costs and attorney fees. The provisions of this subsection relating to attorney fees shall not apply to criminal prosecutions.

E. Nothing in this section shall prevent any governmental institution or facility from maintaining health, safety, security or discipline.

F. The decision of the circuit court to grant or deny declaratory and injunctive relief may be appealed by petition to the Court of Appeals of Virginia.

§ 57-60. Exemptions.

A. The following persons shall be exempt from the registration requirements of § 57-49, but shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of this chapter:

1. Educational institutions that are accredited by the Board of Education, by a regional accrediting association or by an organization affiliated with the National Commission on Accrediting, the Association Montessori Internationale, the American Montessori Society, the Virginia Independent Schools Association, or the Virginia Association of Independent Schools, any foundation having an established identity with any of the aforementioned educational institutions, and any other educational institution confining its solicitation of contributions to its student body, alumni, faculty and trustees, and their families.

2. Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his use.

3. Charitable organizations that do not intend to solicit and receive, during a calendar year, and have not actually raised or received, during any of the three next preceding calendar years, contributions from the public in excess of \$5,000, if all of their functions, including fund-raising activities, are carried on by persons who are unpaid for their services and if no part of their assets or income inures to the benefit of or is paid to any officer or member. Nevertheless, if the contributions raised from the public,

whether all of such are or are not received by any charitable organization during any calendar year, shall be in excess of \$5,000, it shall, within 30 days after the date it has received total contributions in excess of \$5,000, register with and report to the Commissioner as required by this chapter.

4. Organizations that solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof.

5. Organizations that have no office within the Commonwealth, that solicit in the Commonwealth from without the Commonwealth solely by means of telephone or telegraph, direct mail or advertising in national media, and that have a chapter, branch, or affiliate within the Commonwealth that has registered with the Commissioner.

6. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that are organized wholly as Area Health Education Centers in accordance with § 32.1-122.7.

7. Health care institutions defined herein as any facilities that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and that are (i) licensed by the Department of Health or the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; (ii) designated by the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) as federally qualified health centers; (iii) certified by the HCFA as rural health clinics; or (iv) wholly organized for the delivery of health care services without charge; and any supporting organization that exists solely to support any such health care institutions. For the purposes of clause (iv), "delivery of health care services without charge" includes the delivery of dental, medical or other health services where a reasonable minimum fee is charged to cover administrative costs.

8. Civic organizations as defined herein.

9. Nonprofit debt counseling agencies licensed pursuant to Chapter 10.2 (§ 6.1-363.2 et seq.) of Title 6.1.

10. Agencies designated by the Virginia Department for the Aging pursuant to subdivision A 6 of § 2.2-703 as area agencies on aging.

11. Labor unions, labor associations and labor organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

12. Trade associations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that are organized wholly as regional emergency medical services councils in accordance with § 32.1-111.11.

14. Nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that solicit contributions only through (i) grant proposals submitted to for-profit corporations, (ii) grant proposals submitted to other nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (iii) grant proposals submitted to organizations determined to be private foundations under § 509 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

B. A charitable organization shall be subject to the provisions of §§ 57-57 and 57-59, but shall otherwise be exempt from the provisions of this chapter for any year in which it confines its solicitations in the Commonwealth to five or fewer contiguous cities and counties, and in which it has registered under the charitable solicitations ordinance, if any, of each such city and county. No organization shall be exempt under this subsection if, during its next preceding fiscal year, more than 10 percent of its gross receipts were paid to any person or combination of persons, located outside the boundaries of such cities and counties, other than for the purchase of real property, or tangible personal property or personal services to be used within such localities. An organization that is otherwise qualified for exemption under this subsection that solicits by means of a local publication, or radio or television station, shall not be disqualified solely because the circulation or range of such medium extends beyond the boundaries of such cities or counties.

C. No charitable or civic organization shall be exempt under this section unless it submits to the Commissioner, who in his discretion may extend such filing deadline prospectively or retrospectively for good cause shown, on forms to be prescribed by him, the name, address and purpose of the organization and a statement setting forth the reason for the claim for exemption. Parent organizations may file consolidated applications for exemptions for any chapters, branches, or affiliates that they believe to be exempt from the registration provisions of this chapter. If the organization is exempted, the Commissioner shall issue a letter of exemption, which may be exhibited to the public. A registration fee of \$10 shall be required of every organization requesting an exemption after June 30, 1984. The letter of exemption shall remain in effect as long as the organization continues to solicit in accordance with its claim for exemption.

D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as being applicable to the American Red Cross or any of its local chapters.

§ 63.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental functions, including but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis; or

6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

"Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable confinement of an adult.

"Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

"Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's profit or advantage.

"Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three adults.

"Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and

6575 that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being.

6576 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to
6577 protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

6578 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
6579 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
6580 activities of daily living.

6581 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates
6582 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for
6583 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for
6584 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board
6585 of Health or the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral*
6586 *Health and Developmental Services*, but including any portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the
6587 home or residence of an individual who cares for or maintains only persons related to him by blood or
6588 marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of
6589 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214,
6590 when such facility is licensed by the Department as a children's residential facility under Chapter 17
6591 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of this title, but including any portion of the facility not so licensed; and (iv) any
6592 housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled that provides no more than basic
6593 coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development,
6594 by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing Development Authority. Included in
6595 this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned or operated by a single
6596 entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled
6597 adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general supervision and oversight of the physical and
6598 mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled individual.

6599 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
6600 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
6601 these benefits except for excess income.

6602 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

6603 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means
6604 parent(s) by previous adoption.

6605 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

6606 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

6607 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of
6608 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or
6609 more children at any location.

6610 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the
6611 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the
6612 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

6613 "Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or
6614 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster
6615 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or
6616 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who
6617 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

6618 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints
6619 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes
6620 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child
6621 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being
6622 abused or neglected.

6623 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of
6624 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or
6625 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

6626 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility,
6627 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

6628 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is
6629 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time
6630 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services
6631 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care.
6632 Children's residential facility shall not include:

6633 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events,
6634 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer
6635 vacation;

6636 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized representative.

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

"Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

"Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the provider shall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system; who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes; inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to available health and social services.

"Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board or the public agency designated by the community policy and management team where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

"Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

"General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with § 63.2-401.

"Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

"Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child aged 16 and over and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning from foster care to self sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

"Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and activities provided to a person who was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached the age of 21 years. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

6698 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
6699 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
6700 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

6701 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
6702 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
6703 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
6704 which it operates.

6705 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
6706 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of
6707 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or
6708 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the
6709 action of any court.

6710 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

6711 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

6712 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this
6713 Commonwealth.

6714 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the
6715 city or county.

6716 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation
6717 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel
6718 Management.

6719 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in
6720 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

6721 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the
6722 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child
6723 care; and general relief.

6724 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services
6725 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for
6726 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the
6727 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents
6728 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical
6729 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

6730 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary
6731 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a
6732 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

6733 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults
6734 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of
6735 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent
6736 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

6737 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, adult services, adult protective
6738 services, child-protective services, domestic violence services, or any other services program
6739 implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.

6740 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed
6741 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A
6742 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

6743 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the
6744 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible
6745 children.

6746 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the
6747 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive
6748 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for
6749 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

6750 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social
6751 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on
6752 behalf of qualifying children.

6753 § 63.2-1503. Local departments to establish child-protective services; duties.

6754 A. Each local department shall establish child-protective services under a departmental coordinator
6755 within such department or with one or more adjacent local departments that shall be staffed with
6756 qualified personnel pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board. The local department shall be the
6757 public agency responsible for receiving and responding to complaints and reports, except that (i) in cases
6758 where the reports or complaints are to be made to the court and the judge determines that no local
6759 department within a reasonable geographic distance can impartially respond to the report, the court shall

assign the report to the court services unit for evaluation; and (ii) in cases where an employee at a private or state-operated hospital, institution or other facility, or an employee of a school board is suspected of abusing or neglecting a child in such hospital, institution or other facility, or public school, the local department shall request the Department and the relevant private or state-operated hospital, institution or other facility, or school board to assist in conducting a joint investigation in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board, in consultation with the Departments of Education, Health, Medical Assistance Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Juvenile Justice and Corrections.

B. The local department shall ensure, through its own personnel or through cooperative arrangements with other local agencies, the capability of receiving reports or complaints and responding to them promptly on a 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-per-week basis.

C. The local department shall widely publicize a telephone number for receiving complaints and reports.

D. The local department shall upon receipt of a complaint, report immediately to the attorney for the Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency and make available to them the records of the local department when abuse or neglect is suspected in any case involving (i) death of a child; (ii) injury or threatened injury to the child in which a felony or Class 1 misdemeanor is also suspected; (iii) any sexual abuse, suspected sexual abuse or other sexual offense involving a child, including but not limited to the use or display of the child in sexually explicit visual material, as defined in § 18.2-374.1; (iv) any abduction of a child; (v) any felony or Class 1 misdemeanor drug offense involving a child; or (vi) contributing to the delinquency of a minor in violation of § 18.2-371, and provide the attorney for the Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency with records of any complaints of abuse or neglect involving the victim or the alleged perpetrator. The local department shall not allow reports of the death of the victim from other local agencies to substitute for direct reports to the attorney for the Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency. The local department shall develop, when practicable, memoranda of understanding for responding to reports of child abuse and neglect with local law enforcement and the attorney for the Commonwealth.

E. When abuse or neglect is suspected in any case involving the death of a child, the local department shall report the case immediately to the regional medical examiner and the local law-enforcement agency.

F. The local department shall use reasonable diligence to locate (i) any child for whom a report of suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under investigation, receiving family assessment, or for whom a founded determination of abuse and neglect has been made and a child-protective services case opened and (ii) persons who are the subject of a report that is under investigation or receiving family assessment, if the whereabouts of the child or such persons are unknown to the local department.

G. When an abused or neglected child and the persons who are the subject of an open child-protective services case have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local department shall notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which such persons have relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and forward to such agency relevant portions of the case record. The receiving local department shall arrange protective and rehabilitative services as required by this section.

H. When a child for whom a report of suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under investigation or receiving family assessment and the child and the child's parents or other persons responsible for the child's care who are the subject of the report that is under investigation or family assessment have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local department shall notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which the child and such persons have relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and complete such investigation or family assessment by requesting such agency's assistance in completing the investigation or family assessment. The local department that completes the investigation or family assessment shall forward to the receiving agency relevant portions of the case record in order for the receiving agency to arrange protective and rehabilitative services as required by this section.

I. Upon receipt of a report of child abuse or neglect, the local department shall determine the validity of such report and shall make a determination to conduct an investigation pursuant to § 63.2-1505 or, if designated as a child-protective services differential response agency by the Department according to § 63.2-1504, a family assessment pursuant to § 63.2-1506.

J. The local department shall foster, when practicable, the creation, maintenance and coordination of hospital and community-based multidisciplinary teams that shall include where possible, but not be limited to, members of the medical, mental health, social work, nursing, education, legal and law-enforcement professions. Such teams shall assist the local departments in identifying abused and neglected children; coordinating medical, social, and legal services for the children and their families; developing innovative programs for detection and prevention of child abuse; promoting community

6821 concern and action in the area of child abuse and neglect; and disseminating information to the general
6822 public with respect to the problem of child abuse and neglect and the facilities and prevention and
6823 treatment methods available to combat child abuse and neglect. These teams may be the family
6824 assessment and planning teams established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. Multidisciplinary teams may develop
6825 agreements regarding the exchange of information among the parties for the purposes of the
6826 investigation and disposition of complaints of child abuse and neglect, delivery of services and child
6827 protection. Any information exchanged in accordance with the agreement shall not be considered to be a
6828 violation of the provisions of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

6829 The local department shall also coordinate its efforts in the provision of these services for abused and
6830 neglected children with the judge and staff of the court.

6831 K. The local department may develop multidisciplinary teams to provide consultation to the local
6832 department during the investigation of selected cases involving child abuse or neglect, and to make
6833 recommendations regarding the prosecution of such cases. These teams may include, but are not limited
6834 to, members of the medical, mental health, legal and law-enforcement professions, including the attorney
6835 for the Commonwealth or his designee; a local child-protective services representative; and the guardian
6836 ad litem or other court-appointed advocate for the child. Any information exchanged for the purpose of
6837 such consultation shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

6838 L. The local department shall report annually on its activities concerning abused and neglected
6839 children to the court and to the Child-Protective Services Unit in the Department on forms provided by
6840 the Department.

6841 M. Statements, or any evidence derived therefrom, made to local department child-protective services
6842 personnel, or to any person performing the duties of such personnel, by any person accused of the
6843 abuse, injury, neglect or death of a child after the arrest of such person, shall not be used in evidence in
6844 the case-in-chief against such person in the criminal proceeding on the question of guilt or innocence
6845 over the objection of the accused, unless the statement was made after such person was fully advised (i)
6846 of his right to remain silent, (ii) that anything he says may be used against him in a court of law, (iii)
6847 that he has a right to the presence of an attorney during any interviews, and (iv) that if he cannot afford
6848 an attorney, one will be appointed for him prior to any questioning.

6849 N. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the local department, in accordance with Board
6850 regulations, shall transmit information regarding founded complaints or family assessments and may
6851 transmit other information regarding reports, complaints, family assessments and investigations involving
6852 active duty military personnel or members of their household to family advocacy representatives of the
6853 United States Armed Forces.

6854 O. The local department shall notify the custodial parent and make reasonable efforts to notify the
6855 noncustodial parent as those terms are defined in § 63.2-1900 of a report of suspected abuse or neglect
6856 of a child who is the subject of an investigation or is receiving family assessment, in those cases in
6857 which such custodial or noncustodial parent is not the subject of the investigation.

6858 P. The local department shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction when an individual
6859 holding a license issued by the Board of Education is the subject of a founded complaint of child abuse
6860 or neglect and shall transmit identifying information regarding such individual if the local department
6861 knows the person holds a license issued by the Board of Education and after all rights to any appeal
6862 provided by § 63.2-1526 have been exhausted. Any information exchanged for the purpose of this
6863 subsection shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

6864 § 63.2-1528. Advisory Committee continued as Advisory Board.

6865 The Advisory Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect is continued and shall hereafter be known as
6866 the Advisory Board on Child Abuse and Neglect. The Advisory Board shall be composed of nine
6867 persons appointed by the Governor for three-year staggered terms, and permanent members including the
6868 Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Commissioner of the Department of Health, the Commissioner
6869 of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and
6870 Developmental Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, the Director of the
6871 Department of Juvenile Justice, the Director of the Department of Corrections, the Director of the
6872 Department of Criminal Justice Services, and the Attorney General of Virginia, or their designees. The
6873 Advisory Board shall meet quarterly and, as the need may arise, advise the Department, Board and
6874 Governor on matters concerning programs for the prevention and treatment of abused and neglected
6875 children and their families and child abuse and neglect issues identified by the Commissioner of the
6876 Department of Social Services.

6877 § 63.2-1709. Enforcement and sanctions; assisted living facilities and adult day care centers; interim
6878 administration; receivership, revocation, denial, summary suspension.

6879 A. Upon receipt and verification by the Commissioner of information from any source indicating an
6880 imminent and substantial risk of harm to residents, the Commissioner may require an assisted living
6881 facility to contract with an individual licensed by the Board of Long-Term Care Administrators, to be
6882 either selected from a list created and maintained by the Department of Medical Assistance Services or

selected from a pool of appropriately licensed administrators recommended by the owner of the assisted living facility, to administer, manage, or operate the assisted living facility on an interim basis, and to attempt to bring the facility into compliance with all relevant requirements of law, regulation, or any plan of correction approved by the Commissioner. Such contract shall require the interim administrator to comply with any and all requirements established by the Department to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the residents. Prior to or upon conclusion of the period of interim administration, management, or operation, an inspection shall be conducted to determine whether operation of the assisted living facility shall be permitted to continue or should cease. Such interim administration, management, or operation shall not be permitted when defects in the conditions of the premises of the assisted living facility (i) present imminent and substantial risks to the health, safety, and welfare of residents, and (ii) may not be corrected within a reasonable period of time. Any decision by the Commissioner to require the employment of a person to administer, manage, or operate an assisted living facility shall be subject to the rights of judicial review and appeal as provided in the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Actual and reasonable costs of such interim administration shall be the responsibility of and shall be borne by the owner of the assisted living facility.

B. The Board shall adopt regulations for the Commissioner to use in determining when the imposition of administrative sanctions or initiation of court proceedings, severally or jointly, is appropriate in order to ensure prompt correction of violations in assisted living facilities and adult day care centers involving noncompliance with state law or regulation as discovered through any inspection or investigation conducted by the Departments of Social Services, Health, or ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The Commissioner may impose such sanctions or take such actions as are appropriate for violation of any of the provisions of this subtitle or any regulation adopted under any provision of this subtitle that adversely affects the health, safety or welfare of an assisted living facility resident or an adult day care participant. Such sanctions or actions may include (i) petitioning the court to appoint a receiver for any assisted living facility or adult day care center and (ii) revoking or denying renewal of the license for the assisted living facility or adult day care center for violation of any of the provisions of this subtitle, § 54.1-3408 or any regulation adopted under this subtitle that violation adversely affects, or is an imminent and substantial threat to, the health, safety or welfare of the person cared for therein, or for permitting, aiding or abetting the commission of any illegal act in an assisted living facility or adult day care center.

C. The Commissioner may issue a summary order of suspension of the license to operate the assisted living facility pursuant to the procedures hereinafter set forth in conjunction with any proceeding for revocation, denial, or other action when conditions or practices exist that pose an imminent and substantial threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the residents. Before a summary order of suspension shall take effect, the Commissioner shall issue to the assisted living facility a notice of summary order of suspension setting forth (i) the procedures for the summary order of suspension, (ii) hearing and appeal rights as provided under this subsection, and (iii) facts and evidence that formed the basis for which the summary order of suspension is sought. Such notice shall be served on the assisted living facility or its designee as soon as practicable thereafter by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address of record of the assisted living facility. The order shall state the time, date, and location of a hearing to determine whether the suspension is appropriate. Such hearing shall be presided over by a hearing officer selected by the Commissioner from a list prepared by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia and shall be held as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 15 business days following service of the notice of hearing; however, the hearing officer may grant a written request for a continuance, not to exceed an additional 10 business days, for good cause shown. After such hearing, the hearing officer shall provide to the Commissioner written findings and conclusions, together with a recommendation whether the license should be summarily suspended, whereupon the Commissioner shall adopt the hearing officer's recommended decision unless to do so would be an error of law or Department policy. Any final agency case decision in which the Commissioner rejects a hearing officer's recommended decision shall state with particularity the basis for rejection. The Commissioner shall issue: (a) a final order of summary suspension or (b) an order that summary suspension is not warranted by the facts and circumstances presented. A final order of summary suspension shall include notice that the assisted living facility may appeal the Commissioner's decision to the appropriate circuit court no later than 10 days following service of the order. A copy of any final order of summary suspension shall be prominently displayed by the provider at each public entrance of the facility, or in lieu thereof, the provider may display a written statement summarizing the terms of the order in a prominent location, printed in a clear and legible size and typeface, and identifying the location within the facility where the final order of summary suspension may be reviewed.

Upon appeal, the sole issue before the court shall be whether the Department had reasonable grounds

6944 to require the assisted living facility to cease operations during the pendency of the concurrent
6945 revocation, denial, or other proceeding. Any concurrent revocation, denial, or other proceeding shall not
6946 be affected by the outcome of any hearing on the appropriateness of the summary order of suspension.
6947 Failure to comply with the summary order of suspension shall constitute an offense under subdivision 1
6948 of § 63.2-1712. All agencies and subdivisions of the Commonwealth shall cooperate with the
6949 Commissioner in the relocation of residents of an assisted living facility whose license has been
6950 summarily suspended pursuant to this section and in any other actions necessary to reduce the risk of
6951 further harm to residents.

6952 D. Notice of the Commissioner's intent to revoke or deny renewal of the license for the assisted
6953 living facility shall be provided by the Department and a copy of such notice shall be posted in a
6954 prominent place at each public entrance of the licensed premises to advise consumers of serious or
6955 persistent violations. In determining whether to deny, revoke, or summarily suspend a license, the
6956 Commissioner may choose to deny, revoke, or summarily suspend only certain authority of the assisted
6957 living facility to operate, and may restrict or modify the assisted living facility's authority to provide
6958 certain services or perform certain functions that the Commissioner determines should be restricted or
6959 modified in order to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the residents. Such denial, revocation, or
6960 summary suspension of certain services or functions may be appealed as otherwise provided in this
6961 subtitle for any denial, revocation, or summary suspension.

6962 § 63.2-1726. Background check required; children's residential facilities.

6963 A. As a condition of employment, volunteering or providing services on a regular basis, every
6964 children's residential facility that is regulated or operated by the Departments of Social Services;
6965 Education; Military Affairs; or ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral*
6966 *Health and Developmental* Services shall require any individual who (i) accepts a position of
6967 employment at such a facility who was not employed by that facility prior to July 1, 2007, (ii)
6968 volunteers for such a facility on a regular basis and will be alone with a juvenile in the performance of
6969 his duties who was not a volunteer at such facility prior to July 1, 2007, or (iii) provides contractual
6970 services directly to a juvenile for such facility on a regular basis and will be alone with a juvenile in the
6971 performance of his duties who did not provide such services prior to July 1, 2007; to submit to
6972 fingerprinting and to provide personal descriptive information, to be forwarded along with the applicant's
6973 fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
6974 the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information regarding such applicant. The children's
6975 residential facility shall inform the applicant that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background
6976 check report and to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any such report and obtain a prompt
6977 resolution before a final determination is made of the applicant's eligibility to have responsibility for the
6978 safety and well-being of children. The applicant shall provide the children's residential facility with a
6979 written statement or affirmation disclosing whether he has ever been convicted of or is the subject of
6980 pending charges for any offense within or outside the Commonwealth. The results of the criminal
6981 history background check must be received prior to permitting an applicant to work with children.

6982 The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no
6983 record exists, shall forward it to the state agency which operates or regulates the children's residential
6984 facility with which the applicant is affiliated. The state agency shall, upon receipt of an applicant's
6985 record lacking disposition data, conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are
6986 available in order to obtain complete data. The state agency shall report to the children's facility whether
6987 the applicant is eligible to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. Except as
6988 otherwise provided in subsection B, no children's residential facility regulated or operated by the
6989 Departments of Education; ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~*Behavioral Health*
6990 *and Developmental* Services; Military Affairs; or Social Services shall hire for compensated employment
6991 or allow to volunteer or provide contractual services persons who have been (i) convicted of or are the
6992 subject of pending charges for the following crimes: murder or manslaughter as set out in Article 1
6993 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; malicious wounding by mob as set out in § 18.2-41;
6994 abduction as set out in § 18.2-47 A; abduction for immoral purposes as set out in § 18.2-48; assault and
6995 bodily woundings as set out in Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; robbery as set
6996 out in § 18.2-58; carjacking as set out in § 18.2-58.1; extortion by threat as set out in § 18.2-59; threat
6997 as set out in § 18.2-60; any felony stalking violation as set out in § 18.2-60.3; sexual assault as set out
6998 in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; arson as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et
6999 seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; burglary as set out in Article 2 (§ 18.2-89 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title
7000 18.2; any felony violation relating to distribution of drugs as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of
7001 Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; drive-by shooting as set out in § 18.2-286.1; use of a machine gun in a crime of
7002 violence as set out in § 18.2-289; aggressive use of a machine gun as set out in § 18.2-290; use of a
7003 sawed off shotgun in a crime of violence as set out in subsection A of § 18.2-300; pandering as set out
7004 in § 18.2-355; crimes against nature involving children as set out § 18.2-361; taking indecent liberties
7005 with children as set out in § 18.2-370 or § 18.2-370.1; abuse or neglect of children as set out in

§ 18.2-371.1, including failure to secure medical attention for an injured child as set out in § 18.2-314; obscenity offenses as set out in § 18.2-374.1; possession of child pornography as set out in § 18.2-374.1:1; electronic facilitation of pornography as set out in § 18.2-374.3; incest as set out in § 18.2-366; abuse or neglect of incapacitated adults as set out in § 18.2-369; employing or permitting a minor to assist in an act constituting an offense under Article 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, as set out in § 18.2-379; delivery of drugs to prisoners as set out in § 18.2-474.1; escape from jail as set out in § 18.2-477; felonies by prisoners as set out in § 53.1-203; or an equivalent offense in another state; or (ii) convicted of any felony violation relating to possession of drugs set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 in the five years prior to the application date for employment, to be a volunteer, or to provide contractual services; or (iii) convicted of any felony violation relating to possession of drugs as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and continue on probation or parole or have failed to pay required court costs. The provisions of this section also shall apply to structured residential programs, excluding secure detention facilities, established pursuant to § 16.1-309.3 for juvenile offenders cited in a complaint for intake or in a petition before the court that alleges the juvenile is delinquent or in need of services or supervision.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a children's residential facility may hire for compensated employment or for volunteer or contractual service purposes persons who have been convicted of not more than one misdemeanor offense under § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, if 10 years have elapsed following the conviction, unless the person committed such offense in the scope of his employment, volunteer, or contractual services.

If the applicant is denied employment, or the opportunity to volunteer or provide services at a children's residential facility because of information appearing on his criminal history record, and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, upon written request of the applicant the state agency shall furnish the applicant the procedures for obtaining his criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. If the applicant has been permitted to assume duties that do not involve contact with children pending receipt of the report, the children's residential facility is not precluded from suspending the applicant from his position pending a final determination of the applicant's eligibility to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. The information provided to the children's residential facility shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

C. Those individuals listed in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of subsection A also shall authorize the children's residential facility to obtain a copy of information from the central registry maintained pursuant to § 63.2-1515 on any investigation of child abuse or neglect undertaken on him. The applicant shall provide the children's residential facility with a written statement or affirmation disclosing whether he has ever been the subject of a founded case of child abuse or neglect within or outside the Commonwealth. The children's residential facility shall receive the results of the central registry search prior to permitting an applicant to work alone with children. Children's residential facilities regulated or operated by the Departments of Education; ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; Military Affairs; and Social Services shall not hire for compensated employment or allow to volunteer or provide contractual services, persons who have a founded case of child abuse or neglect. Every residential facility for juveniles which is regulated or operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be authorized to obtain a copy of the information from the central registry.

D. The Boards of Social Services; Education; Juvenile Justice; and ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and the Department of Military Affairs, may adopt regulations to comply with the provisions of this section. Copies of any information received by a children's residential facility pursuant to this section shall be available to the agency that regulates or operates such facility but shall not be disseminated further. The cost of obtaining the criminal history record and the central registry information shall be borne by the employee or volunteer unless the children's residential facility, at its option, decides to pay the cost.

§ 63.2-1735. Child Day-Care Council created; members; terms; duties.

The Child Day-Care Council is hereby continued. Its members shall be appointed by the Governor and serve without compensation. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-2813, reimbursement for travel expenses of members shall be limited to in-state travel. The members of the Council shall consist of one nonprofit child day center operator; three private for-profit child day center operators; one representative from each of the Departments of Social Services, Health, Education, Fire Programs, and Housing and Community Development; one pediatric health professional; one child development specialist; one parent consumer; one legal professional; one representative of the National Association for the Education of Young Children; one representative of the YMCA; one representative of the National Academy of Early Childhood Programs; one representative of the Association of Christian Schools International; one representative of the American Association of Christian Schools; one representative of the National Early Childhood Program Accreditation; one representative of the National Accreditation Council for Early

7067 Childhood Professional Personnel and Programs; one representative of the International Academy for
7068 Private Education; one representative of the American Montessori Society; one representative of the
7069 International Accreditation and Certification of Childhood Educators, Programs, and Trainers; one
7070 representative of the National Accreditation Commission; one representative of the Virginia Council for
7071 Private Education; and one representative each of a child day center offering a seasonal program
7072 emphasizing outdoor activities, a private child day center offering a half-day nursery school program,
7073 and a local governing body all of which operate programs required to be licensed under this chapter.
7074 The membership of the Council shall also include such representatives of state agencies as advisory
7075 members as the Governor deems necessary. The Governor shall designate a member of the Council to
7076 serve as chairman.

7077 The members of the Council shall be appointed for four-year terms, except appointments to fill
7078 vacancies shall be for the unexpired term.

7079 The Council shall adopt regulations for licensure and operation of child day centers in the
7080 Commonwealth in accordance with the regulations referred to in § 63.2-1734.

7081 The Council shall adopt regulations in collaboration with the Virginia Recreation and Park Society
7082 and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
7083 *Developmental Services* for therapeutic recreation programs.

7084 All staff and other support services required by the Council shall be provided by the Department.

7085 § 63.2-1805. Admissions and discharge.

7086 A. The Board shall adopt regulations:

7087 1. Governing admissions to assisted living facilities;

7088 2. Requiring that each assisted living facility prepare and provide a statement, in a format prescribed
7089 by the Department, to any prospective resident and his legal representative, if any, prior to admission
7090 and upon request, that discloses information, fully and accurately in plain language, about the (i)
7091 services; (ii) fees, including clear information about what services are included in the base fee and any
7092 fees for additional services; (iii) admission, transfer, and discharge criteria, including criteria for transfer
7093 to another level of care within the same facility or complex; (iv) general number and qualifications of
7094 staff on each shift; (v) range, frequency, and number of activities provided for residents; and (vi)
7095 ownership structure of the facility;

7096 3. Establishing a process to ensure that each resident admitted or retained in an assisted living
7097 facility receives appropriate services and periodic independent reassessments and reassessments when
7098 there is a significant change in the resident's condition in order to determine whether a resident's needs
7099 can continue to be met by the facility and whether continued placement in the facility is in the best
7100 interests of the resident;

7101 4. Governing appropriate discharge planning for residents whose care needs can no longer be met by
7102 the facility;

7103 5. Addressing the involuntary discharge of residents;

7104 6. Requiring that residents are informed of their rights pursuant to § 63.2-1808 at the time of
7105 admission;

7106 7. Establishing a process to ensure that any resident temporarily detained in a facility pursuant to
7107 §§ 37.2-809 through 37.2-813 is accepted back in the assisted living facility if the resident is not
7108 involuntarily admitted pursuant to §§ 37.2-814 through 37.2-819; and

7109 8. Requiring that each assisted living facility train all employees who are mandated to report adult
7110 abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting procedures and the
7111 consequences for failing to make a required report.

7112 B. If there are observed behaviors or patterns of behavior indicative of mental illness, mental
7113 retardation, substance abuse, or behavioral disorders, as documented in the uniform assessment
7114 instrument completed pursuant to § 63.2-1804, the facility administrator or designated staff member shall
7115 ensure that an evaluation of the individual is or has been conducted by a qualified professional as
7116 defined in regulations. If the evaluation indicates a need for mental health, mental retardation, substance
7117 abuse, or behavioral disorder services, the facility shall provide (i) a notification of the resident's need
7118 for such services to the authorized contact person of record when available and (ii) a notification of the
7119 resident's need for such services to the community services board or behavioral health authority
7120 established pursuant to Title 37.2 that serves the city or county in which the facility is located, or other
7121 appropriate licensed provider. The Department shall not take adverse action against a facility that has
7122 demonstrated and documented a continual good faith effort to meet the requirements of this subsection.

7123 C. The Department shall not order the removal of a resident from an assisted living facility if (i) the
7124 resident, the resident's family, the resident's physician, and the facility consent to the resident's continued
7125 stay in the assisted living facility and (ii) the facility is capable of providing, obtaining, or arranging for
7126 the provision of necessary services for the resident, including, but not limited to, home health care
7127 and/or hospice care.

7128 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C above, assisted living facilities shall not admit or

7129 retain an individual with any of the following conditions or care needs:

7130 1. Ventilator dependency.

7131 2. Dermal ulcers III and IV, except those stage III ulcers that are determined by an independent
7132 physician to be healing.

7133 3. Intravenous therapy or injections directly into the vein except for intermittent intravenous therapy
7134 managed by a health care professional licensed in Virginia or as permitted in subsection E.

7135 4. Airborne infectious disease in a communicable state that requires isolation of the individual or
7136 requires special precautions by the caretaker to prevent transmission of the disease, including diseases
7137 such as tuberculosis and excluding infections such as the common cold.

7138 5. Psychotropic medications without appropriate diagnosis and treatment plans.

7139 6. Nasogastric tubes.

7140 7. Gastric tubes except when the individual is capable of independently feeding himself and caring
7141 for the tube or as permitted in subsection E.

7142 8. An imminent physical threat or danger to self or others is presented by the individual.

7143 9. Continuous licensed nursing care (seven-days-a-week, 24-hours-a-day) is required by the
7144 individual.

7145 10. Placement is no longer appropriate as certified by the individual's physician.

7146 11. Maximum physical assistance is required by the individual as documented by the uniform
7147 assessment instrument and the individual meets Medicaid nursing facility level-of-care criteria as defined
7148 in the State Plan for Medical Assistance, unless the individual's independent physician determines
7149 otherwise. Maximum physical assistance means that an individual has a rating of total dependence in
7150 four or more of the seven activities of daily living as documented on the uniform assessment instrument.

7151 12. The assisted living facility determines that it cannot meet the individual's physical or mental
7152 health care needs.

7153 13. Other medical and functional care needs that the Board determines cannot be met properly in an
7154 assisted living facility.

7155 E. Except for auxiliary grant recipients, at the request of the resident in an assisted living facility and
7156 when his independent physician determines that it is appropriate, (i) care for the conditions or care needs
7157 defined in subdivisions D 3 and D 7 may be provided to the resident by a licensed physician, a licensed
7158 nurse or a nurse holding a multistate licensure privilege under a physician's treatment plan, or a home
7159 care organization licensed in Virginia or (ii) care for the conditions or care needs defined in subdivision
7160 D 7 may also be provided to the resident by facility staff if the care is delivered in accordance with the
7161 regulations of the Board of Nursing for delegation by a registered nurse, 18 VAC 90-20-420 et seq.

7162 The Board shall adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection.

7163 F. In adopting regulations pursuant to subsections A, B, C and D, and E the Board shall consult with
7164 the Departments of Health and ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral
7165 Health and Developmental Services.