089396652 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 2468** 2 Offered January 14, 2009 3 Prefiled January 14, 2009 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-250.1, 18.2-251, and 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating 5 to expungement of deferred and dismissed marijuana charges. 6 Patron-Morgan 7 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 18.2-250.1, 18.2-251, and 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 11 12 as follows: 13 § 18.2-250.1. Possession of marijuana unlawful. 14 A. It is unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess marijuana unless the substance 15 was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in 16 the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.). 17 Upon the prosecution of a person for violation of this section, ownership or occupancy of the 18 19 premises or vehicle upon or in which marijuana was found shall not create a presumption that such 20 person either knowingly or intentionally possessed such marijuana. 21 Any person who violates this section shall be is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be confined punished by confinement in jail for not more than thirty 30 days and a fine of not more than \$500, 22 23 either or both; any person, upon a second or subsequent conviction of a violation of this section, shall 24 be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A conviction under this section is eligible for expungement 25 pursuant to § 19.2-392.2. 26 B. The provisions of this section shall not apply to members of state, federal, county, city or town 27 law-enforcement agencies, jail officers, or correctional officers, as defined in § 53.1-1, certified as 28 handlers of dogs trained in the detection of controlled substances when possession of marijuana is 29 necessary for the performance of their duties. 30 § 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions; substance 31 abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests; costs and fees; 32 violations: discharge. 33 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or 34 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, 35 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to 36 37 possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250 or to possession of marijuana under § 18.2-250.1, 38 the court, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without 39 entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and 40 place him on probation upon terms and conditions. 41 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment 42 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or § 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or education program or services, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the 43 accused based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The program or services may be 44 45 located in the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court 46 may provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, by a similar program which is made available 47 through the Department of Corrections, (ii) a local community-based probation services agency 48 49 established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP. 50 The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay 51 all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and 52 treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be 53 indigent. As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (i) to successfully complete treatment 54 55 or education program or services, (ii) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused 56 57 is drug and alcohol free, (iii) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (iv) to 58 comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of

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59 community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising 60 probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

The court shall, unless done at arrest, order the accused to report to the original arresting 61 62 law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

63 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as 64 otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person 65 and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying this section in subsequent 66 proceedings. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall also be eligible for expungement pursuant 67 to § 19.2-392.2. 68

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on 69 70 probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction for purposes of §§ 18.2-259.1, 22.1-315 and 46.2-390.1, and the driver's license forfeiture provisions of 71 those sections shall be imposed. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense 72 for which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same 73 74 offense. 75

§ 19.2-392.2. Expungement of police and court records.

A. If a person is charged with the commission of a crime or any offense defined in Title 18.2, and

1. Is acquitted, or

78 2. A nolle prosequi is taken or the charge is otherwise dismissed, including dismissal by accord and 79 satisfaction pursuant to § 19.2-151, he may file a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting 80 expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge.

A1. Any person who (i) was convicted of a violation of § 18.2-250.1 or (ii) has had a charge of possession of marijuana in violation of § 18.2-250.1 discharged and dismissed in accordance with the 81 82 provisions of § 18.2-251, more than 10 years prior to his petition for expungement, may file a petition 83 setting forth the relevant facts and requesting expungement of the police records and the court records 84 85 relating to the charge, or the charge and conviction. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall 86 maintain a record of an expungement under this subsection, to be made available to any attorney for 87 the Commonwealth upon request.

88 B. If any person whose name or other identification has been used without his consent or 89 authorization by another person who has been charged or arrested using such name or identification, he 90 may file a petition with the court disposing of the charge for relief pursuant to this section.

91 C. The petition with a copy of the warrant or indictment if reasonably available shall be filed in the 92 circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of by acquittal or being otherwise 93 dismissed and shall contain, except where not reasonably available, the date of arrest and the name of the arresting agency. Where this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the 94 95 reason for such unavailability. The petition shall further state the specific criminal charge to be expunged, the date of final disposition of the charge as set forth in the petition, the petitioner's date of 96 97 birth, and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of arrest.

98 D. A copy of the petition shall be served on the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or 99 county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or 100 answer to the petition within 21 days after it is served on him.

101 E. The petitioner shall obtain from a law-enforcement agency one complete set of the petitioner's 102 fingerprints and shall provide that agency with a copy of the petition for expungement. The law-enforcement agency shall submit the set of fingerprints to the Central Criminal Records Exchange 103 (CCRE) with a copy of the petition for expungement attached. The CCRE shall forward under seal to 104 105 the court a copy of the petitioner's criminal history, a copy of the source documents that resulted in the CCRE entry that the petitioner wishes to expunge, and the set of fingerprints. Upon completion of the 106 107 hearing, the court shall return the fingerprint card to the petitioner.

108 F. After receiving the criminal history record information from the CCRE, the court shall conduct a 109 hearing on the petition. If the court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of 110 information relating to the arrest of the petitioner causes or may cause circumstances which constitute a 111 manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring the expungement of the police and 112 court records, including electronic records, relating to the charge and communicate the order to the 113 Department of Criminal Justice Services. Otherwise, it shall deny the petition. However, if the petitioner has no prior criminal record and the arrest was for a misdemeanor violation, the petitioner shall be 114 115 entitled, in the absence of good cause shown to the contrary by the Commonwealth, to expungement of 116 the police and court records relating to the charge, and the court shall enter an order of expungement.

117 G. The Commonwealth shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases. 118

119 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when the charge is dismissed because the 120 court finds that the person arrested or charged is not the person named in the summons, warrant, indictment or presentment, the court dismissing the charge shall, upon motion of the person improperly
arrested or charged, enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the
charge. Such order shall contain a statement that the dismissal and expungement are ordered pursuant to
this subsection. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K hereof.

125 I. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when a person has been granted an absolute 126 pardon for the commission of a crime that he did not commit, he may file in the circuit court of the 127 county or city in which the conviction occurred a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting 128 expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge and conviction, and the 129 court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge 130 and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this 131 subsection. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K hereof.

J. Upon receiving a copy of a writ vacating a conviction pursuant to § 19.2-327.5 or 19.2-327.13, the court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this subsection. Upon the entry of the order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K hereof.

K. Upon the entry of an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Department of State Police, which shall, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134, direct the manner by which the appropriate expungement or removal of such records shall be effected. Any person whose criminal records are expunged may lawfully reply to any inquiry regarding his criminal record that he has not been charged with or convicted of the criminal offense that was the subject of the expungement.

142 L. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275, but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth.

143 M. Any order entered where (i) the court or parties failed to strictly comply with the procedures set 144 forth in this section or (ii) the court enters an order of expungement contrary to law, shall be voidable 145 upon motion and notice made within three years of the entry of such order.