## **2009 SESSION**

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## **HOUSE BILL NO. 2364**

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources

on January 28, 2009)

(Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Gilbert and Athey [HB 2321])

A BILL to amend and reenact § 3.2-6540 of the Code of Virginia, relating to restitution for damages resulting from injury by dangerous or vicious dog.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That § 3.2-6540 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10

§ 3.2-6540. Control of dangerous or vicious dogs; penalties.

11 A. As used in this section:

"Dangerous dog" means a canine or canine crossbreed that has bitten, attacked, or inflicted injury on 12 13 a person or companion animal that is a dog or cat, or killed a companion animal that is a dog or cat. When a dog attacks or bites a companion animal that is a dog or cat, the attacking or biting dog shall 14 15 not be deemed dangerous: (i) if no serious physical injury as determined by a licensed veterinarian has occurred to the dog or cat as a result of the attack or bite; (ii) if both animals are owned by the same 16 17 person; (iii) if such attack occurs on the property of the attacking or biting dog's owner or custodian; or (iv) for other good cause as determined by the court. No dog shall be found to be a dangerous dog as a 18 result of biting, attacking, or inflicting injury on a dog or cat while engaged with an owner or custodian 19 20 as part of lawful hunting or participating in an organized, lawful dog handling event. No dog that has bitten, attacked, or inflicted injury on a person shall be found to be a dangerous dog if the court determines, based on the totality of the evidence before it, that the dog is not dangerous or a threat to 21 22 23 the community.

24 "Vicious dog" means a canine or canine crossbreed that has: (i) killed a person; (ii) inflicted serious 25 injury to a person, including multiple bites, serious disfigurement, serious impairment of health, or serious impairment of a bodily function; or (iii) continued to exhibit the behavior that resulted in a 26 previous finding by a court or, on or before July 1, 2006, by an animal control officer as authorized by 27 28 ordinance, that it is a dangerous dog, provided that its owner has been given notice of that finding.

29 B. Any law-enforcement officer or animal control officer who has reason to believe that a canine or 30 canine crossbreed within his jurisdiction is a dangerous dog or vicious dog shall apply to a magistrate 31 serving the jurisdiction for the issuance of a summons requiring the owner or custodian, if known, to 32 appear before a general district court at a specified time. The summons shall advise the owner of the 33 nature of the proceeding and the matters at issue. If a law-enforcement officer successfully makes an 34 application for the issuance of a summons, he shall contact the local animal control officer and inform 35 him of the location of the dog and the relevant facts pertaining to his belief that the dog is dangerous or 36 vicious. The animal control officer shall confine the animal until such time as evidence shall be heard 37 and a verdict rendered. If the animal control officer determines that the owner or custodian can confine 38 the animal in a manner that protects the public safety, he may permit the owner or custodian to confine 39 the animal until such time as evidence shall be heard and a verdict rendered. The court, through its 40 contempt powers, may compel the owner, custodian or harborer of the animal to produce the animal. If, 41 after hearing the evidence, the court finds that the animal is a dangerous dog, the court shall order the 42 animal's owner to comply with the provisions of this section. If, after hearing the evidence, the court 43 finds that the animal is a vicious dog, the court shall order the animal euthanized in accordance with the 44 provisions of § 3.2-6562. The court, upon finding the animal to be a dangerous or vicious dog, may order the owner, custodian, or harborer thereof to pay restitution for actual damages to any person 45 injured by the animal or whose companion animal was injured or killed by the animal. The procedure 46 47 for appeal and trial shall be the same as provided by law for misdemeanors. Trial by jury shall be as **48** provided in Article 4 (§ 19.2-260 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 19.2. The Commonwealth shall be 49 required to prove its case beyond a reasonable doubt.

50 C. No canine or canine crossbreed shall be found to be a dangerous dog or vicious dog solely 51 because it is a particular breed, nor is the ownership of a particular breed of canine or canine crossbreed prohibited. No animal shall be found to be a dangerous dog or vicious dog if the threat, injury or 52 53 damage was sustained by a person who was: (i) committing, at the time, a crime upon the premises 54 occupied by the animal's owner or custodian; (ii) committing, at the time, a willful trespass upon the 55 premises occupied by the animal's owner or custodian; or (iii) provoking, tormenting, or physically abusing the animal, or can be shown to have repeatedly provoked, tormented, abused, or assaulted the 56 animal at other times. No police dog that was engaged in the performance of its duties as such at the 57 time of the acts complained of shall be found to be a dangerous dog or a vicious dog. No animal that, 58 59 at the time of the acts complained of, was responding to pain or injury, or was protecting itself, its

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60 kennel, its offspring, a person, or its owner's or custodian's property, shall be found to be a dangerous 61 dog or a vicious dog.

62 D. If the owner of an animal found to be a dangerous dog is a minor, the custodial parent or legal 63 guardian shall be responsible for complying with all requirements of this section.

64 E. The owner of any animal found to be a dangerous dog shall, within 10 days of such finding, 65 obtain a dangerous dog registration certificate from the local animal control officer or treasurer for a fee 66 of \$50, in addition to other fees that may be authorized by law. The local animal control officer or treasurer shall also provide the owner with a uniformly designed tag that identifies the animal as a 67 dangerous dog. The owner shall affix the tag to the animal's collar and ensure that the animal wears the 68 collar and tag at all times. All certificates obtained pursuant to this subsection shall be renewed annually 69 for the same fee and in the same manner as the initial certificate was obtained. The animal control 70 officer shall provide a copy of the dangerous dog registration certificate and verification of compliance 71 72 to the State Veterinarian.

73 F. All dangerous dog registration certificates or renewals thereof required to be obtained under this 74 section shall only be issued to persons 18 years of age or older who present satisfactory evidence: (i) of 75 the animal's current rabies vaccination, if applicable; (ii) that the animal has been neutered or spayed; and (iii) that the animal is and will be confined in a proper enclosure or is and will be confined inside 76 the owner's residence or is and will be muzzled and confined in the owner's fenced-in yard until the 77 78 proper enclosure is constructed. In addition, owners who apply for certificates or renewals thereof under 79 this section shall not be issued a certificate or renewal thereof unless they present satisfactory evidence 80 that: (i) their residence is and will continue to be posted with clearly visible signs warning both minors and adults of the presence of a dangerous dog on the property; and (ii) the animal has been permanently 81 identified by means of a tattoo on the inside thigh or by electronic implantation. All certificates or 82 83 renewals thereof required to be obtained under this section shall only be issued to persons who present 84 satisfactory evidence that the owner has liability insurance coverage, to the value of at least \$100,000, that covers animal bites. The owner may obtain and maintain a bond in surety, in lieu of liability 85 86 insurance, to the value of at least \$100,000.

87 G. While on the property of its owner, an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall be confined 88 indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked structure of sufficient height and design to prevent its 89 escape or direct contact with or entry by minors, adults, or other animals. The structure shall be 90 designed to provide the animal with shelter from the elements of nature. When off its owner's property, 91 an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall be kept on a leash and muzzled in such a manner as not to 92 cause injury to the animal or interfere with the animal's vision or respiration, but so as to prevent it 93 from biting a person or another animal.

94 H. The owner of any dog found to be dangerous shall register the animal with the Commonwealth of 95 Virginia Dangerous Dog Registry, as established under § 3.2-6542, within 45 days of such a finding by any appropriate court. 96

97 The owner shall also cause the local animal control officer to be promptly notified of: (i) the names, 98 addresses, and telephone numbers of all owners; (ii) all of the means necessary to locate the owner and 99 the dog at any time; (iii) any complaints or incidents of attack by the dog upon any person or cat or 100 dog; (iv) any claims made or lawsuits brought as a result of any attack; (v) tattoo or chip identification 101 information or both; (vi) proof of insurance or surety bond; and (vii) the death of the dog.

102 I. After an animal has been found to be a dangerous dog, the animal's owner shall immediately, upon learning of same, cause the local animal control authority to be notified if the animal: (i) is loose or 103 104 unconfined; or (ii) bites a person or attacks another animal; or (iii) is sold, given away, or dies. Any 105 owner of a dangerous dog who relocates to a new address shall, within 10 days of relocating, provide written notice to the appropriate local animal control authority for the old address from which the 106 107 animal has moved and the new address to which the animal has been moved. 108

J. Any owner or custodian of a canine or canine crossbreed or other animal is guilty of a:

109 1. Class 2 misdemeanor if the canine or canine crossbreed previously declared a dangerous dog 110 pursuant to this section, when such declaration arose out of a separate and distinct incident, attacks and 111 injures or kills a cat or dog that is a companion animal belonging to another person;

112 2. Class 1 misdemeanor if the canine or canine crossbreed previously declared a dangerous dog pursuant to this section, when such declaration arose out of a separate and distinct incident, bites a 113 114 human being or attacks a human being causing bodily injury; or

115 3. Class 6 felony if any owner or custodian whose willful act or omission in the care, control, or 116 containment of a canine, canine crossbreed, or other animal is so gross, wanton, and culpable as to show 117 a reckless disregard for human life, and is the proximate cause of such dog or other animal attacking and causing serious bodily injury to any person. 118

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any animal that, at the time of the acts 119 120 complained of, was responding to pain or injury, or was protecting itself, its kennel, its offspring, a person, or its owner's or custodian's property, or when the animal is a police dog that is engaged in the 121

122 performance of its duties at the time of the attack.

123 K. The owner of any animal that has been found to be a dangerous dog who willfully fails to 124 comply with the requirements of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

L. All fees collected pursuant to this section, less the costs incurred by the animal control authority
in producing and distributing the certificates and tags required by this section, shall be paid into a
special dedicated fund in the treasury of the locality for the purpose of paying the expenses of any
training course required under § 3.2-6556.

129 M. The governing body of any locality may enact an ordinance parallel to this statute regulating 130 dangerous and vicious dogs. No locality may impose a felony penalty for violation of such ordinances.