090110802 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 2105** 2 Offered January 14, 2009 3 Prefiled January 13, 2009 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1, 56-585.2, 56-594, and 56-599 of the Code of Virginia and to 5 amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-234.2:1, relating to the regulation of 6 electric utilities in the Commonwealth. 7 Patrons-McClellan and Bulova 8 9 Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11 1. That §§ 56-585.1, 56-585.2, 56-594, and 56-599 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 12 reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 56-234.2:1 as 13 14 follows: 15 § 56-234.2:1. Electric utilities to offer real-time rates. 16 A. The Commission shall adopt regulations pursuant to its rules of practice and procedure that require each public utility providing electric service in the Commonwealth to offer electric service to 17 customers in each customer class under a tariff that utilizes rates that vary in real time in accordance 18 with changes in the utility's costs of providing electricity throughout each day. Such real-time variable 19 20 rates shall be offered in a manner that permits customers taking service under such tariff to receive 21 information signals that allow the customers to shift or curtail their usage in response to variations in 22 rates that correspond to changes in the utility's cost of generating or purchasing electric power, as such 23 costs vary as a result of such factors as changes in system demand levels and generation and 24 transmission constraints. Such tariff shall be in addition to any other tariff currently offered by the 25 utility. 26 B. The Commission shall ensure that any such rate or charge (i) is in the public interest, (ii) will not 27 unreasonably prejudice or disadvantage any customer or class of customers, (iii) will not jeopardize the 28 continuation of reliable electric service, and (iv) does not penalize customers taking service under such 29 tariff for a permissible use of utility services. 30 C. Within 90 days following the effective date of the regulations adopted pursuant to subsection A, 31 each public utility providing electric service in the Commonwealth shall submit a plan setting forth how the utility will comply with the regulations. Such regulations may require utilities to offer service under 32 33 such tariff initially as a pilot program in limited areas or to a limited number of customers. The 34 Commission shall, after notice and the opportunity for hearing, determine whether a utility's plan 35 complies with the regulations. If the utility's plan complies with the regulations, the utility shall offer 36 electric service at such rates and upon such terms and conditions to eligible customers. Eligible 37 customers shall have the option to purchase electric service under such tariff, but shall not be precluded 38 from receiving electric service under any other approved rate, toll, charge, or schedule. 39 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or expire. 40 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 41 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, 42 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title, except as 43 44 modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common 45 equity applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission 46 may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such 47 return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities 48 and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by 49 not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return 50 51 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 52 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 53 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 54 55 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 56 57 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 58 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to

59 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 60 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 61 62 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 63 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 64 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 65 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 66 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 67 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 68 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer 69 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 70 71 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 72 73 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution 74 and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 75 provisions:

1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 76 77 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall 78 utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission 79 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive 80 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings 81 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 82 83 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 84 85 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a 86 Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

87 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
88 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
89 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

97 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall 98 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of 99 the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 100 101 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an 102 103 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 104 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 105 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose 106 107 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal 108 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 109 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not 110 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

c. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points
based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as
compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such
purposes, such action being referred to in this section as a Performance Incentive. If the Commission
adopts such Performance Incentive, it shall remain in effect without change until the next biennial
review for such utility is concluded and shall not be modified pursuant to any provision of the

d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has
 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a
 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers

121 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 122 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 123 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 124 125 be made without regard to any Performance Incentive adopted by the Commission, or any enhanced rate 126 of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional 127 analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration of overall economic conditions, the level of 128 interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric 129 utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of goods and services, the effect on the 130 utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were 131 utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem 132 relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that use of the Current Return for the 133 Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by 134 subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, 135 for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the 136 increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all 137 urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States 138 Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. For 139 purposes of this subdivision:

140 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
141 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
142 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
143 Return for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

146 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
147 by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
148 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

152 f. The determination of such returns, including the determination of whether to adopt a Performance 153 Incentive and the amount thereof, shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and 154 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to 155 facilities described in subdivision 6.

g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by both the generation and distribution
services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined, such combined
return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

162 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011, 163 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 164 applications (20 VAC 5-200-30); however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial 165 reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, then Phase I utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and Phase II utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two 166 167 successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately 168 and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines 169 170 that rates should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any 171 rate adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5 or those related to 172 facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with 173 the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate 174 adjustment clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's 175 costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate 176 revisions or credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as 177 herein specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments 178 for the purposes of future biennial review proceedings.

4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy

182 Regulatory Commission and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response 183 programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 184 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the 185 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 186 187 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 188 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be 189 recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 190 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

191 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
192 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
193 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of
§ 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that
comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

199 b. Projected and actual costs of *designing and operating*, and providing incentives for the utility to 200 design and operate, fair and effective demand-management, conservation, energy efficiency, and load 201 management programs; however, the costs of a demand response program approved by the Federal 202 Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility 203 is a member shall not be recoverable under this subdivision if they are recoverable under subdivision 4. 204 The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest and that the need for the incentives is demonstrated with reasonable certainty; provided that the Commission 205 206 shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable. If the Commission determines it would 207 be just, reasonable, and in the public interest, the Commission may include the enhanced rate of return 208 on common equity prescribed in subdivision 6 in a rate adjustment clause approved hereunder on 209 capital invested in any energy efficiency program that reduces the need for generation. As used in this 210 section, "energy efficiency program" includes the acquisition, testing, and deployment of advanced metering infrastructure, and "advanced metering infrastructure" includes (i) advanced electric meters 211 212 that are capable of measuring and recording usage data hourly or at other specified intervals and that 213 provide for communication between the customer and the electric utility and (ii) associated hardware 214 and software used to measure, collect, and analyze energy usage from such meters. In the event the 215 Commission includes such enhanced return on an energy efficiency program in such rate adjustment 216 clause, the program shall be treated as an energy efficiency program described in subdivision 6 for the 217 purposes of this section;

c. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2; and

222 d. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with 223 state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the 224 utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs 225 are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations. If the Commission determines it 226 would be just, reasonable, and in the public interest, the Commission may include the enhanced rate of 227 return on common equity prescribed in subdivision 6 in a rate adjustment clause approved hereunder for 228 a project whose purpose is to reduce the need for construction of new generation facilities by enabling 229 the continued operation of existing generation facilities. In the event the Commission includes such 230 enhanced return in such rate adjustment clause, the project that is the subject of such clause shall be 231 treated as a facility described in subdivision 6 for the purposes of this section.

The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

234 6. To ensure a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the utility's projected native load 235 obligations, and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, after the expiration or 236 termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for 237 recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation 238 facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth, as 239 described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's 240 service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, or (iii) one or more major unit modifications of generation facilities, or (iv) investments in energy efficiency programs; however, such a 241 242 petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in 243 clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I utility, or facilities described in clause (i) 244 may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility that constructs any such 245 facility, or makes such a program investment, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility or 246 investment, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in 247 progress, and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, deployment, 248 development and construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, 249 plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated 250 as specified below. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress 251 and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date the facility 252 begins commercial operation. Investments of capital in an energy efficiency program shall not be 253 recovered prior to the date the program is implemented. Such enhanced rate of return on common 254 equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during construction and to construction work in 255 progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility, 256 or energy efficiency program investment, during the first portion of the service life of the facility or program investment. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; 257 however, the Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any 258 259 facility or program investment, within the range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how 260 critical the facility or program investment may be in meeting the energy needs of the citizens of the 261 Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility or the implementation of the 262 263 program. After the first portion of the service life of the facility or program investment is concluded, 264 the utility's general rate of return shall be applied to such facility or program investment for the 265 remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on 266 the date the facility begins commercial operation, or in the case of an investment in an energy efficiency 267 program, when the program's implementation commences, and such service life shall be deemed equal in 268 years to the life of that facility or program investment as used to calculate the utility's depreciation 269 expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the basis points 270 specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall 271 apply only to the facility or program investment that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. No change shall be made to any Performance Incentive previously adopted by the Commission in 272 273 implementing any rate of return under this subdivision. Allowance for funds used during construction 274 shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of 275 capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this 276 subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any 277 facility described in clause (i) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such 278 facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on common equity, and the 279 280 first portion of that facility's or program investment's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility or program investment, as specified in the following table: 281 Basis Points First Portion of Service Life 202 Type of Generation Facility

202	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	FIRST PORTION OF Service Life
283	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
284	Carbon capture compatible,		
285	clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
286	Renewable powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
287	Conventional coal or combined-		
288	cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years
289	Energy efficiency program	200	Between 3 and 7 years

290 Generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines shall not 291 receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described herein, but instead shall receive the 292 utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the facility and, thereafter, for the entire 293 service life of the facility.

For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial review conducted for a Phase II utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or

305 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 306 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 307 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 308 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 309 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 310 subdivision.

311 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 312 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 313 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 314 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to clause (a) of 315 subdivision 5, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or 316 317 until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or 318 319 during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 320 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear 321 power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until 322 323 the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate 324 adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivisions 4, 5 or 6 shall be deferred beginning 325 326 only upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act 327 shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 328 329 61,012 (2004). The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5 or 330 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the 331 date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate 332 adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or 333 upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later. 334

8. If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

335 (i) The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 336 more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution 337 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 338 matters determined with respect to facilities or program investments described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 339 340 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 341 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 342 the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds 343 that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing 344 its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and 345 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 346 other matters determined with respect to facilities or program investments described in subdivision 6, 347 using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any 348 rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

349 (ii) The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 350 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 351 352 matters determined with respect to facilities or program investments described in subdivision 6, the 353 Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount of 354 such earnings that were more than 50 basis points above such fair combined rate of return for the test 355 period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to customers' bills. Any such 356 credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 357 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be allocated among 358 customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the 359 overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues 360 used to design base rates; or

(iii) Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during 361 362 the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in 363 364 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect to facilities or program investments described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the 365 366 provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in clause (ii) of this subdivision,

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367 also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission may not order 368 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 369 370 on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 371 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities or program investments 372 described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for 373 determining the permissibility of any rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount 374 thereof.

The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than nine
months after the end of the test period, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect
not more than 60 days after the date of the order.

378 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 379 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 380 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 381 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 382 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 383 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 384 points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as 385 determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined 386 with respect to facilities or program investments described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 387 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the 388 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 389 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 390 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 391 determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless 392 it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of 393 subdivision 8 are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test 394 period or periods under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points above such 395 fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of clauses (ii) 396 and (iii) of subdivision 8. Any such credits shall be amortized and allocated among customer classes in 397 the manner provided by clause (ii) of subdivision 8. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to clause (i) of
subdivision 8; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate
increase applications (20 VAC 5-200-30), as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009;
and (v) base rates in effect as of July 1, 2009.

410 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 411 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital 412 structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of 413 such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt 414 to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant 415 to clauses (i) and (iii) of subdivision 8, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 416 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 417 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 418 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 419 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 420 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 421 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any 422 consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 423 affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications (20 VAC 5-200-30); however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity
shall be determined pursuant to subdivision 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's

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428 recovery of fuel and purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

429 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the 430 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, 431 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the 432 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title, including specifically § 56-235.2.

433 D. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Commission from determining, during any proceeding 434 authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the 435 436 Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the 437 Commission's authority to determine the reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to 438 the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title.

439 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 440 the provisions of this section.

441 § 56-585.2. Sale of electricity from renewable sources through a renewable energy portfolio standard 442 program. 443

A. As used in this section:

444 "Renewable energy" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in § 56-576, provided such renewable 445 energy is (i) generated or purchased in the Commonwealth or in the interconnection region of the 446 regional transmission entity of which the participating utility is a member, as it may change from time 447 to time; (ii) generated by a public utility providing electric service in the Commonwealth from a facility 448 in which the public utility owns at least a 49 percent interest and that is located in a control area 449 adjacent to such interconnection region; or (iii) represented by certificates issued by an affiliate of such 450 regional transmission entity, or any successor to such affiliate, and held or acquired by such utility, which validate the generation of renewable energy by eligible sources in such region. "Renewable 451 452 energy" shall not include electricity generated from pumped storage, but shall include run-of-river generation from a combined pumped-storage and run-of-river facility. 453

454 "Total electric energy sold in the base year" means total electric energy sold to Virginia jurisdictional 455 retail customers by a participating utility in calendar year 2007, excluding an amount equivalent to the 456 average of the annual percentages of the electric energy that was supplied to such customers from 457 nuclear generating plants for the calendar years 2004 through 2006.

458 B. Any investor-owned incumbent electric utility may apply to the Commission for approval to 459 participate in a renewable energy portfolio standard program, as defined in this section. The Commission 460 shall approve such application if the applicant demonstrates that it has a reasonable expectation of 461 achieving 12 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy sources during calendar year 2022, and 15 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy sources 462 463 during calendar year 2025, as provided in subsection D.

464 C. It is in the public interest for utilities to achieve the goals set forth in subsection D, such goals being referred to herein as "RPS Goals". Accordingly, the Commission, in addition to providing 465 recovery of incremental RPS program costs pursuant to subsection E, shall increase the fair combined 466 rate of return on common equity for each utility participating in such program by a single Performance 467 Incentive, as defined in subdivision A 2 of § 56-585.1, of 50 basis points whenever the utility attains an 468 RPS Goal established in subsection D. Such Performance Incentive shall first be used in the calculation 469 470 of a fair combined rate of return for the purposes of the immediately succeeding biennial review conducted pursuant to § 56-585.1 after any such RPS Goal is attained, and shall remain in effect if the 471 472 utility continues to meet the RPS Goals established in this section through and including the third 473 succeeding biennial review conducted thereafter. Any such Performance Incentive, if implemented, shall 474 be in lieu of any other Performance Incentive reducing or increasing such utility's fair combined rate of 475 return on common equity for the same time periods. However, if the utility receives any other 476 Performance Incentive increasing its fair combined rate of return on common equity by more than 50 477 basis points, the utility shall be entitled to such other Performance Incentive in lieu of this Performance 478 Incentive during the term of such other Performance Incentive. A utility shall receive double credit 479 toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from sunlight or from wind.

480 D. To qualify for the Performance Incentive established in subsection C, the total electric energy sold 481 by a utility to meet the RPS Goals shall be composed of the following amounts of electric energy from 482 renewable energy sources, as adjusted for any sales volumes lost through operation of the customer choice provisions of subdivision A 3 or A 4 of § 56-577: 483 484

RPS Goal I: In calendar year 2010, 4 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year.

RPS Goal II: For calendar years 2011 through 2015, inclusive, an average of 4 percent of total 485 486 electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2016, 7 percent of total electric energy sold in 487 the base year.

488 RPS Goal III: For calendar years 2017 through 2021, inclusive, an average of 7 percent of total 489 electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2022, 12 percent of total electric energy sold

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490 in the base year.

491 RPS Goal IV: For calendar years 2023 and 2024, an average of 12 percent of total electric energy 492 sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2025, 15 percent of total electric energy sold in the base 493 vear.

494 A utility may apply renewable energy sales achieved or renewable energy certificates acquired during 495 the periods covered by any such RPS Goal that are in excess of the sales requirement for that RPS Goal 496 to the sales requirements for any future RPS Goal.

497 E. A utility participating in such program shall have the right to recover all incremental costs 498 incurred for the purpose of such participation in such program, as accrued against income, through rate 499 adjustment clauses as provided in subdivisions A 5 and A 6 of § 56-585.1, including, but not limited to, 500 administrative costs, ancillary costs, capacity costs, costs of energy represented by certificates described in subsection A, and, in the case of construction of renewable energy generation facilities, allowance for 501 502 funds used during construction until such time as an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to 503 subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1, on construction work in progress is included in rates, projected 504 construction work in progress, planning, development and construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs 505 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to 506 subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1. All incremental costs of the RPS program shall be allocated to and 507 recovered from the utility's customer classes based on the demand created by the class and within the 508 class based on energy used by the individual customer in the class, except that the incremental costs of 509 the RPS program shall not be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large 510 industrial rate classes of the participating utilities and that are served at primary or transmission voltage.

511 F. A utility participating in such program shall apply towards meeting its RPS Goals any renewable 512 energy from existing renewable energy sources owned by the participating utility or purchased as 513 allowed by contract at no additional cost to customers to the extent feasible. A utility participating in 514 such program shall not apply towards meeting its RPS Goals renewable energy certificates attributable to 515 any renewable energy generated at a renewable energy generation source in operation as of July 1, 2007, 516 that is operated by a person that is served within a utility's large industrial rate class and that is served 517 at primary or transmission voltage. A participating utility shall be required to fulfill any remaining 518 deficit needed to fulfill its RPS Goals from new renewable energy supplies at reasonable cost and in a 519 prudent manner to be determined by the Commission at the time of approval of any application made 520 pursuant to subsection B. Utilities participating in such program shall collectively, either through the 521 installation of new generating facilities, through retrofit of existing facilities or through purchases of 522 electricity from new facilities located in Virginia, use or cause to be used no more than a total of 1.5 523 million tons per year of green wood chips, bark, sawdust, a tree or any portion of a tree which is used 524 or can be used for lumber and pulp manufacturing by facilities located in Virginia, towards meeting 525 RPS goals, excluding such fuel used at electric generating facilities using wood as fuel prior to January 526 1, 2007. A utility with an approved application shall be allocated a portion of the 1.5 million tons per 527 year in proportion to its share of the total electric energy sold in the base year, as defined in subsection 528 A, for all utilities participating in the RPS program. A utility may use in meeting RPS goals, without 529 limitation, the following sustainable biomass and biomass based waste to energy resources: mill residue, 530 except wood chips, sawdust and bark; pre-commercial soft wood thinning; slash; logging and 531 construction debris; brush; yard waste; shipping crates; dunnage; non-merchantable waste paper; 532 landscape or right-of-way tree trimmings; agricultural and vineyard materials; grain; legumes; sugar; and 533 gas produced from the anaerobic decomposition of animal waste.

534 G. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 535 the provisions of this section including a requirement that participants verify whether the RPS goals are 536 met in accordance with this section.

537 H. Each investor-owned incumbent electric utility shall report to the Commission annually by 538 November 1 on (i) its efforts, if any, to meet the RPS Goals, (ii) its overall generation of renewable 539 energy, and (iii) advances in renewable generation technology that affect activities described in clauses 540 (i) and (ii). 541

§ 56-594. Net energy metering provisions.

542 A. The Commission shall establish by regulation a program, to begin no later than July 1, 2000, 543 which affords eligible customer-generators the opportunity to participate in net energy metering. The 544 regulations may include, but need not be limited to, requirements for (i) retail sellers; (ii) owners and/or 545 operators of distribution or transmission facilities; (iii) providers of default electric service providers; 546 (iv) eligible customer-generators; or (v) any combination of the foregoing, as the Commission 547 determines will facilitate the provision of net energy metering, provided that the Commission determines 548 that such requirements do not adversely affect the public interest.

549 B. For the purpose of this section:

"Electric service provider" means an investor-owned electric utility or a cooperative. 550

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551 "Eligible customer-generator" means a customer that owns and operates, or contracts with other 552 persons to own, operate, or both, an electrical generating facility that (i) has a capacity of not more than 553 10 kilowatts for residential customers and 500 kilowatts for nonresidential customers; (ii) uses as its 554 total source of fuel renewable energy, as defined in § 56-576; (iii) is located on the customer's premises 555 and is connected to the customer's wiring on the customer's side of its interconnection with the 556 distributor; (iv) is interconnected and operated in parallel with an electric company's transmission and 557 distribution facilities; and (v) is intended primarily to offset all or part of the customer's own electricity 558 requirements.

559 "Net energy metering" means measuring the difference, over the net metering period, between (i) 560 electricity supplied to an eligible customer-generator from the electric grid and (ii) the electricity generated and fed back to the electric grid by the eligible customer-generator. 561

"Net metering period" means the 12-month period following the date of final interconnection of the 562 563 eligible customer-generator's system with an electric service provider, and each 12-month period 564 thereafter.

C. The Commission's regulations shall ensure that the metering equipment installed for net metering 565 566 shall be capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions, and shall allocate fairly the cost of such equipment and any necessary interconnection. An eligible customer-generator's electrical 567 generating system shall meet all applicable safety and performance standards established by the National 568 569 Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and accredited testing laboratories 570 such as Underwriters Laboratories. Beyond the requirements set forth in this section, an eligible 571 customer-generator whose electrical generating system meets those standards and rules shall bear the 572 reasonable cost, if any, as determined by the Commission, to (i) install additional controls, (ii) perform 573 or pay for additional tests, or (iii) purchase additional liability insurance.

D. The Commission shall establish minimum requirements for contracts to be entered into by the 574 parties to net metering arrangements. Such requirements shall protect the customer-generator against 575 576 discrimination by virtue of its status as a customer-generator.

E. If electricity generated by an eligible customer-generator over the net metering period exceeds the 577 578 electricity consumed by the customer-generator, the customer-generator shall be compensated for the 579 excess electricity if the entity contracting to receive such electric energy and the customer-generator 580 enter into a power purchase agreement for such excess electricity. If the eligible customer-generator 581 receives generation service from a default an electric service provider, the default electric service 582 provider, upon the written request of the customer-generator, shall enter into a power purchase 583 agreement with the requesting eligible customer-generator that is consistent with the minimum **584** requirements for contracts established by the Commission pursuant to subsection D. The power purchase 585 agreement shall obligate the default *electric* service provider to purchase such excess electricity at the 586 rate that is provided for such purchases in a net metering standard contract or tariff approved by the 587 Commission, unless the parties agree to a higher rate; however, the customer-generator shall be 588 compensated at an amount that is at least equal to the rate charged by the electric service provider for 589 electric energy provided 100 percent from renewable energy under an approved tariff as provided in 590 subdivision A 5 of § 56-577. The net metering standard contract or tariff shall be available to eligible 591 customer-generators on a first-come, first-served basis in each electric distribution company's Virginia 592 service area until the rated generating capacity owned and operated by eligible customer-generators in 593 the state reaches one percent of each electric distribution company's adjusted Virginia peak-load forecast 594 for the previous year, and shall require the default service provider to pay the eligible customer-generator for such excess electricity in a timely manner at a rate to be established by the 595 596 Commission. 597

§ 56-599. Integrated resource plan required.

598 A. Not later than December 31, 2008, the Commission shall order each electric utility to develop an 599 integrated resource plan. The order may establish guidelines for developing an IRP.

600 B. By September 1, 2009, each electric utility shall file an initial integrated resource plan with the 601 Commission, which plan shall comply with the provisions of the order of the Commission issued 602 pursuant to subsection A.

603 C. Each electric utility shall file an updated integrated resource plan at least every two years **604** thereafter, which plan shall comply with the provisions of any relevant order of the Commission 605 establishing guidelines for the format and contents of updated and revised integrated resource plans.

D. In preparing an integrated resource plan, each electric utility shall systematically evaluate, and 606 607 may propose:

608 1. Entering into short-term and long-term electric power purchase contracts;

609 2. Owning and operating electric power generation facilities;

- 610 3. Building new generation facilities;
- 4. Relying on purchases from the short term or spot markets; 611
- 612 5. Making investments in demand-side resources, including energy efficiency and demand-side

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613 management services;

6. Taking such other actions, as the Commission may approve, to diversify its generation supply 615 portfolio and ensure that the electric utility is able to implement an approved plan; and

616 7. The methods by which the electric utility proposes to acquire the supply and demand resources 617 identified in its proposed integrated resource plan.

E. The Commission shall analyze and review an integrated resource plan and, after giving notice and opportunity to be heard, the Commission shall make a determination as to whether an IRP is reasonable and is in the public interest.

F. In any proceeding before the Commission in which an electric utility seeks a certificate of public
convenience and necessity under Chapter 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seq.), or a permit or approval under
§ 56-46.1 or subsection D of § 56-580, the Commission shall determine whether the project or facility
for which the certificate, permit, or approval is sought is consistent with an integrated resource plan
filed by the electric utility that the Commission has determined, pursuant to subsection E, is reasonable
and is in the public interest.

627 2. That each investor-owned incumbent electric utility that received approval from the State 628 Corporation Commission of its application to participate in the renewable energy portfolio 629 standard program pursuant to § 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia prior to July 1, 2009, shall 630 update its application no later than July 1, 2011, to address its plan for meeting the RPS Goal IV, 631 as set out in subsection D of § 56-585.2, for sales in calendar year 2025 of 15 percent of total 632 electric energy sold in the base year. The temporal scope of any Commission proceeding relative to

633 an updated application filed pursuant to this enactment shall be limited to calendar years 2023,

634 2024, and 2025.