## **2009 SESSION**

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1778
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Transportation
4	on February 19, 2009)
5	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Athey)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 46.2-1569, 46.2-1571, and 46.2-1573 of the Code of Virginia, relating
7 8	to coercion of motor vehicle dealers by manufacturers, etc.; warranty obligations and sales
o 9	incentives; hearings and other remedies. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That §§ 46.2-1569, 46.2-1571, and 46.2-1573 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted
11	as follows:
12	§ 46.2-1569. Other coercion of dealers; transfer, grant, succession to and cancellation of dealer
13	franchises; delivery of vehicles, parts, and accessories.
14	Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, it shall be unlawful for any manufacturer,
15	factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, or any field representative, officer, agent, or their
16	representatives:
17	1. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to accept delivery of any motor vehicle or vehicles,
18 19	parts or accessories therefor, or any other commodities, which have not been ordered by the dealer. 2. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to enter into an agreement with the manufacturer,
<b>20</b>	factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, or representative thereof by threat to take or by taking
<b>2</b> 0 <b>2</b> 1	any action in violation of the chapter, or by any other act unfair or injurious to the dealer.
$\overline{22}$	2a. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to join, contribute to, or affiliate with any advertising
23	association.
24	2b. To coerce or require any dealer to establish in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle prices
25	at which the dealer must sell products or services not manufactured or distributed by the manufacturer,
26	factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, whether by agreement, program, incentive provision,
27 28	<i>or otherwise.</i> 3. To prevent or refuse to approve the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by the sale of
20 29	the business, stock transfer, or otherwise, or the transfer, sale, or assignment of a dealer franchise, or a
30	change in the executive management or principal operator of the dealership, unless the franchisor
31	provides written notice to the dealer of its objection and the reasons therefor by certified mail or
32	overnight delivery or other method designed to ensure delivery to the dealer at least thirty days prior to
33	the proposed effective date of the transfer, sale, assignment, or change. No such objection shall be
34	sufficient unless the failure to approve is reasonable. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection D of
35 36	§ 46.2-1573, the only grounds that may be considered reasonable for a failure to approve are that an individual who is the applicant or is in control of an entity that is an applicant (i) lacks good moral
30 37	character, (ii) lacks reasonable motor vehicle dealership management experience and qualifications, (iii)
38	lacks financial ability to be the dealer, or (iv) fails to meet the standards otherwise established by this
<b>39</b>	title to be a dealer. No such objection shall be effective to prevent the sale, transfer, assignment, or
40	change if the Commissioner has determined, if requested in writing by the dealer within thirty days after
41	receipt of an objection to the proposed sale, transfer, or change, and after a hearing on the matter, that
42	the failure to permit or honor the sale, transfer, assignment, or change is unreasonable under the
43	circumstances. No franchise may be sold, assigned, or transferred unless (i) the franchisor has been
44 45	given at least ninety days' prior written notice by the dealer as to the identity, financial ability, and qualifications of the proposed transferee on forms generally utilized by the franchisor to conduct its
<b>46</b>	review, as well as the full agreement for the proposed transaction, and (ii) the sale or transfer of the
47	franchise and business will not involve, without the franchisor's consent, a relocation of the business.
<b>48</b>	3a. To impose a condition on the approval of the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by
49	the sale of the business, stock transfer, or otherwise if the condition would violate the provisions of this
50	title if imposed on the existing dealer.
51 52	In the event the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch takes action to prevent
52 53	or refuse to approve the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by the sale of the business, stock transfer, or otherwise, or the transfer, sale or assignment of a dealer franchise, or a change in the
55 54	executive management or principal operator of the dealership, without a statement of specific grounds
55	for doing so that is consistent with subdivision 3 hereof or imposes a condition in violation of
56	subdivision 3a hereof, that shall constitute a violation of this section. The existing dealer may request
57	review of the action or imposition of the condition in a hearing by the Commissioner. If the
58	Commissioner finds that the action or the imposition of the condition was a violation of this section, the

Commissioner may order that the sale or transfer be approved by the manufacturer, factory branch,

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60 distributor, or distributor branch, without imposition of the condition. If the existing dealer does not request a hearing by the Commissioner concerning the action or the condition imposed by the 61 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, and the action or condition was the 62 63 proximate cause of the failure of the contract for the sale or transfer of ownership of the dealership, the 64 applicant for approval of the sale or transfer or the existing dealer, or both, may commence an action at law for violation of this section. The action may be commenced in the circuit court of the city or county 65 66 in which the dealer is located, or in any other circuit court with permissible venue, within two years following the action or the imposition of the condition by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, 67 or distributor branch for the damages suffered by the applicant or the dealer as a result of the violation 68 of this section by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, plus the applicant's 69 or dealer's reasonable attorney fees and costs of litigation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an exercise of 70 the right of first refusal by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch pursuant to 71 72 § 46.2-1569.1 shall not be considered the imposition of a condition prohibited by this section.

4. To grant an additional franchise for a particular line-make of motor vehicle in a relevant market 73 area in which a dealer or dealers in that line-make are already located unless the franchisor has first 74 75 advised in writing all other dealers in the line-make in the relevant market area. No such additional franchise may be established at the proposed site unless the Commissioner has determined, if requested 76 by a dealer of the same line-make in the relevant market area within thirty days after receipt of the 77 78 franchisor's notice of intention to establish the additional franchise, and after a hearing on the matter, 79 that there is reasonable evidence the franchisor can show by a preponderance of the evidence that after the grant of the new franchise, the *relevant* market area will support all of the dealers in that line-make 80 in the relevant market area. Establishing a franchised dealer in a relevant market area to replace a 81 franchised dealer that has not been in operation for more than two years shall constitute the 82 establishment of a new franchise subject to the terms of this subdivision. The two-year period for 83 84 replacing a franchised dealer shall begin on the day the franchise was terminated, or, if a termination 85 hearing was held, on the day the franchisor was legally permitted finally to terminate the franchise. The relocation of a franchise in a relevant market area, whether by an existing dealer or by a dealer who is 86 87 acquiring the franchise, shall constitute the establishment of a new franchise subject to the terms of this subdivision. This subdivision shall not apply to (i) the relocation of an existing dealer within that 88 89 dealer's relevant market area if the relocation site is to be more than ten miles distant from any other 90 dealer for the same line-make; (ii) the relocation of an existing dealer within that dealer's relevant market area if the relocation site is to be more distant than the existing site from all other dealers of the 91 same line-make in that relevant market area; or (iii) the relocation of an existing new motor vehicle 92 93 dealer within two miles of the existing site of the relocating dealer.

94 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision and notwithstanding the terms of any franchise, 95 to terminate, cancel, or refuse to renew the franchise of any dealer without good cause and unless (i) the 96 dealer and the Commissioner have received written notice of the franchisor's intentions at least sixty 97 days prior to the effective date of such termination, cancellation, or the expiration date of the franchise, 98 setting forth the specific grounds for the action, and (ii) the Commissioner has determined, if requested 99 in writing by the dealer within the sixty-day period and, after a hearing on the matter, that the 100 franchisor has shown by a preponderance of the evidence that there is good cause for the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the franchise. In any case where a petition is made to the Commissioner 101 102 for a determination as to good cause for the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of a franchise, the franchise in question shall continue in effect pending the Commissioner's decision or, if that decision is 103 appealed to the circuit court, pending the decision of the circuit court. In any case in which a franchisor 104 neither advises a dealer that it does not intend to renew a franchise nor takes any action to renew a 105 franchise beyond its expiration date, the franchise in question shall continue in effect on the terms last 106 agreed to by the parties. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision notice of termination, 107 cancellation, or nonrenewal may be provided to a dealer by a franchisor not less than fifteen days prior 108 109 to the effective date of such termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal when the grounds for such action 110 are any of the following:

a. Insolvency of the franchised motor vehicle dealer or filing of any petition by or against the
 franchised motor vehicle dealer, under any bankruptcy or receivership law, leading to liquidation or
 which is intended to lead to liquidation of the franchisee's business.

b. Failure of the franchised motor vehicle dealer to conduct its customary sales and service
operations during its posted business hours for seven consecutive business days, except where the failure
results from acts of God or circumstances beyond the direct control of the franchised motor vehicle
dealer.

c. Revocation of any license which the franchised motor vehicle dealer is required to have to operatea dealership.

120 d. Conviction of the dealer or any principal of the dealer of a felony.

121 The change or discontinuance of a marketing or distribution system of a particular line-make product

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128 5a. To fail to provide continued parts and service support to a dealer which holds a franchise in a 129 discontinued line-make for at least five years from the date of such discontinuance. This requirement 130 shall not apply to a line-make which was discontinued prior to January 1, 1989.

131 5b. Upon the involuntary or voluntary termination, nonrenewal, or cancellation of the franchise of 132 any dealer, by either the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch or by the dealer, notwithstanding 133 the terms of any franchise whether entered into before or after the enactment of this section, to fail to 134 pay the dealer for at least the following:

135 (1) The dealer cost plus any charges by the franchisor for distribution, delivery, and taxes paid by 136 the dealer, less all allowances paid to the dealer by the franchisor, for new and undamaged motor 137 vehicles of current or one-year-prior model year purchased within 120 days of the termination in the dealer's inventory, whether acquired from the franchisor or from another dealer of the same line-make in 138 139 the ordinary course of business within 18 months of termination;

140 (2) The dealer cost as shown in the price catalog of the franchisor current at the time of repurchase 141 of each new, unused, undamaged, and unsold part or accessory if such part or accessory is in the current 142 parts catalog and is still in the original, resalable merchandising package and in unbroken lots, except that in the case of sheet metal, a comparable substitute for the original package may be used; 143

144 (3) The fair market value of each undamaged sign owned by the dealer that bears a trademark, trade 145 name or commercial symbol used or claimed by the franchisor if such sign was purchased from or at 146 the request of the franchisor;

147 (4) The fair market value of all special tools and automotive service equipment owned by the dealer 148 that were recommended and designated as special tools or equipment by the franchisor, if the tools and 149 equipment are in usable and good condition, normal wear and tear excepted; and

150 (5) The reasonable cost of transporting, handling, packing, and loading of motor vehicles, parts, 151 signs, tools, and special equipment subject to repurchase hereunder.

152 The provisions of this subsection subdivision do not apply to a dealer who is unable to convey clear 153 title to the property identified in this subsection subdivision.

154 For purposes of this subsection subdivision, a voluntary termination shall not include the transfer of 155 the terminating dealer's franchised business in connection with a transfer of that business by means of 156 sale of the equity ownership or assets thereof to another dealer.

157 5c. If the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the dealer's franchise is the result of the 158 termination, elimination, or cessation of a line-make by the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch, 159 then, in addition to the payments to the dealer pursuant to subdivision 5b, the manufacturer, distributor, 160 or factory branch shall be liable to the dealer for the following:

161 (1) An amount at least equivalent to the fair market value of the franchise for the line-make, which 162 shall be the greater of that value determined as of (i) the date the franchisor announces the action that 163 results in termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal first becomes general knowledge, or (ii) the day 12 164 months prior to the date on which the notice of termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal is issued. In 165 determining the fair market value of a franchise for a line-make, if the line-make is not the only 166 line-make for which the dealer holds a franchise in the dealership facilities, the dealer shall also be 167 entitled to compensation for the contribution of the line-make to payment of the rent or to covering 168 obligation for the fair rental value of the dealership facilities for the period set forth in subdivision 5c (2). Fair market value of the franchise for the line-make shall only include the goodwill value of the 169 170 dealer's franchise for that line-make in the dealer's relevant market area.

171 (2) If the line-make is the only line-make for which the dealer holds a franchise in the dealership 172 facilities, the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch shall also pay assistance with respect to the 173 dealership facilities leased or owned by the dealer as follows: (i) the manufacturer, distributor, or 174 factory branch shall pay the dealer a sum equivalent to the rent for the unexpired term of the lease or 175 three years' rent, whichever is the lesser, or (ii) if the dealer owns the dealership facilities, the 176 manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch shall pay the dealer a sum equivalent to the reasonable 177 rental value of the dealership facilities for three years.

178 To be entitled to facilities assistance from the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch, the dealer 179 shall have the obligation to mitigate damages by listing the dealership facilities for lease or sublease 180 with a licensed real estate agent within 30 days after the effective date of the termination of the franchise and thereafter by reasonably cooperating with such real estate agent in the performance of the 181

agent's duties and responsibilities. If the dealer is able to lease or sublease the dealership facilities on 182

183 terms that are consistent with local zoning requirements to preserve the right to sell motor vehicles from 184 the dealership facilities and the terms of the dealer's lease, the dealer shall be obligated to pay the 185 manufacturer the net revenue received from such mitigation, but only following receipt of facilities 186 assistance payments pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) of subdivision 5c (2), and only up to the total amount 187 of facilities assistance payments that the dealer has received.

188 6. To fail to allow a dealer the right at any time to designate a member of his family as a successor 189 to the dealership in the event of the death or incapacity of the dealer. It shall be unlawful to prevent or 190 refuse to honor the succession to a dealership by a member of the family of a deceased or incapacitated 191 dealer if the franchisor has not provided to the member of the family previously designated by the 192 dealer as his successor written notice of its objections to the succession and of such person's right to 193 seek a hearing on the matter before the Commissioner pursuant to this article, and the Commissioner determines, if requested in writing by such member of the family within thirty days of receipt of such 194 195 notice from the franchisor, and after a hearing on the matter before the Commissioner pursuant to this article, that the failure to permit or honor the succession is unreasonable under the circumstances. No 196 197 member of the family may succeed to a franchise unless (i) the franchisor has been given written notice 198 as to the identity, financial ability, and qualifications of the member of the family in question, and (ii) 199 the succession to the franchise will not involve, without the franchisor's consent, a relocation of the 200 business.

201 7. To fail to ship monthly to any dealer, if ordered by the dealer, the number of new vehicles of 202 each make, series, and model needed by the dealer to receive a percentage of total new vehicle sales of 203 each make, series, and model equitably related to the total new vehicle production or importation 204 currently being achieved nationally by each make, series, and model covered under the franchise. Upon the written request of any dealer holding its sales or sales and service franchise, the manufacturer or 205 206 distributor shall disclose to the dealer in writing the basis upon which new motor vehicles are allocated, 207 scheduled, and delivered to the dealers of the same line-make. In the event that allocation is at issue in a request for a hearing, the dealer may demand the Commissioner to direct that the manufacturer or 208 209 distributor provide to the dealer, within thirty days of such demand, all records of sales and all records 210 of distribution of all motor vehicles to the same line-make dealers who compete with the dealer 211 requesting the hearing.

7a. To fail or refuse to offer to its same line-make franchised dealers all models manufactured for the 212 213 line-make, or require a dealer to pay any extra fee, or remodel, renovate, or recondition the dealer's 214 existing facilities, or purchase unreasonable advertising displays or other materials as a prerequisite to 215 receiving a model or a series of vehicles.

216 7b. To require or otherwise coerce a dealer to underutilize the dealer's facilities by requiring or otherwise coercing a dealer to exclude or remove from the dealer's facilities operations for selling or 217 218 servicing of a line-make of vehicles for which the dealer has a franchise agreement to utilize the 219 facilities.

220 8. To include in any franchise with a motor vehicle dealer terms that are contrary to, prohibited by, or otherwise inconsistent with the requirements of this chapter. 221

222 8a. For any franchise agreement, to require a motor vehicle dealer to pay the attorney's fees of the 223 manufacturer or distributor related to hearings and appeals brought under this article.

9. To fail to include in any franchise with a motor vehicle dealer the following language: "If any 224 225 provision herein contravenes the laws or regulations of any state or other jurisdiction wherein this 226 agreement is to be performed, or denies access to the procedures, forums, or remedies provided for by such laws or regulations, such provision shall be deemed to be modified to conform to such laws or 227 228 regulations, and all other terms and provisions shall remain in full force," or words to that effect. 229

§ 46.2-1571. Warranty and sales incentive obligations.

230 A. Each motor vehicle manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch shall (i) specify 231 in writing to each of its motor vehicle dealers licensed in the Commonwealth the dealer's obligations for 232 preparation, delivery, and warranty service on its products and (ii) compensate the dealer for warranty 233 parts, service and diagnostic work required of the dealer by the manufacturer or distributor as follows:

234 1. Compensation of a dealer for warranty parts, service and diagnostic work shall not be less than the 235 amounts charged by the dealer for the manufacturer's or distributor's original parts, service and 236 diagnostic work to retail customers for nonwarranty service, parts and diagnostic work installed or 237 performed in the dealer's service department unless the amounts are not reasonable. Warranty parts compensation shall be stated as a percentage of markup, which shall be an agreed reasonable 238 approximation of retail markup and which shall be uniformly applied to all of the manufacturer's or 239 240 distributor's parts unless otherwise provided for in this section. If the dealer and manufacturer or 241 distributor cannot agree on the warranty parts compensation markup to be paid to the dealer, the markup shall be determined by an average of the dealer's retail markup on all of the manufacturer's or 242 243 distributor's parts as described in subdivisions 2 and 3 of this subsection.

244 2. For purposes of determining warranty parts and service compensation paid to a dealer by the

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manufacturer or distributor, menu-priced parts or services, group discounts, special event discounts, and
special event promotions shall not be considered in determining amounts charged by the dealer to retail
customers. For purposes of determining labor compensation for warranty body shop repairs paid to a
dealer by the manufacturer or distributor, internal and insurance-paid repairs shall not be considered in
determining amounts charged by the dealer to retail customers.

3. Increases in dealer warranty parts and service compensation and diagnostic work compensation, pursuant to this section, shall be requested by the dealer in writing, shall be based on 100 consecutive repair orders or all repair orders over a ninety-day period, whichever occurs first and, in the case of parts, shall be stated as a percentage of markup which shall be uniformly applied to all the manufacturer's or distributor's parts.

4. In the case of warranty parts compensation, the provisions of this subsection shall be effectiveonly for model year 1992 and succeeding model years.

257 5. If a manufacturer or distributor furnishes a part to a dealer at no cost for use by the dealer in 258 performing work for which the manufacturer or distributor is required to compensate the dealer under 259 this section, the manufacturer or distributor shall compensate the dealer for the part in the same manner as warranty parts compensation, less the wholesale costs, for such part as listed in the manufacturer's 260 261 current price schedules. A manufacturer or distributor may pay the dealer a reasonable handling fee 262 instead of the compensation otherwise required by this subsection for special high-performance complete 263 engine assemblies in limited production motor vehicles which constitute less than five percent of model 264 production furnished to the dealer at no cost, if the manufacturer or distributor excludes such special 265 high-performance complete engine assemblies in determining whether the amounts requested by the 266 dealer for warranty compensation are consistent with the amounts that the dealer charges its other retail 267 service customers for parts used by the dealer to perform similar work.

6. In the case of service work, manufacturer original parts or parts otherwise specified by the manufacturer or distributor, and parts provided by a dealer either pursuant to an adjustment program as defined in § 59.1-207.34 or as otherwise requested by the manufacturer or distributor, the dealer shall be compensated in the same manner as for warranty service or parts.

272 This section does not apply to compensation for parts such as components, systems, fixtures, 273 appliances, furnishings, accessories, and features that are designed, used, and maintained primarily for 274 nonvehicular, residential purposes. Warranty and sales incentive audits of dealer records may be 275 conducted by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch on a reasonable basis, 276 and dealer claims for warranty or sales incentive compensation shall not be denied except for good 277 cause, such as performance of nonwarranty repairs, lack of material documentation, fraud, or 278 misrepresentation. A dealer's failure to comply with the specific requirements of the manufacturer or 279 distributor for processing the claim shall not constitute grounds for the denial of the claim or reduction 280 of the amount of compensation to the dealer as long as reasonable documentation or other evidence has 281 been presented to substantiate the claim. The manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 282 branch shall not deny a claim or reduce the amount of compensation to the dealer for warranty repairs 283 to resolve a condition discovered by the dealer during the course of a separate repair requested by the 284 customer. Claims for dealer compensation shall be paid within thirty days of dealer submission or within 285 thirty days of the end of an incentive program or rejected in writing for stated reasons. The 286 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch shall reserve the right to reasonable 287 periodic audits to determine the validity of all such paid claims for dealer compensation. Any 288 chargebacks for warranty parts or service compensation and service incentives shall only be for the 289 twelve-month period immediately following the date of the claim and, in the case of chargebacks for 290 sales compensation only, for the eighteen-month period immediately following the date of claim. 291 However, such limitations shall not be effective in the case of intentionally false or fraudulent claims. A 292 dealer shall not be charged back or otherwise liable for sales incentives or charges related to a motor 293 vehicle sold by the dealer to a purchaser other than a licensed, franchised motor vehicle dealer and 294 subsequently exported or resold, provided unless the dealer manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or 295 distributor branch can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that he exercised due diligence and that the sale was made in good faith and without knowledge of the dealer should have known of 296 297 and did not exercise due diligence in discovering the purchaser's intention to export or resell the motor 298 vehicle.

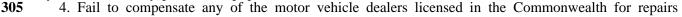
B. It shall be unlawful for any motor vehicle manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributorbranch to:

**301** 1. Fail to perform any of its warranty obligations, including tires, with respect to a motor vehicle;

**302** 2. Fail to assume all responsibility for any liability resulting from structural or production defects;

303 3. Fail to include in written notices of factory recalls to vehicle owners and dealers the expected date

**304** by which necessary parts and equipment will be available to dealers for the correction of defects;



306 effected by the dealer of merchandise damaged in manufacture or transit to the dealer where the carrier 307 is designated by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch;

308 5. Fail to fully compensate its motor vehicle dealers licensed in the Commonwealth for warranty 309 parts, work, and service pursuant to subsection A either by reduction in the amount due to the dealer or 310 by separate charge, surcharge, or other imposition by which the motor vehicle manufacturer, factory 311 branch, distributor, or distributor branch seeks to recover its costs of complying with subsection A, or 312 for legal costs and expenses incurred by such dealers in connection with warranty obligations for which 313 the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch is legally responsible or which the 314 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch imposes upon the dealer;

315 6. Misrepresent in any way to purchasers of motor vehicles that warranties with respect to the 316 manufacture, performance, or design of the vehicle are made by the dealer, either as warrantor or 317 co-warrantor:

318 7. Require the dealer to make warranties to customers in any manner related to the manufacture, 319 performance, or design of the vehicle; or

320 8. Shift or attempt to shift to the motor vehicle dealer, directly or indirectly, any liabilities of the 321 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch under the Virginia Motor Vehicle 322 Warranty Enforcement Act (§ 59.1-207.9 et seq.), unless such liability results from the act or omission 323 by the dealer.

324 C. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise, it shall be unlawful for any motor vehicle 325 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch to fail to indemnify and hold harmless its 326 motor vehicle dealers against any losses or damages arising out of complaints, claims, or suits relating 327 to the manufacture, assembly, or design of motor vehicles, parts, or accessories, or other functions by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch beyond the control of the dealer, 328 including, without limitation, the selection by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 329 330 branch of parts or components for the vehicle or any damages to merchandise occurring in transit to the dealer where the carrier is designated by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 331 332 branch. The dealer shall notify the manufacturer of pending suits in which allegations are made which 333 come within this subsection whenever reasonably practicable to do so. Every motor vehicle dealer 334 franchise issued to, amended, or renewed for motor vehicle dealers in Virginia shall be construed to 335 incorporate provisions consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

336 D. On any new motor vehicle, any uncorrected damage or any corrected damage exceeding three percent of the manufacturer's or distributor's suggested retail price as defined in 15 U.S.C. §§ 1231-1233, 337 338 as measured by retail repair costs, must be disclosed to the dealer in writing prior to delivery. Factory 339 mechanical repair and damage to glass, tires, and bumpers are excluded from the three percent rule 340 when properly replaced by identical manufacturer's or distributor's original equipment or parts. Whenever 341 a new motor vehicle is damaged in transit, when the carrier or means of transportation is determined by 342 the manufacturer or distributor, or whenever a motor vehicle is otherwise damaged prior to delivery to 343 the new motor vehicle dealer, the new motor vehicle dealer shall:

344 1. Notify the manufacturer or distributor of the damage within three business days from the date of 345 delivery of the new motor vehicle to the new motor vehicle dealership or within the additional time 346 specified in the franchise; and

2. Request from the manufacturer or distributor authorization to replace the components, parts, and 347 348 accessories damaged or otherwise correct the damage, unless the damage to the vehicle exceeds the three 349 percent rule, in which case the dealer may reject the vehicle within three business days.

350 E. If the manufacturer or distributor refuses or fails to authorize correction of such damage within ten days after receipt of notification, or if the dealer rejects the vehicle because damage exceeds the 351 352 three percent rule, ownership of the new motor vehicle shall revert to the manufacturer or distributor, and the new motor vehicle dealer shall have no obligation, financial or otherwise, with respect to such 353 354 motor vehicle. Should either the manufacturer, distributor, or the dealer elect to correct the damage or 355 any other damage exceeding the three percent rule, full disclosure shall be made by the dealer in writing 356 to the buyer and an acknowledgement by the buyer is required. If there is less than three percent 357 damage, no disclosure is required, provided the damage has been corrected. Predelivery mechanical work 358 shall not require a disclosure. Failure to disclose any corrected damage within the knowledge of the 359 selling dealer to a new motor vehicle in excess of the three percent rule shall constitute grounds for 360 revocation of the buyer order, provided that, within thirty days of purchase, the motor vehicle is returned to the dealer with an accompanying written notice of the grounds for revocation. In case of 361 revocation pursuant to this section, the dealer shall accept the vehicle and refund any payments made to 362 the dealer in connection with the transaction, less a reasonable allowance for the consumer's use of the 363 364 vehicle as defined in § 59.1-207.11. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt from the 365 provisions of this section damage to a new motor vehicle that occurs following delivery of the vehicle 366 to the dealer. 367

F. If there is a dispute between the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch

368 and the dealer with respect to any matter referred to in subsection A, B, or C of this section, either 369 party may petition the Commissioner in writing, within thirty days after either party has given written 370 notice of the dispute to the other, for a hearing. The decision of the Commissioner shall be binding on 371 the parties, subject to rights of judicial review and appeal as provided in Chapter 40 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) 372 of Title 2.2. However, nothing contained in this section shall give the Commissioner any authority as to 373 the content or interpretation of any manufacturer's or distributor's warranty. A manufacturer, factory 374 branch, distributor, or distributor branch may not collect chargebacks, fully or in part, either through 375 direct payment or by charge to the dealer's account, for warranty parts or service compensation 376 (including service incentives) or for sales incentives or other sales compensation until 40 days following final notice of the amount charged to the dealer following all internal processes of the manufacturer, 377 378 factory, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch. Within 30 days following receipt of such final 379 notice, the dealer may petition the Commissioner, in writing, for a hearing. If a dealer requests such a 380 hearing, the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch may not collect the 381 chargeback, fully or in part, either through direct payment or by charge to the dealer's account, until the 382 completion of the hearing and a final decision of the Commissioner concerning the validity of the 383 chargeback.

**384** § 46.2-1573. Hearings and other remedies; civil penalties.

385 A. In every case of a hearing before the Commissioner authorized under this article, the
386 Commissioner shall give reasonable notice of each hearing to all interested parties, and the
387 Commissioner's decision shall be binding on the parties, subject to the rights of judicial review and
388 appeal as provided in Chapter 40 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) of Title 2.2.

B. Hearings before the Commissioner under this article shall commence within ninety days of the request for a hearing and the Commissioner's decision shall be rendered within sixty days from the receipt of the hearing officer's recommendation. Hearings authorized under this article shall be presided over by a hearing officer selected from a list prepared by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia. On request of the Commissioner, the Executive Secretary will name a hearing officer from the list, selected on a rotation system administered by the Executive Secretary. The hearing officer shall provide recommendations to the Commissioner within ninety days of the conclusion of the hearing.

396 C. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this article, the Commissioner shall initiate
397 investigations, conduct hearings, and determine the rights of parties under this article whenever he is
398 provided information by the Motor Vehicle Dealer Board or any other person indicating a possible
399 violation of any provision of this article.

D. For purposes of any matter brought to the Commissioner under subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7b of
 \$ 46.2-1569 with respect to which the Commissioner is to determine whether there is good cause for a
 proposed action or whether it would be unreasonable under the circumstances, the Commissioner shall
 consider:

- 404 1. The volume of the affected dealer's business in the relevant market area;
- 405 2. The nature and extent of the dealer's investment in its business;

406 3. The *adequacy of the dealer's capitalization to the franchisor's standards and the* adequacy of the 407 dealer's service facilities, equipment, parts, supplies, and personnel;

- 408 4. The effect of the proposed action on the community;
- **409** 5. The extent and quality of the dealer's service under motor vehicle warranties;
- 410 6. The dealer's performance under the terms of its franchise;
- 411 7. Other economic and geographical factors reasonably associated with the proposed action; and

412 8. The recommendations, if any, from a three-member panel composed of members of the Board413 who are franchised dealers not of the same line-make involved in the hearing and who are appointed to414 the panel by the Commissioner.

415 E. An interested party in a hearing held pursuant to subsection A of this section shall comply with 416 the effective date of compliance established by the Commissioner in his decision in such hearing, unless 417 a stay or extension of such date is granted by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's decision is under 418 judicial review and appeal as provided in subsection A of this section. If, after notice to such interested 419 party and an opportunity to comment, the Commissioner finds an interested party has not complied with 420 his decision by the designated date of compliance, unless a stay or extension of such date has been 421 granted by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's decision is under judicial review and appeal, the 422 Commissioner may assess such interested party a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 per day of 423 noncompliance. Civil penalties collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the Transportation 424 Trust Fund.

425 2. That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.