2009 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1778

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee on Transportation

on February 3, 2009)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Athey)

- A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 46.2-1569 and 46.2-1571 of the Code of Virginia, relating to coercion of motor vehicle dealers by manufacturers, etc.; warranty obligations and sales incentives. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 46.2-1569 and 46.2-1571 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 46.2-1569. Other coercion of dealers; transfer, grant, succession to and cancellation of dealer 11 franchises; delivery of vehicles, parts, and accessories.

Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, it shall be unlawful for any manufacturer, 12 factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, or any field representative, officer, agent, or their 13 14 representatives:

15 1. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to accept delivery of any motor vehicle or vehicles, 16 parts or accessories therefor, or any other commodities, which have not been ordered by the dealer.

17 2. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to enter into an agreement with the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, or representative thereof by threat to take or by taking 18 any action in violation of the chapter, or by any other act unfair or injurious to the dealer. 19

20 2a. To coerce or attempt to coerce any dealer to join, contribute to, or affiliate with any advertising 21 association.

22 2b. To coerce or require any dealer to establish in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle prices 23 at which the dealer must sell products or services not manufactured or distributed by the manufacturer, 24 factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, whether by agreement, program, incentive provision, 25 or otherwise.

26 3. To prevent or refuse to approve the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by the sale of 27 the business, stock transfer, or otherwise, or the transfer, sale, or assignment of a dealer franchise, or a 28 change in the executive management or principal operator of the dealership, unless the franchisor 29 provides written notice to the dealer of its objection and the reasons therefor by certified mail or 30 overnight delivery or other method designed to ensure delivery to the dealer at least thirty days prior to the proposed effective date of the transfer, sale, assignment, or change. No such objection shall be 31 32 sufficient unless the failure to approve is reasonable. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection D of 33 § 46.2-1573, the only grounds that may be considered reasonable for a failure to approve are that an 34 individual who is the applicant or is in control of an entity that is an applicant (i) lacks good moral 35 character, (ii) lacks reasonable motor vehicle dealership management experience and qualifications, (iii) 36 lacks financial ability to be the dealer, or (iv) fails to meet the standards otherwise established by this title to be a dealer. No such objection shall be effective to prevent the sale, transfer, assignment, or 37 38 change if the Commissioner has determined, if requested in writing by the dealer within thirty days after 39 receipt of an objection to the proposed sale, transfer, or change, and after a hearing on the matter, that 40 the failure to permit or honor the sale, transfer, assignment, or change is unreasonable under the 41 circumstances. No franchise may be sold, assigned, or transferred unless (i) the franchisor has been 42 given at least ninety days' prior written notice by the dealer as to the identity, financial ability, and qualifications of the proposed transferee on forms generally utilized by the franchisor to conduct its 43 44 review, as well as the full agreement for the proposed transaction, and (ii) the sale or transfer of the 45 franchise and business will not involve, without the franchisor's consent, a relocation of the business.

3a. To impose a condition on the approval of the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by 46 47 the sale of the business, stock transfer, or otherwise if the condition would violate the provisions of this **48** title if imposed on the existing dealer.

49 In the event the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch takes action to prevent 50 or refuse to approve the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership by the sale of the business, 51 stock transfer, or otherwise, or the transfer, sale or assignment of a dealer franchise, or a change in the executive management or principal operator of the dealership, without a statement of specific grounds 52 53 for doing so that is consistent with subdivision 3 hereof or imposes a condition in violation of 54 subdivision 3a hereof, that shall constitute a violation of this section. The existing dealer may request review of the action or imposition of the condition in a hearing by the Commissioner. If the 55 Commissioner finds that the action or the imposition of the condition was a violation of this section, the 56 57 Commissioner may order that the sale or transfer be approved by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, without imposition of the condition. If the existing dealer does not 58 59 request a hearing by the Commissioner concerning the action or the condition imposed by the

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60 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, and the action or condition was the 61 proximate cause of the failure of the contract for the sale or transfer of ownership of the dealership, the 62 applicant for approval of the sale or transfer or the existing dealer, or both, may commence an action at 63 law for violation of this section. The action may be commenced in the circuit court of the city or county 64 in which the dealer is located, or in any other circuit court with permissible venue, within two years 65 following the action or the imposition of the condition by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, 66 or distributor branch for the damages suffered by the applicant or the dealer as a result of the violation of this section by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, plus the applicant's 67 or dealer's reasonable attorney fees and costs of litigation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an exercise of 68 the right of first refusal by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch pursuant to 69 § 46.2-1569.1 shall not be considered the imposition of a condition prohibited by this section. 70

71 4. To grant an additional franchise for a particular line-make of motor vehicle in a relevant market 72 area in which a dealer or dealers in that line-make are already located unless the franchisor has first advised in writing all other dealers in the line-make in the relevant market area. No such additional 73 74 franchise may be established at the proposed site unless the Commissioner has determined, if requested 75 by a dealer of the same line-make in the relevant market area within thirty days after receipt of the franchisor's notice of intention to establish the additional franchise, and after a hearing on the matter, 76 that there is reasonable evidence the franchisor can show by a preponderance of the evidence that after 77 78 the grant of the new franchise, the *relevant* market *area* will support all of the dealers in that line-make 79 in the relevant market area. Establishing a franchised dealer in a relevant market area to replace a 80 franchised dealer that has not been in operation for more than two years shall constitute the establishment of a new franchise subject to the terms of this subdivision. The two-year period for 81 replacing a franchised dealer shall begin on the day the franchise was terminated, or, if a termination 82 hearing was held, on the day the franchisor was legally permitted finally to terminate the franchise. The 83 84 relocation of a franchise in a relevant market area, whether by an existing dealer or by a dealer who is 85 acquiring the franchise, shall constitute the establishment of a new franchise subject to the terms of this 86 subdivision. This subdivision shall not apply to (i) the relocation of an existing dealer within that 87 dealer's relevant market area if the relocation site is to be more than ten miles distant from any other 88 dealer for the same line-make; (ii) the relocation of an existing dealer within that dealer's relevant 89 market area if the relocation site is to be more distant than the existing site from all other dealers of the 90 same line-make in that relevant market area; or (iii) the relocation of an existing new motor vehicle 91 dealer within two miles of the existing site of the relocating dealer.

92 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision and notwithstanding the terms of any franchise, 93 to terminate, cancel, or refuse to renew the franchise of any dealer without good cause and unless (i) the 94 dealer and the Commissioner have received written notice of the franchisor's intentions at least sixty 95 days prior to the effective date of such termination, cancellation, or the expiration date of the franchise, 96 setting forth the specific grounds for the action, and (ii) the Commissioner has determined, if requested 97 in writing by the dealer within the sixty-day period and, after a hearing on the matter, that the franchisor has shown by a preponderance of the evidence that there is good cause for the termination, 98 99 cancellation, or nonrenewal of the franchise. In any case where a petition is made to the Commissioner 100 for a determination as to good cause for the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of a franchise, the franchise in question shall continue in effect pending the Commissioner's decision or, if that decision is 101 102 appealed to the circuit court, pending the decision of the circuit court. In any case in which a franchisor neither advises a dealer that it does not intend to renew a franchise nor takes any action to renew a 103 104 franchise beyond its expiration date, the franchise in question shall continue in effect on the terms last agreed to by the parties. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision notice of termination, 105 cancellation, or nonrenewal may be provided to a dealer by a franchisor not less than fifteen days prior 106 to the effective date of such termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal when the grounds for such action 107 108 are any of the following:

109 a. Insolvency of the franchised motor vehicle dealer or filing of any petition by or against the 110 franchised motor vehicle dealer, under any bankruptcy or receivership law, leading to liquidation or which is intended to lead to liquidation of the franchisee's business. 111

112 b. Failure of the franchised motor vehicle dealer to conduct its customary sales and service 113 operations during its posted business hours for seven consecutive business days, except where the failure 114 results from acts of God or circumstances beyond the direct control of the franchised motor vehicle 115 dealer.

116 c. Revocation of any license which the franchised motor vehicle dealer is required to have to operate 117 a dealership. 118

d. Conviction of the dealer or any principal of the dealer of a felony.

119 The change or discontinuance of a marketing or distribution system of a particular line-make product 120 by a manufacturer or distributor, while the name identification of the product is continued in substantial form by the same or a different manufacturer or distributor, may be considered to be a franchise 121

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termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to changes and
discontinuances made after January 1, 1989, but they shall not be considered by any court in any case in
which such a change or discontinuance occurring prior to that date has been challenged as constituting a
termination, cancellation or nonrenewal.

5a. To fail to provide continued parts and service support to a dealer which holds a franchise in a
discontinued line-make for at least five years from the date of such discontinuance. This requirement
shall not apply to a line-make which was discontinued prior to January 1, 1989.

5b. Upon the involuntary or voluntary termination, nonrenewal, or cancellation of the franchise of any dealer, by either the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch or by the dealer, notwithstanding the terms of any franchise whether entered into before or after the enactment of this section, to fail to pay the dealer for at least the following:

(1) The dealer cost plus any charges by the franchisor for distribution, delivery, and taxes paid by
the dealer, less all allowances paid to the dealer by the franchisor, for new and undamaged motor
vehicles of current or one-year-prior model year purchased within 120 days of the termination in the
dealer's inventory, whether acquired from the franchisor or from another dealer of the same line-make in
the ordinary course of business; in addition, dealers shall be entitled to the payment under this
subdivision for new and undamaged motor vehicles having a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,000
pounds or more of a two-year-prior model year;

(2) The dealer cost as shown in the price catalog of the franchisor current at the time of repurchase
of each new, unused, undamaged, and unsold part or accessory if such part or accessory is in the current
parts catalog and is still in the original, resalable merchandising package and in unbroken lots, except
that in the case of sheet metal, a comparable substitute for the original package may be used;

(3) The fair market value of each undamaged sign owned by the dealer that bears a trademark, trade
name or commercial symbol used or claimed by the franchisor if such sign was purchased from or at
the request of the franchisor;

(4) The fair market value of all special tools and automotive service equipment owned by the dealer
that were recommended and designated as special tools or equipment by the franchisor, if the tools and
equipment are in usable and good condition, normal wear and tear excepted; and

(5) The reasonable cost of transporting, handling, packing, and loading of motor vehicles, parts,
 signs, tools, and special equipment subject to repurchase hereunder.

152 The provisions of this subsection subdivision do not apply to a dealer who is unable to convey clear 153 title to the property identified in this subsection subdivision.

For purposes of this subsection subdivision, a voluntary termination shall not include the transfer of the terminating dealer's franchised business in connection with a transfer of that business by means of sale of the equity ownership or assets thereof to another dealer.

157 5c. If the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the dealer's franchise is the result of the termination, elimination, or cessation of a line-make by the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch, 159 then, in addition to the payments to the dealer pursuant to subdivision 5b, the manufacturer, distributor, 160 or factory branch shall be liable to the dealer for the following:

161 (1) An amount equivalent to the fair market value of the franchise for the line-make, which shall be 162 the greater of that value determined as of (i) the date the franchisor announces the action that results in 163 termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal or (ii) the day 24 months prior to the date on which the notice of termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal is issued. In determining the fair market value of a franchise 164 165 for a line-make, if the line-make is not the only line-make for which the dealer holds a franchise in the 166 dealership facilities, the dealer shall also be entitled to compensation for the contribution of the line-make to payment of the rent or to covering obligation for the fair rental value of the dealership 167 168 facilities for the period set forth in subdivision 5c (2).

(2) If the line-make is the only line-make for which the dealer holds a franchise in the dealership
facilities, the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch shall also pay assistance with respect to the
dealership facilities leased or owned by the dealer as follows: (i) the manufacturer, distributor, or
factory branch shall pay the dealer a sum equivalent to the rent for the unexpired term of the lease or
three years' rent, whichever is the lesser, or (ii) if the dealer owns the dealership facilities, the
manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch shall pay the dealer a sum equivalent to the rent as une equivalent to the reasonable
rental value of the dealership facilities for three years.

To be entitled to facilities assistance from the manufacturer, distributor, or factory branch, the dealer shall have the obligation to mitigate damages by listing the dealership facilities for lease or sublease with a licensed real estate agent within 30 days after the effective date of the termination of the franchise and thereafter by reasonably cooperating with such real estate agent in the performance of the agent's duties and responsibilities. If the dealer is able to lease or sublease the dealership facilities on terms that are consistent with local zoning requirements to preserve the right to sell motor vehicles from

182 the dealership facilities and the terms of the dealer's lease, the dealer shall be obligated to pay the

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183 manufacturer the net revenue received from such mitigation, but only following receipt of facilities
184 assistance payments pursuant to subdivision 5c (2) (i) or (ii), and only up to the total amount of
185 facilities assistance payments that the dealer has received.

186 6. To fail to allow a dealer the right at any time to designate a member of his family as a successor 187 to the dealership in the event of the death or incapacity of the dealer. It shall be unlawful to prevent or 188 refuse to honor the succession to a dealership by a member of the family of a deceased or incapacitated 189 dealer if the franchisor has not provided to the member of the family previously designated by the 190 dealer as his successor written notice of its objections to the succession and of such person's right to 191 seek a hearing on the matter before the Commissioner pursuant to this article, and the Commissioner 192 determines, if requested in writing by such member of the family within thirty days of receipt of such 193 notice from the franchisor, and after a hearing on the matter before the Commissioner pursuant to this 194 article, that the failure to permit or honor the succession is unreasonable under the circumstances. No 195 member of the family may succeed to a franchise unless (i) the franchisor has been given written notice 196 as to the identity, financial ability, and qualifications of the member of the family in question, and (ii) 197 the succession to the franchise will not involve, without the franchisor's consent, a relocation of the 198 business.

199 7. To fail to ship monthly to any dealer, if ordered by the dealer, the number of new vehicles of 200 each make, series, and model needed by the dealer to receive a percentage of total new vehicle sales of 201 each make, series, and model equitably related to the total new vehicle production or importation 202 currently being achieved nationally by each make, series, and model covered under the franchise. Upon 203 the written request of any dealer holding its sales or sales and service franchise, the manufacturer or 204 distributor shall disclose to the dealer in writing the basis upon which new motor vehicles are allocated, 205 scheduled, and delivered to the dealers of the same line-make. In the event that allocation is at issue in 206 a request for a hearing, the dealer may demand the Commissioner to direct that the manufacturer or 207 distributor provide to the dealer, within thirty days of such demand, all records of sales and all records of distribution of all motor vehicles to the same line-make dealers who compete with the dealer 208 209 requesting the hearing.

7a. To fail or refuse to offer to its same line-make franchised dealers all models manufactured for the
line-make, or require a dealer to pay any extra fee, or remodel, renovate, or recondition the dealer's
existing facilities, or purchase unreasonable advertising displays or other materials as a prerequisite to
receiving a model or a series of vehicles.

7b. To require or otherwise coerce a dealer to underutilize the dealer's facilities by requiring or
otherwise coercing a dealer to exclude or remove from the dealer's facilities operations for selling or
servicing of a line-make of vehicles for which the dealer has a franchise agreement to utilize the
facilities.

8. To include in any franchise with a motor vehicle dealer terms that are contrary to, prohibited by, or otherwise inconsistent with the requirements of this chapter.

8a. For any franchise agreement, to require a motor vehicle dealer to pay the attorney's fees of themanufacturer or distributor related to hearings and appeals brought under this article.

9. To fail to include in any franchise with a motor vehicle dealer the following language: "If any provision herein contravenes the laws or regulations of any state or other jurisdiction wherein this agreement is to be performed, or denies access to the procedures, forums, or remedies provided for by such laws or regulations, such provision shall be deemed to be modified to conform to such laws or regulations, and all other terms and provisions shall remain in full force," or words to that effect.
8 46.2-1571. Warranty and sales incentive obligations.

A. Each motor vehicle manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch shall (i) specify

in writing to each of its motor vehicle dealers licensed in the Commonwealth the dealer's obligations for
 preparation, delivery, and warranty service on its products and (ii) compensate the dealer for warranty
 parts, service and diagnostic work required of the dealer by the manufacturer or distributor as follows:

1. Compensation of a dealer for warranty parts, service and diagnostic work shall not be less than the 232 233 amounts charged by the dealer for the manufacturer's or distributor's original parts, service and 234 diagnostic work to retail customers for nonwarranty service, parts and diagnostic work installed or 235 performed in the dealer's service department unless the amounts are not reasonable. Warranty parts 236 compensation shall be stated as a percentage of markup, which shall be an agreed reasonable 237 approximation of retail markup and which shall be uniformly applied to all of the manufacturer's or 238 distributor's parts unless otherwise provided for in this section. If the dealer and manufacturer or 239 distributor cannot agree on the warranty parts compensation markup to be paid to the dealer, the markup 240 shall be determined by an average of the dealer's retail markup on all of the manufacturer's or distributor's parts as described in subdivisions 2 and 3 of this subsection. 241

242 2. For purposes of determining warranty parts and service compensation paid to a dealer by the
243 manufacturer or distributor, menu-priced parts or services, group discounts, special event discounts, and
244 special event promotions shall not be considered in determining amounts charged by the dealer to retail

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245 customers. For purposes of determining labor compensation for warranty body shop repairs paid to a 246 dealer by the manufacturer or distributor, internal and insurance-paid repairs shall not be considered in 247 determining amounts charged by the dealer to retail customers.

248 3. Increases in dealer warranty parts and service compensation and diagnostic work compensation, 249 pursuant to this section, shall be requested by the dealer in writing, shall be based on 100 consecutive 250 repair orders or all repair orders over a ninety-day period, whichever occurs first and, in the case of 251 parts, shall be stated as a percentage of markup which shall be uniformly applied to all the 252 manufacturer's or distributor's parts.

253 4. In the case of warranty parts compensation, the provisions of this subsection shall be effective 254 only for model year 1992 and succeeding model years.

255 5. If a manufacturer or distributor furnishes a part to a dealer at no cost for use by the dealer in 256 performing work for which the manufacturer or distributor is required to compensate the dealer under 257 this section, the manufacturer or distributor shall compensate the dealer for the part in the same manner 258 as warranty parts compensation, less the wholesale costs, for such part as listed in the manufacturer's 259 current price schedules. A manufacturer or distributor may pay the dealer a reasonable handling fee 260 instead of the compensation otherwise required by this subsection for special high-performance complete 261 engine assemblies in limited production motor vehicles which constitute less than five percent of model 262 production furnished to the dealer at no cost, if the manufacturer or distributor excludes such special 263 high-performance complete engine assemblies in determining whether the amounts requested by the 264 dealer for warranty compensation are consistent with the amounts that the dealer charges its other retail 265 service customers for parts used by the dealer to perform similar work.

6. In the case of service work, manufacturer original parts or parts otherwise specified by the 266 267 manufacturer or distributor, and parts provided by a dealer either pursuant to an adjustment program as 268 defined in § 59.1-207.34 or as otherwise requested by the manufacturer or distributor, the dealer shall be 269 compensated in the same manner as for warranty service or parts.

270 This section does not apply to compensation for parts such as components, systems, fixtures, 271 appliances, furnishings, accessories, and features that are designed, used, and maintained primarily for 272 nonvehicular, residential purposes. Warranty and sales incentive audits of dealer records may be 273 conducted by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch on a reasonable basis, 274 and dealer claims for warranty or sales incentive compensation shall not be denied except for good 275 cause, such as performance of nonwarranty repairs, lack of material documentation, fraud, or 276 misrepresentation. A dealer's failure to comply with the specific requirements of the manufacturer or 277 distributor for processing the claim shall not constitute grounds for the denial of the claim or reduction 278 of the amount of compensation to the dealer as long as reasonable documentation or other evidence has 279 been presented to substantiate the claim. The manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 280 branch shall not deny a claim or reduce the amount of compensation to the dealer for warranty repairs 281 to resolve a condition discovered by the dealer during the course of a separate repair requested by the 282 *customer*. Claims for dealer compensation shall be paid within thirty days of dealer submission or within 283 thirty days of the end of an incentive program or rejected in writing for stated reasons. The 284 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch shall reserve the right to reasonable 285 periodic audits to determine the validity of all such paid claims for dealer compensation. Any 286 chargebacks for warranty parts or service compensation and service incentives shall only be for the 287 twelve-month period immediately following the date of the claim and, in the case of chargebacks for 288 sales compensation only, for the eighteen-month period immediately following the date of claim. 289 However, such limitations shall not be effective in the case of intentionally false or fraudulent claims. A 290 dealer shall not be charged back or otherwise liable for sales incentives or charges related to a motor 291 vehicle sold by the dealer to a purchaser other than a licensed, franchised motor vehicle dealer and 292 subsequently exported or resold, provided unless the dealer manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or 293 distributor branch can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that he exercised due diligence 294 and that the sale was made in good faith and without knowledge of the dealer should have known of 295 and did not exercise due diligence in discovering the purchaser's intention to export or resell the motor 296 vehicle.

297 B. It shall be unlawful for any motor vehicle manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 298 branch to: 299

1. Fail to perform any of its warranty obligations, including tires, with respect to a motor vehicle;

2. Fail to assume all responsibility for any liability resulting from structural or production defects;

300 301 3. Fail to include in written notices of factory recalls to vehicle owners and dealers the expected date 302 by which necessary parts and equipment will be available to dealers for the correction of defects;

303 4. Fail to compensate any of the motor vehicle dealers licensed in the Commonwealth for repairs 304 effected by the dealer of merchandise damaged in manufacture or transit to the dealer where the carrier 305 is designated by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch;

5. Fail to fully compensate its motor vehicle dealers licensed in the Commonwealth for warranty parts, work, and service pursuant to subsection A either by reduction in the amount due to the dealer or by separate charge, surcharge, or other imposition by which the motor vehicle manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch seeks to recover its costs of complying with subsection A, or for legal costs and expenses incurred by such dealers in connection with warranty obligations for which the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor, or distributor, or distributor branch is legally responsible or which the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch imposes upon the dealer;

6. Misrepresent in any way to purchasers of motor vehicles that warranties with respect to the manufacture, performance, or design of the vehicle are made by the dealer, either as warrantor or co-warrantor;

316 7. Require the dealer to make warranties to customers in any manner related to the manufacture,317 performance, or design of the vehicle; or

8. Shift or attempt to shift to the motor vehicle dealer, directly or indirectly, any liabilities of the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch under the Virginia Motor Vehicle
Warranty Enforcement Act (§ 59.1-207.9 et seq.), unless such liability results from the act or omission by the dealer.

322 C. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise, it shall be unlawful for any motor vehicle 323 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch to fail to indemnify and hold harmless its 324 motor vehicle dealers against any losses or damages arising out of complaints, claims, or suits relating to the manufacture, assembly, or design of motor vehicles, parts, or accessories, or other functions by 325 326 the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch beyond the control of the dealer, 327 including, without limitation, the selection by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch of parts or components for the vehicle or any damages to merchandise occurring in transit to the 328 dealer where the carrier is designated by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor 329 branch. The dealer shall notify the manufacturer of pending suits in which allegations are made which 330 come within this subsection whenever reasonably practicable to do so. Every motor vehicle dealer 331 franchise issued to, amended, or renewed for motor vehicle dealers in Virginia shall be construed to 332 333 incorporate provisions consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

334 D. On any new motor vehicle, any uncorrected damage or any corrected damage exceeding three 335 percent of the manufacturer's or distributor's suggested retail price as defined in 15 U.S.C. §§ 1231-1233, 336 as measured by retail repair costs, must be disclosed to the dealer in writing prior to delivery. Factory 337 mechanical repair and damage to glass, tires, and bumpers are excluded from the three percent rule 338 when properly replaced by identical manufacturer's or distributor's original equipment or parts. Whenever 339 a new motor vehicle is damaged in transit, when the carrier or means of transportation is determined by 340 the manufacturer or distributor, or whenever a motor vehicle is otherwise damaged prior to delivery to 341 the new motor vehicle dealer, the new motor vehicle dealer shall:

342 1. Notify the manufacturer or distributor of the damage within three business days from the date of
343 delivery of the new motor vehicle to the new motor vehicle dealership or within the additional time
344 specified in the franchise; and

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accessories damaged or otherwise correct the damage, unless the damage to the vehicle exceeds the three percent rule, in which case the dealer may reject the vehicle within three business days.

348 E. If the manufacturer or distributor refuses or fails to authorize correction of such damage within 349 ten days after receipt of notification, or if the dealer rejects the vehicle because damage exceeds the 350 three percent rule, ownership of the new motor vehicle shall revert to the manufacturer or distributor, 351 and the new motor vehicle dealer shall have no obligation, financial or otherwise, with respect to such motor vehicle. Should either the manufacturer, distributor, or the dealer elect to correct the damage or 352 353 any other damage exceeding the three percent rule, full disclosure shall be made by the dealer in writing 354 to the buyer and an acknowledgement by the buyer is required. If there is less than three percent 355 damage, no disclosure is required, provided the damage has been corrected. Predelivery mechanical work 356 shall not require a disclosure. Failure to disclose any corrected damage within the knowledge of the 357 selling dealer to a new motor vehicle in excess of the three percent rule shall constitute grounds for 358 revocation of the buyer order, provided that, within thirty days of purchase, the motor vehicle is 359 returned to the dealer with an accompanying written notice of the grounds for revocation. In case of 360 revocation pursuant to this section, the dealer shall accept the vehicle and refund any payments made to the dealer in connection with the transaction, less a reasonable allowance for the consumer's use of the 361 vehicle as defined in § 59.1-207.11. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt from the 362 provisions of this section damage to a new motor vehicle that occurs following delivery of the vehicle 363 364 to the dealer.

365 F. If there is a dispute between the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch366 and the dealer with respect to any matter referred to in subsection A, B, or C of this section, either367 party may petition the Commissioner in writing, within thirty days after either party has given written

notice of the dispute to the other, for a hearing. The decision of the Commissioner shall be binding on 368 369 the parties, subject to rights of judicial review and appeal as provided in Chapter 40 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) 370 of Title 2.2. However, nothing contained in this section shall give the Commissioner any authority as to 371 the content or interpretation of any manufacturer's or distributor's warranty. A manufacturer, factory 372 branch, distributor, or distributor branch may not collect chargebacks, fully or in part, either through 373 direct payment or by charge to the dealer's account, for warranty parts or service compensation 374 (including service incentives) or for sales incentives or other sales compensation until 40 days following 375 final notice of the amount charged to the dealer following all internal processes of the manufacturer, 376 factory, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch. Within 30 days following receipt of such final 377 notice, the dealer may petition the Commissioner, in writing, for a hearing. If a dealer requests such a 378 hearing, the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch may not collect the 379 chargeback, fully or in part, either through direct payment or by charge to the dealer's account, until the 380 completion of the hearing and a final decision of the Commissioner concerning the validity of the 381 chargeback.