2008 SESSION

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 622
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice
4 5	on February 4, 2008) (Detrop Prior to Substitute – Senator Stalle)
5 6	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Stolle) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 8.01-446, 8.01-446.1, 8.01-449, 17.1-223, 17.1-225, 17.1-226,
7	<i>A</i> bill to amena and reenact gg 5.01-440, 8.01-440, 1, 8.01-449, 17.1-225, 17.1-225, 17.1-225, 17.1-226, 17.1-227.1, 17.1-228, 17.1-244, 17.1-249, 17.1-258.3, 17.1-258.4, 17.1-275, and 17.1-276 of the
8	Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 17.1-258.3:1 and
9	17.1-276.1 and by adding in Article 8 of Chapter 2 of Title 17.1 a section numbered 17.1-295,
10	relating to electronic filing of land records; digital reproduction; recordation of judgments; secure
11	remote access; deed cover sheets; fees collected by clerks.
12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
13	1. That §§ 8.01-446, 8.01-446.1, 8.01-449, 17.1-223, 17.1-225, 17.1-226, 17.1-227.1, 17.1-228,
14 15	17.1-244, 17.1-249, 17.1-258.3, 17.1-258.4, 17.1-275, and 17.1-276 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reconnected and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered
15 16	amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 17.1-258.3:1 and 17.1-276.1 and by adding in Article 8 of Chapter 2 of Title 17.1 a section
17	numbered 17.1-295 as follows:
18	§ 8.01-446. Clerks to keep judgment dockets; what judgments to be docketed therein.
19	The clerk of each court of every circuit shall keep in his office, in a well-bound book, or by
20	microphotographic or electronic process allowed by § 17.1-240, a judgment docket, in which he shall
21	docket, without delay, any judgment for a specific amount of money rendered in his court, and shall
22 23	likewise docket without delay any judgment for a specific amount of money rendered in this
23 24	Commonwealth by any other court of this Commonwealth or federal court, when he shall be required so to do by any person interested, on such person delivering to him an authenticated legible abstract of it
25	and also upon the request of any person interested therein, any such judgment rendered by a district
26	court judge whose book has been filed in his office under the provisions of Title 16.1 or of which a
27	legible abstract is delivered to him certified by the district court judge who rendered it; provided, that
28	judgments docketed in the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of Williamsburg and the County
29 30	of James City shall be docketed and indexed in one book. A specific judgment for money shall state that it is a judgment for money in a specific amount in favor of a named party, against a named party,
30 31	with that party's address, if known, and it shall further state the time from which the judgment bears
32	interest. An order of restitution docketed pursuant to § 19.2-305.2 shall have the same force and effect
33	as a specific judgment for money and shall state that it is an order of restitution in a specific amount in
34	favor of a named party, against a named party, with that party's address, if known, and it shall further
35	state the time from which the judgment bears interest. If the clerk determines that an abstract is not
36 37	legible, the clerk shall refuse to record it and shall return it to the person who tendered the abstract for recording.
38	§ 8.01-446.1. Keeping of docket books by clerk of court using micrographic process; form.
39	Whenever judgments are docketed in the judgment lien book in the office of the clerk of the circuit
40	court and are recorded by a procedural micrographic process as provided in § 17.1-240, or by any other
41	method or process which renders impractical or impossible the subsequent entry of notations upon the
42 43	docketed judgment, an appropriate certificate of assignment, release, partial release, certified copy of any order, or other separate instrument setting forth the necessary information as provided in this section
44	shall be recorded and indexed according to law. Such instrument shall conform substantially with the
45	following form:
46	TYPE OF FILING (Check One)
47	() Assignment ORIGINAL BOOK # PAGE
48	() Release (or instrument no)
49	() Partial Release ORIGINAL DATE DOCKETED:
50 51	() Credit(s)
51 52	 () Additional Debtor(s) () New Name of Debtor
52 53	Date of Judgment:
55 54	Amount of Judgment:
55	Plaintiff(s):
56	Defendant(s):
57	Assignee (If assignment):
58	Payments (If credits): AMOUNT DATE PAID

3/25/10 8:19

59 (Complete below if additional debtor or change of name of debtor)

60 Debtor:

61 Social Security Number of Debtor (Last Four Digits)(If known):

62 63

64 (Plaintiff) (Attorney for Plaintiff)

65 (Authorized Agent for Plaintiff)

66 Any judgment creditor who knowingly gives false information upon such

67 certificate made under this section shall be quilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

68 § 8.01-449. How judgments are docketed.

69 A. The judgment docket required by § 8.01-446 may be kept in a well-bound book, or any other media permitted by § 17.1-240. The date and time of docketing shall be recorded with each judgment 70 71 docketed. The clerk of the circuit court of any county using card files on July 1, 1975, may continue to use the card file system. The docketing may be done by copying the wording of the judgment order 72 verbatim or by abstracting the information therefrom into a book or into fixed fields of an electronic 73 74 data storage system. Where a procedural microphotographic system is used, the docketing may be done 75 by recording and storing a retrievable image of the judgment order, judgment abstract, or other source document such as a certificate of assignment or release. Where an electronic imaging system is used, the 76 77 document image shall be stored in a data format which permits recall of the image. Any judgment 78 docketed pursuant to this subsection shall contain the information required by subsection B.

79 B. Where a well-bound book is used for the judgment docket there shall be stated in separate 80 columns (i) the date and amount of the judgment, (ii) the time from which it bears interest, (iii) the 81 costs, (iv) the full names of all the parties thereto, including the address, date of birth and the last four 82 digits of the social security number, if known, of each party against whom judgment is rendered, (v) the 83 alternative value of any specific property recovered by it, (vi) the date and the time of docketing it, (vii) the amount and date of any credits thereon, (viii) the court by which it was rendered and the case 84 number, and (ix) when paid off or discharged in whole or in part, the time of payment or discharge and 85 by whom made when there is more than one defendant. And in case of a judgment or decree by 86 87 confession, the clerk shall also enter in such docket the time of day at which the same was confessed, or 88 at which the same was received in his office to be entered of record. There shall also be shown on such book the name of the plaintiff's attorney, if any. 89

90 C. Error or omission in the entry of the address or addresses or the social security number or 91 numbers of each party against whom judgment is rendered shall in no way affect the validity, finality or 92 priority of the judgment docketed.

93 D. Beginning July 1, 2010, any judgment made available to subscribers via secure remote access 94 pursuant to § 17.1-294 shall contain only the last four digits of the social security number of any party. 95 However, the information otherwise required in the judgment docket pursuant to subsection B of this 96 section shall be provided.

97 E. The attorney or party who prepares or submits the judgment for recordation has the responsibility 98 for ensuring that only the last four digits of the social security number are included in the judgment 99 prior to the instrument's being submitted for recordation. The clerk has the authority to reject any 100 judgment that does not comply with the provisions of this section. 101

§ 17.1-223. Duty of clerk to record writings, etc., and make index.

A. Every writing authorized by law to be recorded, with all certificates, plats, schedules or other 102 103 papers thereto annexed or thereon endorsed, upon payment of fees for the same and the tax thereon, if 104 any, shall, when admitted to record, be recorded by or under the direction of the clerk on such media as 105 are prescribed by § 17.1-239. However, the clerk has the authority to reject any writing for filing or recordation unless (i) each individual's surname only, where it first appears in the writing, is underscored 106 107 or written entirely in capital letters, (ii) each page of the instrument or writing is numbered, (iii) the Code section under which any exemption from recordation taxes is claimed is clearly stated on the face 108 of the writing, (iv) the names of all grantors and grantees are listed as required by §§ 55-48 and 55-58, and if a cover sheet is used pursuant to § 17.1-227.1, that the names of all grantors and grantees on the 109 110 face of such writing are the same on the cover sheet, and (v) the first page of the document bears an 111 112 entry showing the name of either the person or entity who drafted the instrument, except that papers or 113 documents prepared outside of the Commonwealth shall be recorded without such an entry. Such 114 writing, once recorded, shall be returned to the grantee unless otherwise indicated clearly on the face of the writing including an appropriate current address to which such writing shall be returned. 115

116 B. The attorney or party who prepares the writing for recordation shall ensure that the writing 117 satisfies the requirements of subsection A and that (i) the social security number is removed from the 118 writing prior to the instrument being submitted for recordation, (ii) a deed conveying not more than four residential dwelling units states on the first page of the document the name of the title insurance 119

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120 underwriter insuring such instrument or a statement that the existence of title insurance is unknown to 121 the preparer.

122 C. If the writing or deed is accepted for record and spread on the deed books, it shall be deemed to 123 be validly recorded for all purposes. Such books shall be indexed by him as provided by § 17.1-249 and 124 carefully preserved. Upon admitting any such writing or other paper to record the clerk shall endorse 125 thereon the day and time of day of such recordation. More than one book may be used 126 contemporaneously under the direction of the clerk for the recordation of the writings mentioned in this 127 section whenever it may be necessary to use more than one book for the proper conduct of the business 128 of his office. After being so recorded such writings may be delivered to the party entitled to claim under 129 the same.

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131 § 17.1-225. Remote access to nonconfidential court records.

The clerk of the circuit court of any county or city may provide remote access, including Internet 132 133 access, to all nonconfidential court records maintained by his office and described in § 17.1-242. The 134 clerk shall be responsible for insuring that proper security measures are implemented and maintained to 135 prevent remote access users from obtaining any data that are confidential under this Code and to prevent 136 the modification or destruction of any records by remote access users. For purposes of this section, 137 remote access users are those individuals who are not employees of the clerk's office. Secure remote 138 access to land records shall be governed by § 17.1-294.

139 § 17.1-226. Remote access to certain agencies from clerk of court.

140 The governing body of any county or city locality may give the clerk of its circuit court, pursuant to 141 <u>§ 17.1-225</u>, the authority to provide remote access users with information from county, city or local 142 agencies that the clerk may provide to remote access users. 143

§ 17.1-227.1. Use of cover sheets on deeds or other instruments by circuit court clerks.

144 Circuit court clerks may require that any deed or other instrument conveying or relating to an interest 145 in real property be filed with a cover sheet detailing the information contained in the deed or other 146 instrument necessary for the clerk to properly index such instrument. The cover sheet shall be developed 147 in conjunction with the Supreme Court of Virginia. The attorney or party who prepares or submits the 148 cover sheet on any deed or other instrument conveying or relating to an interest in real property for 149 recordation has the responsibility for ensuring the accuracy of the information contained in the cover 150 sheet.

151 The cover sheet shall not be included as a page for determining the amount of any applicable filing 152 fees pursuant to subdivision A 2 of § 17.1-275, nor shall the cover sheet be construed to convey title to 153 any interest in real property or purport to be a document in the chain of title conveying any interest in 154 real property.

155 § 17.1-228. Recording releases of deeds of trust, partial releases of deeds of trust, court ordered 156 releases, or other liens or assignments in cities and counties using microfilm.

157 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever the writings required by law to be recorded in 158 the deed book in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of any city or county are recorded by a 159 microphotographic process or by any other method or process which renders impractical or impossible 160 the subsequent entering of marginal notations upon a recorded instrument, an appropriate certificate, certificate of satisfaction, certificate of partial satisfaction, certified copy of order, or other separate 161 instrument setting forth the necessary information shall be recorded and indexed according to law. 162

163 When existing deed books in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of any county or city are to 164 be microfilmed or digitally reproduced for security purposes, the clerk may provide that marginal notations to accomplish the release of deeds of trust or other liens shall not be made in such deed book 165 166 so microfilmed or digitally reproduced.

167 § 17.1-244. Books, etc., in clerks' offices rebound, transcribed, microfilmed or digitally reproduced; 168 credit given to transcripts, etc.

169 Any court of record or, if so designated by the judge, the clerk thereof may cause any of the books 170 or records in the clerk's office which may be in need thereof to be rebound, transcribed, microfilmed or digitally reproduced. The same faith and credit shall be given to such transcript or reproductions from 171 172 the microfilm or digitally reproduced record as the book or record transcribed would have been entitled 173 to.

174 § 17.1-249. General indexes for clerks' offices; daily index.

175 A. There shall be kept in every clerk's office modern, family name or ledgerized alphabetical 176 key-table general indexes to all deed books, miscellaneous liens, will books, judgment dockets and court 177 order books. The clerk shall enter daily either in such general indexes or in the daily index to 178 instruments admitted to record every deed, corrected or amended deed, deed of release, deed of trust, 179 contract of sale, or any addendum or memorandum relating to any of these instruments, indexing each instrument in the names of all parties listed in the first clause of each instrument as required by 180

181 §§ 55-48 and 55-58. Any clerk, deputy clerk, or employee of any clerk who so indexes any such 182 instrument shall index any name appearing in the first clause of the original instrument, unless the 183 instrument is submitted for recordation with a cover sheet pursuant to § 17.1-227.1, in which case, the 184 instrument may be indexed by the information contained in the cover sheet. The clerk shall comply with 185 the provisions of § 17.1-223.

186 B. A deed made to one or more trustees to secure the payment of an indebtedness, and any 187 certificate of satisfaction or certificate of partial satisfaction, assignment, loan modification agreement, 188 substitution of trustees or similar instrument subsequently recorded with respect to such deed, shall be 189 sufficiently indexed if the clerk enters in the appropriate places in the general index to deeds provided 190 for in subsection A the names of the grantor and the name of the beneficiary or, in lieu of the name of 191 the beneficiary, the first listed trustee as grantee. The beneficiary need not be named in the first clause 192 of the deed as a condition of recordation.

193 C. A deed made by a person in a representative capacity, or by devisees or coparceners, shall be 194 indexed in the names of the grantors and grantees and the name of the former record title owner listed 195 in the first clause of the instrument.

196 D. The general indexes of civil causes shall be sufficiently kept if the clerk indexes such causes 197 under the short style or title thereof, except that in multiple suits brought under § 58.1-3968, the names 198 of all of the defendants disclosed by the pleadings shall be entered in the general index or book.

199 E. Every deed of conveyance of real estate in which a vendor's lien is reserved shall be double 200 indexed so as to show not only the conveyance from the grantor to the grantee in the instrument, but 201 also the reservation of the lien as if it were a grant of the same from the grantee to the grantor by a separate instrument and the fact of the lien shall be noted in the index. 202

203 F. All deed books, miscellaneous liens, will books, judgment dockets, and court order books shall be 204 numbered or otherwise adequately designated and the clerk upon the delivery of any writing to him for 205 record required by law to be recorded shall duly index it upon the general index in the manner hereinbefore required. When the writing has been actually transcribed on the book, the clerk shall add to 206 207 the general index the number of the book in which, and the page on which, the writing is recorded.

 \tilde{G} . The clerk on receipt of any such writing for record may immediately index it in a book to be 208 209 known as the "daily index of instruments admitted to record" and within 90 days after its admission to 210 record the clerk shall index all such writings indexed in the daily index in the appropriate general index 211 as hereinbefore provided. The daily index book shall, at all times, be kept in the office of the clerk and conveniently available for examination by the public. During the period permitted for transfer from the 212 213 daily index to the general index, indexing in the daily index shall be a sufficient compliance with the 214 requirements of this section as to indexing.

215 H. The judge of any circuit court may make such orders as he deems advisable as to the time and 216 method of indexing the order books in the clerk's office of the court and may dispense with a general 217 index for order books of the court.

218 I. The clerk may maintain his indexes on computer, word processor, microfilm, microfiche, or other 219 micrographic medium and, in addition, may maintain his grantor and grantee indexes on paper. 220

§ 17.1-258.3. Electronic filing in civil or criminal actions.

221 A clerk of circuit court may establish a system for electronic filing or recordation of documents pursuant to the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (§ 59.1-479 et seq.). Once established, any person, 222 223 as defined in subdivision 11 of § 59.1-480, may electronically file land records, instruments, judgments, 224 and UCC financing statements. Electronic filing of papers in civil or criminal actions that shall be 225 governed by Rule 1:17 of the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia. The circuit court clerk shall enter 226 into an agreement with each person whom the clerk authorizes to file documents electronically, specifying the electronic filing procedures to be followed, including, but not limited to, security 227 228 procedures, as defined in the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, for transmitting notarized documents. 229

§ 17.1-258.3:1. Electronic filing of land records.

230 A clerk of a circuit court may provide a network or system for electronic filing of land records in accordance with the Uniform Real Property Electronic Recording Act (§ 55-142.10 et seq.) and the 231 232 provisions of Article 2.1 (§ 55-66.8 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 55 regarding the satisfaction of 233 mortgages. The clerk may charge a fee to be assessed for each instrument recorded electronically in an 234 amount not to exceed \$5 per document. The fee shall be paid to the clerk's office and deposited by the 235 clerk into a special nonreverting local fund to be used to cover operational expenses of such network or 236 system. Operational expenses of such network or system shall include, but not be limited to, computer 237 support, maintenance, enhancements, upgrades, and replacements, and consulting services. The clerk 238 shall enter into an electronic filing agreement with each filer in accordance with Virginia Real Property 239 Electronic Recording Standards established by the Virginia Information Technologies Agency. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the clerk from entering into agreements with designated application 240 241 service providers to provide all or part of the network or system for electronic filing of land records as 242 provided herein.

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243 § 17.1-258.4. Signature; when effective as original.

244 A. If the electronically filed document contains an electronic signature pursuant to the Uniform 245 Electronic Transactions Act (§ 59.1-479 et seq.), any statutory requirement for original signature shall be 246 deemed to be satisfied.

247 B. Any statutory requirement for a document to be notarized shall be deemed satisfied by the 248 appropriately executed electronic signature of such notary pursuant to the Virginia Notary Act (§ 47.1-1 249 et seq.).

250 § 17.1-275. Fees collected by clerks of circuit courts; generally.

251 A. A clerk of a circuit court shall, for services performed by virtue of his office, charge the 252 following fees: 253

1. [Repealed.]

254 2. For recording and indexing in the proper book any writing and all matters therewith, or for 255 recording and indexing anything not otherwise provided for, \$16 for an instrument or document 256 consisting of 10 or fewer pages or sheets; \$30 for an instrument or document consisting of 11 to 30 257 pages or sheets; and \$50 for an instrument or document consisting of 31 or more pages or sheets. 258 Whenever any writing to be recorded includes plat or map sheets no larger than eight and one-half 259 inches by 14 inches, such plat or map sheets shall be counted as ordinary pages for the purpose of 260 computing the recording fee due pursuant to this section. A fee of \$15 per page or sheet shall be charged with respect to plat or map sheets larger than eight and one-half inches by 14 inches. Only a 261 262 single fee as authorized by this subdivision shall be charged for recording a certificate of satisfaction 263 that releases the original deed of trust and any corrected or revised deeds of trust. One dollar and fifty 264 cents of the fee collected for recording and indexing shall be designated for use in preserving the 265 permanent records of the circuit courts. The sum collected for this purpose shall be administered by The 266 Library of Virginia in cooperation with the circuit court clerks.

267 3. For appointing and qualifying any personal representative, committee, trustee, guardian, or other 268 fiduciary, in addition to any fees for recording allowed by this section, \$20 25 for estates not exceeding 269 50,000, 2530 for estates not exceeding 100,000 and 33035 for estates exceeding 100,000. No fee 270 shall be charged for estates of \$5,00015,000 or less.

271 4. For entering and granting and for issuing any license, other than a marriage license or a hunting 272 and fishing license, and administering an oath when necessary, \$10.

273 5. For issuing a marriage license, attaching certificate, administering or receiving all necessary oaths 274 or affidavits, indexing and recording, \$1015.

275 6. For making out any bond, other than those under § 17.1-267 or subdivision A 4, administering all 276 necessary oaths and writing proper affidavits, \$35.

277 7. For all services rendered by the clerk in any garnishment or attachment proceeding, the clerk's fee 278 shall be \$15 in cases not exceeding \$500 and \$25 in all other cases.

279 8. For making out a copy of any paper, record, or electronic record to go out of the office, which is 280 not otherwise specifically provided for herein, a fee of \$0.50 for each page or, if an electronic record, 281 each image. From such fees, the clerk shall reimburse the locality the costs of making out the copies 282 and pay the remaining fees directly to the Commonwealth. The funds to recoup the cost of making out 283 the copies shall be deposited with the county or city treasurer or Director of Finance, and the governing 284 body shall budget and appropriate such funds to be used to support the cost of copies pursuant to this 285 subdivision. For purposes of this section, the costs of making out the copies shall include lease and 286 maintenance agreements for the equipment used to make out the copies, but shall not include salaries or 287 related benefits. The costs of copies shall otherwise be determined in accordance with § 2.2-3704. 288 However, there shall be no charge to the recipient of a final order or decree to send an attested copy to 289 such party.

290 9. For annexing the seal of the court to any paper, writing the certificate of the clerk accompanying 291 it, the clerk shall charge \$2 and for attaching the certificate of the judge, if the clerk is requested to do 292 so, the clerk shall charge an additional \$0.50.

293 10. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 1 294 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk 295 shall assess a fee of \$150 for each felony conviction and each felony disposition under § 18.2-251 which 296 shall be taxed as costs to the defendant and shall be paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and 297 Treatment Fund.

298 11. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 1 299 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk 300 shall assess a fee for each misdemeanor conviction and each misdemeanor disposition under § 18.2-251, 301 which shall be taxed as costs to the defendant and shall be paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and 302 Treatment Fund as provided in § 17.1-275.8.

303 12. Upon the defendant's being required to successfully complete traffic school or a driver 304 improvement clinic in lieu of a finding of guilty, the court shall charge the defendant fees and costs as 305 if he had been convicted.

306 13. In all civil actions that include one or more claims for the award of monetary damages the clerk's 307 fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be \$60 62 in cases seeking recovery not exceeding \$50,000, \$10 of 308 which shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established under § 17.1-132; \$110 112 in cases seeking recovery not exceeding \$100,000, \$10 of which shall be apportioned to the Courts 309 310 Technology Fund established under § 17.1-132; and \$160 162 in cases seeking recovery exceeding \$100,000, \$10 of which shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established under 311 § 17.1-132. A fee of \$25 shall be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting a condemnation case, in 312 lieu of any other fees. There shall be no fee charged for the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in any 313 314 pending action. However, the fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the filing of a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. The fees prescribed above shall be collected 315 upon the filing of papers for the commencement of civil actions. This subdivision shall not be applicable 316 317 to cases filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia.

318 13a. For the filing of any petition seeking court approval of a settlement where no action has yet 319 been filed, the clerk's fee, chargeable to the petitioner, shall be \$50, to be paid by the petitioner at the 320 time of filing the petition.

14. In addition to the fees chargeable for civil actions, for the costs of proceedings for judgments by 321 322 confession under §§ 8.01-432 through 8.01-440, the clerk shall tax as costs (i) the cost of registered or 323 certified mail; (ii) the statutory writ tax, in the amount required by law to be paid on a suit for the 324 amount of the confessed judgment; (iii) for the sheriff for serving each copy of the order entering 325 judgment, \$12; and (iv) for docketing the judgment and issuing executions thereon, the same fees as 326 prescribed in subdivision A 17.

15. For qualifying notaries public, including the making out of the bond and any copies thereof, 327 328 administering the necessary oaths, and entering the order, \$10.

329 16. For each habeas corpus proceeding, the clerk shall receive \$10 for all services required 330 thereunder. This subdivision shall not be applicable to such suits filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia.

331 17. For docketing and indexing a judgment from any other court of this Commonwealth, for 332 docketing and indexing a judgment in the new name of a judgment debtor pursuant to the provisions of 333 § 8.01-451, but not when incident to a divorce, for noting and filing the assignment of a judgment 334 pursuant to § 8.01-452, a fee of \$5; and for issuing an abstract of any recorded judgment, when proper 335 to do so, a fee of \$5; and for filing, docketing, indexing and mailing notice of a foreign judgment, a fee 336 of \$20.

337 18. For all services rendered by the clerk in any court proceeding for which no specific fee is 338 provided by law, the clerk shall charge \$10, to be paid by the party filing said papers at the time of 339 filing; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in a divorce cause prior to and including the 340 entry of a decree of divorce from the bond of matrimony. 341

19, 20. [Repealed.]

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21. For making the endorsements on a forthcoming bond and recording the matters relating to such bond pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-529, \$45.

22. For all services rendered by the clerk in any proceeding pursuant to § 57-8 or 57-15, \$10.

23. For preparation and issuance of a subpoend duces tecum, \$5.

346 24. For all services rendered by the clerk in matters under § 8.01-217 relating to change of name, 347 \$20; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in cases where the change of name is incident to 348 a divorce. 349

25. For providing court records or documents on microfilm, per frame, \$0.50.

350 26. In all divorce and separate maintenance proceedings, and all civil actions that do not include one 351 or more claims for the award of monetary damages, the clerk's fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be 352 \$6062, \$10 of which shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established under § 17.1-132 353 to be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting the suit, which shall include the furnishing of a duly 354 certified copy of the final decree. The fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the 355 filing of a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. However, no fee shall be charged 356 for the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in any pending suit. In divorce cases, when there is a merger of 357 a divorce of separation a mensa et thoro into a decree of divorce a vinculo, the above mentioned fee 358 shall include the furnishing of a duly certified copy of both such decrees.

359 27. For the acceptance of credit cards in lieu of money to collect and secure all fees, including filing 360 fees, fines, restitution, forfeiture, penalties and costs, the clerk shall collect a service charge of four 361 percent of the amount paid.

28. For the return of any check unpaid by the financial institution on which it was drawn or notice is 362 363 received from the credit card issuer that payment will not be made for any reason, the clerk shall collect, if allowed by the court, a fee of \$20 or 10 percent of the amount to be paid, whichever is 364 greater, in accordance with § 19.2-353.3. 365

imposed under § 63.2-1246, to be paid by the petitioner or petitioners. For each petition for adoption filed pursuant to § 63.2-1201, except those filed pursuant to subdivisions 5 and 6 of § 63.2-1210, an additional \$50 filing fee as required under § 63.2-1201 shall be deposited in the Putative Father Registry 30. For issuing a duplicate license for one lost or destroyed as provided in § 29.1-334, a fee in the same amount as the fee for the original license. 31. For the filing of any petition as provided in §§ 33.1-124, 33.1-125 and 33.1-129, a fee of \$5 to be paid by the petitioner; and for the recordation of a certificate or copy thereof, as provided for in § 33.1-122, as well as for any order of the court relating thereto, the clerk shall charge the same fee as for recording a deed as provided for in this section, to be paid by the party upon whose request such certificate is recorded or order is entered. 32. For making up, certifying and transmitting original record pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme

380 Court, including all papers necessary to be copied and other services rendered, except in cases in which 381 costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1, 17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, 17.1-275.4, 17.1-275.7, 17.1-275.8, 382 or 17.1-275.9, a fee of \$20.

33. [Repealed.]

Fund pursuant to \S 63.2-1249.

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384 34. For filings, etc., under the Uniform Federal Lien Registration Act (§ 55-142.1 et seq.), the fees 385 shall be as prescribed in that Act.

386 35. For filing the appointment of a resident agent for a nonresident property owner in accordance 387 with § 55-218.1, a fee of \$10.

388 36. [Repealed.]

389 37. For recordation of certificate and registration of names of nonresident owners in accordance with 390 § 59.1-74, a fee of \$10.

391 38. For maintaining the information required under the Overhead High Voltage Line Safety Act 392 (\S 59.1-406 et seq.), the fee as prescribed in \S 59.1-411.

393 39. For lodging, indexing and preserving a will in accordance with 64.1-56, a fee of \$210.

394 40. For filing a financing statement in accordance with § 8.9A-505, the fee shall be as prescribed 395 under § 8.9A-525.

396 41. For filing a termination statement in accordance with § 8.9A-513, the fee shall be as prescribed 397 under § 8.9A-525.

398 42. For filing assignment of security interest in accordance with § 8.9A-514, the fee shall be as 399 prescribed under § 8.9A-525.

400 43. For filing a petition as provided in §§ 37.2-1001 and 37.2-1013, the fee shall be \$10.

401 44. For issuing any execution, and recording the return thereof, a fee of $\frac{1.505}{1.505}$.

402 45. For the preparation and issuance of a summons for interrogation by an execution creditor, a fee 403 of \$5. If there is no outstanding execution, and one is requested herewith, the clerk shall be allowed an 404 additional fee of \$1.505, in accordance with subdivision A 44.

B. In accordance with § 17.1-281, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 405 406 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29 and A 31 to be designated for courthouse construction, 407 renovation or maintenance.

408 C. In accordance with § 17.1-278, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 409 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29 and A 31 to be designated for services provided for the 410 poor, without charge, by a nonprofit legal aid program.

411 D. In accordance with § 42.1-70, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 412 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29 and A 31 to be designated for public law libraries.

413 E. The provisions of this section shall control the fees charged by clerks of circuit courts for the 414 services above described.

415 § 17.1-276. Fee allowed for providing secure remote access to land records.

416 Any A clerk of the circuit court who provides electronic secure remote access, including access 417 through the Internet, to nonconfidential court records or other records land records pursuant to 418 <u>\$\$ 17.1-225</u> and <u>17.1-226</u> §17.1-294 may charge a fee established by the clerk or by the agency of the 419 county, city or town providing computer support to cover the operational expenses of such electronic 420 access, including, but not limited to, computer support, maintenance, enhancements, upgrades, and 421 replacements, and consulting services. The A flat fee may be assessed for each inquiry, upon actual 422 connect time, or as a flat rate feesubscriber, as defined in § 17.1-295, in an amount not to exceed \$50 423 per month. If charged, the The fee shall be charged each user, paid to the clerk's office, and deposited by 424 the clerk into a special nonreverting local fund to be used to cover the operational expenses of such 425 electronic access, as defined herein. In addition, the clerk may charge users a clerk's fee not to exceed \$25 per month. The circuit court clerk shall enter into a subscriber agreement with each subscriber in 426

29. For all services rendered, except in cases in which costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1,

17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, or 17.1-275.4, in an adoption proceeding, a fee of \$20, in addition to the fee

427 accordance with Virginia Secure Remote Access Standards established by the Virginia Information **428** Technologies Agency.

429

430 § 17.1-295. Definitions.

431 As used in this title:

"Electronic recording of land records" means the networks or systems maintained by a clerk of the circuit court, or the clerk's designated application service providers, for the submittal of instruments for electronic filing of land records in accordance with the Uniform Real Property Electronic Recording Act (§ 55-142.10 et seq.) and the provisions of Article 2.1 (§ 55-66.8 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 55 regarding the satisfaction of mortgages.

437 "Public access" means that the clerk of the circuit court has made available to subscribers that are
438 other than governmental agencies, secure remote access to land records maintained by the clerk in
439 accordance with § 17.1-294.

440 "Secure remote access" means public access by electronic means on a network or system to land
441 records maintained by the clerk of the circuit court or the clerk's designated application service
442 providers, in compliance with the Secure Remote Access Standards developed by the Virginia
443 Information Technologies Agency.

"Subscriber" means any person who has entered into a subscriber agreement with the clerk of the 444 445 circuit court authorizing the subscriber to have secure remote access to land records maintained by the clerk or the clerk's designated application service providers. If the subscriber is an entity with more 446 447 than one person who will use the network or system to access land records maintained by the clerk, or the clerk's designated application service providers, each individual user shall execute a subscriber agreement and obtain a separate "user id" and "password" from the clerk. The subscriber is responsible 448 449 450 for the fees due under this title and the proper use of the secure remote access system pursuant to the subscriber agreement, applicable Virginia law, and Secure Remote Access Standards developed by the 451 452 Virginia Information Technologies Agency.

453 2. That the fee increases established in § 17.1-275 of the Code of Virginia shall only be effective if 454 an appropriation of general funds effectuating the purposes of this act is included in a general 455 appropriation act passed by the General Assembly, which becomes law, and is paid to the 456 Compensation Board for the sole purpose of payment of a four percent salary increase for the 457 deputy clerks of the circuit courts, who did not receive the same four percent salary increase 458 received by all other deputy clerks included in the 2007 Appropriation Act.