## **2008 SESSION**

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## **SENATE BILL NO. 504**

## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Stuart)

Senate Amendments in [] — January 31, 2008

- 3 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia, relating to assault and battery; 7 attorneys for the Commonwealth; penalty. 8
  - Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

## 1. That § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 18.2-57. Assault and battery.

11 A. Any person who commits a simple assault or assault and battery shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and if the person intentionally selects the person against whom a simple assault is 12 13 committed because of his race, religious conviction, color or national origin, the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of confinement of at least six months, 30 days of which shall be a mandatory 14 15 minimum term of confinement.

16 B. However, if a person intentionally selects the person against whom an assault and battery resulting 17 in bodily injury is committed because of his race, religious conviction, color or national origin, the person shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony, and the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of 18 confinement of at least six months, 30 days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 19 20 confinement.

21 C. In addition, if any person commits an assault or an assault and battery against another knowing or 22 having reason to know that such other person is a judge, a law-enforcement officer as defined 23 hereinafter, a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1, a person employed by the Department of 24 Corrections directly involved in the care, treatment or supervision of inmates in the custody of the 25 Department, a firefighter as defined in § 65.2-102, or a volunteer firefighter or lifesaving or rescue squad member who is a member of a bona fide volunteer fire department or volunteer rescue or emergency 26 medical squad regardless of whether a resolution has been adopted by the governing body of a political 27 28 subdivision recognizing such firefighters or members as employees, engaged in the performance of his 29 public duties, such person is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and, upon conviction, the sentence of such 30 person shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of six months. If any person commits 31 an assault or an assault and battery against an attorney for the Commonwealth with the intent of 32 preventing such attorney for the Commonwealth from performing his official duties, such person is 33 guilty of a Class 6 felony, and, upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory 34 minimum term of confinement of six months. 35

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a 36 violation of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge 37 that may be available under common law.

38 D. In addition, if any person commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know 39 that such other person is a full-time or part-time teacher, principal, assistant principal, or guidance 40 counselor of any public or private elementary or secondary school and is engaged in the performance of 41 his duties as such, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and the sentence of such person upon 42 conviction shall include a sentence of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement. However, if the offense is committed by use of a firearm or other weapon 43 44 prohibited on school property pursuant to § 18.2-308.1, the person shall serve a mandatory minimum 45 sentence of confinement of six months.

46 E. As used in this section:

47 "Judge" means any justice or judge of a court of record of the Commonwealth including a judge designated under § 17.1-105, a judge under temporary recall under § 17.1-106, or a judge pro tempore **48** under § 17.1-109, any member of the State Corporation Commission, or of the Virginia Workers' 49 50 Compensation Commission, and any judge of a district court of the Commonwealth or any substitute 51 judge of such district court.

"Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or 52 sheriff's office which is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 53 54 thereof, who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of this Commonwealth, and any conservation officer of the Department of 55 Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, and conservation police officers 56 appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200, and such officer also includes jail officers in local and regional 57 correctional facilities, all deputy sheriffs, whether assigned to law-enforcement duties, court services or 58 59 local jail responsibilities, auxiliary police officers appointed or provided for pursuant to §§ 15.2-1731

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60 and 15.2-1733 and auxiliary deputy sheriffs appointed pursuant to § 15.2-1603.

61 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board for the 62 purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, investigating violations of school board 63 policies and detaining persons violating the law or school board policies on school property, a school 64 bus or at a school-sponsored activity and who is responsible solely for ensuring the safety, security and 65 welfare of all students, faculty and staff in the assigned school.

F. "Simple assault" or "assault and battery" shall not be construed to include the use of, by any 66 teacher, teacher aide, principal, assistant principal, guidance counselor, school security officer, school 67 68 bus driver or school bus aide, while acting in the course and scope of his official capacity, any of the following: (i) incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain 69 order and control; (ii) reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from 70 the scene of a disturbance that threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property; (iii) reasonable and necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself; (iv) 71 72 reasonable and necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others; or (v) reasonable and necessary 73 74 force to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or associated 75 paraphernalia that are upon the person of the student or within his control.

76 In determining whether a person was acting within the exceptions provided in this subsection, due
77 deference shall be given to reasonable judgments that were made by a teacher, teacher aide, principal, assistant principal, guidance counselor, school security officer, school bus driver, or school bus aide at
79 the time of the event.

2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or
commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is
\$208,903 for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and is \$ 0 for periods of
commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

84 [ 3. That the provisions of this act shall not become effective unless an appropriation of general

85 funds effectuating the purposes of this act is included in a general appropriations act passed by

86 the 2008 Session of the General Assembly, which becomes law. ]