## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 55-248.16 and 55-248.18 of the Code of Virginia, relating to tampering 3 with carbon monoxide detectors.

[S 362] 5

## Approved

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17 18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

**37** 

38

39

40

41

42

43

44 45

46 47

48 49

50

51

52 53

54

55

- 1. That §§ 55-248.16 and 55-248.18 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 55-248.16 Tenant to maintain dwelling unit.
  - A. In addition to the provisions of the rental agreement, the tenant shall:
- 1. Comply with all obligations primarily imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building and housing codes materially affecting health and safety;
- 2. Keep that part of the premises that he occupies and uses as clean and safe as the condition of the
- 3. Remove from his dwelling unit all ashes, garbage, rubbish and other waste in a clean and safe manner and in the appropriate receptacles provided by the landlord pursuant to § 55-248.13, if such disposal is on the premises;
- 4. Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant as clean as their condition permits;
- 5. Use in a reasonable manner all utilities and all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances including elevators in the premises, and keep all utility services paid for by the tenant to the utility service provider or its agent on at all times during the term of the rental agreement;
- 6. Not deliberately or negligently destroy, deface, damage, impair or remove any part of the premises or permit any person to do so whether known by the tenant or not;
- 7. Not remove or tamper with a properly functioning smoke detector or carbon monoxide detector installed by the landlord, including removing any working batteries, so as to render the smoke detector inoperative;
- 8. Use reasonable efforts to maintain the dwelling unit and any other part of the premises that he occupies in such a condition as to prevent accumulation of moisture and the growth of mold, and to promptly notify the landlord in writing of any moisture accumulation that occurs or of any visible evidence of mold discovered by the tenant-;
- 9. Be responsible for his conduct and the conduct of other persons on the premises with his consent whether known by the tenant or not, to ensure that his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of the premises will not be disturbed; and
  - 10. Abide by all reasonable rules and regulations imposed by the landlord pursuant to § 55-248.17.
- B. If the duty imposed by subdivision 1 of subsection A is greater than any duty imposed by any other subdivision of that subsection, the tenant's duty shall be determined by reference to subdivision 1.
  - § 55-248.18. Access; consent; correction of nonemergency conditions; relocation of tenant.
- A. The tenant shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the landlord to enter into the dwelling unit in order to inspect the premises, make necessary or agreed repairs, decorations, alterations or improvements, supply necessary or agreed services or exhibit the dwelling unit to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workmen or contractors. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit without consent of the tenant in case of emergency. The landlord shall not abuse the right of access or use it to harass the tenant. Except in case of emergency or if it is impractical to do so, the landlord shall give the tenant notice of his intent to enter and may enter only at reasonable times. Unless impractical to do so, the landlord shall give the tenant at least 24-hours' notice of routine maintenance to be performed that has not been requested by the tenant.
- B. Upon the sole determination by the landlord of the existence of a nonemergency property condition in the dwelling unit that requires the tenant to temporarily vacate the dwelling unit in order for the landlord to properly remedy such property condition, the landlord may, upon at least 30 days' written notice to the tenant, require the tenant to temporarily vacate the dwelling unit for a period not to exceed 30 days to a comparable dwelling unit, as selected by the landlord, and at no expense or cost to the tenant. For purposes of this subsection, "nonemergency property condition" means (i) a condition in the dwelling unit that, in the determination of the landlord, is necessary for the landlord to remedy in order for the landlord to be in compliance with § 55-248.13; (ii) the condition does not need to be remedied within a 24-hour period, with any condition that needs to be remedied within 24 hours being

defined as an "emergency condition"; and (iii) the condition can only be effectively remedied by the temporary relocation of the tenant pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

The tenant shall continue to be responsible for payment of rent under the rental agreement during the period of any temporary relocation. The landlord shall pay all costs of repairs or remediation required to address the property condition. Refusal of the tenant to cooperate with a temporary relocation pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed a breach of the rental agreement, unless the tenant agrees to vacate the unit and terminate the rental agreement within the 30-day notice period.

- C. The landlord has no other right to access except by court order or that permitted by §§ 55-248.32 and 55-248.33 or if the tenant has abandoned or surrendered the premises.
- D. The tenant may install, within the dwelling unit, new burglary prevention, including chain latch devices approved by the landlord, *carbon monoxide detection devices* and fire detection devices that the tenant may believe necessary to ensure his safety, provided:
  - 1. Installation does no permanent damage to any part of the dwelling unit.

- 2. A duplicate of all keys and instructions of how to operate all devices are given to the landlord.
- 3. Upon termination of the tenancy the tenant shall be responsible for payment to the landlord for reasonable costs incurred for the removal of all such devices and repairs to all damaged areas.