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SENATE BILL NO. 2

Offered January 9, 2008

Prefiled November 21, 2007

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-609.1, 58.1-609.10, 58.1-638, 58.1-1719, 58.1-1720, 58.1-1724.2, 58.1-1724.3, and 58.1-2261 of the Code of Virginia, relating to eliminating the exemption for certain fuels from the retail sales and use tax and making such fuels subject to such tax with the resulting revenues used for transportation purposes.

Patron—Puller

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 58.1-609.1, 58.1-609.10, 58.1-638, 58.1-1719, 58.1-1720, 58.1-1724.2, 58.1-1724.3, and 58.1-2261 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 58.1-609.1. Governmental and commodities exemptions.

The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 shall not apply to the following:

1. Fuels which are subject to the tax imposed by Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title. Persons who are refunded any such fuel tax shall, however, be subject to the tax imposed by this chapter, unless such taxes would be specifically exempted pursuant to any provision of this section [Repealed].

2. Motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, mobile homes and travel trailers.

3. Gas, electricity, or water when delivered to consumers through mains, lines, or pipes.

4. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by the Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States. This exclusion shall not apply to sales and leases to privately owned financial and other privately owned corporations chartered by the United States. Further, this exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property which is acquired by the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions and then transferred to private businesses for their use in a facility or real property improvement to be used by a private entity or for nongovernmental purposes other than tangible personal property acquired by the Herbert H. Bateman Advanced Shipbuilding and Carrier Integration Center and transferred to a Qualified Shipbuilder as defined in the third enactment of Chapter 790 of the 1998 Acts of the General Assembly.

5. Aircraft subject to tax under Chapter 15 (§ 58.1-1500 et seq.) of this title.

6. Motor fuels and alternative fuels for use in a commercial watercraft upon which a fuel tax is refunded pursuant to § 58.1-2259.

7. Sales by a government agency of the official flags of the United States, the Commonwealth of Virginia, or of any county, city or town.

8. Materials furnished by the State Board of Elections pursuant to §§ 24.2-404 through 24.2-407.

9. Watercraft as defined in § 58.1-1401.

10. Tangible personal property used in and about a marine terminal under the supervision of the Virginia Port Authority for handling cargo, merchandise, freight and equipment. This exemption shall apply to agents, lessees, sublessees or users of tangible personal property owned by or leased to the Virginia Port Authority and to property acquired or used by the Authority or by a nonstock, nonprofit corporation that operates a marine terminal or terminals on behalf of the Authority.

11. Sales by prisoners confined in state correctional facilities of artistic products personally made by the prisoners as authorized by § 53.1-46.

12. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by the Virginia Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired or any nominee, as defined in § 51.5-60, of such Department.

13. —Expired.]

14. Tangible personal property sold to residents and patients of the Virginia Veterans Care Center at a canteen operated by the Department of Veterans Services.

15. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by any nonprofit organization whose members include the Commonwealth and other states and which is organized for the purpose of fostering interstate cooperation and excellence in government.

16. Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption by any soil and conservation district which is organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 10.1.

17. Beginning September 1, 2004, (i) tangible personal property sold or leased to Alexandria Transit

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59 Company, Greater Lynchburg Transit Company, GRTC Transit System, or Greater Roanoke Transit
60 Company that is owned, operated, or controlled by any county, city, or town, or any combination
61 thereof, that provides public transportation services, and/or (ii) tangible personal property sold or leased
62 to any county, city, or town, or any combination thereof, that is transferred to any of the companies set
63 forth in clause (i) owned, operated, or controlled by any county, city, or town, or any combination
64 thereof, that provides public transportation services.

65 18. (Effective until July 1, 2012) Energy Star qualified products with a sales price of \$2,500 or less
66 per product purchased for noncommercial home or personal use. The exemption provided by this
67 subdivision shall apply, beginning in 2007, only to sales occurring during the four-day period that
68 begins each year on the Friday before the second Monday in October and ends at midnight on the
69 second Monday in October.

70 For the purposes of this exemption, an Energy Star qualified product is any dishwasher, clothes
71 washer, air conditioner, ceiling fan, compact fluorescent light bulb, dehumidifier, programmable
72 thermostat, or refrigerator, the energy efficiency of which has been designated by the United States
73 Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as meeting or exceeding
74 each such agency's requirements under the Energy Star program.

75 § 58.1-609.10. Miscellaneous exemptions.

76 The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606
77 shall not apply to the following:

78 1. Artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil used for domestic consumption.
79 "Domestic consumption" means the use of artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil
80 by an individual purchaser for other than business, commercial or industrial purposes. The Tax
81 Commissioner shall establish by regulation a system for use by dealers in classifying individual
82 purchases for domestic or nondomestic use based on the principal usage of such gas, wood, coal or oil.
83 Any person making a nondomestic purchase and paying the tax pursuant to this chapter who uses any
84 portion of such purchase for domestic use may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth
85 day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for a refund of the tax paid on the
86 domestic use portion.

87 2. An occasional sale, as defined in § 58.1-602.

88 3. Tangible personal property for future use by a person for taxable lease or rental as an established
89 business or part of an established business, or incidental or germane to such business, including a
90 simultaneous purchase and taxable leaseback.

91 4. Delivery of tangible personal property outside the Commonwealth for use or consumption outside
92 of the Commonwealth. Delivery of goods destined for foreign export to a factor or export agent shall be
93 deemed to be delivery of goods for use or consumption outside of the Commonwealth.

94 5. Tangible personal property purchased with food coupons issued by the United States Department
95 of Agriculture under the Food Stamp Program or drafts issued through the Virginia Special
96 Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

97 6. Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption in the performance of maintenance
98 and repair services at Nuclear Regulatory Commission-licensed nuclear power plants located outside the
99 Commonwealth.

100 7. Beginning July 1, 1997, and ending July 1, 2006, a professional's provision of original, revised,
101 edited, reformatted or copied documents, including but not limited to documents stored on or transmitted
102 by electronic media, to its client or to third parties in the course of the professional's rendition of
103 services to its clientele.

104 8. School lunches sold and served to pupils and employees of schools and subsidized by government;
105 school textbooks sold by a local board or authorized agency thereof; and school textbooks sold for use
106 by students attending a nonprofit college or other institution of learning, when sold (i) by such
107 institution of learning or (ii) by any other dealer, when such textbooks have been certified by a
108 department or instructor of such institution of learning as required textbooks for students attending
109 courses at such institution.

110 9. Medicines, drugs, hypodermic syringes, artificial eyes, contact lenses, eyeglasses, eyeglass cases,
111 and contact lens storage containers when distributed free of charge, all solutions or sterilization kits or
112 other devices applicable to the wearing or maintenance of contact lenses or eyeglasses when distributed
113 free of charge, and hearing aids dispensed by or sold on prescriptions or work orders of licensed
114 physicians, dentists, optometrists, ophthalmologists, opticians, audiologists, hearing aid dealers and
115 fitters, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and veterinarians; controlled drugs purchased for use by
116 a licensed physician, optometrist, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant in his
117 professional practice, regardless of whether such practice is organized as a sole proprietorship,
118 partnership, or professional corporation, or any other type of corporation in which the shareholders and
119 operators are all licensed physicians, optometrists, licensed nurse practitioners, or licensed physician
120 assistants engaged in the practice of medicine, optometry, or nursing; medicines and drugs purchased for

use or consumption by a licensed hospital, nursing home, clinic, or similar corporation not otherwise exempt under this section; and samples of prescription drugs and medicines and their packaging distributed free of charge to authorized recipients in accordance with the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A. § 301 et seq., as amended). With the exceptions of those medicines and drugs used for agricultural production animals that are exempt to veterinarians under subdivision 1 of § 58.1-609.2, any veterinarian dispensing or selling medicines or drugs on prescription shall be deemed to be the user or consumer of all such medicines and drugs.

10. Wheelchairs and parts therefor, braces, crutches, prosthetic devices, orthopedic appliances, catheters, urinary accessories, other durable medical equipment and devices, and related parts and supplies specifically designed for those products; and insulin and insulin syringes, and equipment, devices or chemical reagents that may be used by a diabetic to test or monitor blood or urine, when such items or parts are purchased by or on behalf of an individual for use by such individual. Durable medical equipment is equipment that (i) can withstand repeated use, (ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, (iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury, and (iv) is appropriate for use in the home.

11. Drugs and supplies used in hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.

12. Special equipment installed on a motor vehicle when purchased by a handicapped person to enable such person to operate the motor vehicle.

13. Special typewriters and computers and related parts and supplies specifically designed for those products used by handicapped persons to communicate when such equipment is prescribed by a licensed physician.

14. a. (i) Any nonprescription drugs and proprietary medicines purchased for the cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings and (ii) any samples of nonprescription drugs and proprietary medicines distributed free of charge by the manufacturer, including packaging materials and constituent elements and ingredients.

b. The terms "nonprescription drugs" and "proprietary medicines" shall be defined pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Department of Taxation. The exemption authorized in this subdivision shall not apply to cosmetics.

15. Tangible personal property withdrawn from inventory and donated to (i) an organization exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) the Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or any school, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

16. Tangible personal property purchased by nonprofit churches that are exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or whose real property is exempt from local taxation pursuant to the provisions of § 58.1-3606, for use (i) in religious worship services by a congregation or church membership while meeting together in a single location and (ii) in the libraries, offices, meeting or counseling rooms or other rooms in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the church and its related ministries, including kindergarten, elementary and secondary schools. The exemption for such churches shall also include baptistries; bulletins, programs, newspapers and newsletters that do not contain paid advertising and are used in carrying out the work of the church; gifts including food for distribution outside the public church building; food, disposable serving items, cleaning supplies and teaching materials used in the operation of camps or conference centers by the church or an organization composed of churches that are exempt under this subdivision and which are used in carrying out the work of the church or churches; and property used in caring for or maintaining property owned by the church including, but not limited to, mowing equipment; and building materials installed by the church, and for which the church does not contract with a person or entity to have installed, in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the church and its related ministries, including, but not limited to worship services; administrative rooms; and kindergarten, elementary, and secondary schools.

17. Medical products and supplies, which are otherwise taxable, such as bandages, gauze dressings, incontinence products and wound-care products, when purchased by a Medicaid recipient through a Department of Medical Assistance Services provider agreement.

18. Beginning July 1, 2007, and ending July 1, 2012, multifuel heating stoves used for heating an individual purchaser's residence. "Multifuel heating stoves" are stoves that are capable of burning a wide variety of alternative fuels, including, but not limited to, shelled corn, wood pellets, cherry pits, and olive pits.

19. *Aviation gasoline or aviation jet fuel that is not sold or purchased for use, stored for use, consumed, or used in a highway vehicle. "Aviation gasoline," "aviation jet fuel," and "highway vehicle" mean the same as such terms are defined in § 58.1-2201.*

20. *"Bonded aviation jet fuel" as defined in § 58.1-2201.*

21. *"Dyed diesel fuel," except cases in which such fuel is used to operate a highway vehicle for a taxable use other than a use allowed under 26 U.S.C. § 4082, as may be amended. "Dyed diesel fuel,"*

182 *"highway vehicle," and "use" mean the same as such terms are defined in § 58.1-2201.*

183 § 58.1-638. Disposition of state sales and use tax revenue; localities' share; Game Protection Fund.

184 A. The Comptroller shall designate a specific revenue code number for all the state sales and use tax
185 revenue collected under the preceding sections of this chapter.

186 1. The sales and use tax revenue generated by the (i) one-half percent sales and use tax increase
187 enacted by the 1986 Special Session of the General Assembly and (ii) imposition of the state tax under
188 this chapter effective July 1, 2008, on fuels that are subject to the tax imposed under Chapter 22
189 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.), shall be paid, in the manner hereinafter provided in this section, to the
190 Transportation Trust Fund as defined in § 33.1-23.03:1. Of the funds paid to the Transportation Trust
191 Fund, an aggregate of 4.2 percent shall be set aside as the Commonwealth Port Fund as provided in this
192 section; an aggregate of 2.4 percent shall be set aside as the Commonwealth Airport Fund as provided
193 in this section; and an aggregate of 14.5 percent in fiscal year 1998-1999 and 14.7 percent in fiscal year
194 1999-2000 and thereafter shall be set aside as the Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund as provided in this
195 section. The Fund's share of such net revenue shall be computed as an estimate of the net revenue to be
196 received into the state treasury each month, and such estimated payment shall be adjusted for the actual
197 net revenue received in the preceding month. All payments shall be made to the Fund on the last day of
198 each month.

199 2. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall
200 be a part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Port Fund.

201 a. The Commonwealth Port Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and the funds
202 remaining in such Fund at the end of a biennium shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in
203 the Fund. Interest earned on such funds shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Funds may be
204 paid to any authority, locality or commission for the purposes hereinafter specified.

205 b. The amounts allocated pursuant to this section shall be allocated by the Commonwealth
206 Transportation Board to the Board of Commissioners of the Virginia Port Authority to be used to
207 support port capital needs and the preservation of existing capital needs of all ocean, river, or tributary
208 ports within the Commonwealth.

209 c. Commonwealth Port Fund revenue shall be allocated by the Board of Commissioners to the
210 Virginia Port Authority in order to foster and stimulate the flow of maritime commerce through the
211 ports of Virginia, including but not limited to the ports of Richmond, Hopewell and Alexandria.

212 3. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall
213 be part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Airport Fund.
214 The Commonwealth Airport Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and any funds
215 remaining in such Fund at the end of a biennium shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in
216 the Fund. Interest earned on the funds shall be credited to the Fund. The funds so allocated shall be
217 allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board to the Virginia Aviation Board. The funds shall
218 be allocated by the Virginia Aviation Board to any Virginia airport which is owned by the
219 Commonwealth, a governmental subdivision thereof, or a private entity to which the public has access
220 for the purposes enumerated in § 5.1-2.16, or is owned or leased by the Metropolitan Washington
221 Airports Authority (MWAA), as follows:

222 Any new funds in excess of \$12.1 million which are available for allocation by the Virginia Aviation
223 Board from the Commonwealth Transportation Fund, shall be allocated as follows: 60 percent to
224 MWAA, up to a maximum annual amount of \$2 million, and 40 percent to air carrier airports as
225 provided in subdivision A 3 a. Except for adjustments due to changes in enplaned passengers, no air
226 carrier airport sponsor, excluding MWAA, shall receive less funds identified under subdivision A 3 a
227 than it received in fiscal year 1994-1995.

228 Of the remaining amount:

229 a. Forty percent of the funds shall be allocated to air carrier airports, except airports owned or leased
230 by MWAA, based upon the percentage of enplanements for each airport to total enplanements at all air
231 carrier airports, except airports owned or leased by MWAA. No air carrier airport sponsor, however,
232 shall receive less than \$50,000 nor more than \$2 million per year from this provision.

233 b. Forty percent of the funds shall be allocated by the Aviation Board for air carrier and reliever
234 airports on a discretionary basis, except airports owned or leased by MWAA.

235 c. Twenty percent of the funds shall be allocated by the Aviation Board for general aviation airports
236 on a discretionary basis.

237 4. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall
238 be a part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Mass
239 Transit Fund.

240 a. The Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and
241 any funds remaining in such Fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the general fund but
242 shall remain in the Fund. Interest earned on such funds shall be credited to the Fund. Funds may be
243 paid to any local governing body, transportation district commission, or public service corporation for

the purposes hereinafter specified.

b. The amounts allocated pursuant to this section shall be used to support the public transportation administrative costs and the costs borne by the locality for the purchase of fuels, lubricants, tires and maintenance parts and supplies for public transportation at a state share of 80 percent in 2002 and 95 percent in 2003 and succeeding years. These amounts may be used to support up to 95 percent of the local or nonfederal share of capital project costs for public transportation and ridesharing equipment, facilities, and associated costs. Capital costs may include debt service payments on local or agency transit bonds. The term "borne by the locality" means the local share eligible for state assistance consisting of costs in excess of the sum of fares and other operating revenues plus federal assistance received by the locality.

c. Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund revenue shall be allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board as follows:

(1) Funds for special programs, which shall include ridesharing, experimental transit, and technical assistance, shall not exceed 1.5 percent of the Fund.

(2) The Board may allocate these funds to any locality or planning district commission to finance up to 80 percent of the local share of all costs associated with the development, implementation, and continuation of ridesharing programs.

(3) Funds allocated for experimental transit projects may be paid to any local governing body, transportation district commission, or public corporation or may be used directly by the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the following purposes:

(a) To finance up to 95 percent of the capital costs related to the development, implementation and promotion of experimental public transportation and ridesharing projects approved by the Board.

(b) To finance up to 95 percent of the operating costs of experimental mass transportation and ridesharing projects approved by the Board for a period of time not to exceed 12 months.

(c) To finance up to 95 percent of the cost of the development and implementation of any other project designated by the Board where the purpose of such project is to enhance the provision and use of public transportation services.

d. Funds allocated for public transportation promotion and operation studies may be paid to any local governing body, planning district commission, transportation district commission, or public transit corporation, or may be used directly by the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the following purposes and aid of public transportation services:

(1) At the approval of the Board to finance a program administered by the Department of Rail and Public Transportation designed to promote the use of public transportation and ridesharing throughout Virginia.

(2) To finance up to 50 percent of the local share of public transportation operations planning and technical study projects approved by the Board.

e. At least 73.5 percent of the Fund shall be distributed to each transit property in the same proportion as its operating expenses bear to the total statewide operating expenses and shall be spent for the purposes specified in subdivision 4 b.

f. The remaining 25 percent shall be distributed for capital purposes on the basis of 95 percent of the nonfederal share for federal projects and 95 percent of the total costs for nonfederal projects. In the event that total capital funds available under this subdivision are insufficient to fund the complete list of eligible projects, the funds shall be distributed to each transit property in the same proportion that such capital expenditure bears to the statewide total of capital projects.

g. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund known as the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. The Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall be part of the Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund. The Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund subaccount shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and consist of such moneys as are appropriated to it by the General Assembly and of all donations, gifts, bequests, grants, endowments, and other moneys given, bequeathed, granted, or otherwise made available to the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. Any funds remaining in the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the general fund, but shall remain in the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. Interest earned on funds within the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall remain in and be credited to the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. Proceeds of the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund may be paid to any political subdivision, another public entity created by an act of the General Assembly, or a private entity as defined in § 56-557 and for purposes as enumerated in subdivision 4c of § 33.1-269 or expended by the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the purposes specified in this subdivision. Revenues of the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall be used to support capital expenditures involving the establishment, improvement, or expansion of public transportation services through specific projects approved by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Projects financed by the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall receive local, regional or private funding for at least 20 percent of the nonfederal

share of the total project cost.

5. Funds for Metro shall be paid by the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission (NVTC) to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) and be a credit to the Counties of Arlington and Fairfax and the Cities of Alexandria, Falls Church and Fairfax in the following manner:

a. Local obligations for debt service for WMATA rail transit bonds apportioned to each locality using WMATA's capital formula shall be paid first by NVTC. NVTC shall use 95 percent state aid for these payments.

b. The remaining funds shall be apportioned to reflect WMATA's allocation formulas by using the related WMATA-allocated subsidies and relative shares of local transit subsidies. Capital costs shall include 20 percent of annual local bus capital expenses. Hold harmless protections and obligations for NVTC's jurisdictions agreed to by NVTC on November 5, 1998, shall remain in effect.

Appropriations from the Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund are intended to provide a stable and reliable source of revenue as defined by Public Law 96-184.

B. The sales and use tax revenue generated by a one percent sales and use tax shall be distributed among the counties and cities of this Commonwealth in the manner provided in subsections C and D.

C. The localities' share of the net revenue distributable under this section among the counties and cities shall be apportioned by the Comptroller and distributed among them by warrants of the Comptroller drawn on the Treasurer of Virginia as soon as practicable after the close of each month during which the net revenue was received into the state treasury. The distribution of the localities' share of such net revenue shall be computed with respect to the net revenue received into the state treasury during each month, and such distribution shall be made as soon as practicable after the close of each such month.

D. The net revenue so distributable among the counties and cities shall be apportioned and distributed upon the basis as certified to the Comptroller by the Department of Education, of the number of children in each county and city according to the most recent statewide census of school population taken by the Department of Education pursuant to § 22.1-284, as adjusted in the manner hereinafter provided. No special school population census, other than a statewide census, shall be used as the basis of apportionment and distribution except that in any calendar year in which a statewide census is not reported, the Department of Education shall adjust such school population figures by the same percent of annual change in total population estimated for each locality by The Center for Public Service. The revenue so apportionable and distributable is hereby appropriated to the several counties and cities for maintenance, operation, capital outlays, debt and interest payments, or other expenses incurred in the operation of the public schools, which shall be considered as funds raised from local resources. In any county, however, wherein is situated any incorporated town constituting a school division, the county treasurer shall pay into the town treasury for maintenance, operation, capital outlays, debt and interest payments, or other expenses incurred in the operation of the public schools, the proper proportionate amount received by him in the ratio that the school population of such town bears to the school population of the entire county. If the school population of any city or of any town constituting a school division is increased by the annexation of territory since the last preceding school population census, such increase shall, for the purposes of this section, be added to the school population of such city or town as shown by the last such census and a proper reduction made in the school population of the county or counties from which the annexed territory was acquired.

E. Beginning July 1, 2000, of the remaining sales and use tax revenue, the revenue generated by a two percent sales and use tax, up to an annual amount of \$13 million, collected from the sales of hunting equipment, auxiliary hunting equipment, fishing equipment, auxiliary fishing equipment, wildlife-watching equipment, and auxiliary wildlife-watching equipment in Virginia, as estimated by the most recent U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation, shall be paid into the Game Protection Fund established under § 29.1-101 and shall be used, in part, to defray the cost of law enforcement. Not later than 30 days after the close of each quarter, the Comptroller shall transfer to the Game Protection Fund the appropriate amount of collections to be dedicated to such Fund. At any time that the balance in the Capital Improvement Fund, established under § 29.1-101.1, is equal to or in excess of \$35 million, any portion of sales and use tax revenues that would have been transferred to the Game Protection Fund, established under § 29.1-101, in excess of the net operating expenses of the Board, after deduction of other amounts which accrue to the Board and are set aside for the Game Protection Fund, shall remain in the general fund until such time as the balance in the Capital Improvement Fund is less than \$35 million.

F. 1. Of the net revenue generated from the one-half percent increase in the rate of the state sales and use tax effective August 1, 2004, pursuant to enactments of the 2004 Special Session I of the General Assembly, the Comptroller shall transfer from the general fund of the state treasury to the Public Education Standards of Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund established under § 58.1-638.1 an amount equivalent to one-half of the net revenue generated from such one-half percent

increase as provided in this subdivision. The transfers to the Public Education Standards of Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund under this subdivision shall be for one-half of the net revenue generated (and collected in the succeeding month) from such one-half percent increase for the month of August 2004 and for each month thereafter.

2. For the purposes of the Comptroller making the required transfers under subdivision 1, the Tax Commissioner shall make a written certification to the Comptroller no later than the twenty-fifth of each month certifying the sales and use tax revenues generated in the preceding month. Within three calendar days of receiving such certification, the Comptroller shall make the required transfers to the Public Education Standards of Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund.

G. If errors are made in any distribution, or adjustments are otherwise necessary, the errors shall be corrected and adjustments made in the distribution for the next quarter or for subsequent quarters.

H. The term "net revenue," as used in this section, means the gross revenue received into the general fund or the Transportation Trust Fund of the state treasury under the preceding sections of this chapter, less refunds to taxpayers.

§ 58.1-1719. Rules and regulations; bracket system.

The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations for the registration of dealers and the procedures for filing returns for the payment of the tax imposed pursuant to this article. Such regulations shall include provisions for a bracket system, designed so that the tax will appear on the fuel pump as a part of the total cost of a unit of fuel, whether the unit is a gallon or other measure. The bracket system shall state the tax per unit measure in tenths of a cent, and shall be in increments of ~~no more than 2~~ *1/2¢ as determined by the Tax Commissioner.*

§ 58.1-1720. Sales tax on fuel in certain transportation districts.

A. There is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes imposed on fuels subject to tax under Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title, in every county or city which is a member of any transportation district in which a rapid heavy rail commuter mass transportation system operating on an exclusive right-of-way and a bus commuter mass transportation system are owned, operated or controlled, by an agency or a commission as defined in § 15.2-4502, or in any transportation district which is subject to § 15.2-4515 C and which is contiguous to the Northern Virginia Transportation District, a sales tax of two percent of the retail price of such fuels sold within such county or city. As used in this section "retail sale" means a sale to a consumer or to any person for any purpose other than resale.

B. The tax imposed under this section shall be subject to the provisions of the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.); ~~except that the exemption provided for motor vehicle fuels under § 58.1-609.13, and the bracket system provided in such act, shall not be applicable.~~

C. The tax imposed under this section shall be effective on the first day of the first month that is at least 60 days after the certification by the Secretary of the Commonwealth required under §§ 15.2-4504 and 15.2-4529.

§ 58.1-1724.2. Rules and regulations; bracket system.

The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations for the registration of dealers and the procedures for filing returns for the payment of the tax imposed pursuant to this article. Such regulations shall include provisions for a bracket system, designed so that the tax will appear on the fuel pump as a part of the total cost of a unit of fuel, whether the unit is a gallon or other measure. The bracket system shall state the tax per unit measure in tenths of a cent, and shall be in increments of ~~no more than 2 1/2~~ *cents as determined by the Tax Commissioner.*

§ 58.1-1724.3. Sales tax on fuel in certain localities.

A. In addition to all other taxes, fees, and other charges imposed on fuels subject to tax under Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title, the Hampton Roads Transportation Authority may impose a sales tax of 2% of the retail price of such fuels sold at retail within any county or city embraced by the Authority. The Commissioner shall transfer the revenues collected to the Hampton Roads Transportation Authority established under § 33.1-391.7. As used in this section "sold at retail" means a sale to a consumer or to any person for any purpose other than resale.

B. The tax imposed under this section shall be subject to the provisions of the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.); ~~except that the exemption provided for motor vehicle fuels under § 58.1-609.1, and the bracket system provided in such act, shall not be applicable.~~

§ 58.1-2261. Refund procedure; investigations.

A. Any person entitled to a refund pursuant to § 58.1-2259 shall file with the Commissioner an application in writing on a form prepared and furnished by the Commissioner, duly signed by the applicant, and accompanied by a paid ticket or invoice from the seller showing such purchase. The applicant shall set forth the basis for the claimed refund, the total amount of such fuel purchased and used by such applicant, and how such fuel was used. The Commissioner, upon the presentation of such application and paid ticket, invoice or other document, shall refund to the claimant the proper amount of

428 the tax paid as provided in this chapter, subject to the provisions of subsection D. A ticket issued to the
429 holder of a credit card as evidence of the delivery to such holder of tax-paid fuel shall, for the purpose
430 of this section, be a paid ticket or invoice. Tickets or invoices marked "duplicate" shall not be
431 acceptable.

432 B. The application for a refund shall be filed within one year from the date of the sale as shown on
433 the paid ticket or invoice. However, an application for a refund pursuant to subdivision A 5 of
434 § 58.1-2259 shall be filed within three years of the date such fuel is transported outside the
435 Commonwealth. For those that pay the motor fuels tax in accordance with § 58.1-2200, if the refund
436 amount certified by the Commissioner is different from the amount requested by the applicant, the
437 Commissioner shall provide an explanation to the applicant of why the refund amount differs from the
438 amount requested.

439 C. In the event an assessment is rendered for failure to report and pay the tax imposed as provided
440 in § 58.1-2217 or § 58.1-2249 and such fuel is subject to refund under the provisions of § 58.1-2259, the
441 application for a refund shall be filed with the Commissioner by the person entitled to such refund
442 within one year from the date such assessment is paid and shall be accompanied by invoices covering
443 the sale of the fuel and billing of tax to such person.

444 D. The Department may make any investigation it considers necessary before refunding the fuels tax
445 to a person, and may investigate a refund after the refund has been issued and within the time frame for
446 adjusting tax under this chapter.

447 E. ~~In accordance with § 58.1-609.1, any person who is refunded tax pursuant to § 58.1-2259 shall be~~
448 ~~subject to the taxes imposed by Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title, unless such transaction is~~
449 ~~specifically exempted pursuant to § 58.1-609.1.~~

450 **2. That the Department of Taxation shall develop and make publicly available guidelines for the**
451 **imposition of the retail sales and use tax on certain fuels transactions pursuant to the provisions of**
452 **this act. The guidelines shall include a bracket system, designed so that such tax shall appear on**
453 **the fuel pump or other fuel dispensing mechanism as a part of the total cost of a unit of fuel,**
454 **whether the unit is a gallon or other measure. The bracket system shall state the tax per unit**
455 **measure in tenths of a cent, and shall be in increments as determined by the Tax Commissioner.**
456 **In addition, in those counties and cities in which the tax described under § 58.1-1720 or**
457 **§ 58.1-1724.3 of the Code of Virginia is imposed, the Department shall coordinate the bracket**
458 **system for the retail sales and use tax on such fuels transactions with the bracket system described**
459 **under § 58.1-1719 or § 58.1-1724.2 of the Code of Virginia, respectively. In developing such**
460 **guidelines, the Department shall not be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Process Act**
461 **(§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) of the Code of Virginia.**

462 **3. That the revenues received by any county or city from the imposition of the one percent local**
463 **retail sales and use tax on certain fuels pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be used by the**
464 **county or city solely for local or regional projects directly relating to transportation. Such**
465 **transportation projects may include debt service payments on obligations and other evidences of**
466 **debt issued or entered into to finance or fund transportation projects, but only for such**
467 **obligations or debt that has not been authorized and is not outstanding as of July 1, 2008. The**
468 **guidelines described in the second enactment of this act shall include provisions for the**
469 **Department of Taxation to provide a written monthly report to each county and city in a timely**
470 **manner reporting the monthly net revenues generated in the relevant time period from the**
471 **imposition of the respective county's or city's one percent local retail sales and use tax on such**
472 **fuels.**