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## HOUSE BILL NO. 893

Offered January 9, 2008

Prefiled January 8, 2008

A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia, relating to assault and battery of employees of juvenile detention facilities; penalty.

Patrons-Lohr, Athey, Cole, Cosgrove, Lingamfelter, Massie, Merricks and Sherwood

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

## 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

## 1. That § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 12 § 18.2-57. Assault and battery.

13 A. Any person who commits a simple assault or assault and battery shall be is guilty of a Class 1 14 misdemeanor, and if the person intentionally selects the person against whom a simple assault is 15 committed because of his race, religious conviction, color or national origin, the penalty upon conviction 16 shall include a term of confinement of at least six months, 30 days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement. 17

B. However, if a person intentionally selects the person against whom an assault and battery resulting 18 19 in bodily injury is committed because of his race, religious conviction, color or national origin, the 20 person shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of 21 confinement of at least six months, 30 days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 22 confinement.

C. In addition, if any person commits an assault or an assault and battery against another knowing or 23 24 having reason to know that such other person is a judge, a law-enforcement officer as defined 25 hereinafter, a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1, a person employed by the Department of Corrections directly involved in the care, treatment or supervision of inmates in the custody of the 26 27 Department, a person employed in a secure facility or detention home as defined in § 16.1-228 or in any 28 facility designed for the secure detention of juveniles directly involved in the control, care, treatment, or 29 supervision of detainees confined in such a facility, a firefighter as defined in § 65.2-102, or a volunteer 30 firefighter or lifesaving or rescue squad member who is a member of a bona fide volunteer fire 31 department or volunteer rescue or emergency medical squad regardless of whether a resolution has been adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision recognizing such firefighters or members as 32 33 employees, engaged in the performance of his public duties, such person is guilty of a Class 6 felony, 34 and, upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of 35 confinement of six months.

36 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a 37 violation of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge 38 that may be available under common law.

39 D. In addition, if any person commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know 40 that such other person is a full-time or part-time teacher, principal, assistant principal, or guidance counselor of any public or private elementary or secondary school and is engaged in the performance of 41 his duties as such, he shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and the sentence of such person upon 42 conviction shall include a sentence of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum 43 term of confinement. However, if the offense is committed by use of a firearm or other weapon 44 prohibited on school property pursuant to § 18.2-308.1, the person shall serve a mandatory minimum 45 46 sentence of confinement of six months. 47

E. As used in this section:

48 "Judge" means any justice or judge of a court of record of the Commonwealth including a judge 49 designated under § 17.1-105, a judge under temporary recall under § 17.1-106, or a judge pro tempore under § 17.1-109, any member of the State Corporation Commission, or of the Virginia Workers' 50 51 Compensation Commission, and any judge of a district court of the Commonwealth or any substitute 52 judge of such district court.

53 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office which is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 54 55 thereof, who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of this Commonwealth, and any conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, and conservation police officers 56 57 58 appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200, and such officer also includes jail officers in local and regional

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correctional facilities, all deputy sheriffs, whether assigned to law-enforcement duties, court services or
local jail responsibilities, auxiliary police officers appointed or provided for pursuant to §§ 15.2-1731
and 15.2-1733 and auxiliary deputy sheriffs appointed pursuant to § 15.2-1603.

<sup>62</sup> "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board for the
<sup>63</sup> purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, investigating violations of school board
<sup>64</sup> policies and detaining persons violating the law or school board policies on school property, a school
<sup>65</sup> bus or at a school-sponsored activity and who is responsible solely for ensuring the safety, security and
<sup>66</sup> welfare of all students, faculty and staff in the assigned school.

F. "Simple assault" or "assault and battery" shall not be construed to include the use of, by any teacher, teacher aide, principal, assistant principal, guidance counselor, school security officer, school 67 68 bus driver or school bus aide, while acting in the course and scope of his official capacity, any of the 69 following: (i) incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain 70 71 order and control; (ii) reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a disturbance that threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property; (iii) 72 reasonable and necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself; (iv) 73 reasonable and necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others; or (v) reasonable and necessary 74 75 force to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or associated paraphernalia that are upon the person of the student or within his control. 76

77 In determining whether a person was acting within the exceptions provided in this subsection, due
78 deference shall be given to reasonable judgments that were made by a teacher, teacher aide, principal, assistant principal, guidance counselor, school security officer, school bus driver, or school bus aide at the time of the event.

81 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

82 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot

83 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and cannot be

84 determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.