2008 SESSION

083282672 1 HOUSE BILL NO. 538 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources 4 on February 25, 2008) 5 6 (Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Orrock, Armstrong [HB 691] and Vanderhye [HB 1232]) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 3.1-796.66, 3.1-796.104, and 58.1-3109 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 3.1-796.71:1, by adding in Chapter 27.4 7 of Title 3.1 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of sections numbered 3.1-796.77:1 through 3.1-796.77:6, and by adding a section numbered 3.1-796.122:1, relating to the breeding of 8 9 10 companion animals; penalty. 11 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: That §§ 3.1-796.66, 3.1-796.104, and 58.1-3109 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 12 1. reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 3.1-796.71:1, 13 by adding in Chapter 27.4 of Title 3.1 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of sections numbered 14 15 3.1-796.77:1 through 3.1-796.77:6, and by adding a section numbered 3.1-796.122:1 as follows: 16 § 3.1-796.66. Definitions. 17 The following words as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings: "Abandon" means to desert, forsake, or absolutely give up an animal without having secured another 18 owner or custodian for the animal or by failing to provide the elements of basic care as set forth in 19 20 § 3.1-796.68 for a period of five consecutive days. "Adequate care" or "care" means the responsible practice of good animal husbandry, handling, production, management, confinement, feeding, watering, protection, shelter, transportation, treatment, 21 22 23 and, when necessary, euthanasia, appropriate for the age, species, condition, size and type of the animal 24 and the provision of veterinary care when needed to prevent suffering or impairment of health. 25 "Adequate exercise" or "exercise" means the opportunity for the animal to move sufficiently to maintain normal muscle tone and mass for the age, species, size, and condition of the animal. 26 27 "Adequate feed" means access to and the provision of food that is of sufficient quantity and nutritive 28 value to maintain each animal in good health; is accessible to each animal; is prepared so as to permit 29 ease of consumption for the age, species, condition, size and type of each animal; is provided in a clean 30 and sanitary manner; is placed so as to minimize contamination by excrement and pests; and is provided 31 at suitable intervals for the species, age, and condition of the animal, but at least once daily, except as 32 prescribed by a veterinarian or as dictated by naturally occurring states of hibernation or fasting normal 33 for the species. 34 "Adequate shelter" means provision of and access to shelter that is suitable for the species, age, 35 condition, size, and type of each animal; provides adequate space for each animal; is safe and protects 36 each animal from injury, rain, sleet, snow, hail, direct sunlight, the adverse effects of heat or cold, physical suffering, and impairment of health; is properly lighted; is properly cleaned; enables each 37 38 animal to be clean and dry, except when detrimental to the species; and, for dogs and cats, provides a 39 solid surface, resting platform, pad, floormat, or similar device that is large enough for the animal to lie 40 on in a normal manner and can be maintained in a sanitary manner. Under this chapter, shelters whose 41 wire, grid, or slat floors (i) permit the animals' feet to pass through the openings, (ii) sag under the 42 animals' weight, or (iii) otherwise do not protect the animals' feet or toes from injury are not adequate 43 shelter. 44 "Adequate space" means sufficient space to allow each animal to (i) easily stand, sit, lie, turn about, 45 and make all other normal body movements in a comfortable, normal position for the animal and (ii) interact safely with other animals in the enclosure. When an animal is tethered, "adequate space" means 46 47 a tether that permits the above actions and is appropriate to the age and size of the animal; is attached to the animal by a properly applied collar, halter, or harness configured so as to protect the animal from **48** 49 injury and prevent the animal or tether from becoming entangled with other objects or animals, or from extending over an object or edge that could result in the strangulation or injury of the animal; and is at 50 51 least three times the length of the animal, as measured from the tip of its nose to the base of its tail, except when the animal is being walked on a leash or is attached by a tether to a lead line. When 52 53 freedom of movement would endanger the animal, temporarily and appropriately restricting movement of 54 the animal according to professionally accepted standards for the species is considered provision of 55 adequate space. 56 "Adequate water" means provision of and access to clean, fresh, potable water of a drinkable 57 temperature that is provided in a suitable manner, in sufficient volume, and at suitable intervals, but at least once every 12 hours, to maintain normal hydration for the age, species, condition, size and type of 58

each animal, except as prescribed by a veterinarian or as dictated by naturally occurring states of

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hibernation or fasting normal for the species; and is provided in clean, durable receptacles that are 60 accessible to each animal and are placed so as to minimize contamination of the water by excrement and 61 62 pests or an alternative source of hydration consistent with generally accepted husbandry practices.

63 "Adoption" means the transfer of ownership of a dog or a cat, or any other companion animal, from 64 a releasing agency to an individual. 65

"Agricultural animals" means all livestock and poultry.

"Ambient temperature" means the temperature surrounding the animal.

"Animal" means any nonhuman vertebrate species except fish. For the purposes of § 3.1-796.98, 67 animal means any species susceptible to rabies. For the purposes of § 3.1-796.122, animal means any 68 nonhuman vertebrate species including fish except those fish captured and killed or disposed of in a 69 70 reasonable and customary manner.

"Animal control officer" means a person appointed as an animal control officer or deputy animal 71 72 control officer as provided in § 3.1-796.104.

"Animal shelter" means a facility, other than a private residential dwelling and its surrounding 73 grounds, that is used to house or contain animals and that is owned, operated, or maintained by a 74 75 nongovernmental entity including, but not limited to, a humane society, animal welfare organization, 76 society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or any other organization operating for the purpose of 77 finding permanent adoptive homes for animals. 78

"Board" means the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

79 "Boarding establishment" means a place or establishment other than a pound or animal shelter where 80 companion animals not owned by the proprietor are sheltered, fed, and watered in exchange for a fee.

"Collar" means a well-fitted device, appropriate to the age and size of the animal, attached to the 81 animal's neck in such a way as to prevent trauma or injury to the animal. 82

"Commercial dog breeder" means any person who, during any 12-month period, maintains 30 or 83 more adult female dogs for the primary purpose of the sale of their offspring as companion animals. "Companion animal" means any domestic or feral dog, domestic or feral cat, nonhuman primate, 84

85 guinea pig, hamster, rabbit not raised for human food or fiber, exotic or native animal, reptile, exotic or 86 87 native bird, or any feral animal or any animal under the care, custody, or ownership of a person or any 88 animal that is bought, sold, traded, or bartered by any person. Agricultural animals, game species, or any 89 animals regulated under federal law as research animals shall not be considered companion animals for 90 the purposes of this chapter.

91 'Consumer" means any natural person purchasing an animal from a dealer or pet shop or hiring the 92 services of a boarding establishment. The term "consumer" shall not include a business or corporation 93 engaged in sales or services.

"Dealer" means any person who in the regular course of business for compensation or profit buys, 94 sells, transfers, exchanges, or barters companion animals. The following shall not be considered dealers: 95 96 (i) any person who transports companion animals in the regular course of business as a common carrier, 97 or (ii) any person or organization whose primary purpose is to find permanent adoptive homes for 98 companion animals.

99 "Direct and immediate threat" means any clear and imminent danger to an animal's health, safety or 100 life.

"Dump" means to knowingly desert, forsake, or absolutely give up without having secured another 101 102 owner or custodian any dog, cat or other companion animal in any public place including the 103 right-of-way of any public highway, road or street or on the property of another.

"Emergency veterinary treatment" means veterinary treatment to stabilize a life-threatening condition, 104 105 alleviate suffering, prevent further disease transmission, or prevent further disease progression.

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"Enclosure" means a structure used to house or restrict animals from running at large. "Euthanasia" means the humane destruction of an animal accomplished by a method that involves 107 108 instantaneous unconsciousness and immediate death or by a method that involves anesthesia, produced 109 by an agent that causes painless loss of consciousness, and death during such loss of consciousness.

"Exhibitor" means any person who has animals for or on public display, excluding an exhibitor 110 licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture. 111

"Facility" means a building, other than a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds, 112 113 that is used to contain a primary enclosure or enclosures in which animals are housed or kept.

114 "Foster care provider" means an individual who provides care or rehabilitation for companion animals through an affiliation with a pound, animal shelter, or other releasing agency. 115

116 "Foster home" means a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds at which site through an affiliation with a pound, animal shelter, or other releasing agency care or rehabilitation is provided 117 118 for companion animals.

"Groomer" means any person who, for a fee, cleans, trims, brushes, makes neat, manicures, or treats 119 120 for external parasites any animal.

"Home-based rescue" means any person or organization that accepts (i) more than 12 companion 121

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122 animals or (ii) more than nine companion animals and more than three unweaned litters of companion 123 animals in a calendar year for the purpose of finding permanent adoptive homes for the companion 124 animals and houses the companion animals in a private residential dwelling or uses a system of housing 125 companion animals in private residential foster homes. 126 "Humane" means any action taken in consideration of and with the intent to provide for the animal's 127 health and well-being. 128 "Humane investigator" means a person who has been appointed by a circuit court as a humane 129 investigator as provided in § 3.1-796.106.

130 "Humane society" means any incorporated, nonprofit organization that is organized for the purposes 131 of preventing cruelty to animals and promoting humane care and treatment or adoptions of animals.

132 "Kennel" means any establishment in which five or more canines, felines, or hybrids of either are 133 kept for the purpose of breeding, hunting, training, renting, buying, boarding, selling, or showing.

134 "Law-enforcement officer" means any person who is a full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political 135 subdivision thereof and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth. Part-time employees are 136 137 138 compensated officers who are not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department or 139 sheriff's office.

140 "Livestock" includes all domestic or domesticated: bovine animals; equine animals; ovine animals; 141 porcine animals; cervidae animals; capradae animals; animals of the genus Lama; ratites; fish or shellfish 142 in aquaculture facilities, as defined in § 3.1-73.6; enclosed domesticated rabbits or hares raised for 143 human food or fiber; or any other individual animal specifically raised for food or fiber, except 144 companion animals.

145 "Local ordinance" means any law, rule, regulation, or ordinance promulgated by the governing body 146 of any county, city, or town.

147 "Locality" or "local government" means a county, city, or town, as the context may require.

148 "New owner" means an individual who is legally competent to enter into a binding agreement 149 pursuant to subdivision B 2 of § 3.1-796.126:1, and who adopts or receives a dog or cat from a 150 releasing agency.

151 "Other officer" includes all other persons employed or elected by the people of Virginia, or by any 152 municipality, county, or incorporated town thereof, whose duty it is to preserve the peace, to make 153 arrests, or to enforce the law.

154 "Owner" means any person who: (i) has a right of property in an animal, (ii) keeps or harbors an 155 animal, (iii) has an animal in his care, or (iv) acts as a custodian of an animal.

156 "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, joint-stock company, corporation, association, trust, 157 estate, or other legal entity.

158 "Pet shop" means an establishment where companion animals are bought, sold, exchanged, or offered 159 for sale or exchange to the general public.

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"Poultry" includes all domestic fowl and game birds raised in captivity. "Pound" means a facility operated by the Commonwealth, or any locality, for the purpose of 161 162 impounding or harboring seized, stray, homeless, abandoned, or unwanted animals; or a facility operated 163 for the same purpose under a contract with any county, city, town, or incorporated society for the 164 prevention of cruelty to animals.

165 "Primary enclosure" means any structure used to immediately restrict an animal or animals to a 166 limited amount of space, such as a room, pen, cage, compartment, or hutch. For tethered animals, the 167 term includes the shelter and the area within reach of the tether.

168 "Properly cleaned" means that carcasses, debris, food waste and excrement are removed from the 169 primary enclosure with sufficient frequency to minimize the animals' contact with the above-mentioned 170 contaminants; the primary enclosure is sanitized with sufficient frequency to minimize odors and the 171 hazards of disease; and the primary enclosure is cleaned so as to prevent the animals confined therein 172 from being directly or indirectly sprayed with the stream of water, or directly or indirectly exposed to hazardous chemicals or disinfectants. 173

174 "Properly lighted" when referring to a facility means sufficient illumination to permit routine 175 inspections, maintenance, cleaning, and housekeeping of the facility, and observation of the animals; to 176 provide regular diurnal lighting cycles of either natural or artificial light, uniformly diffused throughout 177 the facility; and to promote the well-being of the animals. "Properly lighted" when referring to a private 178 residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds means sufficient illumination to permit routine 179 maintenance and cleaning thereof, and observation of the companion animals; and to provide regular 180 diurnal lighting cycles of either natural or artificial light to promote the well-being of the animals.

181 "Releasing agency" means a pound, animal shelter, humane society, animal welfare organization, 182 society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or other similar entity or home-based rescue, that

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183 releases companion animals for adoption.

184 "Research facility" means any place, laboratory, or institution licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at which scientific tests, experiments, or investigations involving the use of living animals 185 186 are carried out, conducted, or attempted.

187 "Sanitize" means to make physically clean and to remove and destroy, to a practical minimum, 188 agents injurious to health.

189 "Sore" means, when referring to an equine, that an irritating or blistering agent has been applied, 190 internally or externally, by a person to any limb or foot of an equine; any burn, cut, or laceration that has been inflicted by a person to any limb or foot of an equine; any tack, nail, screw, or chemical agent 191 192 that has been injected by a person into or used by a person on any limb or foot of an equine; any other substance or device that has been used by a person on any limb or foot of an equine; or a person has 193 engaged in a practice involving an equine, and as a result of such application, infliction, injection, use, 194 195 or practice, such equine suffers, or can reasonably be expected to suffer, physical pain or distress, inflammation, or lameness when walking, trotting, or otherwise moving, except that such term does not 196 include such an application, infliction, injection, use, or practice in connection with the therapeutic 197 198 treatment of an equine by or under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian. Notwithstanding anything 199 contained herein to the contrary, nothing shall preclude the shoeing, use of pads, and use of action devices as permitted by 9 C.F.R. Part 11.2. 200

201 "State Veterinarian" means the veterinarian employed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and 202 Consumer Services as provided in § 3.1-723.

"State Veterinarian's representative" means an employee of the Department of Agriculture and 203 Consumer Services who is under the direction of the State Veterinarian. 204

"Sterilize" or "sterilization" means a surgical or chemical procedure performed by a licensed 205 206 veterinarian that renders a dog or cat permanently incapable of reproducing.

207 "Treasurer" includes the treasurer and his assistants of each county or city or other officer designated by law to collect taxes in such county or city. 208

"Treatment" or "adequate treatment" means the responsible handling or transportation of animals in 209 210 the person's ownership, custody or charge, appropriate for the age, species, condition, size and type of 211 the animal. 212

"Veterinary treatment" means treatment by or on the order of a duly licensed veterinarian.

213 "Weaned" means that an animal is capable of and physiologically accustomed to ingestion of solid 214 food or food customary for the adult of the species, and has ingested such food, without nursing, for a 215 period of at least five days. 216

§ 3.1-796.71:1. Pet shops; procurement from unlicensed commercial dog breeders; penalty.

217 A. It is unlawful for a pet shop to sell or offer for sale any dog procured from a person who is not a dealer or licensed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to the federal Animal Welfare Act (7 218 219 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq.) or regulations adopted thereunder.

B. It shall be unlawful for any commercial dog breeder who is not licensed by the U.S. Department 220 of Agriculture pursuant to the federal Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq.) or regulations 221 222 adopted thereunder to sell any dog to a pet shop, unless such commercial dog breeder maintains a valid 223 and current USDA dealer's permit. 224

C. Any person violating any provision of this chapter is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Article 2.1.

Commercial Dog Breeding Operations.

§ 3.1-796.77:1. Business license required.

228 No commercial dog breeder shall breed dogs in the Commonwealth without a valid business license 229 issued by any locality, as applicable, where he maintains dogs for the purpose of commercial dog 230 breeding. 231

§ 3.1-796.77:2. Commercial dog breeding; requirements.

Commercial dog breeders shall:

233 1. Maintain no more than 50 dogs over the age of one year at any time for breeding purposes. 234 However, a higher number of dogs may be allowed if approved by local ordinance after a public 235 hearing. Any such ordinance may include additional requirements for commercial breeding operations;

236 2. Breed female dogs only: (i) after annual certification by a licensed veterinarian that the dog is in 237 suitable health for breeding; (ii) after the dog has reached the age of 18 months; and (iii) if the dog 238 has not yet reached the age of 8 years; 239

3. Dispose of dogs only by gift, sale, transfer, barter, or euthanasia by a licensed veterinarian;

240 4. Dispose of deceased dogs in accordance with § 3.1-796.121;

241 5. Dispose of dog waste in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations; and

242 6. Maintain accurate records for at least five years including:

243 a. The date on which a dog enters the operation;

b. The person from whom the animal was purchased or obtained, including the address and phone 244

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245 number of such person;

246 c. A description of the animal, including the species, color, breed, sex, and approximate age and 247 weight;

248 d. Any tattoo, microchip number, or other identification number carried by or appearing on the 249 animal;

250 e. Each date that puppies were born to such animal and the number of puppies;

251 f. All medical care and vaccinations provided to the animal, including certifications required by a 252 licensed veterinarian under this chapter; and

g. The disposition of each animal and the date. 253

254 § 3.1-796.77:3. Right of entry.

255 A. The Commissioner, the State Veterinarian or his assistant, any animal control officer, and any 256 public health or safety official employed by the locality where a commercial dog breeder resides or 257 maintains breeding operations may, upon receiving a complaint or upon his own motion, investigate any 258 violation of the provisions of this chapter. Such investigation may include (i) the inspection of the books 259 and records of any commercial dog breeder, (ii) the inspection of any companion animal owned by the 260 commercial dog breeder, and (iii) the inspection of any place where animals are bred or maintained. In 261 conducting the inspection, the Commissioner or animal control officer may enter any premises where 262 animals may be bred or maintained during daytime hours.

263 B. Any commercial dog breeder who is the subject of an investigation by the Commissioner, the State 264 Veterinarian, or an animal control officer shall, upon request, provide assistance to the Commissioner 265 or the animal control officer in making any inspection authorized by this section.

266 § 3.1-796.77:4. Concurrent operation of releasing agency prohibited.

267 It is unlawful for a commercial dog breeder to operate or maintain a controlling interest in any 268 releasing agency.

269 § 3.1-796.77:5. Penalty.

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270 Any commercial dog breeder violating any provision of this chapter is guilty of a Class 1 271 misdemeanor. 272

§ 3.1-796.77:6. Duty of attorneys for the Commonwealth.

It shall be the duty of each attorney for the Commonwealth to enforce this chapter.

274 § 3.1-796.104. Position of animal control officer created.

275 The governing body of each county or city shall, or each town may, appoint an officer to be known 276 as the animal control officer who shall have the power to enforce this chapter, all ordinances enacted 277 pursuant to this chapter and all laws for the protection of domestic animals. The governing body may 278 also appoint one or more deputy animal control officers to assist the animal control officer in the 279 performance of his duties. Animal control officers and deputy animal control officers shall have a 280 knowledge of the animal control and protection laws of Virginia which they are required to enforce. 281 When in uniform or upon displaying a badge or other credentials of office, animal control officers and 282 deputy animal control officers shall have the power to issue a summons or obtain a felony warrant as necessary, providing the execution of such warrant shall be carried out by any law-enforcement officer 283 284 as defined in § 9.1-101, to any person found in the act of violating any such law or any ordinance 285 enacted pursuant to such law of the locality in which the animal control officer or deputy animal control 286 officer is appointed. Commercial dog breeding locations shall be subject to inspection by animal control 287 at least twice annually and additionally upon receipt of a complaint or their own motion to ensure 288 compliance with state animal care laws and regulations. The animal control officer and the deputy 289 animal control officers shall be paid as the governing body of each locality shall prescribe.

290 Any locality in which an animal control officer or deputy animal control officers have been 291 appointed may contract with one or more additional localities for enforcement of animal protection and 292 control laws by the animal control officers or deputy animal control officers. Any such contract may 293 provide that the locality employing the animal control officer or deputy animal control officers shall be 294 reimbursed a portion of the salary and expenses of the animal control officer or deputy animal control 295 officers.

296 Every locality employing an animal control officer shall submit to the State Veterinarian, on a form 297 provided by him, information concerning the employment and training status of the animal control 298 officers employed by the locality. The State Veterinarian may require that the locality notify him of any 299 change in such information.

300 § 3.1-796.122:1. Sale of animals after cruelty or neglect conviction; penalty.

301 Any person who has been convicted of a violation of any law concerning abuse, neglect, or cruelty 302 to animals that sells, offers for sale, or trades any companion animal is guilty of a Class 1 303 misdemeanor. However, a person may dispose of animals under the provisions of a court order.

- 304 § 58.1-3109. Duties of commissioners as to personal property, income and licenses.
- 305 Each commissioner of the revenue shall:

306 1. Review the lists of all persons licensed by the commissioner of the revenue and assess, for the307 current license year, additional license taxes for any person who has reported less than the law requires;

308 2. Upon investigation, assess the proper license taxes for any person who has without a license309 conducted any business for which a license is required;

310 3. Review, in regard to intangible personal property and income, such returns of taxpayers as may be
311 referred to him by the Department of Taxation and report to the Department, for assessment, any
additional intangible personal property and income when his review or investigation discloses that such
additional intangible personal property and income when his review or investigation discloses that such
property or income has not been reported for taxation or has been reported for taxation at less than the
law requires;

4. Éxamine causes pending in the courts of his county or city and the records thereof and ascertainand assess all property and income subject to assessment by his office;

317 5. Require every taxpayer who may not have properly returned to the commissioner of the revenue318 all of his tangible and intangible personal property, and licenses for the current tax year and the three319 preceding tax years to make the proper and complete return;

6. Require taxpayers or their agents or any person, firm or officer of a company or corporation to
furnish information relating to tangible or intangible personal property, income or license taxes of any
and all taxpayers; and require such persons to furnish access to books of account or other papers and
records for the purpose of verifying the tax returns of such taxpayers and procuring the information
necessary to make a complete assessment of any taxpayer's tangible and intangible personal property,
and license taxes for the current tax year and the three preceding tax years;

326 7. Make such reports to the Department of Taxation as may be required by law or as the rules and327 regulations adopted by the Tax Commissioner may require; and

8. Upon written request of any town treasurer or director of finance or other officer who performs the duties of a treasurer and whose locality is located within such commissioner's jurisdiction, provide the name, address and social security number of any taxpayer who has filed a personal property tax return with such commissioner of the revenue, as long as such town treasurer or director of finance or other officer who performs the duties of a treasurer shall certify that such information is sought in the performance of official duties. Any town official to whom information is furnished pursuant to this provision shall be bound by the provisions and penalties of § 58.1-3; and

335 9. Notify the animal control officer of the presence of any commercial dog breeder, as defined in **336** § 3.1-796.66, operating within the locality.

337 2. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2009.