	081437432
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1324
2 3	Offered January 9, 2008
3	Prefiled January 9, 2008
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-337, 19.2-169.6, and 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia and
5	to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, a section numbered
6	37.2-804.2, relating to the sharing of mental health records.
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	Patron—Toscano
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9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 16.1-337, 19.2-169.6, and 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
13	reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 8 of Title
14	37.2, a section numbered 37.2-804.2 as follows:
15	§ 16.1-337. Inpatient treatment of minors; general applicability.
16	A. A minor may be admitted to a mental health facility for inpatient treatment only pursuant to
17	§§ 16.1-338, 16.1-339, or § 16.1-340 or in accordance with an order of involuntary commitment entered
18	pursuant to §§ 16.1-341 through 16.1-345. The provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of Chapter
19	11 of this title relating to the confidentiality of files, papers, and records shall apply to proceedings
20	under §§ 16.1-339 through 16.1-345.
21	B. Any health care provider, as defined in § 32.1-127.1:03, or other provider rendering services to a
22	minor who is the subject of proceedings under this article shall disclose to a magistrate, juvenile intake
23	officer, the court, the minor's attorney as required in § 16.1-343, the evaluator as required in
24	§ 16.1-342, the community services board or behavioral health authority performing an evaluation,
25	preadmission screening, or monitoring duties under this article, or a law-enforcement officer, any and
26	all information of the individual necessary and appropriate to enable each of them to perform their
27	duties under this chapter. These health care providers and other service providers shall disclose to one
28	another such records and information as necessary to provide care and treatment to the individual and
29	to monitor that care and treatment.
30	§ 19.2-169.6. Emergency treatment prior to trial.
31	A. Any defendant who is not subject to the provisions of § 19.2-169.2 may be hospitalized for
32	psychiatric treatment prior to trial if:
33	1. The court with jurisdiction over the defendant's case finds clear and convincing evidence that the
34 35	defendant (i) is being properly detained in jail prior to trial; (ii) has mental illness and is imminently dangerous to himself or others in the opinion of a qualified mental health professional; and (iii) requires
35 36	treatment in a hospital rather than the jail in the opinion of a qualified mental health professional; or
30 37	2. The person having custody over a defendant who is awaiting trial has reasonable cause to believe
37 38	that (i) the defendant has mental illness and is imminently dangerous to himself or others and (ii)
39	requires treatment in a hospital rather than jail and the person having such custody arranges for an
40	evaluation of the defendant by a person skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness provided
41	a district court judge or a special justice, as defined in § 37.2-100 or, if a judge or special justice is not
42	available, a magistrate, upon the advice of a person skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental
43	illness, subsequently issues a temporary detention order for treatment in accordance with the procedures
44	specified in §§ 37.2-809 through 37.2-813. In no event shall the defendant have the right to make
45	application for voluntary admission and treatment as may be otherwise provided in § 37.2-805 or
46	37.2-814.
47	If the defendant is committed pursuant to subdivision 1 of this subsection, the attorney for the
48	defendant shall be notified that the court is considering hospitalizing the defendant for psychiatric
49	treatment and shall have the opportunity to challenge the findings of the qualified mental health
50	professional. If the defendant is detained pursuant to subdivision 2 of this subsection, the court having
51	jurisdiction over the defendant's case and the attorney for the defendant shall be given notice prior to the
52	detention pursuant to a temporary detention order or as soon thereafter as is reasonable. Upon detention
53	pursuant to subdivision 2 of this subsection, a hearing shall be held, upon notice to the attorney for the
54	defendant, either (i) before the court having jurisdiction over the defendant's case or (ii) before a district
55	court judge or a special justice, as defined in § 37.2-100, in accordance with the provisions of
56	§ 37.2-820, in which case the defendant shall be represented by counsel as specified in § 37.2-814; the
57	hearing shall be held within 48 hours of execution of the temporary order to allow the court that hears
58	the case to make the findings, based upon clear and convincing evidence, that are specified in

59 subdivision 1 of this subsection. If the 48-hour period herein specified terminates on a Saturday, Sunday, 60 or legal holiday, the person may be detained for the same period allowed for detention pursuant to a 61 temporary detention order issued pursuant to §§ 37.2-809 through 37.2-813.

62 In any case in which the defendant is hospitalized pursuant to this section, the court having 63 jurisdiction over the defendant's case may provide by order that the admitting hospital evaluate the 64 defendant's competency to stand trial and his mental state at the time of the offense pursuant to 65 §§ 19.2-169.1 and 19.2-169.5.

66 B. A defendant subject to this section shall be treated at a hospital designated by the Commissioner as appropriate for treatment and evaluation of persons under criminal charge. The director of the hospital 67 68 shall, within 30 days of the defendant's admission, send a report to the court with jurisdiction over the defendant addressing the defendant's continued need for treatment for a mental illness and being 69 imminently dangerous to himself or others and, if so ordered by the court, the defendant's competency to 70 stand trial, pursuant to subsection D of § 19.2-169.1, and his mental state at the time of the offense, 71 pursuant to subsection D of § 19.2-169.5. Based on this report, the court shall (i) find the defendant 72 incompetent to stand trial pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 and proceed accordingly, (ii) order 73 74 that the defendant be discharged from custody pending trial, (iii) order that the defendant be returned to 75 jail pending trial, or (iv) make other appropriate disposition, including dismissal of charges and release 76 of the defendant.

77 C. A defendant may not be hospitalized longer than 30 days under this section unless the court 78 which has criminal jurisdiction over him or a district court judge or a special justice, as defined in 79 § 37.2-100, holds a hearing at which the defendant shall be represented by an attorney and finds clear 80 and convincing evidence that the defendant continues to (i) have a mental illness, (ii) be imminently dangerous to himself or others, and (iii) be in need of psychiatric treatment in a hospital. Hospitalization 81 may be extended in this manner for periods of 60 days, but in no event may such hospitalization be 82 83 continued beyond trial, nor shall such hospitalization act to delay trial, so long as the defendant remains 84 competent to stand trial.

85 Any health care provider, as defined in § 32.1-127.1:03, or any other person providing services to a defendant who is the subject of a proceeding under this section, § 19.2-176 or 19.2-177.1, shall, upon 86 87 request, disclose to a magistrate, a court, the person's attorney, an employee or designee of a 88 community services board or behavioral health authority performing an evaluation, preadmission 89 screening, or monitoring duties under this chapter, or the sheriff or administrator of the jail, any and 90 all information of the individual necessary and appropriate to enable each of them to perform their 91 duties under this chapter. These health care providers and other service providers shall disclose to one 92 another such records and information as necessary to provide care and treatment to the individual and 93 to monitor that care and treatment. 94

§ 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy.

95 A. There is hereby recognized an individual's right of privacy in the content of his health records. 96 Health records are the property of the health care entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted 97 or required by this section or by other provisions of state law, no health care entity, or other person 98 working in a health care setting, may disclose an individual's health records. 99

Pursuant to this subsection:

100 1. Health care entities shall disclose health records to the individual who is the subject of the health 101 record, except as provided in subsections E and F of this section and subsection B of § 8.01-413.

102 2. Health records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the approval of the health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with a court 103 order or subpoena consistent with subsection C of § 8.01-413 or with this section or in accordance with 104 the regulations relating to change of ownership of health records promulgated by a health regulatory 105 106 board established in Title 54.1.

107 3. No person to whom health records are disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health 108 records of an individual, beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first 109 obtaining the individual's specific authorization to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall 110 not, however, prevent (i) any health care entity that receives health records from another health care 111 entity from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of Health and Human Services regulations relating to privacy of the electronic transmission of data and 112 protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human 113 Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (42 U.S.C. 114 115 § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any health care entity from furnishing health records and aggregate or other data, from which individually identifying prescription information has been removed, encoded or encrypted, to 116 qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or 117 contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological, pharmaco-economic, or other health 118 119 services research.

120 B. As used in this section:

121 "Agent" means a person who has been appointed as an individual's agent under a power of attorney 122 for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

123 "Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by 124 overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated 125 confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted.

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"Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person. 127 "Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a 128 public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management 129 information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, 130 that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health 131 information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content 132 into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction from another 133 entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or 134 nonstandard data content for the receiving entity.

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"Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse.

"Health care provider" means those entities listed in the definition of "health care provider" in 136 137 § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also be considered health care providers for the 138 purposes of this section. Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified, 139 registered or permitted or who hold a multistate licensure privilege issued by any of the health 140 regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of 141 Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

142 "Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. 143 "Health plan" shall include any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.

144 "Health record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a health 145 care entity in the course of providing health services to an individual concerning the individual and the services provided. "Health record" also includes the substance of any communication made by an 146 147 individual to a health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health 148 services or information otherwise acquired by the health care entity about an individual in confidence 149 and in connection with the provision of health services to the individual.

150 "Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, 151 pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well as 152 payment or reimbursement for any such services.

153 "Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care 154 entity.

155 "Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other 156 prescription information that specifically identifies an individual.

157 "Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

158 "Psychotherapy notes" means comments, recorded in any medium by a health care provider who is a 159 mental health professional, documenting or analyzing the contents of conversation during a private counseling session with an individual or a group, joint, or family counseling session that are separated from the rest of the individual's health record. "Psychotherapy notes" shall not include annotations 160 161 relating to medication and prescription monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, treatment 162 163 modalities and frequencies, clinical test results, or any summary of any symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, 164 functional status, treatment plan, or the individual's progress to date.

165 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the following:

166 1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia 167 Workers' Compensation Act; 168

2. Except where specifically provided herein, the health records of minors; or

169 3. The release of juvenile health records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to 170 § 16.1-248.3.

171 D. Health care entities may, and, when required by other provisions of state law, shall, disclose 172 health records:

173 1. As set forth in subsection E, pursuant to the written authorization of (i) the individual or (ii) in the 174 case of a minor, (a) his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of 175 minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969 or (b) the minor himself, if he has consented to his own treatment 176 pursuant to § 54.1-2969, or (iii) in emergency cases or situations where it is impractical to obtain an 177 individual's written authorization, pursuant to the individual's oral authorization for a health care 178 provider or health plan to discuss the individual's health records with a third party specified by the 179 individual;

180 2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H, pursuant to a search warrant 181 or a grand jury subpoena, pursuant to court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a

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182 subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C of § 8.01-413;

183 3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure 184 is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a health care entity or the health care 185 entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as required in the course of 186 an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly 187 authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity;

188 4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2;

189 5. In compliance with the provisions of \S 8.01-413;

190 6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities, 191 serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease, 192 public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to, those contained in §§ 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 37.2-710, 37.2-839, 53.1-40.10, 54.1-2400.6, 54.1-2400.7, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506, 193 194 195 54.1-2966, 54.1-2966.1, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 63.2-1509, and 63.2-1606;

7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the individual;

197 8. In connection with the health care entity's own health care operations or the health care operations 198 of another health care entity, as specified in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, or in the normal course of business in 199 accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the 200 maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription dispensing records maintained in a 201 pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with 202 §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411, and 54.1-3412; 203

9. When the individual has waived his right to the privacy of the health records;

204 10. When examination and evaluation of an individual are undertaken pursuant to judicial or 205 administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

206 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a 207 guardianship proceeding of an adult patient who is the respondent in a proceeding under Chapter 10 208 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2;

209 12. To the attorney appointed by the court to represent an individual who is or has been a patient 210 who is the subject of a civil commitment proceeding under Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 211 of Title 37.2 or a judicial authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 37.2-1100 et 212 seq.) of Title 37.2;

213 13. To a magistrate, a court, a mental health examiner required under § 37.2-815 or § 16.1-339, an 214 employee or designee of a community services board or behavioral health authority, the person's 215 attorney who is the subject of a commitment hearing, and law-enforcement officers participating in any involuntary admission proceeding under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, § 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176, or 19.2-177.1, or Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2, regarding the 216 217 218 subject of the proceeding and to any health care provider evaluating or providing services to the subject 219 of the proceeding or monitoring the subject's adherence to a treatment plan ordered under those provisions. 220

221 1314. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor who represents such minor in any judicial 222 or administrative proceeding, if the court or administrative hearing officer has entered an order granting 223 the attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad litem presents evidence to 224 the health care entity of such order;

225 1415. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's health 226 records in accord with § 9.1-156;

227 4516. To an agent appointed under an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or decision 228 maker designated in an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions on anatomical gifts 229 and organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the provisions of the Health 230 Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.); 231

1617. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

232 1718. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a 233 governmental agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or 234 reviewing benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of 235 disease, injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

236 1819. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of 237 ownership or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy;

238 1920. In accord with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to communicate an individual's specific and 239 immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

240 2021. Where necessary in connection with the implementation of a hospital's routine contact process for organ donation pursuant to subdivision B 4 of § 32.1-127; 241

242 2122. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2; 243

244 2223. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate
245 the adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional
246 staff privileges;

247 2324. If the health records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated individual to the
248 personal representative or executor of the deceased individual or the legal guardian or committee of the
249 incompetent or incapacitated individual or if there is no personal representative, executor, legal guardian
250 or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a spouse, an adult
251 son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the deceased individual
252 in order of blood relationship;

253 2425. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote
254 identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of
255 applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the health care provider's
256 designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing
257 Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association
258 of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

259 2526. To the Office of the Inspector General for Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance
260 Abuse Services pursuant to Article 3 (§ 37.2-423 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2;

261 2627. To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established
 262 pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of this title, pursuant to subdivision 1 of
 263 this subsection;

264 2728. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when
265 the individual is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the individual has been arrested and has received
266 emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the health records consist of
267 the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1;

268 2829. To law-enforcement officials, in response to their request, for the purpose of identifying or 269 locating a suspect, fugitive, person required to register pursuant to § 9.1-901 of the Sex Offender and 270 Crimes Against Minors Registry Act, material witness, or missing person, provided that only the 271 following information may be disclosed: (i) name and address of the person, (ii) date and place of birth 272 of the person, (iii) social security number of the person, (iv) blood type of the person, (v) date and time 273 of treatment received by the person, (vi) date and time of death of the person, where applicable, (vii) 274 description of distinguishing physical characteristics of the person, and (viii) type of injury sustained by 275 the person.

276 2930. To law-enforcement officials regarding the death of an individual for the purpose of alerting
277 law enforcement of the death if the health care entity has a suspicion that such death may have resulted
278 from criminal conduct;

3031. To law-enforcement officials if the health care entity believes in good faith that the information disclosed constitutes evidence of a crime that occurred on its premises;

281 31.32. To the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-48.015 when such records are those of a person or persons who are subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article
283 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title; and

3233. To the Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or his designee by each
licensed emergency medical services agency when the records consist of the prehospital patient care
report required by § 32.1-116.1 and the patient has suffered an injury or death on a work site while
performing duties or tasks that are within the scope of his employment.

288 Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 through 3233 of this subsection, a health care entity shall obtain an individual's written authorization for any disclosure of psychotherapy notes, except when 289 290 disclosure by the health care entity is (i) for its own training programs in which students, trainees, or 291 practitioners in mental health are being taught under supervision to practice or to improve their skills in 292 group, joint, family, or individual counseling; (ii) to defend itself or its employees or staff against any 293 accusation of wrongful conduct; (iii) in the discharge of the duty, in accordance with subsection B of 294 § 54.1-2400.1, to take precautions to protect third parties from violent behavior or other serious harm; 295 (iv) required in the course of an investigation, audit, review, or proceeding regarding a health care 296 entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review 297 entity; or (v) otherwise required by law.

E. Requests for copies of health records shall (i) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (ii) identify the nature of the information requested; and (iii) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such copies and identification of the person to whom the information is to be disclosed. The health care entity shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original signed by the requestor as if it were an original. Within 15 days of receipt of a request for copies of health records, the health care entity shall do one of the following: (i) furnish such copies to any requester authorized to receive them; (ii) inform the requester if the information does not exist or cannot be 6 of 9

305 found; (iii) if the health care entity does not maintain a record of the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the health care entity who maintains the record; or (iv) deny the request (a) under subsection F, (b) on the grounds that the requester has not established his authority to receive such health records or proof of his identity, or (c) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to requests for health records not specifically governed by other provisions of state law.

311 F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of an individual's health records shall not be furnished to such individual or anyone authorized to act on the individual's behalf when the 312 313 individual's treating physician or the individual's treating clinical psychologist has made a part of the individual's record a written statement that, in the exercise of his professional judgment, the furnishing 314 to or review by the individual of such health records would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or 315 physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such health record makes reference to a 316 person other than a health care provider and the access requested would be reasonably likely to cause 317 substantial harm to such referenced person. If any health care entity denies a request for copies of health 318 records based on such statement, the health care entity shall inform the individual of the individual's 319 320 right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing physician or clinical psychologist, 321 whose licensure, training and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose opinion the denial is based. The designated 322 323 reviewing physician or clinical psychologist shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health 324 record available to the individual.

325 The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to 326 request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician or clinical 327 psychologist, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose professional judgment the denial 328 329 is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the health records, who shall make 330 a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual. The health care entity 331 shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician or clinical psychologist. The health care 332 entity shall permit copying and examination of the health record by such other physician or clinical 333 psychologist designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its 334 expense.

Any health record copied for review by any such designated physician or clinical psychologist shall
be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the health record that the individual's treating
physician or clinical psychologist determined that the individual's review of his health record would be
reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely
to cause substantial harm to a person referenced in the health record who is not a health care provider.

Further, nothing herein shall be construed as giving, or interpreted to bestow the right to receive
 copies of, or otherwise obtain access to, psychotherapy notes to any individual or any person authorized
 to act on his behalf.

343 G. A written authorization to allow release of an individual's health records shall substantially include 344 the following information:

345 AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS 346 Individual's Name 347 Health Care Entity's Name 348 Person, Agency, or Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to 349 be made 350 Information or Health Records to be disclosed 351 Purpose of Disclosure or at the Request of the Individual 352 As the person signing this authorization, I understand that I am giving my 353 permission to the above-named health care entity for disclosure of 354 confidential health records. I understand that the health care entity may not 355 condition treatment or payment on my willingness to sign this authorization 356 unless the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is permitted 357 by law are applicable and are set forth in this authorization. I also 358 understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any time, but 359 that my revocation is not effective until delivered in writing to the person 360 who is in possession of my health records and is not effective as to health 361 records already disclosed under this authorization. A copy of this 362 authorization and a notation concerning the persons or agencies to whom 363 disclosure was made shall be included with my original health records. I 364 understand that health information disclosed under this authorization might be

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365 redisclosed by a recipient and may, as a result of such disclosure, no longer 366 be protected to the same extent as such health information was protected by 367 law while solely in the possession of the health care entity.

368 This authorization expires on (date) or (event)

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369 Signature of Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if Individual is 370 Unable to Sign

371 Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative

372 Date of Signature

373 H. Pursuant to this subsection:

374 1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9 of this subsection, no party to a civil, 375 criminal or administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for 376 another party's health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a 377 copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other 378 party's counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the 379 subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for the health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a 380 381 copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously with filing the 382 request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena.

383 No subpoend duces tecum for health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date 384 of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a 385 court or administrative agency directs that health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces 386 tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the 387 subpoena.

388 Any party requesting a subpoena duces tecum for health records or on whose behalf the subpoena 389 duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the individual whose health 390 records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty.

391 In instances where health records being subpoenaed are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, 392 the party requesting or issuing the subpoena shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness 393 together with the copy of the request for subpoena, or a copy of the subpoena in the case of an 394 attorney-issued subpoena, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall 395 include the following language and the heading shall be in boldface capital letters:

396 NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL

397 The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the 398 subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has 399 been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor, other health care providers (names of health 400 care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here) 401 requiring them to produce your health records. Your doctor, other health care provider or other health 402 care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your health records. If you believe your health 403 records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the right to file a motion with 404 the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If you elect to file a motion 405 to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued 406 subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to determine the requirements 407 that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to contact an attorney to 408 represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify your doctor, other health 409 care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion so that the health care 410 provider or health care entity knows to send the health records to the clerk of court or administrative 411 agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is decided.

412 2. Any party filing a request for a subpoena duces tecum or causing such a subpoena to be issued 413 for an individual's health records shall include a Notice in the same part of the request in which the 414 recipient of the subpoena duces tecum is directed where and when to return the health records. Such 415 notice shall be in **boldface** capital letters and shall include the following language:

416 NOTICE TO HEALTH CARE ENTITIES

417 A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL 418 WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR THAT 419 INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED 420 SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS SUBPOENA. 421

422 YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN 423 CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT: 424

NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR 425

426 ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE
427 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH
428 SUCH RESOLUTION.
429 IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE

430 BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A
431 MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH RECORDS ONLY TO
432 THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT ISSUED THE SUBPOENA
433 OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE SUBPOENA USING THE
434 FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:

PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED
ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY
WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE TO BE
HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE SUBPOENA.
THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN OUTER
ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE
AGENCY.

442 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for health records, health care entities shall have the
443 duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of
444 this subsection.

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If the health care entity has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has been 449 450 filed or if the health care entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for health records, then the health 451 care entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed envelope, to the clerk of the court or 452 administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or administrative agency the action is 453 pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the health records under seal until a 454 determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed envelope shall only be opened 455 on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or administrative agency grants 456 the motion to quash, the health records shall be returned to the health care entity in the same sealed 457 envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative agency. In the event that a judge or 458 administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to review the health records in camera, a 459 copy of the order shall accompany any health records returned to the health care entity. The health 460 records returned to the health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope.

461 5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued 462 subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the 463 subpoenaed health care entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion 464 to quash was filed. Any health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply 465 with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified health records by either the return date on the 466 subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

6. In the event that the individual whose health records are being sought files a motion to quash the 467 468 subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the 469 discovering party to compel disclosure of the individual's health records over the individual's objections. 470 In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i) 471 the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of 472 the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the 473 disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or 474 proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

475 7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if 476 subpoenaed health records have been submitted by a health care entity to the court or administrative 477 agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon determining that no 478 submitted health records should be disclosed, return all submitted health records to the health care entity 479 in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all submitted health records should be disclosed, provide 480 all the submitted health records to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon 481 determining that only a portion of the submitted health records should be disclosed, provide such portion 482 to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining health records to the 483 health care entity in a sealed envelope.

484 8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose
485 behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed
486 health care entity a statement of one of the following:

487 a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the

488 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the **489** health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative **490** agency will not be returned to the health care entity;

491 b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the **492** disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no 493 health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care 494 entity, the health care entity shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the health records 495 designated in the subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification, 496 whichever is later;

497 c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 498 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no 499 health records shall be disclosed and all health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the 500 clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the health care entity;

501 d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 502 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only 503 limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the health 504 records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall 505 be disclosed. The certification shall also state that health records that were previously delivered to the 506 court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to the 507 health care entity; however, all health records for which disclosure has not been authorized will be 508 returned to the health care entity; or

509 e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 510 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no 511 health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care 512 entity, the health care entity shall return only those health records specified in the certification, 513 consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five 514 days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made 515 516 pursuant to this subdivision.

517 9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for health records requested 518 under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an investigation, 519 audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct.

520 The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoen for the health records of both minors and 521 adults.

522 Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative 523 agency to issue a protective order regarding health records, including, but not limited to, ordering the 524 return of health records to a health care entity, after the period for filing a motion to quash has passed.

525 A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42 526 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E.

527 I. Health care entities may testify about the health records of an individual in compliance with 528 §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2.

529 J. If an individual requests a copy of his health record from a health care entity, the health care 530 entity may impose a reasonable cost-based fee, which shall include only the cost of supplies for and 531 labor of copying the requested information, postage when the individual requests that such information 532 be mailed, and preparation of an explanation or summary of such information as agreed to by the 533 individual. For the purposes of this section, "individual" shall subsume a person with authority to act on 534 behalf of the individual who is the subject of the health record in making decisions related to his health 535 care.

§ 37.2-804.2. Disclosure of health records.

536 537 Any health care provider, as defined in § 32.1-127.1:03, or any other person providing services 538 under this chapter, shall, upon request, disclose to a magistrate, a court, the person's attorney, a mental 539 health examiner required under § 37.2-815 or § 16.1-339, an employee or designee of a community 540 services board or behavioral health authority performing an evaluation, preadmission screening, or 541 monitoring duties under this chapter, or a law-enforcement officer, any and all information of the 542 individual necessary and appropriate to enable each of them to perform their duties under this chapter. 543 These health care providers and other service providers shall disclose to one another such records and 544 information as necessary to provide care and treatment to the individual and to monitor that care and 545 treatment.