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HOUSE BILL NO. 1164

House Amendments in [] - February 11, 2008

A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 an article numbered 13.2, consisting of sections numbered 58.1-439.18 through 58.1-439.21, relating to the Public/Private Education Investment tax credit.

Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Saxman

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 an article numbered 13.2, consisting of sections numbered 58.1-439.18 through 58.1-439.21, as follows:

Article 13.2.

The Public/Private Education Investment Tax Credit.

§ 58.1-439.18. Definitions.

As used in this article:

"Business entity" means a business that is subject to the taxes imposed by Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 3, Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.), Article 1 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of Chapter 25, or Article 2 (§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title.

"Federal Free and Reduced Lunch Program" means the federal program established under 42 U.S.C.

§ 1751.

"Individual taxpayer" means an individual subject to the taxes imposed by Article 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of this title.

"Nonprofit education foundation" means public school foundations and scholarship foundations as

defined in this section.

"Public school foundation" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation as defined in § 22.1-212.2:2 that is exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and established for the purpose of implementing public school capital improvement projects that have been approved by the foundation's local school board.

"Qualified educational expenses" means school-related tuition and instructional fees and materials,

including textbooks, workbooks, and supplies used solely for school-related work.

"Scholarship foundation" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation that is exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and established in part to provide financial aid for the education of students residing in the Commonwealth.

"Student" means a child who is of compulsory school attendance age as defined in § 22.1-254 and

who is a resident of Virginia.

§ 58.1-439.19. Tax credit for donations to education foundations by business entities and individual taxpayers.

A. 1. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, [2008 2010], a business entity may receive a credit against any tax due under Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 3, Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.), Article 1 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of Chapter 25, or Article 2 (§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title, in an amount equal to 90 percent of the contribution to a nonprofit education foundation included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20.

2. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, [2008 2010], an individual taxpayer may receive a credit against any tax due under Article 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of this title, in an amount equal to 100 percent of the contribution to a nonprofit education foundation included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20. However, such amount shall not exceed \$800 for an individual taxpayer and \$1,200 for taxpayers filing a joint return.

- B. Tax credits shall be awarded to business entities by the Department of Taxation on a first-come, first-served basis in accordance with procedures established by the Department under the following conditions:
- 1. The total amount of tax credits that may be granted each fiscal year under this section shall not exceed \$20 million, with \$10 million granted for contributions made to public school foundations and \$10 million granted for contributions made to scholarship foundations.
- 2. Credits granted to a partnership, electing small business (Subchapter S) corporation, or limited liability company shall be allocated to their individual partners, shareholders, or members, respectively,

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in proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.

3. Any tax credit that is not used by a business entity or individual taxpayer in the taxable year following the year in which the contribution is made shall not be carried forward or carried back and shall not be refundable or transferable.

4. Every business entity and individual taxpayer seeking the credit allowed under this section shall submit with the income tax return verification from each nonprofit education foundation to which

monetary donations have been made by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

- C. In a form approved by the Department, business entities shall request and receive preauthorization for a specified tax credit amount from the Department. The Department's preauthorization notice shall accompany the donation from the business entity to the nonprofit education foundation, which shall, within 10 days, return the notice to the Department certifying the amount of the donation and date received. Preauthorization notices not acted upon by the business entity within 30 days of issuance shall be void. No tax credit shall be approved by the Department for activities that are a part of a business entity's normal course of business. [No tax credit shall be approved by the Department until teacher salaries reach the national average as prescribed by the U.S. Department of Education.] [No tax credit shall be approved by the Department until the Commonwealth of Virginia attains the Standards of Quality for public education as prescribed by the Constitution of Virginia.
- § 58.1-439.20. Education foundation eligibility and requirements; list of foundations receiving contributions.
- A. Education foundations seeking to receive and administer tax credit-approved funds shall submit information to the Department, which shall determine whether an applicant is a nonprofit education foundation as defined in § 58.1-439.18. The Department shall prescribe through regulations what information shall be submitted by such foundations. Notice of approval or denial, including reasons for denial, shall be issued by the Department to the applicant within 60 days after the information is submitted.
- B. The Department shall submit a list of all nonprofit education foundations receiving contributions from business entities and individual taxpayers to the chairmen of the House and Senate Finance Committees no later than December 1 of each year.

§ 58.1-439.21. Guidelines for public school foundations and scholarship foundations.

- A. 1. A public school foundation, as defined in § 58.1-439.18 and included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20, shall disburse annually at least 90 percent of its tax-credit-derived funds for capital improvement projects approved by the local school board and for extracurricular activities, including, but not limited to, sports, band, and chorus.
- 2. An audit of the foundation's tax-credit-derived funds, complying with uniform financial accounting standards and conducted by a certified public accountant, shall be conducted annually and a summary report made available to the public upon request. The report shall include (i) the total number and dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar year, (ii) the total number and dollar amount of disbursements made to capital improvement projects during the previous calendar year, and (iii) the total number and dollar amount of disbursements made to extracurricular activities during the previous calendar year.
- B. 1. A scholarship foundation, as defined in § 58.1-439.18 and included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20, shall disburse annually at least 90 percent of its tax-credit-derived funds for qualified educational expenses through scholarships.
- 2. In awarding scholarships, the scholarship foundation shall (i) provide them to any public, private, or home-schooled student whose family's annual household income is less than 250 percent of the amount required to qualify for the Federal Free and Reduced Lunch Program, (ii) not limit scholarships to students of one school, and (iii) not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or
- 3. Scholarship foundations shall ensure that schools selected by scholarship students (i) are in compliance with the Commonwealth's and locality's health and safety laws and codes; (ii) hold a valid occupancy permit as required by the locality; (iii) do not discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin; and (iv) comply with nonpublic school accreditation requirements as set forth in § 22.1-19 and administered by the Virginia Council for Private Education, or maintain an assessment system that annually measures scholarship students' progress in reading and math using a national norm-referenced achievement test, including, but not limited to, the Stanford Achievement Test, California Achievement Test, and Iowa Test of Basic Skills.
- 4. Subject to the limitations set forth in this article, an eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation shall provide scholarships from eligible contributions to qualified students for tuition and textbook fees and other educational fees incurred by an eligible student for the purpose of attending an eligible nonpublic or nontuition-charging public school.
 - 5. The amount of a scholarship provided to any child for any single school year by all eligible

nonprofit scholarship foundations from eligible contributions shall not exceed the lesser of: (i) the actual tuition, textbook, and educational fees incurred, or (ii) the per-pupil amount distributed to each local school division as the state's share of the standards of quality costs using the composite index of ability to pay as defined in the general appropriation act.

6. Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation shall be by individual warrant or check made payable to the student's parent or legal guardian. If the parent chooses for his child to attend an eligible nonpublic school, the warrant or check must be mailed by the eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation to the eligible nonpublic school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the nonpublic school. An eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation shall ensure that, upon receipt of a scholarship warrant or check, the parent to whom the warrant or check is made restrictively endorses the warrant or check to the eligible nonpublic school of the parent's choice for deposit into the account of the nonpublic school.

7. Scholarship foundations shall (i) provide receipts, approved by the Department, to individual taxpayers for their contributions and (ii) develop procedures for disbursing scholarships in periodic

payments throughout the school year to ensure scholarships are portable.

8. An audit of the scholarship foundation's tax-credit-derived funds, which complies with uniform financial accounting standards and is conducted by a certified public accountant, shall be conducted annually and a summary report made available to the public upon request. The report shall include (i) the total number and dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar year, (ii) the total number and dollar amount of educational expenses scholarships awarded during the previous calendar year (iii) the total number and dollar amount of educational expenses scholarships awarded during the previous calendar year to every student whose family's annual household income was less than 250 percent of the amount required to qualify for the Federal Free and Reduced Lunch Program, and (iv) the percentage of first-time recipients of educational expenses scholarships who were enrolled in a public school during the previous year.