## 2007 SESSION

072693756

1 2

3

4

5 6

7

8

## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 332 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the House Committee on Rules

on February 14, 2007)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Marsh)

Acknowledging the contributions of varied races and cultures to the character of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and expressing profound regret for slavery and other historic wrongs rooted in racial and cultural bias and misunderstanding.

9 Whereas, 2007 marks the 400th anniversary of the first permanent English settlement in the 10 Americas, at Jamestown; and

Whereas, the racial, ethnic and cultural diversity that has uniquely defined America began at
 Jamestown, in the Virginia colony, with the early encounters and interactions among the native peoples,
 Europeans, and Africans; and

Whereas, despite the acute hardship, conflict, cruelty, and oppression that characterized those first
encounters and interactions, Virginians of native, European, and African descent persevered and made
indispensable contributions to the survival of the colony, the founding of our good Commonwealth and
nation, and the forging of our national character and culture; and

18 Whereas, the legacies of the Jamestown settlement and the Virginia colony include ideas, institutions, 19 and a history that have been central to the distinctive American experiment in democracy and the global 20 advance of democratic principles, including representative government, the rule of law, and recognition 21 and protection of human rights, among them, religious freedom, property rights and free enterprise, 22 freedom of expression, and the whole constellation of liberties enshrined in the Virginia Declaration of 23 Rights and the Virginia and United States Constitutions; and

Whereas, the foremost expression of these ideals that bind us as a people is found in the Declaration of Independence, which proclaims as "self-evident" the truths "that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness"; and

28 Whereas, despite its "self-evident" character, this fundamental principle and moral standard of liberty
29 and equality has been transgressed during much of Virginian and American history, and our
30 Commonwealth and nation are still working toward fulfillment of the ideals proclaimed by the founders
31 and toward the "more perfect union" that is the aspiration of our national identity and charter; and
32 Whereas, these transgressions include egregious wrongs visited upon Virginia's native peoples.

Whereas, these transgressions include egregious wrongs visited upon Virginia's native peoples, including dispossession of their lands, violations of solemn covenants and agreements, enforcement of "racial integrity" laws and other policies that denied their ethnic identity and undermined their cultural heritage, and other forms of discrimination; and

Whereas, these transgressions include the immoral institution of human slavery, an institution directly
antithetical to and irreconcilable with the fundamental principle of human equality and freedom, and
which, having been sanctioned and perpetuated through the laws of Virginia and the United States, ranks
as the most horrendous of all depredations of human rights and violations of our founding ideals in our
nation's history; and

Whereas, the abolition of slavery was not followed by prompt fulfillment of those founding ideals,
but rather by systematic discrimination, enforced segregation, and other insidious institutions and
practices toward Americans of African descent that were rooted in racism, racial bias, and racial
misunderstanding; and

Whereas, despite our collective pursuit of freedom and justice for all, and our Commonwealth's and nation's remarkable progress toward that noble end, no people or group in the four centuries since
Jamestown's settlement has been untouched and unaffected by racial and cultural bias, bigotry, and misunderstanding, resulting discrimination, and their sad legacies; and

49 Whereas, the government of this Commonwealth of Virginia, like all governments in free societies, is
50 but a manifestation of human will, animated by high ideals but admitting of irremediable flaws, and thus
51 susceptible to evil and error even as it aspires to goodness and truth; and

52 Whereas, even the most abject apology for past wrongs cannot right them, nor can it justly impute 53 fault or responsibility to succeeding generations or justify the imposition of new benefits or burdens, yet 54 the spirit of true repentance on behalf of a government, and, through it, a people, can serve to bring 55 closure, to reconcile and heal, and to recall and remind so that past wrongs may never be repeated and 56 manifest injustice may not again be overlooked; and

57 Whereas, in recent decades, Virginians have affirmed the founding ideals of liberty and equality by,
58 among many other acts, providing some of the nation's foremost trailblazers for civil rights, giving
59 formal legal recognition to the state's Indian tribes, and electing a grandson of slaves to the

SJ332H1

33

34

35

60 Commonwealth's highest elective office; and

61 Whereas, such acts affirming the founding ideals of liberty and equality have provided a wholesome 62 example for the nation, a form of leadership befitting the Commonwealth's unsurpassed tradition of 63 leadership since the founding of Jamestown, and suggest that this legislative expression, the first of its 64 kind in this country, may likewise set a positive example for citizens and their governments in other 65 states; and

Whereas, racial and cultural diversity, and the distinctive contributions of peoples from all around the
world, have enriched and prospered this Commonwealth during the four centuries since the settlement of
Jamestown, and are cause for much thanksgiving and celebration; and

69 Whereas, the story of Virginia and its diverse peoples during these first four centuries is a story of
70 unparalleled achievement despite adversity, of great struggle and sacrifice, vision and virtue, as integral
71 to the larger American story as hope is integral to the American spirit; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Delegates, the Senate concurring, That the General Assembly acknowledge
and recognize the many contributions made by people of diverse cultures and backgrounds that have
shaped the character and enriched the culture of our Commonwealth; and, be it

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the General Assembly hereby acknowledge and express its profound
regret for the Commonwealth's role in sanctioning the immoral institution of human slavery, in the
historic wrongs visited upon native peoples, and in all other forms of discrimination and injustice that
have been rooted in racial and cultural bias and misunderstanding; and, be it

**79** RESOLVED FINALLY, That on the occasion of Virginia's 400th anniversary, the General Assembly call upon the citizens of the Commonwealth to enter into a spirit of thanksgiving for the contributions

81 made by Virginians of diverse cultures and backgrounds to the advance of freedom, justice, democracy, 82 and opportunity in America and the world, of solemn remembrance of the struggles and sacrifices that

attended those contributions, and of celebration of the promise the future holds for fulfilling our shared attended those contributions, and of celebration of the promise the future holds for fulfilling our shared

84 ideal of "one nation, under God, with liberty and justice for all."