2007 SESSION

ENGROSSED

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SENATE BILL NO. 795

Senate Amendments in [] - February 2, 2007

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-253.13:1 through 22.1-253.13:7 and 22.1-274 of the Code of

Virginia, relating to the Standards of Quality.

Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Potts

Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 1. That §§ 22.1-253.13:1 through 22.1-253.13:7 and 22.1-274 of the Code of Virginia are amended 11 and reenacted as follows:

\$ 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning and othereducational objectives.

14 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 15 public schools of this Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 16 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision 17 18 of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote 19 20 student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 21 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia. 22 23

B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on
 components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, phonics,
 fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

52 In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either 53 separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public 54 elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to 55 the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and 56 related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall 57 facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

58 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their

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school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse" shall include consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

70 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 71 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 72 73 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, and scientific concepts 74 and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and 75 world and United States history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, environmental issues and geography necessary for responsible participation in 76 77 American society and in the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be 78 limited to, music and art, and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further 79 education, and gainful employment, or to qualify for appropriate training in a career or technical field; 80 and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency. 81

Local school boards shall also develop and implement [*research-based*] programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit required for the student's graduation. [*Such programs shall include components that are research-based.*]

87 Any student who passes achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of
88 Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to
89 attend a remediation program.

Any student who fails all four to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a summer school remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

97 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students 98 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 99 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit required for the student's 100 graduation. Such programs may also include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades 101 and for all high school academic courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of 102 103 remediation shall be chosen by the division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in 104 another form of remediation shall not be charged tuition by the school division. 105

106 The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program 107 of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the 108 division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) 109 a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation 110 program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other 111 special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

119 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

120 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to

121 enhance success.

122 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of 123 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such 124 programs shall include components that are research-based.

125 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include: 126 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities including, but not limited to, 127 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching 128 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills; 129

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades; and

130 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 131 career guidance and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs must be based upon labor 132 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 133 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be 134 135 developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local community colleges and 136 shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance with the timelines 137 established by federal law.

138 4. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate 139 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

140 5. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately 141 differentiated instructional programs.

142 6. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in 143 these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with 144 the regulations of the Board of Education.

145 7. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level. 146 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative 147 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

148 8. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority 149 that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

150 9. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 151 placement classes, the International Baccalaureate Program, and Academic Year Governor's School 152 Programs, the qualifications for enrolling in such classes and programs, and the availability of financial 153 assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and International 154 Baccalaureate examinations.

155 10. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in 156 appropriate instructional programs.

157 11. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with reading and mathematics problems 158 and provision of instructional strategies and reading and mathematics practices that benefit the 159 development of reading and mathematics skills for all students.

160 12. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the 161 elementary school level.

162 13. A program of student services for grades kindergarten through 12 that shall be designed to aid 163 students in their educational, social, and career development.

164 14. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisions 165 about the instructional program.

E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 166 167 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 168 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 169 170 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 171 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 172 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 173 174 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 175 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 176 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 177 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 178 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 179 Learning assessments.

180 § 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

181 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, **182** and other professional personnel.

183 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas
 184 in which they are teaching.

185 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 186 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 187 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, that are 188 not greater than the following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 189 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time 190 teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class 191 being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 192 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher
 ratios for pupils with mental retardation that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained
 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

200 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 201 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 202 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 203 act. Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day 204 205 kindergarten with pupil/teacher ratios that exceed 30 to one shall adjust their average daily membership 206 for kindergarten to reflect 85 percent of the total kindergarten average daily memberships, as provided in 207 the appropriation act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by the local school boards.

F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year
programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act,
shall be provided to support 17 full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students
identified as having limited English proficiency.

G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local
 school board shall employ the following one full-time equivalent instructional position for each 1,000
 students in average daily membership to serve as reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time
 in each elementary school at the discretion of the local school board for the school division.

H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positionsfor any school that reports fall membership, according to the type of school and student enrollment:

1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in and high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

228 2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
229 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
230 in and high schools, one full-time for each [600 400] students;

231 3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
232 librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students;

4. Guidance counselors in elementary schools, one hour per day per 100 students, one full-time at 500 students, one hour per day additional time per 100 students or major fraction thereof; guidance counselors in middle schools, one period per 80 students, one full-time at 400 students, one additional period per 80 students or major fraction thereof; guidance counselors in high schools, one period per 70 students, one full-time at 350 students, one additional period per 70 students or major fraction thereof;

5. Clerical personnel in elementary schools, part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
clerical personnel in middle schools, one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students
beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in high schools,

one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-timefor the library at 750 students.

I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in gradeskindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 technology resource teacher.

K. Local school boards shall employ enough speech-language pathologists to ensure a caseload that does not exceed 60 students per position.

L. Local school boards shall employ one full-time equivalent position per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through eight to serve as a mathematics specialist.

M. Local school boards shall employ one full-time equivalent position per 1,000 students in grades
kindergarten through 12 to provide schools with support in data management and utilization and the
administration of state assessments. The data [manager or test manager-test] coordinator shall hold a
license issued by the Board of Education and serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers
analyzing and interpreting data for instructional purposes.

N. Local school boards shall employ instructional and paraprofessional staff to ensure the following
[case load maximums student teacher ratios] for students who are blind or vision impaired: (i)
resource teachers who serve such children for less than 50% of the instructional day, 24 students to one
(ii) teachers of self contained classes serving such children for 50% or more of the instructional day
with a paraprofessional, 10 students to one; or (iii) teachers of self contained classes serving such children for 50% or more of the instructional day without a paraprofessional, eight to one.

KO. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

LP. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for guidance counselors, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment; guidance counselor staff requirements shall, however, be based on the enrollment at the various school organization levels, i.e., elementary, middle, or high school. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

276 **HO**. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before January 1, report to the public the actual 277 pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms by school for the current school year. Such actual 278 ratios shall include only the teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall 279 exclude resource personnel. School boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers 280 in the same annual report. Any classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade 281 class size reduction program shall be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed 282 the requirements of this subsection shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data 283 shall be compiled in a manner to ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

284 NR. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 285 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 286 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 287 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 288 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 289 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 290 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 291 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 292 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 293 courses.

4 OS. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services" shall include services provided by the school board members; the superintendent; assistant superintendents; student services (including guidance counselors, social workers, and homebound, improvement, principal's office, and library-media positions); attendance and health positions; administrative, technical, and clerical positions; operation and maintenance positions; educational technology positions; school nurses; and pupil transportation positions.

302 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid on the basis of prevailing statewide costs.

304 § 22.1-253.13:3. Standard 3. Accreditation, other standards and evaluation.

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305 A. The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations establishing standards for accreditation 306 pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), which shall include, but not be limited to, student outcome measures, requirements and guidelines for instructional programs and for the 307 308 integration of educational technology into such instructional programs, administrative and instructional 309 staffing levels and positions, including staff positions for supporting educational technology, student 310 services, auxiliary education programs such as library and media services, course and credit requirements 311 for graduation from high school, community relations, and the philosophy, goals, and objectives of 312 public education in Virginia.

The Board shall review annually the accreditation status of all schools in the Commonwealth.

Each local school board shall maintain schools that are fully accredited pursuant to the standards of for accreditation as prescribed by the Board of Education. Each local school board shall review the accreditation status of all schools in the local school division annually in public session. Within the time specified by the Board of Education, each school board shall submit corrective action plans for any schools within its school division that have been designated as not meeting the standards as approved by the Board.

320 When the Board of Education has obtained evidence through the school academic review process that 321 the failure of schools within a division to achieve full accreditation status is related to division level 322 failure to implement the Standards of Quality, the Board may require a division level academic review. 323 After the conduct of such review and within the time specified by the Board of Education, each school 324 board shall submit for approval by the Board a corrective action plan, consistent with criteria established 325 by the Board and setting forth specific actions and a schedule designed to ensure that schools within its 326 school division achieve full accreditation status. Such corrective action plans shall be part of the relevant 327 school division's comprehensive plan pursuant to § 22.1-253.13:6.

With such funds as are appropriated or otherwise received for this purpose, the Board shall adopt and implement an academic review process, to be conducted by the Department of Education, to assist schools that are accredited with warning. The Department shall forward a report of each academic review to the relevant local school board, and such school board shall report the results of such academic review and the required annual progress reports in public session. The local school board shall implement any actions identified through the academic review and utilize them for improvement planning.

335 B. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop and the Board of Education shall approve 336 criteria for determining and recognizing educational performance in the Commonwealth's public school 337 divisions and schools. Such criteria, when approved, shall become an integral part of the accreditation 338 process and shall include student outcome measurements. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall 339 annually identify to the Board those school divisions and schools that exceed or do not meet the 340 approved criteria. Such identification shall include an analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of public 341 education programs in the various school divisions in Virginia and recommendations to the General 342 Assembly for further enhancing student learning uniformly across the Commonwealth. In recognizing 343 educational performance in the school divisions, the Board shall include consideration of special school 344 division accomplishments, such as numbers of dual enrollments and students in Advanced Placement and 345 International Baccalaureate courses, and participation in academic year Governor's Schools.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall assist local school boards in the implementation of
action plans for increasing educational performance in those school divisions and schools that are
identified as not meeting the approved criteria. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall monitor
the implementation of and report to the Board of Education on the effectiveness of the corrective actions
taken to improve the educational performance in such school divisions and schools.

351 C. With such funds as are available for this purpose, the Board of Education shall prescribe assessment methods to determine the level of achievement of the Standards of Learning objectives by all 352 353 students. Such assessments shall evaluate knowledge, application of knowledge, critical thinking, and 354 skills related to the Standards of Learning being assessed. The Board shall (i) in consultation with the chairpersons of the eight regional superintendents' study groups, establish a timetable for administering 355 the Standards of Learning assessments to ensure genuine end-of-course and end-of-grade testing and (ii) 356 357 with the assistance of independent testing experts, conduct a regular analysis and validation process for 358 these assessments.

In prescribing such Standards of Learning assessments, the Board shall provide local school boards
the option of administering tests for United States History to 1877, United States History: 1877 to the
Present, and Civics and Economics. *The last administration of the cumulative grade eight history test*will be during the 2007-2008 academic school year. Beginning with the 2008-2009 academic year, all
school divisions shall administer the United States History to 1877, United States History: 1877 to the
Present, and Civics and Economics tests.

The Board of Education shall make publicly available such assessments in a timely manner and as soon as practicable following the administration of such tests, so long as the release of such assessments

367 does not compromise test security or deplete the bank of assessment questions necessary to construct
368 subsequent tests, or limit the ability to test students on demand and provide immediate results in the
369 web-based assessment system.

The Board shall include in the student outcome measures that are required by the Standards of *for*Accreditation end-of-course or end-of-grade tests for various grade levels and classes, as determined by
the Board, in accordance with the Standards of Learning. These Standards of Learning assessments shall
include, but need not be limited to, end-of-course or end-of-grade tests for English, mathematics,
science, and history and social science.

In addition, to assess the educational progress of students, the Board of Education shall (i) develop
appropriate assessments, which may include criterion-referenced tests and alternative assessment
instruments that may be used by classroom teachers and (ii) prescribe and provide measures, which may
include nationally normed tests to be used to identify students who score in the bottom quartile at
selected grade levels.

The Standard of Learning requirements, including all related assessments, shall be waived for any
student awarded a scholarship under the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Program, pursuant to
§ 30-231.2, who is enrolled in a preparation program for the General Education Development (GED)
certificate or in an adult basic education program to obtain the high school diploma.

The Board of Education may adopt special provisions related to the administration and use of any SOL test or tests in a content area as applied to accreditation ratings for any period during which the SOL content or assessments in that area are being revised and phased in. Prior to statewide administration of such tests, the Board of Education shall provide notice to local school boards regarding such special provisions.

389 D. The Board of Education may pursue all available civil remedies pursuant to § 22.1-19.1 or
 390 administrative action pursuant to § 22.1-292.1 for breaches in test security and unauthorized alteration of
 391 test materials or test results.

392 The Board may initiate or cause to be initiated a review or investigation of any alleged breach in
393 security, unauthorized alteration, or improper administration of tests by local school board employees
394 responsible for the distribution or administration of the tests.

395 Records and other information furnished to or prepared by the Board during the conduct of a review 396 or investigation may be withheld pursuant to subdivision 12 of § 2.2-3705.3. However, this section shall 397 not prohibit the disclosure of records to (i) a local school board or division superintendent for the 398 purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to 399 an employee or (ii) any requester, after the conclusion of a review or investigation, in a form that (a) 400 does not reveal the identity of any person making a complaint or supplying information to the Board on 401 a confidential basis and (b) does not compromise the security of any test mandated by the Board. Any 402 local school board or division superintendent receiving such records or other information shall, upon 403 taking personnel action against a relevant employee, place copies of such records or information relating 404 to the specific employee in such person's personnel file.

405 Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, no test or examination authorized by this section,
406 including the Standards of Learning assessments, shall be released or required to be released as
407 minimum competency tests, if, in the judgment of the Board, such release would breach the security of
408 such test or examination or deplete the bank of questions necessary to construct future secure tests.

E. With such funds as may be appropriated, the Board of Education may provide, through an agreement with vendors having the technical capacity and expertise to provide computerized tests and assessments, and test construction, analysis, and security, for (i) web-based computerized tests and assessments for the evaluation of student progress during and after remediation and (ii) the development of a remediation item bank directly related to the Standards of Learning.

414 F. To assess the educational progress of students as individuals and as groups, each local school 415 board shall require the use of Standards of Learning assessments and other relevant data to evaluate student progress and to determine educational performance. Each local school shall require the 416 417 administration of appropriate assessments to all students for grade levels and courses identified by the 418 Board of Education, which may include criterion-referenced tests, teacher-made tests and alternative 419 assessment instruments and shall include the Standards of Learning Assessments and the National 420 Assessment of Educational Progress state-by-state assessment. Each school board shall analyze and 421 report annually, in compliance with any criteria that may be established by the Board of Education, the 422 results from the Stanford Achievement Test Series, Ninth Edition (Stanford Nine) assessment, if 423 administered, industry certification examinations, and the Standards of Learning Assessments to the 424 public.

425 The Board of Education shall not require administration of the Stanford Achievement Test Series,
426 Ninth Edition (Stanford Nine) assessment, except as may be selected to facilitate compliance with the
427 requirements for home instruction pursuant to 8 22 1 254 1

427 requirements for home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1.

428 The Board shall include requirements for the reporting of the Standards of Learning assessment 429 scores and averages for each year as part of the Board's requirements relating to the School Performance 430 Report Card. Such scores shall be disaggregated for each school by gender and by race or ethnicity 431 student subgroups on the Virginia assessment program as appropriate and shall be reported to the 432 public within three months of their receipt. These reports (i) shall be posted on the portion of the 433 Department of Education's website relating to the School Performance Report Card, in a format and in a 434 manner that allows year-to-year comparisons, and (ii) may include the National Assessment of 435 Educational Progress state-by-state assessment.

436 G. Each local school division superintendent shall regularly review the division's submission of data 437 and reports required by state and federal law and regulations to ensure that all information is accurate 438 and submitted in a timely fashion. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall provide a list of the required reports and data to division superintendents annually. The status of compliance with this 439 440 requirement shall be included in the Board of Education's annual report to the Governor and the General 441 Assembly as required by § 22.1-18. 442

§ 22.1-253.13:4. Standard 4. Student achievement and graduation requirements.

443 A. Each local school board shall award diplomas to all secondary school students, including students 444 who transfer from nonpublic schools or from home instruction, who earn the units of credit prescribed 445 by the Board of Education, pass the prescribed tests, and meet such other requirements as may be 446 prescribed by the local school board and approved by the Board of Education. Provisions shall be made 447 for students who to facilitate the transfer and appropriate grade placement of students from between 448 other public secondary schools, and from nonpublic schools, or from home instruction as outlined in the 449 standards for accreditation. Further, reasonable accommodation to meet the requirements for diplomas 450 shall be provided for otherwise qualified students with disabilities as needed.

In addition, each local school board may devise, vis-a-vis the award of diplomas to secondary school 451 452 students, a mechanism for calculating class rankings that takes into consideration whether the student has 453 taken a required class more than one time and has had any prior earned grade for such required class expunged. 454

455 Each local school board shall notify the parents of rising eleventh and twelfth grade students of (i) 456 the number and subject area requirements of standard and verified units of credit required for graduation pursuant to the standards of for accreditation and (ii) the remaining number and subject area 457 458 requirements of such units of credit the individual student requires for graduation.

459 B. Students identified as disabled who complete the requirements of their individualized education 460 programs shall be awarded special diplomas by local school boards.

Each local school board shall notify the parent of such students with disabilities who have an individualized education program and who fail to meet the requirements for graduation a standard or 461 462 463 advanced studies diploma of the student's right to a free and appropriate education to age 21, inclusive, 464 pursuant to Article 2 (§ 22.1-213 et seq.) of Chapter 13 of this title.

465 C. Students who have completed a prescribed course of study as defined by the local school board shall be awarded certificates of program completion by local school boards if they are not eligible to 466 receive a standard, advanced studies, modified standard, special, or general achievement diploma. 467

Each local school board shall provide notification of the right to a free public education for students 468 469 who have not reached 20 years of age on or before August 1 of the school year, pursuant to Chapter 1 470 (§ 22.1-1 et seq.) of this title, to the parent of students who fail to graduate or who have failed to achieve the number of verified units of credit required for graduation as provided in the standards of for 471 472 accreditation. If such student who does not graduate or achieve such verified units of credit is a student 473 for whom English is a second language, the local school board shall notify the parent of the student's 474 opportunity for a free public education in accordance with § 22.1-5. 475

D. In establishing course and credit requirements for a high school diploma, the Board shall:

476 1. Provide for the selection of integrated learning courses meeting the Standards of Learning and 477 approved by the Board to satisfy graduation credit requirements, which shall include Standards of Learning testing, as necessary; 478

479 2. Establish the requirements for a standard, modified standard, or advanced studies high school 480 diploma, which shall include one credit in fine, or performing arts or practical arts career and technical education and one credit in United States and Virginia history. The requirements for a standard high 481 482 school diploma shall, however, include at least two sequential electives chosen from a concentration of courses selected from a variety of options that may be planned to ensure the completion of a focused 483 484 sequence of elective courses. Students may take such focused sequence of elective courses in consecutive years or any two years of high school. Such focused sequence of elective courses shall 485 486 provide a foundation for further education or training or preparation for employment and shall be 487 developed by the school division, consistent with Board of Education guidelines and as approved by the 488 local school board;

489 3. Provide, in the requirements for the verified units of credit stipulated for obtaining the standard or

490 advanced studies diploma, that students completing elective classes into which the Standards of Learning 491 for any required course have been integrated may take the relevant Standards of Learning test for the 492 relevant required course and receive, upon achieving a satisfactory score on the specific Standards of 493 Learning assessment, a verified unit of credit for such elective class that shall be deemed to satisfy the 494 Board's requirement for verified credit for the required course;

495 4. Establish a procedure to facilitate the acceleration of students that allows qualified students, with 496 the recommendation of the division superintendent, without completing the 140-hour class, to obtain 497 credit for such class upon demonstration of mastery of the course content and objectives. Having 498 received credit for the course, the student shall be permitted to sit for the relevant Standards of Learning 499 assessment and, upon receiving a passing score, shall earn a verified credit. Nothing in this section shall 500 preclude relevant school division personnel from enforcing compulsory attendance in public schools; and

501 5. Provide for the award of verified units of credit for passing scores on industry certifications, state 502 licensure examinations, and national occupational competency assessments approved by the Board of 503 Education.

504 School boards shall report annually to the Board of Education the number of industry certifications 505 obtained and state licensure examinations passed, and the number shall be reported as a category on the 506 School Performance Report Card.

507 In addition, the Board may:

508 a. For the purpose of awarding verified units of credit, approve the use of additional or substitute 509 tests for the correlated Standards of Learning assessment, such as academic achievement tests, industry 510 certifications or state licensure examinations; and

511 b. Permit students completing career and technical education programs designed to enable such 512 students to pass such industry certification examinations or state licensure examinations to be awarded, 513 upon obtaining satisfactory scores on such industry certification or licensure examinations, the 514 appropriate verified units of credit for one or more career and technical education classes into which 515 relevant Standards of Learning for various classes taught at the same level have been integrated. Such industry certification and state licensure examinations may cover relevant Standards of Learning for 516 517 various required classes and may, at the discretion of the Board, address some Standards of Learning for 518 several required classes.

519 E. In the exercise of its authority to recognize exemplary academic performance by providing for 520 diploma seals, the Board of Education shall develop criteria for recognizing exemplary performance in 521 career and technical education programs by students who have completed the requirements for a 522 standard or advanced studies diploma and shall award seals on the diplomas of students meeting such 523 criteria.

524 In addition, the Board shall establish criteria for awarding a diploma seal for advanced mathematics 525 and technology for the standard and advanced studies diplomas. The Board shall consider including 526 criteria for (i) technology courses; (ii) technical writing, reading, and oral communication skills; (iii) 527 technology-related practical arts training; and (iv) industry, professional, and trade association national 528 certifications.

529 The Board shall also establish criteria for awarding a diploma seal for excellence in civics education 530 and understanding of our state and federal constitutions and the democratic model of government for the 531 standard and advanced studies diplomas. The Board shall consider including criteria for (i) successful 532 completion of history, government, and civics courses, including courses that incorporate character 533 education; (ii) voluntary participation in community service or extracurricular activities; and (iii) related 534 requirements as it deems appropriate.

535 F. The Board shall establish, by regulation, requirements for the award of a general achievement 536 diploma for those persons who have (i) achieved a passing score on the GED examination; (ii) 537 successfully completed an education and training program designated by the Board of Education; and 538 (iii) satisfied other requirements as may be established by the Board for the award of such diploma.

539 G. (Effective October 1, 2008) To ensure the uniform assessment of high school graduation rates, the 540 Board shall collect, analyze, and report high school graduation and dropout data using a formula 541 prescribed by the Board.

542 The Board may promulgate such regulations as may be necessary and appropriate for the collection, 543 analysis, and reporting of such data. 544

§ 22.1-253.13:5. Standard 5. Quality of classroom instruction and educational leadership.

545 A. Each member of the Board of Education shall participate in high-quality professional development 546 programs on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on the Board.

547 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education in 548 the Commonwealth, teacher, administrator, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent with the 549 performance objectives included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation 550 Criteria for Teachers, Administrators, and Superintendents. Teacher evaluations shall include regular

551 observation and evidence that instruction is aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations shall 552 include identification of areas of individual strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for 553 appropriate professional activities.

554 C. The Board of Education shall provide guidance on high-quality professional development for (i) 555 teachers, principals, supervisors, division superintendents and other school staff; (ii) administrative and 556 supervisory personnel in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and administrator performance 557 based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or administrative 558 personnel; (iii) school board members on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education; and (iv) 559 programs in Braille for teachers of the blind and visually impaired, in cooperation with the Virginia 560 Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired.

The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to local 561 562 school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of educational 563 technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

564 D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but 565 not limited to, personnel policies and practices; curriculum and instruction; use of data in planning and 566 decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on the local board and (ii) the 567 568 division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional development activities at the 569 local, state or national levels.

570 E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) in 571 the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic 572 progress and skills for teachers and administrators to clarify roles and performance expectations and to 573 facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that promote student achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal process, to assist teachers and 574 575 principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, students with disabilities, and 576 students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency and to increase student 577 achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the standards for academic 578 performance set by the Board of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional personnel 579 which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related technology into the curricula, 580 and (iv) for administrative personnel designed to increase proficiency in instructional leadership and 581 management, including training in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and administrator 582 performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or 583 administrative personnel.

584 In addition, each local school board shall also provide teachers and principals with high-quality 585 professional development programs each year in (i) instructional content; (ii) the preparation of tests and 586 other assessment measures; (iii) methods for assessing the progress of individual students, including 587 Standards of Learning assessment materials or other criterion-referenced tests that match locally 588 developed objectives; (iv) instruction and remediation techniques in English, mathematics, science, and 589 history and social science; (v) interpreting test data for instructional purposes; and (vi) technology 590 applications to implement the Standards of Learning; and (vii) effective classroom management.

591 F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans 592 required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the 593 recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall 594 require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

595 G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality, 596 effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of 597 teachers and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division. **598**

§ 22.1-253.13:6. Standard 6. Planning and public involvement.

599 A. The Board of Education shall adopt a statewide comprehensive, unified, long-range plan based on 600 data collection, analysis, and evaluation. Such plan shall be developed with statewide participation. The 601 Board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary revisions. The Board shall post the plan on the Department of Éducation's website if practicable, and, in any case, shall make a hard copy of **602** 603 such plan available for public inspection and copying.

This plan shall include the objectives of public education in Virginia, including strategies for first **604** 605 improving student achievement, particularly the achievement of educationally at-risk students, then maintaining high levels of student achievement; an assessment of the extent to which these objectives 606 are being achieved; a forecast of enrollment changes; and an assessment of the needs of public 607 education in the Commonwealth. In the annual report required by § 22.1-18, the Board shall include an 608 analysis of the extent to which these Standards of Quality have been achieved and the objectives of the 609 statewide comprehensive plan have been met. The Board shall also develop, consistent with, or as a part 610 of, its comprehensive plan, a detailed comprehensive, long-range plan to integrate educational 611 612 technology into the Standards of Learning and the curricula of the public schools in Virginia, including

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career and technical education programs. The Board shall review and approve the comprehensive plan 613 614 for educational technology and may require the revision of such plan as it deems necessary.

615 B. Each local school board shall adopt a divisionwide comprehensive, unified, long-range plan based on data collection, an analysis of the data, and how the data will be utilized to improve classroom 616 617 instruction and student achievement. The plan shall be developed with staff and community involvement 618 and shall include, or be consistent with, all other divisionwide plans required by state and federal laws 619 and regulations. Each local school board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary 620 revisions. Prior to the adoption of any divisionwide comprehensive plan or revisions thereto, each local 621 school board shall post such plan or revisions on the division's Internet website if practicable, and, in 622 any case, shall make a hard copy of the plan or revisions available for public inspection and copying 623 and shall conduct at least one public hearing to solicit public comment on the divisionwide plan or 624 revisions.

625 The divisionwide comprehensive plan shall include, but shall not be limited to, (i) the objectives of 626 the school division, including strategies for *first* improving student achievement, *particularly the* achievement of educationally at-risk students, then maintaining high levels of student achievement; (ii) 627 628 an assessment of the extent to which these objectives are being achieved; (iii) a forecast of enrollment 629 changes; (iv) a plan for projecting and managing enrollment changes including consideration of the 630 consolidation of schools to provide for a more comprehensive and effective delivery of instructional 631 services to students and economies in school operations; (v) an evaluation of the appropriateness of 632 establishing regional programs and services in cooperation with neighboring school divisions; (vi) a plan 633 for implementing such regional programs and services when appropriate; (vii) a technology plan 634 designed to integrate educational technology into the instructional programs of the school division, 635 including the school division's career and technical education programs, consistent with, or as a part of, the comprehensive technology plan for Virginia adopted by the Board of Education; (viii) an assessment 636 of the needs of the school division and evidence of community participation, including parental 637 638 participation, in the development of the plan; (ix) any corrective action plan required pursuant to 639 § 22.1-253.13:3; and (x) a plan for parent and family involvement to include building successful school 640 and parent partnerships that shall be developed with staff and community involvement, including 641 participation by parents.

642 A report shall be presented by each school board to the public by November 1 of each 643 odd-numbered year on the extent to which the objectives of the divisionwide comprehensive plan have **644** been met during the previous two school years.

645 C. Each public school shall also prepare a comprehensive, unified, long-range plan, which the 646 relevant school board shall consider in the development of its divisionwide comprehensive plan.

647 D. The Board of Education shall, in a timely manner, make available to local school boards information about where current Virginia school laws, Board regulations and revisions, and copies of 648 649 relevant Opinions of the Attorney General of Virginia may be located online. 650

§ 22.1-253.13:7. Standard 7. School board policies.

651 A. Each local school board shall maintain and follow up-to-date policies. All school board policies shall be reviewed at least every five years and revised as needed. 652

653 B. Each local school board shall ensure that policies *are* developed giving consideration to the views 654 of teachers, parents, and other concerned citizens and addressing the following:

655 1. A system of two-way communication between employees and the local school board and its 656 administrative staff whereby matters of concern can be discussed in an orderly and constructive manner;

657 2. The selection and evaluation of all instructional materials purchased by the school division, with 658 clear procedures for handling challenged controversial materials;

659 3. The standards of student conduct and attendance and enforcement procedures designed to provide 660 that public education be conducted in an atmosphere free of disruption and threat to persons or property and supportive of individual rights; 661 **662**

4. School-community communications and community involvement;

663 5. Guidelines to encourage parents to provide instructional assistance to their children in the home, **664** which may include voluntary training for the parents of children in grades K through three;

665 6. Information about procedures for addressing concerns with the school division and recourse 666 available to parents pursuant to § 22.1-87;

667 7. A cooperatively developed procedure for personnel evaluation appropriate to tasks performed by 668 those being evaluated; and

8. Grievances, dismissals, etc., of teachers, and the implementation procedure prescribed by the 669 670 General Assembly and the Board of Education, as provided in Article 3 (§ 22.1-306 et seq.) of Chapter 671 15 of this title, and the maintenance of copies of such procedures.

672 A current copy of the school division policies, including the Student Conduct Policy, shall be posted on the division's website kept in the library of each school and in any public library in that division and 673

674 shall be available to employees and to the public. If such policies are maintained online, school School
675 boards shall ensure that printed copies of such policies are available *as needed* to citizens who do not
676 have online access.

677 C. An annual announcement shall be made in each division at the beginning of the school year and,
678 for parents of students enrolling later in the academic year, at the time of enrollment, advising the public
679 that the policies are available in such places.

680 § 22.1-274. School health services.

A. A school board shall provide pupil personnel and support services, in compliance with
§ 22.1-253.13:2. A school board may employ school nurses, physicians, physical therapists, occupational
therapists and speech therapists. No such personnel shall be employed unless they meet such standards
as may be determined by the Board of Education. Subject to the approval of the appropriate local
governing body, a local health department may provide personnel for health services for the school
division.

687 B. In implementing subsection Θ S of § 22.1-253.13:2, relating to providing support services which 688 are necessary for the efficient and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools, each 689 school board may strive to employ, or contract with local health departments for, nursing services 690 consistent with a ratio of at least one nurse (i) per 2,500 students by July 1, 1996; (ii) per 2,000 students by July 1, 1997; (iii) per 1,500 students by July 1, 1998; and (iv) per 1,000 students by July 1, **691** 692 1999. In those school divisions in which there are more than 1,000 students in average daily 693 membership in school buildings, this section shall not be construed to encourage the employment of 694 more than one nurse per school building. Further, this section shall not be construed to mandate the 695 aspired-to ratios.

696 C. The Board of Education shall monitor the progress in achieving the ratios set forth in subsection **697** B of this section and any subsequent increase in prevailing statewide costs, and the mechanism for **698** funding health services, pursuant to subsection Θ S of § 22.1-253.13:2 and the appropriation act. The **699** Board shall also determine how school health funds are used and school health services are delivered in **690** each locality and shall provide, by December 1, 1994, a detailed analysis of school health expenditures **691** to the House Committee on Education, the House Committee on Appropriations, the Senate Committee **692** on Education and Health, and the Senate Committee on Finance.

D. With the exception of school administrative personnel and persons employed by school boards who have the specific duty to deliver health-related services, no licensed instructional employee, instructional aide, or clerical employee shall be disciplined, placed on probation or dismissed on the basis of such employee's refusal to (i) perform nonemergency health-related services for students or (ii) obtain training in the administration of insulin and glucagon. However, instructional aides and clerical employees may not refuse to dispense oral medications.

709 For the purposes of this subsection, "health-related services" means those activities which, when **710** performed in a health care facility, must be delivered by or under the supervision of a licensed or **711** certified professional.

712 E. Each school board shall ensure that, in school buildings with an instructional and administrative 713 staff of ten or more, (i) at least two employees have current certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or have received training, within the last two years, in emergency first aid and 714 715 cardiopulmonary resuscitation and (ii) if one or more students diagnosed as having diabetes attend such 716 school, at least two employees have been trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon. In school 717 buildings with an instructional and administrative staff of fewer than ten, school boards shall ensure that 718 (i) at least one employee has current certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or has received 719 training, within the last two years, in emergency first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation and (ii) if 720 one or more students diagnosed as having diabetes attend such school, at least one employee has been trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon. "Employee" shall include any person employed by 721 722 a local health department who is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the 723 local health department and the school board. When a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or 724 physician assistant is present, no employee who is not a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or 725 physician assistant shall assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon. Prescriber 726 authorization and parental consent shall be obtained for any employee who is not a registered nurse, 727 nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant to assist with the administration of insulin and 728 administer glucagon.

[2. That no educational standard set forth in this Act, for which state funding is required, shall
take effect unless the state's share of funding for Standard 2, Instructional, administrative and
support personnel, is included in the 2008 Appropriation Act, passed during the 2008 Session of
the General Assembly, and signed by the Governor.]