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1	SENATE BILL NO. 1366
2 3	Offered January 17, 2007
3	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 33.1-23.03:8, 58.1-603, 58.1-604, 58.1-604.1, 58.1-608.3, 58.1-609.1,
4	58.1-614, 58.1-638, 58.1-639, 58.1-1720, 58.1-1723, 58.1-3700.1, and 62.1-44.34:13 of the Code of
5	Virginia, to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 4 of Chapter 17 of Title 58.1 a section
6	numbered 58.1-1718.1, and to repeal Chapter 22 (§§ 58.1-2200 through 58.1-2290) of Title 58.1 and
7	§ 58.1-2706 of the Code of Virginia, relating to transportation funding.
8	
0	Patron—Williams
9	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{r}}$
10 11	Referred to Committee on Finance
11	Bo it aposted by the Conoral Assambly of Virginia:
12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 33.1-23.03:8, 58.1-603, 58.1-604, 58.1-604.1, 58.1-608.3, 58.1-609.1, 58.1-614, 58.1-638,
13	58.1-639, 58.1-1720, 58.1-1723, 58.1-3700.1, and 62.1-44.34:13 of the Code of Virginia are amended
15	and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 4 of Chapter 17 of
16	Title 58.1 a section numbered 58.1-1718.1 as follows:
17	§ 33.1-23.03:8. Priority Transportation Fund established.
18	A. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the
19	Priority Transportation Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the
20	books of the Comptroller. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be
21	credited to it. All funds as may be designated in the appropriation act for deposit to the Fund shall be
22	paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Such funds shall include:
23	1. A portion of the moneys actually collected, including penalty and interest, attributable to any
24	increase in revenues from the taxes imposed under Chapter 22 (§-58.1-2200 et seq.) of Title 58.1, with
25	such increase being calculated as the difference between such tax revenues collected in the manner
26 27	prescribed under Chapter 22 less such tax revenues that would have been collected using the prescribed manner in effect before the effective date of Chapter 22. The portion to be deposited to the Fund shall
28	be the moneys actually collected from such increase in revenues and allocated for highway and mass
2 9	transit improvement projects as set forth in § 33.1-23.03:2, but not including any amounts that are
30	allocated to the Commonwealth Port Fund and the Commonwealth Airport Fund under such section.
31	There shall also be deposited into the Fund all additional federal revenues attributable to Chapter 22
32	(§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of Title 58.1; and
33	2. Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, and for fiscal years thereafter, all revenues
34	that exceed the official forecast, pursuant to § 2.2-1503, for (i) the Highway Maintenance and Operating
35	Fund and (ii) the allocation to highway and mass transit improvement projects as set forth in
36	§ 33.1-23.03:2, but not including any amounts that are allocated to the Commonwealth Port Fund and
37	the Commonwealth Airport Fund under such section; and
38 39	32. Any other such funds as may be transferred, allocated, or appropriated.
40	The Fund shall be considered a part of the Transportation Trust Fund. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but
41	shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes enumerated in
42	subsection B of this section. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State
43	Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller.
44	B. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall use the Fund to facilitate the financing of priority
45	transportation projects throughout the Commonwealth. The Board may use the Fund either (i) by
46	expending amounts therein on such projects directly, (ii) by payment to any authority, locality,
47	commission or other entity for the purpose of paying the costs thereof, or (iii) by using such amounts to
48	support, secure, or leverage financing for such projects. No expenditures from or other use of amounts
49	in the Fund shall be considered in allocating highway maintenance and construction funds under \$ 22.1.22.1 or emperationing Transformed funds under \$ 59.1.628 but shall be in addition
50 51	§ 33.1-23.1 or apportioning Transportation Trust Fund funds under § 58.1-638, but shall be in addition thereto. The Board shall use the Fund to facilitate the financing of priority transportation projects as
51 52	designated by the General Assembly; provided, however, that, at the discretion of the Commonwealth
52 53	Transportation Board, funds allocated to projects within a transportation district may be allocated among
54	projects within the same transportation district as needed to meet construction cash-flow needs.
55	§ 58.1-603. Imposition of sales tax.

§ 58.1-603. Imposition of sales tax. There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to all other taxes and fees of every kind now imposed by law, a license or privilege tax upon every person who engages in the business of selling at retail or distributing tangible personal property in this Commonwealth, or who rents or furnishes any of 56 57 58

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59 the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this Commonwealth any item or article of tangible personal property as defined in this chapter, or who 60 leases or rents such property within this Commonwealth, in the amount of three and one-half percent 61

62 through midnight on July 31, 2004, and four percent beginning on and after August 1, 2004 five 63 percent:

64 1. Of the gross sales price of each item or article of tangible personal property when sold at retail or 65 distributed in this Commonwealth.

66 2. Of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, where the lease or rental of such property is an established business, or part of an established business, or the 67 same is incidental or germane to such business. 68

3. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property stored in this 69 70 Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth.

71 4. Of the gross proceeds derived from the sale or charges for rooms, lodgings or accommodations furnished to transients as set out in the definition of "retail sale" in § 58.1-602. 72 73

5. Of the gross sales of any services which are expressly stated as taxable within this chapter.

§ 58.1-604. Imposition of use tax.

75 There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to all other taxes and fees now imposed by law, a 76 tax upon the use or consumption of tangible personal property in this Commonwealth, or the storage of 77 such property outside the Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth, in the amount 78 of three and one-half percent through midnight on July 31, 2004, and four percent beginning on and 79 after August 1, 2004 five percent:

80 1. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property used or consumed in this 81 Commonwealth. Tangible personal property which has been acquired for use outside this Commonwealth 82 and subsequently becomes subject to the tax imposed hereunder shall be taxed on the basis of its cost 83 price if such property is brought within this Commonwealth for use within six months of its acquisition; but if so brought within this Commonwealth six months or more after its acquisition, such property shall 84 85 be taxed on the basis of the current market value (but not in excess of its cost price) of such property at 86 the time of its first use within this Commonwealth. Such tax shall be based on such proportion of the 87 cost price or current market value as the duration of time of use within this Commonwealth bears to the 88 total useful life of such property (but it shall be presumed in all cases that such property will remain 89 within this Commonwealth for the remainder of its useful life unless convincing evidence is provided to 90 the contrary).

91 2. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property stored outside this 92 Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth.

93 3. A transaction taxed under § 58.1-603 shall not also be taxed under this section, nor shall the same 94 transaction be taxed more than once under either section.

95 4. The use tax shall not apply with respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property 96 brought into this Commonwealth by a nonresident individual, visiting in Virginia, for his personal use, 97 while within this Commonwealth.

98 5. The use tax shall not apply to out-of-state mail order catalog purchases totaling \$100 or less 99 during any calendar year.

100 § 58.1-604.1. Use tax on motor vehicles, machinery, tools and equipment brought into Virginia for 101 use in performing contracts.

In addition to the use tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-604 and notwithstanding the provisions of 102 103 § 58.1-611, a use tax is levied upon the storage or use of all motor vehicles, machines, machinery, tools or other equipment brought, imported or caused to be brought into this Commonwealth for use in 104 constructing, building or repairing any building, highway, street, sidewalk, bridge, culvert, sewer or 105 water system, drainage or dredging system, railway system, reservoir or dam, hydraulic or power plant, 106 transmission line, tower, dock, wharf, excavation, grading, or other improvement or structure, or any 107 108 part thereof. The rate of tax is three and one-half percent through midnight on July 31, 2004, and four percent beginning on and after August 1, 2004, five percent on all tangible personal property except 109 motor vehicles, which shall be taxed at the rate of three percent; aircraft, which shall be taxed at the 110 111 rate of two percent; and watercraft, which shall be taxed at the rate of two percent with a maximum tax 112 of \$1.000.

113 For purposes of this section the words "motor vehicle" means any vehicle which is self-propelled and designed primarily for use upon the highways, any vehicle which is propelled by electric power obtained 114 from trolley wires but not operated upon rails, and any vehicle designed to run upon the highways 115 which is pulled by a self-propelled vehicle, but shall not include any implement of husbandry, farm 116 117 tractor, road construction or maintenance machinery or equipment, special mobile equipment or any 118 vehicle designed primarily for use in work off the highway.

The tax shall be computed on the basis of such proportion of the original purchase price of such 119 property as the duration of time of use in this Commonwealth bears to the total useful life thereof. For 120

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purposes of this section, the word "use" means use, storage, consumption and "stand-by" time 121 122 occasioned by weather conditions, controversies or other causes. The tax shall be computed upon the 123 basis of the relative time each item of equipment is in this Commonwealth rather than upon the basis of 124 actual use. In the absence of satisfactory evidence as to the period of use intended in this 125 Commonwealth, it will be presumed that such property will remain in this Commonwealth for the 126 remainder of its useful life, which shall be determined in accordance with the experiences and practices 127 of the building and construction trades.

128 A transaction taxed under §§ 58.1-604, 58.1-605, 58.1-1402, 58.1-1502, or § 58.1-2402 shall not also 129 be taxed under this section, nor shall the same transaction be taxed more than once under any section. 130

§ 58.1-608.3. Entitlement to certain sales tax revenues. 131 A. As used in this section, the following words and terms have the following meanings, unless some

132 other meaning is plainly intended:

"Bonds" means any obligations of a municipality for the payment of money.

133 134 "Cost," as applied to any public facility or to extensions or additions to any public facility, includes: 135 (i) the purchase price of any public facility acquired by the municipality or the cost of acquiring all of 136 the capital stock of the corporation owning the public facility and the amount to be paid to discharge any obligations in order to vest title to the public facility or any part of it in the municipality; (ii) 137 138 expenses incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of the public facility; (iii) the cost of 139 plans and specifications, surveys and estimates of costs and of revenues; (iv) the cost of all land, 140 property, rights, easements and franchises acquired; (v) the cost of improvements, property or 141 equipment; (vi) the cost of engineering, legal and other professional services; (vii) the cost of 142 construction or reconstruction; (viii) the cost of all labor, materials, machinery and equipment; (ix) 143 financing charges; (x) interest before and during construction and for up to one year after completion of 144 construction; (xi) start-up costs and operating capital; (xii) payments by a municipality of its share of the 145 cost of any multijurisdictional public facility; (xiii) administrative expense; (xiv) any amounts to be 146 deposited to reserve or replacement funds; and (xv) other expenses as may be necessary or incident to 147 the financing of the public facility. Any obligation or expense incurred by the public facility in 148 connection with any of the foregoing items of cost may be regarded as a part of the cost. 149

"Municipality" means any county, city, town, authority, commission, or other public entity.

150 "Public facility" means (i) any auditorium, coliseum, convention center, or conference center, which 151 is owned by a Virginia county, city, town, authority, or other public entity and where exhibits, meetings, 152 conferences, conventions, seminars, or similar public events may be conducted; (ii) any hotel which is 153 owned by a foundation whose sole purpose is to benefit a state-supported university and which is 154 attached to and is an integral part of such facility, together with any lands reasonably necessary for the 155 conduct of the operation of such events; or (iii) any hotel which is attached to and is an integral part of 156 such facility. However, such public facility must be located in the City of Hampton, City of Newport News, City of Norfolk, City of Portsmouth, City of Roanoke, City of Salem, City of Staunton, or City 157 158 of Suffolk. Any property, real, personal, or mixed, which is necessary or desirable in connection with 159 any such auditorium, coliseum, convention center, or conference center, including, without limitation, 160 facilities for food preparation and serving, parking facilities, and administration offices, is encompassed 161 within this definition. However, structures commonly referred to as "shopping centers" or "malls" shall not constitute a public facility hereunder. A public facility shall not include residential condominiums, 162 townhomes, or other residential units. In addition, only a new public facility, or a public facility which 163 164 will undergo a substantial and significant renovation or expansion, shall be eligible under subsection B 165 of this section. A new public facility is one whose construction began after December 31, 1991. A substantial and significant renovation entails a project whose cost is at least 50 percent of the original 166 167 cost of the facility being renovated and shall have begun after December 31, 1991. A substantial and significant expansion entails an increase in floor space of at least 50 percent over that existing in the 168 preexisting facility and shall have begun after December 31, 1991. 169

170 "Sales tax revenues" means such tax collections realized under the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax 171 Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title, as limited herein. "Sales tax revenues" does not include (i) the 172 revenue generated by the one-half percent sales and use tax increase enacted by the 1986 Special 173 Session of the General Assembly which shall be paid to the Transportation Trust Fund as defined in 174 § 33.1-23.03:1, nor shall it include the provided in subdivision A 1 of § 58.1-638, (ii) the revenue 175 generated by the one percent sales and use tax increase enacted by the 2007 Session of the General 176 Assembly, or (iii) the one percent of the state sales and use tax revenue distributed among the counties 177 and cities of the Commonwealth pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-638 on the basis of school age 178 population.

179 B. Any municipality which has issued bonds (i) after December 31, 1991, but before January 1, 180 1996, (ii) on or after January 1, 1998, but before July 1, 1999, (iii) on or after January 1, 1999, but before July 1, 2001, (iv) on or after July 1, 2000, but before July 1, 2003, (v) on or after July 1, 2001, 181

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182 but before July 1, 2005, or (vi) on or after July 1, 2004, but before July 1, 2007, to pay the cost, or 183 portion thereof, of any public facility shall be entitled to all sales tax revenues generated by transactions 184 taking place in such public facility. Such entitlement shall continue for the lifetime of such bonds, which 185 entitlement shall not exceed 35 years, and all such sales tax revenues shall be applied to repayment of 186 the bonds. The State Comptroller shall remit such sales tax revenues to the municipality on a quarterly 187 basis, subject to such reasonable processing delays as may be required by the Department of Taxation to 188 calculate the actual net sales tax revenues derived from the public facility. The State Comptroller shall 189 make such remittances to eligible municipalities, as provided herein, notwithstanding any provisions to 190 the contrary in the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.). No such remittances shall 191 be made until construction is completed and, in the case of a renovation or expansion, until the 192 governing body of the municipality has certified that the renovation or expansion is completed.

193 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the pledging of the faith and credit of the 194 Commonwealth of Virginia, or any of its revenues, for the payment of any bonds. Any appropriation 195 made pursuant to this section shall be made only from sales tax revenues derived from the public 196 facility for which bonds may have been issued to pay the cost, in whole or in part, of such public 197 facility. 198

§ 58.1-609.1. Governmental and commodities exemptions.

199 The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 200 shall not apply to the following:

201 1. Fuels which are subject to the tax imposed by Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title. 202 Persons who are refunded any such fuel tax shall, however, be subject to the tax imposed by this 203 chapter, unless such taxes would be specifically exempted pursuant to any provision of this sectionAny taxable fuel as defined in § 58.1-1718.1. 204 205

2. Motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, mobile homes and travel trailers.

3. Gas, electricity, or water when delivered to consumers through mains, lines, or pipes.

207 4. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by the Commonwealth, any political 208 subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States. This exclusion shall not apply to sales and 209 leases to privately owned financial and other privately owned corporations chartered by the United 210 States. Further, this exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property which is acquired by the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions and then transferred to private businesses for their 211 212 use in a facility or real property improvement to be used by a private entity or for nongovernmental 213 purposes other than tangible personal property acquired by the Herbert H. Bateman Advanced Shipbuilding and Carrier Integration Center and transferred to a Qualified Shipbuilder as defined in the 214 215 third enactment of Chapter 790 of the 1998 Acts of the General Assembly. 216

5. Aircraft subject to tax under Chapter 15 (§ 58.1-1500 et seq.) of this title.

217 6. Motor fuels and alternative fuels for use in a commercial watercraft upon which a fuel tax is 218 refunded pursuant to § 58.1-2259. [Repealed.]

219 7. Sales by a government agency of the official flags of the United States, the Commonwealth of 220 Virginia, or of any county, city or town. 221

8. Materials furnished by the State Board of Elections pursuant to §§ 24.2-404 through 24.2-407.

9. Watercraft as defined in § 58.1-1401.

223 10. Tangible personal property used in and about a marine terminal under the supervision of the 224 Virginia Port Authority for handling cargo, merchandise, freight and equipment. This exemption shall 225 apply to agents, lessees, sublessees or users of tangible personal property owned by or leased to the 226 Virginia Port Authority and to property acquired or used by the Authority or by a nonstock, nonprofit 227 corporation that operates a marine terminal or terminals on behalf of the Authority.

228 11. Sales by prisoners confined in state correctional facilities of artistic products personally made by 229 the prisoners as authorized by \S 53.1-46.

230 12. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by the Virginia Department for the Blind and 231 Vision Impaired or any nominee, as defined in § 51.5-60, of such Department. 232

13. [Expired.]

233 14. Tangible personal property sold to residents and patients of the Virginia Veterans Care Center at 234 a canteen operated by the Department of Veterans Services.

15. Tangible personal property for use or consumption by any nonprofit organization whose members 235 236 include the Commonwealth and other states and which is organized for the purpose of fostering 237 interstate cooperation and excellence in government.

238 16. Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption by any soil and conservation 239 district which is organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 10.1. 240

17. Beginning September 1, 2004, (i) tangible personal property sold or leased to Alexandria Transit 241 242 Company, Greater Lynchburg Transit Company, GRTC Transit System, or Greater Roanoke Transit 243 Company that is owned, operated, or controlled by any county, city, or town, or any combination

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244 thereof, that provides public transportation services, and/or (ii) tangible personal property sold or leased 245 to any county, city, or town, or any combination thereof, that is transferred to any of the companies set 246 forth in clause (i) owned, operated, or controlled by any county, city, or town, or any combination 247 thereof, that provides public transportation services.

248 § 58.1-614. Vending machine sales.

249 A. Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 58.1-603 and 58.1-604, whenever a dealer makes sales of 250 tangible personal property through vending machines, or in any other manner making collection of the 251 tax impractical, as determined by the Tax Commissioner, such dealer shall be required to report his 252 wholesale purchases for sale at retail from vending machines and shall be required to remit an amount 253 based on four and one-half percent through midnight on July 31, 2004, and five percent beginning on 254 and after August 1, 2004, six percent of such wholesale purchases.

255 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606, dealers making sales of tangible 256 personal property through vending machines shall report and remit the one percent local sales and use 257 tax computed as provided in subsection A of this section.

258 C. The provisions of subsections A and B of this section shall not be applicable to vending machine 259 operators all of whose machines are under contract to nonprofit organizations. Such operators shall 260 report only the gross receipts from machines selling items for more than 10 cents and shall be required 261 to remit an amount based on a percentage of their remaining gross sales established by the Tax 262 Commissioner to take into account the inclusion of sales tax.

263 D. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, when the Tax Commissioner determines that 264 it is impractical to collect the tax in the manner provided by those sections, such dealer shall be required 265 to remit an amount based on a percentage of gross receipts which takes into account the inclusion of the 266 sales tax.

267 E. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to any dealer who fails to maintain records 268 satisfactory to the Tax Commissioner. A dealer making sales of tangible personal property through 269 vending machines shall obtain a certificate of registration under § 58.1-613 in relevant form for each 270 county or city in which he has machines. 271

§ 58.1-638. Disposition of state sales and use tax revenue; localities' share; Game Protection Fund.

272 A. The Comptroller shall designate a specific revenue code number for all the state sales and use tax 273 revenue collected under the preceding sections of this chapter.

274 1. The sales and use tax revenue generated by the *a one and* one-half percent sales and use tax 275 increase enacted by the 1986 Special Session of the General Assembly shall be paid, in the manner 276 hereinafter provided in this section, to the Transportation Trust Fund as defined in § 33.1-23.03:1. Of the 277 funds paid to the Transportation Trust Fund, an aggregate of 4.2 percent shall be set aside as the 278 Commonwealth Port Fund as provided in this section; an aggregate of 2.4 percent shall be set aside as 279 the Commonwealth Airport Fund as provided in this section; and an aggregate of 14.5 percent in fiscal year 1998-1999 and 14.7 percent in fiscal year 1999-2000 and thereafter shall be set aside as the 280 281 Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund as provided in this section. The Fund's share of such net revenue 282 shall be computed as an estimate of the net revenue to be received into the state treasury each month, 283 and such estimated payment shall be adjusted for the actual net revenue received in the preceding 284 month. All payments shall be made to the Fund on the last day of each month.

285 2. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall 286 be a part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Port Fund.

287 a. The Commonwealth Port Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and the funds 288 remaining in such Fund at the end of a biennium shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in 289 the Fund. Interest earned on such funds shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Funds may be 290 paid to any authority, locality or commission for the purposes hereinafter specified.

291 b. The amounts allocated pursuant to this section shall be allocated by the Commonwealth 292 Transportation Board to the Board of Commissioners of the Virginia Port Authority to be used to 293 support port capital needs and the preservation of existing capital needs of all ocean, river, or tributary 294 ports within the Commonwealth.

295 c. Commonwealth Port Fund revenue shall be allocated by the Board of Commissioners to the 296 Virginia Port Authority in order to foster and stimulate the flow of maritime commerce through the 297 ports of Virginia, including but not limited to the ports of Richmond, Hopewell and Alexandria.

298 3. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall 299 be part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Airport Fund. 300 The Commonwealth Airport Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and any funds 301 remaining in such Fund at the end of a biennium shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Interest earned on the funds shall be credited to the Fund. The funds so allocated shall be 302 allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board to the Virginia Aviation Board. The funds shall 303 be allocated by the Virginia Aviation Board to any Virginia airport which is owned by the 304

305 Commonwealth, a governmental subdivision thereof, or a private entity to which the public has access306 for the purposes enumerated in § 5.1-2.16, or is owned or leased by the Metropolitan Washington

307 Airports Authority (MWAA), as follows:

Any new funds in excess of \$12.1 million which are available for allocation by the Virginia Aviation Board from the Commonwealth Transportation Fund, shall be allocated as follows: 60 percent to MWAA, up to a maximum annual amount of \$2 million, and 40 percent to air carrier airports as provided in subdivision A 3 a. Except for adjustments due to changes in enplaned passengers, no air carrier airport sponsor, excluding MWAA, shall receive less funds identified under subdivision A 3 a than it received in fiscal year 1994-1995.

Of the remaining amount:

a. Forty percent of the funds shall be allocated to air carrier airports, except airports owned or leased
by MWAA, based upon the percentage of enplanements for each airport to total enplanements at all air
carrier airports, except airports owned or leased by MWAA. No air carrier airport sponsor, however,
shall receive less than \$50,000 nor more than \$2 million per year from this provision.

b. Forty percent of the funds shall be allocated by the Aviation Board for air carrier and relieverairports on a discretionary basis, except airports owned or leased by MWAA.

321 c. Twenty percent of the funds shall be allocated by the Aviation Board for general aviation airports322 on a discretionary basis.

4. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall
be a part of the Transportation Trust Fund and which shall be known as the Commonwealth Mass
Transit Fund.

a. The Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller and
any funds remaining in such Fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the general fund but
shall remain in the Fund. Interest earned on such funds shall be credited to the Fund. Funds may be
paid to any local governing body, transportation district commission, or public service corporation for
the purposes hereinafter specified.

331 b. The amounts allocated pursuant to this section shall be used to support the public transportation 332 administrative costs and the costs borne by the locality for the purchase of fuels, lubricants, tires and 333 maintenance parts and supplies for public transportation at a state share of 80 percent in 2002 and 95 334 percent in 2003 and succeeding years. These amounts may be used to support up to 95 percent of the 335 local or nonfederal share of capital project costs for public transportation and ridesharing equipment, 336 facilities, and associated costs. Capital costs may include debt service payments on local or agency transit bonds. The term "borne by the locality" means the local share eligible for state assistance consisting of costs in excess of the sum of fares and other operating revenues plus federal assistance 337 338 339 received by the locality.

340 c. Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund revenue shall be allocated by the Commonwealth341 Transportation Board as follows:

(1) Funds for special programs, which shall include ridesharing, experimental transit, and technical assistance, shall not exceed 1.5 percent of the Fund.

344 (2) The Board may allocate these funds to any locality or planning district commission to finance up
 345 to 80 percent of the local share of all costs associated with the development, implementation, and
 346 continuation of ridesharing programs.

347 (3) Funds allocated for experimental transit projects may be paid to any local governing body,
348 transportation district commission, or public corporation or may be used directly by the Department of
349 Rail and Public Transportation for the following purposes:

(a) To finance up to 95 percent of the capital costs related to the development, implementation and promotion of experimental public transportation and ridesharing projects approved by the Board.

(b) To finance up to 95 percent of the operating costs of experimental mass transportation andridesharing projects approved by the Board for a period of time not to exceed 12 months.

(c) To finance up to 95 percent of the cost of the development and implementation of any other
 project designated by the Board where the purpose of such project is to enhance the provision and use
 of public transportation services.

d. Funds allocated for public transportation promotion and operation studies may be paid to any local
governing body, planning district commission, transportation district commission, or public transit
corporation, or may be used directly by the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the
following purposes and aid of public transportation services:

(1) At the approval of the Board to finance a program administered by the Department of Rail and
 Public Transportation designed to promote the use of public transportation and ridesharing throughout
 Virginia.

364 (2) To finance up to 50 percent of the local share of public transportation operations planning and365 technical study projects approved by the Board.

366 e. At least 73.5 percent of the Fund shall be distributed to each transit property in the same

367 proportion as its operating expenses bear to the total statewide operating expenses and shall be spent for368 the purposes specified in subdivision 4 b.

f. The remaining 25 percent shall be distributed for capital purposes on the basis of 95 percent of the nonfederal share for federal projects and 95 percent of the total costs for nonfederal projects. In the event that total capital funds available under this subdivision are insufficient to fund the complete list of eligible projects, the funds shall be distributed to each transit property in the same proportion that such capital expenditure bears to the statewide total of capital projects.

374 g. There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund known as 375 the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. The Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall be part of the 376 Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund. The Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund subaccount shall be 377 established on the books of the Comptroller and consist of such moneys as are appropriated to it by the 378 General Assembly and of all donations, gifts, bequests, grants, endowments, and other moneys given, bequeathed, granted, or otherwise made available to the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. Any funds 379 380 remaining in the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the 381 general fund, but shall remain in the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund. Interest earned on funds 382 within the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall remain in and be credited to the Commonwealth 383 Transit Capital Fund. Proceeds of the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund may be paid to any political 384 subdivision, another public entity created by an act of the General Assembly, or a private entity as 385 defined in § 56-557 and for purposes as enumerated in subdivision 4c of § 33.1-269 or expended by the 386 Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the purposes specified in this subdivision. Revenues of 387 the Commonwealth Transit Capital Fund shall be used to support capital expenditures involving the 388 establishment, improvement, or expansion of public transportation services through specific projects 389 approved by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Projects financed by the Commonwealth Transit 390 Capital Fund shall receive local, regional or private funding for at least 20 percent of the nonfederal 391 share of the total project cost.

392 5. Funds for Metro shall be paid by the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission (NVTC) to the
393 Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) and be a credit to the Counties of
394 Arlington and Fairfax and the Cities of Alexandria, Falls Church and Fairfax in the following manner:

a. Local obligations for debt service for WMATA rail transit bonds apportioned to each locality
 using WMATA's capital formula shall be paid first by NVTC. NVTC shall use 95 percent state aid for
 these payments.

b. The remaining funds shall be apportioned to reflect WMATA's allocation formulas by using the
related WMATA-allocated subsidies and relative shares of local transit subsidies. Capital costs shall
include 20 percent of annual local bus capital expenses. Hold harmless protections and obligations for
NVTC's jurisdictions agreed to by NVTC on November 5, 1998, shall remain in effect.

402 Appropriations from the Commonwealth Mass Transit Fund are intended to provide a stable and 403 reliable source of revenue as defined by Public Law 96-184.

404 B. The sales and use tax revenue generated by a one percent sales and use tax shall be distributed among the counties and cities of this Commonwealth in the manner provided in subsections C and D.

406 C. The localities' share of the net revenue distributable under this section among the counties and 407 cities shall be apportioned by the Comptroller and distributed among them by warrants of the 408 Comptroller drawn on the Treasurer of Virginia as soon as practicable after the close of each month 409 during which the net revenue was received into the state treasury. The distribution of the localities' share 410 of such net revenue shall be computed with respect to the net revenue received into the state treasury 411 during each month, and such distribution shall be made as soon as practicable after the close of each 412 such month.

413 D. The net revenue so distributable among the counties and cities shall be apportioned and 414 distributed upon the basis as certified to the Comptroller by the Department of Education, of the number 415 of children in each county and city according to the most recent statewide census of school population 416 taken by the Department of Education pursuant to § 22.1-284, as adjusted in the manner hereinafter 417 provided. No special school population census, other than a statewide census, shall be used as the basis 418 of apportionment and distribution except that in any calendar year in which a statewide census is not 419 reported, the Department of Education shall adjust such school population figures by the same percent of 420 annual change in total population estimated for each locality by The Center for Public Service. The 421 revenue so apportionable and distributable is hereby appropriated to the several counties and cities for 422 maintenance, operation, capital outlays, debt and interest payments, or other expenses incurred in the 423 operation of the public schools, which shall be considered as funds raised from local resources. In any 424 county, however, wherein is situated any incorporated town constituting a school division, the county 425 treasurer shall pay into the town treasury for maintenance, operation, capital outlays, debt and interest 426 payments, or other expenses incurred in the operation of the public schools, the proper proportionate amount received by him in the ratio that the school population of such town bears to the school 427

428 population of the entire county. If the school population of any city or of any town constituting a school division is increased by the annexation of territory since the last preceding school population census, such increase shall, for the purposes of this section, be added to the school population of such city or town as shown by the last such census and a proper reduction made in the school population of the annexed territory was acquired.

433 E. Beginning July 1, 2000, of the remaining sales and use tax revenue, the revenue generated by a 434 two percent sales and use tax, up to an annual amount of \$13 million, collected from the sales of hunting equipment, auxiliary hunting equipment, fishing equipment, auxiliary fishing equipment, 435 wildlife-watching equipment, and auxiliary wildlife-watching equipment in Virginia, as estimated by the 436 most recent U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated 437 438 439 Recreation, shall be paid into the Game Protection Fund established under § 29.1-101 and shall be used, 440 in part, to defray the cost of law enforcement. Not later than 30 days after the close of each quarter, the 441 Comptroller shall transfer to the Game Protection Fund the appropriate amount of collections to be 442 dedicated to such Fund. At any time that the balance in the Capital Improvement Fund, established 443 under § 29.1-101.1, is equal to or in excess of \$35 million, any portion of sales and use tax revenues 444 that would have been transferred to the Game Protection Fund, established under § 29.1-101, in excess of the net operating expenses of the Board, after deduction of other amounts which accrue to the Board 445 446 and are set aside for the Game Protection Fund, shall remain in the general fund until such time as the 447 balance in the Capital Improvement Fund is less than \$35 million.

448 F. 1. Of the net revenue generated from the one-half percent increase in the rate of the state sales 449 and use tax effective August 1, 2004, pursuant to enactments of the 2004 Special Session I of the General Assembly, the Comptroller shall transfer from the general fund of the state treasury to the 450 Public Education Standards of Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund established under 451 452 § 58.1-638.1 an amount equivalent to one-half of the net revenue generated from such one-half percent increase as provided in this subdivision. The transfers to the Public Education Standards of 453 454 Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund under this subdivision shall be for one-half of the 455 net revenue generated (and collected in the succeeding month) from such one-half percent increase for 456 the month of August 2004 and for each month thereafter.

457 2. For the purposes of the Comptroller making the required transfers under subdivision 1, the Tax
458 Commissioner shall make a written certification to the Comptroller no later than the twenty-fifth of each
459 month certifying the sales and use tax revenues generated in the preceding month. Within three calendar
460 days of receiving such certification, the Comptroller shall make the required transfers to the Public
461 Education Standards of Quality/Local Real Estate Property Tax Relief Fund.

462 G. If errors are made in any distribution, or adjustments are otherwise necessary, the errors shall be corrected and adjustments made in the distribution for the next quarter or for subsequent quarters.

464 H. The term "net revenue," as used in this section, means the gross revenue received into the general
465 fund or the Transportation Trust Fund of the state treasury under the preceding sections of this chapter,
466 less refunds to taxpayers.

§ 58.1-639. Transitional provisions.

468 A. To the extent of the one half one percent increase in the state sales and use tax rate effective August 1, 2004, enacted by the 2004 Special Session I 2007 Session of the Virginia General Assembly, 469 470 the Tax Commissioner, upon application of the purchaser in accordance with regulations promulgated by 471 the Commissioner, shall have the authority to refund state sales or use taxes paid on purchases of tangible personal property made pursuant to bona fide real estate construction contracts, contracts for the 472 473 sale of tangible personal property, and leases, provided that the real estate construction contract, contract for the sale of tangible personal property or lease is entered into prior to the date of enactment of such 474 475 increase in the state sales and use tax rate; and further provided that the date of delivery of the tangible personal property is on or before October 31, 2004 December 31, 2007. The term "bona fide contract," 476 477 when used in this section in relation to real estate construction contracts, shall include but not be limited 478 to those contracts which are entered into prior to the enactment of such increase in the state sales and 479 use tax rate, provided that such contracts include plans and specifications.

B. Notwithstanding the foregoing October 31, 2004 December 31, 2007, delivery date requirement,
with respect to bona fide real estate construction contracts which contain a specific and stated date of completion, the date of delivery of such tangible personal property shall be on or before the completion date of the applicable project.

484 C. Applications for refunds pursuant to this section shall be made in accordance with the provisions
485 of § 58.1-1823. Interest computed in accordance with § 58.1-1833 shall be added to the tax refunded
486 pursuant to this section.

487 § 58.1-1718.1. Definitions.

488 As used in this article, unless the context requires otherwise:

489 "Alternative fuel" means a combustible gas, liquid, or other energy source that can be used to

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- **490** generate power to operate a highway vehicle and that is not a motor fuel.
- 491 "Aviation fuel" means aviation gasoline or aviation jet fuel.

492 "Aviation gasoline" means fuel designed for use in the operation of aircraft other than jet aircraft 493 and sold or used for that purpose.

494 "Aviation jet fuel" means fuel designed for use in the operation of jet or turboprop aircraft and sold 495 or used for that purpose.

- 496 "Blended fuel" means a mixture composed of gasoline or diesel fuel and another liquid, other than a 497 de minimis amount of a product such as carburetor detergent or oxidation inhibitor, that can be used as **498** a fuel in a highway vehicle.
- 499 "Bonded aviation jet fuel" means aviation jet fuel held in bonded storage under United States 500 Customs Law and delivered into a fuel tank of aircraft operated by certificated air carriers on 501 international flights.
- 502 "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is suitable for use as a fuel in a diesel powered highway vehicle 503 or watercraft. The term shall include undved #1 fuel oil and undved #2 fuel oil but shall not include 504 gasoline or aviation jet fuel.
- 505 "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that meets the dyeing and marking requirements of 26 U.S.C. 506 § 4082.
- 507 "Fuel" includes motor fuel and alternative fuel.

508 "Gasohol" means a blended fuel composed of gasoline and fuel grade ethanol.

- 509 "Gasoline" means (i) all products that are commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline and 510 are suitable for use as a fuel in a highway vehicle, aircraft, or watercraft, other than products that have 511 an American Society for Testing Materials octane number of less than 75 as determined by the motor 512 method; (ii) a petroleum product component of gasoline, such as naphtha, reformate, or toluene; (iii) 513 gasohol; and (iv) fuel grade ethanol. The term does not include aviation gasoline sold for use in an 514 aircraft engine.
- 515 "Highway" means every way or place of whatever nature open to the use of the public for purposes 516 of vehicular travel in the Commonwealth, including the streets and alleys in towns and cities.

517 "Highway vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle designed for use on a highway.

518 "Liquid" means any substance that is liquid above its freezing point.

519 "Motor fuel" means gasoline, diesel fuel, blended fuel, and aviation fuel.

520 "Taxable fuel" means alternative fuel, aviation gasoline, aviation jet fuel, blended fuel, diesel fuel, 521 gasohol, or gasoline but shall not include any bonded aviation jet fuel.

- 522 "Undved diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to United States Environmental Protection 523 Agency or Internal Revenue Service fuel-dyeing requirements.
- 524 "Use" means the actual consumption or receipt of motor fuel by any person into a highway vehicle, 525 aircraft, or watercraft.

526 "Watercraft" means any vehicle used on waterways.

527 § 58.1-1720. Sales tax on fuel in certain transportation districts.

528 A. There is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes imposed on fuels subject to tax under 529 Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title, in every county or city which is a member of any 530 transportation district in which a rapid heavy rail commuter mass transportation system operating on an 531 exclusive right-of-way and a bus commuter mass transportation system are owned, operated or 532 controlled, by an agency or a commission as defined in § 15.2-4502, or in any transportation district 533 which is subject to § 15.2-4515 C and which is contiguous to the Northern Virginia Transportation 534 District, a sales tax of two percent of the retail price of such fuels a taxable fuel sold within such 535 county or city. As used in this section "retail sale" means a sale to a consumer or to any person for any 536 purpose other than resale.

537 B. The tax imposed under this section shall be subject to the provisions of the Virginia Retail Sales 538 and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), except that the exemption provided for motor vehicle fuels under 539 §§ 58.1-609.1 and 58.1-609.13, and the bracket system provided in such act, shall not be applicable.

540 C. The tax imposed under this section shall be effective on the first day of the first month that is at 541 least 60 days after the certification by the Secretary of the Commonwealth required under §§ 15.2-4504 542 and 15.2-4529. 543

§ 58.1-1723. Refund of motor vehicle fuel sales tax.

544 Anyone who purchases fuel (i) that is taxed under the provisions of § 58.1-1720 and (ii) upon which 545 a refund is granted for motor fuels taxes paid pursuant to the provisions of this title, Chapter 21, Article 546 2 (§ 58.1-2104 et seq.) and Article 3 (§ 58.1-2115 et seq.) would have been granted for motor fuels 547 taxes paid under former Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of this title as such chapter was in effect on 548 June 30, 2007, may file a claim for a refund of taxes paid under this article within thirty days after 549 receipt of a refund under the above chapters on forms and under regulations adopted by the Department of Taxation. 550

551 § 58.1-3700.1. Definitions.

552 For the purposes of this chapter and any local ordinances adopted pursuant to this chapter, unless 553 otherwise required by the context: 554

"Affiliated group" means:

555 1. One or more chains of corporations subject to inclusion connected through stock ownership with a 556 common parent corporation which is a corporation subject to inclusion if:

557 a. Stock possessing at least eighty percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least eighty percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of each of the corporations subject to inclusion, 558 559 except the common parent corporation, is owned directly by one or more of the other corporations 560 subject to inclusion; and

b. The common parent corporation directly owns stock possessing at least eighty percent of the 561 562 voting power of all classes of stock and at least eighty percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of at 563 least one of the other subject to inclusion corporations. As used in this subdivision, the term "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends; the phrase "corporation 564 subject to inclusion" means any corporation within the affiliated group irrespective of the state or 565 country of its incorporation; and the term "receipts" includes gross receipts and gross income. 566

2. Two or more corporations if five or fewer persons who are individuals, estates or trusts own stock 567 568 possessing:

569 a. At least eighty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote 570 or at least eighty percent of the total value of shares of all classes of the stock of each corporation; and

571 b. More than fifty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or more than fifty percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of each corporation, taking 572 573 into account the stock ownership of each such person only to the extent such stock ownership is 574 identical with respect to each such corporation.

575 When one or more of the corporations subject to inclusion, including the common parent corporation, is a nonstock corporation, the term "stock" as used in this subdivision shall refer to the nonstock 576 577 corporation membership or membership voting rights, as is appropriate to the context.

578 3. Two or more entities if such entities satisfy the requirements in subdivision 1 or 2 of this 579 definition as if they were corporations and the ownership interests therein were stock.

580 "Assessment" means a determination as to the proper rate of tax, the measure to which the tax rate is 581 applied, and ultimately the amount of tax, including additional or omitted tax, that is due. An assessment 582 shall include a written assessment made pursuant to notice by the assessing official or a self-assessment 583 made by a taxpayer upon the filing of a return or otherwise not pursuant to notice. Assessments shall be **584** deemed made by an assessing official when a written notice of assessment is delivered to the taxpayer by the assessing official or an employee of the assessing official, or mailed to the taxpayer at his last 585 known address. Self-assessments shall be deemed made when a return is filed, or if no return is 586 587 required, when the tax is paid. A return filed or tax paid before the last day prescribed by ordinance for 588 the filing or payment thereof shall be deemed to be filed or paid on the last day specified for the filing 589 of a return or the payment of tax, as the case may be.

590 "Base year" means the calendar year preceding the license year, except for contractors subject to the 591 provisions of § 58.1-3715 or unless the local ordinance provides for a different period for measuring the 592 gross receipts of a business, such as for beginning businesses or to allow an option to use the same 593 fiscal year as for federal income tax purposes.

594 "Business" means a course of dealing which requires the time, attention and labor of the person so 595 engaged for the purpose of earning a livelihood or profit. It implies a continuous and regular course of 596 dealing, rather than an irregular or isolated transaction. A person may be engaged in more than one 597 business. The following acts shall create a rebuttable presumption that a person is engaged in a business: (i) advertising or otherwise holding oneself out to the public as being engaged in a particular business or **598** 599 (ii) filing tax returns, schedules and documents that are required only of persons engaged in a trade or 600 business.

"Definite place of business" means an office or a location at which occurs a regular and continuous 601 602 course of dealing for thirty consecutive days or more. A definite place of business for a person engaged 603 in business may include a location leased or otherwise obtained from another person on a temporary or **604** seasonal basis and real property leased to another. A person's residence shall be deemed to be a definite 605 place of business if there is no definite place of business maintained elsewhere and the person is not 606 subject to licensure as a peddler or itinerant merchant.

Entity" means a business organization, other than a sole proprietorship, that is a corporation, limited 607 608 liability company, limited partnership, or limited liability partnership duly organized under the laws of 609 the Commonwealth or another state.

"Financial services" means the buying, selling, handling, managing, investing, and providing of 610 advice regarding money, credit, securities, or other investments. 611

"Fuel sale" or "fuel sales" shall mean retail sales of alternative fuel, blended fuel, diesel fuel, 612

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613 gasohol, or gasoline, as such terms are defined in $\frac{58.1-2201}{58.1-1718.1}$.

614 "Gas retailer" means a person or entity engaged in business as a retailer offering to sell at retail on a 615 daily basis alternative fuel, blended fuel, diesel fuel, gasohol, or gasoline, as such terms are defined in 616 $\frac{58.1-2201}{58.1-1718.1}$.

617 "Gross receipts" means the whole, entire, total receipts, without deduction.

618 "License year" means the calendar year for which a license is issued for the privilege of engaging in 619 business.

620 "Professional services" means services performed by architects, attorneys-at-law, certified public 621 accountants, dentists, engineers, land surveyors, surgeons, veterinarians, and practitioners of the healing 622 arts (the arts and sciences dealing with the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and cure or alleviation of 623 human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities) and such occupations, and 624 no others, as the Department of Taxation may list in the BPOL guidelines promulgated pursuant to 625 § 58.1-3701. The Department shall identify and list each occupation or vocation in which a professed 626 knowledge of some department of science or learning, gained by a prolonged course of specialized 627 instruction and study, is used in its practical application to the affairs of others, either advising, guiding, 628 or teaching them, and in serving their interests or welfare in the practice of an art or science founded on 629 it. The word "profession" implies attainments in professional knowledge as distinguished from mere 630 skill, and the application of knowledge to uses for others rather than for personal profit.

⁶³¹ "Purchases" means all goods, wares and merchandise received for sale at each definite place of
⁶³² business of a wholesale merchant. The term shall also include the cost of manufacture of all goods,
⁶³³ wares and merchandise manufactured by any wholesale merchant and sold or offered for sale. A
⁶³⁴ wholesale merchant may elect to report the gross receipts from the sale of manufactured goods, wares
⁶³⁵ and merchandise if it cannot determine the cost of manufacture or chooses not to disclose the cost of
⁶³⁶ manufacture.

637 "Real estate services" means providing a service with respect to the purchase, sale, lease, rental, or638 appraisal of real property.

639 § 62.1-44.34:13. Levy of fee for Fund maintenance.

640 A. For purposes of this section:

641 "Heating oil" means any combustible liquid, including but not limited to dyed #1 fuel oil, dyed #2
642 fuel oil, and kerosene, that is burned in a boiler, furnace, or stove for heating or for industrial
643 processing purposes.

644 "Liquid" means any substance that is liquid above its freezing point.

645 AB. In order to generate revenue for the Fund and to make the Fund available to owners and 646 operators of underground storage tanks and to owners and operators of aboveground storage tanks, there 647 shall be imposed a fee of one-fifth of one cent on each gallon of the following fuels sold and delivered 648 or used in the Commonwealth: gasoline, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel (including dyed diesel fuel), and blended fuel, and heating oil, as such terms are defined in § 58.1-2201 § 58.1-1718.1, and heating oil as 649 650 defined herein; however, such fee shall not be imposed on (i) gasoline, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel 651 (including dyed diesel fuel), blended fuel, and heating oil sold and delivered to the United States or its departments, agencies and instrumentalities for the exclusive use by the United States or its departments, 652 agencies and instrumentalities, (ii) alternative fuel as defined in § 58.1-2201 § 58.1-1718.1, or (iii) 653 654 aviation jet fuel as defined in <u>§ 58.1-2201</u> § 58.1-1718.1.

655 BC. The fee shall be remitted to the Department of Motor Vehicles in the same manner and subject
656 to the same provisions specified in Chapter 22 (§ 58.1-2200 et seq.) of Title 58.1, except § 58.1-2236
657 shall not apply using a form prescribed by the Department no later than 45 days after the sale and
658 delivery, or use of such fuels in the Commonwealth.

659 CD. Any person who purchases gasoline, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel (including dyed diesel fuel), 660 blended fuel, or heating oil upon which the fee imposed by this article has been paid shall be entitled to a refund for the amount of the fee paid if such person subsequently transports and delivers such fuel to 661 662 another state, district or country for sale or use outside the Commonwealth. The application for refund 663 shall be accompanied by a paid ticket or invoice covering the sales of such fuel and shall be filed with 664 the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles within one year of the date of payment of the 665 fee for which the refund is claimed. A refund shall not be granted pursuant to this article on any fuel 666 which is transported and delivered outside the Commonwealth in the fuel supply tank of a highway 667 vehicle or aircraft.

D*E*. To maintain the Fund at an appropriate operating level, the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles shall increase the fee to three-fifths of one cent when notified by the Comptroller that the Fund has been or is likely in the near future to be reduced below three million dollars, exclusive of fees collected pursuant to § 62.1-44.34:21, and he shall reinstitute the one-fifth of one cent fee when the Comptroller notifies him that the Fund has been restored to twelve million dollars exclusive of fees collected pursuant to § 62.1-44.34:21.

- EF. The Comptroller shall report to the Commissioner quarterly regarding the Fund expenditures and Fund total for the preceding quarter.
- 676 FG. Revenues from such fees, less refunds and administrative expenses, shall be deposited in the 677 Fund and used for the purposes set forth in this article.
- 678 2. That the Tax Commissioner shall develop and publish guidelines for the purposes of
- 679 implementing the amendments to the Commonwealth's retail sales and use taxes pursuant to the
- 680 provisions of this act. Such guidelines shall include but shall not be limited to a bracket system for
- 681 the collection of retail sales and use taxes in the Commonwealth on transactions of \$5 or less. The
- 682 development of such guidelines shall be exempt from the provisions of the Administrative Process 683 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia).
- 684 3. That there is hereby appropriated in each fiscal year to the Department of Motor Vehicles to
- 685 meet the necessary expenses of the Department an amount equal to the net amount provided 686 under subsection E of § 58.1-2289 of the Code of Virginia, which amount shall be computed based
- 687 on transactions occurring in the 2006-2007 fiscal year.
- 688 4. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on October 1, 2007.
- 689 5. That Chapter 22 (§§ 58.1-2200 through 58.1-2290) of Title 58.1 and § 58.1-2706 of the Code of
- 690 Virginia are repealed effective October 1, 2007, except that any motor carrier who is eligible for a
- 691 refund under § 58.1-2706 as of October 1, 2007, may apply to the Department of Motor Vehicles
- 692 for such refund by no later than December 31, 2007.